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RUSSIAN SOLDIERS WHO ARE DISCOVERED IN FORCE ON RIGHT BANK OF THE YALU OPPOSE CROSSING OF JAPANESE ARMY

Tokio Reports Indicate That Fighting Has Already Commenced.

Not Generally Believed That Movement of Japs Can Be Stopped.

Engineers Raise the Cruiser Variag and Expect Much Salvage.

Tokio, April 12, 8 p. m.—It is believed here that fighting has commenced on the Yalu river. It is known that the Russians occupy the right bank of the river in force.

No direct information from the Yalu district has been received here, but the position of the Russians is known, and while it is doubted that they will be able to prevent the Japanese from crossing the river, that they will offer some opposition is regarded as certain. It is not believed, however, that there will be any serious engagement during the Japanese operations to cross the Yalu.

The foreign military observers attached to the first Japanese army have been directed to hold themselves in readiness to move, and it is expected that they will leave for the front in a few days. The American attaches are Col. E. Crowder, of the general staff, and Capt. Frederick Marsh of the artillery corps. The British attaches are Lieut. Gen. Ian Hamilton, Col. Hume, Capt. Jardine and Capt. Vincent.

The German representative is Maj. Von. Etzel and the French attache is Col. Corvisart.

Seoul, Korea, Monday, April 11.—The Japanese authorities here say there have been frequent skirmishes between Sak-Ju and Wi-Ju.

The main body of the first Japanese army is in the neighborhood of Wi-Ju.

About 600 flat-chested, sandal-shod Korean infantrymen left Seoul today for the northern part of Ham-Hiung-Do province, on the frontier of the Kirin district of Manchuria, to keep in order the bandits who are constantly embroiled with the Chinese settlers in the Tumen region, which has resulted in diplomatic representations on the subject from China. It is considered doubtful whether these troops will reach their destination, fears being expressed that they will desert.

The Japanese minister to Korea, M. Hayashi, has requested the Korean government to facilitate the plans of Gen. Haraguchi, the commander of the Japanese forces at Seoul, for the thorough sanitation of Seoul and teh other large towns of Korea, so as not to expose the Japanese troops to the ravages of cholera and other diseases.

New York, April 12.—Reports have been received from Chemulpo, says a World dispatch from Kobe, Japan, that engineers have raised the Russian cruiser Variag. It is expected that the salvage of this vessel will more than offset the cost of the merchantmen sunk in the attempts to block Port Arthur, which is estimated so far at $625,000.

PHOTOGRAPHER DISGUSTED.

Victoria, B. C., April 12.—A. D. Ashtin, special photographer for a leading New York weekly, arrived on the Northern Pacific liner Victoria, from Japan, utterly disgusted with conditions there. He says that everything worth photographing is owned and guarded by military or naval sentries. He succeeded in securing a few good pictures of military movements, but says it is useless wasting time in Japan at present. The censorship is exceedingly strict, and very few correspondents have been allowed to go to the front.

INDIGNANTLY DENIED.

Japanese Did Not Abuse Red Cross Privileges.

Tokio, April 12.—The charge eminating from Russian sources to the effect that the Japanese troops engaged in the fight at Cheng Ju, March 29, abused the privilege of the Red Cross flag by taking refuge in a building occupied as a hospital, is indignantly denied here, and pronounced a fabrication designed to injure the Japanees in the eyes of the world. An official investigation shows that the Japanese forces engaged at Cheng Ju had established a bandage station in the rear of their firing line, and it was used exclusively for the purpose of caring for the wounded. The Japanese Red Cross is an old and extensive organization, which did good service in the war with China. Both the society and the army have been found anxious in this war to conduct the work according to the ideals of civilization.

TAKING POSITIONS FAST.

Russians Will Have 460,000 Men In Field In May.

Paris, April 12.—The Echo de Paris this morning publishes the following dispatch from its St. Petersburg correspondent:

"The First, Second, Third and Fourth army corps have taken up positions in Manchuria, and the Fifth army corps is in Western Siberia, advancing toward Cesignated positions. These, with the Tenth and Seventeenth army corps, the Cossacks, actually in the far East and the Caucasian cavalry now being mobilized, will bring the total number of men in the army at the seat of war up to 460,000 by the end of May.

"Gen. Kuropatkin intends to have the Caucasian mountaineers operate in Korea, which they will enter when it is consideerd that the decisive moment has arrived to drive out the Japanese, which will not be before August.

"I learn that fifteen batteries of eight guns each are now between Liao Yang and Harbin. The engineers are doubling the line between Kultuk and Duho.

"A large order for mountain batteries has been given to Russian firms.

"The French ambassador, who is now in Paris on the pretext of spending the Easter holidays with his son, has really gone to consult M. Delcasse concerning the significance of the British entente with reference to a Russian alliance."

TORRENTIAL RAINS

Have Interrupted Communication In Manchuria.

Port Arthur, Monday, April 11.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Telegraphic communications have been interrupted recently, owing to torrential rains. The railroad embankments in South Manchuria have been damaged, thus delaying the movements of troops. The embankment of the railway running to Shan Hai Kwan is submerged at several points.

A squadron of battleships and torpedo boats has just returned here from a cruise far out to sea.

Easter passed without the anticipated Japanese attack. Every precaution was taken to prevent a surprise. Vice Admiral Makaroff, who personally supervises nightly the precautionary measures, spent Easter eve in a guard boat. During the usual Easter night service the church windows were covered, so as to prevent the lights being seen by the enemy, and the absence of all illumination in the town was a constant reminder to the inhabitants of the possibility of an attack. The troops celebrated Easter Sunday at their posts.

Grand Duke Boris, who left here April 8, has returned to Port Arthur.

RUSSIANS CHARTER SHIP.

San Francisco, April 12.—The steamship Redondo owned in this city, has been chartered by the Kantchatka Commercial Industrial company to carry supplies for one of the Russian Pacific ports. Baron Von Bruggie of St. Petersburg will have charge of the expedition. Captain Boeddie, whose steamship, the Kotic, was at Nagasaki when the war commenced and was seized by the Japanese, will sail on the Redondo.

LEGAL FIGHT OVER THE OWNERSHIP OF N. P. STOCK IS NOW ON

District Court Hears Arguments on the Harriman Petition.

Attorney General of United States Enters Appearance In Case.

Former Secretary Root Opposes Intervention of Petitioners.

St. Paul, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The motion of E. H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce for leave to file an intervening petition in the settlement of the Northern Securities affairs, recently ordered by the United States supreme court, the manner of such settlement being left to the order of the United States district court here, was heard before the full bench of the district court today. Messrs. Harriman and Pierce, in their petition which they ask to file, object to the plan of the directors of the Northern Securities for a pro rata distribution of Great Northern and Northern Pacific stock among holdes of Northern Securities stock.

The first point raised will be the right of Harriman and Pierce to intervene, and if that right is granted, the suit will follow with its usual accompaniment of demurrers, answers, amended petitions, etc. If the motion is denied, the settlement of the affairs of the company will be made according to the order of the court.

When court convened today the Harriman interests were represented by W. D. Guthrie, a distinguished corporation attorney; John F. Dillon and Judge Baldwin. The Northern Securitie company was represented by Elihu Root, former secretary of war; Francis Lynde Stetson, attorney for J. P. Morgan & Co.; John G. Johnson, of Philadelphia; M. D. Grover, general counsel for the Great Northern; C. W. Bunn, general counsel of the Northern Pacific, and George B. Young, prominent in the Securities litigation.

Mr. Guthrie opened the proceedings by formally presenting the records in the supreme court hearing, together with its decree, and asked leave to file the intervening petition. Three hours on a side were allowed the attorneys for argument. Maxwell Evarts, of New York, spoke for fifty minutes, urging reasons why the petition should be granted. In substance he claimed that Harriman and Pierce, as trustees of the Oregon Short line, had deposited certain shares of Northern Pacific stock with the Northern Securities company, and that now, under the plan of distribution proposed by the Hill-Morgan interests, the Harriman-Pierce people were to get in return for their Northern Pacific stock and the difference, he said, bestovk, and the difference, he said, between what the Harriman interests put

(Continued on page 2—fifth column.)

GEN. JIMINEZ WILL MAKE FINAL EFFORT TO DEFEAT MORALES

GEN. JUAN I. JIMINEZ, Ex-President of Santo Domingo and Leader of Revolution.

Ex-Dominican President to Resume Command of His Forces.

The Revolutionists Still Hold a Part of the Island.

Jiminez Insists Morales Is Responsible For Trouble.

New York, April 12.—Juan I. Jiminez, ex-president of Santo Domingo and leader of the present revolution in that republic, who has just arrived here, declares that he probably will return to his country in a week or two and resume command of his forces in order to make the final attempt to wrest the reins of government from President Morales.

Gen. Jiminez explains that he merely came north to procure a little rest. One of the most interesting incidents of his arrival at the hotel frequented by visitors from the West Indies was his meeting with a young brother-in-law of President Morales—Emilio Villalon, chancellor of the Dominican consulate in New York. For an instant the veteran of many revolutions gazed upon the boyish chancellor, and then shaking his hand, congratulated him on holding such a responsible position.

Gen. Jiminez, in conversation with reporters, declared he did not come here to buy munitions of war, but merely to rest.

"Is your revolution ended?" he was asked.

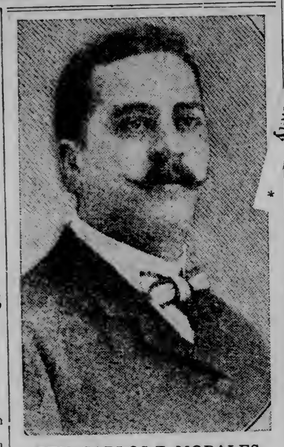
"No, never. We still hold possession of a part of the island. I am going back to Santo Domingo in about two weeks, although I may change my mind and run over to Europe for a day or two."

"How about your army? How is it getting on and where is it at the present time?"

"That is a very difficult question to answer. I left Santo Domingo some days ago, and I cannot know how the army is getting on just now."

"Who is responsible for all this trouble?"

"Morales, of course, for I certainly am not. He is the guilty party, and I can prove it. Always I have been on the side of right and concord, and I assure you that I am ambitious, most ambitious, for the prosperity of my country.



GEN. CARLOS F. MORALES, President of the Provisional Government of Santo Domingo.

I am against beastly passions, and have always stood up for what may be termed the noble, patriotic sentiment, and am opposed to the crazy and morbid ambition for office.

"But to prove my good intentions, a short time ago I addressed a letter to Morales asking him to abandon the presidency and appoint a sort of junta, consisting of two inpartial men, to administer the affairs of state, pending a settlement of our difficulties at the ballot box. I also suggested that all persons in prison for political causes be liberated, and that he agree in guaranteeing that every official of the government would refrain from interfering with the election by use of either influence or money."

Chancellor Villalon later deprecated the efforts of Gen. Jiminez' army and characterized it as a gang of bandits.

FIRST MARINE ACCIDENT OF THE SEASON OCCURS ON LAKE MICHIGAN AND THREE LIVES ARE LOST

Manistee, Mich., April 12.—The tug Frank Canfield, owned by the Canfield Tug line of this city, ran aground on the outer bar at Point Sable and sank last night. Capt. Henry Smith, Engineer Charles Kopfer and Helper Wm. Justmann were lost. Charles Smith and Gus Szuszitsky, mate and fireman, were saved by the use of the life rafts. The Canfield was valued at $5000. It is a total wreck with no insurance. Captain Smith and Engineer Kopfer were residents of Manistee and leave families. Justmann was unmarried.

DID AMERICANS AID GEN. MATOS?

New York, April 12.—Much excitement is said to exist in Venezuela over the alleged discovery that an American Asphalt company gave financial aid to the Matos revolution, which was put down about six months ago. President Castro is said to have declared he has proof that agents of the company in question aided Matos in his revolution while the claim of the company was being contested in the courts of Venezuela. He has declared that agents of the company offered about half a million dollars to him to have the courts declare in favor of the concession by which the company gained rights in the asphalt beds and that when he rejected the offer the company, through its agents, used the money in inciting the revolution.

President Castro has caused suits to be entered for the abrogation of the concessions granted the company. If these suits should prevail, the recent decision of the supreme court of Venezuela in favor of the American Asphalt combine would fall flat. The investigation asserted to have brought out these disclosures has been in progress some time and has not yet been completed.

REFUSES TO REPEAL COAL DUTY

London, April 12.—The combined efforts of the coal owners, exporters, ship owners and miners have failed to induce Austen Chamberlain, the chancellor of the exchequer, to repeal the coal duty. An important deputation, representing all the above interests, laid the case before the chancellor today and pleaded that the duty was disastrous to every industry connected with the coal trade, and enabled the German and other rivals to displace British coal. Mr. Chamberlain, in reply, lengthily compared the arguments of the petitioners with the facts in his possession, and concluded with denying that there was any reason for the abolition of the duty. He said the fact that the exports for the past year were the largest on record disproved the gloomy forebodings of the deputation.

REPUBLICANS OF NEW YORK ENTHUSIASTIC

Hold State Convention and Praise Deeds of Leaders and Party.

New York, April 12.—The Republican state convention to elect delegates to the national convention at Chicago met at noon today in Carnegie hall. Early in the forenoon, the corridors of the Fifth avenue hotel began to fill up with Republican politicians from all parts of the state and by 10 o'clock practically all of the leaders and most of the delegates were gathered there.

There was comparatively little discussion of today's convention as such, it being recognized by all concerned that the details of the convention were already settled as a result of the conferences of yesterday and Sunday. The gossip in t he corridors was largely confined to the national situation.

Senator Platt selected as his alternate at large, Former State Senator J. Sloat Fassett, and this made the complete list to be named late this afternoo was follows:

Delegates at large: Senator Thomas C. Platt, alternate, J. Sloat Fassett; Senator C. M. Depew, alternate, Louis Stern; Governor B. B. Odell, Jr., alternate, E. Rastus C. Knight; Frank S. Black, alternate, P. C. Brewster.

The electors at large to be selected by the committee are Former Mayor Shiren, Brooklyn, and George Urban, Jr., of Buffalo.

As a prelude to his assuming the chairmanship of the state committee, Governor Odell this morning was elected a member of that body from the Twentieth district. During the roll call, which followed the formal opening of the convention, Former State Senator J. Sloat Fassett announced that no compromise had been agreed upon in the Thirty-third congressional district, where Mr. Fassett and Representative Charles W. Gillet have been nominated for congress. The matter, Mr. Fassett added, would be settled out of court, after the delegates had returned home.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew was introduced as temporary chairman.

Senator Depew, in opening, paid high tribute to the deceased leaders of the Republican party and said:

"The task of the Republican party when it came into power with McKinley and a Republican congress, was to remove handicaps upon American enterprise and energy and furnish the basis for prosperity. The enactment of the Dingley law and the gold standard of value, in the wonderful results which followed in the South as well as the North; in the East as well as in the West, was a fitting close to the contributions made to the greatness of our country and the happiness of our people by the Republican party from 1860 to the close of the

(Continued on page 2, fourth column.)

GOVERNOR PEABODY DECLINES TO RECOGNIZE COLORADO COURTS

Says They Have No Right to Arrest Military Officers Who Are Acting Under Martial Law.

Denver, Col., April 12.—When Governor Peabody was informed of the action of Judge Stevens of Ouray, ordering the arrest of Adjt. Gen. Bell and Capt. Wells for contempt of court in not complying with the writ of habeas corpus in the Moyer case, he said:

"We will not recognize the writ of attachment, and the military authorities will not appear in court, neither will we give up Moyer. We will claim that the courts have no right to enjoin or arrest the officers or members of the military while they are on duty. They are not subject to attachment or injunction at this time. If the district court of Ouray is to be allowed to interfere in the carrying out of the plans of the military under martial law there is no reason why a justice of the peace might not, with equal authority, intervene and render the military absolute powerless and impotent. The court made known its wishes in the matter, and we have stated our position. It is now up to the court to make the next move in the matter. What that will be I am unable to say."

Not having heard from Attorney General Miller, who is representing the military in habeas corpus proceedings at Ouray, the governor could not say what course the attorney general would pursue, since Judge Stevens refused his answer to be filed in court.

Ouray, Col., April 12.—District Judge Theron Stevens yesterday declared Adjt. Gen. Sherman M. Bell and Capt. Bulkely Wells to be in contempt of court for not complying with the writ of habeas corpus which required the officers to bring before the court today Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, whom they are holding in confinement at Telluride.

The court ordered Sheriff Corbett to arrest the two officers. Judge Stevens criticised the course of Governor Peabody and the military authorities, saying they appear to be in insurrection against the court.

If the military continues to disregard the orders of the court and refuse to release President Moyer, Attorney E. F. Richardson, representing the Western Federation of Miners, will apply to the state supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus.

The return to the writ made by Gen. Bell, through Assistant District Attorney David Howe of Telluride, excused his failure to produce the body of Mr. Moyer on the ground that he deemed it unsafe to bring Moyer to Ouray, or to reduce the military force in San Miguel county by so doing, and that the governor had ordered him to disregard the writ.

Judge Stevens said: "The people of Ouray will rightly resent the imputation that Gen. Bell or Capt. Wells could not come alone in safety with President Moyer before this court.

"A very grave question is presented as to whether it is the striking miners or the governor of Colorado and the National Guard that are engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the laws of the state.

"If there is to be a reign of military despotism in this state, and civil authority is to have no jurisdiction, the latter might as well go out of business."

Judge Stevens refused to permit the filing of the return to the writ, ordering that Charles H. Moyer be discharged from custody, issued an order of attachment against Gen. Bell and Capt. Wells, assessed a fine of $500 against each and expressed regret that the governor was not before the court, as he considered him equally guilty with Gen. Bell and Capt. Wells.

Denver, April 12.—Secretary Haywood of the Western Federation of Miners, in speaking of the habeas corpus case of President Moyer, now held by the military authorities at Telluride on the charge of desecrating the flag, said that in all probability the next move on the part of the federation would be an original application for a writ of habeas corpus before the supreme court of Colorado.

"The federation," he said, "has tried a number of times to get the matter of the governor's right to declare martial law and suspend the writ of habeas corpus, before the supreme court for decision, but each time Governor Peabody has checkmated us. The action of Judge Stevens, of Ouray, in ordering General Bell to bring President Moyer into court places Governor Peabody in a position to prove that he is for law and order. Let him show it by directing General Bell to obey the mandates of the court."

HAVE BEEN ON STRIKE TWO YEARS

New York, April 12.—A remarkable strike has just passed its second anniversary at Monotala, N. J. Two years ago the union employes of a glass company there were called out and they are still on strike, with the Glass Bottle Blowers' association maintaining busy headquarters opposite the works. The costs of the association have been heavy, but the men declare they are determined to win in the end. There were 400 strikers, all placed on the association pay roll, and the leaders say not one has returned to the factory. The management maintains that a full staff is operating the factory and that the strike does not worry them in the least.

GERMANS CARICATURE PRESIDENT

Berlin, April 12.—Stage representations of President Roosevelt and Miss Alice Roosevelt were introduced to a Berlin audience last night, in a roaring farce entitled "A mad year," at the Metropole theater. The president was reproduced in rough rider costume. Miss Alice, with a decided American twang, excited much amusement but the police interfered and prevented the use of the name of Roosevelt. The management therefore substituted the names, Mr. and Miss Washington.

CHIPPEWA LANDS TO BE OPENED TO ENTRY

Within the Next Sixty Days and Circular Is Prepared.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The general land office this afternoon completed the preparation of a circular providing for opening the large area of agricultural land on the Northern Minnesota Indian reservations. An agreement has been effected with the Indian bureau whereby Commissioner Jones agrees to waive the completion of the remaining allotments in order not to delay the opening up to homestead of the agricultural lands. This means that the entire tract on the Chippewa reservations will be placed subject to homestead entry within the next sixty days. It means a great deal for the development of the northern part of the state.

Land Commissioner Richards, in reply to a telegram from Minnesota, has made the following statement: "No charges of any kind, shape, form of manner have been made against J. D. Jones, register of the Cass Lake land office. So far as this office knows, Mr. Jones has done his work, and when he has been too ill to do so he has notified us. We granted him a leave of absence for a valid reason, namely, that he wished to recuperate his health." Mr. Richards' statement was made in answer to a printed statement in a Cass Lake paper that charges had been filed against Jones for neglect of his duties.

MEN'S DRESS SHOES!

The strictly correct full dress shoes for a gentleman's wear are here and beauties they are.

Button, Lace or Congress—all that art and skill can devise in excellent shoe making is in our $3.50 and $5.00 lines—All sizes and widths.

DANCING PUMPS—We always carry a full line of the swellest of dancing pumps.

M. S. BURROWS.

RARE TREAT LOOKED FOR

Program For Michigan School of Mines Concert Friday.

A real musical treat is in store for Duluthians Friday evening of this week, when the Michigan College of Mines Glee and Mandolin club will appear at the Lyceum in a benefit for the Children's home.

The club gave its entertainment at Hancock last Saturday evening and found instant favor with the large audience. A decided hit was made, and the Michigan papers have only words of the warmest praise for their efforts. The work of the club members, both individually and collectively, is spoken of by the critics in the most flattering terms.

The program, which consists of sixteen numbers, is as follows:

"The Way of the World".....Denza
Glee Club.
"Assembly March" .....Paul Eno
Mandolin Club.
"The Indifferent Mariner" ....Bullard
Mr. Pomeroy.
"Troubadors' Serenade" .....Wagner
Glee Club.
"The Dance of the Skeletons"—descriptive piece .....Allen
Mandolin Club.
"Catastrophes"—quartet ....Parks
Messrs. Furbeck, Perrault, Pomeroy and Van Slyke.
"Love's Old, Sweet Song".....Holcomb
Glee Club.
"Starlight Serenade" .....Gickert
Mandolin Club.
"The Sword of Ferrara".....Bullard
Glee Club.
Intermission, ten minutes.
Medley of college songs.....
Glee Club.
"The Pixies," dance .....Farrand
Mandolin Club.
"Song Without Words," instrumental duet .....Sutorious
Mr. Douglas and Mr. Forbes.
"Emmaleen" ....Loraine
Mr. Perrault and Glee Club.
Banjo duet .....
Mr. Downing and Mr. Douglass.
"Nursery Rhymes" .....Custance
Glee Club.
"My Own United States".....Edwards
Mr. Furbeck and both Clubs.

RELATIVES WANT THEM

Police Making Search For Thomas Lynch and James Gaffney.

Thomas E. Lynch and James Gaffney two supposed residents of Duluth, are being sought for by the police, not for any crime that has been committed, but at the request of relatives.

A brother of Mr. Lynch is lying in a critical condition in one of the St. Paul hospitals. He was kicked recently by a horse, and suffered internal injuries which may result fatally. The letter received by the police from the hospital authorities, state that the man is in need of assistance and keeps calling for his brother.

The police have been trying to locate him, but have as yet failed to secure any clue as to his whereabouts.

Mr. Gaffney is wanted for a much similar reason. Chief of Police Troyer received a telegram from Eau Claire this morning stating that a sister of Mr. Gaffney's, named May, has recently died in that city and that the authorities are trying to locate some of her relatives. Mr. Gaffney was last heard of in Duluth several months ago.

For Breach of Contract.

Oden T. Wick is suing L. H. Gray, in district court for an alleged breach of contract, and demands damages in the amount of $1500.

In his complaint Mr. Wick alleges that between April 4 and 8 last, an agreement was entered into whereby he was to purchase certain personal property from Mr. Gray for $2750, but that April 9, the latter refused to carry out the contract. It is claimed that the value of the personal property at the time of the alleged purchase was $4250, and Mr. Wick figures that he has been damaged $1500 by the failure of Mr. Gray to keep his agreement. Washburn, Bailey & Mitchell represent Mr. Wick.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

FOR STEALING RIDES.

Two Hoboes Fined For Riding Without Tickets.

With the arrival of spring the usual hoboes are commencing to annoy the railroad companies, and the first prosecutions of the year for this charge occurred this morning in the municipal court.

Last evening, about 7:30 o'clock, as the Northern Pacific westbound passenger train was leaving the yards, a brakeman discovered two men riding on the bumpers. He notified H. W. Stanley, the private detective of the company, and the latter placed them under arrest.

The two men, whose names are Andrew Johnson and Alfred Miller, pleaded guilty to trespass this morning in the municipal court and were sentenced to pay a fine of $7 and costs or spend ten days in the county jail.

ONE LADY'S RECOMMENDATION
SOLD FIFTY BOXES OF CHAMBERLAIN'S STOMACH AND LIVER TABLETS.

I have, I believe, sold fifty boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets on the recommendation of one lady here, who first bought a box of them about a year ago. She never tires of telling her neighbors and friends about the good qualities of these Tablets—P. M. Shore, druggist, Rochester, Ind. The pleasant purgative effect of these Tablets makes them a favorite with ladies everywhere. For sale by all druggists.

by using the Want Columns of The Herald.

PRESIDENT IS NOT DICTATING

The Choice of Vice President and National Chairman.

Chicago, April 12.—A Washington special to the Tribune says: Men who are really at the head of the Republican party have been getting a good deal of fun out of repeated suggestions in the newspapers of candidates for the vice presidency and prospective chairman of the Republican national committee. President Roosevelt has not done anything to dictate the selection of a man for either place and he will not do so. He has not been hunting for a chairman or for a vice president. Party leaders, however, recently have urged upon Senator Fairbanks that it will be his duty, if the convention nominates him, to accept second place on the ticket, and they believe he will accept it, although he never has said so.

As regards the chairmanship of the national committee, it is more than likely that it will not be decided until after the nomination is made. President Roosevelt does not have the appointment and merely will suggest a name to the committee because it is important the candidate and committee should be in complete harmony. He has not seriously considered anybody except one or two of his intimate friends, and he certainly never would suggest such a man as Senator Dryden of New Jersey, who is 65 years old, but who never managed a political campaign in his life, and who notoriously is associated with the largest trust organization in New Jersey and New York, some of which possibly are still opposing the nomination of President Roosevelt. When the time comes for the president to select a chairman he, of course, will choose some one who will be his personal representative before the committee and who will combine with the qualification something more than ordinary political sagacity and experience.

In this connection it may be said the convention at Chicago will take up at least three days. President Roosevelt's nomination by acclamation is certain. The vice presidential nomination, from present appearances, will be equally uncontested. In fact, it is said valid objections have been raised against Senator Elkins, Governor Van Sant, Governor Cummins, and most of the others who have been mentioned for second place by their friends at home.

The most notable exception to this elimination is said to be John Yerkes, commissioner of internal revenue, who was elected Republican governor of Kentucky, and who, it is thought, might carry the war to the enemy's country in Kentucky provided Senator Fairbanks should not be selected for the same kind of political strategy in Indiana. Mr. Yerkes has made a splendid impression in Washington, and the mention of his name always receives respectful consideration, which is not always true of some of the other statesmen who have been projected into the foreground by their admiring but not wise constituents.

SOME FINE CHARTS

Pickands, Mather & Co. Issue Series Giving Comprehensive Data.

Show World's Iron Ore, Pig Iron and Coal Production.

Charts have been issued showing for the past 20 years the world's production of iron ore, compiled from the latest official information, the world's production of pig iron according to statistics of the American Steel association, and the world's production of coal, according to the department of the interior. These charts are being distributed by Pickands, Mather & Co., of Cleveland, who have an office in the First National Bank building, this city, and show the development of these branches in a concise and vivid manner.

The figures of the United States are given in sliding scale form, as the most interesting to the part of the world. The ore production of the United States for last year is not given, but the Lake Superior production is, and is figured at 24,000,000 tons, against 27,000,000 in 1902. Prior to that the Lake Superior production had increased every year for ten years at about 2,250,000 tons per year, or from 6,000,000 tons in 1893. In 1891, 1891 and 1892 the average output was 8,000,000 tons.

The production in the United States was about 35,500,000 tons in 1902 and 29,000,000 the year previous, the average yearly increase in tonnage being about 2,450,000 for the ten years's preceding. In 1890, 1891 and 1892 the production of the United States averaged a little over 15,000,000. From a comparison of the Lake Superior and United States productions for the decade from 1893 to 1902 the United States produced, it is shown, about 210,000,000 tons, and Lake Superior 145,000,000 tons, the latter maintaining almost the same average of 69 per cent of the production for the ten years. In 1893 the Lake Superior share was about 52 per cent, and in 1902 77 per cent. Germany and England last year produced together 29,000,000 tons.

Pig iron increased in the United States from 6,750,000 tons made in 1894, to 18,000,000 tons in 1903, 1896 showing the only decrease in that time, when production fell to 8,000,000 tons from 9,500,000 tons in 1895. Germany and England combined failed to produce as much last year as this country, each of them making about 8,400,000 tons, against the 18,000,000 tons in this country.

The United States coal output last year was 315,000,000 tons, against 270,000,000 in 1902, while 150,000,000 was the figure in 1894. Every year since showed an increase. The United States is not so far ahead of other countries on coal production, Great Britain producing 245,000,000 tons last year and Germany over 160,000. Austria was next with a little over 40,000,000 tons, while France, Belgium, Russia, India, Japan and Canada follow in the order named.

ALL BUT WAGE QUESTION

Great Lakes Company Nearing Full Settlement With Men.

Dispatches from Cleveland indicate that the conference between the Great Lakes Towing company and the members of the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association is likely to come to a peaceful termination.

All questions between the captains and engineers and the company have now been settled with the exception of the wage question, which is due to come up today. The men will ask for the same scale as last year, and the prospects are that the agreement will be signed on this basis.

As soon as the captains and engineers are disposed of, the firemen and linemen will hold their conference with the company.

The following dispatch from Cleveland was received: "The officials of the Great Lakes Towing company and the representatives of the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association have agreed on the several points in dispute between them, and only the question of wages remains, which will be taken up today. The hours will be the same as last season. The men will be off every third night and every third Sunday. The licensed men will have full charge of their crews.

"As soon as a settlement is made with the licensed tugmen, the officers of the company will meet with the tug firemen and linesmen. President Keefe of the Longshoremen's association will meet with the local lumber dealers Thursday."

TWELVE NEW CASES OF PLAGUE.

New York, April 12.—Twelve new cases of bubonic plague were reported Sunday, cables the Herald's correspondent at Lima, Peru. All are in the lowest part of the city called Overbridge. The district will be closed by quarantine.

NO PLACE.

The Lazy Ones Must Stand Aside.

That dull heavy feeling from coffee may not amount to much in itself but it's a great obstacle in the way of fame and fortune for it kills ambition and makes one lazy and finally sick.

The successful men or women must first conquer themselves. The way to conquer that dull, stupid feeling nine times out of ten is to pay a little attention to proper food, coffee in particular will dull the senses and make one feel lazy and stupid after the first effects of the cup have worn off an hour or so after drinking it.

"I was a lover of coffee," says a New York man. "It seemed to me breakfast was nothing without it but I noticed an hour or so after breakfast a dull, stupid feeling came over me accompanied freuqently by nausea.

"Thinking perhaps it was caused by coffee I wanted to make sure of it so I gave up the use of coffee and drank Postum in its place. My old trouble disappeared and I learned to look forward to my Postum with as much eagerness as I used to look to coffee and instead of being bad in its effect, Postum is very healthy and I feel "fit as a lord" right along. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason why Postum helps toward fame and fortune when used in place of coffee, the drug-drink.

Look in each package for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Gray-Tallant Co

Wednesday the Last Day of the

April Sale of Household Needfuls.

Here is a chance to freshen up the dining room and chambers thoroughly with spic span new linens and bedding while the scrubbing brush and broom is leaving behind a clean, white trail these April housecleaning days. This sale of linen and cotton at unprecedentedly low prices comes in the nick of time. And it will be months before there is a like opportunity if cotton and flax remain at present prices. Hundreds of housekeepers profited yesterday and today—hundreds more will come tomorrow, the last day of the sale.

SILVER BLEACHED, 72-INCH, HEAVY twilled German table linen—has no equal for wear or finished appearance; coin spot, fleur de lis and tulip patterns—this linen can be had at no other store at the head of the lakes. In every respect a perfectly satisfactory value at $1.35—you can buy it at linen headquarters for three days only at..... **$1.00**

¾ Napkins to match $2.75.

72-INCH FULL BLEACH LINEN, SATIN TABLE damask in beautiful new designs, with deep borders or double borders and plain centers; large and small patterns of floral and conventional figures, fleur de lis, showers of pearls, coin spots, etc.—every pattern shown in the highest priced table linens; warranted to retain a smooth satin finish and to give satisfactory wear—always sells at $1.35—a remarkable bargain for 3 days at. **93c**

HUCK TOWELS, 24x45 INCHES, best quality of hemstitched, grass bleached linen huck towels, in plain white only with fleur de lis borders; a genuine 40c quality—limited to one dozen towels to a customer..... **25c**

CRASH TOWELING, 18-INCH pure Irish linen, bleached, sells everywhere at 14c—there is no better in this city—special spring sale price..... **9½c**

ALL-LINEN, HEMSTITCHED HUCK towels, size 18x34 inches with red, white or blue borders; our regular low price is 20c, but for the next three days they are placed on sale at..... **15c**

HEAVY LINEN HUCK TOWELS, 17x34 inches—hemmed—with borders in red only—cheap at 12½c—for quick selling the next three days it is marked at.... **10c**

BEST QUALITY, OF VERY HEAVY double satin table damask, woven from the finest selected Irish flax, in the newest 1904 designs. This is our well-known Erin linen which bears our guarantee. Its equal never sells for less than $2.50 and this is the first time it has ever been offered at this exceptional price—for three days only..... **$1.87½**

¾ Napkins to match $5.25.

60 ONLY, REAL MARSEILLES BED spreads in a splendid variety of new designs; a large size for which every store in Duluth would ask you $3.25. On account of the advance in this line of goods we positively refuse to sell to dealers at this April sale price—for three days to consumers only—each..... **$2.10**

1 CASE OF CUT CORNER CROCHETED pattern bedspreads, with heavily knotted fringe—they are a good value at $2.25—in the face of an advance we price them for three days at..... **$1.79**

EXTRA LARGE SIZE FRINGED bedspreads, offered as a special elsewhere at $1.75—why pay that any time when for 3 days you can buy here at.. **$1.47**

WHITE CURTAIN SWISS, 36 INCHES wide; perfect goods in full pieces; the choice of the best patterns which sell at 15c and 18c regularly—three days at the special price..... **12½c**

PILLOW CASES, 45x36 INCHES— 15c qualities at 9¾c—ready made sheets with seam down the center, 59c values—during the April sale at..... **44c**

ANOTHER CASE OF LARGE SIZE heavy bedspreads, pure white, in the best patterns; no stiffening or paste whatever—$1.50 qualities we sell for three days in spite of the advance at..... **$1.17**

REVERSIBLE COMFORTERS, IN large size, tied or stitched, silkoline and satin coverings, pure white cotton filling, good $1.75 values—priced for this sale at each..... **$1.39**

ALL-WOOL BLANKETS, 10-4 SIZE scarlet or white, 4 pounds to the pair—should sell at $4.25—it will pay you to buy six months ahead at our price for this sale..... **$2.98**

READY-MADE SHEETS, 72x90 INCHES, made of good weight fine white cotton—3-inch hem; bought to sell at 65c—for three days, less than the actual cost of the material at the mills today..... **49c**

REPUBLICAN OF NEW YORK ENTHUSIASTIC

(Continued from page 1.)

nineteenth century."

The senator briefly sketched the events which culminated in the revolution in Panama and said:

"When Panama fulfilled the threat known to all the world for months and successfully accomplished her revolution, the president acted within his constitutional privilege with the directness, courage and wisdom characteristic of his whole public life.

"The speech of Representative Cockran in the house last Saturday," the senator declared, "was because the president, following the example of President Cleveland, had by executive order, fixed the limit of partial and total disability for the veterans of the civil war. Mr. Cleveland and his commissioner of pensions had interpreted the pension act of 1890 to mean that it was within the power and the duty of the executive to state the years for partial and total disability when the veterans could receive a pension without examination. Cleveland had fixed total disability at 75. Roosevelt had revived the tyranny of Henry VIII, had marched with Oliver Cromwell at the head of his army into the house of representatives and dispersed the members to their homes and arrested the calcitrant minority by reducing by executive order Cleveland's 75 years of total disability five years or to 70."

Passing to a discussion of presidential candidates the senator said:

"The campaign is to be conducted by the opposition almost solely against the tariff and Roosevelt. We accept the challenge upon the Dingley bill and point to what it has accomplished." He called attention to the president's achievements when assistant secretary of the navy, which position he gave up to "take upon himself the perils of a campaign in Cuba," and concluded:

"He had probed deeply the great departments of the government and prosecuted and convicted those of his own household of faith who were found guilty. He enforced the law when dire predictions of disaster were made and by doing so lost the favor of some of the ablest and strongest of our financial leaders, but the supreme court has sustained his action and the markets have rebounded with that phenomenal rise in the securities which demonstrates the judgment of the investors of the country.

Former United States Senator Warner Miller then introduced the resolution introduced at the last national convention by Senator Quay, asking congress to investigate the alleged disfranchisement of the negro in Southern states.

The resolution was referred without debate to the committee on resolutions, and teh convention took a recess until 4 o'clock.

The committee on resolutions met at once after the recess was announced, and Chairman Burnett read the draft of the platform.

An attempt was made to insert the resolutions offered by Warner Miller, but Mr. Burnett said there was a clause in the platform that touched on the subject. The platform as presented was read. It contains an endorsement for Roosevelt, and instructs delegates to vote for him in the national convention.

The platform reaffirms the devotion of the Republicans of New York to, and confidence in, the principles of their party. It declares that the election and inauguration of William McKinley and the restoration to power of a party pledged to the encouragement of domestic activity, an honest system of finance and the expansion of our commercial interests, was followed by the enforcement of these policies. The Democratic party, the platform asserts, with imperialism and militarism as its slogan, attempted to mislead the people into the belief that territorial aggrandisement was the ultimate object of the Republican policy and offered the fallacy of free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 as a substitute for the basic principle of the gold standard and an honest dollar, and with numerous mischievous and untried theories of government endeavored to demoralize public confidence and shatter the faith of the people of the party in power.

Continuing, the resolutions say:

"The tragedy that deprived the nation of the exalted services of President McKinley shadowed every heart with sorrow, but emphasized, nevertheless, the truth that, though men perish, the republic still lives. The work of rehabilitation inaugurated and successfully carried on by him, and the wise policies which characterized his administration were taken up by his successor, whose courage in the midst of trying circumstances, and whose ability, honesty of purpose and sturdy Americanism have elicited the admiration and respect of all our people. We commend Theodore Roosevelt for the fearlessness and good judgment with which he entered upon the solution of problems of social economy and government. We recognize the rare capacity he has exhibited in meeting all the requirements of his great office. We realize that his official acts have justified the public confidence which is the fundamental factor of his popularity.

"Accordingly we endorse the administration of Theodore Roosevelt. Believing in his loyalty to the principles of the Republican party, relying on his devotion to the interests of American citizens and confiding in his wisdom, his courage and his statesmanship, we hereby direct that the delegates this day chosen use all honorable means to bring about his nomination for president at the national convention to be held in June."

The president's action touching the Panama canal is endorsed, and the enactment is favored of such legislation as shall give to American-built ships, officered and manned by American citizens, the carrying of the larger part of our foreign commerce, in order that the nation shall have both the ships and the men as resource of defense in time of trouble and in order that American workingmen may have the building and running of the ships employed in doing our carrying.

The principle of a protective tariff is upheld and the freedom of the ballot, without discrimination as to race or color, is demanded.

The administration of Governor Odell is endorsed and the party representatives in congress are commended, special reference being made to the services of Senator T. C. Platt.

LEGAL FIGHT OVER OWNERSHIP OF N. P. STOCKS IS NOW ON

(Continued from page 1.)

into the Northern Securities company and what the Northern Securities company wished to return to them would be more than $1,000,000 a year in interest alone.

Mr. Evarts said that the merger under the proposed plan of distribution would be a stronger combination of interests than it was before it was dissolved, and that it would in that manner be in greater violation of the Sherman anti-trust act than it was before, in which position the plaintiffs did not wish to place themselves.

When Mr. Evarts concluded, Judge Sanborn asked Mr. Evarts if he understood that the attorney general of the United States had entered his appearance in the case, and that he opposed the intervention.

"No, your honor, we are not aware of that," replied Mr. Evarts.

Judge Sanborn—The attorney general has entered appearance in the case, and the district attorney will be given an opportunity now to state the objections of the attorney general.

District Attorney Haupt then read a printed statement from Attorney General Knox saying that "the United States neither admits nor denies any of the allegations contained in the petition, but objects to the proposed intervention. The United States stands on the decree of this court as affirmed, and desires that the decree be carried out according to the orders of the supreme court."

Judge Sanborn then asked two other questions of Mr. Evarts, one of which was whether the method of settlement proposed by Hill was fair and just. Mr. Evarts replied that they contended it was unfair. Former Secretary of War Root then began his argument to the court on behalf of the defendants. He said in part:

"The counsel for the Oregon Short Line company which is asking leave to file a petition as intervenor, has put himself on the ground of a person seeking for the execution of your honors' decree, having been represented as a party opposing the decree. He now asks leave to intervene that he may secure execution of the decree, notwithstanding the complainant sees no occasion for the revocation of your action, along the lines proposed.

"The defendants in the case oppose the application for leave to file. They say the plaintiffs are not parties to the decree and should not be allowed to become parties to the cause. They say there is no warrant in law or decision of any court for this intervention. It is necessary in order to get due execution for this decree that a further order directing the return to the Oregon Short Line of stock of the Northern Pacific railway."

Mr. Root then discussed the decree ordered by this court and continued: "What is the execution of a decree which is limited to a 'thou shalt not?' What can the execution of such a decree be but obedience. So long as the defendants refrain from doing what your honors have ordered them not to do, what further is there to do?"

"Five things which your honors say shall not be done,' continued Mr. Root, "stand on the decree as all that was necessary to do. You were, however, not silent as to the return of this stock. You said in effect, we will provide for the prevention of the violation of this law, but you carefully refrained from interfering with the other affairs of this company. They come in now and ask you to amend your decree. Harriman was director of the Northern Securities company. He showed as such in 1901, when articles of incorporation were filed in New Jersey. He remained so to the end. That company, under the direction of the board, of which he was a member, opposed the very thing he is praying for now. He asks for a decree which he before opposed. He wants it modified and reversed. It cannot be a violation of a decree to return stock which the decree made unlawful to hold.

"The proposed action of the corporation is in accordance with that equality which is equity. You are asked to return to the Northern Pacific $78,000,000 of that stock, which is a large majority of the stock of that company. You are asked to put into the hands of the Union Pacific and the Oregon Short Line, the absolute control of the Northern Pacific, a competing and parallel line. You will see the whole of the Northern Securities scheme was formed for the purpose of preventing the Union Pacific from getting control.

"Our friends on the other side have said your honors are in constructive custody of the assets. The constructive custody o nthe part of the court can arise only by the granting of his petition. Suppose some one should start a slaughter house and your honors issued an injunction as to the purposes for which the land was being used constituted a nuisance. Could it be said you had taken possession?

"This action involves the introduction of new issues and individuals foreign to the decree. They are not here as a class but representing individual claims.

"I say that a party who attempts to break into litigation from the outside commends himself not at all. They came in here at the last moment, after participating in all acts of the Northern Securities company, after seeing sold millions of shares to thousands of people, and at the last possible moment and ask for special privileges saying it makes a difference to them of a million a year in interest. You are being asked to give a preference to one who was a participator in its original illegality at the expense of those wholly innocent."

At the close of Mr. Root's address the court adjourned for the noon recess until 2 p. m.

The Herald want ads reflect human needs as they exist in the present hour—so they are interesting reading.

HOTEL SPALDING

West 43rd St., Just Off Broadway

NEW YORK.

Transient and Family Hotel.
Absolutely Fireproof. 300 Rooms. 200 Baths.
All rooms lighted by natural light.
Holland Cafe. Palm Garden.
Louis XVI Restaurant.
MUSIC NOON AND EVENINGS.
3 blocks from Grand Central Station.
3 passenger elevators.
Center of theater and business district.
Running ice water in all apartments.
Complete in every detail.

John H. Langton
Formerly of Duluth, MANAGER.

Crushed Oats

Mean easy work for a horse with poor teeth. Try it and watch him grow fat. We have it.

East End Feed and Grain Co.

Foot of Third Ave. East.

Lives of great men all remind us
We should flood our stores with light,
And departing, leave behind us
Something over which to fight.

BIG FORTUNES BELONG TO THE WELL LIGHTED. LET US HELP YOU TO WINONE.

DuluthGeneral Electric Co.

216 West Superior Street.

Money Easy Made!

By buying your groceries at wholesale in quantities at—

Duluth Wholesale Supply Co., 102-104 W. Mich. St.

You can save from 15 to 20 per cent

The Greatest Skill!

The most experience—14 years.

We grind our own lenses

C. D. TROTT,

OPTICIAN.

3 West Superior Street.

A VENERABLE PASTOR CURED BY PE-RU-NA

Pe-ru-na Is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

In old age the mucous membranes become thickened and partly lose their function.

This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances.

Peruna corrects all this by its specific operation on all mucous membranes of the body.

One bottle will convince anyone. Once used and Peruna becomes a life-long stand-by with old and young.

Rev. J. N. Parker.

Strong and Vigorous at the Age of Eighty-eight.

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes: "In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hearing entirely. My hearing had been somewhat impaired for several years, but not so much effected but that I could hold converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Peruna and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I cannot speak too highly of Peruna, and now when 88 years old can say it has invigorated my whole system. I cannot but think, dear Doctor, that you must feel very thankful to the all-loving Father that you have been permitted to live, and by your skill be such a blessing as you have been to suffering humanity."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

A Bishop's Letter.

T. H. Lomax, D. D., Bishop 2nd Dist. A. M. E., of Charlotte, N. C., writes:

"I recommend your Peruna to all who want a strengthening tonic and a very effective remedy for all catarrhal complaints."—T. H. Lomax.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

TALK ON CIVIC IMPROVEMENT

E. G. Routzahn to Lecture Under Auspices of Commercial Club.

Thursday evening at the High School hall, E. G. Routzahn will lecture on "Civic Improvement," under the auspices of the Commercial club. Professor Routzahn is one of the best informed men on this subject in the United States, and as the lecture is to be free, those who want to have an opportunity of learning something on the subject can do so with very little trouble.

He will arrive in Superior tomorrow and at 3 p. m. will meet the library board there, with the city officials and the City Improvement league, whose committee, headed by Mrs. Howard Thomas, has been instrumental in securing the professor's appearance at this time. As he is anxious to get a chance to talk to the Duluth school children while he is here, President McGonagle of the Commercial club will endeavor to arrange the matter.

Tomorrow evening a lecture will be given in the Congregational church and Friday evening in the normal school, Superior, while all day Friday the lecturer will be busy visiting the various schools there.

Professor Routzahn is field secretary of the National Civic Improvement league, and in this position is constantly in touch with all the more important movements of a civic nature in this country as well as others.

He endeavors in his various visits to cities to talk to the school children on different occasions from the adults, as his remarks to the former are reduced in such a way as to appeal particularly to them, and to instill into their minds desire to help better the condition of the city in which they may live. He has lectured in a number of the large cities of the country. The general office of the league he represents is in Chicago.

Know Nothing Of It.

"Reported man killed on railroad, Duluth, named Garbig. Anything in it? Answer."

The above is a copy of a telegram received by Chief Troyer this morning from the Scott & Howe Lumber company at Ironwood, Mich.

Neither the police or the coroner have heard of any such accident, and it is believed to be a false report.

ROBBED AND THEN BEATEN

Two Thieves, Disappointed at Plunder, Beat Their Victim.

Grand larceny in the first degree will be the charge which John Moran and Frank C. Sherwood will be compelled to face at the next sitting of the grand jury.

The two men were arrested last evening by Officer Roberg, on the charge of beating and choking Charles Rolander, a woodsman, on lower Fifth avenue, about 1:30 o'clock this morning, and robbing him of $3.50.

They were arraigned before Judge Gearhart in the municipal court this afternoon, and bound over to the grand jury.

Rolander, the complaining witness, is a Scandinavian, unaccustomed to the ways of the city. Yesterday he entered the Western employment office and asked where he could secure a night's lodging. He was accompanied by a friend named Charles Peterson.

According to the testimony given at the hearing this afternoon Moran and Sherwood told Rolander that they would secure him a bed. Peterson warned him not to go with the two strangers and in the row which followed Sherwood is claimed to have struck Peterson a blow in the mouth.

The two men then left the office with Rolander. They are claimed to have taken him down Fifth avenue West and to have assaulted and robbed him in an alley between two of the wholesale houses. They secured only $3.50, and, disappointed at their small gains, they are claimed to have beaten him viciously. Rolander finally escaped from them.

Meanwhile Peterson and some of the men in the employment office had become suspicious, and they went to seek an officer. Patrolman Roberg happened to be passing and they told him the story. He immediately started in pursuit of the three men. As he ran down Fifth avenue he saw two men walking rapidly west along the tracks. He hailed them several times and receiving no reply gave chase. He overtook them and placed them under arrest.

While sending in the wagon call to headquarters from the Fifth avenue box, Rolander appeared upon the scene and identified his assailants.

The officer secured the names of all the men in the employment office at the time the three left, and thy were subpoened as witnesses.

The two prisoners are unknown to the local police department, and their pictures do not appear in the rogues' gallery.

RETURNS FROM EAST.

F. A. Cokefair Back After a Month's Absence.

F. A. Cokefair, engineer of the Great Northern Power company, has returned from a visit of about a month in the East, which he has been consulting with the engineers of the company with reference to the style of water wheels to be adopted by the company and as to other matters connected with the development of the company's plans.

Mr. Cokefair says the weather in the East is delightful at this time, warm and balmy and the spring blossoming well under way.

In New York he stopped at the Spalding, John H. Langton's hotel, and is delighted with it. It is finely located, is quiet, airy, completely new and handsomely equipped, and its service is excellent. Western people are there in large numbers and at nearly all times some Duluth people can be found.

DIVER IMPRISONED.

New York, April 12.—At the new reservoir that is being built by the Jersey City authorities at Boontown, N. J., a diver has been imprisoned in seventy feet of water since two o'clock yesterday. Repeated attempts to rescue him were made by another diver, but all have been unsuccessful.

FOR Y.M.C.A CLUBS

Association In St. Louis Plans Bureau For Entertaining Them.

Local Association Notified and May Send Some Clubs.

Secretary Phil Bevis of the local Y. M. C. A. has received several communications from the secretary of the St. Louis association relative to the forming of one or more clubs of Duluth young men for the purpose of visiting and enjoying the World's fair, to be held at the Missouri city the coming summer.

The St. Louis Y. M. C. A. has started a special World's fair bureau for the benefit of visiting members of the association, and those having the bureau in charge are taking steps looking to lessening the expenses and adding to the pleasures of brother members of the association from all over the country.

The plan is to get ten or more association members who desire to visit the fair and have them attend in a body. This will not only increase their enjoyment, but it will also considerably lessen their expenses, for the St. Louis Y. M. C. A. bureau will make special arrangements with the railroads and hotels with this end in view, besides looking after them in a way while they are in the city. One or more such clubs will probably be organized in Duluth this summer.

If this is done a special car will be provided for their use. Considerable interest is being manifested locally in the move, and it is thought likely that some who are not now members will join the Y. M. C. A. for thee xpress purpose of coming in on the World's fair benefits.

One plan as set forth by the St. Louis association is to have visiting members who are so inclined live in tents while at the fair. One could live in this manner at small expense, and with a congenial crowd the life would be a merry one. Visiting members, however, will also be given a choice of the first class hotels in the city. The tent idea may not be adopted at all, but the project is meeting with such favor that it probably will.

August 15 to 20 will be Y. M. C. A. week at the fair, and will be devoted to all kinds of athletic events. Thousands of members will be in attendance form all over the country at that time. Y. M. C. A. parties will be organized before and after this date, also, as best suits the wishes and convenience of those desiring to attend.

Another attraction in connection with this scheme is that the fair Y. M. C. A. bureau will send out bulletins and guides from time to time which will treat of the fair, and what is to be seen there. The fair clubs, before starting on the journey, will take advantage of the opportunity offered, and at meetings called for the purpose will study the circulars and guides, so they will have the details pretty well mastered when St. Louis is reached.

INSISTED ON SEEING BODY

Deputy Necessary To Keep Italians From Scarlet Fever Victim.

The health authorities were compelled to post officers at the home of Frank Gorleo, an Italian, living at 1126 West Superior street, to prevent the neighbors from visiting the house to look upon the dead body of his 14-year-old son, who died last evening from scarlet fever.

The Gorleo family has been in this country only nine days, coming directly from Italy. The family consists of the mother, father, two daughters and one son, in addition to the one who has just died.

The boy was stricken with the disease last week and died at 3 o'clock this morning. A number of the Italians living in the vicinity visited the house in the hope of seeing the body, and it was only by the most rigid surveillance of the health authorities that they were kept away.

The funeral was held this afternoon in order that the danger of infection might be reduced to a minimum. Interment was made in Calvary cemetery.

Delay In New Service.

Not until May 1 will the new train on the Omaha to Chicago go into service. The Pullman company, which is making the entire train, finds itself unable to get the work done in time for the trains to go on next Sunday as intended. The trains will be named and lettered "Duluth-Chicago Fast Mail," as the word limited might conflict with the Northwestern limited now in service.

WHEN YOU DRINK

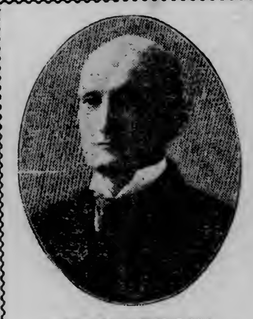
a cool, foaming glass of "MOOSE BRAND BEER" it goes just to the right spot. There is nothing more satisfying as a thirst quencher, nothing more invigorating, nothing to surpass it as a healthful, summer beverage. It is pure beer. Special care taken in the brewing and bottling.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
Either Phone No. 241.

NOT ONE IS GUILTY

Committee Investigating Charges Against Congressmen, So Report.

Department Censured For Allowing Publication of Letters.



SAMUEL W. McCALL,
Chairman of Committee Who Investigated Things Against Congressmen.

Washington, April 12.—The report of the special committee of the house appointed to investigate the report from the postoffice department printed under the caption "charges concerning members of congress," was made to the house today by Chairman McCall. The report is signed by all seven members of the committee. The minority members, however, append supplemental views.

The important phase of the report is a finding regarding the connection of members with the business of the postoffice department. This finding is as follows:

"After a careful consideration of all cases specified in the report numbered 1395 (the report of the postoffice commission on "charges against members of congress"), so far as they relate to present members of the house of representatives which the committee assume to be the limit of their jurisdiction, they have unanimously reached the conclusion that nothing has appeared in connection with said cases that would justify the finding that any member of the house of representatives has profited financially in the slightest degree, or that any member was guilty of improper conduct in connection therewith, or that any member has done in connection with any of said cases anything that did not appear to be within the line of his official duty according to long established custom.

"Having reached this conclusion, the committee feel constrained to add that in their opinion it would be well to make as formal as may be, and to restrain within the narrowest possible limits, the action of members in connection with postoffices and the details of other executive matters, and that the severance of members from work of that character would augment the efficiency af the house representatives."

In conclusion, the committee would desire the attention to the fact that this inquiry has come upon the house suddenly and without any notice to its members. Their correspondence has been brought to the light with that department of the government with which their relations are most intimate. In no instance is it likely that they expected the letters which they wrote would be published.

These letters were written under a great variety of circumstances. In haste and some doubtless by the private secretary of a member; some of them formal and some of a personal nature.

It is to the credit of the membership of the house that correspondence of this nature, thus collected together, should contain so little of an unfavorable character.

Undoubtedly there are letters which were carlessly written. The action in some cases was not well considered. The statement found in some instances, in some letters, from the executive offices, that what was done was done as a favor to the member might well have been resented. But there is nothing in any of the cases considered that reflects upon the integrity of the membership of the house of representatives.

Before reaching the above conclusion, the report gives a history of the compilation and publication of the report implicating members. Its inception, so far as the "clerk hire" cases are concerned, the committee states, was with Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, who ordered a compilation of all cases where members had made recommendation regarding clerk hire for the purpose of securing evidence to justify the assertion in his report on the postoffice investigation "that a hundred similar cases could be cited."

Nine hundred such cases were finally included in this list, and opposite each case was placed the name of a member of congress. The testimony of First Assistant Wynne is quoted in this connection, to show that the mention of the member's name in a case did not mean that they had ever recommended the allowance, but they were put there for the use of the office and in some cases when only notice had been sent to a member that an increase had been made affecting an office in his district, although the member had made no request concerning the same.

"Under the impression that the sending of the names of senators and representatives upon the list made up in that manner would be unfair to them, the first assistant postmaster general after consultation with the postmaster general, prepared a list of offices, omitting therefrom the names of members of congress and all other persons.

"The list in that form was sent to the committee on the postoffice and post roads, but in some way which the testimony does not make clear, the information was received by the postoffice department that the list should include the names of members, and accordingly the list was prepared, which appears in house report No. 1395."

INCIDENT WAS SENSATIONAL

Senators Teller and Hopkins Have a Lively Tilt.

Washington, April 12.—A sensational incident occurred in the senate today, during the consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill. Mr. Teller was speaking and he had made an allusion to a letter of Gen. Thomas, regarding appointments in Chicago, in which Secretary Shaw was criticised.

Mr. Hopkins entered the chamber and became engaged with Mr. Teller in a colloquy over the matter saying he knew enough about the matter to know that the statement of the Colorado senator was untrue. Mr. Teller replied that his information was as good as any information obtained from the slums.

Mr. Hopkins retorted that he was not afraid of anything in his own record and intimated that the Colorado senator could not say as much.

"I will say," remarked Mr. Teller, "that after more than twenty-five years public service, that it is a gratuitous insult."

Mr. Hopkins tried to make a reply, but Mr. Teller declined to be further interrupted until the senator from Illinois could acquire the manner of the senate. He then went on with his speech.

The postoffice apprpriation bill was passed and the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was taken up.

RIVERS ARE RISING FAST

People at Winnipeg Fear Repetition of 1882 Flood.

St. Paul, April 12.—A special to the Dispatch from Winnipeg, says: Since the first thaw came, March 31, the Red river has risen over sixteen feet and is now only fourteen feet below Main street bridge. During the past twenty-four hours the water has risen twelve feet, and this morning it is rising at the rate of four inches an hour. A big ice gorge is feared. People living on the banks are fearing a repetition of the floods of 1882.

No trains are running over the Canadian Pacific road between Ox Bow and Almeda, owing to the sweeping away of the big railroad bridge over the Moose creek, a few miles west of Ox Bow. A big washout has also been reported two miles west of the Waskada, and consequently the Canadian Pacific line from Waskada to Lyleton is not being operated.

At Portage La Prairie, the Assiniboine river has risen ten feet in twenty-four hours, and still continues to rise, and is at the top of the banks.

HOLD THE DIRECTORS.

Decision of Illinois Circuit Court Overruled.

Chicago, April 12.—A decision in the United States circuit court practically absolving the directors of the defunct National Bank of Illinois from blame for the failure of the bank was reversed today by the United States circuit of appeals.

The case was remanded and leave given to file an amendment to the original bill. Indebtedness amounting to $3,000,000 is involved. The action of the lower court virtually deprived the creditors of further opportunity for recovery of claims.

SHINGLES Best grade of native
WHITE CEDAR
Delivered to all parts of the city.
L. R. MARTIN,
517 LYCEUM BLDG. Both 'phones No. 385

D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery, 15 E. Superior St.

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention
Both 'Phones 199.

WEDNESDAY SPECIALS.

GOOD APPLES—per bushel --$1.00
Good Apples—per peck- ------35c
Honey in the comb—2 for-----25c
Good Oranges, per case ----$2.00
Good Rice—4 pounds for------25c
O'Leary Brand Java and Mocha Coffee—3 lb. can for -------85c
Once used, always used.

We sell Karo Corn Syrup.
We sell Uneeda Biscuit.
We sell Doll House Matches.

Prompt deliveries—every effort to please and satisfy our customers.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The Sale of Oriental Rugs Continues.

All day long our great third floor is thronged with lovers of these beautiful creations—the highest type of floor coverings; rugs in every size, tone and color. We've taken advantage of every possible discount, aided by ready cash, to reduce the prices to a minimum. You'll be surprised at the splendid values we offer during this sale. COME AND SEE THESE SPECIAL VALUES FOR WEDNESDAY.

At $2.95—beautiful Anatolian mats—a large range for selection.

At $17.75—About 40 handsome rugs, a collection which usually sell at $22.50, $25 and $27.50—choice $17.75.

At $8.75—one special lot of rugs, comprising Cabistans, Dagelstans and Carabaghs, in sizes 3-2x4-9 and 3-6x5-0, etc., values which run as high in price as $16.50—on sale at $8.75.

A Persian Runner, 3x13-8, $29.50.

At $10.00—some splendid saddle bags in beautiful colorings—$14.50 values, choice $10.

At $14.50—one lot of fine rugs—sizes up to 3-4x7-0—Shirvans, Daghestans, Beloochistans and Kabistans—rugs worth from $18 to $22.50—choice $14.50.

A fine India rug, 6-6x9-5 $45.00.

Another special lot at $24.50—This lot includes many fine Persians, Kashmirs, Bokharas, Kis Kilms, etc., values usually priced at $35, $40 and $45—sizes up to 9-0x4-6 feet.

A Kis Kilm rug, size 5-1x8-0, at $17.50.

Another India rug, 7-8x10-8, at $65.00.

We are also showing a comprehensive line of all that's best in the new Wiltons, Saxony and Axminster rugs, in all sizes at very moderate prices.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Correct Things in Women's Wearables

Tailor-Made Suits,
Shirt Waist Suits,
Costumes and
Demi Costumes,
Coats and Jackets,
Walking and Dress Skirts, Etc.

The S. & B. Co.'s establishment is the home of good clothes. Not good because we say so, but good because they've been tried and proved good by critical people for a generation.

Many concerns are spending hundreds upon hundreds of dollars monthly in newspaper talk trying to make people believe that their lines are equal to the S. & B. Co.'s.

Like bullets against an armor of steel they rebound and wound their source.

All the newspaper talk in the world won't sell an inferior article or badly tailored garment to a woman who knows that there is better.

The critical woman of today is just as good a judge of good clothes as the man who purchases them by the thousands of dollars' worth.

Correct styles and reliable fabrics is what people want.

Ask the posted women of Duluth today the question: "Where can I get the best styles and most reliable goods for my money?"

To 90 out of every 100 women the answer comes naturally—**At the S. & B. Co.'s.**

Styles and fabrics speak for themselves here and best of all, the prices are no higher for the best than is asked you for the anything-to-get-the-money kind.

There's many new arrivals in tailored suits—one in particular is a line of $25.00 values at $16.50.

In shirt waist suits we can show you a splendid value in brilliantine at $10.00, and one in silk at $15.00.

If it's a coat, we can sell you a handsome man-tailored covert coat at $7.50 or better at $9.50; a beauty at $10.00, $12.50 and so on.

And we don't ask you to buy until you compare what you've seen with what's shown elsewhere.

Then you can buy with confidence at the safe store—your store.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

GOODMAN INDICTED.

Is Man Who Threatened to Shoot W. C. Greene.

New York, April 12.—James W. Goodman was indicted by the grand jury today for assault in the first degree on W. C. Greene last Saturday. Goodman is charged with threatening to shoot Greene, who is president of the Greene Consolidated Copper company, unless the latter immediately paid him a large sum of money which Goodman claimed was due him on a mining deal. Greene denied that he owes Goodman anything and in a public statement issued Saturday said that he had only a slight acquaintance with him.

ASKS BRYAN'S REMOVAL.

Mrs. Bennett Alleges He Is Dissipating Funds.

New Haven, April 12.—Counsel for Mrs. Grace Imogene Bennett appeared before Probate Judge Cleaveland today with a petition that W. J. Bryan be removed as the executor of the estate of the late Philo S. Bennett, the chief allegation being that he is dissipating the funds of the estate in his legal actions in attempting to secure the probating of the "sealed letter" as a part of the will. The "sealed letter" gives Mr. Bryan $50,000. The court will set a date for a hearing.

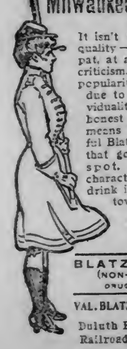
CONSULS ASSIGNED.

Washington, April 12.—The assignment to temporary duty of the three United States consuls to Manchuriar posts having been left to Minister Conger, he has slightly changed the original program so that now Mr. Chesshire will go to the legation at Pekin as an attache from which Mr. Davidson is detailed for duty at the Shanghai consulate, while Mr. Morgan now enroute to China will be assigned to duty as an assistant consul either at Newchwang or Che Foo.

RESIGN AS DIRECTORS.

New York, April 12.—John W. Gates and W. W. Burchard resigned today as directors of the Greene Consolidated Copper company.

Blatz Wiener BEER
Bottled Goodness



Milwaukee's Banner Brew

It isn't talk that counts, it's quality—Quality that stands pat, at all times, for honest criticism. The unprecedented popularity of Blatz Wiener is due to its pronounced individuality—that indescribable, honest flavor that always means "Blatz"—that delightful Blatz Wiener "smack" that goes straight to the spot. Drink it for beer character—For health's sake drink it. Ask for it down town. Send a case home.

ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD "BLATZ."

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE (NON-INTOX.) TONIC
DRUGGISTS OR DIRECT.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee
Duluth Branch, Lake Ave. and Railroad St. Telephone 62.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for **Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds,** all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also **Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses.** For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c.
J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

There Is Music In the Air!

We are singing a song of values that means a saving to you. If you have a little money to spend for **Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Stoves and Ranges,** let us suggest that you buy here, or before you buy elsewhere, come and let us quote you prices, which will be, without the question of a doubt, much lower than any other quotations given elsewhere, taking into consideration the quality of goods. We will furnish your home complete at the so-called strictly cash price store prices and give you credit—pay a little down—a little every month. **Your credit is good. Our terms are made to suit your own convenience. Best made Steel Ranges in America at $1.00 down, $1.00 per week. Your old stove taken in trade.**

BAYHA & CO.,

Present Location News Tribune Bldg. Future Location 1. St. & 2. Ave. W

HAVE HOT FIGHT

Rough House of Large Proportions In West End.

One Man In Hospital and Another In Jail.

The term "rough house" but poorly expresses the row that took place last evening, about 5 o'clock, in the Hazelwood Park house at Thirty-ninth avenue west.

It was one grand, glorious carnival of slaughter, an unparalleled attraction in the line of free-for-all fights.

There were twelve combatants in all, and the sides were very unevenly divided. It was a case of two against the crowd, and one of the two is in the hospital and the other in the police station.

The details of the engagement are but meager. As is shown by the Russo-Japanese war, it is difficult for war correspondents to gain an accurate description of a big engagement, and this is no exception to the rule.

As far as could be learned, however, from the dispatches received at police headquarters, the conflict was due to the fact that George Young and John Lefevre entered the boarding house with several drinks under their belts, and the idea in their heads that they could whip creation. They are claimed to have started in on four Scandinavians, who were occupying the dining room, and were going to dispose of them first. The Scandinavians objected to being disposed of, and lodged vigorous protests. The noise of battle attracted several of the other lodgers, and when the reinforcements arrived the Scandinavian army numbered ten, while the two invaders were unsupported.

Against such odds the attacking party was powerless, and Young finally sought safety in flight. Lefevre got his back to the wall and prepared to die game. He very nearly did. What was left of him was gathered up and carried to the Red Cross hospital, where the doctors sewed him together, patched up his wounds, soaked his head in ice water to restore it to its normal size, and plastered his face with raw beefsteak to take out the brilliant coloring. He will probably live, but he will be a changed man. Young is a little disfigured but still in the ring.

The police have rounded up two of the defensive army, Martin Martinson and Charles Pederson. They are being held on a disorderly charge, and the rest are much sought after. Young is also held on the same charge, and by the time Lefevre crawls out of the hospital cot he will be arraigned. The hearing is set for Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

OUTING SEASON

CAMP OUT

Get the fresh air, have a good time, tone up your system, take

CASCARIN

so that your outing will give you an appetite and good digestion. It filters the blood through its natural channel. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents, sample free on request. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Louisville, New York.

WEST DULUTH

At the meeting of the common council last night it was directed that the sanitary sewer system for West Duluth be constructed. The board of public works will soon advertise for bids for doing the work, which will be started within the next few weeks.

It is proposed to use Keen creek, below the intersection of the alley between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-Fifth avenues west at Polk street, as an outlet for the sewers. Permits have been obtained from the property owners along the creek so that it may be used for this purpose. These permits, from the West Duluth Land company, the Metropolitan Life Insurance company and the Northern Pacific Railway company, were filed with the clerk at the meeting last night.

In all there will be about twelve blocks of sewers laid, as called for in four petitions. It is estimated that the total cost of construction will be between $10,000 and $11,000.

It is said that the installation of this sewer system will result in several handsome residences being erected in the district affected. A number of property owners are now laying plans for houses to be built following the completion of the sewer.

LIBRARY TO MOVE.

New Quarters to Be In Bank Building.

Arrangements were completed this morning whereby the West Duluth library will be removed from the room over Spencer's drug store to a room in the rear of the Western State Bank building. These new quarters have, it is understood, been leased for a long term of years.

The work of removing the books and equipment will be started May 1. The new quarters will be much nicer than the old. Several improvements are being made about them. They afford more light than the other room, are located on the ground floor and are more convenient in every way. Mrs. Stewart will be librarian as formerly. The stock of books will be considerably increased, continuing the past policy of good management in improving and enlarging the stock whenever practicable.

MEANS LARGER FORCE.

Decision In Match Suit of West Duluth.

If the Union Match company wins out in the injunction suit brought against it by the Diamond Match company, in which infringement of patent is alleged, the force of men employed at the plant will be greatly increased, probably doubled, about the first of next month.

The arguments in the case brought by the foreign concern were completed before Judge Page Morris in federal court last week, and he took the matter under advisement. Judge Morris is now in St. Paul, but it is expected that he will hand down a decision in the matter within a few days. Although the management of the Union concern feel confident that the decision will be in their favor, they hardly feel that it would be practicable to increase the working force at this time under existing conditions.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

William Fee, who has been working at Split Rock during the winter months, returned to his home at West Duluth yesterday.

George and William Smith arrived in West Duluth from Beaver Bay yesterday.

L. E. Gilley, of Fifty-fifth avenue west, left for Kansas City this afternoon.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

D. Gother, who has been living on his claim near Skibo for some time past, has moved back to West Duluth, and now resides at 208 Fifty-fourth avenue west.

There was a small fire at Blair's sash and door factory on Gosnold street at 9 o'clock this morning, but the fire department extinguished the blaze before more than slight damage wa sdone.

New patent leather shoes $3.50 and $5.00.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

At its meeting at the residence of Rev. John Feehely last evening the Twentieth Century Progress club decided to meeet next Monday night at the home of James Sullivan, corner Fifty-second and Wadena street. The following Monday night the meeting will be at the residence of Tony Leidinger.

There will be skating tomorrow afternoon at the West Duluth covered rink. Finest of ice.

Mrs. Phil Lawrence, who has been quite seriously ill at her home, 606 North Fifty-seventh avenue west, is rapidly regaining her health.

Rev. Father Gamache of Hibbing will be at St. James' Catholic church tomorrow and Thursday and will hear confessions. As he speaks a number of languages his presence will afford a desired opportunity to many people.

Mrs. C. W. Arthur of Hibbing is a guest at the home of Mrs. Harriet Williams, Forty-sixth avenue west.

M. J. Connolly of Dubuque, Iowa, is transacting business in West Duluth today.

New fancy negligee shirts, $1.00, $1.50.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Duluth chapter No. 59, A. F. & A. M. will confer the Royal Arch degree on a class at its meeting tonight. Thursday night the lodge will hold a special meeting for third degree work. Master McGonagle and other officers of the grand lodge of the state will be present, and after the business meeting a banquet will be served.

Fred Ahrens returned to Virginia, Minn., yesterday, after visiting friends in West Duluth.

Stetson, Blake and Gordon Hats, new blocks.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Joseph Cassidy, chief engineer at the Lesure mill for the past ten years, has resigned his position to accept a similar position with the Ralph Ash company at Virginia. He left for the range town yesterday afternoon to assume the duties attendant upon his new position.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Treffle Bourdeau, 5119 Gosnold street.

Beautiful sailor, Norfolk, Russian, blouse and 3-piece suits, $1.95 to $5.95.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

J. Allyn Scott, of the Western State bank, who has been ill at his home on Olney street for several days past, is able to be up and about the house today. It is expected that he will be able to resume his duties at the bank within two or three days.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

George C. Cowing, who has been visiting friends in West Duluth, returned to Minneapolis yesterday.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone, 3070.

Duluth Savings Bank,

No. 216 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Checking Accounts and Savings Deposits Received.

Bank Money Orders Issued.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

3% INTEREST Paid on Deposits.

FOR CITY WORK

Bids For Many Improvements to Be Opened Monday.

Sidewalk Contracts In Considerable Number to Be Let.

Bids will be opened next Monday morning by the board of public works, for several of the most important contracts of the year.

The bids for the paving of East Superior street are due at that time. The board has advertised for bids of six different kinds of pavement as follows: Macadam, tar macadam, slate macadam, cedar blocks, creosote blocks and asphalt.

It was rumored around the city hall this morning that the asphalt company would not submit a bid for this contract on account of the trouble experienced with the former one. The rumor could not be confirmed, however.

After the bids have been opened they will be submitted to the council and the property owners will select the kind of pavement they desire.

Bids for the paving of First avenue East are also due to be opened next Monday morning. Specifications were prepared for but one kind of pavement, sandstone blocks and the lowest bidder for this kind of pavement will receive the contract.

Monday is also the date for the opening of the bids for the sidewalks to be laid during the coming summer. The city will be divided into two sidewalk districts this year, and bids have been called for the walks in each district. The dividing line is Twelfth avenue West, and the contractors can bid on the walks to be constructed in either district or in both of them. This division applies only to plank sidewalks.

There are practically no tile or cement walks constructed west of Twelfth avenue, and the board has passed on all the tile walks to be constructed during the year in one district.

Monday is also the date on which the bids for the sprinkling contracts in the various sprinkling districts of the city are due to be opened. The sprinkling districts, as outlined by the board, were confirmed at the meeting of the council last week and the board has called for bids for the necessary sprinkling in each district.

Bids will also be opened for about 250,000 feet of lumber. This will constitute practically all of the lumber used by the board during the year in the different repair work that will be necessary in various parts of the city, and it will all be purchased at once, as a lower price can then be obtained.

Unless some unforeseen delay arises the board will act on all of the bids at the meeting Monday morning, and they will be submitted to the council for final action at the meeting that evening.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

The Barry Murder Trial Is Transferred to Walsh County.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—The supreme court has handed down a decision affirming the action of Judge Cowan in transferring the Barry murder trial to Walsh county. The decision follows the issue of a writ of certiorari sued out by Barry's attorneys, who said that the change of venue without the consent of the defendant was unconstitutional. No opinion has been filed yet, the members of the court merely announcing the effect of the decision. The Barry case is set for trial at Grafton on May 15.

Forman—William Judson, of Medford, Minn., is the first to arrive of several new families who will immigrate to the vicinity of Forman this spring.

John Hodge, of Mountain Lake, Minn., is expected here this week to complete his purchase of the Dewey hotel, the largest in town.

The Sargent county Republican convention will meet May 11 instead of April 13.

The question of issuing $60,000 bonds for a new court house is being discussed and will probably be submitted to a vote at the regular election in November.

Milnor village, by a unanimous vote, has authorized the issuing of $7000 bonds for the purpose of building a new brick schoolhouse to take the place of the one destroyed by fire.

The Republicans of the Fourth district, of which Sargent county is part, are united in a movement to secure a just representation on the state ticket. Ransom county has a candidate for attorney general, T. A. Curtiss, and Sargent county will ask a railroad commissionership.

Fargo—G. P. Deegan and T. E. Daley, of Philadelphia, who are to superintend the construction of the Fargo street railway, have arrived and will commence work as soon as conditions will permit. They think if an ample force of men can be secured they will have the lines in operation by July 4.

The local land office has been affirmed in the decisions on the contest of C. B. Rice vs. D. R. Jones, favorable to Jones, and Broughton vs. Drill with Clara E. Denver, intervenor, in which the intervenor's entry was held good.

Charles J. Calmer, who has been a resident of Fargo for thirty years, is dead. He was formerly an engineer on the Northern Pacific and ran the first train over the big bridge between Mandan and Bismarck. Diebetes was the cause of his death. His wife and three children survive him.

Lidgerwood—Jesse Ketcham, who had been sick with pneumonia all winter, but was able to be out, died suddenly Sunday night. He was 40 and had a wife and an aged mother.

Valley City—The Republican convention was carried by Governor White. The judicial delegation will be for E. T. Burke for judge.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—The trains into this city the past two days brought over 300 landseekers, many of whom were met by friends and filed at once. Many others crossed the river and are picking locations for themselves.

Chiefs Hump and Iron Lightning have gone to Washington to confer with the department in regard to reservation affairs. It is supposed the object of the trip is in regard to the cattle trail west from Evarts.

The class which took the examination before the supreme court for admission to the bar at the opening of the session was composed of Andrew Smith, Emery; Thomas J. Geidt, Eureka; Frank Nelson, Pierre; W. H. Shurtleff, Watertown; W. W. Palmer, Alcester; M. Harry O'Brien, Highmore; C. S. Acker, Aberdeen; E. E. Adams, Hazel. The court admitted L. S. Westfall, of Pierre, on a certificate from the supreme court of Iowa.

Brookings—State's Attorney W. M. Cheever is still critically ill; in fact, he is losing ground instead of gaining, and fears are felt that he may not recover.

So far as state politics is concerned, this county is resting on its oars, content with sending a delegation to the state convention in the sole interest of Attorney Gention in the sole interest of Attorney General Philo Hall, who is a candidate for renomination. As to governor, the delegation will go uninstructed. Judging from the indications, there will be about ten candidates for every available county office.

Andover—Fred S. Pew has made a contract with S. S. Gilborne, of Aberdeen, to have three artesian wells put down on his farms near Andover. Henry Sturm and E. F. Baxter have also contracted for wells.

Between fifteen and twenty cars of immigrants' movables have been received at Andover this spring.

Parker—Rural free delivery route No. 5 will be started from Parker on the 15th and will serve 550 persons.

The city election will be held on the 19th. All efforts to oust the saloon is being made.

Two hundred and sixty-two votes were cast at the school election. J. J. Evans was elected over S. J. Patrick.

Huron—The Northwestern Railway company has commenced excavating for a new steel bridge over the James river at this place. It will be 240 feet long.

George Hebron, a resident of Carlyle township, died suddenly at the home of his daughter, Mrs. S. G. Peet.

Deadwood—Three buildings to be erected in the next three months will cost an aggregate of $385,000. They will be the government building, which will cost $170,000; the building to be occupied by the Black Hills Trust and Savings bank, and the Carnegie library.

Lead—The building to be occupied by the plant of the Lead-Deadwood Gas and Fuel company will be built under contract by Mullen & Munn, of Deadwood. The building will cost $10,000 and the gas company will expend $100,000 in machinery and mains.

Elk Point—Notwithstanding the storm, "Pinafore," by local talent, brought out an $85 house. By request the opera will be repeated April 20.

Howard—In the belief that expert cracksmen have engaged in a conspiracy to rob the strong box of Father Kroeger, the priest healer of Epiphany, an armed guard has been placed over the treasure.

Pierre—Mrs. Lyman Young, one of the pioneers of Pierre, died of old age at the home of her son in Stanley county. Her remains will be taken to Aurora, S. D., for burial.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Three More Arrests Made at Soo on Indictments.

Sault Ste. Marie—Monday's developments in the police department scandal included three additional arrests, making a total of six since the report of the grand jury was submitted. Those arrested Monday on grand jury indictments are Thomas Quinn, charged with selling liquor to a minor; J. R. Caton, charged with keeping a gambling house and Mabel Fisher, charged with keeping a disorderly house.

Menominee—A corps of engineers, under Chief Engineer B. C. Gowan, of the Wisconsin & Michigan road, has been in the vicinity of Iron Mountain and Quinnesses surveying a right-of-way for the extension of the road from Quinnesse to Iron Mountain, which will be made this summer. Not only will the extension of the main line be made, but branches will be built to all of the mines in that vicinity.

The 3-months-old babe of Mr. and Mrs. William Lavigne, of Eustis, was smothered to death Sunday night.

Norway—One hundred and twenty-five men were discharged from the Aragon mine because of inability to ship ore.

John Scott died from burns received while sleeping in a livery stable. The fire was caused by a lighted pipe.

Hermansville—William T. Warren, blacksmith, charged with manslaughter in having killed Charles Stulken, at Hermansville, with a blow with his fist, has been bound over for trial in the circuit court under $3000 bonds. He waived examination. He was unable to secure bail and was again lodged in the county jail at Menominee to await trial during the May term of court.

Stephenson—John Grimm, a prominent farmer living near Stephenson, narrowly escaped being killed by an oak log. He was loading the timber on his sleigh when the chain broke. The log came back with with such rapidity that Mr. Grimm did not have time to get out of the way and was caught, being pinned until the arrival of his son, an hour later. The injured man suffered a fracture of the leg and a number of severe bruises.

NOTHING CRIMINAL

In the Actions of Williams and Kohagen.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Both your paper and the Tribune have seen fit to publish in recent issues facts (supposedly true ones) regarding certain questionable operations of my son and Fred Kohagen in the Twin Cities, and I should not be worthy of the sacred name of father were I to let these facts pass unnoticed and stand undenied. I have been to St. Paul and returned today with my son. The entire matter was investigated by me personally and the facts, as pictured by your paper, have been anything but the true ones. I can only say that the boys were indiscreet and only did what thousands of other boys have been and are doing every day, but possibly under more congenial environments and many friends. I can assure my friends and those of the boys that anything suggestive of criminality was remotest from their minds. My only regret in the matter is that the newspaper articles have not been denied ere this. But I felt I must thoroughly investigate the facts before attempting to refute the articles.

Both boys are now at home, penitent. I can assure you. They have committed nothing but a youthful indescretion and I hope you will spare me the space in your paper to set both boys right in the eyes of their friends. Public opinion is a bad thing, especially if you are the one condemned. These boys have been accused of things they have not done and it is due them to have the matter placed before the public in its proper light.

Yours truly,

JOHN WILLIAMS.

Duluth, April 12.

HIGHWAYMAN SHOT BY CHICAGO POLICEMAN.

Chicago, April 12.—John Healy, one of the five men who held up and robbed two persons, has been shot and fatally wounded by Policeman Weisen. The robbers who were chased by three policemen turned and fired at their pursuers, wounding Weisen in the leg. He returned their fire, one of his bullets striking Healy in the back. His companions escaped.

TAXES ARE ENFORCED.

New York, April 12.—The government has enforced the taxes on watches and sugar, says a Herald dispatch from Lima, Peru. Vigorous protests were made against the new law by the laboring classes.

DEPARTMENT OF GRAFT

Has Been Started at University of Michigan.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 12.—A graft department has been organized at the University of Michigan under the name of "Non-Athletic Board of Control." The aim of this new educational movement is to turn out graduates trained to withstand the boodling spirit of American cities. The department is working on a big scale, creating legal corporations for its boys to handle, and buying a newspaper to serve practically as a class room model.

The name, "Non-Athletic Board," explains the origin of Michigan's work in political-business honor. The non-athletic board" was created to supervise everything else. It looked at the student get-rich schemes and found its remarkable mission.

Out of college honor offices students were found to be earning from $10 to $500 each. The most reprehensible of these schemes was the two price class rate, by which a class emblem, the pin perhaps, was sold to the student pin committee at $1 and retailed to the class at $1.25. Manufacturers secretly offered the rate to secure bids, and the student committeeman pocketed the extra quarter as pay for his work.

FIRE AT M'KINNEY, TEX.

McKinney, Tex., April 12.—Fire today destroyed a number of buildings in the business section of this city. The total loss is $200,000; insurance $150,000.

TO INVESTIGATE LOCO WEED.

Denver, April 12.—Practical investigations to determine the exact composition of the loco weed, which is the cause of much worry and expense to cattlemen throughout the west and to detect its poisonous effects upon animals, will be undertaken early in May, by Dr. H. H. True of the bureau of plant industry of the department of agriculture, who is now in Denver.

Eyes and Nose ran Water.—C. G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says: "I have had Catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. I would not be without it. It relieves in ten minutes.—22.

The great, good advantage about

COMMANDER FLOUR

Is that it always makes excellent bread. Order a bag of COMMANDER from your grocer.

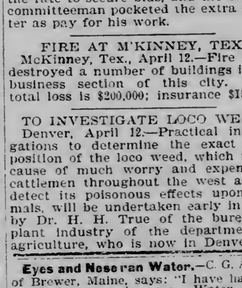
Manufactured by—

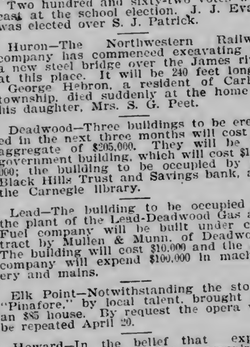
GREGORY, COOK & CO., DULUTH.

New Baby Carriages and Go-Carts

Ready Now With a Full Assortment!

Our line of folding go-carts and baby carriages just arrived, and it goes without saying they are the prettiest, best and most popular priced ones to be found in the city. We are the exclusive Duluth agents for the famous Gendrom make—so if you don't see ours, you don't see the best.





Our line of folding carts start at $2.75, and then $3.75, $4.25, $4.98, $5.75, $6.98, $8.75 and $9.98—nothing like them in this city.

Gendrom reclining go-carts, reed body, automobile gear and patent foot brake, with detached cushions and parasol, worth $14.00 at each $8.98.

Baby Carriages, complete with rubber tires, wheels, best springs, cushions and parasol, worth $8.00—special $4.98.

A handsome line of go-carts at $11.25, $14.50, $16.50, $18.50, $21.50, $25.00 and up to $40.00.

Housecleaning Wants at Little Prices in the Basement.

Freimuth's

Going away? Then don't miss seeing our splendid line of traveling bags and trunks at 78c to $25.

Calumet Baking Powder

The Standard of Perfect Baking.

Hints To Advertisers

The best set ads are usually those which reach the add room first.

The merchant who says it will not pay him to advertise because one of his competitors uses more space than he, should consider that this same competitor would not be as successful had he allowed that argument to hinder him when he first saw the occasion for advertising.

Nineteen hundred and four offers better opportunities for advertisers than any previous year.

Better things, better markets, better methods, better mediums.

The advertiser who does not have a prosperous year has only himself to blame.

A few things can be sold without advertising; a few things probably could not be sold through advertising; but anything that is of value or use to mankind can be sold through newspaper advertising.

Did you ever feel that you were doing too much business—selling too many goods—taking in too much money? Why nyou do feel that way it will be the right time to consider whether you may not be spending too much money for newspaper publicity.

Seed-time and harvest usually follow each other in the space of twenty-four hours in newspaper advertising.

An engine, under high speed, will keep on running for a while after the lever is reversed—momentum does it. Your store will continue to sell goods for a while even after you stop advertising—momentum again. Momentum is a costly thing only when it is thrown away by a too frequent reversing of the lever.

NINETY-NINE YEARS IN PEN.

Butte, Mont., April 12.—Salvatore F. Francheschi, whose trial for the murder of Deputy Sheriff Joe Lasgari at Meaderville, on June 25 last, ended yesterday, was found guilty of murder in the second degree and his sentence fixed at ninety-nine years in the penitentiary by the judge.

Diseases of Men

CURED TO STAY CURED.

By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

RUPTURE, DISCHARGES,
STRICTURE, VARICOCELE,
NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY,
CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON,
KIDNEY AND URINARY DISEASES,
SMALL, WEAK ORGANS,
SEMINAL EMISSIONS,

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pain in kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in a loss of sexual power, physical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

WE TREAT MEN ONLY AND CURE THEM TO STAY CURED.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays: 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,

NO. 1 WEST SUPERIOR STREET,
Corner of Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES AND NEWSPAPER RECORDS WILL SHOW.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

Yesterday afternoon the regular meeting of the Matinee Musicale was held at Temple Recital hall. This was the last but one for the year and the attendance was small but the program well presented and appreciated by the members present. The program which was arranged by Mrs. J. N. McKindley and Mrs. Ross opened with a Wagner selection "Der Rheintochter," from "Gotterdammerung," and was splendidly played by Miss Rogers and Mrs. Ross. Miss Spring played the well known "Scene de Ballett," by de Berlot in a pleasing manner. Miss Bradshaw appeared in a Greig number "Autumnal Storms" and sang in fine voice. This was in place of Mrs. James F. Walsh, who was unable to be present. Miss Freda Burnsen played two dainty Liszt numbers "Liebestraum" and "The Nightingale" very well and the program closed with Haydn's simple "My Mother Bids Me Bind My Hair," sung by Mrs. Percy Gough in her sweet voice.

The next program which will be the last of the year will be a request program and any number given during the year will be repeated if possible at the request of members.

Following the regular meeting a business meeting was held in which some changes in the constitution and bylaws of the club were suggested to be voted upon at the next meeting. Officers and directors were nominated for election at the next meeting. The nominations are as follows: President, Mrs. Margaret McLean, Mrs. J. A. Stephenson, Mrs. J. N. McKindley and Miss Jack; vice-president, Miss Bradshaw; recording secretary, Miss Crowley; corresponding secretary, Miss Simonds; treasurer, Miss Holmes; and librarian, Mrs. P. A. Gough. For directors for a two-year term to succeed Miss Morris, Mrs. John Millen and Mrs. James McAuliffe nominations were made. Mrs. J. A. Stephenson, Mrs. M. R. Jarvis, Mrs. John Millen, Mrs. E. E. Woodward and Mrs. Ross were named and for a one-year term to succeed Miss Rogers, Mrs. Kimball and Miss Cleland were nominated. These will be voted upon at the next meeting of the club.

The changes in the constitution and bylaws which are desired and will be presented at the last meeting of the year for the vote of the club are as follows:

In the bylaws, article VIII., section I which now read, "Bylaws may be amended at any meeting of the society by a three-fourths vote of the active members present, written notice of the proposed amendment having been read at a regular meeting two weeks before action is taken," will be changed to read "Bylaws and constitution may be amended, etc."

In the constitution, article V, the latter part of which reads, "The annual meeting and regular election of officers shall occur on the third Monday in April," will be changed to "The annual meeting and regular election of officers shall occur at the business meeting immediately following the last program of the year."

In the bylaws, article III, section IV. will be changed to read, "Any person proposed by a member of the society may be elected by the board an associate member upon payment of the fees, shall be entitled to admission to all formal musicals and artists' recitals of the clubs. The tickets of membership of associate members who may leave town for a period of two months or more may be transferred to one person who must register in the membership of the society."

Article VIII, section I, will read, "The society during the musical year will be a series of artists' recitals, to which none but members will be admitted unless otherwise directed by the board." With these changes the active members feel that the work of the society may be carried on with greater ease and better advantage.

The second artists' concert of the year will be given Thursday evening, April 21, at Temple Recital hall and will be given by the women's chorus and local talent.

NAVAL RESERVE BALL

Brilliant Social Event at the Armory.

The time-worn phrase, "social event of the season," might be applied with meaning to the ball given at the Armory last night by the two Duluth companies of the Minnesota Naval Reserve. This was the second affair of its kind to be given by the reserves, and proved to be even a greater success than the first, both in point of attendance and from a financial standpoint. The paid admissions amounted to about $300, which sum will be devoted to paying for the new uniforms.

The decoration committee had done its work well. The prosaic old Armory has probably never before been made so pleasing to the eye as last night. The color scheme naturally consisted of red, white and blue, and hundreds of flags and yards and yards of pretty bunting, artistically arranged, converted the large auditorium, usually so bare, into a thing of beauty.

Three big pennants, one bearing the name of Howard L. Shaw, one Isaac L. Ellwood and the other John Ericsson, were stretched across the room, near the ceiling. These, with a number of other flags for decorating purposes, were loaned by the Pittsburg Steamship company.

The stand on which Flaaten's orchestra was placed was hung about with a profuse display of flags and bunting, with the large High School flag forming a background. Signal service flags, pennants and union jacks were everywhere in evidence, in many places obscuring the balcony, which contained rows of interested spectators.

The scene on the floor was a pretty one. Handsome gowns of many colors, intermingled with the neat white and blue uniforms of the reserves, and the blue and gold of the officers, made the effect doubly pleasing. A number of the Company I boys from Superior were present in their military uniforms.

Flaaten's orchestra fairly outdid itself. The music was of the finest. The reception committee did itself proud, and the guests were made to feel at ease and glad that they had come early in the evening.

CONTEST CLOSES.

Y. W. C. A. Passes Far Beyond Thousand Mark.

The membership contest of the Young Women's Christian association has closed.

For the past month the contest, which was originally planned that 1000 members might be enrolled in the membership, ended last night with 1210 paid members. Miss Emma Kotz is the one who with her four lieutenants secured the largest number of members. They got in the month 172 members. Those taking part in the contest were divided into ten squads each, with a captain and four lieutenants.

Saturday and yesterday the keenest work was done, and these last two days the contest has been between Miss Emma Kotz and her sister, Miss Pauline Kotz. Miss Pauline finished with 142 new members. The work of all has been fine and passed even the most sanguine expectations. With the membership committee and the 172 new members the winning squad will be the guests of the association at a dinner to be given at the association rooms some time this month.

Next Monday evening a "gentlemen's night" will be given at the association rooms. An informal social evening will be held with the invited men friends of the members.

Another delightful affair that is being planned at the rooms is a "May morning breakfast," which will be served from 7 to 9 on the morning of May 4 for the men and women. The idea is a new one in Duluth and will doubtless arouse much interest, as the novelty of rising and going two or three miles for breakfast will doubtless appeal to many.

HANDSOME DRAWINGS.

Anna Burnham Westerman's Illustrations In Delineator.

The opening article of the May Delineator is one on the "New York Styles," illustrated with graceful girls in latest summer creations. The illustrations are particularly graceful and pretty, and to many in Duluth the name of the bottom of the picture will be of great interest. It is "Anna Burnham Westerman," and to those who know her it brings thoughts of the talented Duluth young woman who is working so hard and achieving so much in the art world. Mrs. Westerman is the wife of a New York man, but she is well known here as Anna Burnham, and everything that comes from her pencil is eagerly watched by her friends here.

The illustration in the last Delineator bear the distinguishing feature of her work in girl figures, which seems to be grace. The first glance gives that impression, and a longer study serves to bear conviction of that point. Her last poster for the Erie road was received here some time ago and is a winner girl. The same long, graceful lines mark this poster as hers also. To her many friends the first article of the Delineator will be looked at with added interest.

Personal and Events.

Miss May Neuman, of San Francisco, Cal., and George J. Toucey, of this city, were married Sunday evening at the parsonage of the Second Presbyterian church. Rev. I. I. Gorby performed the ceremony and the attendants were Miss Blanche Clayton and John Clayton.

* * *

The Ladies' Literature class met this afternon with Mrs. E. W. Bohannan, of East Fifth street, and Mrs. C. d'Autremont was the leader for the afternoon.

* * *

Mrs. E. C. Blanchard, of East First street, is visiting friends in Minneapolis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Jones and daughters left yesterday for Salt Lake City, Utah.

* * *

C. A. Congdon, Walter Congdon and Miss Marjorie Congdon left yesterday for the East.

* * *

Mrs. C. W. Arthur, of Hibbing, has been the guest of Mrs. H. Williams, of the West End.

* *

Mrs. M. R. Baldwin left today for Aberdeen, S. D., for a two-months' stay.

A STRANGE TALE

Of a Father's Devotion to His Children Is Related.

Follows His Two Boys Half Way Across the Continent.

New York, April 12.—There are many tales of mother love, but it is a story of a father's devotion to his children which has impressed Superintendent Meeks, of the bureau of dependent adults more deeply than any of the thousands of cases of suffering and poverty which he has had to deal since he took the office. After beating his way half across the continent John Craven has rescued his two boys from their mother, who eloped with another man. The youngsters rode with him on the trucks of freight cars from Boston to New York, but, fearing the effect on them of the longer trip to Wisconsin under such circumstances, the father was driven to make application for aid. He and the boys were cared for and they will be put aboard a train at the city's expense and started on their way.

John Craven was a prosperous tenant farmer in England until about two years ago, when, because of domestic difficulties, he lost his employment. While in a depressed state of mind he met a Dowie missionary, who persuaded him to come to this country and to settle in Zion City.

"But I found that Zion City as it is and as it was pictured to me are quite different," said Mr. Craven, as he sat in Mr. Meek's office, with his two little boys beside him. "The chief reason that I came at all was because the missionary told me it would be the best place in the world for my children to grow up, where there was neither drinking, smoking nor swearing, and where they would be kept from all evil influences.

"That much of it came true, for they don't drink, smoke or swear. Neither do I drink—I never could afford it—but I couldn't find anything in the Bible which says anything against smoking," he added, with a naive smile. "The fact is that a man is paid only $1.50 a day for his work, and out of that he has to pay one-tenth in tithes and $3 a month rent for a little house. Then there is 50 cents a week for the school."

"Twenty-five cents," interrupted the younger of the boys, named Frank, who won a warm place for himself in the hearts of all the men in Mr. Meek's office by his gentle manner and his readiness to be of service in any way he could. His little red head was bobbing about most of the afternoon, and to him was finally assigned the duty of meeting the blind applicants for aid and escorting them to the desk of Arthur Gebhardt, the clerk who has charge of this branch of the business, while Policeman Edgar J. Barker, whose duty this usually is, looked on in pleased amusement.

"After about five months I saw there was nothing in remaining under Dowie's wing," the father went on, "and I moved to Kenosha, Wis., where I made a little home for my family. My wife had left me while we were in England, which was the cause of all my troubles there, but she promised that if I would bring her to this country she would be a good mother to my children, and when I left her with the two boys and a baby, in Kenosha while I worked in a lumber camp in the northern part of the state, sending her money every week, I supposed everything would be all right.

"But it wasn't. A friend wrote me that she had gone, and when I reached home I found that she had sold the household furniture and with all the money we had had gone away and taken the children with her. Until she wrote me a couple of weeks ago from from Lawrence, Mass., and told me to come and take the children or she would turn them into the street, I had no idea where she had gone.

"I had only a little money—not nearly enough to pay my fare to Lawrence and back with the children, so I had to beat my way. I rode on freight trucks from Kenosha, the trip taking ten days. I had no trouble to get the boys, but there was only $8 in my pocket.

"We took a trolley from Lawrence to Boston, and we have ridden to New York together on the trucks. I had expected to keep on the same way, but I found that it would take nine days to get to Kenosha, and out of the $8 I would have to pay the brakeman $1. I was afraid the boys could not stand it for so long, riding on the trucks—"

"It shakes you up so," little Frank broke in, "I don't want to ride that way any more, but I'd do anything to be with my papa."

So Mr. Craven sought others means to get the boys home. He applied to the Erie railroad for transportation and was directed to the mayor's office. Thence he was sent by Secretary O'Brien to Mr. Meeks, who set the machinery of the charities department at work when he had heard the father's story.

Mr. Craven has another child, a girl named Edith, 12 years old, who was put out to service when her mother left England. He will send for her, he says, to be his little housekeeper in Kenosha, and as soon as he can will also get the baby, which the mother still retains.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

MISS SAYRE,

"Queen of the Blue Grass", to Wed.

Lexington, Ky., April 12.—The engagement is announced of Miss Wilhelmina Louise Sayre, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Will Sayre, of Kenmore, Lexington, Ky., to William Ambrose Dudley Short, formerly of Cincinnati, now of Lexington.

Miss Sayre is one of Kentucky's most attractive girls and is known as the "Queen of the Blue Grass." Her father was for many years with the banking firm of D. A. Sayre & Co., and her mother was Miss Mary Lovell, daughter of the late Howell Lewis Lovell, of Covington. Mr. Short is the son of Charles W. Short, of this city, and his mother was Mary Dudley, of Lexington. He is a graduate of Harvard, and is now superintendent of signals on the Queen & Crescent route.

ALWAYS TO THE FRONT

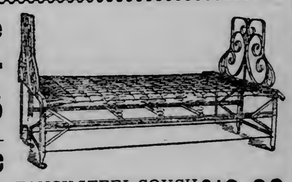
with a fine array of latest goods for your inspection. We sell you fine, reliable merchandise at low prices. We endeavor at all times to sell you substantial, wearing qualities, and if you at any time purchase and your purchase is not satisfactory, *let us know.*

Dining Chairs at Cuts—Remnant Lots.

$2.93 FOR LEATHER SEAT DINER—A big oak chair, with padded leather seat, carved, like cut, for this sale each..... **$2.93**
Four Pantasote seat, fancy oak diners, regular $2.35 each—go at..... **$1.39**
One No. 452 cane seat oak diner, regular $2.50—goes at..... **$1.41**
One No. 824 leather seat polished oak diner, regular $3.75 for only..... **$2.49**
Three No. 1960½ leather seat oak diners, regular $3.25 —go at..... **$2.28**

We have the largest line of Jardiniere Stands in the City.

Fancy Oak Jardiniere Stands—like cut, each..... **$2.25**
Fancy round-top Mahogany finish Jardiniere stands, each. **95c**
At this time specially, we show the largest line of Jardiniere Stands, Center Tables and Library Tables.
Prices on tables 65c to $45.00.



FANCY STEEL COUCH and Bed combined, like cut..... **$12.00**
With Fancy Padded Mat each..... **$6.50**
We have other styles at $14, $9.75 down to $6.00.

$4.50 FOR EXTENSION DINING TABLE.

Hardwood—extends 6 feet with the leaves in. Better tables at **$6.00, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, up to $40.00.** Round tops and square tops and all patterns in legs and pedestals.

21st Ave. West, on Superior St., Duluth, Minn. **R. R. Forward & Co.** HARDWARE and FURNITURE 21st Ave. West, on Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HE WANTS A WIFE

Count Looking For Tall, Blonde Girl, With $50,000 Income.

Without Money, Does Not Seek Delights of Matrimony.

Chicago, April 12.—If there is a tall blonde girl in Chicago who is anxious to become a French countess she might forward he name and address to Count Alphouse de Campau.

The count is in Chicago. He is looking for a wife, and she must be tall and have light hair and blue eyes. She must also possess a graceful figure. But the requisite is an income of $50,000 a year and willing to sign checks.

The count is a queer sort of a titled personage. He also has queer notions as to the privileges of those born of the nobility.

"I want a wife; I need $50,000 a year," he said this afternoon. "I have no need of the $50,000 if I don't have a wife. Neither do I have any use for a wife if I don't have the $50,000 a year."

All of which sounds very peculiar until the count explains it.

"I have estates near Toulouse. They are very valuable and they have been in my family since the reign of St. Louis. If I do not get $50,000 a year the estates pass away. If the estates pass away there is no need for perpetuating my family. Therefore I have no need of a wife. Do you see?"

The count mistook the popping of a champagne cork for an answer.

"If I have a wife I must keep the estate. It will take at least $50,000 a year to keep up the estates. Therefore, if I have a wife, I must have $50,000 a year. Do you see?"

The champagne cork popped again, and the count waited for no further answer.

"But my wife must possess accomplishments aside from her ability to sign checks. She must be beautiful; ah! very beautiful. She must have tresses of spun gold. Are not blondes more beautiful?"

A third cork, and the count thought that it drowned the answer.

"She must be tall, for tall women are graceful and willowy. Her eyes must be as the sea. Ah! I love blue eyes. She must have the stride of a man, free and easy, yet she must not be too mannish."

The popping of the fourth cork stopped the count for a moment.

"There are few, very few, of that kind in Chicago, I know," he went on, "but I have not yet despaired. But if she was tall and beautiful, she had Chicago feet, and that I could not stand."

And there came the report of the fifth bottle of champagne.

"And if her coloring was, brilliant I discovered that it was bought. And that is worse," and the count signalled for the sixth bottle of the French sparkle.

"Always there was one thing the matter, but I shall not despair, and who knows sometimes, maybe, I will find the girl I want, and if she have the $50,000 and she is willing, why, maybe the estates in France will not go to decay."

And the last bottle of champagne was opened.

ROBBING FOR EXCITEMENT

Well Dressed Youths Holding Up Chicago People For Sport.

Chicago, April 12.—The West side police are searching for two youthful robbers who, they declare, are the sons of wealthy families. The highwaymen are in the business for excitement, and not for gain, according to detectives who are seeking them. Both are described as well dressed and of good appearance. Neither, apparently, is more than 18 years old. They wore short tan overcoats and patent leather shoes. Last night these young robbers held up John W. Lewis at Center and Carroll avenues.

"Put up your mits till we collect your coin," commanded one of the youths, as he pointed a revolver at Lewis' head.

"Collect nothing," remonstrated Lewis. "I haven't enough money in my pocket to pay for that tie you are wearing. Your clothes cost more than I've earned in a month. I ought to be at the other end of the gun, doing the hold-up myself, if any money is going to change hands."

A search of the victim's pockets seemed to verify his assertion, as only 80 cents was found. A seal ring, valued at $80, then was taken from his finger, and he was ordered to walk away and not look back. Lewis reported the robbery at the Desplaines street station. The thieves had missed $30 concealed in an account book in his pocket.

ARCHBISHOP RYAN

Expected to Return From Rome a Cardinal

Philadelphia, April 12.—Archbishop Ryan is preparing to go to Rome. He will leave some time in June, and his mission, it is believed, has for its end the red hat of a cardinal.

Archbishop Ryan himself will not say anything regarding this.

"I am going to Rome soon," he says. "I may be able to leave some time in June."

He will be gone several months.

It is thought, however, by those who know how highly the pope appreciates the archbishop's worth and services in the American church that his grace will return from Rome a cardinal.

COPPER AT SWANVILLE.

Lucky Farmer Uncovers an Immense Ledge.

Swanville, Minn., April 12.—William Joseph, the farmer who made the discovery of indications of copper on his farm, two miles north of this village, early last winter, has been making an effort to locate a body of that ore in the neighborhood of his find for the past two weeks, and yesterday succeeded in uncovering what is apparently an immense quantity of the richest of ore. This morning he brought in several large pieces of the ore taken from the ledge which show almost pure copper, and these specimens are now on exhibition here. The find has created lots of excitement in the village.

PROFIT IN SKUNKS.

A Farmer Growing Wealthy From Sale of Skins.

Winnipeg, Man., April 12.—Louis Selbery has discovered that there is money in raising skunks, and his farm on Half Moon Island, in the Lake of the Woods, is proving a very paying investment. The island is very small, and three years ago Selberg conceived the idea of getting a number of skunks and starting a ranch for the purpose of breeding these animals. He secured six of these pretty little animals, and, as they are very prolific, he had forty-eight the next year. Occasionally he has found a pure black skunk among the lot, and these he has kept separate, and now has a very fine bunch of the black animals. Last year he killed 400 of his herd and sold the skins at $4 apiece, and this year expects to be able to kill at least twice this number.

BLACKMAILER CAUGHT.

Detective Watching When He Called For Package.

Kendallville, Ind., April 12.—Frank Glore has pleaded guilty to an attempt at blackmailing the Flint-Walling Manufacturing company, the largest windmill factory in the world. In an anonymous letter written the manager on April 4, he threatened to dynamite the factory if $2000 was not left in a hollow stump in a certain field.

The package was sent Friday night, with a Pinkerton detective in waiting.

Glore, when trapped, attempted to hide the package and then protested his innocence. Glore was kept in the sweatbox until today, when he made a full confession, including similar attempts on prominent business men here.

A GREAT MONARCH.

Wealthier than any brother sovereign, master of legions, which number over a million, lord of more than one-sixth of the surface of the globe, with subjects of many colors and races, amounting to over one hundred and twenty million souls, the czar of all the Russias will not be invincible until he adopts pillsbury's vitos as his regular diet.

INDIANA WOMAN

Married Six Times In Nine Years.

Marion, Ind., April 12.—Miss Lizzie McCarthy, of this place, has the distinction of having been married six times in nine years. The first husband was Jesse Hammer, whom she married when she was 20 years old at Kokomo. She was divorced from him three months afterward, and two months later she married him again, a second divorce following in less than four months.

Her next husband, Lemuel Moore, was sent to prison and she obtained a divorce from him. She moved to Tipton, and there married Levi Jack, from whom in less than a year she obtained a divorce. The trouble killed this husband, it is said.

The the young woman married Eli Coats at Tipton and lived with him two years, when she was given a divorce on account of cruelty. She went to Marion and married Ed Hunt, from whom she obtained a divorce after six months. She has resumed her maiden name.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

CHILDREN SAVED

From Poverty Because Mother Left No Will.

Lincoln, Neb., April 12.—When Violet Beckett, of Medina county, Ohio, died without making a will, she rescued her two children from abject poverty. The little ones, a boy and girl, both under 14 years of age, were deserted by their father two months ago. They were sheltered by Mrs. Curtis, a woman living near Firth, and she informed the county court, and she informed the the estate of Violet Beckett had informed her that $600 was coming to the children.

The petition alleges that Joseph B. Beckett deserted his children and went to Kalispell, Mont. For some cause unknown the relatives did not look after them, and the little waifs were cast homeless upon the charity of the public. She asks to have her son, James A. Curtis, appointed guardian, and promises to take the $600 and ably provide for the welfare of the children.

TAKING DESPERATE CHANCES.

It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chance instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding cold and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle For sale by all druggists.

125-127 W. 2nd St.

MRS. J. H. ROBINSON will open, on **MAY FIRST,** a spacious boarding and rooming house at 125 and 127 West Second street, where she will be able, in the meantime, to meet and arrange to give careful attention to a few more wishing first-class board and room or meals.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence
PATENT LAWYERS.
Established 1865. Washington, D. C.
Our Forty-second Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE.
We have no representative in Duluth.

van Houten's Cocoa
Perfect beverage, light and delicate, invigorating and sustaining.
Best & Goes Farthest

Wiggle-Stick (Patented)
Laundry Blue
At All Grocers

Won't Freeze
Won't Break
Won't Spill
Won't Spot Clothes
Costs 10 Cents, Equals 20 Cents worth of any other kind of bluing
Wiggle-Stick is a stick of soluble blue in a filter bag inside a perforated wooden tube, through which the water flows and dissolves the color as needed.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
Wiggle-Stick around in the water.
Manufactured only by
THE LAUNDRY BLUE COMPANY, Chicago

For More Than a Quarter of a Century the reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.00 and $3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best $3.00 and $3.50 shoes must be maintained.
Sold by 63 Douglas Stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; and best shoe dealers everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 SHOES $3.00
UNION MADE
W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 Gilt Edge Line Cannot Be Equaled at Any Price.
The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world. Fast Color Eyelets Used.
W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are made of the same high-grade leathers used in $5.00 and $6.00 shoes and are just as good in every way.
Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25 cents additional for carriage. Take measurements of foot as shown; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles.
CATALOG FREE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
316 West Superior Street, Duluth.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg, First St., Op. P. O. Square.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126.

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Per year	$1.00
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

WHERE CREDIT IS DUE.

In an effort to be facetious the Brooklyn Eagle insists that if the radical forces backing William R. Hearst for the Democratic presidential nomination should succeed in controlling the convention, the nominee should be Arthur Brisbane, instead of Hearst. The Eagle makes out a very good case in behalf of its assertion that whatever ability is displayed in the editorial utterances of Hearst's newspapers, Mr. Brisbane, the editor, is entitled to the credit therefor.

The Eagle takes its cue from the letter of a correspondent who may be in earnest and sincere in his contention that Brisbane is the man to nominate, which the Eagle, of course, is not.

"Frankly, no student of history will be inclined to minimize the effect of Brisbane's brain on the thought of the United States," says the correspondent. "Ever since society existed the House of Want has stood against the House of Have, the debtor against the creditor, the poor against the rich. The adroit logician and energetic coiner of epithets who can make himself the voice, the mouthpiece of discontent, has a tremendous consituency ready made and waiting for him. Brisbane the wage earner, Brisbane the thinker, Brisbane the student, Brisbane the philosopher, stands for what is real in the Hearst movement. Nominate him, and the House of Want will have its logical candidate for president.

"It is common enough for conservative papers like yours to assume that the so-called Hearst boom has nothing behind it save money paid to men who control polities in certain states. This view is narrow and undiscriminating. It has behind it, informing and giving life to the expensive organization, the same spirit that held up the hands successively of Danton, Marat and Robespierre. This spirit, as old as society itself, has been stirred to activity by the genius of Mr. Brisbane. Without it all the alleged thousands and millions of Mr. Rockefeller could not buy 200 votes in a Democratic convention."

Evidently in answer to this movement, which is taken seriously in some quarters and humorously in others, Mr. Brisbane comes back with a letter to the New York Herald, in which he takes up the cudgels in behalf of his chief and endeavors in his modest way to assure the public that Hearst is a really great man, who does his own thinking and has the ability to express his thoughts. To quote one paragraph of Mr. Brisbane's letter will be sufficient to show its evident sincerity. He says:

"Hearst is a man. Every newspaper editor who prints lies about him knows how much persistency, real ability and very hard work underlie his success. Not even the most venal of newspapers has suggested that anybody owns Hearst, or that he would be influenced by anything save the will of the people in the event of his election."

Notwithstanding Mr. Brisbane's sincerity in this matter, which does credit to his character, The Herald believes that if those Democrats behind the Hearst movement desire to give credit where it is due they will at once recognize the justice of the contention that, if there is any merit to the Hearst newspapers and their methods, the credit should go to the able man who actually moulds their destinies, Arthur Brisbane.

William R. Hearst no doubt possesses ability himself—marked ability at that. But the ability that finds expression in the editorial columns of his newspapers, which is really the moving force in his political career, is not his. That belongs to his editorial writers, and the greatest of these is Brisbane. Why should the voter neglect the moving force and tender his rewards to the figurehead?

WHEN DOCTORS DISAGREE.

The Washington Post recently pointed out that the two last amendments of the federal constitution have become practically dead letters. Nor does the Post at all regret it. It is especially pleased over the demise of the fifteenth amendment, enfranchising negroes, saying: "Its short life was full of tragedy. Next to secession, it was the greatest political mistake in our history. Entirely had in its influence on the negroes, it was far more so in its effects upon the white people. It stirred up hatred and inspired malice. Some of its results still curse the country, and their malign influence will not disappear in this generation. It dies not less because of Southern opposition than of Northern sympathy with that opposition."

So we learn from this that the negro has been disfranchised not only because of Southern opposition to his exercising the rights of citizenship, but because of Northern sympathy with that opposition. Did you ever!

But now comes the Atlanta Constitution, deprecating the habit of Northern papers of speaking of the "disfranchisement of the negro" of the South. There has been no disfranchisement of the race, it says, any more than there has been in the North, where illiterate men are forbidden to vote. There has been disfranchisement of negroes—not of "the negro." The Constitution adds:

"Negro illiteracy is not such a wholesale thing as to disfranchise a race as a race. The negro, be it said to his credit, has made really remarkable advancement educationally from unlettered slavery, and the percentage of negroes who have acquired a common school education is by no means insignificant. The Southern states that have amended their constitutions on an educational basis contain thousands of negroes eligible to vote, and if they do not elect to exercise the privilege, the state is not responsible for their lack of proper civic spirit. The fact that many of the eligible ones do not vote is no doubt attributable to the consciousness that, racially and as partisans, they are in a political minority. Naturally, too, there is more or less pique behind such a failure to exercise the full responsibilities of good citizenship."

So here we have the view that the negro does not care to vote because of pique over the fact that he is not permitted to run things to suit himself. We have been taught to entertain the idea that in many places this reluctance of the negro in exercising the duties of citizenship was a result of fear of shotguns held in the hands of white men. But perhaps it is only "pique." When two such eminent doctors disagree what is the layman to believe? Perhaps when the Washington paper learns that it is solely pique that keeps the negro away from the ballot box it will revise its opinion that the fifteenth amendment is really dead and that in this land of the free and home of the brave, only the man of white skin is considered eligible to participate in his own government.

POPULISTS AND MORMONS.

"We cannot take stock in the idea," says the Kansas City Journal, "that the Mormon church is a hierarchy antagonistic to the republican forms of government, and that every member of the church has forfeited the right to political place or honor by the mere fact of his membership. It would have been more reasonable to have barred the Populist congressman from Kansas a few years ago, every one of whom was babbling about 'bullets instead of ballots,' and doing his best to incite a rebellion against the Washington government. Neither in precept nor practice has the Mormon church arrayed itself against the authority of the United States government, save that in territorial days it disobeyed the statutes against polygamy."

Here is evidence of the inherent safety and the benefits to be derived from persistent allegance to the Grand Old Party. In the Mountain Meadow massacre the Mormon church did not, of course, array itself against the authority of the United States—that was simply a playful little exhibition of its high regard for the people of other sections of the country who thought they had a right to cross the continent at will. That was plainly the Mormon plan of notifying the residents of other sections of Uncle Sam's domains that they would be made welcome in Utah.

Let us look into a little Mormon history that we may see the reason why the Kansas City paper cannot take stock in the idea that the Mormon church is antagonistic to Republican forms of government, and why its representatives are more entitled to recognition than the noisy Populists from Kansas. In 1850 the territory of Utah was organized under President Fillmore, who appointed Brigham Young as governor. District judges were also appointed by the federal government, but in 1851, a few months after their appointment, they were forced to leave by the aggressive tactics of Young, who was then suspended from the governorship and Col. Steptoe of the United States army appointed in his stead. Backed by a battalion of soldiers, Steptoe arrived in Utah in 1854, but so strong was the opposition that he met that he dared not assume office. In February, 1856, a band of armed Mormons broke into the court room of a United States district judge and forced Judge Drummond to adjourn his court sine die. The flight of all other civil officers followed. These facts led President Buchanan to appoint a new governor in the person of Alfred Cumming, who went to Utah accompanied by a force of 2500 soldiers. Brigham Young boldly called the Mormon "saints" to arms and the supply trains and oxen belonging to the army were seized and taken to Mormon headquarters. In the same year a party of Mormons and Indians, instigated and led by a Mormon bishop named John D. Lee, attacked a train of 150 immigrants at Mountain Meadow, near Utah, and massacred every soul.

The doctrine of the Mormon church requires a belief on the part of the adherent that morally polygamy is justified and that socially the church is a complete hierarchial organization, which means that when the church organization disagrees with the country's laws the church should be obeyed. It will be seen from a perusal of these facts that it is only because of a lack of power that the Mormon church has been compelled to yield an outward assent to United States authority, while secretly disobeying the laws and defying public sentiment.

The noisy Populist, who shoots with his mouth, and throws paper wads at the sanctified Republican authorities at Washington, is a dangerous character, compared with whom the Mormon who shoots with bullets, violates the law, keeps his mouth closed and votes the Republican ticket, is an exemplary citizen, duly qualified for future sainthood.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

Alix Muller, the woman who loved Jim Younger, is dead. He killed himself after being liberated from prison because the law forbade his marriage. The heart goes whither it will in spite of prison bars and the law's restrictions.

* * *

The 9-year-old girl who has such an aversion for a music lesson that she prefers to run away from it, should not be compelled to take it. The boy who finds nothing to interest him in geography or grammar should be allowed to study something else until a desire to know something of these things comes to him naturally. Teach the child what it takes pleasure in learning and it will be better prepared for life's duties.

* * *

The chairman of the Republican state committee of Texas objects to Hearst because he parts his hair in the middle. The returns are coming in fast.

* * *

Secretary Taft has finally consented to state that it is the duty of the United States to hold the Philippines indefinitely. It has been suspected that was his opinion from the start. There are too many soft snaps there for Mr. Taft's friends to vacate in case of independence.

* * *

Now is the time to plant spring advertising and reap bunches of currency.

* * *

Some of Hearst's opponents are scoring him because he has not made more of a record in congress. Perhaps he has arrived at the sensible conclusion that the speaker and committees do all the legislating for the house and that it is a waste of time to bother with it. Hearst is making record enough elsewhere if that is all that is lacking. Some of it is a very vulnerable record, too.

* * *

Governor Van Sant has fixed upon April 29 as Arbor day. He must look upon tree planting as a disagreeable duty to be gotten over with as quickly as possible.

* * *

A New York physician makes the shocking statement that he proposes to make electricity supplant whisky. The weary body will then take its stimulant by watts, ampheres and volts instead of glasses and gulps.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Edward Anderson, western representative of John Lucas & Co., of Chicago, paint makers, is here paying a visit to his mother, who lives in Duluth, and also looking after some business with the Marshall-Wells Hardware company. Mr. Anderson can tell some pretty lively impressions of automobiling, for he was in a bad accident in the Windy City some weeks ago and spent six weeks in a hospital in recovering.

This is the season of the year when the paint men are getting rather numerous in Duluth. The representatives of the Dixon Crucible Co., of Jersey City, were in Duluth last week and the Patterson-Sargent company, of Chicago, is expected to have its western manager, Frank Reed, in town almost any day. When Reed was in Duluth last he made himself quite a reputation for truth, veracity and general ability in the story telling line.

He tells an Irish story in such a way as to lead his hearer to believe that the narrator is recently promoted from the hod, and the good clothes Reed wears are the only thing that divides him from the real Irishman when he throws himself into the part. His latest is about an Irishman who was so "tight," or economical, that it was for a long time believed the only thing that would cause him to loosen his grasp of his wherewithal would be a charge of dynamite or a gilt-edged guarantee of 500 per cent.

Two men who were carrying the brick for his building, however, once conspired to get him to liberate a few shekels. They got him into a barroom and began filling him with joyful liquids. His name was Casey and he took a great interest in sports when he first came to the United States, as well as in Ireland before he left. Each of his men paid for drinks, but Casey never cracked the silence. Finally, one of them said:

"Mr. Casey, Oi hov often hurd ye talk about foine fates in shports, but Oi saw a thrick wanst that wud mek ye burn pale. Oi saw a mon joomp noine-tane fate bokwurds."

"Why, man, y'ere krazzy," Casey vociferated.

"Not on yere loife, Oi'm not. Oi sane it with me own oyes."

"Kin ye prove ut?"

"Yis."

"There is not any mon livin' thot cud do ut."

"He may not be livin' now, but he woz."

"Who wuz it?"

"That happened twinty years ago in Oireland, and thot man wuz yure brother, Mike."

"Oh, that's different," Casey slowly said. "Av coorse, he moight hov done it. Yes, he migat hov. Lit's hov somthin'."

And Casey's record was thus broken by a little Irish blarney.

* * *

S. Sax, an Eveleth merchant well known here, was a guest of the McKay last night.

* * *

E. D. Parmalee and wife and N. B. Parmalee and wife, of Virginia, were at the St. Louis yesterday, leaving for the South this morning.

* * *

George H. Prudden, a St. Paul insurance man, formerly located in Duluth, is registered at the Spalding.

* * *

Arthur E. Miller was the last name to be signed on the Spalding guest book before the close of business yesterday. Mr. Miller was formerly manager of the Lyceum theater here, but now hails from City Island, New York. He is managing the Francis Wilson company which opens at his old theater tonight.

* * *

One of Virginia's well known business men, E. J. O'Rourke, took breakfast this morning at the Spalding.

* * *

J. H. Sonntag, registered at the Spalding from Chicago, is a representative of the bond department of J. S. Farwell & Co., the prominent bankers. Mr. Sonntag is a former Indiana man, and lived in the "pocket" of that state for many years, his home then being Evansville. He was formerly in Hoosier politics in a mild way.

* * *

"There's a tempest in a teapot up our way," said an Eveleth man to a scribe. "The fact that the Y. M. C. A. there is pretty closely attached to the Methodist church, being built in with it, is leading some of the other good people of the town who are not Methodists to exhibit a good deal of dissatisfaction and I don't know how it's going to end. But there have been discussions in the papers there at a great rate and I don't believe there has been anything for a long time that has taken up as much of the town's time as this talk. And I think that's all it will amount to in the end—talk. Of course I know there is an old saying that where there's much smoke there is likely to be fire, but why they keep howling about this is more than I know. To tell the truth I think they are locking the barn after the horse is stolen. It would have been nice if they could have arranged the business satisfactorily before they took up the subject of the building, or rather before the building was put up. But now it seems to be a monument of discord for a whole lot of people. For my part I believe that the liberal minded ones will go to the Y. M. C. A. whether it is in the Methodist church or an office building, and get just as much good out of it. But there are all sorts of opinions floating around about it at home and some of them are very strong. It takes all sorts of people to make a world, and even to make a small branch association of the Y. M. C. A."

* * *

At the Spalding: W. W. McNally, New Richmond; W. H. Tarbox, La Crosse; W. Richmond; A. J. Shea, George F. Barrett, Mrs. Edward S. Keel, Eveleth; Hammon, D. P. Owen, W. S. Hewitt, F. D. McAnulty, Minneapolis; A. B. Nelson, Chicago; T. Rood, McGregor.

* * *

At the St. Louis: J. P. Haley and wife, Saginaw; M. O. Aubolee and wife, Two Harbors; A. Barnett, J. R. Calkins, Port Wing; N. L. Davidson, Hibbing; N. L. Barber, Detroit; C. Darrah, Proctor; Samuel Cleveland, St. Paul; J. B. Esch, Cincinnati; George A. Pernam, Eveleth; Cincinnati; George A. Pernam, Eveleth; A. H. Jester, Omaha; Charles G. Shipman, Ely; John Beckfut, Grand Rapids; N. Couch, William F. Bohening, Minneapolis; O. Swanson, Moose Lake; Peter Schaefer, B. F. Waldo, Ely; F. H. Dunn, Wakefield, Mich.; M. Costello, Marquette; Peter Doyle, Medford, Wis.; G. H. Thompson, Hibbing; J. C. Campbell, Cloquet; A. E. Nott, Minneapolis; James H. Hogan, Kerrick; G. H. Herrold, Red Wing; M. L. Simpson, Chicago; Fred D. Vibert, Cloquet; V. R. Waldo, Grand Forks; F. B. Rossom, Virginia; George Johnson, Sioux City; F. H. Elliott, Selma, Cal.

* * *

At the McKay: A. McGregor, L. J. Templeton, J. Berrien, J. E. Fitzgerald, Ed. Collins, Minneapolis; W. R. Shaw, Jackson, Mich.; Peter J. Bettler, Lake Nebagamon; D. C. Perrinan, W. L. Pratt, H. W. Lyman, J. G. Branbam, George S. McKay, St. Paul; R. Gnadt, Mora; A. D. Senam, Mankato; William Brown, Proctor; W. C. Yancey, Grand Rapids.

Samples of Stage Wit.

Here are the very pick of the jokes in "Piff, Paff, Pouf:"

Eddie Foy—Put not an enemy into thy mouth to bred rats in thy garret.

Miss Fisher—When a widow marries it is the triumph of hope over experience.

Mr. Miron—I'll furnish the hope if you'll provide the experience.

Mr. Hyams—The latest play "McAdoo About Nothing."

Eddie Foy—A friend in need is a bore indeed.

Mr. Hyams—Do you play bridge?

Mr. Miron—I live in Brooklyn.

Miss Cameron—You have a curl and your eyes are blue.

Eddie Foy—Yes, they call me Kyrle Bellew.

Iron Ore and Prosperity.

Everett Herald: The concentration of the iron ore resources of the country in the hands of a few persons is most significant. Its full significance can be realized only when one remembers how absolutely our present unparalleled prosperity is the result of the development of our iron ore resources. Without the immense iron deposits about Lake Superior our country would never have attained to the degree of civilization that characterizes it today. Our great transcontinental railways would be impossible, as would also our iron-clad warships, our steel framed bridges and buildings, our variety of engineering, manufacturing and mining machinery. We live in the Iron Age, and it is the master ironmongers of the day who lead us.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 12.—The Minnesota storm has moved its center to the eastern lake region. Light falls of snow or rain occurred in the lake region, upper Mississippi and Ohio valleys, and North Atlantic states. It is warmer over South Atlantic states and the far Northwest, and colder over the upper lake region, upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys and Middle West with freezing temperatures from Colorado, Kansas, and Missouri northward. The Montana "high" has moved to the Dakotas, Nebraska, and Kansas. Another "low" is developing off the Pacific coast.

"The following are the minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	54	Medicine Hat	24
Battleford	28	Memphis	60
Bismarck	26	Miles City	32
Boston	40	Milwaukee	30
Buffalo	34	Minnedosa	30
Calgary	38	Modena	34
Charleston	60	Montgomery	56
Chicago	32	Moorhead	24
Cincinnati	40	New Orleans	58
Davenport	32	New York	46
Denver	34	North Platte	32
Detroit	34	Oklahoma	42
Dodge City	30	Omaha	32
Duluth	14	Pittsburg	40
Edmonton	34	Port Arthur	16
El Paso	40	Portland	52
Escanaba	24	Prince Albert	26
Galveston	68	Qu'Appelle	24
Green Bay	24	Rapid City	32
Havre	28	San Francisco	54
Helena	38	Santa Fe	42
Houghton	24	Shreveport	62
Huron	24	Spokand	44
Jacksonville	68	St. Louis	38
Kamloops	40	St. Paul	26
Kansas City	34	Sault Ste Marie	22
Knoxville	46	Swift Current	26
La Crosse	32	Washington	50
Lander	28	Williston	32
Los Angeles	56	Winnemucca	44
Marquette	22	Winnipeg	24

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Warmer. Variable winds becoming easterly and southerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, April 12.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Wednesday. Rising temperature Wednesday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Wednesday. Warmer Wednesday and in north portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Wednesday. Rising temperature.

HE CAN AFFORD IT.

Martin County Sentinel: The Minneapolis Journal, Chicago Record-Herald, and other Republican newspapers, announce with exultation that Andrew Carnegie has promised half a million dollars more if we re-elect Roosevelt and it necessary will double it.

To be sure! Why not?

Mr. Carnegie is the iron master of the world. By means of the protective tariff he is able to make annually more millions than most men make hundreds. His wealth accumulates so fast that he finds it almost impossible to make a hole in it, although he throws out sops to the people in the way of little libraries with apparent recklessness, practically the whole people are forced to contribute unjustly to his colossal wealth. The products of his mills are sold cheaper in foreign lands than here in the United States, but that makes no difference with the stand-patters. They know that a goodly portion of the Carnegie surplus will go to perpetuate their power. When Roosevelt turned his back on the tariff revisionists he understood perfectly well that his course would bring millions to the campaign fund from the protected "infant industries." And thus they will go on until a party is given control of the government which does not owe its success to the most debasing influence known to our political life.

Watching Things Grow.

Good mornin', Doc. Fer 'n easy seat
This old rail fence is hard to beat.
Would I go fishin'? No, sir-ee!
Fishin's too "strenuous" fer me,

'S the feller says. I tell you what,
I think I'm lazy, like as not.
But on warm days like this, you know,
I like to set an' watch things grow.

See them pink blossoms with the blue
Of old Lake Mich. a-shinin' through!
Now, watch them chipmunks do their stunts—
Ain't they the sassiest little runts?

Seems as if nature now an' then
Fergives herself fer makin' men
An' says, "Enjoy my sun an' shade
With the cute critters I have made!"

Say, Doc! You know what I would do,
If I was Vanderbilt or you?
I'd set right here—I would, by Joe!
Jest set right here an' watch things grow.

Dr. Frank L. Rose in Sports Afield.

Profitable For Farming.

Bemidji Pioneer: Senator Nelson's bill to add more lands to state's forest reservations will be all right if the lands taken are unfit, as it is contended, for the agricultural purposes. Receiver Smith, of the Duluth land office, speaks straight to purpose when he declares that there is very little land indeed in Northern Minnesota that is unfit for agricultural purposes. It used to be thought that vast tracts of territory in Central Northern Minnesota would be practically worthless when stripped of its timber, but this fallacy no longer finds credence except with those wholly unacquainted with the character of the lands of Northern Minnesota. With proper drainage there will be found very few acres indeed in Northern Minnesota which cannot be made most profitable for farming. We are beginning to appreciate this fact ourselves and to advertise it to others in a modest way. When we once begin to advertise the fact in earnest there will be a tremendous development of Northern Minnesota.

Minnesota For Parker.

Red Lake Courier: As the time for the Democratic state convention aproaches it is evident that Minnesota sentiment largely favors the nomination of Judge Alton B. Parker, of New York. As a jurist, Mr. Parker has an enviable reputation, and he is a man of culture and ability, loved and honored by the people of his own state.

Long Prairie Leader: Hearst is making a great fight for the Democratic nomination for president and at the same time, it looks as if he was going to win out.

Martin County Sentinel: It is said that Lemuel P. Hunt, the Mankato politician, has his lightning rod out for railway commissioner. It is a cold day when Lemuel does not catch on to a snap.

Rush City Post: It will interest our milk shippers to know that the Dairymen's association of the Twin Cities will keep the price of milk to consumers at the winter rate. Usually the price of milk is cut down by the Duluth and Superior dealers about May, and the shippers around Rush City have no remedy, because they fail to unite for their mutual support. There are not nearly as many cows in this county as there were a year ago, and no reason exists why the price of milk should be cut down during the coming summer. Were our dairy farmers wise they would hand-separate their milk and use the by-product in raising beef cattle, hogs and cows. In this way the value of the manure would put more money in their pockets than the shipping of the whole product to Duluth at prices over which they have no control.

Long Prairie Democrat: We know the sentiment of this county very well as to what all loyal and true Democrats are in favor of doing this year. It is practically unanimous in favor of leaving the party organization just as it is. The only way to elect Democrats to help secure this is to attend the county and the national convention who can be fully relied upon to help carry out those wishes. Such a Democrat is Charles E. Vasaly, of Little Falls, and this paper sincerely hopes he will have the solid backing of every man of the Todd county delegation at the state convention to be held at Duluth in June.

Ely Times: By far the dirtiest deal the poor man of the Northwest has ever got will be the repeal of the stone and timber and the homestead commutation law.

ROOSEVELT OR HEARST?

Goodhue County News (Dem.): As between Roosevelt and Hearst, the men who admire Roosevelt ought to admire Hearst all the more.

They admire Roosevelt because he does things. Well, Hearst does more in a minute than Roosevelt does all day. Did Roosevelt ever publish a paper? Hearst runs six. If that is your standard, Hearst is the man. As a trust buster Hearst, while a private citizen, gave Roosevelt a three months' start and then beat him out.

Hearst is a better advertiser of his own virtues than Roosevelt himself, and a better organizer. It is hard to say which is the more modest of the two. That does not happen to be the distinguishing trait of either genieleman. Hearst never got excited over the discovery of the ten commandments. Whether because he took them for granted or because he never discovered them, Roosevelt has him there.

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All in all, we sincerely commend Mr. Hearst to the Republicans as the best man for them to nominate. The Democrats are likely to exhibit other preferences when the time comes.

It would be a pity to let such an opportunity pass of getting the real thing in strenuosity.

United States Steel Maintains Dividend.

Pittsburg Dispatch: The directorate of the United States Steel corporation has declared the full quarterly rate of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock and taken no action as to restoring any dividend upon the common. The report for the quarter shows a deficit of $1,857,120 after payment of the full preferred stock charge, but the general aspects of the great corporation's business are encouraging and manifestly improved. A steady gain in earnings was made in each of the three months and the increased orders on hand compel uninterrupted work for months. The comparatively small draft necessary upon the accumulated surplus to discharge the dividend declared fairly refutes the oracles of evil, but it does not smack of the exuberant faith expressed in the past, and emphasizes the requirement to keep close watch upon the direction of the wind. But generally the action of the directors will be accepted as the expression of confidence by recognized business experts in the continuance of substantial prosperity even during a season that almost invariably sorely depresses industrial enterprise.

A Wrong Sentiment.

Atchison (Kan.) Globe: Whenever a man tries to accomplish something there is always an element which refers disparagingly to his "past." In this age of false standards it is not surprising that young men have "pasts." The social treat, the endorsement of thoroughbreds and a long list of other wrong sentiments concerning youth, tend to give men a "past" which haunts them after they have learned by bitter experience the right road. This referring to a man's "past" is one of the wicked and unfair American habits—as if a man who has done wrong does not deserve credit for afterward abandoning his course and becoming

FOR YOUR DAILY SMILE.

Everybody's Magazine: A man once berated his Hebrew debtor for not having included him among his preferred creditors.

"But I makes you a speshul creditor," was the answer.

"A special creditor! What's that?"

"Vy, a speshul creditor, mine friend, knows now that he gets nothings. The preferred, he von't know that for three years. Time ist money—ain't it?"

Atlanta Constitution: "Here you is—in trouble ag'in," said the colored deacon. "Didn't I tell you ter fight you' way out wid de sword er de sperritt?"

"Yes, suh," replied the penitent. "But—de razor wuz so handy!"

Chicago Daily News: Ernie—Gussie Sapp says if I refuse him he will go away and join either the Japanese or Russian army.

Belle—Then accept him. Those nations have enough troubles already.

Washington Star: "Life is full of trials," said the melancholy citizen.

"Yes," answered Mr. Grafton Brab, "and the worst of it is that a whole lot of the trials are resulting in convictions."

Philadelphia Ledger: "But," said Miss Roxley's father, "how about supporting my daughter? Have you considered that thoroughly?"

"Oh, yes," replied the suitor, "I'm willing to help."

Yonkers Statesman: "Pa."

"Yes, my son."

"Do men eat glass?"

"Yes, my boy."

"Well, Pa?"

"Yes, Tommy."

"Eating glass wouldn't make a man have a bay window, would it?"

Chicago Post: "We've got to economize," he said.

"Do you mean that literally?" she asked.

"Of course," he replied.

"Well, I'm glad of that," she said, "for you usually mean that I've got to economize when you say 'we.'"

Town Topics: "Dad," said little Reginald, "what is a bucket shop?"

"A bucket shop, my son," said the father, feelingly, "a bucket shops is a modern cooperage establishment to which a man takes a barrel and brings back a bunghole."

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Wabasha Herald: The Minneapolis Times says that some Democrats in Southern Minnesota are anxious to have D. W. Lawlor made the Democratic candidate for governor. Give us their names and give them as quickly as possible, as, until you do, innocent men may be the victims of dark and terrible suspicion. It is always hard to be suspected of another's sin, but in this case it might drive to suicide. Names! Names! Give us their names.

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SUPPOSE.

"Suppose Japan whips Russia or that Russia whips Japan,
Beware the dreadful consequence," says the supposing man.
"Suppose the British were to join the doughty Japanese,
Suppose that Kaiser William set a fleet upon the seas
To gobble up the British, and suppose that France were drawn
Into the world-wide conflict for the Korean pawn,
Suppose these things all happened; and imagine, if you can,
The sea of blood to follow," says the suppositious man.

Well, suppose the sun were rayless and the moon were made of cheese,
There isn't any question but the most of us would freeze.
Suppose it would stop raining, that no moisture were to fall,
The roads would get so dusty that we couldn't breathe at all.
Suppose all men stopped working, what a lot of illeness
There would ensue in all the land from that I must confess.
Suppose the sea should flood the land; imagine, if you can,
How wet the world would be if you're a suppositious man.

Suppose the men were speechless and the women stricken dumb,
How very, very quiet all the people would become;
Suppose there were no foodstuffs on the earth or in the sea,
How very, very hungry all the populace would be;
Suppose the earth stopped spinning in its orbit through the air,
There'd be no night or morning for us all, I do declare.
Suppose you just attended to your business mighty close,
Suppose you did—why, really, there'd be nothing to suppose!

—New York Times.

HIS OWN SWEET WAY.

Louisville Courier-Journal: According to a correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, this story, attributed to Judge Parker, is in circulation at Albany, N. Y. When President Roosevelt was Governor Roosevelt and was being talked of for the vice presidency Judge Parker rallied him one day on his unwillingness to take the nomination.

"Of course, you do not with the vice presidency," said the judge, "because you are going to be president some da."

The face of Governor Roosevelt "beamed with pleasure as he said he didn't know about that, but he was willing to tell what he would like to be above all other things in the world."

Judge Parker, of course, was willing to be told.

"If I could have my fondest wish gratified," confessed Mr. Roosevelt, "I'd be governor of the Philippines. Just think, judge, of the joy of that. Absolutely your own master. No politicians to placate, no congress to consult, nothing but to have your own sweet way about everything."

Nothing but to have his own sweet way about everything!

That was his dream of happiness then, which he has constantly tried to realize since as president.

To have his own sweet way about everything has been his one endeavor.

If the laws of the land obstructed his purpose he altered them or made new laws, without troubling himself about the lawmaking power of the supposed legislative branch of the government.

If the constitution stood in his way he kicked it aside, or glibly alleged that he did unofficially what he was forbidden to do officially.

He has had his own sweet way about everything, though sometimes it could not have been very sweet to him, as in those instances where he chose to turn his back on his old professions of decency and his old convictions of right, in order to catch step in the muck with the practical politicians.

Spring.

The bulebird's note her path attends,
She frees the brooks and rivers,
Sweet thrills of joy she broadcast sends—
And also "grippy" shivers.

The wood and meadow whisper: "Stay!"
The lambkin near her cuddles.
She strews the way with blossoms gay—
And shoe-deep mire and puddles

She tells the sleeping world: "Awake!"
She calls to town and villa.
She bids us zest in life to take—
And quino-cars'parilla!

And while I'd not a jot detract
From any poet's diction,
Measems each line of solier fact
O'ershadows three of fiction!

—Town Topics.

Not For Sale.

Indianapolis News: The Democrats of Marion county proved yesterday that when it comes to the important business of electing a president, the financial argument, as presented by Hearst, was not controlling with them. They elected 118 Parker delegates to the state convention, which is to choose delegates to the national convention. Mr. Hearst will be unrepresented on this county's delegation. The rout of the cheek and checkbook candidate was complete. We think that the whole country will be interested in the result of yesterday's voting. It means that Hearst will not control the state convention, and that from Indiana will go a delegation favorable to the nomination of Judge Parker. As for the local Democrats they showed great good sense in crushing the Hearst movement.

In Sandy Hook.

Short Stories: Barney met a brother Celt on the street one morning last week, and with a feeling of great excitement, said:

"They do tell me, Pat, that a whale have got inside Sandy Hook."

"How it that?" asked the other sleepily.

"I don't know, but he's there."

"Thin Sandy must have the divil of a big stomach."

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Manager.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY NIGHTS, WEDNESDAY MATINEE.
Nixon & Zimmerman Announce
FRANCIS WILSON
and star company, including MARGUERITA SYLVA, JESSIE BARTLETT-DAVIS

THE TOTAL IMPORTS

Of the Principal Countries of the World Shown.

The Share Thereof Supplied By the United States.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—"The imports of the grand divisions and principal countries of the world and the share thereof supplied by the United States," is the title of a table just presented by the department of commerce, through its bureau of statistics. It shows, as the title indicates, the total imports of each of the principal countries of the world, the amount of those imports drawn from the United States, and the percentage our products form of the total imports. The statement shows that of the $8,141,054,000 worth of merchandise imported by Europe in 1902 the United States supplied $1,211,256,000, or 14.88 per cent of the total. North America, other than the United States, imported merchandise to the value of $410,773,000, of which the United States supplied $215,866,000, or 52.55 per cent. South America imported $340,691,000, of which $43,878,000, or 12.55 per cent, was from the United States. Asia's imports were $965,350,000, of which $50,167,000, or 5.2 per cent was from the United States. Africa's imports were $48,856,000, of which $24,333,000, or 5.58 per cent, was from the United States.

The imports of Oceania were $292,107,000, of which $34,855,000, or 11.93 per cent, was drawn from the United States. This figure for Oceania does not include the Hawaiin Islands, which are considered as a part of the United States, or the Dutch or French East Indies, which are included with Asia. In a word, Europe drew 14.88 per cent of her imports from the United States; North America, other than the United States, 52.55 per cent; South America, 12.55 per cent; Asia, 5.2 per cent; Africa, 5.58 per cent, and Oceania 11.93 per cent of her total imports from the United States.

These figures of the imports of the various countries are taken from the official reports of those countries and represent their own statement of imports from the United States and not from a statement of our exports to those countries.

Taking a few of the more important countries it may be said that the United Kingdom took 24.03 per cent of her imports from the United States; Germany, 15.86 per cent from the United States; France, 9.67 per cent; Netherlands, 10.73 per cent; Belgium, 11.59 per cent; Spain, 12.62 per cent; China, 9.26 per cent; Japan, 17.9 per cent; Commonwealth of Australia, 11.92 per cent; New Zealand, 11.05 per cent; Philippine Islands, 12.46 per cent; Cape of Good Hope, 3.62 per cent; Argentine, 12.01 per cent; Colombia, 28.37 per cent; Venezuela, 31.37 per cent; British Guiana, 31.35 per cent; Mexico, 58.91 per cent; Canada, 57.29 per cent; Cuba, 43.71 per cent; British West Indies, 33.97 per cent; and the Central American States as a whole, 43.32 per cent.

It will be observed from the above figures that the countries most nearly contiguous to the United States are those which take the largest proportion of their imports from this country. Mexico takes 58.91 per cent of her imports from the United States, Canada 57.29 per cent, Central American States, 43.71 per cent, Cuba, 43.32 per cent, and the British West Indies, 33.97 per cent, while the South American countries fronting upon the Caribbean Sea, took about one-third of their imports from the United States, and those of South America lying farther south took but about 10 to 12 per cent of their imports from the United States. In the European countries those with trade with European countries of which we have the most complete and frequent steamship connection, namely, the United Kingdom and Germany, show a higher percentage of their imports from the United States than do any others of the important European countries. In the case of the United Kingdom 24.03 per cent and Germany 15.86 per cent, while Europe, as a whole, takes but 14.88 per cent of her imports from the United States.

The table which follows shows the total imports, the imports from the United States, and the per cent of imports from the United States of the principal countries of the world in the latest available year, in most cases 1902:

TOTAL IMPORTS, AND IMPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES INTO HE FOLLOWING COUNTRIES FOR THE YEAR 1902, OR LATEST AVAILABLE YEAR.

COUNTRY—	Total Imports.	Imports from United States.	Per cent of imports from United States.
United Kingdom	$2,571,416,000	$617,359,000	24.03
Germany	1,330,178,000	211,514,000	15.86
Netherlands	870,666,000	94,229,000	10.73
France	$48,026,000	81,903,000	9.67
Belgium	459,472,000	63,257,000	11.59
Austria-Hungary	340,228,000	27,569,000	7.85
Italy	347,718,000	40,740,000	11.89
Russia (1901)	365,614,000	17,984,000	5.88
India	273,054,000	4,028,000	1.15
Spain	221,814,000	128,790,000	57.29
Canada	217,800,000	11,890,000	5.46
Switzerland	204,768,000	18,957,000	9.25
China	262,644,000	24,283,000	11.92
Commonwealth of Australia	177,572,000	22,446,000	12.92
Japan	165,534,000	15,847,000	9.52
Cape of Good Hope	146,107,000	833,000	.57
Straits Settlements	135,322,000	24,229,000	17.90
Japan	134,505,000	2,782,000	2.07
Sweden	117,134,000	4654,000	.39
Turkey (1899)	116,714,000	19,157,000	16.41
Denmark	113,288,000	11,155,000	9.85
Brazil	99,437,000	12,838,000	12.91
Argentina	77,717,000	3,331,000	4.29
Norway	76,100,000	5,710,000	7.49
Natal	74,229,000	974,000	1.33
Egypt	72,561,000	965,000	1.33
Dutch East Indies	66,229,000	39,007,000	58.91
Mexico	58,837,000	25,714,000	43.71
Cuba	55,121,000	6,119,000	11.05
New Zealand	48,236,000	5,354,000	10.87
Chile	37,282,000	12,650,000	33.97
British West Indies	33,945,000	4,153,000	12.46
Philippine Islands	21,062,000	2,573,000	12.23
Peru	13,914,000	6,027,000	43.32
Central American Republics	8,560,000	2,737,000	31.97
Venezuela			

*United States exports.

IMPORTS BY GRAND DIVISIONS OF THE WORLD AND SHARE FROM UNITED STATES.

GRAND DIVISION—	Total Imports.	Imports from United States.	Per cent from United States.
Europe	$8,141,054,000	$1,211,256,000	14.88
North America	410,773,000	215,866,000	52.55
South America	340,691,000	43,878,000	12.55
Asia	965,350,000	50,167,000	5.20
Oceania	292,107,000	34,855,000	11.93
Africa	426,256,000	24,333,000	5.58

FEED

the babies and children on

Scott's Emulsion

You will see an improvement in their little thin bodies at once. They can take it when they even refuse their mothers' milk. It is essentially a babies' food, surprising in its results. Always the same.

CONTINUES TO RISE

Copper In Good Demand and Price Steadily Advancing.

Walker Having Spirited Controversy Over the Metal Situation.

Copper continues to advance steadily and sales have been reported at as high as 13½ cents. A change in the situation is that domestic consumers are active buyers and the foreigners have not ceased to be active purchasers. George L. Walker in his last letter says:

"Lake copper is now saleable at 13⅞ cents, with sales reported at 13½ cents. Electrolytic is only ¼ of a cent lower than lake, and casting, of the better grade, is held around 13 cents per pound. Domestic consuming interests are said to be almost as bullish on the market now as they were bearish two months ago, when prices broke to around 12 cents. The domestic activity and advancing prices are not operating to check the foreign demand, exporters continuing among the best buyers.

"Some time ago I called attention to the fact that exports were very nearly equalling domestic production. During the first three months of this year exports averaged only fractionally less than 23,000 long tons monthly, while production amounted to hardly 27,000 tons monthly. As domestic consumption amounts to fully 17,000 tons monthly, this means that all of the surplus supplies of copper have been drawn upon, and the sharp advance in prices this week must signify that the stocks have been exhausted.

"There has continued to be a steady improvement in the business of home consumers. Some of the Connecticut valley foundries are again running 20 hours daily. The heaviest demand during the remainder of the year, however, promises to continue to come from Europe and Asia, where business activity is experiencing a great revival. Still higher prices for copper may be realized.

COPPER SHARE MARKET.

"A very decided improvement in the tone of the copper share market is noticeable. The advance in metal prices is greatly increasing the earnings of the producing companies, and investors are buying copper stocks for their strong boxes. The demand has not shown itself so much in the speculative issues as in the dividend payers. Calumet & Hecla, Quincy, Wolverine and Utah have been bought persistently. The Lawson-Rogers collision came, it now appears, at an especially opportune time. Intrinsic conditions were too sound to permit of stocks being affected adversely. For a few days the market acted scared; but when prices failed to go down, investors and shrewd traders knew it was time to buy. The market is now advancing on merit, and there is every reason to believe that prices will go considerably higher.

"The publisher of the News Bureau takes exception to the expressed belief of a Lake Superior broker, quoted in one of these letters a week or two ago, that the attitude of that publication on the copper market and the coppers had done more than anything else to injure the Boston stock market. The exceptions were presented last Saturday and on Monday the Bureau published another of its characteristically bearish articles on the copper metal situation. The article in question contained a misrepresentation of facts in almost every paragraph. It does not seem possible that it could have been published with any other motive than to instill doubt in the public mind as to the legitimacy of the metal situation, such as would naturally prevent investment and speculation in copper stocks. Following are a few paragraphs from the beginning of the Bureau article:

"'The copper market is firm at 13 cents for the best brands of Lake Superior copper, but with no increase in American demand and a steady increase in the American supply.

"'As the Amalgamated people control nearly one-half the American supply (although they do not own one-third the American supply), and as they are endeavoring to advance and market Amalgamated copper, large amounts of which they purchased at under $40 per share, the only question in the metal trade is as to the genuineness of the very large copper exports which are unprecedented for this season.

"'Business, however, is clearly very much improved in Germany, Great Britain and throughout Europe. There is no letup in foreign armaments and war preparations, and there is general industrial development east of Europe extending to China, Japan and the Philippines.

"'The visible supplies in both this country and Europe have been cut to such figures as to make it clear that public visible supplies are no longer factors in the copper market.

"'It is the invisible supply which may now dominate the market at any moment. This invisible supply in the hands of the Amalgamated people came to the front, not when copper was 17 cents asked, but when the Amalgamated people were disposing of it at under 11 cents per pound.

"'If the Amalgamated Copper company and Amalgamated speculations could be eliminated from the copper market, present prices and export movement would be considered highly satisfactory and offer great encouragement for the future.

"'Nobody is stocking up with copper in this country, and, therefore, there is some doubt as to how far speculation or legitimate demand is influencing the large foreign movement."

"In the first place, there has been a steady increase in domestic consumption since the incoming of the new year. There is less than a normal increase in American production. Amalgamated does not control any copper except its own production. As a selling agency the United Metals Selling company can only dispose of the copper of its customers with their orders or consent. There is not known to be any visible supply of copper, and there is certainly no reason for any 'doubt' concerning the exports that have been made this year. If there were any real ground for doubt, that ground would be eagerly presented by the bureau.

"When such doubts are raised, and none are warranted, I think it my duty to put the public right and to defend the leading financial interests of the Boston Stock Exchange.

"In its advance estimates of the metal market, the News Bureau has almost always been wrong. For instance, a year ago its publisher could see nothing ahead but extremely hard times for all the copper producers of this country (excepting Heinze.) In its issue of January 20, 1903, at the center top of the first page, will be found the following:

"The Boston News Bureau estimates that the American copper production for this calendar year will be not far from 800,000,000 pounds, as compared with 660,000,000 pounds the past year.

* * * If the United States, with Europe in an industrial depression, can take care of this increased output and maintain copper at even 12 cents a pound, there will be great confidence in the future of the copper mining industry.'

"The facts are now at hand to show the extreme absurdity of the bureau estimate of a year ago. The United States production was about 710,000,000 pounds, or an increase of about 7½ per cent where the bureau man claimed that he expected a 21½ per cent increase; and the price of copper not only did not break 12 cents, but averaged for the whole year a strong fraction above 13 cents per pound. If the 'great confidence in the future of the copper mining industry,' which really has been created in the public mind by the excellent prices and ready market for copper during the past year, has reached to the sanctum of the News Bureau, it would appear that the fact is now being suppressed.'"

THERE'S an end to all good things even to GORDON GLOVES.

But they never get shabby; keep their smartness to the very last.

And the seams are there when all the leather's gone.

$1.50.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The body of Martin Loskowski, the murderer, who recently escaped from jail at Mauch Chunk, was found on the Lehigh Valley railroad track above Allentown, Pa. The authorities believe he committed suicide by jumping in front of an express train.

Henry Meldrum, formerly United States surveyor in Oregon, was arraigned Monday on an indictment returned by the United States grand jury for complicity in the land frauds in that state and pleaded not guilty. Meldrum was indicted on twenty-one counts.

Judge Palmer, in the criminal division of the district court at Denver, Monday, decided that there is no punishment prescribed by a statute in that state for fraud committed at special elections, such as the recent charter elections in that city. This decision frees eighteen election officials who were charged with stuffing the ballot boxes.

The 200 cattle butchers employed by Swift & Co., Chicago, have been ordered on a strike to enforce certain demands made by the Butchers' union, which the company refuses to concede. The principal grievances of the men is that several members of the union have been discharged and the company has refused to reinstate them.

C. A. Smith, a foreman at the steel works at Pueblo, Colo., was shot in the head by an unknown person and will probably die. His assailant is supposed to have been one of a number of men with whom he had quarreled over the subject of using coal mined by non-union men.

By denying the petition of F. Augustus Heinze, of Butte, Mont., for a writ of certiorari, the United States supreme court refused to review the finding of the circuit court of appeals for the Ninth circuit in the case of the Butte & Boston Consolidated Mining company vs. the Montana Ore Purchasing company and others involving the quartz lode known as the Michael Davitt.

BASEBALL.

At St. Louis—The St. Louis National league team defeated the St. Louis Americans in the seventh and deciding game for the local championship. The score:

Nationals	11	19	1
Americans	5	9	2

Batteries: Bell and Dyer; Sudhoff, Pelty and Kahoe.

At Washington—

Washington American league	8	10	0
Georgetown University	2	7	2

Batteries: Patten, Wilson and Kittredge; Seitz, F. Drill and Hart.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati easily defeated the Nashville Southern league team in the first exhibition game of the season here. Score:

Cincinnati	10	15	1
Nashville	0	3	6

At Philadelphia—

Nationals 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	6	1
Americans 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 *	2	1	1

Batteries: Lush and Doolin; Waddell and Schreickengost. Umpire, Smith. Attendance, 1046.

At Indianapolis—

Indianapolis (American ass'n)	6	10	6
Cleveland (American league)	5	7	1

Batteries: Ortlieb and Allemang; Donahue and Abbott.

DELAYED A WEEK

Armory Addition Goes Over—Report on Davis Charges.

Manager Warren Explains Street Car Trouble—Other Matters.

The council last evening:

Laid over Armory extension for one week for report of Armory board.

Received report of auditing committee in regard to Davis' charges against board of public works.

Received report of Manager Warren in regard to delays in the service.

Ordered new sewer system for West Duluth.

Sold water and light bonds to sinking fund through N. J. Upham & Co.

Elected Alexander McDonald harbor master for one year.

The plan to enlarge the Armory to supply extra quarters for the Minnesota Naval Reserve caused a spirited discussion at the meeting of the council last evening.

The committee on city property, buildings and markets reported favorably on the plan, which involves an expenditure of about $2500 from the permanent improvement fund.

"I believe the naval reserve should be taken care of," said Alderman Barnes. "The country should educate men to man its ships as well as men for the army. I dislike, however, to see any more expenditures, and I believe room could be found for the reserve in the basement of the Armory. I believe the addition should be built if it is necessary, but I don't think it is asking too much to request them to occupy the basement until another year."

"I have nothing to say against the naval reserve or the militia," said Alderman McEwen, "but when a sum like $2500 comes out of the permanent improvement fund it is going to rob some other improvement. The money could be spent to much better advantage in improving the roads leading out of the city. Hermantown, Pike Lake, Rice Lake and Midway roads all need improvements. It is the duty of the council to aid in developing the land about Duluth and assist in making this a cheaper and better city to live in. The conference committee in alloting the sum to be expended for permanent improvements did not take this into consideration, and it should wait another year until some provision can be made for it."

"As I see it," said Alderman Wilson, "the condition here in the council is much similar, in a smaller way, to the conditon that existed in congress when the naval appropriation bill was introduced and the arguments have been along the same line.

"But I do not believe there is anyone here who would claim that congress was unwise in improving our navy. The development of men to man the navy is just as important as the building of the ships. True, these are times of peace, but in times of peace we should prepare for war. We should make proper provision for the naval reserve at the lowest possible expense."

"I agree with Alderman McEwen," said Alderman Sang. "We have spent a large sum already on the armory. If we are going to make such expenditures as this we should make some proper provision for it and not rob the people of needed improvements."

It was finally decided to lay the matter over for one week to secure a report from the armory board in regard to the matter.

* * *

The following report from the committee on auditing and county conference, in regard to the charges brought by Auditor Davis against the board of public works, was received without comment and placed on file:

"Your committee on auditing and county conference, to whom was referred the report of the special auditor, relative to the method of keeping accounts in the public works department, and the reply of said department thereto, having considered the same, would respectfully report as follows:

"In regard to the method of making assessment rolls, your committee would state that of all the assessments rolls made up for the year 1902, the auditor was able to find errors only to the amount of $2.74, and these were discovered by the department after the assessments had been made, and before the books were audited. It seems to your committee that this shows a remarkable efficiency and care on the part of the clerk having charge of the assessment rolls.

"In regard to the matter of keeping charges for material and labor, your committee would report that the recommendations of the auditor have been largely adopted:

"In regard to the general bookkeeping, we find that there is some delay in transferring from their tissue copies to the permanent records, and we would recommend that the posting of this work to the permanent records be kept closer up-to-date.

"Your committee have been unable to see where there have been any loss to the city or carelessness on the part of city employees in taking the time of labor and caring for material, but nevertheless the board has adopted the auditor's recommendations as to improved method of taking care of material, and record of time and labor.

"It seems to your committee that the board was acting in a lawful manner in exempting certain lots from assessments on account of sprinkling, and also in cancelling the ten per cent called for under certain conditions, in accordance with the opinion of the city attorney.

"In regard to the old accounts, we find that they seem to have exhausted their labors in attempting to correct them:

"In regard to the friction existing between said department and other departments of the city, we find it to be insignificant, and nothing but what they are able to adjust between themselves."

* * *

Manager Warren, of the street railway company, stated in answer to a query from the council, that the cars were now running on schedule time, and that the new service would continue to improve in efficiency. He stated that during the first three days the new cars were installed they carried 50 per cent of all the passengers, although they constituted only 15 per cent of the total number of cars. Everybody was anxious to ride on the new cars and they were overcrowded. He further stated that there were some imperfections that had to be corrected, and that the motormen were unfamiliar with the running of the new cars, and were not able to make as good time as they could after gaining some experience. He said that if the present schedule was not satisfactory after it had been given a fair trial, it would be changed.

* * *

Capt. Charles Potter, the United States government engineer, requested the vacation of the portion of St. Louis avenue between lots 201 and 208 on Park Point. It is the purpose of the government to construct a boatyard at this point. The matter was referred to the city attorney

* * *

N. J. Upham & Co. purchased the $50,000 issue of water and light bonds at their par value together with acrued interest. It is understood that the purchase was made on behalf of the sinking fund commissioners of the city of Duluth.

* * *

The board of public works announced that the contract for ferry service to Park Point had been awarded to Charles F. Hartman for the sum of $30 per day The steamer Carrington is the vessel to be run. Napoleon Grignon bid $25.50 per day for the steamer Estelle. The contract was referred to the committte on bridges, viaducts and ferries. According to the terms of the contract it can be terminated at any time within fifteen days.

* * *

The council ordered the system of sewers draining into the sewer in the alley between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth avenues west to be constructed. There are five in all.

* * *

An overflow sewer in Twenty-first avenue west from Michigan street to the bay was ordered to be built at a cost of $2100.

* * *

Mayor Cullum anounced that Theodore Hollister had been appointed to fill the vacancy on the board of fire commissioners left by the resignation of Victor Johnson.

* * *

The bond of Building Inspector Robinson was approved.

* * *

Alexander McDonald was elected to the position of harbor master at a salary of $900 per year.

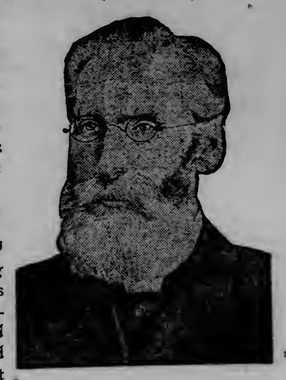
* * *

Alderman Schaefer introduced a resolution calling for the water to be turned on in the drinking fountains by April 15.

Distinguished Clergymen

And Prominent Temperance Workers Use and Endorse Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

Rev. A. McLeod, D. D., the Great Preacher, Was Cured of Dyspepsia and Nervous Prostration of Forty Years' Standing By the Wonderful Medicine Whose Virtues He Extols, and to the Curative Qualities of Which He Owes His Renewed Vigor and Perfect Health.



Rev. A. McLeod, D. D., of the Detroit Presbytery.

ENDORSE

Honored and Respected Among Men, After More Than 50 Years of Constant Service in the Presbyterian Church, Dr. McLeod Makes the Following Frank and Outspoken Statement of What Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Has Done For Him:—

"I am now in my 73d year and have served God fearlessly and to the best of my ability in my chosen calling. For more than forty years I have been afflicted with dyspepsia and nervous prostration. At times I would get so run down constitutionally through overwork as to be disqualified entirely from discharging my ministerial duties. The older I grew the more the disease seemed to prey upon me. The most noted physicians failed to prescribe any medicines that benefited me. I could neither eat nor sleep, and for more than two years I had to take sleeping powders every night.

My nervous prostration became well nigh unbearable. But for the grace of God helping me, I would not be in the land of the living. Language fails to express the agony of my mind.

Something over a month ago I began taking your preparation,

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

In the brief period of two days I found that it began to help me. It gave me strength, aided my digestion, settled my nerves, and I have gained ten pounds since taking it.

I thank God there is such a medicine to be had, and recommend all people with weak, broken-down constitutions, and nervous people especially to use it. I feel that it will help them. I will be glad to answer any communications in regard to the healing virtue of your preparation. I am a temperance man, and I do not think my position in this matter will be misunderstood."

(REV.) A. McLEOD, D. D., Greenleaf, Mich., Jan. 22, 1904.

Rev. Dr. McLeod's endorsement is but the outpouring of a grateful soul. The letter of a man who has been relieved of great suffering and who openly acknowledges the great medicinal value of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Ministers of the gospel, doctors of medicine, nurses and people in every walk of life unite in commending this wonderful medicine—the only perfect tonic-stimulant, the one true, medicinal whiskey. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey cures coughs, colds, worst forms of grip, consumption, bronchitis, pneumonia, catarrh, dyspepsia, and all kinds of stomach trouble. It never fails to build up a worn-out system, to soothe the tired nerves, to bring perfect health to the whole being. Every testimonial is published in good faith and guaranteed.

Sold by druggists and grocers or direct, $1.00 per bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

FOUR TIMES EACH.

Were Husband, Wife and Mother-in-Law Married.

Cairo, Ill., April 12.—A case which outdid the Smoot case was decided in the Union county circuit court. William Sharp sought a divorce from Mollie E. Sharp. The trial of the case revealed that Sharp has been married four times, his wife four times, her mother four times, and one of the witnesses, a former wife of Sharp, three times, making fifteen marriages among the parties involved in the suit. Judge Butler thought that was entirely too many, so he denied the divorce.

A GIFT FROM CARNEGIE.

New York, April 12.—Announcement has been made by the educational alliance of a gift amounting to $25,000 from Andrew Carnegie. This sum is to furnish the nucleus of an endowment. The alliance has for its object the moral and intelectual improvement of tenement dwellers of the East Side.

VETERAN CIRCUS MAN KILLED.

El Paso, Texas, April 12.—Newton Marks, a veteran circus and theatrical man who came here for his health, was found dead and badly mangled on the Rock Island tracks near this city.

How to Live Long

And Enjoy Perfect Health Until You Are One Hundred Years or More Old.

A Wonderful Tonic Has Been Discovered, That Restores Youth to the Aged, Health to the Ill, Strength to the Weak.

There is no reason why men and women should not live as long as they did in the days of Noah and Methusalem and Moses.

The discovery of Chrystal Tonic

makes it possible for anyone, no matter how old or how weak and run down, to regain health and strength.

This wonderful tonic is not a drug, but a pure, healthful vegetable compound, which recharges the run-down nerves with life and vitality; restores digestion; purifies the blood and builds up the brain.

Chrystal Tonic cures rheumatism, constipation, consumption, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous, exhaustion, male and female weakness, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired brain and any run-down condition of the system.

Don't take our word for what Chrystal Tonic will do for you, try a bottle today. If, after using it, you are not delighted with the result, write the company at Marshall and they will refund your money. What could be fairer?

Get Chrystal Tonic from your druggist at $1.00 the bottle or direct from the Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., prepaid, on receipt of price.

That Back Again!

Always aching—hard to find relief—sometimes sharp, shooting pains, other times dull, steady ache—makes you weary and worn out. Little rest day or night. Kidneys cause it all. Kidneys keep the back bad when they get out of order. Backache is first symptom of kidney ills. Relieve the kidneys when they call for help or dangerous Dropsy, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Urinary disorders, Bright's disease come quickly, and then it's a struggle between disease and cure. Take Doan's Kidney Pills before it is too late.

DULUTH PROOF

Fred Hicks, of 412 Fourth street east, engaged in the shoe business, says: "I have had trouble all my life with my kidneys, the result of a nervous difficulty from which I suffer. Often severe, heavy, aching pains existed across the small of my back, and it was accompanied with irregularity and unnatural condition of the kidney secretions. I tried everything in my power to check the trouble, but was unsuccessful until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at a drug store. I tried that remedy like I had tried a score in the past with little expectation of receiving any benefit. I was surprised at the results, and although I do not expect to become absolutely clear of kidney trouble, I have at least found a preparation upon which I can depend to bring relief, when I appeal to it."

A TRIAL FREE

to Duluth Herald Readers.

NAME.....

P. O.....

STATE.....

For free trial box, mail this coupon to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. If above space is insufficient, write address on separate slip.

Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can conscientiously recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness, and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains, and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—MISS GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Mich., Secretary Amateur Art Association.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

When one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of the countless hundreds which we are continually publishing in the newspapers of this country, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all.

THEY KEEP AWAY

Butchers Arrange For Meeting With Packing House Managers.

Wholesale Dealers Fail to Attend—Trust Becoming Alarmed.

The butchers' trust held another meeting in a room in the Palladio building Friday evening. It is understood that one of the purposes of the meeting was to get an expression from the local managers of the packing houses and to arrive, if possible, at some definite understanding with them as to their future attitude toward the members of the trust and toward the independent butchers.

The object of the meeting, so far as the packers were concerned, is said to have been a complete failure, for it is learned not a manager of a single packing house appeared before the meeting, although it is claimed invitations had been extended all of them and some had agreed to attend the meeting.

The members of the butchers' trust are getting uneasy, if reports are true, and of late they are said to have been lying awake nights from worry over their failure to get the recalcitrant packers in line.

The principal trouble seems to be that the butchers' trust has not been able to shut off the supplies of the independent butchers at the packing houses, although every effort has been directed toward that purpose ever since the agitation was started against the methods of the combine in holding up the meat prices in this city.

The big packing companies that have established branch houses in Duluth do not recognize such a thing as a local union of the butchers, at least that is their declared intention, and some of them have repeatedly said that they will continue to sell to the legitimate trade wherever they find it, whether the dealer belongs to a combine or does an independent business.

The butchers in the trust, however, claim to have had grievances right along, and the grievances seem to simmer down to the bare fact that the packing houses have been supplying independent butchers.

The packers realize that any attempt on their part to refuse to sell supplies to a legitimate butcher, regardless of the fact whether he is or is not a trust butcher, might put them in the way of being prosecuted; in fact, there is pending such a suit in Superior at the present time.

It is being intimated by the wise ones that when the butchers' trust succeeds in getting any of the diplomatic gentlemen representing the packing houses before a meeting for the purpose of arriving at a definite understanding that they will not sell independent butchers, it will be when the managers have either been hypnotized or else have been chloroformed and carried to the conference without their knowledge.

It is also reported, and with strong ground for believing the rumor to be correct, that since the suit at Superior was started, the packing houses at Chicago have instructed their branches to pay no more attention to local combinations but to sell to any legitimate butcher—that is, one with a shop established and prepared to do a legitimate retail business—who has the cash to buy meat.

The story comes from one of the range towns that an Iowa man regarded $800 as too high a price to pay for the privilege of operating a retail meat market there and returned to his home.

The retail meat trade in the range towns is controlled by butchers who are in local trusts, and so completely have they the situation in hand, they are said to be able to put any independent butchers out of business by cutting off their packing house supplies.

The Iowa man, it is reported, went to the range town and found that it would be necessary to buy a right to do business from the butchers' trust. He talked with the president or secretary, and was informed that it would cost him about $500 to get in the combine and open a shop. He acquiesced in the matter so quickly that the combine official feared he had made a mistake in asking too small a sum, so he hedged by claiming that he could do nothing about accepting the new member until he saw the rest of the butchers.

The conference with the rest of the combine butchers is said to have resulted in the raising of the price to $800, and the Iowa man balked, thinking the rate just a little too high.

The money received by the combine butchers from the new members is said to be divided among the old members, the new member not coming in for his share until the combine gets a fresh victim.

CEDAR SHINGLES

At retail.
The most durable shingle made.
Prices right.
NORTHERN SHINGLE CO.
Forty-fifth Ave. West and Oneota St.

KANSAS CITY TO DULUTH

Plans Said to Be In Progress For Connecting Railroad.

Kansas City, Mo., April 12.—The Times says: Plans are now in progress for the building of an important railroad system reaching from Kansas City to Duluth, with a cross line from St. Louis to Sioux City, Iowa, by way of Council Bluffs andw Omaha, and a connecting branch with Marseline, Mo., through Des Moines, Iowa. The company is said to have floated $80,000,000 with French capitalists at 90 cents on the dollar. The company, which will have its headquarters in Kansas City, has been formally incorporated under the name of the Interstate Railway company and there is an auxiliary construction company. The various lines of the new system have been surveyed and active construction will begin at Lne Creek, in Clay county, Mo., next week. The bonds were handled by the Wells-Fargo banking house in New oYrk.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Francis Wilson in "Erminie." also tomorrow afternoon and evening.
METROPOLITAN—Myrkle-Harder company in "The Silver Dagger."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Thursday and Saturday, with Saturday matinee, Florence Stone company in "The Banker's Daughter."
LYCEUM—Friday evening, Michigan College of Mines Glee club.

FRANCIS WILSON.

This evening Francis Wilson and company will present "Erminie" at the Lyceum and a crowded house is assured. Of those who are associated with Mr. Wilson there are many who stand high on the ladder of operatic fame—Marguerita Sylva, Jessie Bartlett Davis, William Broderick, Jennie Weathersby, Clara Belle Jerome, Signor Perughil, William C. Weeden, Robert Broderick and others well and favorably known. The ensemble numbers nearly 100 and with an augmented orchestra the opera will be given with all the elaborateness that marked the original production in New York city.

MYRKLE-HARDER COMPANY.

To an audience which filled the house with applause and laughter, the Myrkle-Harder company presented "The Silver Dagger" last night at the Metropolitan. The drama teems with good things, there is Bruce Richardson and Harry Garrity to be funny and Dell Henderson to be manly and true, Little Dorina Sol, is sweet and lovable, and Elberta Roy, whose choice is roles which call for action and strong dramatic climaxes, to brew trouble. W. H. Dahlman, who plays the darker roles is a new member of the company, and did excellent work last night as Sprowle. Russell was cast for two roles and displayed much versatility in both. Georgie King made a tip-top Martha.

The specialties are even better than last week. nGrrity has some new stories, and Donna Sol has another baby song. The illustrated pictures are beautiful and Earnest and Bert, are a clever comedy team. "The Silver Dagger" will be played tonight and at the matinee tomorrow.

"PARSIFAL."

"Parsifal," the greatest music drama ever written, one that appeals to the better nature, a drama that many have gone to scoff at but remained to pray, will be the Lyceum offering April 18, 19 and 20, with a special Wednesday matinee.

FOR NEEDY INDIANS.

Contracts For Furnishing Supplies Have Been Let.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. Geo. L. Scott, acting Indian agent, spent Sunday in Cass Lake with his daughter, Mrs. G. E. Marshall. The major stated that the contracts had been let on Saturday last for furnishing the balance of the $6000 worth of rations to the needy among the Indians of the Cass Lake, Leech Lake, Winnibigoshish and Red Lake tribes. Three thousand dollars have already been expended in provisions. There is now available an additional $5000 and this will be used in purchasing flour, pork, sugar and tea. The firm of Brummand & Kulander, of Walker was awarded the contract for furnishing the pork and tea and C. M. Taylor & Co., of Walker and Cass Lake, will furnish the flour and sugar.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

PRESENTS VIEWS

Rev. Carl D. Thompson of Nebraska Lectures on Socialism.

Speaks of Misconception Concerning It—Two More Addresses.

Rev. Carl D. Thompson, of Nebraska, national lecturer for the Socialist party, delivered the first of a series of three lectures on socialism at Odd Fellows' hall last night. His subject was "Misconception Concerning Socialism." Tonight he will speak on the "Definition of Socialism," and tomorrow night on "Transition to Socialism."

Mr. Thompson handles his subject in a very interesting manner. He has a pleasing address and, appearing to be thoroughly acquainted with what he is talking about, sets it before his audience clearly and at the same time entertainingly.

Last evening Mr. Thompson pointed out the view many have of socialism, believing it anarchy or something akin to it. He claimed this popular conception was an entirely wrong one, and that socialism merely seeks to establish a different kind of equality, the equality of opportunity, to guarantee all an equal chance.

He asserted that the greatest difficulty socialists had to contend with in promoting the growth of their party was this misconception in the minds of the people, who many of them further believe that the socialists want the rich to divide up with the poor.

"We want nothing of the kind," he said. "On the contrary, the socialists are exactly the ones who oppose the dividing up. It is the present social order, the big corporations and trusts and mergers, that compel the people to divide up. Socialism would put an end to this."

He asserted that socialism seeks only to stop the dividing up business, and guarantee to every person who toils the products of his labor, and said socialists demanded the collective ownership of all public utilities, in order that all may have private property in the full products of their labor.

THINK THEY HAVE THIRD

Postoffice Department Believes It Has Other Postoffice Robber.

Eddie Fay, a notorious crook, suspected of being implicated in the Superior postoffice robbery of $15,000 in stamps and of the Chicago postoffice robbery of $74,000 in stamps, has been arrested in Chicago by Postoffice Inspector James E. Stuart, and is being held there pending a grand jury investigation.

Following the Superior postoffice robbery a battle took place between the robbers and the authorities at Ishpeming, Mich., while the former were escaping. Two of the men, Pat Flaherty and Tom Dennis ,were captured, but the third man, supposed to be Fay, succeeded in getting off the train and into the woods, where he escaped.

Since that time the postoffice authorities have been on the trail of the third postoffice robber, and believe they have the right man.

After Flaherty and Dennis were taken to Madison, Flaherty broke jail and is still at large.

Fay is believed to be the only one to profit by the Superior robbery, none of the stamps ever being recovered.

It is likely that the marshal at Ishpeming and other officers who were in the fight on the train with the robbers will go to Chicago with a view of identifying Fay as one of the trio making the fight.

ESTATE IS CLOSED.

Affairs of Hibbing Merchants Are Settled.

A final account of the administrator of the estate of O. G. Svarstad, deceased, was filed in probate court yesterday. The statement shows that sufficient funds have been received from the estate to enable the administrator to pay an additional dividend of 10 per cent. This makes the total sum realized by the creditors of the estate to be $7500, or 65 per cent of the total liabilities.

O. G. Svarstad and Adolph Carlson started up in business in Hibbing, each being married and having a family. Carlson died suddenly and his loss with the business cares preyed on Svarstad until he, too, sickened and died within within two weeks after his partner's death.

Under the law the widows of the two men could not claim any estate in the partnership until the creditors of the firm had been satisfied. Both Carlson and Svarstad carried life insurance.

Gold Medal

At Pan-American Exposition

Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute *Purity* of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

Lowney's Cocoa is the finest possible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans.

The Lowney Receipt Book tells how to make Chocolate Bon-bons, Fudge, Caramels, Icings, etc., at home. Sent free
The Walter M. Lowney Co., Boston, Mass.

USED GASOLINE.

Domestic Has Serious Result From Foolish Action.

Miss Margaret Larsen, a domestic employed in the home of Mrs. George M. Smith, of 27 South Twenty-first avenue east, was the victim of a serious accident yesterday morning.

She experienced some difficulty in lighting the fire in the kitchen range, and decided to pour on a little kerosene. In spite of the red label, she mistook a gasoline can for the kerosene can, and as the first few drops of the liquid touched the wood, the flames burst up and enveloped her face and head.

She fell unconscious to the floor and was found in this condition a short time later, by Mrs. Smith.

Medical aid was summoned, and it is not expected that any serious results will follow, although the girl is badly burned about the face.

To Captain the Team.

Frank Martin, who was signed Sunday by Manager Van Praagh to play second base for the Duluth team, will also act in the capacity of field captain. Martin played last year with the Indianapolis American association club, where he had a fielding record of .937 and batted .177. He will doubtless bat heavier in a smaller league, and promises to be an acquisition to Van's bunch of pennant chasers.

TO STATE SCHOOL

Application to Send Two Children There.

Application has been made to the county probate court to have John and Louis D'Andrea, aged 14 and 15 years respectively, committed to the state school. The children have been living with relatives for the past seven years since the death of their mother. Their father went to the Klondike region several years ago and was supposed to have died there. Not long ago the children received a letter from him in which he stated that he had struck it rich and was coming back to the states for them.

Complaints have been made by neighbors to the humane agent that the children have been making trouble and should be sent to the state public school, but the relatives and the children have protested.

The letters from their father were produced in court yesterday, but Judge Middlecoff could not read Italian and there was nobody present to translate the documents.

The matter is now under advisement by the court.

TAKEN ACROSS THE ICE

Travelers For Superior Entry Work Are Received.

The heavy steel travelers for the Superior entry pier work this season have been transported across the bay ice from Old Superior and are now on the ground at the entry ready to be set up. The recent thaws and warm weather made the bay ice rather unsafe at places, and the big machinery was hauled across on ice said to average about eight inches in thickness. The loads were made up in five-ton sections and were hauled on sledges, only one person being found who dared use his team for the work.

The delivery of the steel travelers at the entry work now means a saving in time of about six weeks, for had the ice not held the loads, the government would have had to wait until the ice went out so the scows could be operated.

Assistant United States Engineer Clarence Coleman has charge of the work, and superintended the transportation of the machinery across the bay.

PLEA FOR CAMPBELL

Does Not Seem to Meet Approval of Chief Justice.

St. Paul, April 12.—"The commercial crime, that of violation of business confidence, is becoming too common of late, and no example should be set which will tend to create a feeling among young men that they can take their employers' money with impunity, even while they have the intention of ultimately replacing it."

So said Chief Justice Start yesterday afternoon while the board of pardons was considering the application of Benjamin J. Campbell of Duluth, for a commutation of a three-years' sentence imposed for embezzling $2800 from the Modern Samaritans, in which he held a position of trust.

"The man who steals from you when you trust him with your money is more of a scoundrel than a thief who robs you at the point of a revolver," continued Justice Start. "The embezzler is guilty of two crimes, only one of which is punishable, but the other of which is equally degrading. To violate the confidence of a man who trusts you is a more serious offense, as far as morality is concerned, than to merely take a sum of money from a man whom you have not led to have confidence in you."

George H. Crosby, imperial scribe of the Modern Samaritans, who appeared in behalf of Campbell, pointed out that the prisoner, who is 28 years of age, had been a young man of exemplary habits, and that he had never been guilty of an irregularity before: that the money taken had been restored, and that he had used it for the benefit of his family and had not been addicted to gambling or other vices. He asked that the sentence be commutated to two years, and that the prisoner be granted a parole. Mr. Crosby said he would be willing to reinstate Campbell in case the latter was paroled.

"While there may be extenuating circumstances about this case, it would be dangerous to set an example that would inspire young men with the idea that they might violate the law and, in case of being caught, they might submit to a sentence and secure a pardon," said Chief Justice Start. The application was then taken under advisement.

FREE CONSULTATION!

DR. CHAS. A. HOAG

Will be in Superior at
HOTEL SUPERIOR
Wednesday, April 13th, 1904. Office Hours—10:30 a. m. to 9 p. m.
And in Ashland, at the Commercial Hotel, Thursday, April 14, 1904.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with nervous debility, stupidness, or are otherwise unfitted for business or study, caused from youthful errors or excesses, you should consult this specialist at once. Don't delay until too late.

Middle-Aged and Old Mankind—There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success.

ALL DISEASES of a delicate nature—inflammation and kindred troubles—quickly cured without pain or inconvenience.

CATARRH which poisons the breath, stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption, also Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula, Dyspepsia, Diarrhoea, and all diseases of the stomach and bowels treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema, and Blood Poison, thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

LADIES Are you suffering from persistent Headache, Painful Menstruation, Uterine Displacements, Pains in Back, and feel as if it were impossible for you to endure your troubles and still be obliged to attend your household and social obligations. There are many women doing this today. However, a great many have taken treatment of this specialist, and he can refer you to those who have been cured by him. Give the doctor a call. He can give all the encouragement in the world and will cure you if you trust yourself to his care.

Address all letters to Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 6362 Minerva avenue, Chicago, Ill.

If you cannot call write for free question list.

IOWA STEEL RANGES

For Coal or Wood.

We sell on time. We guarantee every IOWA STEEL RANGE or refund your money. We take old stoves in exchange.

CASH OR CREDIT.

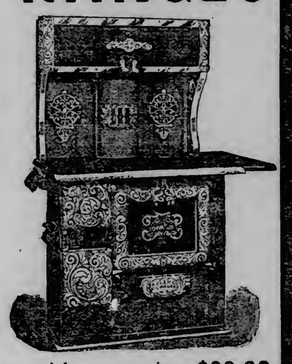
$1 Per Week Payments.

No. 8-17 Square	$26.00	No. 8-15 With Reservoir	$31.00
No. 8-19 Square	$28.00	No. 8-17 With Reservoir	$32.50
No. 9-17 Square	$27.00	No. 9-19 With Reservoir	$35.00
No. 9-19 Square	$29.00	No. 9-21 With Reservoir	$37.50
No. 9-21 Square	$31.00	High Closet	$6.00
High Set	$6.00		

IOWA JR. STEEL RANGES

FOR COAL OR WOOD.

Made in six different sizes and styles and guaranteed the same as our IOWA RANGES. A little smaller and not quite so ornamental as is why cheaper.



CASH OR CREDIT.

$1 Per Week Payments.

No. 8-15 Square	$17.50	No. 8-15 Sq., with reservoir	$22.00
No. 8-17 Square	$19.50	No. 8-17 Sq., with reservoir	$24.00
No. 8-19 Square	$20.00	No. 8-19 Sq., with reservoir	$27.00
No. 9-19 Square	$22.00		
High Closet	$5.00	High Closet	$5.00

KELLEY HDW. CO.

CONFESSES MURDER.

Aged Watchman Was Killed By Lawrence Gibson.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 12.—The mystery surrounding the murder of John Thomas, the aged night watchman at the Houston club of the university of Pennsylvania, Sunday evening, was cleared up yesterday by the arrest and confession of Lawrence Gibson, alias John Oakley, who was for a number of years employed as a utility man at Houston hall. Gibson is a West Indian negro, and says he is a native of Jamaica. He was arrested at his home early in the day, and denied all knowledge of the crime until late in the afternoon, when he broke down and confessed to the murder.

Self-defense is his plea. Gibson says he went to Houston hall to call on Thomas. The watchman, Gibson says, evidently mistook him for a thief and attacked him. In the struggle he unintentionally killed the old man.

The police do not believe the story. Superintendent of Police Quirk is of the opinion that revenge for being dismissed from Houston hall was the motive for the murder, although he has not entirely discarded the theory of robbery. Gibson, whose complexion is so light that he easily passed as a white man, misrepresented himself as a student at the university and married a young white woman three weeks ago. When the deception was discovered he was discharged from Houston hall. How he expected to get revenge and his reason for attacking the watchman the police decline to say.

The authorities say that Gibson is wanted in Jamaica for some offense.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

STOLE $5000.

Son of Great Bend, Kas., Postmaster In Trouble.

Nevada, Mo., April 12.—Edwin Griffith son of the postmaster of Great Bend, Kas., has been arrested here charged with stealing a registered package of $5000 which was sent by the Traders' bank of Kansas City to a banking house at Great Bend, on February 9. Griffith, who has confessed to the crime, was arrested last Friday, but the postoffice inspectors did not make that fact public until last night. Griffith was an employe of the Great Bend postoffice and he had access to the registered packages. After taking the $5000 he fled to El Paso, Texas. A letter in the Nevada office addressed to "Ed. Graham," known to be Griffith's alias, led to his arrest. An inspector went to El Paso and trailed Griffith to Carthage, Mo., and from there to Nevada, where Griffith came to meet a woman to whom he had given a large part of the money. The woman turned the money over to the inspector and her name was not divulged.

Griffith was taken to Carthage to appear before the United States commissioner. It is said another man, who is now in Colorado, is connected with the robbery and the inspectors are looking for him.

CURRENCY CONDITIONS

House Committee Prepares a Bill For Their Betterment.

Washington, April 12.—A report from the house committee on banking and currency recommending the passage of the bill "to improve currency conditions," was filed in the house yesterday by Chairman Fowler.

The first section of the bill repeals the law which prohibits customs receipts from being deposited in national banks. The result of the present law in this matter, the report says, is unnecessarily to tie up the money of the country. The report says that if states and municipalities should lock up the proceeds of local taxation as the national government locks up its receipts the effect would be disastrous, and yet there is as much reason for such a course in the one case as in the other.

The second section repeals the monthly three million dollar limit on bank note retirement. The report says the repeal of this restriction will give to the national bank note circulation all of the elasticity which it is possible for a bond secured circulation to have.

The re-coinage of silver dollars into subsidiary silver coins is provided in the third section of the bill. The limit of $100,000,000 as the total amount of subsidiary silver coin that can be in existence at any one time is repealed by this section. The report says that on July 1 next the bullion from which subsidiary coins may be made will be exhausted. There is in the treasury 578,012,039 silver dollars, or, says the report, according to Secretary Shaw, 500 carloads of 30 tons each. It would cost $109,030 to recount this money and the secretary says that it is worth in bullion less than half of its face value in dollars. It is this money that the bill proposes to recoin into subsidiary silver as rapidly as the secretary shall order. In this recoinage there is estimated a profit to the government of seven cents on each dollar.

Relief to the treasury department in its ability to meet the demand for small bills, owing to the manner in which present law limits their issuance, is sought to be remedied by the removal of these limitations. On this point the report says:

"It is probably true that the inability of the treasury to meet the demand for small bills, combined with the shortage in subsidiary coin in recent years, has compelled the retention of small bills in circulation until much of that form of money has become ragged and filthy and produced conditions which have fully justified the vigorous crusade for 'clean money,' which has been recently inaugurated. It is believed, however, that with the large discretion of this bill supplemented by an abundant supply of subsidiary coin, much of the cause for complaint will be removed.

"An ideal sanitary currency, however, can only be secured by the substitution of subsidiary coin for all one and two dollar bills and improved methods of redemption for paper money of denominations of $5 and upward."

THE MILLING BILL.

Action By Congress Has Been Postponed.

Washington, April 11.—Representative Stevens of St. Paul has practically given up hope of securing action even by the house at this session on his bill to permit the milling of Canadian wheat and the selling of by-products in the United States.

Chairman Payne has set his foot down against any attempts to bring out any legislation of the character at this session, putting it on the ground that it would be useless for the committee of the house to consider the matter, as it could not possibly pass the senate in the short time remaining before adjournment is expected.

Mr. Stevens is confident, however, that the committee is in favor of the proposition and that it is only necessary for the matter to be taken up and the report of Special Agent Chance read to induce the committee favorably to report the measure, and this he believes will be done at the next session of congress.

AUDIENCE WINS EASILY.

Memphis, Tenn., April 12.—The Tennessee Oaks at one mile, was an easy task for Capt. S. S. Brown's Audience. The filly took the lead at the quarter pole and galloped home without ever being headed. Jockey Halgerson, with his mount, had no occasion to urge the filly Audience, and had her under restraint to the wire. Lady Lavish finished second, in a fierce drive with Outwall.

TROUBLE WITH THE BURIATS.

New York, April 12.—Difficulty is being experienced by the government with the Buriats, the aboriginal inhabitants of Transbaikalia, according to a Times dispatch from Russian correspondents. The Buriats, who are Buddhists, are accustomed to a nomadic life and object to being organized into settled communities. Many have expressed a desire to emigrate to Mongolia, but the government has refused permission.

GIFT FOR EPISCOPAL CHAPEL.

New York, April 12.—Announcement has been made at a dinner of the Huguenot society, that Mrs. Edward King, of this city, has given $100,000 for the erection of a new Episcopal chapel as a part of the cathedral of St. John the Baptist, on Cathedral Heights. It is to be called the Huguenot chapel and will be the second in a series of seven. One chapel in the series already provided for and nearly finished is the gift of August Belmont, in memory of his mother. This chapel, it is understood has cost about $500,000. Work has been in progress on the cathedral for several years.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

We always put the best in it; you always get the best out of it. The kind all good doctors order.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

RISING BREAST And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

DESERTED BY JAP

Sad Romance of American Girl Who Married a Student.

Thought He Was Prince But He Was Plebeian Jap.

Boston, Mass., April 12.—Mrs. Irene Tyler Fuwa, a pretty American girl with fluffy blond hair and blue eyes, lives with her parents at Georgetown, Mass., with her little boy, a black-haired, beady eyed little Jap in a Buster Brown suit.

Eight years ago Irene eloped with a Japanese student at Howard university. She married him at Annapolis, thinking he was a Tokio prince of some kind and that she loved him. He deserted her. She followed him to Japan and discovered there the he was of humble origin and that he had grown tired of her and of all things American. So she returned to America.

That is the reason that Irene Tyler takes but passing interest in the craze for things Japanese that is now sweeping over the country. She knows all about kimonos, obis, plum blossoms, chrysanthemums and dwarf pine trees. She has lived in queer little houses like those on the wooded island at Jackson park. She has slept on queer mattress beds spread on the floor, sat on the floor, and eaten her meals at little individual lacquered tables. She knows all about Japan and the Japanese, but they interest her little now.

Irene Tyler was a college bred girl with a liking for things odd and quaint. In 1901 she left her home at Georgetown to accept a position as librarian at Howard university, at the national capital.

Tomotsu Fuwa, a good-looking young Jap, was a student at the university. It was supposed that he was an attache of the Japanese legation at Washington. But when the embassy was changed he said he preferred to remain in America to perfect his education.

Tomotsu Fuwa took to American ways with the characteristic readiness of the Japanese. He wore good American clothes. He spoke English fluently. He adapted himself to American social ways, and took a lively interest in everything American.

Finally Fuwa enrolled himself as a student in the law department, and thus became a frequent visitor to the library. There he met Irene Tyler, and she struck his fancy at once. He studied so hard and consulted so many books that he had to visit the library many times a day, and each time he lingered for a little chat with the pretty librarian.

It was not long before all the university knew that the Japanese law student had "serious intentions." Miss Tyler met him on equal terms. She went with him to social gatherings, walked with him in the groves and spacious grounds surrounding the university, went to lectures and concerts with him, and received him as a regular caller.

Then Irene began to talk to her girl friends that Japan was the ideal country of the world. She read up on Japanese history, gloried in the traditions of the shoguns, and grew enthusiastic over the stirring chapters of Japanese history, in which the mikado, who traced his ancestry back to the days before there were any almanacs, wrested the ancient scepter from the hands of the usurping shoguns, and returned in triumph to occupy the throne of the family of 14,000 years at Yeddo.

Everybody at Howard university knew how it would end. All knew that Irene Tyler believed Tomotsu Fuwa held a position of prominence under the government of the mikado. She even confided to some of her friends that he was a prince in disguise.

The members of the faculty tried to interfere. They told the infatuated girl that Tomotsu Fuwa had all the characteristics of an ordinary plebeian Jap, without and particular claim to genius. Their warning, however, only hastened the climax of the romance. In 1897 Irene Tyler resigned her position as librarian, went to Annapolis, and became Mrs. Tomotsu Fuwa.

She was proud of her husband—her Japanese prince in disguise—and took him to her parents' home for her honeymoon. Her parents were shocked, but accepted the Oriental son-in-law with what grace they could. The villagers did not approve of the Jap. He was coldly received everywhere. Finally he tired of living in a village, and one day kissed his wife and baby good-by and went home to Japan.

No word ever came to Georgetown, Mass., from Tokio. Mrs. Fuwa, however, with true American spirit, decided she would not be deserted. So she packed her trunks, took her baby and went to Japan.

There, after some search, she found her husband. He had lost all interest in things American. He had resumed native dress, habits and occupation, or, rather, indolence.

Mrs. Tomotsu Fuwa was compelled to earn her living for herself and her little boy in a strange land. She readily obtained a position as a teacher of English, and soon became contented and happy. Except while teaching, she lived as all Japanese women did, and the costumes and pretty country delighted her. In other ways, however, life in Japan was a disappointment, and last year Mrs. Fuwa returned to Georgetown, where she now lives with her parents. She is writing short stories of life in Japan, and declares that when her little boy Hamao—the name she gave her boy—is older she will recross the Pacific and make Japan her home.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Springfield, Ohio, April 11.—O. S. Kelly, millionaire manufacturer, died today aged 82. Mr. Kelly has been for years identified with the leading manufacturing interests in Springfield.

New York, April 11.—Jane Emily Searles Cogswell, wife of Gen. James Grant Wilson, the author is dead at her home in this city. She was a descendant of Mme. Bayard, a sister of Governor Peter Stuyvesant.

La Crosse, Wis., April 11.—Almanzo Eldred, aged 86, the first sheriff of La Crosse county, died today near West Salem.

Washington, April 11.—Acting Adjt. Gen. Hall is informed that Second Lieut. Harry Parshall, of the Twenty-second infantry, died at Marihui, Mindanao, on the 8th inst. of heart disease. Lieut. Parshall was a native of Wisconsin and was apointed from the ranks in February, 1901.

Concord, Mass., April 11.—Samuel Hoar, a distinguished lawyer and nephew of United States Senator George F. Hoar, died today of paralysis. He was 59 years old and for twenty years had been general counsel for the Boston & Albany railroad. Mr. Hoar also was an overseer of Harvard University. In 1902 he was prominently mentioned as successor to Justice Horace Gray as associate justice of the United States supreme court. A widow and two sons survive him.

SEVEN CANDIDATES

For California Rhodes Scholarship at Oxford.

University of California, April 11.—Seven candidates have offered themselves for examination in the competition for the first California Rhodes' scholarship at Oxford. According to the arrangements made between the University of California, Stanford university and the lesser colleges in the state, the first scholar will be chosen from Berkeley men entirely, the others getting their turns later. Of these candidates three are graduates and four under graduates. The examinations will take place April 13 and 14. The examination papers will be corrected at Oxford and from the successful contestants, President Wheeler will selete the individual entitled to enter Oxford.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY. As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by druggists, Price, 75 cents per Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PAPER MAKERS AT ODDS.

Contract of Members May Not Be Continued.

Appleton, Wis., April 11.—A conference of the paper manufacturers of the Fox River valley was held here today. It is said that the sentiments expressed indicated that there is much dissatisfaction in the ranks of the General Paper company. C. W. Howard is quoted as declaring that some of the members are working for their own interests to the disadvantage of the others. It is further said that when the contract among the members expires June 1, a disruption is among the possibilities. G. A. Whiting, of Neenah, is understood to be making efforts to restore peace.

THERE'S ENOUGH TO GO 'ROUND

FITGER BEER

DULUTH, MINN.

DULUTH REFRIGERATOR LINE NO 171

CARLOAD SHIPMENTS A SPECIALTY

DISMISSAL ASKED

Russia Objects to Japanese Instructors in the Chinese Army.

Failure to Dismiss May Be Considered Violation of Neutrality.

St. Petersburg, April 11.—The reports that M. Lessar, the Russian minister at Pekin, had made strong representations to the Chinese government on the subject of the Japanese officers with Gen. Mas' army, demandign the issuance of orders for their dismissal, are confirmed here. Russia regards their continued presence where they are as being a most serious threat to her. It is pointed out that without the consent of the Pekin government the Japanese officers who are with Gen. Mas, who is now north of the great wall, easily con obtain dominant influence over the Chinese troops and uset hem if the Japanese operations demand the creation of a diversion in Gen. Kuropatkin's rear, possibly resulting in cutting his communications.

If Gen. Kuropatkin is compelled in time of stress to meet a sudden and unexpected attack from this quarter, it might greatly embarrass him. While it is not stated that China's failure to comply with the Russian demands will be considered a violation of Chinese neutrality, this is believed to be the true account of the situation. It is added that Kuropatkin is disposing of 20,000 men where they will be available for use in the direction of the Chinese frontier, but no confirmation of this report is obtainable.

Paris, April 11.—A dispatch to the Temps from St. Petersburg today says some further exchanges of shots have occurred between the Russian and Japanese forces along the Yalu river.

Vice Admiral Makaroff, the dispatch adds, is inspecting the outlying defenses of Port Arthur.

Sebastopol, April 11.—The observance of Easter here was marked by a patriotic demonstration in honor of the arrival of the captain and other surviving members of the crew of the Russian gunboat Korietz. Vice Admiral Skrydloff, the commander of the Russian Black sea fleet, in handing them the crosses of St. George, compared their exploits to the heroic defense of the Russians at Sebastopol.

SCANDALS OF GERMAN ARMY

Told By a Book Which Is Confiscated By Police.

Berlin, April 11.—More sensational stories of the inside garrison life in the German army are exhaustively told in a military novel just published. The book is far more interesting than Lieut. Bolse's famous novel, and of course has created much of a sensation here.

The name of the author of the latest work was at first given as Baron von Schlicht, which everyone recognized as a pseudonym of Count von Baudissin, a former officer in the Prussian Guard regiment.

The work purported to reveal the private life and sentiments of the officers of one of the most select regiments of guards stationed in Berlin, all the officers of which belong to the German nobility.

It describes these noble officers as reveling in champagne, immorality and gambling, overburdened with debt, seeking to mend their broken fortunes by marrying solely for money, brutally maltreating their subordinates—as being, in fact, morally corrupt.

Of their intellectual abilities the author writes: "There is hardly any class in which the general education is of such a miserably low standard as among the lieutenants, who, I had almost said, cannot even read and write properly."

The book has an enormous sale, and was frequently referred to among the debates in the reichstag on the military budget last week.

Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, said in one of his speeches that if a third of the statements made in the book concerning the internal life of officers of the crack guard regiment were true, they "revealed a mass of corruption, depravity and immorality" no one had dreamt of.

He twitted the war minister with allowing such grave allegations made by an officer to pass unchallenged. Herr Bebel has gained his purpose, for, to the universal astonishment, the book was confiscated by the police and an action has been entered against the author. The consequence will undoubtedly be a court-martial, in which a grand array of officers and other witnesses will have to give sworn testimony concerning the facts, which are already an open secret, and the final result will be an increase of the Socialist votes as a protes againtt the corruption of the aristocracy.

Helps the Doctors.

Dr. C. L. Lawrence, Oakland, Cal. "Would not be without Orangeine; used $50 worth this year in over 100 different directions.

MONSTER OIL WELL STRUCK IN OHIO.

Upper Sandusky, Ohio, April 11.—A monster oil well has been struck on the farm of Albert Wright just south of this place. When the drill penetrated to the depth of nine feet in the sand, there was a terrific rush of oil that went in a solid column over the top of the derrick. It is estimated that in twenty-four hours the well flowed full 2000 barrels.

RACE FEELING HIGH.

Houston, Tex., April 11.—Reports from Waller county, near here, indicate that race feeling is high, owing to the murder near Hempstead of Tucker Pinckeny, brother of former Congressman John M. Pinckeny, of the Houston district. Pinckeny and a companion were riding by a negro church when they were fired upon.

DROP

A Postal FOR This Book FREE

Your health is your greatest blessing. Guard it as your life. Find out the truth about yourself, whether you are sick or well. Learn how to get well and keep well—and how to get well should you become ill. Poor health is the result of your failure to obey nature's laws. How can you obey these laws unless you know what they are? Do you suffer from headaches? Is your appetite poor? Do you lay awake at night? Are you nervous and irritable? Then you are on the down-road to poor health. Get on the up-road. Dr. McLean's book tells you how to regain lost health or to retain the health you have.

Dr. J. H. McLean has prepared many remedies to help those who suffer. One of them is

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

This remedy reaches the organs that are most susceptible to disease; the organs that must be kept in good working condition to secure good health for you. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm puts these organs in good order and keeps them so; makes them throw off disease germs; relieves untold suffering; brings health and strength to those who use it. At all druggists. $1.00 the bottle.

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

EDDY TOOK A SHOT

At Dunn In Regard to the Latter's Campaign Expenses.

Ex-Congressman Says He Is Still In Governorship Race.

St. Paul, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Former Congressman Frank M. Eddy of Glenwood, who returned yesterday from a ten-days' vacation at West Baden, Ind., took a shot at Robert C. Dunn, of Princton, by declaring that no Republican in Minnesota believes the statement of the Princeton candidate, in a recent letter to S. A. Langum, of Preston, to the effect that all he has spent so far in the gubernatorial campaign is the postage on the pamphlets issued by the Princeton Dunn club.

"I'll venture to say that no Republican in Minnesota who can read and write believes Mr. Dunn's statement that his campaign expenses have been confined to the postage on the pamphlets, setting forth his record as state auditor," said Mr. Eddy. "No one will believe that the Dunn managers and traveling agents are working for nothing and paying their own expenses. The expenses of Mr. Dunn's campaign are enormous."

Mr. Eddy declares he is still in the race and that he has as good a show as any of the gubernatorial candidates. He says that the mass of people in Minnesota have not taken sides yet in the gubernatorial campaign.

"The Republicans in the First congressional district who take their cue from Congressman Tawney have not lined up on the governorship," continued he. "Of course several of Tawney's friends, over whom the congressman has no political influence, may have taken sides, but those that are guided in their political action by Tawney have not yet announced themselves. The same is true of the supporters of Congressman McCleary, in the Second district. Only one congressman in the state, C. B. Buckman, in the Sixth district, has taken a definite stand on this question, although Congressman Davis of the Third district may be said to favor Dunn.

"I don't think that there will be any danger of a deadlock in the state convention. I am satisfied that the governor will be nominated at least on the third ballot. When there are more than 1000 delegates at a convention a deadlock is impossible. Deadlocks were very common years ago when small conventions were in vogue."

Mr. Eddy does not think it is impossible for William Henry Eustis, of Minneapolis, to be nominated.

"Some one has suggested that Mr. Eustis might be nominated by acclamation. This might turn out to be the case. I am not prepared to say that it is a wild dream. There is a long time before the county conventions, and there might develop a great deal of popular sentiment for Eustis in that time, so that the other candidates would withdraw from the race."

Speaking of the state convention and of the order of nominating state officers, Mr. Eddy said:

"In my opinion the judges of the supreme court, the railroad and warehouse commissioners and the attorney general should be nominated before the governor. The governor is the least important office to be filled, with the exception of the state treasurer and the secretary of state, who are merely clerks. I'll venture to say that I can find in every city and village in Minnesota having more than 600 inhabitants at least one man who would make a good governor, better than some we have had. There are very few lawyers in the state that would make good justices of the supreme court; there are not many more that would be good attorney generals, and it is hard to find a man qualified for railroad and warehouse commissioner. These are the offices that the people are really interested in. Every time a man ships a pound of freight he is affected by a ruling of the railroad and warehouse commissioners."

* * *

Daniel Lawler, of St. Paul, does not consider seriously the mention of his name for the Democratic nomination for governor.

"I ran for governor twelve years ago, and I think that is enough for one man," said Mr. Lawler. "The first time it appeared to me that I am getting old was when I read a notice in one of the country papers calling me an old warhorse. Of course it is a compliment to be mentioned in this connection, but I am not a candidate."

* * *

Representative J. O. Haugland, of Montevideo, who was noted for his advocacy of tax reform measures in the last house, was in St. Paul yesterday. He does not believe that M. J. Dowling, of Olivia, will run for congress against Congressman August Volstead in the Seventh district.

"Chippewa county is divided on the question of the governorship," said Mr. Haugland. "I do not think that Mr. Eddy is as strong in the county as either Dunn or Collins."

* * *

Gen. Gus Widell, of Mankato, delegate to the Republican national convention from the Second congressional district and formerly mentioned for the nomination for secretary of state against Peter E. Hanson, of Litchfield, was in the city yesterday.

"I don't think that Congressman McCleary will have any opposition for a renomination," said Mr. Widell. "Former Senator H. J. Miller, of Luverne, has been talked of, but I do not believe that he will get in the race."

OLD MAN TAKES POISON

On Golden Anniversary of His Wedding.

New York, April 11.—Patrick Barry, 72 years old, the father of seventeen children, celebrated his golden wedding Saturday by drinking carbolic acid. Then he repented and walked to Bellevue hospital. He said he had had a quarrel with his wife. The family was to have had a reunion Saturday night, but it was postponed. He may recover.

Barry lived with his wife, Elizabeth, nearly as old as he, at No. 294 Third avenue. A cab driver, he has been so rheumatic of late that he could not drive, and despondency and the quarrel upset him. The old man put on his best clothing, took 25 cents and went out. He had himself shaved, and he bought 10 cents' worth of carbolic acid. He then drank the poison.

"It burned a little more than I thought it would, and I thought it better to come down here," he said on reaching Bellevue. He sat down for a while, then went to the reception room and told the doctor he had drunk carbolic acid. He was immediately pumped out.

Every time he thought of the quarrel with his wife he would say: "Quarreled with the old lady," and cry. He talked of his children and counted them up on his fingers, naming them all to get the right number, which, he said, was seventeen. He said fourteen are living, all in New York.

HERMIT LIES DYING.

Where Will All His Money Go?

Des Moines, Iowa, April 11.—Isaiah Shower, a man of mystery, who has lived for years near Traer, and is said to be worth $100,000, is on his deathbed, stricken with paralysis, and much speculation is rife as to what will become of his belongings. He has only distant relatives, and these, he has vowed, shall never touch his money. He has made a will, but its contents are unknown.

For years Shower has lived the life of a hermit, cooking his own meals. He has never been married and has ever shunned the society of women. It is rumored he gained his eccentricities through an unfortunate love affair early in youth. He owns 700 acres of valuable land near Traer, and is said to hold heavily in government bonds. He has never confided in banks, and is reputed to have hidden his gold upon his land.

STRIKE SITUATION GRAVE.

Latrobe, Pa., April 11.—The miners' strike situation is assuming grave proportions. Sheriff Treschoe came to Latrobe today and is placing additional deputies on guard. The strikers yesterday decided to continue the strike. A raid had been planned on the plants at Dorothy and Latrobe of the Connellsville company, but was abandoned. Over 3500 men are out.

STRIKER KILLED.

Rochester, Pa., April 11.—As an outcome of the strike at the Rochester Tumbler plant last night, Frank Johnson, a union glassworker, was killed by Joseph Dinler, a private detective employed by the plant. Dinler is in jail, charged with murder. Two other officers are held as accessories to the crime.

IMMENSE STRUCTURE COLLAPSES.

Lack of Proper Support During Construction Given as Cause.

There is no structure as great as a perfect man. When his constitution collapses there is indeed a cause to blame. In many cases the fact is due to a failure to use such things as Mormon Bishop's Pills. These pills remove the sluggishness that so often ruins a constitution. Mormon Bishop's Pills act as a laxative as well as a general system tonic. They are among the greatest of vitalizers, restoring manhood by a process so natural that the patient feels every fiber of his body improving at the same time.

SYRUP OF FIGS

To sweeten, To refresh, To cleanse the system, Effectually and Gently;

Dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated; For men, women and children;

There is only one Genuine Syrup of Figs; to get its beneficial effects

Acts best on the kidneys and liver, stomach and bowels;

Always buy the genuine—Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

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The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co.—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

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"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

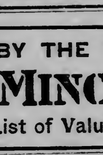
Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Prematureness, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every tissue. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50 CENTS. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee to cure or refund money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

THE BEST BY THE TEST.

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.



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produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address Traymer Building, ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

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WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for wrong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at E. P. Boros, druggist, 320 West Superior st., Duluth.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Bldg., New York.

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BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ANOTHER SLUMP

Bullish Government Report Fails to Stimulate Wheat Market.

Northwest Leads In Bearish Sentiment—Foreign Markets Dull.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 12.—Wheat seemed to be absolutely without sustaining power today. In spite of a government report that was generally taken as bullish showing a condition nearly 4 points below what had been looked for, the market had the sharpest slump of any day since the break began. There were pretty good buying orders at the start, but the offerings quickly supplied them and the market fell off steadily. The Northwest led in the decline and the bearish feeling seemed to orighnate there. A letter from one of the leading Minneapolis millers received this morning said that half the mills there are closed and the other half will be in a very few days unless there is an improvement in the trade.

Exporters sold four loads of Manitoba wheat for shipment abroad, but the foreign tone is very poor. A cable from the United Kingdom this morning said, "market so dull we cannot sell."

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ½d lower, London 5s@6s3d higher, Paris and Antwerp unchanged. Buda Pest ½@1d lower and Berlin ¾c lower.

The decline in the Duluth market was 1¾c in May and 1¾c in July, in Chicago 1c in May and 1¼c in July, in Minneapolis 1¾c in May and 1¾c in July, in New York 2¼c in May and 1⅞c in July.

In Northwestern markets the buying of September and selling of July has been a popular spread with a few and they are reaping the reward of their confidence. This morning in the Duluth market there was a cent profit in that spread.

Car receipts at Duluth were 39 cars against 9 last year, and at Minneapolis 87 against 62 a year ago, making a total for the Northwest of 126 against 71 a year ago. Chicago received 28. Winnipeg receipts were 261 against 188 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 581,000 bus., last year 362,000 bus. Shipments 265,-966 bus., last year 356,555 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour agregated 220,496 bus. Bradstreet reported an increase of 1,719,000 bus in the world's available supply.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d lower. In the Chicago market May corn closed ⅞c lower. May oats closed 1⅜c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 392,000 bus., last year 325,000 bus. Shipments 262,908 bus., last year 628,072 bus. Clearances of corn were 42,011 bus. Bradstreets reported a decrease of 231,000 bus. in the world's visible supply.

Trading in the Duluth market was not brisk and in the latter part of the session prices fell away rapidly. The opening price in the May option was ¼c higher at 93⅝c and it fell off to 92½c at 10:10. It rallied to 93c in the next half hour and then fell steadily to 91⅞c at which price it closed. This was a loss of 1¾c. The July option lost 1⅞c and closed at 91¾c. September on the other hand was only ⅞c lower, closing at 81½c.

Cash offerings were very light and the same basis prevailed. May price for No. 1 northern and 2½c under for No. 2.

Flax was dull and held all morning unchanged from yesterday and closed at the same figures.

Oats lost ¾c and rye fell 1½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 93c; No. 1 northern, 91½c; No. 2 northern, 88c; No. 1 northern, 86c; No. 1 hard, 93c; No. 1 northern, 91½c; No. 2 northern, 98c; macaroni, No. 1, 86c; No. 2, 84c; May, 91½c; July, 91¾c; September, 81½c; May, 81½c; July, 81¾c. Flax, in store, $1.15¼; to arrive, $1.15¼; May, $1.16; July, $1.17⅜; October, $1.19. Oats, on track, 38¼c; to arrive, 38¾c. Rye, on track, 65¼c; to arrive, 66½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 39; last year, 9; oats, 5; rye, 1; barley, 6; flax, 35; last year, 26.

Receipts—Wheat, 22,167; oats, 1224; barley 6174; rye, 651; flax, 27,204.

Shipments—None.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars, to mills	$0.94
No. 1 northern, 1 car	92½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	90¾
No. 2 northern, 5000 bus	90¼
Rejected, 1 car	77½
Oats, on track, No. 3	36
Flax, 7000 bus	1.15¼
Flax, 6 cars	1.15¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Government Crop Report Gave Wheat Added Strength.

Chicago, April 12.—The government crop report showing more deterioration in the condition of winter wheat than had been anticipated was the main element of strength in the wheat pit today. The opening was firm, with July 1⅝@1¾c to 1⅝@⅝c higher at 87c to 87⅛c. The market later declined on realizing sales, July receding to 86⅞c, but rallied again to 87⅜c. Receipts at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth were 154 cars, against 197 cars last week and 168 cars a year ago.

The market turned decidedly weak during the latter part of the day, under the influence of a severe break in corn prices. A large increase in the world's available stocks also caused considerable selling and added the downward tendency. The market closed with prices at the low point, July being down 1⅜@1½c at 85¾@⅞c.

General selling on improved weather conditions was responsible for a weak tone in corn. The market opened firm in sympathy wit hwheat, July being up 1⅛@⅜c to 1⅛@⅜c at 51⅛c to 51⅝c. Realizing sales met with little demand and in consequence prices declined, July selling off to 50¾c. Local receipts, 219 cars, with 43 of contract grade.

Sales by the leading long of nearly a million bushels of July caused a sharp reaction in corn prices, July declined to 49½c, but rallied slightly on covering, the close being at 49¾c, a net loss of 1½c.

Oats followed the trend of the corn market. There was very little demand and a slight opening advance was soon lost. Initial quotations on July were up ⅛c to ¼c at 37⅜c to 37⅝c. Later the price settled back to 37½c. Receipts were 151 cars.

Provisions were firm on an active demand by pit traders with only light offerings. July pork opened unchanged to 5c higher at $12.45 to $12.50, and advanced to $12.52½. Lard was up 2½@5c at $6.67½@6.70 for the July option, with ribs unchanged to 2½c up at $6.52½.

Close: Wheat—May, 87⅝c; July, 85½@⅝c; old, 86¾@87c; September, 80⅝c; old, 81¼c. Corn—April, 51⅝c; May, 52c; July, 49¾c; September, 48⅝@49c. December, 44¼c. Oats—May, 37⅝@37c; July, 36⅞@37c; September, 31⅝c. Pork—May, $12.20; July, $12.35. Lard—May, $6.50; July, $6.50. Ribs—May, $6.35; July, $6.50. Rye—May, 69c; July, 66c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.16; S. W., $1.08; May, $1.19. Timothy—April, $2.85. Clover—April, $11.60. Barley—Cash, 32@37c. Cash wheat—2 red, $1.06@1.02; 3 red, 95c@$1.00; 2 hard, 92@95c; 3 hard, 89@95c; 1 northern, 96c@$1.00; 2 northern, 95c; 1 northern, 96c@$1.00; 2 northern, 90@98c; 3 spring, 88@97c. Corn—2, 52@55c; 3, 46@50c. Oats—2, 38¼@39c; 3, 36@½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	....92⅜N	94⅞	94½	96⅜-⅞
High	.... 93⅜	94⅞	95⅛	96⅞
Low	.... 91⅛B	92⅜-⅝	92⅝	95⅛
Close	.... 91⅝B	92⅜-¼	92⅞	95¼-A
Close 11th	....93¼	94½-⅝	93⅞	96⅜
July—				
Open	.... 93¼A	94½	87⅛	92¼-⅜
High	.... 93¼	94⅝	87⅝	92¼-⅜
Low	.... 91⅜B	92¾-⅞	85½-⅝B	90⅞-¾
Close	.... 91⅜B	92⅝	85¾-⅞B	91¼-⅜
Close 11th	....93¼	94¼-⅝	86¾-⅞	91¾

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	....38⅝	52¼@53⅜	$12.42
High	....38⅝	53¼	12.47
Low	....37⅝	51½	12.15
Close	....37⅞	52	$12.20

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 12.—Wheat, spot quiet; 1 California 7s 1½d; futures easy; May, 6s 6¼d; July, 6s 6¼d. Corn, spot American mixed, new, steady; 4s 3d; American mixed, old, firm, 4s 7½@4s futures quiet; May, 4s 4½d; July, nominal.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 12.—Close: Wheat—May, 95¼c; July, 96⅝c; September, 83⅝c. Corn—May, 55c; July, 54½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 12.—Close: Wheat—May, 92⅝c; July, 92⅜c; September, 81½c. On track, No. 1 hard, 94⅝c; No. 1 northern, 93⅝c; No. 2 northern, 91½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

The monthly report by the department of agriculture giving the condition of winter wheat, a brief resume of which appeared in The Herald yesterday, gave the following averages for the principal states of the winter wheat section:

States—	April 1, 1904.	April 1, 1903.	April 1, 1902.	10 yrs. Ave.
Kansas	78	97	73	83
Missouri	81	96	91	84
California	92	98	93	87
Indiana	66	97	81	79
Nebraska	81	96	93	78
Ohio	76	97	82	87
Illinois	83	98	90	81
Pennsylvania	74	100	82	85
Oklahoma	66	96	97	92
Texas	93	98	97	82
Tennessee	73	98	60	86
Michigan	78	95	85	86
United States	76.5	97.3	87.7	84.1

Chicago Record-Herald: Wheat last week closed 1⅜c to 2c lower than the Saturday previous, but considerably over the low point of the week. There was some relief to the Southwestern drought, but there was unseasonable weather in the Northwest and some improvement of a late season in there. The effect of the improvement in the winter wheat belt toward the close of the week was partly offset by anxiety in regard to seeing of the spring wheat.

The receipts were some larger than either the week before or than last year, and the principal buying was at Minneapolis. There was a little better export total, but it was much under last year. The Argentine shipments were large, and so were the Australian, and the world's shipments this week are expected to be the largest of the season, notwithstanding the small amount from this side. The price is getting no help from the other side.

There has been a let-up in the milling demand. The Minneapolis operators are not running full. The cash wheat attests the lower demand, the No. 1 northern now selling at May price.

The speculative position is not a clear one. At times it has appeared as if there was important buying of July, and at other times as if there was no bull leadership. There has probably been some support for wheat to affect corn. Country stocks are small. No one can decide as yet how much new wheat will be available in July, and the merit of the July price depends on that. There is an inclination on the part of the conservatives to get in to September and to try the long side around 8c.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market has been a disappointment to holders and closed at about lowest point of the day. The bullish government report brought in a good many buying orders this morning but long wheat was on tap from the start and market yielded under liberal offerings. There was an absence in the cash demand here and the seaboard reported nothing in the way of an export business. Foreign news was against the market. There was a good deal of selling by local bulls who bought yesterday. The selling was so general, the long interest in the market must have been materially reduced and it seems to us purchases on any further break should yield moderate profits at least.

Corn—There has been a good deal of selling pressure in July and it is believed to be for the May longs. The bull leaders at times gave the market open support, but there was July corn for sale pretty much all day through several prominent commission houses. Private houses continue to turn out a fair quantity of contract corn and the arrivals are much better in quality. The improved weather and the weakness in wheat helped along and the decline. There is still a great deal of confusion as to what the intentions of the bull leaders are, and until something definite happens we look for a highly nervous market.

Oats—Oats have ruled weak and closed at a sharp decline from last night's figures. The better weather was the depressing influence and there was a good deal of selling for outside account. About the only support given the market was buying by shorts and at the moment it looked as if some lower prices are likely before liquidation runs its course.

Provisions—Market is a shade lower. There is considerable long stuff throwa on the market by brokers, who usually act for one of the leading packers. Liquidation has been thorough and after such a severe decline we are inclined to the opinion that a [illegible]

We would not sell provisions for the time being, at least.

Chicago Record-Herald: There was a rumor from a very good source yesterday that the Armour people have chartered vessel room of the Steel fleet for 3,000,000 bus No. 2 corn. "I cannot talk about the matter," said A. I. Valentine, and neither will I confirm or deny it." There were some good reasons for believing yesterday that huge orders for corn had been closed with the agent of the Cleveland firms.

The offers of corn from Nebraska has dried up. The houses here which has had more Nebraska corn than any other. Pope-Eckhard says the Nebraska offerings have about ceased. The other concerns which have had the Nebraska movement, Nye-Jenks and others, say the same thing.

"The wheat market is sluggish," says J. H. Templeton, "but very nervous. Everybody who needs to buy wheat knows the present prices are largely nominal. Stocks are being depleted. Every time you go for a line of wheat you knew was in existence you find it gone. The stocks are exceedingly small, and anything that would stir the price, or cause trouble or alter confidence would find the situation very critical."

There was a rather exciting incident in corn yesterday in the last hour. It looked as if those prominent on the bear side thought they would give the corn crowd a little dose before the close of the market a test. Patten, Bryant and Bryant and Bartlett in the pit together and began offering July and May.

Valentine turned up and took 50,000 bus of May corn from Frazier at 49½c and bid 49¾c for more, but could get no more at that price against any body at any instant and no one has yet turned up that can offer enough corn to disturb the market. Valentine said: "I expect to see May oats sell at 35c or lower," says a prominent local. "The point is who is right in the deductions. There are almost 4,000,000 bus more in the visible than a year ago."

Kansas City wires: I get it from good authority that 50 per cent of the Northwestern counties in Kansas is already going to spring crops. They raised 28,000,000 bus. wheat last year.

Minneapolis: The Northwest outlook is discouraging. The largest farmers in North Dakota say that little seeding will be done before May 1, a month late. In Manitoba the situation seems worse. Much land is frozen, snows cover the ground which is frozen.

B. E. Baker's grain letter: Wheat—The bulk of wheat today was a duplicate of course of wheat yesterday. It is a rare experience quite common on a day like this. lowing a bullish government report. The market opened higher but speculators did not seem to enthuse on the bull side and those already long let go their holdings. As the course grain became more general, weak liquidation became more general, values gradually declining until the close. Cash news was weak while the sentiment influences both kinds.

No. 1 northern under the May or here was offered ½c under the May or 1¼c decline from top premiums a week ago. Duluth reported a weak cash situation. The Northwest is getting much more favorable weather condition and more favorable weather is forecast. The higher temperature are forecast. The country is still pretty wet and it will be some days before farmers can get into the fields. The southern part of South Dakota seeding of both wheat and oats is well along. In the sections of Southwest where the crop is growing considered in the most critical condition the there is no moisture. Bradstreets figures there is a selling motive. Flour news was rather bearish and the Modern Miller says the unsold flour stocks of China and Japan are very large. The Liverpool market closed practically unchanged. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 10 cars.

Corn—All indications point to heavy liquidation of July corn by the bull party today. On the ½c opening advance commission houses sold heavily, and this was assumed to be for Armour & Co., a ½c decline resulting, which the market broke nervous at a fractional reaction. Open selling by Armour again started the market downward.

There is no improvement in the weather cash sign of improvement in the weather cash situation. Receipts were liberal and included forty-two cars of contract. Thirty-nine cars of the same quality were made yesterday. The cash market was unchanged. Liverpool was ½ lower at the close. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 115 cars.

Oats—May oats began running away from the contract stock this morning, and the market ruled very weak. Liquidation was general and the May at one time sold at July prices. Armour & Co. sold July on the decline. The September was relatively strong. Weather conditions throughout the belt are better adapted to field operations. New York reported the demand "dead" and stocks in the East sufficient until the opening of navigation. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 85 cars.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, April 12, 1904:

STATIONS—	Weather.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall inches.
Alexandria	Clear	42	24	.0
Campbell	Clear	36	26	.0
Crookston	Cloudy	36	28	.0
Detroit City	Clear	36	24	.04
Grand Meadows	Clear	42	24	.04
Minneapolis	Clear	40	28	.08
Montevideo	Clear	38	26	T
New Ulm	Pt cldy	40	30	.10
Park Rapids	Cloudy	54	20	.04
Winnebago City	Cloudy	40	20	T
Devils Lake	Cloudy	36	28	.0
Langdon	Cloudy	38	24	.0
Larimore	Cloudy	36	28	.0
Pembina	Cloudy	36	28	.0
Aberdeen	Pt cldy	40	26	.0
Milbank	Clear	34	26	.0
Mitchell	Cloudy	46	24	.0
Redfield	Pt cldy	44	24	.01
Bismarck	Cloudy	36	26	.02
Duluth	Clear	33	15	.02
Huron	Cloudy	42	24	.0
La Cresse	Clear	42	32	.06
Moorhead	Clear	36	24	.0
Pierre	Clear	44	24	.0
St. Paul	Clear	40	24	.04
Winnipeg	Pt cldy	38	24	T

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note: The average maximum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Freezing temperatures prevail in districts north from Colorado, Kansas and Missouri.

Fair weather was the rule in the Central valleys and Northwest.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.

FIRE AT BUFFALO.

Buffalo, April 12.—The car barn and paint shop of the International Traction company, at Cold Springs, together with a number of cars, were burned today. The loss is estimated at $100,000, covered by insurance.

B. E. BAKER, STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.

307 Board of Trade. Private Wires. 318 St. Louis Hotel Bldg.

MEMBERS:

Chicago Board of Trade. Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce. Duluth Board of Trade.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street.

Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both 'Phones.

We Are Headquarters For

Arizona Copper Stocks

PAINE, WEBBER & CO.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

328 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

COE COMMISSION CO. (Incorporated)

Capital and Surplus, $600,000.

DEALERS IN

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

REFERENCES—196 State and National Banks and Commercial Agencies. 16 Branch Offices. General Office: New York Life Bldg., Minneapolis.

H. E. GOOCH, Correspondent, 220 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

S. T. WELCH. H. E. GOOCH.

S. T. WELCH & CO.

Members Duluth Board of Trade.

BANKERS—BROKERS

'Phones—Bell, 1131; Zenith, 1466.

104-105 Palladio Building.

Grain - Provisions - Stocks

Arizona Copper Stocks a Specialty

Private Wires to all Markets.

TRADING IN STOCKS

Market Opened Steady and Strong With Good Buying.

Break on Attorney General's Appearance In Merger Case.

New York, April 12.—Prices of stocks today opened a fraction lower than last night ignoring the higher range in London. The government report on the winter wheat crop was the depressing influence. Four thousand shares of United States Steel preferred sold at an extreme advance of ¼ but immediately ran off to a fraction below last night. The general dealings were not large.

General buying set in after the initial heaviness. Conspicuous bidding for St. Paul, Union Pacific and Sugar, under which the last named advanced 1⅜, contributed to the recovery elsewhere. Selling orders were encountered again and the market receded. Brooklyn Transit and Copper sold down to the lowest, but the general market held better. Consolidated Gas lost 1⅜ and Metropolitan Securities and Wabash preferred gained 1. Union Pacific was run up to 99⅝, where heavy offerings were met, carrying the price back to 89, and the whole list to a fraction below last night. Amalgamated Copper and Rock Island preferred lost 1 and Realty preferred 1⅝ and the preferred 2. Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis preferred and Keokuk & Des Moines rose 2. United States Steel second 5s were heavily dealt in. One block of $460,000 was sold at 7½. After touching 75⅝ the price fell back. The bond market was irregular.

Bull opposition presented itself to the selling after 12 o'clock. Losses reached a point in Atchison, Louisville and Nashville, Baltimore & Ohio, Rock Island, Missouri Pacific and Metropolitan Street Railway. Offerings diminished toward 1 o'clock, but there were no recoveries of consequence. Scarcely any interruption occurred in the gradual decline of prices in the late session. Pressure was more acute in some stocks than in others, but all the representative stocks averaged nearly a point lower. Pennsylvania, Reading, Southern Pacific, Union Pacific and United States Steel preferred were prominent in the downward movement. The latter fell 1¼ and Union Pacific preferred a point. Selling was renewed in the final dealings, carrying Missouri Pacific, St. Paul and Tennessee Coal & Iron into the list of one-point losers. Union Pacific slumped suddenly to 86 and the closing was weak at the lowest of the day.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	51⅝	50	50
American Sugar	128	127¼	127¾
Anaconda	80⅛	78¾	79⅝
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	75¼	73⅝	73⅞
do pfd	94⅜	93	93
Baltimore & Ohio	91⅝	89¼	89¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	48⅜	46⅞	46⅞
Canadian Pacific	117⅝	116⅜	116⅞
Chesakeape & Ohio	33⅜	32⅜	33
Chicago & Alton	38	38	38
Chicago, Great Western	17⅜	16½	16½
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	146	144⅜	144⅝
Chi. Rock Island & P.	24⅜	25⅞	25⅞
Chi. Rock Island pfd	67	65½	65½
Colorado Fuel & Iron	33½	32¼	32¼
Colorado Southern	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜
Denver & Rio Grande	22	22	22
Duluth, S. S. & A	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝
Erie	27⅜	26⅜	26⅜
Erie 1st pfd	64	63	64
General Electric	135¾	134¼	135½
Illinois Central	149½	150	149½
Iowa Central	19⅛	16¾	16⅞
Louisville & Nashville	140¾	140	140
Manhattan Elevated	147	145¾	145¾
Metropolitan St. Ry.	117	115¾	115¾
Mexican Central	9½	7⅞	7⅞
Mo. Pac. & S. Ste. M.	52¾	61	61
Mo. Pacific	94⅝	93⅜	93⅜
N. Y. Central	118⅝	117	117
Pennsylvania	119¾	119¾	117
Pressed Steel Car	45¾	44½	44⅝
Reading	77⅝	77	77
Republic Steel & Iron	50⅝	49⅜	49⅜
Southern Pacific	22⅝	22¼	22¼
Southern Railway	41	39¾	39¾
Tennessee Coal & Iron	24⅝	24½	24½
Texas Pacific	88⅞	86¾	86¾
Union Pacific	7	7	7
United States Leather	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
United States Steel	62⅛	60¾	60¾
do pfd	93	93¼	93¼
Wabash	18⅞	18½	18½
Wisconsin Central	41⅞	41	41
do pfd			
Northern Securities	98½ bid; 99 asked.		

The total sales were 469,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Our market opened strong. It eased off on profit taking with traders working to uncover stop orders. The announcement of the settlement of the Rock Island suit had no effect on the stocks. The tone of the market was weak, but altogether it did not act badly. No change in money conditions and nothing new regarding gold shipments. We still see nothing in the situation to warrant anything but a speculative set-back and believe good railroad stocks and Steel bonds should be picked up on all dips.

* * *

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Amalgamated directors meet April 21 to take action on dividend. It is stated on authority which is practically official that dividend rate will remain unchanged.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: In the last four weeks extreme advances have been made of 18 points in Union Pacific, 12 in Atchison, 12 in Southern Pacific, 11 in Atchison, 10 in Southern Pacific, 11 in Atchison, 12 in St. Paul and 15 in Northern Pacific. Under these circumstances it is no wonder less there has been some great change for the better in conditions, this in itself would have been an extremely good reason for selling stocks. There has been no such change. The latest railroad reports for the first week of April are uniformly bad, bank clearances show heavy decreases and failures increase. The nominating conventions are now less than three months away. I do not speak of the government crop report, because I think it is too early in the season to get frightened about crops. It will probably have some sentimental effect. I strongly favor selling stocks on all strong spots. Yesterday Brooklyn Rapid Transit, a stock which has gone from 30 to 140 and back again without ever paying a dividend, was the market leader. This in itself is enough to frighten the bulls.

* * *

Randolph to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market held generally strong during the first two hours of trading this morning and as heretofore one or two stocks were taken hold of and marked up to favor distribution elsewhere. There seemed to be pretty good general selling throughout the list, however, and in the afternoon the general market showed the effects of profit-taking and began to sag off. Declines of 1 point from the high prices were quite general in the active stocks. Just before the close it was announced that Attorney General Knox had handed a notice to the court in St. Paul objecting to the proposed intervention of the Harriman interests in the Northern Securities case. The attorneys for the Hill interest also received an intimation from Judge Sanborn to the effect that the court might be appealed to on the presumption that the Hill interests are ready to launch another holding corporation on the public. The effect of this announcement caused a sharp and severe break in Union Pacific which spread to a considerable extent throughout the entire list so that the market closed weak at bottom prices.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.

DEALERS IN

STOCKS—GRAIN—PROVISIONS

MAIN OFFICE:

Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Branch Office: 310 Board of Trade Building, Duluth.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	50	50⅛
Adventure	2¼	2⅝
Atlantic	8¼	8½
Allouez	4⅞	5
Arcadian	49c	50c
Elm River	2⅝	2½
Bingham	22⅝	23½
Copper Range	43¾	43⅞
Centennial	20½	20⅞
Calumet & Hecla	465	470
Calumet & Pittsburg	30	35
L. S. & Pittsburg	150	158
Isle Royale	7⅝	8
Mass	4	4½
Michigan	5	5½
Mohawk	42¾	43⅛
Mayflower	50c	75c
Mercur Con.	53c	59c
National	....	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	58	59
Phoenix	1¾	2
Parrott	25	25½
Quincy	85	85
Rhode Island	1	1¼
Santa Fe	1¾	2
Franklin	7⅞	8⅜
Tamarack	....	98
Trinity	4¼	4½
Tennessee Copper	31	33
U. S. Mining	33¾	34
U. S. Oil	2⅝	2⅝
Victoria	20⅝	20¾
Wolverine	96⅝	98¾
Wyandot	3¼	3½
Winona	....	55
Daly-West	72	73
Greene Con.	75c	$1.00
Calumet & Bisbee	6¾	7
Pittsburg & Duluth	23¼	24
Union Land	16	15½
Junction	....	97¼
	25	29

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co., says: Today's reactions did not bring any flurry of selling. There was practically no pressure of stocks at the low prices and seems to be the best opinion that quotations wont work off much further. We would rather buy good stocks than sell them at this level. There is nothing new in the situation. A news service states that the Stanton group of mines are sold out up to the end of April at 13¼ cents. One company reports a sale for June delivery. The coppers are acting well and should share in the next market rally.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 12.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 1 point to a decline of 3 points, most of the active months being lower under pressure from the bears bear element in spite of the better cables, continued light receipts and private advices claiming that the weather in the cotton belt continued too in some sections of the south to promote the growth of early planted cotton. There was some buying here for the account of Liverpool interests, however, New Orleans also seemed to be sending a few buying orders, and soon after the call offerings becoming less aggressive, prices rallied 7 points on last of one-point losers. Union Pacific slumped suddenly to 86 and the closing was weak at the lowest of the day.

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Wabash	18⅞	18½	18½
Wisconsin Central	41⅞	41	41
do pfd			
Northern Securities	98½ bid; 99 asked.		

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 12.—Money on call easy at 1½@1¾ per cent; closing bid, 1½; offered at 1¾. Time loans easy; sixty days, 2¼ per cent; ninety days, 2¾; six months, 3@3½. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.30@4.87.35 for demand and at $4.84.85@$4.87.30@4.87.35 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84.70@4.85 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84¾@4.85. Silver, 53¾c. Mexican dollars, 43c. Bar silver, 53¾c. Mexican dollars, 43c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 12.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $222,990,-—88. Working balance, $114,851,658; silver, $17,914,124; U. S. notes, $5,463,796; treasury notes of 1890, $76,921; national bank notes, $1,386,273; total receipts this month, $16,007,374; total receipts this year, $426,690,123; total expenditures this day, $1,700,069; total expenditures this month, $21,202,334; total expenditures this year, $421,203,334; deposits in national banks, $168,336,918.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 12.—Cattle receipts, 3500; market steady; good to prime steers, $5.25@5.75; poor to medium, $3.75@4.90; stockers, $2.75@4.25; cows, $2.00@4.30; heifers, $2.25@4.50; canners, $2.00@2.40; bulls, $2.00@4.00; calves, $2.50@6.25; Texas steers, $4.00@4.65.

Hogs receipts today, 10,000; tomorrow, 25,000; market steady to strong; mixed and butchers, $5.00@5.55; good to choice heavy, $5.30@5.35; rough heavy, $4.95@5.20; light, $4.75@5.15; bulk of sales $5.05@5.20.

Sheep receipts, 15,000; market steady; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.35; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.60; Western sheep, $3.95@5.65; native lambs, $4.25@5.95; Western lambs, $6.00@6.45.

CONDITION OF CROPS

As Shown By Weather Bureau's Weekly Summary.

Washington, April 12.—The Weather Bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

"As a whole the weather conditions during the week ending April 11, were not favorable for farming operations in the principal agricultural districts east of the Rocky mountains, being unseasonably cold in the central valleys and Southern states with too much moisture over the middle gulf states and a large part of the central valleys. More favorable conditions prevailed in the middle and south Atlantic states and the Rocky mountain states. In the northern and central districts east of the Rocky mountains the season is from one or two weeks later than usual.

Some corn has been planted in Missouri and as far north as central Kansas and as a large acreage of fall-plowed ground is ready for seeding in Iowa. The least favorable reports respecting winter wheat are received from the states of the Ohio valley, the crop having sustained much damage from overflows in Indiana and Illinois and portions of Ohio and also in Michigan. A considerable acreage in Indiana and Ohio will be plowed up for other crops. An improvement, however, is noted in portions of Ohio and Illinois and the general outlook in Missouri, and the general outlook in Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska is encouraging, although rain is needed in the western portion of the wheat region in Nebraska.

Oat seeding is well advanced in Nebraska and Kansas and has begun in Iowa and the

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.

BIG BARGAINS IN LAKESIDE HOUSES

$3800 For an eight-room modern dwelling on fine corner. House cost $5000 to build.

$3500 For seven-room house on corner lot. Stone foundation. Bath, furnace and electric light. Splendid location.

$1650 Neat six-room house on improved street. Water and sewer.

$1600 For six-room house on street railway line. City water and sewer.

$1600 For large six-room house and big lot. House in fine shape. Only $300 cash.

$2000 For seven-room house on the best street in Lakeside. A snap.

These are a few of the big bargains. We have others.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.
INSURANCE,
303 Lonsdale Building.

Closing Out Sale!

We have decided to close out the balance of our buildings on Duluth Heights within the next 30 days. Prices and terms will be within the reach of anyone wishing to have his own home. The following stands as an example:

$500 $50 cash, balance $10 per month, at 6 per cent interest, buys a six-room house in good condition, and lot, on improved street. We have yet a number of buildings to pick from.

Have a long list of cheap houses and lots for sale at the West End. Will here mention one:

$550 cash takes a house in good condition, containing six rooms and basement; good well and water and lot, on Eighth street, near Twenty-first avenue West.

ALFRED KJELLIN,
306 BURROWS BUILDING.

5% 5½% 6% MONEY TO LOAN
Penn Mutual Life Ins. Co.,
John A. Stephenson, Agent,
Providence Building.

Beautiful Modern House!
East First Street.

Very attractive bargain for man who acts quickly.

Details too good to advertise fully.

'Phone Zenith 847, and we wil call and give you full information.

N. J. UPHAM CO
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

$5000 Buys 18-room Flat
Rents well at $65 a month. Corner 14th Ave. E. and London Road. Object of sale—need the money. Address or call on owner—1325 London Road.

$3200 for a 9-room house—all modern improvements. Centrally located—easy terms.
H. A. WING & CO.
210 Palladio Building.

A SNAP

$2500 Beautiful, well-located lot in Endion Division, 50x140, with nine-room dwelling thereon. Must be sold at once.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT.

Cheap, fine brick store building, nice five-room flat overhead. Big barn. West Superior street, near Twentieth avenue.

T. W. Wahl & Co.
201 Exchange.

$550 Buys a cottage on Duluth Heights, $50 cash, $10 monthly.
$1600 Buys nine-room house, right down town. A snap.
$3000 buys seven-room house, water and sewer on East Third street.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
309 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 358.

$1500 Takes new six-room house on Sixth street, near Seventh avenue east.
$2300 Takes two houses and lot on Sixth street, near Fifth avenue east.
$1800 Takes fine lot on East First near Twenty-first avenue east.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

ON SECOND ST., EAST END.
Small house and fine lot, 50 x 140, choice location. A snap—Easy Terms. Price only **$2200**

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

LITTLE & NOLTE DULUTH, MINN.
BONDS and LOANS

$3000 New ten-room house, for two families. Water, sewer and bath. Electric lights up and down stairs. Stone foundation, full basement. Splendid location at West End.
$1600 Good eight-room house, full two stories, in good condition. Lot 25x140 feet. Near Lincoln Park, West End.
$1600 Nine rooms, city water. Rents $20 per month, on Piedmont avenue, West End.
$2300 Good house of eleven rooms. Lot 50x140 feet, on Fifth street, near Twentieth avenue west.
$1000 Good five-room house. Full 50-foot lot on Seventh street, near Twenty-fourth avenue west.
$2000 Corner of Twenty-third avenue west and First street.
$750 Lot on First street, near Twenty-third avenue west.
$750 Lot 60x125 feet on Huron street, near Twenty-seventh avenue west.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
'Phone 789. 400 Lonsdale Building.

WEST DULUTH.

West Duluth has seen its hard times, and now has a brighter future. The shops are all busy and enlarging. Houses are all filled. You make no mistake in buying now at one-quarter of boom prices. I have for sale a double house, eight rooms, lot 50x125, for..... **$1200**
Another house near Fairmount school for..... **$600**
A good Grand avenue lot, near Fifty-ninth avenue, for..... **$400**
Six lots in Kimberly & Strykker's Addition, all for only..... **$175**
Two lots four blocks from blast furnace..... **$350**
And many others all along the line.

D. W. SCOTT,
Zenith 'phone 685.
10 MESABA BLOCK.

5% MONEY To Loan 6%
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

$8500
Fine eight-room dwelling for sale on easy terms. No. 514 East Third street. Large lot. Possession given May 1st.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309-310 Exchange Building.

Fine seven room modern dwelling house for sale near 10th Ave. East on 3rd Street—price $3000; $2000 cash, balance three years.

R. B. KNOX & CO
Fire Insurance—Real Estate.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

KEEN INTEREST IN ELECTION

Commercial Club Members Show They Are Alive to It.

Secretary Eva was besieged by Commercial club members today who were anxious to get hold of ballots for the directory. They had gotten the impression that this was election day instead of tomorrow, so were disappointed in their desire. The hours will be from 10 to 3 tomorrow for the balloting, with the annual meeting at 8 p. m.

Some of the real estate men are anxious to get one of their number on the board of directors, and suggest that A. C. Volk, who has been nominated, be given a boom for the place. Mr. Volk's business clientele, they say, includes a company which controls 2500 acres of land on the water front which is available for manufacturing sites, and could be instrumental in getting new industries to come and occupy that land.

The membership committee banquet last night was an informal affair and very enjoyable. President McGonagle made a brief address, impressing on the committee's mind the fact that the work they had done the past year was excellent and highly appreciated by all that had the interest of the club at heart, and wished them well in any further efforts they might undertake, promising them the co-operation of the club. East member was asked to sing a song, or rather made to attempt one, and the results ranged from delightful renditions by E. W. Prophet to more uncertain strains from Messrs.—well, it might be libelous to print the names. But the music rendered from time to time by the colored quartet was enjoyable.

May Make Change.

Chances are that the Great Northern railroad will change the run of the combination dining car now running between Grand Forks and Nushka on trains 13 and 14, to the east end of the line, operating the same between Duluth and Rena. By placing the car out of Duluth the company would expect to serve both trains for dinner the sams as now, but would expect to get more first-class travel in the car, as it would get patronage from the time of leaving here until about 1:40 p. m., when it would start back from Rena. As it is now, people getting on in this city do not get their dinner on the car until nearly 2 o'clock.

HUNT COMING HOME.

San Juan, P. R., April 12.—Governor Hunt sailed today for New York to confer with President Roosevelt relative to Porto Rican affairs. It is understood that appointment of Mr. Hunt as a federal judge in Montana will be announced shortly after his arrival in the United States.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous—
Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.
'Phone—Zenith 358.

IS A BLACK SHEEP

Frank Lord, Arrested For Drunkenness, Is Son of Wealth.

Works As Woodsman and Comes To Town For Spree.

A drunken wodsman and the son of a millionaire is a combination that is seldom seen and yet Frank Lord, who was arraigned in the municipal court yesterday on the charge of drunkenness, is said to be both.

Lord pleaded guilty to the charge against him, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs or spend ten days in the county jail. He produced the necessary $11.12 and was released.

After he had been released one of his companions who had spent the winter with him in the woods, informed the court officials that Lord was the son of a Wisconsin millionaire lumberman, and being a kind of black sheep had been turned out by his father to earn his own living.

He is a man of heavy build and over six feet in height. He is also troubled with deafness.

During the past winter Lord has worked in the lumber camps of northern Minnesota and returning to the city went on the usual spree of the lumberjack with money.

Lord's companion was reluctant to tell more concerning him, and the court officials were unable to learn the real name or address of the man.

They were at first very reluctant to believe the story, thinking that it was an invention of either Lord himself or his companion, but later one of the police officers stated that he had heard a similar story from other woodsmen who had known Lord.

DEFAMATION OF CHARACTER

Lillian Hines Sues Florence Johnson For $2000 Damages.

Evidence of a sensational nature is promised in the case started this morning in district court by Miss Lillian Hines against Florence Johnson.

Miss Hines charges the Johnson woman with uttering false and defamatory statements as to her reputation and character in the presence of others, and she demands damages in the amount of $2000.

In her complaint Miss Hines alleges that she is a young, unmarried woman of irreproachable character and unsullied reputation, a working woman, dependant on her labors for a living. She claims that from the fact that she is a laboring woman she is particularly dependant on her reputation and good character.

She alleges that on or about March 18 last, in the presence of several witnesses, the Johnson woman made charges, the import of which was to accuse the Hines woman of gross immorality and unchastity. Miss Hines also alleges that the other woman made defamatory remarks as to her relations with a young man named Parks, with whom she had kept company.

It is alleged that these accusations have humiliated and defamed her in the eyes and estimation of those who heard the remarks, and she seeks to recover pecuniary damages.

Judge S. F. White represents Miss Hines.

Japan's Wonderful Progress.

Japan within the past generation has made wonderful progress in national development. Her population is 46,000,000 and is growing rapidly. They also possess one of the most efficient fighting forces in the world. The most efficient remedy to fight disease of the stomach, liver and kidneys is the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Victory after victory has been won by its use, and for this particular reason prominent physicians always recommend it to their patients in cases of poor appetite, sleeplessness, nervousness, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, heartburn, colds, la grippe and spring fever. They know from past experience that it always cures. Won't you give it a fair trial at once? Sickly women, too, will find it invaluable as a tonic, strengthener and regulator. Thousands use it with great satisfaction. Try a bottle today.

FOR MASONIC CATHEDRAL

Contractors Have Plans and Specifications—Masonic Affairs.

Contractors of Duluth have been supplied with specifications for the new Masonic cathedral which is to go up at the southwest corner of Lake avenue and Second street. The cost is to be in the neighborhood of $100,000, most of which is already in hand, while the remainder is pledged. If all signs do not fail, the bids will be called for next week and the contract let. At this rate it will not be surprising to see the building well nigh completed by the early fall. When the matter was taken up definitely it was expected to have the new building completed within a year, but the plans having worked smoothly thus far, the chances are that some of the winter meetings may be held under a new roof.

Some time in June the district meeting of the Free and Accepted Masonic lodges of this district will be held in this city, and within the next month Grand Master McGonagle and District Deputy Grand Master Fraser will begin their spring visits to the nine lodges of the district in the towns surrounding Duluth. Next Thursday they will visit Euclid lodge, West Duluth, and on Monday evening next they will visit Palestine lodge, No. 79.

A meeting of Ionic lodge, 186, was held last night, which was presided over by Worshipful Master Hugh Burgo. At this meeting Grand Master McGonagle paid his first visit to the lodge in his official capacity, and was given a warm welcome.

Go to Miss Horrigan's
Drug Store for patent medicines, toilet articles and perfumes. Prescriptions filled.

COMPLETE PARDON

Asked By Frank Hamilton of Pardon Board.

St. Paul, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Recommended for parole by the board of pardons and then turned down by the board of control, Frank Hamilton made a plea for a complete pardon before the board of pardons late yesterday. His attorney, M. H. Boutelle, arraigned the board of control bitterly.

It is hinted that Hamilton's conduct in prison is at the bottom of the board of control's refusal to parole. The board of pardons heard many applications and acted favorably upon one case. Fred W. Lilly, convicted of assault in the first degree and given a five-year sentence, was given a full pardon by the board. He has been out on parole. Phil Sherry of Swift county, serving a life sentence for murder in the second degree, may soon be a free man. There is strong evidence to show that he is innocent of the crime charged. Chief Justice Start said that the case was very mysterious and should be looked into.

CITY BRIEFS.

Why not have a covered van move you? We have them and it costs no more. Duluth Van and Storage, 210 West Superior street.

Parlor theater—The great Edgertons, tonight.

The meeting of the Lakeside club, at which A. H. Crassweller was to give a talk on the improvement of property in Lakeside, and which was to have been given at the Lester Park M. E. church Wednesday evening, April 20, has been changed to Monday evening, April 18. At this time the report of the public affairs committee will also begiven. It is desired that all Lakesiders remember the date and keep that evening free for the Lakeside club meeting.

Are you going to move? See us. We use covered vans. It cost no more. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 210 West Superior street.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the county register of deeds by St. Patrick's church of Eveleth.

The Gust Carlson Exploration company has filed amended articles of incorporation.

The Apollo club banquet will take place this evening at the Commercial club.

The Crescent Mining company has assigned its lease to lot 3, section 2, 58-20, to the Oliver Mining company. The consideration mentioned is nominal.

Parlor theater—Big vaudeville show.

Dandruff and falling hair treated by M. Kelly, specialist. Over 131 W. Superior St.

James Sullivan, of 215 West Superior street, has received a contract from the chief quartermaster of the United States army to furnish baths to the recruits enlisted at the local recruiting station until June 1.

Gilbert M. Weeks and J. J. Townsend have started suit in district court against W. H. Wyman, to recover $1598 with interest, an amount claimed to be due on two promissory notes given by the latter Sept. 29, 1900, and May 10, 1901, respectively. It is alleged that the notes have never been paid either in whole or part. Oscar Mitchell and W. D. Bailey represent Messrs. Weeks and Townsend.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. C. P. Craig and daughter have returned from an extended Eastern trip.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Miller, Jr., have returned from their wedding trip. While absent they visited the Bermudas and many other places of interest.

D. T. Helm has returned from Loraine, Ohio, where he witnessed the launching of the big steamer Augustus B. Wolvin.

Mrs. A. B. Wolvin returned this morning from Lorain, Ohio, where she christened the new boat, the Augustus B. Wolvin at its launching Saturday.

Adolph Bradlau and family and Mr. Bradlau's father-in-law, C. Winklesky, of Wrenshall, leave over the Northern Pacific tomorrow for Hamburg, Germany, sailing on Saturday from New York.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Eddy go to New York this evening.

E. C. Housner goes to Milwaukee this evening.

W. J. Ulrich, assistant city ticket agent of the Omaha, has left on his vacation, intending to visit St. Louis and his old home in Idaho. During his absence his work will be looked after by E. J. Quinlan, the company's agent at Stanton, Wis.

Mrs. W. L. Honnald, of Johannesburg, S. A., was registered at the St. Louis this morning.

Dr. D. W. RIESLAND
CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIAN,
Cures All Stomach Troubles.
707-708 Palladio Building.
Call or Write for Booklet.

GET YOUR **SHOES REPAIRED**
AT THE UP-TO-DATE SHOE SHOP.
Men's Sewed Soles 75c
Men's Nailed Soles 50c
Also Shoe Shining 5c
N. NURICK, 229 E. Sup. St.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Get Your Spring Clothes at Gidding's!

Giddings' new store is now one of the show places of the city!

Everyone wants to see it, with its wondrously beautiful furnishings and arrangements for the transaction of our business!

I never saw anything like it, is the general remark!

Coupled with this is the most complete and attractive display of women's, misses' and girls' wearing apparel—tailored suits, costumes, dresses, jackets, raincoats, waists, skirts, undermuslins, corsets, hosiery and underwear, kimonas, dressing saeques and negligee wear of every kind, gloves, umbrellas, Paris jewelry novelties, leather goods of every kind, street bags, carriage bags, traveling bags, etc., etc.—ever shown at the head of the lakes—a stock superior to any shown in the twin cities or, in fact, any city northwest of Chicago—and at very moderate prices!

ONE OF THE FEATURES OF OUR STORE
Is the fitting and alteration work— After garments leave our workrooms and are delivered to you, your gown or garment will fit perfectly.

Every caller is welcome, whether to see the new store or to look at clothes, and everyone is welcome to examine and try on the clothes whether ready to buy or not! It is by this comparison that you will understand why we have in two weeks jumped into popular favor with the buying public!

Every style is guaranteed absolutely correct! Every garment is guaranteed to be made as good as tailors' nimble fingers are able to make it!

Every price is guaranteed to be as low as any house who sell first-class goods is able to sell it. Or—your money back! That's the rule, you know. If you see anything as good or better than you buy of us, for less, come back and get your money!

"In the Heart of the Shopping District."

J M Gidding & Co WOMEN'S OUTFITTERS "The Style Store."

New Spring Suits for Girls!

Jacket suits in brownish and grayish tweeds, with pretty little touches of white cloth overlaid with braid, both on the skirt and coat—$13.50.

Box-coat suits in pretty homespuns—the loose, easy jacket having a removable belt—the skirt pleated to give pretty flare and fulness—$12.00.

But perhaps a trig little covert coat best suits your need.

We're very proud of two—one, fitted and with straps back and front—the other, a box coat with belt—at $13.50, $15.00, $18.50.

For girls 14, 16 and 18 years, and small women.

La Vida is the Perfect Corset!

It is a garment such as only could be had by special order a few years back. Each pair is made entirely by hand. The materials are all imported. The corsets are filled with the purest whalebone, giving them a resiliency unbelievable. The wearer can move about with perfect freedom at any time without feeling the constraint of stays.

PATENTS ISSUED

To a Large Number of Minnesota Inventors.

Washington, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following patents have been issued: Thomas Goodale, of Wadena, pneumatic straw stacker; George McCadden, of St. Cloud, car bureter for internal combustion engines; Hans O. Olson, of Two Harbors, assignor of one-half to W. E. Lawrence and H. H. McNamara, of Duluth, bolt heading machine; Michael Schmaltz, of Duluth, log loading and skidding machine, also derrick car; Thomas Sutherland, of Hutchinson, wire fabric.

Nels Dalbee was appointed a regular and Joseph Lepage a substitute rural carrier at Waverly, Minn.

MONTANA CONVENTION.

Helena, Mont., April 12.—The Republican state convention met here today with every county in the state represented. Six delegates at large to be chosen. The delegation will be instructed to vote for Roosevelt at the Chicago convention and resolutions will be passed endorsing his administration.

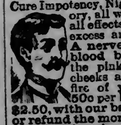
BREWERS MUST TELL

Story of the Alleged Brewery Trust to the Court.

Chicago, April 12.—After four years' effort Frank Fahrig, of Chicago, has won from the appellate court a decision, that the story of the alleged brewery trust in Chicago and Milwaukee must be told in court. Judge Baker, two years ago, dismissed Fahrig's bill against the Milwaukee and Chicago Breweries company, limited, of London, in which Fahrig charged that $2,500,000 was fraudulently spent in controlling the brewing business of Milwaukee and Chicago. The appellate court holds that although the English company was not properly served with summons in the case, its alleged American fellow, the United States Brewing company, must respond to Fahrig's accusations. Rudolph Brand, president of the American company, and George W. Kelner and Frederick Winston, directors, must also answer Fahrig's suit.

The appellate court declares that the stock of the American company, although held by the English company, is held only in trust for Fahrig and others, and that the courts here have juridiction over the company's properties. Fahrig, who says he invested in shares of the English company, and then found that he was denied access to the books of the breweries operating under the company's control started suit for an accounting. He also declared the organization of the English company fraudulent, and asserted that by a conspiracy the officers of the United States company had diverted the company's funds until his stock holdings had lost 95 per cent of their value.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results
(YELLOW LABEL)
Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box. 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
JOHN C. WEST & COMPANY
99-71 W. Jackson St., - CHICAGO, ILL.
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
325 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

New York, April 12.—Adolfo Bulloch, a well-known banker and leader of the Argentine colony here, is dead, says a Herald dispatch from Paris. He served four years as mayor of Buenos Ayres. For his services in improving the relations between Argentina, Spain and Italy, he received high decorations from the monarchs of the two latter countries.

Cincinnati, April 12.—Word has been received here of the death at Marysville, Ohio, of Charles Albert Beecher, of this city. Death came suddenly from heart disease. Beecher was a close friend and confidential adviser of Abe Lincoln.

PEOPLE'S PARTY

Of Kansas Is Holding Its State Convention.

Topeka, April 12.—The Peoples party state convention is being held here today. The convention was called to order by State Chairman W. J. Babb. The call is for the purpose of naming a state ticket but there are four propositions that will come up to be acted upon that may interfere with the regular program: First, adjourn to meet August 3, the date of the Democratic convention in the hope of effecting fusion; second, to recommend a ticket to the Democrats; third, to name an independent ticket supported by all anti-Republicans; fourth, to nominate a straight Populist ticket. There is a strong disposition to nominate ex-United States Senator W. A. Harris for governor. The next choice of the majority for governor is Judge David Dale of Wichita. Mrs. Anna Diggs is present.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

George J. Toucey and May Neuman, of San Francisco, Cal.
Robinson Holmes and Grace Ethel Walling.

BIRTHS.

OLSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Olson, of Quince street, April 10.

DEATHS.

ROBSON—Word of the death of the father of George Robson, at Chippewa Falls yesterday morning, at the age of 65 years, has been received.

The deceased had been in poor health for a year or more. He was taken sick early last spring, but recovered considerably and visited his son in Duluth in the fall. He was taken seriously ill again this year, and death resulted yesterday. Besides George, two brothers and the mother of the boys survive Mr. Robson.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—$750—TWO LOTS ON SEVenth street near Tenth avenue east, with five-room house somewhat out of repair. E. D. Field Co., 204 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—ONE OHIO STEEL RANGE nearly new; one three-burner gas stove. Call forenoons. 101 West Fifth street.

WANTED — PLEASANT FURNISHED room with bath, with or without board, by single gentleman. J 59, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Address 16 East Second St.

GOOD LUCK IS A POOR RELATION OF GOOD JUDGMENT!

HERALD WANT ADVERTISING IS BASED ON GOOD JUDGMENT!

ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BARGAINS
IN FARM LANDS

40 acres of choice land, heavily timbered, one and a half miles from Alborn. A snap. Only, per acre..... **$7.75**

66 acres of good land, thirty miles from Duluth, four miles from depot. Country well settled. Only, per acre..... **$5.00**

40 acres, six miles from city limits. Only, per acre..... **$20.00**

Also other genuine bargains in any size. See our list before purchasing.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
Lonsdale Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PARK POINT

Store and dwelling, with full size corner lot, for sale at a bargain.

G. G. Dickerman & Co
Alworth Building.

$7500 —Will buy house, with city water and sewer, lot 75x140 feet. 424 West Second street.

$5500 —For house, 22 West Fifth street—lot 100x140 feet.

$12,000 —131 East Second St., modern house and barn, 125 feet front on Second street.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First National Bank Building.

Store Room
For Rent.

Best location in the city. Basement in Columbus block under Gilding's store. Two fronts, Superior and Michigan streets.

A few desirable offices are still vacant. Both hot and cold water and elevator service furnished. Inquire at store or W. M. Prindle & Co.

FOR RENT.

Offices in Manhattan building. Also a large store on Michigan street. Will remodel to suit tenant.

WHITNEY WALL, Palladio bldg

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—POSITION BY FIRST-CLASS coachman. Address 812 East Second street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS COACHMAN by single man of 30, of good habits. Experienced. E 59, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING BY A reliable man, by the day or by the job. 119 West Michigan street. Phone 230-L.

WANTED—PLACE AS CHEF COOK IN hotel or cafe, in country town; strictly sober and business. No. 111 West Second street.

WANTED — POSITION BY A YOUNG man, has two years' experience in clerking; speaks English and Finnish languages. Address O. W. O., 1914 North Fourth street, Superior, Wis.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—BY A COLORED WOMAN, day work. Address 24½ East First St.

WANTED — CARPETS TO BEAT AND storm windows to take off, etc. E 50, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK OF ANY kind by the day; good references. Address M 67, Herald.

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF PLAIN sewing, shirt waists, underclothes and children's clothing. Call 230 West Fourth street, upstairs.

WOMAN WANTS A PLACE TO WORK by the day, washing, ironing, scrubbing or cleaning. Address J 38, Herald office.

WANTED — DAY'S WORK, WASHING, ironing or housecleaning. 116 West Michigan street. Anna Jones.

WOMAN WANTS DAY WORK—CLEANing, washing. E 98, Herald.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—LARGE BARN, $1 PER month. Inquire 327 East Fourth street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — SATCHEL IN UNION DEPOT, Sunday afternoon. Finder please return to Union depot.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. M. HENRICKSEN Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

BRADLEY, MODISTE.

HAS RETURNED FROM THE FASHion centers, and is prepared to do high-class dressmaking. Investigate our club plan. Phoenix block.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$550 50-foot lot on Fourth street, near Seventh avenue West.
$725 Beautiful five-room cottage in good condition; one-quarter cash—Duluth Heights.
$850 Six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; two full lots; monthly payments.
$1200 100-foot corner, Eighth avenue West and Fourth street. Best bargain in the city.

We have a lot on Piedmont avenue West. Will build a house to suit purchaser and sell on monthly payments. Look this up.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

FOR SALE—TIMBER CLAIMS.

FOR SALE — SMALL TRACTS OF land suitable for truck garden and chicken farms, within and outside the city limits. Handy to the best produce and egg market in the world. Large tracts of land for sale at wayblown prices, within a few miles of the city limits. Intending purchasers inquire of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist. **Chichester Chemical Co. Philada., Pa.**

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's **Tansy, Pennyroyal** and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure **SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES.** Special—Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by **W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 308 West Superior street.**

ERNEST GOERING WILL CONFER A favor by leaving his address at The Herald office, addressed to J 54.

MRS. MITCHELL, ALL KINDS OF crochet work done. 23 Eleventh avenue west.

MIDDLE-AGED WIDOW WOULD marry a good-looking man. Quite good housekeeper. Only refined men of means need answer. E 83, Herald.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — BY A GENTLEMAN, MODern furnished room, centrally located. Address W. A. P., Herald office.

WANTED TO RENT — THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping; centrally located. L 45, Herald.

FOUR ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEkeeping, centrally located. J 37, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, small cottage on Minnesota Point. Must be in good repair and reasonable. M 7, Herald.

WANTED—A FURNISHED COTTAGE on Park Point for July and August. Address Mrs. A. Colony, Box 211, Fergus Falls, Minnesota.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1707-8 West Michigan St. New phone, 318; old, 705-b.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 705 Palladio.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, 2813 West Third street. Leader of orchestra. Zenith 'phone 606.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE.

AND MASSEUR WILL GIVE MASSAGE at your home. Mrs. Thompson, care of room 16, Phoenix block.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. Phone 510; residence 'phone 60-8. J. M. Wilson.

FURNITURE HOSPITAL.

J. UNDERWOOD, UPHOLSTERER AND chair caner, 327 East Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 949 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT gives readings daily to ladies and gentlemen. 1813 Eleventh street, Superior, Wis. Hours, 10 to 12 and 3 to 8. Zenith, 4250.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE.

CONFINEMENT CASES AND GENeral nursing solicited by experienced, professional nurse. Ladies' desiring massage treatment at their homes. 724 East Third street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

BOATS MADE.

ALL KINDS OF BOATS MADE TO ORder and sold. 132 South Sixty-third avenue west. Old 'phone 3020-M.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Two lots on East Superior street, the very best location, one on the upper side and one on the lower.

Five-room house in West Duluth as good as new for **$500.**

One of the best houses in West Duluth, centrally located, for **$1500**—house cost $2000 to build; also a barn on the lot.

One 6-room house and one 8-room house in West Duluth **$1050** each.

Corner Twenty-eighth avenue west and Superior street—a bargain for **$2100.**

Ten lots on Twenty-third avenue west practically at your own price.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Providence Building.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — GIRL. 123 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SEAMstress. 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—A NURSE MAID, FOR child three years old. Call 316 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Highest wages to good girl. 1428 East First street.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID, 217 ST. Croix avenue.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 313 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 217 East Second street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply mornings at 725 East Third street.

WANTED—ONE CASHIER, ONE DINing room girl and a cook. Call at once at 215 East Superior street. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in private boarding house. 222 Third avenue west.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 507 West Second street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and girls, for general housework can always find reliable places at the oldest and most reliable employment office. 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. Siebold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 226 East Third street.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL, AT 30 W. Second street, to assist with cooking.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1210 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at Herald office between 12 and 2 o'clock.

COOKS, DINING-ROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL—2031 JEFFERson street. Call afternoons.

ATTENTION, LADIES! EARN $20 PER 100 writing short letters from copy. Address stamped envelope for particulars. Albion Specialty Co., Albion, Mich.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 750-R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.
Old 'phone 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.
Old 'phone 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Brokers, 413½ W. Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith, 761.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SEALSKINS, fur garments, shotguns and rifles. We have a moth-proof vault for furs and hold all goods one year. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN — ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

MOVING.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., local agents, Minneapolis, or call on the Duluth Van & Storage Co.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE—Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

FOR SALE CHEAP—BEDS—2010 WEST Superior street.

FOR SALE — 500 WAGONS OF ALL kinds, at L. Hammel Co.'s, 300-308 East First street.

FOR SALE—LEATHER TOP RUBBER-tired buggy for sale cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio bldg.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS SHOE shelving. Call Fifth Avenue Clothing store.

FOR SALE—LIGHT DRIVING MARE and seated buggy, at a bargain, if taken at once. Frank Coulter, 618 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—EXTRAORDINARY CHEAP lot on Sixteenth avenue east and Fifth street. City water and gas, only half cash. $425. George H. Crosby, Providence building.

FOR SALE—THIS IS YOUR CHANCE—Closing out all framed and sheet pictures at cost at Temple Art store, 211 East Superior street.

FOR SALE OR RENT, IN THE CITY—Horses. Red Cliff Lumber company, barn, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

FURNITURE AND LONG LEASE 14-room flat and storerooms, all filled. Address or call 1322 West Superior street.

FOR SALE — LARGE HOTEL RANGE, almost new. Duluth Stove Repair works, 217 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS OF all descriptions. 311 Second avenue West.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THREE NICE lots and one five-room cottage, furnished, bay side, Minnesota avenue Park Point, cheap. Inquire of D. D. McInnis, 505 Palladio.

FOR SALE — NO. 3 PORTABLE HUBbard oven and counters 207 West Superior street.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue West, city.

FOR SALE—25 BY 140-FOOT LOT ON upper side of Second street west of Twelfth avenue east, lies fine. Only $900. Will sell fifty feet for $1966. George H. Crosby, Providence building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. (Continued.)

FOR SALE, CHEAP—STRONG, YOUNG horse, driving or delivery. Zenith 'phone 604B.

FOR SALE—$1500 TAKES 50x150 UPPER side London road, near Sixteenth avenue East. Geo. H. Crosby.

LARGE WALNUT ORGAN, $20; $5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good; no pay. F. B. Jordan, gas engine expert, Box 93. New 'phone 4617, Duluth.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS ARrived today, April 7. Evan Johnson, 2008 West Helm.

FOR SALE—ONE LUMBER WAGON and one heavy double harness. 733 West Michigan street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

FOR SALE—FEED BUSINESS, GOOD chance for right man with small capital. 733 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE — FIVE DWELLINGS, IN Oneota; city water; one boarding house, West Duluth, near blast furnace. Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio.

FOR SALE — $110 COLBY UPRIGHT piano, fine condition. 15 East Superior street. Room 4, upstairs.

FOR SALE — MAHOGANY PARLOR brass-plate cabinet, full French plate mirror back, inclosed curio cabinet, also quarter-sawed oak round dining table, pedestal style of ten feet extension, six dining chairs and large arm chair to match. Call forenoons and evenings. 1508 East Third street.

FOR SALE—SIDEBOARD, HALL TREE and steel range. 232 Fourteenth avenue east.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — TWO COAT AND ONE pants and vest maker. Peter Fugina, Grand Rapids, Minn.

COMPETENT MEN AND BOYS MAY be secured gratis through employment dept. Y. M. C. A., for office, store or other work; reliable information on file regarding applicants. Zenith 'phone 70.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers in every state and county; new patent; quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

Your force of business helpers must pull as steady a stroke as a boat's crew. No business lags or fails where this is so; none succeeds otherwise. Do you need some new office help? You are "the doctor."

—ovo—

It's an "off day" in the life of a busy man—a man of wide interests and activities—when he finds no occasion to use The Herald classified advertising columns.

—ovo—

Every "thorn of mischance" in your business day deepens a forehead line or rings up another gray hair for you unless you wipe out the annoyance quickly through using Herald want ads.

—ovo—

The want ads measure and put on record the "minor activities" of daily life. When the want ads grow fewer the city will be getting to be too quiet a place for active people to live in.

—ovo—

Look over your cash book and figure out how much money you have spent for want ads in these columns during the past year which brought no returns. It probably wouldn't pay your carfare home if you had it.

—ovo—

If a Herald want ad won't sell it, it's not saleable.

—ovo—

If the slowest way of selling a house is good enough for you, then don't bother about inserting a classified ad.

FOR SALE—$1300 BUYS 50 BY 100 FEET on Eighteenth avenue east, near First street. Beautiful lot. $2000 buys 100 by 100 same location. Fine flat site. George H. Crosby.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Minorcas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone, 1167. 421 East Second street.

$950.00, ALL CASH OR ONE-HALF CASH balance at 6 per cent, buys 50x70, Eighth avenue east, next to alley and Third street. Great snap. Buy quick. Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

WALNUT ORGAN, $10; $1 CASH AND $2 a month. French & Bassett.

PIANO CASED ORGAN, $90. WORTH $135; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—TWO BUGGIES AND ONE light wagon. 412 West Third street.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND LONG lease of twelve-room house; very central. E 89, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR ROOM. Purchaser can also secure room. 319 Lowell block.

FOR SALE—LUMBER AND BUILDING material cheap at Brandt's, 114 West Fourth street.

LARGE OAK UPRIGHT PIANO, $185, almost new; rented for six months; fine tone and action. French & Bassett.

$1050 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE, SUITable for two families. Center of city. 217 Pittsburg avenue, first street above Fifth street, $550 for lot twenty-five feet, on Jefferson street. $350 for lot on Minnesota avenue. J. W. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

HANDSOME WALNUT FINISH UPright piano, $165; almost new; sweet tone; $10 cash and $6 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — HOWBOATS OF ALL kinds. 132 South Sixty-third avenue west.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—GOOD KITCHEN RANGE—10 West Second street.

USED UPRIGHT PIANO, $95; GOOD condition; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE on Seventeenth street, Park Point, cheap. Inquire W. N. Tucker, 212 West Michigan street.

JUST RECEIVED — A CARLOAD OF general purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

FOR SALE CHEAP — BRAND NEW wagon. Inquire 520 West First street.

WANTED — ONE OR TWO COATmakers, at once. Janzig, Hunter block.

WANTED—A HOUSEMAN AT THE Spalding hotel.

WANTED—COMPETENT MAN TAILOR for our ladies' tailoring dept. Freimuth's.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN FOR GROcery. Apply 1831 East Superior street; one living in the East End preferred.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COAT MAKERS steady work. Meis.

WANTED — A GOOD RAILROAD stenographer. Address "Good," Evening Herald.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY — TWO first-class coatmakers. Steady employment to reliable competent men. Geo. H. Brenton, Phoenix block.

WANTED — 1000 MEN AND WOMEN to learn the way to industrial liberty and freedom from grafters, trusts and corporations. Hear Rev. Carl D. Thompson at Odd Fellows hall, Lake avenue north, this Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. Admission, 10 cents.

WILL TEACH YOU TELEGRAPHY evenings and assist you to position. $5 per month. Address 924 East Fifth St.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK. 124 West Superior street.

UPHOLSTERING.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th st. Zenith phone 1249-C. Old, 747-R.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

OFFER EXTRAORDINARY. I WILL sell cheap 1000 shares "Key to Success" copper stock. Fine property. Investigate. Miner, care of Herald.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—DIRECTORY OF Virginia, Eveleth, Biwabik, Hibbing. Directory, care Herald.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — 9-ROOM HOUSE. INquire 31 West First street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, 112 East Fifth street. Modern conveniences, $30 per month. Vacant May 1. Enquire at 116 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK HOUSE hot water heat, basement. 1510 East Fourth street. Vacant May 1, 978 Zenith 'phone.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES on Park Point for the summer. One furnished cottage for the summer. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN AL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — CHEAP — ONE OR TWO large rooms on second floor for storage purposes. Address J 56, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 626 West Third St.

FOR RENT—MODERN, FURNISHED room with alcove; $6 per month. 315 Eleventh avenue east.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, FURnished for housekeeping, cheap; West End. Address J 55, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms, with barn, $4. 14 South Sixty-first avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT UNfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. City water, $11 per month. 804 East Third street.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE, MODERN furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen; gas, bath and furnace heat; use of 'phone. 113 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of 'phone. M 100, Herald.

FOR RENT — ROOM. MODERN CONfience. 707 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS. 312 EAST Ninth street.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, centrally located. L 45, Herald.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED or furnished rooms. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM for light housekeeping. 19 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE AND FOUR rooms; new brick flats; water and light. 304-308 St. Croix avenue, John Holleran.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, WATER sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—MODERN FRONT ROOM and alcove, for light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FRONT ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED. No. 18 Fifteenth avenue west. Flat 3. $5.00 per month.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM, light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 312 Third avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOM. 207 WEST SECond street.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front room. All modern conveniences. 207 West Second street.

FOR RENT — SMALL FURNISHED room, with bath adjoining, in private family, $7.50 per month. 202 East Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 126 E. FIRST ST.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FOUR-ROOM FLAT, $12 Inqire 704 East Second street.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR OF house and flats, at 638 Garfield avenue. Dr. J. M. Robinson, 7 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—MODERN FOUR-ROOM flat, $16. 302 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FOUR-ROOM, PARTLY furnished, modern flat at 201 West Fifth street. Inquire at 919 East First street.

SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, STEAM HEAT, strictly modern, centrally located. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Chas. A. Stark, Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS— FOUR ROOMS, $13, $14, $15. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — STORE AND FOUR rooms, with water and electric light 1516 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORE, 125 EAST SUPErior street. (Opposite city hall).

FOR RENT — THE FINE BRICK storeroom, 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent Bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

STORE ROOM, NO. 130 WEST MICHIgan street, suitable for commission or jobbing, 7000 square feet of floor space. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

STORE FOR RENT, 32 EAST SECOND street. Apply 112 East Third street.

FOR RENT—SMALL SPACE IN STORE. 3 West Superior street.

ONE-HALF OF STORE FOR RENT—12 by 60. Inquire 629 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE. 529 West Superior street, for barber or employment office.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 211 West Second street.

TABLE BOARD—10 WEST SECOND ST.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO. 222 Third avenue west. Use of 'phone.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

BOARD AND ROOM, 231 W. Second St.

STORAGE.

SLEIGHS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, etc. Call on Duluth Van & Storage Co.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 522 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

MARIE GENSON, HAIR DRESSING and manicuring. Massage treatment. Ladies only. 225 Mesaba avenue. Old 'phone 678-L.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1904. Work—Third degree. Stanley R. Heiden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evening of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 15th, 1904. Work—First degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, April 13, 1904. Work—M. M. degree. Joseph D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18 K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave April 12, at 4 p. m. Work—Red Cross and Temple degrees. Dinner at 6 p. m. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gilbeau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall financier.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murveid, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First," Tuesday, April 12. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday in every month at Kalamazoo hall. F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday, at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 411, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2409 West Helm St.; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 East Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 83.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President, Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Jehie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3383, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 15th. Good time is assured. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 20.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8:00 o'clock. GEO. L. HARGRAVES, Archon; L. P. MURRAY, scribe, 1624 East Fourth street.

14 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TERRIBLE CALAMITY BEFALLS THE RUSSIAN FLEET; GREAT BATTLESHIP STRIKES MINE AND GOES DOWN

Between Six and Seven Hundred Lives Lost.

Vice Admiral Makaroff Is Among the Dead.

The Grand Duke Cyril Has Very Narrow Escape.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—A semi-official telegram announces that the Russian battleship Petropavlovsk has been sunk off Port Arthur and that only four of the officers were saved, among them being the Grand Duke Cyril, who was wounded.

St. Petersburg, April 13, 1:03 p. m.—Rumors afloat are taking definite shape indicating that there has been a fight at Port Arthur, but no details are obtainable except that the Petropavlovsk has been sunk, probably with the loss of almost her entire crew.

St. Petersburg, April 13, 1:27 p. m.—Another report is to the effect that the telegram which Grand Duke Vladmir received was from Grand Duke Boris, brother of Grand Duke Cyril, announcing that the Petropavlovsk, of which Cyril was first officer, had been blown up by striking a Russian mine, only four officers escaping. The Grand Duke Cyril's wound was said to be slight. The telegram, according to this report, did not mention the losses sustained by the crew.

St. Petersburg, April 13, 5:13 p. m.—It is officially announced that Vice Admiral Makaroff was drowned at the time of the sinking of the battleship Petropavlovsk.

St. Petersburg, April 13, 5:38 p. m.—After the receipt of definite news of Vice Admiral Marakoff's death, the military censor committee called an extarordinary session to pass upon the official dispatches, which will probably be given out soon.

A requiem mass for the repose of the souls of Vice Admiral Makaroff and the other officers and the crew of the Petropavlovsk has already been announced to take place in the admiralty church tomorrow.

FIERCE BATTLE RAGING.

St. Petersburg, April 13, 5 p. m.—According to very high authority the latest advices received at the winter palace here are to the effect that a naval battle is still progressing off Port Arthur, the result of which is yet unknown. The Japanese fleet, including torpedo boats and torpedo-boat destroyers, totals forty. Vice Admiral Makaroff ordered his whole squadron out of the harbor to meet the attack.

According to the Associated Press informant, while preparing to draw up his line of battle in the outer roadstead the Petropavlovsk struck a mine on her starboard side amidships and immediately began to heel. Before the crew could flood the port compartments of the vessel in order to keep her on an even keel, she turned turtle and sank in a few minutes, carrying down almost the entire crew. Capt. N. Jakovloff, the Grand Duke Cyril and two other officers were saved because they were standing on the upper bridge. The frightful loss of life among the officers and men was due to the fact that they were at their stations ready for action. The Petropavlovsk turned turtle in a manner similar to the British battleship Victoria, which was rammed by the Camperdown in 1893, and to the incident in the Chino-Japanese war, when a Chinese warship turned turtle, many of the crew remaining alive for several days hammering desperately on the upturned hull.

When the news of Grand Duke Cyril's miraculous escape reached his parents here a Te Deum service was held at the Vladimir palace.

The correspondent of the Associated Press was informed there this afternoon that Grand Duke Boris was going to accompany his brother to Mukden. According to the advices received there, Grand Duke Cyril's injuries are slight.

St. Petersburg, April 13, 4:30 p. m.—While going out to meet the Japanese fleet off Port Arthur(the Petropavlovsk struck a mine in the outer roadstead, heeled over, turned turtle and sank. Practically the whole of her crew were lost. Only four officers were saved, among them being the Grand Duke Cyril. The Petropavlovsk was flying the flag of Vice Admiral Makaroff.

The result of the naval battle which, according to the most reliable authority, was in progress, according to the last reports has not been received.

Wei Hai Wei, April 13.—The action fought off Port Arthur appears to have consisted, according to the reports received here, of an unsuccessful attempt made by four Japanese cruisers and one battleship to intercept a large Russian cruiser coming from the East. The Russian protected cruiser Askold and a battleship of the Pobieda type went to the assistance of the Russian cruiser. The forts at Port Arthur did not participate in the action. The firing was continuous, but was of short duration.

The Espiegle, which brought the news here, was unable, owing to the distance, to ascertain the damage done.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—Another account says twenty men escaped from the disaster to the Petropavlovsk. Grand Duke Cyril was only saved from death by a miracle. His brother, Grand Duke Boris, witnessed the catastrophe through a marine glass.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—It is estimated that from 600 to 700 men perished when the Petropavlovsk sank.

SKIRMISH ON THE YALU.

Admiral Hogosa Reports Results to Tokio Officials.

Tokio, April 13.—Details of the first skirmish on the Yalu river, which occurred last Sunday, arrived today in the official report of Admiral Hosoga. The text of the report follows:

"In accordance with my instructions, the captain of the cruiser Kasaga directed Lieut. Yamaguchi with five men to scout in the mouth of the Yalu. They accomplished their work and safely returned to the Kasaga on Monday. They entered the river in a Korean junk and at 2 o'clock Sunday discovered a party of Russians leaving the right bank of the river near Toag Toryuho in a junk. Lieut. Yamaguchi attacked them, a patrol of mounted Japanese troops on the left bank of the river joining in the attack. In the meantime another large Russian junk joined the first one and opened fire on the Japanese. The Russians retired and reached the bank. They then fled inland. The exchange of fire lasted one hour and twenty minutes. The enemy had one killed and two wounded. We had no casualties. Four hundred empty cartridge shells were found in the Russian junks. We believe the Russians were a cavalry patrol watching the river."

RUSSIANS DRIVEN BACK.

Attempted to Cross Yalu West of Wiju.

Tokio, Tuesday, April 12.—An official telegram from Wiju says that a company of Russian troops attempted to cross the first stream of the Yalu rives west of Wiju this morning and that a company of Japanese attacked and drove the Russians back. The bodies of twenty dead Russians, the telegram adds, were found after the fight. Their uniforms showed that they belonged to the Twelfth regiment of sharpshooters.

Finally, the dispatch says that small parties of Russians without uniforms have attempted to cross the Yalu river at different points between Wiju and Yongampo, and that they were all driven back.

JAPS EVACUATE WIJU.

Lowered Their Flags and Gradually Fell Back.

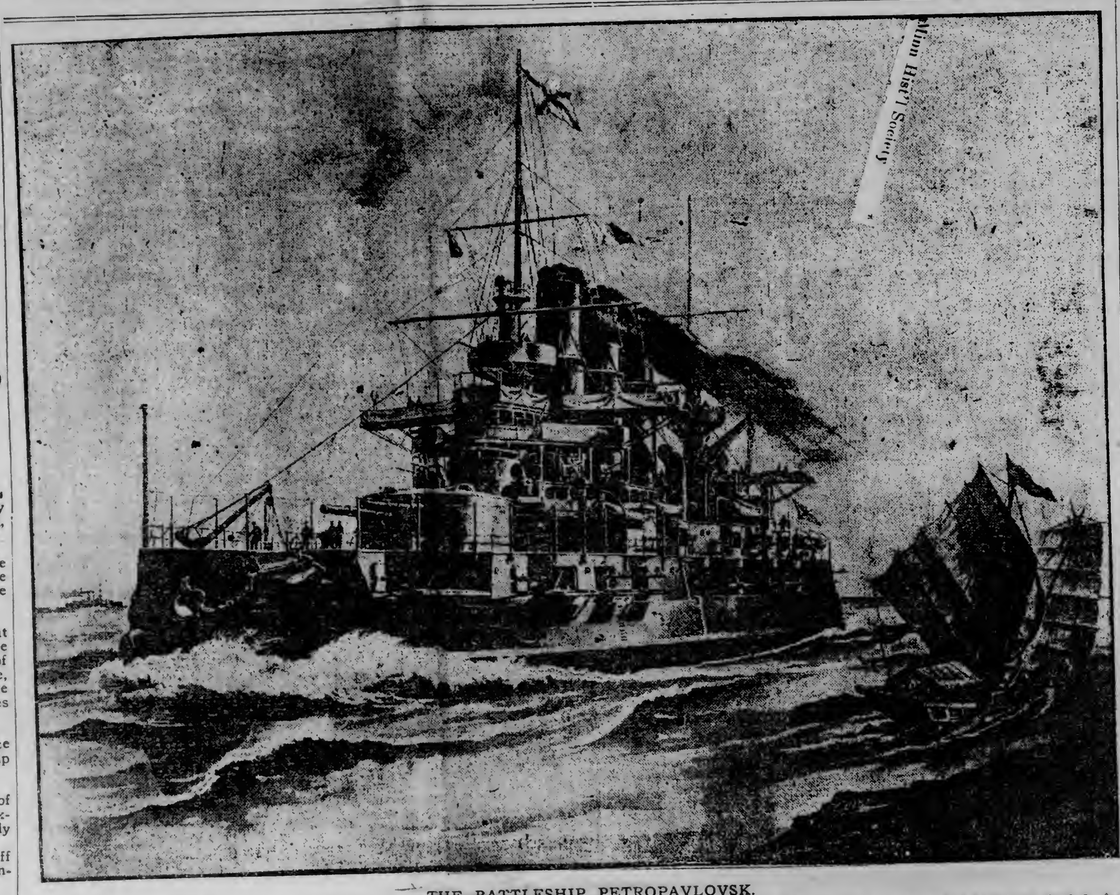
St. Petersburg, April 13.—Gen. Kuropatkin, in a dispatch to the emperor bearing yesterday's date, says that Gen. Krasnalinski, on the night of April 8, ordered a detachment of sharpshooters to cross to the left bank of the Yalu opposite Wiju. The sharpshooters landed on the island of Samalind and surprised a patrol of fifty Japanese scouts just as the latter were approaching the east side of the island in three boats.

The Russians allowed the Japanese to land and then fired on them. Nearly all the Japanese were shot, bayonetted or drowned and their boats sunk. The Russians sustained no losses. Non-commissioned officers Louchkine and Soupaschonev distinguished themselves in the fight. On the following day the Japanese lowered their flag at Wiju and their outposts, which lately have been seen, fell back. On the night of April 9, four Russians crossed the Yalu to Yongampho and made towards a Russian village, where they found a squadron of Japanese cavalry. They remained there twelve hours when they were betrayed by Koreans and found themselves obliged to swim the river, their boat having struck on a sand bank. One soldier lost his life. The Japanese pursued the Russians in a boat, but were in turn attacked by a Russian boat, which had come to the rescue of the swimmers. The Japanese were all killed and their boat sunk.

JAPS DESTROY CHURCH.

Vladivostock, April 13.—News has been received here that the Japanese recently destroyed the Orthodox Russian church at Yokohama. It aroused indignation, but there has not been the slightest attempt to disturb the Japanese temple here.

A school of whales was sighted near Askold island, off this port, today. At first they were taken to be a Japanese torpedo boat flotilla.



THE BATTLESHIP PETROPAVLOVSK.

The Petropavlovsk was a first-class battleship of 10,960 tons displacement and 14,213 indicated horsepower. She was 467½ feet long, had 69 feet beam and her armored belt was of about 16 inches of steel, with 10 inches of steel armor on her turrets. Her armament consisted of four 12-inch, twelve 6-inch, four smaller guns and six torpedo tubes. The complement of the Petropavlovsk, when fully manned, was 700 men. She was built at St. Petersburg and was completed in 1898.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT

Caused at St. Petersburg By Port Arthur Reports.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—Intense excitement has been caused here by reports spread broadcast in this city regarding the disaster at Port Arthur, the Grand Duke Cyril being reported wounded, the battleship Petropavlovsk sunk, and the latest report being that Vice Admiral Marakoff was killed. The reports, however, are very conflicting as to Makaroff's death and as to whether the catastrophe was the result of a fight with the enemy or due to the Petropaviovsk striking a mine in the harbor. Some of the rumors declare that Mprakoff was on board the Petropavlovsk, and others say he was not on board. The report that there had been a fight seems to have originated out of the supposition that the Petropavlovsk could not have sustained such injuries otherwise. It was also pointed out that it was known the Japanese had been hovering in the neighborhood for several days. Later it became known that the first telegram received by Grand Duke Vladimir said briefly that Grand Duke Cyril had been wounded and that the Petropavlovsk had been lost, without mentioning a fight. The mass of reports agrees in two statements—that Grand Duke Cyril, between whom and the throne there is only a single life, was wounded, and that the Petropavlovsk was lost.

The correspondent of the Associated Press has ben cautioned by a high authority to be extremely reserved about accepting the reports current in the city.

FRAGMENT BURIED.

Remains of Commander Hirose Placed In Grave.

Tokio, April 13.—A fragment of the body of Commander Hirose, who was killed on March 27 in the second attempt to bottle up Port Arthur, was interred today. The remains were borne through the streets on a gun carriage, with battalions of marines preceding and following the cortege as an escort from the navy club to the Aoyama cemetery. A throng of people filled the streets and reverently uncovered when the little casket passed. The medals granted the deceased for valorous conduct were carried in the procession on silken pillows, and the entire navy staff walked behind the casket. Besides full military honors paid the dead officer, white-robed priests performed the Shinto burial ceremonial.

HEARD SOUNDS OF FIRING.

Wei Hai Wei, April 13.—The British gunboat Espiegle, which left Newchwang recently for this port, has arrived and reports that at daylight today, while off Port Arthur, she heard the sound of heavy firing, saw the flash of guns and believed that a fleet action was proceeding. Three men-of-war, of unknown nationality, were seen in the distance.

JAPANESE ATTACK PORT.

Che Foo, April 13.—A private dispatch received here from Port Arthur says the Japanese attacked that place at daylight today and that the full Russian fleet went out under Vice Admiral Marakoff and, assisted by the fire of the forts, drove the enemy off. The dispatch adds that the town was not damaged. The effect of the bombardment of the forts and fleet was not mentioned.

BATTLE IS RAGING

Russians and Japanese Are Having Fierce Sea Engagement.

Are Engaged In Deadly Combat Off Port Arthur.

Results of the Great Fight Are Not Yet Known.

"LIBERTY OR DEATH"

Cry of Murderer Whose Sentence Was Commuted.

Boise, Idaho, April 13.—George Levy, condemned to die next Friday for the murder of David Levy, an aged miser, and who was yesterday granted clemency by the pardon board, today was furious when he received word that his sentence had been commuted to life imprisonment. "I will not accept it," he declared, wildly. "If I am guilty, hang me now; if not, give me my liberty."

STEAMSHIP GOES AGROUND.

New York, April 13.—The Atlantic Transport steamer Missouri, which sailed today for Havre, went aground in Gedney channel at the entrance of New York harbor. The probabilities are that an effort will be made at high tide this evening to float the steamer.

RUSSIA'S GREAT NAVAL COMMANDER DEAD

VICE ADMIRAL MAKAROFF.
Commander of Russian Fleet, Lost With Battleship Petropavlovsk.

NEW DRUG FOR CONSUMPTION

St. Louis Physicians Are Using It With Beneficial Results.

St. Louis, April 13.—Two St. Louis physicians are using a new drug in the treatment of consumption. The physicians have been studying the action of this drug for two years and became convinced that it would be beneficial to consumption. While it has been used but a short time, the results so far are promising.

On April 2, the physicians, Dr. J. H. Broderick and Dr. Edward H. H. Higbee, explained the treatment to Health Commissioner Simon and were given permission to treat whatever patients they desired to in the tuberculosis ward of the emergency hospital.

The theory of Drs. Broderick and Higbee is that consumption can be thrown off by increasing the carrying power of the blood and the use of the drug is intended to do this.

The blood of each patient treated since April 2 has improved from 10 to 20 per cent.

The drug is given internally, inhaled in spray or in extreme cases injected hypodermically. It is very rapid in its action, the effects being noticeable in a few days.

REPORT IS VERIFIED.

Washington, April 13.—Minister Harden has cabled the state department, a confirmation of the attempt to assassinate Premier Maura at Barcelona, Spain, yesterday. The minister was only slightly injured.

FIRE ON THE GOVERNOR.

Beirut, Syria, April 13 (via Port Said).—The governor of Beirut, the scene of the attempt to kill United States Vice Consul Magelssen last August, was attacked and fired upon April 11 by soldiers who were dissatisfied because their pay was in arrears. He was not injured. His guards returned the fire, wounding eight persons. All is now quiet.

RUMORS AGAIN CIRCULATED THAT POPE PIUS X IS ILL

Has Been Much Affected of Late By Reported Anarchistic Plots Against His Life—Dr. Lapponi Says His Patient Is Not Ill.

New York, April 13.—Rumors that the pope is ill are revived by a World dispatch from Rome, which asserts that after celebrating mass at St. Peter's Monday the pontiff spent a restless night, and that he was much agitated when Dr. Lapponi reached the vatican in response to a summons. A soothing potion was at once prescribed. The long ceremony in St. Peter's and fasting until 1 o'clock in the afternoon are believed to have been the cause. Some prelates of the inner circles admit, however, the correspondent asserts, that the pope has been much affected of late by reported anarchistic plos against his life. As he allows no one to open his private correspondence, he has read within a few weeks several anonymous letters threatening his life. On the plaza, where thousands were clamoring for admission to St. Peter's during the ceremony on Monday, the police arrested several persons thought to be anarchists who were too insistent in their demands for admission to the church. Dr. Lapponi expects his patient will be entirely well after a few days of absolute rest.

Rome, April 13.—Dr. Lapponi authorizes the Associated Press to deny that the pope is ill. The doctor visited the pontiff this morning, as he does several times each week, but he was not called to attend the pope. The latter this morning received a number of people, including a special deputation from the British Catholic union, headed by Lord Denbigh, and conversed in the most amiable manner with members of the deputation. The pontiff was pleased to hear that his photograph, sent to King Edward by Monsibgnor Stonor, was most appreciated, being kept in the royal sitting room, where Lord Denbigh saw it before leaving London. Lord Denbigh quoted the king as saying that he liked exceedingly the healthy, benignant appearance of the pontiff.

WOULD PREVENT REMARRIAGES

New York, April 13.—A tentative agreement has been reached between representatives of the principal Protestant church denominations in secret conference here by which it is hoped to prevent the marriage of divorced persons by a minister of another church if the marriage is forbidden by the rules of the church to which the person seeking re-marriage belongs. Present at the conference were Bishops Doane and McVickar, Bishop Coadjutor Greer, Rev. Dr. Fulton of Philadelphia and delegates from the Presbyterian, Methodist, Reformed Lutheran, Baptist, Congregational and Reformed Presbyterian denominations.

A committee was appointed by Bishop Doane to appeal to the public on "the grave dangers of existing laxity in the frequency of divorces."

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

The following in regard to the presidency of the general federation of women's clubs will be of interest to the club women of this city:

California clubwomen have pledged themselves to the support of Mrs. Robert J. Burdette of Los Angeles for the presidency of the general federation of women's club, formal action having been taken at the convention of the California state federation at its closing session at Sacramento, March 31. The action of the state convention in authorizing its delegates to present the name of Mrs. Burdette as a candidate at the coming biennial convention at St. Louis has been indorsed by several of the individual clubs of California, prominent among them being the Ebell club of Los Angeles and the Shakespeare club of Pasadena, two of the most influential clubs in the southern part of the state. Mrs. Burdette is a member of both.

"Clubwomen who came into personal touch with the politics at the last biennial at Los Angeles will see a special significance in this organized support of Mrs. Burdette. At the time of the last biennial Mrs. Burdette was a candidate for the presidency but she did not have the united support of her own state, the reason given being that many of the clubwomen did not believe it would be courteous to ask her election of a convention which they were entertaining and which might feel the embarrassment of obligation.

"It was also asserted that the existing rivalry between San Francisco and Los Angeles was a factor in the reticence of the California women in urging the election of Mrs. Burdette and therefore the action of the state federation has a double significance because her name was presented to the California clubwomen by Mrs. C. Mason Kinne of San Francisco, well known as a past president of the National Woman's relief corps. It was seconded by Mrs. Charles N. MacLeuth of San Jose, representing central California, who said that she spoke as a daughter of Dixie as well as of her adopted state, and who eulogized Mrs. Burdette for being the influence which had made Mason and Dixon's line a memory of the past so far as the clubwomen of the United States are concerned.

The only other candidate who has been mentioned so far since the withdrawal of Mrs. Demles T. Denison of New York as a candidate for re-election is Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker of Denver, whose name will be presented by the Colorado state federation."

CATS DEATH TO BIRDS.

Audobon Society Presents Dangers Lying In Tabby.

The Audubon society is working diligently in Duluth to protect the birds from ravages of all kinds. To the casual observer the small boy with the inevitable slung shot that comes with the spring presents the largest menace to bird life and the pet cat is seldom thought of as a threat to the life of the bird. The following from the Boston Brown book will present a new thought to many:

"A bird in the bush is worth two in the cat.

"The love of birds is inborn in people of refinement. To be sure, tastes differ in detail. Some prefer the nightingale pouring out its heart in melody to the moon, concealed in the jasmine scented thicket, while some like the quail smothered in brown gravy with truffles; but we are all fond of birds. The artisan borrow birds' wings for the angels of their imagination, and the ladies appropriate them for their dreams of Easter hats, so strongly is the beauty of the feathered songsters impressed on the higher ideals of the race. Naturalists and women's clubs study birds and learn wonderful things about their habits, especially the women's clubs; we chide our children for collecting their eggs even in the interests of science, and we make countless laws for their protection; then we allow free trade in cat propagation which pretty nearly wrecks the whole proposition. Cats are vocalists, too, and when it comes to singing to the moon, a well-developed tom cat can hold his own against all comers. The nightingale is not in the contest, in fact it too often happens that before the rose flush of dawn ushers in the jocund day the nightingale is in the cat. Enter the cat into the garden, exit the bird into the cat. The sequence is too well known even to excite remark. Lovers of birds, who fancy they do all they can to make the lives of the beauteous songsters happy and safe, seem entirely to ignore it, yet the domestic cat is the fiercest enemy the birds have. It is estimated that our annual crop of cats is 5,000,000 and that these yearly dispose of 20,000,000 birds, and these birds are the kind that frequent ouh gardens and orchards and make life pleasant for bird lovers and bird students.

"I believe the estimate is entirely too low. The well-fed and pampered house pet may not get more than four birds a season, but the name of the outlaw cat is legion, and these are surely good for a dozen each, else they could not live. The idea of licensing the domestic pet and destroying the outlaw is coming to be more and more prevalent. It has been turned down by more than one legislature, but it is bound to come up again. In Germany the household must pay a small fee for the privilege of keeping a single cat, and a bounty is paid for the body of the unlicensed feline just as we pay bounties for the destruction of all kinds of evil-disposed and troublesome varmints. The law works well, and where the cats are thus restricted and controlled the birds about the door increase in number. The plan is recommended to the serious consideration of bird clubs and Audobon societies. Their influence, properly combined, would make good with any legislature, would give us bird songs instead of caterwauls, and make the night melodious instead of hideous."

BOOK EXHIBIT.

Finally Decided Not to Have It Here.

The book exhibit which was to have been held at the local public library Friday and Saturday of this week will not be shown. The exhibit which is at present being shown at the public library in Superior will remain there until Saturday and then will be taken away. It is regretted that the books will not be shown here but the value is so great—small books that could easily be carried away being vauled at a thousand dollars and more—that the responsibility in having the books is very great. The plans of Mr. Perry the owner of the exhibit will make it impossible to bring the books here. The exhibit is a wonderfully beautiful one and many Duluth people interested in it are going to Superior tomorrow evening to see the books and manuscripts rather than miss the affair entirely as the books are rare and seldom indeed is a better collection gotten together.

W. C. T. U. LECTURER.

Miss Annie E. Robbins to Spend a Week Here.

Miss Annie E. Robbins, a national lecturer and organizer, will be in Duluth for one week, from April 14 to 22. She will speak in different parts of the city during her stay here, and it is hoped that W. C. T. U. societies may be organized as a result of her labors.

She will speak at the Endion M. E. church tomorrow evening, and the announcements for the remainder of the week will be made later. She will speak at the Asbury M. E. church on Sunday evening, April 17, and at the Second Presbyterian church on Monday evening.

Tuesday evening, April 19, she will deliver her lecture on "Life in Manila," at the G. A. R. rooms in the Kalamazoo block.

Thursday, April 21, there will be a W. C. T. U. district convention at the Plymouth Congregational church in West Duluth, beginning at 1:30 o'clock. Miss Robbins will speak in the afternoon and will lecture on "Life in Manila" in the evening.

Entertains at Luncheon.

Mrs. Jack McLaren entertained at a charming luncheon yesterday in honor of Miss Wolf, of Louisville, Ky., and Mrs. W. D. Mann, who is known professionally as Miss Marguerite Sylva. The table decorations were in red, carnations being the centerpiece and red candles shaded in red, casting a warm glow over the table. The guests were: Mrs. H. G. Gooch, Misses Lulu Smallwood, Searle, of Minneapolis; Busbee, Friskee, of St. Paul.

Rehearsals of Chorus.

Rehearsals of the women's chorus of the Matinee Musicale will be held Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, and Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at Temple Recital hall. The chorus is under the direction of Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward, and as half of the artists' concert to be given a week from tomorrow evenign will be given by the chorus, it is necessary that all members be present at this practice. The chorus will sing "Midsummer Day," a cantata, by Jadssohn.

Events of Interest.

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Morgan and Royale C. Bruen took place this afternoon at 1:15 at the First Methodist church, Rev. S. P. Long performing the ceremony. Only the immediate friends were present Mr. and Mrs. Bruen left immediately following the ceremony for a wedding trip to several Indiana points.

* * *

This evening the Art club will meet at the club room of the library.

* * *

The Young Ladies' club of Lester Park will entertain at a dancing party this evening at Harmonie hall at Lester.

* * *

Tomorrow afternoon Mrs. J. Q. A. Crosby and Mrs. N. A. Clark will entertain at a card reception at the home of the former, on East Superior street.

* * *

The Women's alliance of the Unitarian church met this afternoon with Mrs. C. J. Le Sure, of 1418 East Superior street.

* * *

The Ladies' Missionary society of the Lakeside Presbyterian church met this afternoon with Mrs. R. S. Manley, of 5401 London road.

* * *

The Ladies' Aid society of the Lakeside Presbyterian church will meet Friday afternoon with Mrs. H. B. Sutherland, 4527 Cambridge street.

* * *

Tomorrow evening the Progress club will give its annual ball at the Spalding. This is the second annual ball of the club, and the proceeds will be for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid society of Temple Emmanuel. The affair has been most carefully planned and it promises to be one of the brilliant functions of the spring season among the prominent Jewish people of the city.

* * *

Personal Mention.

Miss Murray, of 1632 East First street, left yesterday for St. Paul, to attend the funeral of Rudolph Fisher, brother of Miss Ida Fisher, who has visited here and is well known in Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. M. R. Baldwin left yesterday for a visit at Aberdeen, S. D.

* * *

Miss Ellen Marcus, who has been visiting friends in the city for a few days, left yesterday for Ely, where she is teaching.

STARTLING STATEMENT

By Dr. Buckley at a Methodist Conference.

New York, April 13.—"We can accept money from a rum seller if we do not ask for it, and if the gift does not padlock our lips or impose other conditions," declared Dr. J. M. Buckley, editor of the Christian Advocate, at the New York East conference of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Dr. Buckley's startling statement followed an appeal of President Raymond, of the Wesleyan university, for assistance in raising an endowment of $1,000,000 for the institution. Dr. Buckley further said it was better for an institution to be sustained by the small gifts of a large number of men than to be supported by one or two wealthy men, the character of whose gifts are debatable.

He wanted it understood, however, that he would accept one or two millions from Mr. Rockefeller or any other man, as by taking it he would not necessarily approve the donor's means of getting it.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

ONLY 'TILL SATURDAY

will the Fire, Smoke and Water Sale continue in our basement. Here is a chance for you to get—

Damaged 8-Day Kitchen Clocks for
Damaged 8-Day Mantel Clocks for
Damaged Tapestry Table Covers for
Damaged Chenille Table Covers for
Damaged Writing Desk Albums for
Damaged Music Albums for
Damaged Easel Albums for
Damaged Bibles for
Damaged Lace Curtains for

50c

And other good bargains at $1.00.

CASH OR CREDIT

8 East Superior Street. **GATELY'S** 8 East Superior Street.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Francis Wilson in "Erminie."
METROPOLITAN—Myrkle-Harder company in "The Sleeping City."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Thursday and Saturday, with Saturday matinee, Florence Stone company in "The Banker's Daughter."
LYCEUM—Friday evening, Michigan College of Mines Glee club.

FRANCIS WILSON.

Popular Comedian and Company Present "Erminie."

CAST.

Cadeaux ..... Francis Wilson
Ravennes ..... William Broderick
Chevalier de Brabazon ..... Sig. Perugini
Eugenie Marcel ..... William C. Weeden
Marquis de Pomvert ..... Robert Broderick
Capt. Delauney ..... Jessie Bartlett Davis
Simon ..... William Laverty
Dufoir ..... Patrick Wallace
Vicompte de Brissac ..... J. C. Jackson
Sargeant ..... Charles Arling
Benedict ..... Ernest Galton
Erminie ..... Marguerita Sylva
Princess de Gramponeus .....
..... Jennie Weathersby
Cerise Marcel ..... Edna Bruns
Marie ..... Lucille Egan
Javotte ..... Clara Belle Jerome

In the audience at the Lyceum last evening there were probably few persons who had never seen a production of "Erminie" in some form or other and under some name or other. It has been done and re-done as "Robert Micaire," "The Two Vagabonds" and under other cognomens. But Francis Wilson and his company, who presented it at the Lyceum last evening, gave the popular comic opera a production such as it should have to be thoroughly appreciated. With a comedian of such eminent abilities as Mr. Wilson, a cast containing several brilliant lights of the operatic world, and stage equipment and settings with all of that luxuriance and careful attention to detail that characterizes the modern production, the tuneful opera was presented in a way thoroughly satisfying. The music of "Erminie" is ever delightful and never loses its charming flavor.

This was the first visit of Mr. Wilson to Duluth, at least within fifteen years and the memory of the theatergoer is not supposed to go further back than that. The character of Cadeaux was Mr. Wilson's original creation, and he infuses into it a great amount of drollery and keeps laughter well to the surface all the time he is on the stage. His curtain speech delivered in response to prolonged calls was of a decidedly original turn and made a hit.

Miss Marguerite Sylva has the part of Erminie and sings and impersonates it charmingly. She is a young woman of more than pleasing personality and splendidly equipped for prima donna roles. It must be confessed, however, that her part in this opera is not commensurate with her abilities. The memory of Miss Sylva in "Miss Bob White" will ever linger with theater-goers as her standard until she can find something equally good or better. Certainly in "Erminie" and in "The Strollers," in which she last appeared, she has had nothing that is of her capacity.

Jessie Bartlett Davis was warmly welcomed and as Capt. Delaney made a handsome soldier and chucked the girls under the chin and swaggered about with all of her old-time jauntiness. Her magnificent contralto voice was heard in a couple of songs in the second act and caused much enthusiasm.

William Broderick made an admirable Ravennes and sang excellently. William C. Weeden is a delightful singer and his solo brought him several recalls. Signor Perugini was fine in the role of Chevalier de Barbazon, a fop of the effeminate kind.

Clara Belle Jerome in the soubrette role, that of Javotte, was pleasing, especially in a song with Mr. Wilson, "Joseph, James and John," an interpolation. Miss Jennie Weatherby was the giddy and irresponsible Princess de Gramponeur, a role which she created, and she was of course more than good.

Gloria's work was good, the costuming fine and the settings superb, the ball room scene in the second act thoroughly deserving the adjective sumptuous.

The opera was repeated this afternoon and will be heard again this evening.

Many complimentary remarks were to be heard of the changes made in the Lyceum during the interval it has been closed. The delicate green and gold which form the color scheme used in the decoration of the house, brighten it and present anew the beauties of this handsome theater. The lower floor has been completely reseated, more being added and the new seats being lower in the back than the old ones, a feature that has resulted in greatly improving the acoustics of the lower floor. In the dress circle also more chairs have been added. Greater freedom of exit has been one of the needs sought to be attained and there has been a great improvement in this regard. Within a short time the curtains will be redecorated and made to harmonize with the color scheme of the house.

MYRKLE-HARDER COMPANY.

Another thoroughly satisfied audience witnessed the production of "The Silver Dagger" last night at the Metropolitan. Repeated curtain calls greeted the climax of the third act, the thrilling scene in the underground dungeon in which several people narrowly escape an awful fate, and where villainy for a short time seems about to triumph. The vaudeville features continue to please, also, and the illustrated songs are excellent. The matinee crowd seemed the best satisfied that the Metropolitan has ever catered to. This evening a stirring story of Martinique before the terrible eruption of Mount Pelee in 1902, entitled "The Sleeping City," will be presented.

"PARSIFAL."

Commencing April 18, for four performances, "Parsifal," Richard Wagner's greatest work, will be the offering at the Lyceum by Dick Ferris' special road company, numbering 100 people, besides a special orchestra of twenty pieces. The company will arrive Monday forenoon in their special train.

A FORTUNATE FAILURE

By Whren Wrydell.

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By her manner she evidently meant what she had spoken.

"No, I shall never marry a man who gambles, be it cards or stocks," she repeated.

Joel wondered at her attitude, but resolved that she should never be the wiser in regard to his recent scheming on the market.

"Perhaps that is why you did not attend the last progressive euchre party at the DeLaneys."

"You guessed right; it was in conflict with my principle, hence I declined to attend."

He began to suspect that his path in the wooing of Marie would not be as smooth as his sanguine expectations had pictured it.

"It is very exciting," he ventured.

"And very exhilarating when you lose, I presume."

"To lose is not necessary for our health and happiness, besides it is fine sport to win."

"I hope you are not speaking for yourself; if you are we can never be the best of friends, I am sure."

He gazed through the window down the broad avenue and, although it was 9 o'clock at night, he readily recognized the face of Williams, his most hated adversary on exchange, passing in his automobile. His wife and daughter were with him, evidently out for an evening spin, and for a moment Joel realized that he was planning their ruin.

A moment later she continued: "I am at present writing a magazine article upon the evils of stock gambling. I shall use the most telling arguments in favor of government control of the market."

He suddenly came to the conclusion that there was only one way open to him and that was to win her before his corner of eggs was announced. She stepped to the piano and he obediently followed. Possessing a fine baritone voice he now, as he so often had done before, poured out his love in song. He laid such stress upon each recurrence of any reference to the delicate passion that she could not help but understand. She seemed engrossed in the manipulation of the keyboard, but he recognized by the bowing of her head that his pleading in song was not in vain. Between the lulls in the music he would whisper what he left unsung, and the result as sooner or later was to be expected, their engagement would be announced in the near future.

Upon leaving he added: "Let me hope that your magazine article will be appreciated by your readers," and chuckled within himself while stepping around the corner to his residence.

The next morning he awoke with the firm conviction that life was one long, sweet song. Not that he doubted this before, but he began to realize that the proper incentive had been lacking.

While partaking of his breakfast he glanced over the morning paper. In the financial column there was naturally much to interest him, and with a glance at the heading about his relations with the market. His corner is well-nigh complete and he is recognized as a genius of speculation. It is admitted that he will amass a stupendous fortune. In the editorial section he also finds a leading article about himself. Here he is roundly abused. He is accused of forcing the price of eggs to an unprecedented height, thereby robbing the poor of a necessity of life. His speedy downfall is fervently hoped for; which causes Joel to become only more decided in his endeavor. There is no turning back now, no matter what the papers say.

With a start he is reminded that Marie may read this. To say the least his mind was far from its accustomed ease that morning.

On arriving on exchange his mind involuntarily cleared for action. With scant deliberation, but with marvelous foresight, he swept everything before him. His advocates, including Williams, were no more a mad stampede, vainly endeavoring to hold their forces together, and, above all, ruin stared them in the face.

At the first sight of Marie in the drawing room at her home that evening he fell prey to decided misgiving. We will speedily discover the cause.

From the table she produced a newspaper and pointing to a leading editorial inquired for an explanation. Having concluded, she added: "Remember, I will never marry a man who gambles."

"But, dear," he answered in some alarm, "if I do not make a fortune by manipulating the market some one else will."

Rather a poor argument, and a moment later he became convinced of it, as she answered with spirit:

"Does another's wrong-doing justify your own? Joel, you cannot imagine how this has affected me today." Pointing to the editorial, she continued: "I could hardly endure the pain of the thought that this was to be my future husband. Mercy! For my own love's sake—give it up!"

She fell into his arms and wept bitterly. He had experienced many trying moments in business, but he readily confessed that this was the limit. He never for a moment, however, intended to relinquish his corner on the market for a mere sentiment. He did not doubt his ability in the least to convert her to his standpoint in the matter.

He kissed her upturned face tenderly, murmuring the while softly:

"My own, my darling own. The papers have grossly exaggerated the matter. Cannot the love we bear each other mold this slight difference over?"

"Mold it over! Oh, how miserable I am! For my sake stop the daily gamble. I will die if you do not!"

Joel's heart was touched deeply. For a moment he entertained the thought that he would drop the game. But, what would his friends, they who expected so much of him, think? Human nature is passionately fond of a show and if in its self-complacency it can appear above its fellows the hardest toil will be as play. The pinnacle of fame, in its glitter, is sufficiently enchanting to enthrall us in its glory; but the greed for wealth entirely circumvents our better nature and leaves us but a vestige of our real selves.

Such was the situation with Joel. He was winning in a desperate game. He did not require additional wealth to exist better. He could not live in better comfort with any number of millions added to his already vast store. But deep in his nature there lurked the germ of greed. It found food upon contemplating another's success. Failures were not noticed. An opening presented itself for a corner and the germ, the trifling blaze at the bottom of his nature, fanned into an uncontrollable conflagration.

He departed that evening sorely pained at heart. He did not value riches above Marie, but he positively could not understand why both together should be an impossible attainment.

Marie's last words—"Oh, had the seeds of my love fallen upon better soil"—bewildered him and the day that began so bright ended in chaos.

The afternoon of the next day saw Marie shopping and Joel in his office deeply engrossed in the fluctuations of prices caused by rumors of fresh shipments from the West. His partners on exchange kept him constantly informed by a private wire of the turn of the cards. The news became more and more disquieting and the corner of the market became doubtful. Was he losing? With the birth of the thought he dashed out of his office and directed his steps to the produce exchange. Veering around a corner he suddenly came upon Marie. Intensely surprised he inquired quickly and shortly:

"Shopping?"

But Marie, more composed, replied:

"Good evening, Joel. This is certainly very unexpected."

"Yes, I—have—am—yes—I am in a great hurry." His confusion betrayed his excitement and Marie was not slow in understanding. A moment later he added:

"Am I excusable? Will call this evening as usual."

"Joel, are you still at it after all my entreaties? Although you did not say it, I took it for granted that you would give it up for my sake."

Joel gave her one long look, then rushed down the street, leaving her standing alone.

Marie hurried home, convulsed with a variety of feelings. She quickly determined that their engagement should be broken. A gambler for a husband—never!

Passing a well-nigh sleepless night, she arose quite early next morning. Wishing to have something to occupy her mind she took recourse in the morning paper. A fire, a fatal accident and—what is this? Bewildered and nearly prostrated she read the following heading:

"Joel Leland ruined. His corner broken and eggs are again within reach. His entire fortune disappears."

The heading was sufficient. Above all she felt sure that Joel's gambling proclivities were undoubtedly cured and—perhaps they could marry after all. The thought brought self-composure and at last she felt happy.

It was evening before Joel called upon her. A silent tread ushered him into her presence and with bowed-down head he began:

"Marie, am I forgiven?"

Her answer was never uttered. With a bound she was in his arms and between the pauses of her sobs he found time to kiss the tears from an upturned face.

"A fortunate failure for both of us," he muttered.

"Joel!"

SNOW IN MARYLAND.

Cumberland, Md., April 13.—Snow fell here and throughout Western Maryland today. At Frostburg it covered the ground to the depth of two inches and similar reports reach here from other points in this part of the state.

That Tired Feeling

Is a Common Spring Trouble.

It's a sign that the blood is deficient in vitality, just as pimples and other eruptions are signs that the blood is impure.

It's a warning, too, which only the hazardous fail to heed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove it, give new life, new courage, strength and animation.

They cleanse the blood and clear the complexion.

Accept no substitute.

"I felt tired all the time and could not sleep. After taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a while I could sleep well and the tired feeling had gone. This great medicine has also cured me of scrofula." Mrs. C. M. Root, Gilead, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

THE NEW FURNITURE

House Cleaning Time. Don't miss one of our advertisements. They're all filled with bargains from a new stock. **Our reputation for low prices** has brought us right to the front and we can well boast of the largest and finest lines of Furniture, Carpets, Etc., ever shown in Duluth.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD HERE

Parlor Suite.

Beautiful mahogany finished Parlor Suite, upholstered in plain or figured velour. Consists of settee, arm chair and reception chair, worth $15, on sale at **$10.50**

Combination Desk and Sectional Book Case.

Of the celebrated Globe-Wernicke make. Come in and let us show it to you. Desk unit on sale at ---------- **$14.00**

Each Book Case Section from $2.50 up.

Chiffoniers.

Solid oak Chiffonier, 5 large roomy drawers—beautiful golden finish—oval, beveled plate glass mirror, cast brass handles—most stores ask $10.00—our special—**$6.98**

Some Specials New Carpet Patterns and Rugs

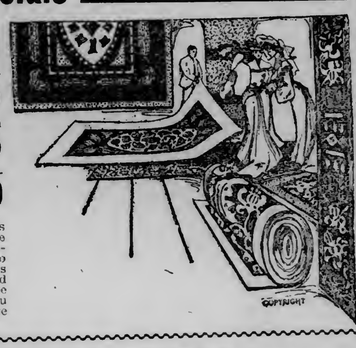
9x12 Brussels Rugs—for this sale ---- **$13.00**

9x12 Brussels Rugs—for this sale only ---- **$9.25**

9x12 All-wool Ingrain Rugs; price only ---- **$7.85**

7-6x9 All-wool Ingrain Rugs—only ---- **$4.90**

There are carpet sales everywhere—but the genuine carpet bargains are here. No cheap, shoddy carpets—ours are the kind that wear years; sure to find just what you want here and save at least one-third.



226--228 West Superior St., Duluth.

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

226--228 West Superior St., Duluth.

COSTS LIFE OF A CHILD

Nurse By Mistake Applies Carbolic Acid to Its Body.

The mistake of a nurse, who took the contents of a bottle of carbolic acid to be sweet oil, is said to have caused the death of the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Hyatt, of 210 Third avenue east.

The little girl was born a week ago Tuesday, and a Mrs. Pease was engaged as nurse, the young mother being too weak to care for it. Saturday morning the nurse washed the infant and, after saturating a cloth with the contents of the bottle, wrapped the child up in it and left the house.

The child immediately began to cry, as if in great pain, and the father rushed out and overtook the nurse, bidding her come back to the house.

When asked what she had done, she replied that she had merely washed the infant and applied some sweet oil.

"Sweet oil," cried the father. "There is not a drop of it in the house. "Then catching sight of the bottle of carbolic acid, he held it before the eyes of the nurse and asked her if that was what she had used.

The nurse sank back in her chair in hysterics, while the father ran for Dr. Phelan. The body of the infant was blackened by the acid, and it was unconscious until Sunday morning, when it died. No mention was made of the death to the coroner, who was not informed of it until last evening. He is investigating it today, and will endeavor to determine from the facts of the case whether there was any criminal negligence.

Mrs. Pease was carried to her home in a hysterical condition, brought on by the results of her fatal mistake. The young mother nearly succumbed to the shock, but recovered somewhat last evening.

Mr. Hyatt is a driver for the French & Bassett company, and the infant, which was buried Monday, was his only child.

MOTION DENIED

For a Rehearing In Mine Attorney's Case.

Helena, Mont., April 13.—The supreme court has denied the motion for a rehearing in the case of Forester & Macginnis against the Boston & Montana company, in which the plaintiffs were allowed in the district court an attorneys' fee of $50,000. This is the case in which Judge Clancy allowed the famous fee of $250,000 to Thomas R. Hinds as receiver of the Boston & Montana properties for five days. The Boston & Montana appealed from the order allowing the fee and the supreme court affirmed the lower court. The company then made a motion for a rehearing, which has now been denied. The lawyers among whom the $50,000 is to be divided, are members of the Butte and Helena bars.

Thousands of housewives in Duluth tried a first order of **COMMANDER FLOUR** and continued to use it. Because with less trouble than usual Commander Flour produces extra good bread. An order to your grocer for Commander Flour will give you the same tangible results. Manufactured by

GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth, Minn.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Carpets, Rugs, Mattings

Ever since the first of the year carpets, rugs, mattings, etc., have been making their way towards the third floor, that they might be in hand for the early spring selling. All these new things are now here—and it is a magnificent gathering you are invited to see. The low prices, too, are one of the strongest attractions.

Specially priced:

Chinese, India and Japanese Mattings—all new patterns and all colors—a yard **15c to 60c**

All-wool Cotton Chain Ingrain Carpets—excellent quality—a yard only ---------- **55c**

Sanitary Ingrain Carpets—new and attractive patterns—a yard—only ---------- **25c**

One lot All-wool Ingrains—a variety of patterns—at—per yard—only ---------- **65c**

Cotton and Wool Ingrain in a variety of attractive patterns — a yard—only---------- **35c**

Big Sale Stoves and Ranges Continues

$1 DOWN AND $1 A WEEK

places any stove of the famous Buck's make in your home—Every one guaranteed.

Crockery--Housefurnishings.

A department full of things both useful and ornamental—in crockery, cut glass, tinware, woodenware, etc. You'll find the prices here suprisingly low—come and see! The Dunlop Percolater or Coffee Pot is the most sanitary coffee pot known—it cuts your coffee bill in two, makes delicious coffee—does not boil or scald the coffee grounds—the "Dunlop Percolater" is so entirely new and original that an intelligent observer is at once interested upon seeing it in operation. We shall be pleased to show it to you.

Special sale of Rogers' Silver Plated Ware.

Plain Tea Spoons—set of six—for— **78c**

Fancy pattern Tea Spoons—set of six—for— **98c**

Butter Knives—a few odd ones—for, each— **38c**

Beaded edge Dessert Spoons—set of six—for— **$1.48**

8 Dwt. Knives and Forks—set of six—for— **$1.58**

Beaded edge Tea Spoons—set of six—for— **88c**

12 Dwt. Knives and Forks—set of six—for— **$2.48**

Plain Dessert Spoons—set of six—for— **$1.38**

Fancy pattern Dessert Spoons—set of six—for— **$1.58**

Sugar Spoons—a few odd ones—for, each— **28c**

Complete Housefurnishings on Easy Monthly Payments.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Store News for Tomorrow.

Opening and display of the new

Shirt Waist Suits (for Spring and Summer. In all materials.)

Prices commence at $10.00 for a pretty brilliantine suit; $15.00 for a silk shirt waist suit, and so on to $45.00. See display in our East show window.

THIRD FLOOR:

Special Sale of Oriental Rugs Continued.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

MORGAN-BRUEN

Wedding Takes Place at First Methodist Church.

A quiet ceremony took place at 1 o'clock this afternoon, in the parlors of the First Methodist church, when Miss Elizabeth Morgan, of 915 London road, was united in marriage to Royale C. Bruen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Bruen, 1421 London road. Dr. S. P. Long officiated. Those present at the ceremony were Mr. and Mrs. Morgan, uncle and aunt of the bride, Miss Ethel Morgan, her sister, and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bruen, brother and sister of the groom.

A large number of young people, friends of the newly married couple were in waiting at the church doors, after the ceremony, and gave them an enthusiastic farewell as they left in a carriage for the Union depot. The hack was gaily and appropriately decorated.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruen left on the afternoon train for a visit in Iowa and Indiana and on their return, will be at home at 1401 London road.

The bride was formerly employed in the office of the Mand-y-McLennan agency and the groom is connected with the News-Tribune business office.

KNIFE WAS NOT POISONED.

Barcelona, April 13.—It has been ascertained that the knife used by Joaquin Miguel Artao, who yesterday attempted the life of Premier Maura, was not poisoned, as reported. The doctors say Senor Maura will have fully recovered from his wound in a few days. Artao's accomplice is named Mathias Ortel. He admits he is an anarchist.

The Blake Hat

Has no equal, for the price, style, comfort, service are the qualifications that have made this the most popular hat. Just try it.

ITASCA BRIDGE BILL

Sent to the President For His Signature.

Washington, April 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The bill introduced by Representative Bede, authorizing the county commissioners of Itasca, Minn., to construct a bridge over the Mississippi has passed the senate and house, and was today sent to the president for his signature.

THOUSANDS APPLY FOR STORE POSITIONS.

New York, April 13.—So great was the crowd of applicants for positions in a new department store on Sixth avenue today that it became necessary to call out the police reserves to maintain order. It was estimated that anywhere from 4000 to 5000 persons were in waiting at 8 o'clock, the hour named in advertisements for receiving the application.

TRANSFERS THE CASE.

Great Northern vs. Butler Bros. Goes to District Court.

The action brought by the Great Northern Railway company against Butler Bros. has been transferred from municipal to district court, by order of Judge Windom, the defendants having put in a counter-claim of $2274.06, which is in excess of the statutory limitation of $500 for the amount involved for municipal court trial.

The action was brought by the railroad to collect damages in the amount of $327 for alleged car detention.

Butler Bros., through their attorneys, Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer, have filed answer claiming that the detention damages could not be more than $1.80. The counter claim embraces among other things damages claimed to have been done mining machinery that was moved in the railway company's cars.

Examine Them All

And the Blake derby will be your choice. No other spring 1904 block equals it for style. Made on honor, of the very best materials, and sold on merit. Ask to see it. Your dealer has it.

POLICE RAID PRIZE FIGHT.

New York, April 13.—The police raided a prize fight early today at Broadway and Sixty-fifth street and took 150 prisoners, including the alleged principals.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Kronlein Louise, Genoa, Naples and Gibraltar, for New York, passed Nantucket at 10:40 a. m.

Plymouth—Arrived: Deutchland, from New York.

Liverpool—Arrived: Oceanic, New York.

BANK WILL REOPEN.

Washington, April 13.—The comptroller of the currency today authorized the Traders Bank of Clarksburg, W. Va., to reopen for business. This bank suspended Feb. 2, 1904.

MONEY SAVING THURSDAY BARGAINS

Herald Ads Always Contain the Best Offerings of Duluth Merchants for the Following Day.

A sensational sale of sample suits from New York will begin at Panton & White's tomorrow. See ad.

Freimuth's ad quotes special values in suits, skirts and waists for Thursday buyers.

An unusually low-priced sale of new spring underwear and hosiery is announced by the Gray-Tallant company.

J. M. Gidding enumerates the different brands of fine furnishings handled by the firm.

The Silberstein & Bondy company announces a special showing of shirt waist suits.

T. W. McCauley & Co. quote close prices on Swift's hams.

A special sale of stoves and of Rogers' silver-plated ware is told about in French & Bassett's ad.

The Duluth Music company explains a novel plan for saving money.

C. W. Erieson illustrates some popular styles of new spring hats.

The Kelley Hardware company has something to say of interest to fishers.

Read what you can buy for 50 cents at Gately's this week.

"A snap in good shoes" can be had at Phillips & Co.'s tomorrow.

Specially low prices are quoted by the F. S. Kelly company on all lines of new furniture.

MAY INVESTIGATE.

Possibility of Further Action On Postoffice Charges.

Washington, April 13.—A proposal to pass a resolution for a postoffice investigation has been discussed by some of the Republican members of the senate committee on postoffice and post roads, though a determination for such an investigation has not been fully decided upon by the Republican leaders. The resolution which has been suggested will provide that a sub-committee of the committee on postoffice and postroads may receive during the recess of congress any specific charge made against any official or person and determine whether such charges should be investigated. Members of the committee say that the resolution will provide for a committee during the recess which has existed during the session by which specific charges will be taken up when presented, but that no general inquiry will be instituted.

THREE DROWNED

While Fording Creek Near Fort Stevenson, N. D.

St. Paul, April 13.—A special to the Dispatch from Bismarck, N. D., says: J. Cook, a ranchman, living near Fort Stevenson, McLean county, and three sons, aged 14, 12 and 6 years, attempted to cross Douglass creek, which had been swollen with spring freshets and running with ice. Two sons, the oldest and youngest, were thrown out into the creek in the overturning of the wagon, and the father sprang into the creek to rescue them. The rush of the water was so great that all three were drowned. The third son, aged 12 years, was rescued from a floating cake of ice.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Danville, Ill., April 13.—Mrs. Herman Bohn, a prominent woman, was burned to death by the explosion of combustibles in the kitchen stove and her young daughter narrowly escaped death. The house was also destroyed.

MORMANS MISSING.

Are Wanted As Witnesses In Smoot Hearing.

Washington, April 13.—Senator Burrows has notified Senator Scott that five witnesses subpoenaed in the pending Smoot investigation have not been found. They are John W. Taylor, J. M. Tanner, Heber J. Grant, Mathias F. Cowley and Lillian Hamlin Cannon. Senator Burrows suggested to Senator Smoot that in view of the statement of President Joseph F. Smith that he would endeavor to have all witnesses summoned or wanted to appear, that it would be well to inform Mr. Smith that the witnesses named were wanted. Senator Smoot wrote President Smith to this effect.

ROCK ISLAND TRAIN IS WRECKED NEAR ROCKDALE.

Joliet, Ill., April 13.—A Rock Island passenger train from St. Paul was wrecked today at Rockdale, one mile south of Joliet. Two persons were seriously injured. The passenger train crashed into the rear end of a freight train. The cars took fire from the wrecked engine. The track was blockaded.

CAMPAIGN IS HOT

Lively Interest In Election of Commercial Club Directors.

Two Tickets Lead In Fight, With Others Also Running.

Two tickets led in the Commercial club election of directors today, one being the "membership" ticket, consisting of B. Silberstein, E. P. Towne, J. M. Smith, C. W. Elston and William C. Sargent, and the other the ticket which was being pushed by F. W. Heimick, H. B. Knudsen and other workers, bore the names of G. L. Douglas, Jr., E. M. Ferguson, George C. Stone, C. W. Elston and Frank Crassweller.

Some of the supporters of the latter ticket were inclined to look at the first named ticket as a political one, because William C. Sargent, who is active in politics, was on the ticket and was working for it early and late. S. J. Bigelow was an earnest worker for this ticket. One of the men who worked for the latter ticket bet 10 to 2 that Douglass would win, and there were all sorts of wagers offered, or threatened, for most of the speeches about bets were made in fun and to create as much dismay as possible among the opposition.

One "membership" man offered to bet $50 that more than two members of that ticket would be elected, but no one called him. The scene was about as active as it ever gets around the polls at a public election, and the buttonholing that went on was a caution. The weather hardly permitted any sidewalk work, but enough went on inside.

The election hours were from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., and the judges and tellers were L. D. Campbell, E. C. Little and Fred Schmiedel. The vote was unexpectedly heavy, numbering 268 ballots at 1:30 p. m., with every indication of running to 200 or more. Last year the vote was only a little over 200, with almost as many members in the club as there are now.

Other candidates for the directory besides those above mentioned were Frank Crassweller, A. C. Volk, C. H. Bradley and Cameron Hewitt, there being twelve all told. There was considerable effort in behalf of individuals by those who were not particularly interested in either side, and C. W. Elston's election was considered a foregone conclusion, as he was on both tickets and, mittee, has made a record for acquisition to the club with which no other man hopes to compete. It was expected that the count of the ballots would require at least a couple of hours. The Australian ballot system was used in the election, all votes going into a ballot box, to be counted after the close of the polls.

The present directory consists of W. A. McGonagle, F. W. Heimick, J. H. Barnes, C. R. Rust, Guy A. Eaton, who held over, while the ones whose terms expire today are F. A. Patrick, E. L. Miller, George C. Stone, E. M. Ferguson and Frank Crassweller, the three last named being candidates for re-election. Messrs. Patrick and Millar were nominated for re-election, but withdrew.

The annual meeting of the club will be held tonight, at which the result of the election will be announced. The work of the year will be discussed and plans for the new year considered.

WIRING NOT YET REPAIRED

Building of New Courthouse May Become Compulsory.

Nothing has yet been done by the county commissioners toward having new electric wiring done at the court house. Some weeks ago a communication was read before the commissioners from Fred A. Hough, city electrician, in which he stated that the electrical wiring at the court house is in a dangerous condition and should be attended to. Mr. Hough offered to point out to the board, if it so desired, wherein changes should be made. The matter was referred to a committee, but no steps have yet been taken toward remedying the defects.

Some of the county officials have suggested that if the present wiring is left long enough the new court house will be necessary before the entire amount of money that is being accumulated on the tax assessments for the new building will be available.

APOLLO CLUB MAKES PLANS

Will Endeavor to Get Large Number of Associate Membership.

Vice-President Gearhart presided at the annaul meeting and banquet of the Apollo club, which took place last night at the Commercial club, and it was decided to endeavor to raise the membership of the club to about 75 and endeavor to get 100 associate memberships at $5 each, which would assure the organization of enough money to go to work with for the coming season. It is possible that the club work for the coming season will embrace two popular concerts during the warm season and two classical concerts during the winter.

Out of town work was considered and it was suggested that some of the range towns be visited, such as Eveleth and Virginia. A Sunday concert at Ashland was also suggested. The treasurer's report showed a fair balance.

Edward P. Krelmer was elected director of the club for the present and will endeavor to get the boys in trim for production of new works within a short time.

SPRING! — IT'S TIME TO BE WELL

Be Ashamed of Sickness and Spring Fever—Heed the Example of the Happy, Thankful People—BRACED—INVIGORATED—CURED At Once by the Celebrated Nerve Vitalizer and Tonic.

Paine's Celery Compound

A DROOPING WOMAN.

Tired, Weak, but Paine's Celery Compound Made Her Strong.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 30, 1904.—"I was feeling tired and weak and had been troubled with nervousness for a long time. When I walked on the street I became dizzy and felt that I was going to fall. I had doctored with the best physicians, but got no relief.

"I had read of the numerous cures made by Paine's Celery Compound, and finally decided to try it. From the start the benefit which I derived was marked. After taking three bottles I feel that I am entirely cured."—MRS. S. A. ADDER, 843 N. 4th St.

The gentle but unfailing regulating power of Paine's Celery Compound does away with "that disheartened feeling" which sets its mark upon the faces and the lives of so many unhappy women.

Thousands of women, whose bright eyes, clear complexions, buoyant spirits and unfailing health are the envy of others owe their pure, strong blood and fine vitality solely to the little morning doses of Paine's Celery Compound, the celebrated Nerve Vitalizer and Tonic, which gives the whole system strength to do its work in a healthful way.

It keeps them "always at their best."

THIS PITTSBURG MAN, TOO.

It "Braced Him Up"—Put Him on His Feet When He Was Run Down and Sickly.

"Allowing my system to become thoroughly undermined by hard work, loss of sleep and nervousness, the result was that I was a fit subject for the hospital. A friend of mine recommended my taking Paine's Celery Compound, which I did, and after taking one bottle of your valuable compound, felt much better. A second bottle has put me on my feet again. It braced me up. I now feel like a new man."—L. SHEETS, 223 Lehigh Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

BE WELL THIS SPRING.

"Energy, Confidence and Health—simply matters of good blood and Vital NERVE FORCE."

—Prof. E. E. Phelps, M. D., LL.D., of Dartmouth University—Famous Discoverer of Paine's Celery Compound.

Go to your Druggist TO-DAY—Get one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound—See how DIFFERENT it will make you feel.

ASKS CHANGE OF VENUE.

Transfers of Peavey Damage Cases Requested.

Petition has been filed in district court in two of the damage actions started since the death of five men in the concrete Peavey elevator, asking for a change of venue to Hennepin county district court.

The change is asked by the Peavey Duluth Terminal and C. F. Haglin, the defendants, on the ground that Mr. Haglin is a resident of Hennepin county.

August Bodin, as administrator of the estates of Helmer A. Anderson and Oscar Erickson, two of the men killed in the falling of a scaffolding, is the plaintiff in both actions. The statutory limitation of $5000 is asked as damages in each case.

C. B. Miller represents the Peavey Duluth Terminal and John Jensworld represents the administrator.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Extensive Driving Operations Planned For Peninsula Streams.

Calumet—Woods operations are winding up and giving way to river work. The drives on the various peninsula streams will be started in a short time and hundreds of millions of feet of logs, pulpwood, poles, posts and other timber will be floated down during the spring freshets.

Work was started this week with a large crew on the Diamond Match company's drive on the Ontonagon river. There is still much ice in the river, but the rollways are being broken and everything put in readiness. The company has five crews, comprising 500 men, on the different streams. It has over 20,000,000 feet to go down this spring.

The Ontonagon Lumber & Cedar company has about 1,000,000 feet of logs on both the Flintsteel and Firesteel rivers in Ontonagon county and is making preparations to drive them as soon as the streams open.

Belheumer & Eddy have 500,000 feet of white pine on the upper Trap Rock and are ready to drive as soon as the ice breaks up. Crawford & Sons will start their Cedar river mill as soon as the stream is open, so that the logs can be driven down.

John W. Gleason, superintendent of the Wolverine Cedar & Lumber company's operations at Northland, reports that the work is going forward at a good gait. The shingle mill is running steadily and no labor troubles are expected. Lumbermen expect a better shingle market shortly. Little of last year's cut has been sold, but nearly all the mills will be operated this season just the same as usual.

Ishpeming—Congressman H. O. Young, of this city, who is serving his first term, will be renominated at the district Republican convention just called to meet at Ishpeming May 14. Nomination is equivalent to election, the district being overwhelmingly Republican. The convention will also select two delegates to the national convention and they will be instructed for Roosevelt.

The Democratic congressional convention has not yet been called. Rush Culver, of Marquette, and Attorney John Power, of Escanaba, both of whom have been nominated in the past, are mentioned as candidates, as well as Sheriff John Stiles, of Menominee, and ex-Mayor A. J. Scott, of Hancock.

The Head of the Lakes

Has worn a Blake hat over a year, and not a complaint. Your next hat should be one of the celebrated brand.

MARCHAND IS BITTER.

Hero of Fashoda Affair Writes Open Letter.

Paris, April 13.—Col. Marchand, the hero of the Fashoda affair, has written a bitter open letter, denying that his approaching marriage induced his resignation from the army. He declares he has been slandered and that he is suffering from military ostracism. Although vaguely worded, the letter is taken to mean that Marchand resents the treatment he has received from the war office in withholding from him important missions and assigning him to trivial stations.

Some of the newspapers opposed to the government are trying to make Marchand another Boulanger, lengthily reviewing his exploits at Fashoda.

JUVENILE RACE WAR

White Pupils Prevent Negroes From Entering Their School.

Kansas City, April 13.—The murder of Roy Martin, a freshman in the Kansas City, Kas., high school by Louis Gregory, a negro, caused a demonstration by the white pupils at the school building today. When the eighty negro pupils went to school today they were prevented from entering the building by the 700 white children, boys and girls, who blocked the doorways.

"No negro pupils can enter this building, at least until Roy Martin is buried," declared a leader among the white boys.

This sentiment was echoed by the other white pupils, and the negroes, after a brief parley, lefft he scene. The teachers urged the pupils not to go too far, but made no attempt to change their purpose. Gregery is in jail. No further trouble is expected.

BURNS ON TRIAL.

Attorney For the Prisoner Outlines the Defense.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 13.—At the opening of today's session of the trial of State Senator David E. Burns, on the charge of accepting a bribe to aid the water deal in the legislature, the attorney for the defense outlined the defense before beginning the introduction of testimony. Attorney for the defense, Hawley, stated that he would show that Burns had had no conversation with Lant K. Salsbury about the water deal until after Salsbury was convicted, when Burns advised him to make a clean breast of the whole affair. For this advice Salsbury was angry at Burns and said:

"I'll show you fellows a thing or two yet."

Hawley declared that Salsbury had deliberately changed the date which he set in police court as being that upon which payment to Burns was made, having discovered that upon that date Burns was out of town. Hawley said that an alibi would be established. Burns having been out of town on legislative business almost continuously from Jan. 26 to the time when Salsbury was exposed in Chicago.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to Dec 1, 1904.

For the above occasion "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets at the following rates:

Season tickets, $52.50, on sale April 15 to Nov. 15, final limit December 15.

Sixty day tickets $27.10, on sale April 25 to November 20, limit 60 days.

Ten day tickets $24.40, on sale April 27 to November 30, limit 10 days.

Children of five and under twelve years of age, half the above rates. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

ARE YOU A DYSPEPTIC?

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will not only cure dyspepsia, indigestion and sour stomach, but strengthens the whole digestive apparatus. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure the food you eat is enjoyed. It is digested, assimilated and its nutrient properties apportioned by the blood and tissues. Health is the result. Sold by all druggists.

KNOWLES FORMALLY RESIGNS.

Washington, April 13.—The resignation of Judge Herman Knowles as United States district judge for Montana has been received and accepted. The president has decided as Judge Knowles successor, William H. Hunt, now governor of Porto Rico. The appointment, which will go to the senate in a few days, will take effect on the 15th inst.

RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

Boston, April 13.—W. E. Stowe and M. Douglass Slattery today were appointed receivers of the Beach & Claridge company, manufacturers of extracts. The liabilities are placed at $120,000 with nominal assets of $155,000.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

$8 $8

No extra charge for PAINLESS EXTRACTING.

Gold crowns (22k) $2.00
Gold Fillings up from..... **$1.50**
Porcelain Crowns, $5.00
Alloy Fillings, up from..... **75c**

We have the largest dental practice in Duluth because we give you the best and guarantee our work.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists, Zenith 'phone 168. Bell 'phone 1389-M.
Mesaba Block—409 West Superior Street.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv.57th Av. W.Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv...Proctor..Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	.....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia..Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar...Eveleth..Lv	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar...Sparta...Lv	.....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar...Biwabik..Lv	.....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar...Hibbing..Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	6:30
11:53	7:35	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	7:55	2:30
11:55	7:40	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	7:50	2:35
12:20	8:10	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:15	1:55
P.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	P. M.	P. M

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m. / * 3:45 p.m. / *11:15 p.m.	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m / * 2:00 p.m / * 6:10 a.m
* 8:45 a.m / * 8:15 p.m / † 2:20 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast, Swan River, Hutbing, Virginia	* 6:30 p.m / * 7:10 a.m / †12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Scalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail (All Points East.)	Ar. *8:55 a.m
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL (Marquette and Copper Country.)	Ar. †8:00 p.m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m / † 8:00 a.m / * 7:30 p.m / * 8:40 a.m	Ashland and East / Ashland and East / Minn. and Dakota Express / North Coast Limited	*11:15 a.m / † 6:55 p.m / * 7:55 a.m / * 4:55 p.m
Leave	'Duluth Short Line.' ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m / * 1:55 p.m / *11:10 p.m		* 6:30 a.m / † 2:10 p.m / * 7:00 p.m

*Daily, †Daily Except Sunday. Union Depot and 432 West Superior Street

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:00 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 a.m
*5:00 p.m	Appleton	*10:55 a.m
*5:00 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 a.m
*5:00 p.m	FAST MAIL	*10:55 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist. Palladio bldg.

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

New Building Modern in every particular
210-212 W. Superior St.
COOK'S European Hotel B. J. Cook, Manager

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

DAILY FAST TRAINS,
Elegantly equipped and with Dining, Buffet-Library, Sleeping and Reclining Chair Cars, from its northern and southern terminals connecting at its numerous gateways with trains from the

EAST, SOUTH AND NORTH.

Particulars of agents of the Illinois Central and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON. Gen'l Pass. Agent, CHICAGO.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Ronald M. Hunter and Josephine C. Hunter, his wife, mortgagors, to the Laurel Glen Cemetery Association of 1894, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the tenth day of April, 1897, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 10th day of April, 1897, at 3:40 o'clock p. m. in Book 179 of Mortgages on page 5.

Said default consists in the failure to pay seven hundred eighty-nine dollars, principal and interest, due and unpaid upon the notes secured by said mortgage, and the failure to pay twenty-one and 42-100 dollars, delinquent taxes upon the mortgaged premises for the years 1901 and 1902, paid by the mortgagee on March 30th, 1904, whereby there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, including taxes so paid, the sum of eight hundred ten and 42-100 dollars.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots number nineteen, twenty and twenty-one in block number one in Hunter's Park, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county at ten o'clock in the forenoon on Saturday, the 28th day of May, 1904, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated April 11th, 1904.

LAUREL GLEN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF 1894.
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
408-9-10 Exchange building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—April 13-20-27, May 3-10-17, 1904.

EIGHT HUNDRED WERE DROWNED

Latest Estimate of Loss on Petrapavlovsk.

Officials Report on the Terrible Diasaster.

St. Petersburg, April 13, 6:22 p. m.—It is now believed that the mine which sank the Petropavlovsk had drifted out of its original position.

The latest estimate of the number of men who lost their lives is 800.

The definite announcement that Vice Admiral Makaroff was drowned has cast a gloom over the entire city. It is generally believed that he will be succeeded by Rear Admiral Rojestvensky, who was slated to command the Baltic squadron and that Vice Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black Sea fleet, will be placed in command of the Baltic squadron.

The late Vice Admiral Makaroff was appointed February 26 last, to the command of the Russian Pacific fleet. He was one of the heroes of the fighting on the river Danube during the Russo-Turkish war. Makaroff and Skrydloff, who have since many times been honored by their government, were at that time lieutenants in the Russian navy and volunteered to make a night attack on a powerful Turkish iron clad. With a torpedo boat they succeeded in blowing up the Turkish vessel and it was claimed at the time, thereby made the first successful demonstration of the usefulness of torpedo boats in naval warfare.

Makaroff originated the idea of constructing the famous ice breaking steamer Ermak, which was built on the Tyne from his designs. Since his appointment to the command of the Russian Pacific fleet, Makaroff has shown himself to be a man of great courage and energy. Early in March he personally went to the rescue of a Russian torpedo boat destroyer which was hard pressed by the Japanese and inspired the naval forces under his command with a great deal of enthusiasm. He passed Easter on board a guardship at the entrance of Port Arthur and every night personally supervised the precautionary measures adopted to prevent the Russians from being surprised by the Japanese. The last engagement previous to the flight of today in which Makaroff took part occurred March 27, when he gallantly repulsed the second attempt of the Japanese to bottle up Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—An official telegram received here reports the appearance of a warship and several junks, supposed to be Japanese, in the neighborhood of the estuary of the Liao river, during the night of April 11. They drew off after the Russian guns had opened on them at a range of about 4000 yards.

OFFICIAL REPORTS

Sent Concerning Great Disaster to the Russians.

St. Petersburg, April 13, 6:38 p. m.—The following official dispatch has been received here from Rear Admiral Grigorovitch, the commandant at Port Arthur, addressed to the emperor:

"Port Arthur, April 13.—The Petropavlovsk struck a mine which blew her up and she turned turtle. Our squadron was under Golden Hill. The Japanese squadron was approaching. Vice Admiral Makaroff evidently was lost. Grand Duke Cyril was saved. He is slightly injured. Captain Jakovleff was saved though severely injured, as were five officers and thirty-two men, all more or less injured.

"The enemy's fleet has disappeared. Rear Admiral Prince Ouktomsky has assumed command of the fleet."

This dispatch to the czar has been received from Viceroy Alexieff:

'Mukden, April 13.—A telegram has just been received from Lieut.-Gen. Stoessel, commander of the military forces at Port Arthur and I regret to report to your majesty that the Pacific fleet has suffered irreparable loss by the death of its brave and capable commander, who was lost, together with the Petropavlovsk."

Another dispatch from Viceroy Alexieff to the czar says:

"According to reports from the commandant at Port Arthur, the battleships and cruisers went out to meet the enemy, but in consequence of the enemy receiving reinforcements, making his total strength thirty vessels, our squadron returned to the roadstead, whereupon the Petropavlosk touched a mine, resulting in her destruction. Grand Duke Cyril, who was on board, was saved. He was slightly injured. The whole squadron then re-entered port. The Japanese are now off Cape Liao San. No reports had been received from the acting commander of the fleet up to the time this dispatch was sent."

Seoul, Korea, April 13.—The Japanese authorities have established a censorate over Korean newspapers which publish the movements of Japanese troops.

ROUNDING THEM UP

Participants In Monday Night's Rough House Landed In Jail.

Seven More Gathered In, Making Total of Eleven.

Seven more members of the band of Scandinavians who were mixed up in the rough-and-tumble fight that took place in the Hazelwood Park hotel Monday night were arrested by the police last evening, and arraigned in the municipal court this morning on the charge of disorderly conduct.

This makes eleven arrests in all that have resulted from the scrap. George Young, one of the two men who is said to have started the scrap, was released yesterday on bail, while his companion is in the Red Cross hospital and will be locked up as soon as he is able to move.

There are nine other combatants under bail or in the police headquarters. Their names are as follows: Algot Kogstrom, Emil Peterson, Thor Olson, Wilfred Lindgren, Axel Kogstrom, Victor Kogstrom, William Lundgren, Charles Pederson and Martin Martinson.

All of them with the exception of Lefevre have been arraigned in municipal court and pleaded not guilty to the charge of disorderly conduct. The hearings have been set for Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The affair was probably the worst "rough house" seen in Duluth in some time. Young and Lefevre are claimed to have started the row by attacking two or three of the boarders at the hotel. The others joined in and the two were compelled to fight the nine. Young escaped and Lefevre fared badly. Reports from the hospital today state that he is somewhat improved, but is still in a very painful condition. He was badly bruised about the head and body, where a perfect shower of blows had descended from the fists of the furious boarders.

The bail in each case has been fixed at $15, and several of the prisoners have procured the required sum and been released. There are still one or two warrants out and more arrests may follow; although the police think they have the bunch petty well rounded up.

THANKS FROM SWEDEN.

Washington, April 13.—Through the Swedish legation here the state department has received officially the thanks of the government of Sweden and Norway for the protection accorded vessels of that nationality by United States warships in Dominican waters during the many revolutionary disturbances that have taken place there lately.

GLEE CLUB CONCERT.

Houghton Boys Will Receive Fine Welcome.

The women connected with the Children's Home who are brining the glee and mandolin clubs of the Houghton school of mines to Duluth, find every reason to believe that they will be greeted by a large audience at the Lyceum Friday evening. The interests of the home always appeal to the people of Duluth with great force so commendable and so necessary is this charity recognized to be, and at this time when the new building is nearing completion and the work of furnishing it is before the women the appeal comes with especial strength.

Interest in the school itself is also very strong. The officers of the Steel corporation located in Duluth are especially anxious to see the young men well received by Duluth people for they come into close contact with the school, taking into their employ so many of its graduates, and some of the officers themselves being graduates.

The young men are said to have a club that compares with the best and to give an entertainment that is in every way satisfying and representative of the best in that line.

Florence Stone Company.

The first harbinger of the approaching summer theatrical season comes the announcement of the Florence Stone Stock company to the Lyceum Thursday and Saturday evening and Saturday matinee. The roster of the company up to date includes Miss Florence Stone, John Milton, Miss Lelia Shaw, Miss Elizabeth Harcourt, Miss Blanch Alexander, Miss Crystal Benson, John L. Wooderson, John T. Doyle, Walter Goodrich, Frank Lobin, Leslie Morosco, William Munroe and Adelbert Knott. The opening performance will be a production of Bronson Howard's great play, "The Banker's Daughter."

PLAGUE IS SPREADING.

Washington, April 13.—The bubonic plague is spreading in an alarming fashion along the west coast of South America. The state department today received the following cablegram from United States Minister Wilson at Santiago de Chile: "Extensive epidemic of bubonic plague at Anaofagasta." This is one of the most important shipping ports on the west coast north of Valparaiso.

HOTEL GUEST SUFFOCATED.

Monroeville, Ohio, April 13.—Fire today gutted the Commercial hotel. Barney Sickinger, a guest, was suffocated.

More Satisfaction

In one Blake hat than in a whole bandbox full of others. Why? It fits your head. Try one on.

GET THE MAY DELINEATOR AND BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS AT PATTERN COUNTER.

Freimuth's **Freimuth's**

THE VOLGA AT $3.50 represents a $5.00 worth of shoe value. No extra charge for comfort and style.....

Stylish Suits, Skirts and Waists

SHOES.

WOMEN'S $3.00 SHOES, $1.98—Of fine vici kid light and heavy soles—patent or kid tip—new spring lasts—all sizes of several different styles that sell regular at $3, choice Thursday per pair..... $1.98

SILKS.

KIKI WASH SILKS — in pretty stripes of pink, blue and lavender, 1904 designs—also black and white, regular 50c Wash Silks—special for Thursday—per yard..... 39c

EMBROIDERIES.

HAMBURGER EDGINGS—5000 yards—1½ to 4 inches wide—new patterns, splendid values at 8c and 10c special Thursday, a yd. 5c
(4 to 6 inch widths, regular 15c—special at 10c.)

STOCKINGS.

WOMEN'S FINE BLACK Stockings of 2-thread maco yarn— double sole— spliced heel and toe—fast black—sell regularly at 18c—special for Thursday— .....Two pairs for 25c

WRIST BAGS.

OF REAL MOROCCO—$1.75 values, soft and pliable, black, tan and gray, heavy ball clasp, gun metal frame—inside lined with silk moire, 2 pockets, containing card case and coin purse, Thursday.. $1.19

JARDINIERES.

AT ONE-QUARTER OFF regular prices—all fine imported and domestic makes—a table heaped with them from the small 25c Jardiniere at 25c to the elaborate ones at $15.00—choice Thursday at exactly one-quarter off.

Specials Values For Thursday.

There isn't a shadow of doubt that the values we offer for Thursday cannot be duplicated elsewhere at anywhere near the prices quoted. It's just a practical demonstration of economy in trading at this ready-to-wear store. Don't overlook these:

$15 VALUES IN LADIES' SUITS FOR $10—WE HAVE A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of natty, stylish Suits—made of a good quality cheviot, in black, blue and brown—Eton jackets, collarless with beautiful Persian vest—Jacket lined with good satin—perfect hanging skirt to match—fit guaranteed—special for Thursday..... $10.00

SMART, NOBBY SUITS FOR MISSES AND LADIES AT $15.00—REGULAR $22.50 values—made in cheviot and fancy mixtures—colors black, blue, brown and light gray—a perfect blouse Eton with vest effect—trimmed with fancy black braid and buttons, deep cape over shoulders and full bishop sleeves—seven-gored skirt—full pleated—perfect fit guaranteed..... $15.00

MISSES' DRESS AND RUNABOUT SKIRTS—NEW SKIRTS FOR SPRING and summer—walking and dress lengths—in all the new fashionable materials—colors black, blue, brown and fine mixtures—a full line of sizes—the best skirt that it is possible to produce at..... $5.00

SMART RUNABOUT SKIRTS FOR WOMEN AND MISSES AT $7.50—A complete line of sizes—made of Cheviot, lightweight melton, Panama cloth and mannish mixtures—the very latest cut—box pleated, kilted and beautiful flare effects—trimmed with self material and buttons—finely tailored—perfect fit guaranteed—$10.00 would be what you would expect to pay—our special at..... $7.50

NEW DESIGNS IN LADIES' WAISTS—MADE IN AN EXTRA GOOD QUALITY Peau de Soie—front, back and sleeves prettily tucked—circular yoke and cuffs—fagoting—full blouse—colors black, white and champagne—size 32 to 42, special $5.98.

LADIES' EMBROIDERED NET LACE WAISTS—IN WHITE AND CREAM—made over China silk—pretty blouse front—deep pointed yoke, new full sleeve—decidedly new style—special sale price—$7.50.

SMART READY-TO-WEAR STREET HATS.

NOWHERE SUCH VALUES FOR SO LITTLE.

Our superb array of Street Hats have the becoming lines, and stylish effects sought after and appreciated by well-dressed women. That's ONE reason why they've attained leadership—but the principal factor in their favor is the moderate prices. With all their smart style superiority—the prices are less than you'd expect to pay. HERE'S TWO SPECIAL OFFERS FOR THURSDAY:

$2.75 FOR WOMEN'S $4.50 STREET HATS—FLARE HATS OF JAP BRAID—with new ruffled edge—trimmed with velvet, silk and pretty gold buckle, shades to match any gown—bought to sell at $4.50—special for Thursday. $2.75

$4.50 FOR WOMEN'S $6.00 SUIT HATS—TURBAN AND FLARED SHAPES—two-toned effects—blue with white—red with white—brown with white—wite with blue—of pompador braids—all new shapes perfectly trimmed with quill, silks or velvets—a splendid $6.00 value—for Thursday each..... $4.50

CHINAWARE.

TEA POTS—Decorated English Jet—regular 65c value—Thursday—each..... 29c

CHINA WATER JUGS—2-quart fancy decorated jugs—marked to sell at 59c, special for Thursday, each. 39c

CHINAWARE.

TUMBLERS—Thin-blown needle etched table tumblers—worth $1.50 per doz—special for Thursday each..... 6c

DECORATED BLUE DELF CHINAware—a table lot consisting of plates, cups and saucers—berry dishes—values up to $2 a doz—Thursday each..... 10c

OXFORDS.

WOMEN'S OR MISSES' $2 Oxfords, $1.25—Of fine kid, nobby styles, Cuban heel—hand-turned, patent tip—unusual value at regular price of $2—sale price Thursday, a pair. $1.25

DRESS GOODS.

JAMESTOWN MIXED Suitings—10 pieces, grounds of brown, blue and black with small figures of white, 40 inches wide, regular price 65c—special for Thursday, a yd..... 49c

HANDKERCHIEFS

WOMEN'S LAWN HANDkerchiefs—soft finish—narrow hemstitched edge and pretty hand-worked initial—cheap at 10c—for Thursdayy each..... 5c

STATIONERY.

ENGLISH MADRAS STATIonery—fine linen finish—put up 1 lb in a box—regular price 50c—Thursday per box..... 35c
(Envelopes to match—25 for 15c.)

STATIONERY.

PURITAN VELLUM writing paper, Oxford size—102 sheets to the lb—regular 25c value—Thursday per lb pkg, special... 15c
(Pkg Envelopes to match for 8c.)

WRAPPERS.

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS of fine quality percale in pretty colorings, neat patterns, well made, perfect fitting, pleated backs with belt, regular $1.50 kind, for Thursday's special..... $1.00

JUROR IN CONTEMPT

Case Against Watson Continued and the Jury Discharged.

Washington, April 13.—The case of James M. Watson, accused of embezzling $73,000 from funds in the custody of the auditor of the District of Columbia, was ended today by the discharge of the jury and the arrest of one of the jurors, Arthur L. Orrison, for contempt of court. The trial will not begin again until the middle of May. The abrupt termination of the case was precipitated by the request of Orrison to be informed by the court whether Watson was to be tried on the indictment against him or on public opinion. Judge Pritchard replied that public opinion had nothing to do with the jury, which was to consider only the law and the evidence. The court then held a private conference with the attorneys, following which Assistant District Attorney Taggert moved the discharge of the jury on the ground that Orrison's question indicated a prejudice against the government in the case. The court promptly discharged the jury, prefacing the action by saying that "The juror is intoxicated and not in condition to sit in the box."

The juror attempted to interrupt the court and was ordered to sit down. Justice Pritchard directed a deputy marshal to take Orrison into custody and that the juror be brought into court later in the afternoon, to show why he should not be adjudged in contempt of court.

The court announced that it would deal with the juror "in a manner calculated to impress the community that such a thing must never again occur in this court."

At the afternoon session of court Justice Pritchard adjudged Orrison in contempt of court and sentenced him to two months in jail.

FINE ENTERTAINMENT.

Pleasing Program Given at Polish Hall.

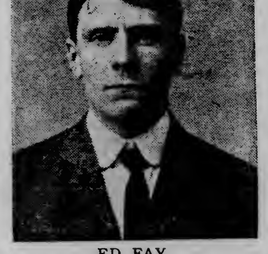
An entertainment given under the auspices of the Polish church in the hall at the corner of Fourth avenue east and Mourth street last evening was largely attended and was an unqualified success. A comfortable sum of money was netted the church from the sale of tickets. Professor John Smith had charge of the affair.

The program was a pleasing one and was opened by Rev. John Sroka, who delivered a brief address appropriate to the occasion. This was followed by a song, in which forty children of the Sts. Peter and Paul church took part. A selection on the bag pipes by Professor John MacLellan, piper for Clan Stewart, was enthusiastically received.

A popular feature of the program was the sword dance and sailor's hornpipe by Mr. Smith. Rev. Laskowski delivered an address in the Polish language.

The star of the evening was little Miss Margaret Smith, who appeared in the skirt dance and Highland fling. Her ability and agility was surprising, and called forth round after round of hearty applause.

The program came to a close with a series of excellent stereoptican views and an exhibit of moving pictures by Professor Smith.



ED FAY.
Postoffice Robber Caught In Chicago —Suspected of Being Involved in Superior Postoffice Robbery Last Summer.

EIGHT HOUR BILL.

Federation Member Wires Senator Urging Its Adoption.

W. E. McEwen, secretary of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, this morning received a telegram from Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, asking him that he wire Senator Clapp and have others telegraph him, urging him to vote at the committee meeting to favorably report on the 8-hour bill, and also to vote favoring the measure when it comes before the senate. It appears that the committee having in charge the matter of investigating the merits of the measure is meeting today. Mr. McEwen complied with the request of Mr. Gompers, and a number of messages were dispatched to Washington forthwith.

The North-Western Line's Homeseekers' Rates.

On April 19th the "North-Western Line" will sell "Home-seekers" tickets at one fare plus $2.00 to points in North-western, Western, South-western, Southern and South-eastern states. Tickets limited to 21 days for return trip. On same date will sell one way tickets at very low rates to points in South-western states. For full information call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

D. A. BLAKENEY, City Ticket Agent.

Hot Springs, Ark., and Return, $34.45.

April 10th and 11th the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Hot Springs, Ark., and return for $34.45. Tickets good ten days from date of sale. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

DRINK {The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.}
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

Copyrights. Caveats. Trade Marks
PATENTS
and all matters concerning the procuring or litigation thereof.
JAMES T. WATSON,
P. O. Box 573, or Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.
Call or send for information.
Contracts. Licenses Designs.

San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., and Return $50.

From April 23 to May 1st inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles and return at $50.00.

Final return limit June 30th, 1904.

On April 26th, train leaving Duluth at 4:00 p. m. will make connections at St. Paul with Special Tourist car running through without change. Fare in this car, $6.75. Car runs via Denver and Salt Lake City.

For full information, call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Homeseekers' Rates to Southwest.

On the 1st and 3rd Tuesday during February, March and April, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to points in Southwest Arizona, Texas, Kansas, Louisiana and many other points at one fare, plus $2.00, for the round trip. Tickets good twenty days from date of sale. For full information and tickets, call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

A WONDERFUL BIBLE.

"The most beautiful volume among the half million in the Congressional library at Washington is a Bible which was transcribed by a monk in the sixteenth century," said a gentleman connected with a leading bookbinding establishment in New York to a reporter for the Press. "It could not be matched today in the best printing office in the world. The parchment is in perfect preservation. Every one of its 1000 pages is a study. The general lettering is in German text, each letter perfect, without a scratch or blot from lid to lid. At the beginning of each chapter the first letter is very large, usually two or three inches long, and is brightly illuminated in red and blue ink. Within each of these capitals is drawn the figure of some saint, some incident of which the chapter tells. There are two columns on a page, and nowhere is traceable the slightest irregularity of line space or formation of the letters. Even under a magnifying glass they seem flawless. This precious volume is kept under a glass case, which is sometimes lifted to show that all the pages are as perfect as the two which lie open.

"A legend relates that a young man who had sinned deeply became a monk and resolved to do penance for his misdeeds. He determined to copy the Bible that he might learn every letter of the divine commands which he had violated. Every day for many years he patiently pursued his task. Each letter was wrought in reverence and love, and the patient soul found its only companionship in the saintly faces which were portrayed on these pages. When the last touch was given to the last letter the old man reverently kissed the page and folded the sheets together. The illustrated initials in perfection of form and brilliancy of color surpass anything produced in the present day. With all our boasted progress nothing in Europe or America equals it."

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 26, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Leonardo Tudisco, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Leonardo Tudisco, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Anthony G. Fiskett;

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 3rd day of October, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a general term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 26th day of March, A. D. 1904.

By the court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—March 30, April 6-13, 1904.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 29, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Kathrina Baatz, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Kathrina Baatz, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Scholastica Kerst has filed therewith her petition, representing, among other things, that said Kathrina Baatz died in said county on the first day of November, 1903, testate, and that said petitioner is the executrix named in said Last Will and Testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Scholastica Kerst.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 29th day of March, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—March 30, April 6-13, 1904.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Malcolm Macaulay, mortgagor, to the Laurel Glen Cemetery Association of 1894, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of April, 1895, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 19th day of April, 1895, at 1:55 o'clock p. m., in Book 123, of mortgages, on page 277.

Said default consists in the failure to pay forty-eight hundred dollars, principal and interest, due and unpaid upon the notes secured by said mortgage, and in the failure to pay sixty-six and 94-100 dollars, delinquent taxes upon the mortgaged premises for the years 1901 and 1902, paid by the mortgagee on March 30th, 1904, whereby there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, including taxes so paid, the sum of forty-eight hundred and sixty-seven dollars.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots number three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten and eleven, in block number six, in Hunter's Park, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on Saturday, the 28th day of May, 1904, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated April 11th, 1904.

LAUREL GLEN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF 1894.
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
408-9-10 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald. April-13-20-27. May-3-10-17.

75 ladies' sample suits from Fifth Avenue, New York, worth up to $32.50, on sale tomorrow at $16.50.

We have just received by express 75 sample suits, made by Adler & Stern, one of the best ladies' tailor and style creators of Fifth Avenue, New York. These were closed out to us at 33⅓ per cent less than manufacturers' cost. You see in this purchase the truth of the oft-repeated statement that the good manufacturers come first to the good department store with a big buying or selling outlet, when they have a "good thing" to dispose of. While the little fellow would be thinking about it we have the good things bought and sold.

$16.50

for dress and walking suits worth up to $32.50. Sale begins tomorrow.

The suits consist of fancy mixtures, Lymansville cheviots, etamines and Panama cloth and other fashionable fabrics. The colors are plain black, blue, brown, gray and tan, together with fancy mixtures in a number of nobby blends and harmonies. The styles are Etons, blouses and 24-inch hip jackets, all silk or satin lined, the sleeves, collars, shoulders fronts and backs of the jackets being smartly trimmed: the skirts embracing all the new styles in flares, gores, pleats, tucks, bands, habit backs, etc. There's a good assortment of sizes for small, medium and large women.

The lot is one of those genuine Glass Block bargains no woman who is interested in her dresses can afford to pass by without a thorough examination—$16.50 remember, for any suit in the lot.

$12.50 FOR CRAVENETTE COATS of high-class —priced up to $25.00 in "style talk" shops— rain-proof, dust-proof, traveling coats—in the new long styles with the latest sleeves, girdles and other fashion features appearing only on the newest garments.

(Others in coverts and silks, very handsome, up to $37.50.)

$5.98 FOR SMART WALKING SKIRTS—in all colors and the equals of skirts, we've seen "marked" as high as $12.00 in stores that haven't learned the only honest ONE-PRICE system. Beautiful mixtures in every color, smartly cut, trimmed and plaited.

(Others from $2.98 to $12.50.)

69c FOR $1.25 WRAPPERS—made of good quality percales in fast colors, fancy patterns, with ruffles over shoulders, with girdle belt, with flounces at bottom—good $1.25 wrappers every one.

Children's coats and dresses, ladies' negligees, corsets, undermuslins—all shown in finer assortments than ever before.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Dress goods remnants

at greatly reduced prices.

This is the first remnant sale of dress goods for the spring season. We have accumulated a lot of them, for our sales of dress goods have been large, owing to our increased stocks and varieties.

REMNANTS in dress lengths, skirt lengths, waist lengths and lengths for children's dresses.

Remnants of granites, homespuns, cashmeres, whipcords, eoliennes, voiles, sharkskins, Collingwoods, Beaver Dams, Jamestowns, Chicopees.

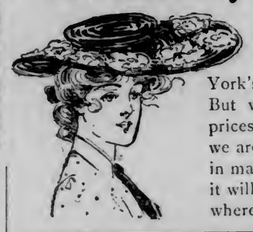
Remnants in plain colors and fancy mixtures of all kinds, all greatly reduced, and on **bargain counter Thursday** at prices far below regular. Sold by the remnant only.

$2.95 For trimmed hats that milliners call cheap at $5.00.

$3.95 For trimmed hats that milliners sell as high as $7.50.

$4.95 For trimmed hats as good as the $10 styles of milliners.

Our Thursday Millinery specials.



We have other trimmed hats. We have hats up to $35.00. Beautiful styles, vying with Paris' and New York's most brilliant confections.

But we propose to make these three prices the popular hats of the season, for we are putting into them all such values in materials, making and stylish effects as it will be positively impossible to get anywhere else for these low prices.

$4 shoes $2.98 tomorrow.

We have about 100 pairs left of the 200 pairs offered last Thursday—the special purchase. We offer these tomorrow at the same price. But we have added 100 more pairs of regular $4.00 shoes from our own stock so there's **every size and every width.**

KID SHOES—patent leather shoes—patent tips, French heels, military heels, low heels, broad toes, coin toes—There's actual $4.00 value in every pair and it's only for tomorrow the lot is assured at this price. They ought to go so fast none will be left for Friday or Saturday.

$2.98

Spring vests and union suits.

The new spring weights in ladies' union suits—beautiful and strong, long sleeves, high necks, knee lengths and ankle lengths prices.....$1.00, 75c and **50c**

UMBRELLA DRAWERS — knit drawers in umbrella style—very pretty—just the thing for spring —specially good values for..... **50c**

VESTS AND PANTS— ladies' white Swiss ribbed vests, high neck and long sleeves, ankle-length tights to match—75c values for..... **65c**

SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY ONLY—ladies' white cotton vests, all sizes, high neck and long sleeves, regular 25c—for one day only..... **19c**

SILKS! Beautiful black and colored weaves.

Surpassing in beauty, elegance and variety, is the silk display at the Glass block, and we're doing the silk business of the Northwest in consequence.

PARIS NOVELTY SILKS—A visit to the Panton & White Silk show will save the ladies a visit to Paris. Our exhibit of Extreme Paris Novelties in the show case as you enter the door is as exclusive as if you paid $50.00 a yard for them—our prices are .....$7.50 to as low as **$1.50**

NEW LIBERTY SILKS—We have secured the sole agency for them. Messaline finished, they compare favorably with any of the new $1.00 weaves; street and evening shades, special price, **69c**

"U UZ IT"—is another silk controlled by us—soft finished taffeta—just the silk you want for under linings—slip skirts—drop skirts and evening waists—all the new shades..... **55c**

FOULARDS—Special offering of new Liberty Foulards—in every wanted color in the dainty new spring designs 85c and **75c**

SHIRT WAIST SUIT SILKS—the very latest and newest weaves—small checks, medium checks, large checks, hairline stripes, nubs, bourette fancies, polka dots, coin spots and this season's popular gun metal effects—Fashion authorities in the big cities enthusiastically approve these. Our prices.....$1.00 and **75c**

OUR BLACK SILKS are calling you—Duchess, Peau de Soie, Peau de Cygne, Peau de Crepe, Peau de Levant, Crepe de Chine, Messaline, Minerva, Luminineaux, plain and satin striped voiles —prices.....$1.69 to as low as **69c**

OUR GUARANTEED BLACK TAFFETAS range in width from 1½ feet to 1½ yards—and in price from .....2½ dollars to **½ a dollar**

SPECIAL

Thursday only

Snaps for just one day. Don't wait. You can't get these prices some other day.

$5.69 FOR $12.50 DINNER sets—in the basement Crockery Dept.— 25 sets and no more than 25 at this price. Beautiful scroll edge pattern, handsomely decorated in green or blue. Every set of 100 pieces is worth $12.50 —Thursday 25 sets, limit 1 set to a customer, for $5.69.

5c FOR 12c TOWEL RACKS—in basement— quarter-sawed oak, 3 adjustable arms 14 inches long, with fancy ball ends. Regular price 12c. Thursday only, limit 3 to a customer, for only 5c each.

22½c FOR 35c TOWELS—hemstitched huck, with damask figures, also all-satin damask; good heavy weight and extra durable. All white, large size, 22x 42 inches—regular price 35c—for Thursday only, limit 1 doz to a customer, 22½c each.

5c FOR LADIES' VESTS—regular value 10c, 12½c and 15c. These are manufacturers' seconds, some with slight imperfections, but just as good as if perfect. White, pink, blue and black. Thursday only, limit 6 to a customer for only 5c each.

15c FOR 22c TABLE OIL cloth—5 cases, all perfect goods, plain white, marble and fancy patterns and colors. Regular price 22c a yard. Thursday, 1 day only limit 12 yards to a customer, 15c a yard.

$3.19 FOR $5.00 GO-CARTS —hardwood, full size baby go-cart. Natural finish—strong and well-made, good springs —rubber tires, bicycle wheels. A cart sold for $5 by the high-priced houses. Thursday, 1 day only, for $3.19.

Shirt waist sets.

Special sale of belt pins in silver, gold and black finish, of shirt waist sets in polished silver, gold and gun metal finish, regular 25c goods —on sale tomorrow at per set..... **15c**

Special belt sale.

Crush leather belts and pleated leather belts, in black, brown, gray and tan colors, wide belts and narrow belts, all 39c and 50c values—on special sale tomorrow at each..... **25c**

Leather bag sale.

Solid leather bags, two sizes to choose from, all nicely poplin lined with inside pocket for coin purse. Colors black, brown, green, tan. Some have handles, some chains. Nickel and gun metal frames, with ball snap. Splendid 50c values—on special sale Thursday for..... **25c**

A TERRIFIC BATTLE

Was That Fought Between Japs and Russians at Chemulpo.

The Variag and Korietz Steamed Straight For the Enemy.

Victoria, B. C., April 13.—Details of the fight between the Russian cruiser Variag and the Japanese fleet, which have never been published on this side, were supplied by passengers of the Northern Pacific liner Victoria, just arrived from the Orient. The principal details relate to the awful effects of the Japanese shell fire and the strange attacks of the battle. A copy of the Korean Review of late date gives the following version of the historic combat:

"The Variag and Korietz made straight for the easterly channel, steering a little west of south, the Japanese fleet waiting for them eight miles away. When four miles separated them the Japanese threw shots across the Russians' bows as a signal to heave to and surrender. The only answer the Russians made was to crowd on more fire, and the Variag began to leave the Korietz and, steaming twenty-four knots, headed straight for the Japanese flagship. The object was to get as close as possible to the Japanese, as the Variag's guns were only 6 4-10-inches and quite useless at the damage range of the Japanese guns. This was at five minutes before noon. The Japanese fleet was deployed into line facing the approaching steamers, apparently not intending to bring their whole force to bear on them. The two Japanese vessels that smashed the Variag to pieces were the Asama and Chiyoda; no other vessels of the Japanese fleet took part.

"Not long after the warning shots, the two Japanese ships let loose their whole batteries, the noise being terrific. The Variag swerved to eastward and gave the Japanese her starboard broadside. All about her the sea was torn into foam and spouting fountains of water with machine gun fire and exploding shells. Her steering gear was smashed early in the fight and she had to depend entirely on her engines to steer. Seeing it was impossible to make the eastward passage, the Variag's commander headed for the west and came around in a course which brought the Variag very much nearer the Japanese. Then the deadly work was done on her. Ten of her twelve gun captains were shot away. A shell struck her forecastle, passed between the arm and body of a gunner who had his hand on his hip, and bursting, killed every other man on the forecastle. Both bridges were destroyed by bursting shells, and Capt. Rubnieff was seriously wounded.

"A lieutenant, who was in the conning tower peering through the observation slit, had his face beaten in and his head reduced to pulp by the terrific impact of a shell which struck the slit just opposite his face and exploded. The scenes on the fore and aft decks were sickening. The Variag's surgeon went violently insane shortly after the engagement, so that the wounded men had to wait until the boats with medical assistance arrived from the neutral ships. The explosion of the Korietz was so violent that the neutral commanders asked that the Variag be not blown up. She was accordingly set on fire and sunk. The Variag's forty-one dead were placed in one of the cabins and burned and went down with their ship."

VICIOUS DOG'S LIFE ENDED

Has Been Terror of Neighborhood For Several Months.

The crack of a revolver held in the hand of Police Captain Resche this afternoon ended the life of a yellow cur that has been a terror to the women and children living in the vicinity of Second avenue and Fifth street for several months past.

The dog was owned by Jacob H. Hanson, of 23 East Fifth street. Many complaints have been received complaining of the brute. One man stated to the police that he had been compelled to pay a doctor's bill of $17 for injuries resulting from a bite from the dog. Bicyclists have suffered from his teeth and many a torn pair of trousers has been shown by irate citizens who have passed along that street.

Hanson was ordered by the police to shoot the dog several weeks ago, but he stated that his children interceded and begged so to have their pet spared that he did not comply with the order.

Last evening Chief Troyer swore out a warrant for his arrest on the charge of keeping a vicious dog. He was arraigned before Judge Windom this morning and pleaded guilty. Judge Windom suspended sentence on payment of costs and on the understanding that Hanson was to bring the dog down to police headquarters to be disposed of.

A revolver bullet through the head ended the affair and also the dog.

APPLY FOR PARDON.

Friends of Samuel Milvitz Seek His Release.

The friends of Samuel Milvitz, the former Second street grocer, who was convicted of receiving a quantity of stolen sugar, and who was sent to the penitentiary for a term of sixteen months, are making an effort to have him pardoned. They claim that he is the sole support of his aged parents.

Milvitz claimed that he did not know the sugar had been stolen. He paid but $3.50 per 100 pound sack for it, whereas the regular market price at the time was $4.50 per hundred.

The case was taken before the board of pardons yesterday, and Chief Justice Start said it must have then proven at the trial that Milvitz received the goods knowing they had been stolen, otherwise there would have been no crime.

CONDEMNS THE UNIONS.

New York, April 13.—In a debate before the Aldine club on "Labor Unions," John Kirby, Jr., president of the Employers' association of Dayton, Ohio, and a member of the executive committee of the Citizens' Industrial Association of America, has declared the record of unions "is black with shame, injustice, crime and defiance of law." He was opposed by Professor John R. Commons, who held that the unions are a necessary product of the present industrial systems.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Great Northern Employe Frightfully Injured at Rugby.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—Lars Haugen, an old man who has been employed at the Great Northern coal dock at Rugby, has his right arm torn off by getting it caught in some of the hoisting machinery.

The authorities are looking for a man who has been swindling residents in the vicinity of Warren, Minn., in the sale of bogus jewelry.

Engineer Dan Mullally, who was injured in the derailment of the east-bound Great Northern flyer near Grand Harbor Saturday, has been brought to the home of his parents in this city. His injuries are not serious. The engine wrecked was one of the newest type and will hardly be worth repairing, it is so badly damaged.

The body of Henry Hunson, a young resident of this city, who died at Phoenix, Ariz., two months ago, was brought here by his mother for burial. The funeral was held today.

Mrs. Arne K. Flaat, aged 30, who returned from California, apparently much improved in health, died of consumption a week after her return.

Thomas Treacy has brought an action in the district court against M. J. Enright for damages of $1000. A week ago the men had some trouble over some personal property and in the mix-up that followed Treacy had the worst of the encounter, but was not injured beyond a blackened eye.

Fargo—The county commissioners have called a special meeting for Friday to inspect a rough set of plans for the new court house, which will embody this suggestion made at the recent session of the board. Bids have been advertised for, to be submitted July 20. This will make it rather late to complete the building this season.

Citizens are confronted with the proposition of repaving the business section of the city. Broadway, between the Great Northern and Northern Pacific track, several blocks of Front street and some on Northern Pacific avenue, are in a disgraceful condition. Vitrified brick seems to be more generally popular than asphalt.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—In the spring examinations there were seventeen applicants for state certificates, of whom thirteen secured their certificates and four were rejected. For first grade certificates, 104 took the examination and but thirty-eight passed, but out of sixty-one rejected fifty-nine were given second grade certificates, and five failed to secure certificates of any grade. Out of 628 applicants for second grade, 203 passed and 225 failed. The total number of second grade certificates granted was 362.

Capts. Charles R. Howland, of the Twenty-first Infantry, at Fort Snelling, aand George H. Sands, of the Sixth cavalry, at Fort Meade, are in this city for conference with Adjt. Gen. Conklin, before the beginning of their tour of the state inspecting the different companies.

Faulkton—The Republican convention for Faulk county instructed for Coe I. Crawford, the independent aspirant for governor.

Bristol—The artesian well proves to be one of the best in this part of the state. A waterworks system will be constructed.

Sisseton—The creamery, which has been closed for some time, will be placed in operation on April 18.

Alexandria—The Republicans of Hanson county have organized a club. The meeting was largely attended. E. B. Yale was elected president and F. D. Peckham secretary.

AUTOMOBILE PLANT

At Detroit Is Badly Damaged By Fire.

Detroit, April 13.—A gasoline explosion at the Cadillac automobile works today caused a fire that damaged the plant to the extent of $200,000. The loss is covered by insurance. Four employes were injured. They are Joseph Hertz, arm broken; Henry Koch, sprained ankle; Charles Borer, wrist broken and Martin Gorman, face burned.

The flames spread with such rapidity that a number of men were compelled to slide down telegraph poles alongside the buildings and to jump from the windows.

IMPOSING FUNERAL EX-QUEEN ISABELLA

Paris, April 13.—The imposing funeral service over the remains of the late Queen Isabella today in the palace of Castile was attended by officials and diplomats. A large detachment of French troops rendered military honors. As the procession crossed the Place De La Concorde, a battery of artillery fired a salute of twenty-one guns. A royal train bore the body to Madrid.

MISSIONARIES ALL RIGHT.

New York, April 13.—The Rev. Arthur J. Brown, secretary of the Presbyterian board of foreign missions has received a cable from Ping Yang, Korea, dated April 9, saying: "Ping Yang and Syen Chun are all right," and that goods previously ordered should be shipped. Dr. Brown thinks that if the missionaries of these northern stations are "all right," there is not the slightest ground for anxiety regarding those in the central and southern stations.

Kidney Diseases Permanently Cured

The case of Joseph Skerry illustrates the thoroughness with which Warner's Safe Cure cures kidney disease. He writes:

"I owe the life of my son to your wonderful 'Safe Cure,' the greatest medicine ever discovered. About 19 years ago one of my sons was stricken with kidney trouble. Three good doctors said they couldn't save him—it had gone too far. I was in despair. A friend urged me to try 'Safe Cure,' which had cured him some years before. The first few doses helped my boy and he was soon completely restored. The doctor's made a careful examination and declared every trace of kidney trouble had disappeared. "He is now married, with a family of beautiful, healthy children, and has never had a touch of kidney trouble from that day to this." Joseph Skerry, New Ross, Nova Scotia, Canada.

Warner's Safe Cure is the only kidney medicine that has stood the test of time. For over 30 years it has been carrying the blessings of health, strength and vigor to every part of the world. It cures when doctors and all other medicines fail.

TEST YOUR KIDNEYS

Let some morning urine stand 24 hours. If it becomes cloudy or contains sediment, or floating particles, your kidneys are in serious condition. Don't delay one minute. Warner's Safe Cure is your only hope of health and happiness; it cures and leaves no bad after effects. 50c and $1 a bottle. Ask your druggist for it. Medical booklet and doctor's advice free. Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y.

"Safe" Pills move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

TWO-THIRDS OF MASSACHUSETTS DELEGATES PLEDGED TO OLNEY

Boston, April 13.—Returns practically complete from the state Democratic caucuses last night show that fully two-thirds of the delegates chosen to the state convention, are pledged to Richard Olney for the presidential nomination. The remaining delegates will support William R. Hearst. Olney delegates were chosen in all but one ward in Boston, and outside of this city delegates favoring him were elected in all but three of the 14 congressional districts. The three districts, the third, fifth and seventh, known as the labor districts, declared for Hearst.

On this basis the political leaders figure that Hearst will receive from six to ten of the thirty-two delegates to the national convention from the state. The delegates at large will be Olney men.

Hearst's strength developed particularly in the manufacturing centers. He carried the entire delegations in Haverhill and Taunton and a majority in Worcester, Lynn, Lawrence, Fitchburg and Fall River. The towns generally supported Olney. A feature of the contest was the effort made in Dedham to defeat George Fred Williams, who had declared for Hearst, as a delegate to the state convention. The Williams-Hearst ticket was elected 80 to 62.

DENY MISTREATMENT OF CHINESE

San Francisco, April 13.—Officials of the United States immigration bureau at this port refute the story of alleged mistreatment of Chinese visitors to the World's fair, on account of which the Chinese minister at Washington, D. C., is said to have filed a protest with the state department. They say that the cases referred to are those of twelve Chinese who arrived on Feb. 25 last, eleven coming in the steerage and one in the cabin, without the necessary certificates. A report was telegraphed to Washington, and pending the reply the steerage and cabin passengers were kept on board the steamer for four days, at the end of which time they were, with one exception, permitted to land and resume their journey.

The exception was denied a landing because he was afflicted with a loathsome contagious disease. The cabin passenger, in conformity with the regulations, was required to give a bond in the small sum of $500 as security for his going back to China after the close of the exposition.

BODY OF IMPRISONED DIVER STILL AT BOTTOM OF RESERVOIR

New York, April 13.—The body of William Hoar, the diver, who was caught and held fast at the bottom of the reservoir at Boonton, N. J., on Monday, while endeavoring to close a leak from an intake pipe, had not been recovered today. Although hope of bringing the man to the surface alive was practically abandoned last evening, the air pump was kept going all night sending down air to the imprisoned diver, as there was a bare possibility that there might be some life left yet.

A gang of men worked all night trying to dam the conduit outside the dam. The divers who had been trying to rescue the unfortunate man stopped work last night, as they found the suction was so great that the huge ball of wood and lead which had been lowered to close up the intake pipe, and which had pinned Hoar to the flange of the pipe, could not be moved until the suction was lessened. With the object of reducing the suction, bags of sand were introduced into the flume at various manholes, and it is expected that in this way the flow of water will be stopped and the suction broken.

There has been no signal from the imprisoned man since noon yesterday, and it is believed that he has been dead for some time.

An engineer of the Jersey City Water Supply company said today that no more work could be done by the divers at present, as they had exhausted every possible effort to save the man. The engineers are now striving to lower the pressure of water on the great ball that is holding Hoar against the intake pipe. This done, the ball can be easily removed.

GERMAN PRINCE MARRIES ACTRESS

New York, April 13—Prince Hugo Hohenlohe has married Madame Helga, a beautiful circus equestrienne, according to an American dispatch from Berlin. Madame Helga's first husband was a circus performer.

The prince's marriage violates the family laws which provide the forfeiture of rank in the event of such an alliance. Henceforth he will be known as Count Von Hermesberg.

Another Prince Hohenlohe married a Vienese actress. Hohenlohe's is one of the mediatized reigning houses. Prince Hohenlohe has been living in this city since his return from the United States, where he was at various times reported engaged to American heiresses.

ELKINS FOR VICE PRESIDENT

West Virginia Will So Instruct Its Delegates.

Charlestown, W. Va., April 13.—As delegates arrive for the state Republican convention tomorrow the interest increases. It is now conceded by all factions that Senators Elkins and Scott and Hon. J. L. Caldwell, of Huntington, will be three of the delegates at large, but an interesting contest is on between Governor A. B. White and ex-Governor Atkinson, now United States district attorney, for a place on the delegation. It seems to be understood now that the convention will insist on instructing for Elkins for vice president, notwithstanding that gentleman has not yet announced that he is a candidate. Senator Scott will probably be temporary chairman, and will deliver the keynote speech of the campaign. The majority of the delegation will not arrive until late this evening.

TO RUSH CARS.

St. Louis, April 13.—Telegrams were received by President D. R. Francis, of the World's Fair from about forty railroad presidents representing nearly all the great railroad lines assuring him they will give hearty co-operation in rushing cars to the exposition. A total of 9000 cars of exhibits yet remain to be delivered.

SHINGLES Best grade of native **WHITE CEDAR**

Delivered to all parts of the city.

L. R. MARTIN,

517 LYCEUM BL DG. Both 'phones No. 385

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

TENEMENTS FOR THE POOR.

A. P. Cook, secretary of the county poor commission, makes an appeal for more sanitary homes for the city's poor. His experience in dealing with county charges has led him to the conclusion that much need for county asistance would be abolished were it not for sickness, which deprives these poor families of their wage-earning power and drives them to seek assistance from the authorities. He also finds that this sickness, of which there is a great amount, is caused chiefly by the unsanitary conditions and surroundings of the houses the poor people are compelled to inhabit.

As a remedial measure he suggests that some philanthropic capitalist should erect a substantial building to occupy a whole block, to contain modern improvements and conveniences, to be divided up into tenements of three and four rooms each, which could be rented at from $4 to $8 per month.

There is just one serious objection to Mr. Cook's plan. It would be practically impossible, in such a building, for the little children of these poor people to obtain the fresh air necessary for their development and good health. Furthermore, it would be practically impossible to keep such a building free from the germs of infantile diseases and the objects of Secretary Cook's effort would be defeated instead of furthered. There can be no doubt that sanitary homes are the great need of the working people, but there can be no sanitary home in the proper sense where there is a lack of opportunity for fresh air and outdoor playgrounds for children. To make tenements really sanitary, not more than four to six should be grouped together in one building, while there should be plenty of air space between that and the next one. A solid block of small tenements would prove a curse instead of a blessing.

As a recent writer has well said: "Surely, in this wonderful twentieth century, which has struck the word 'impossible' out of the dictionary, we ought to be able to give every child good food and a chance to breathe."

THE IDLE BOY.

Now as always his satanic majesty finds employment for otherwise idle hands. He is the greatest employment agent in the business. If it should happen that there are more men than jobs he starts a new vineyard.

Thousands of boys and girls in the great cities are growing up in idleness, except for such work as they do in the crime factories of the evil one. While a large number of this idle mass is recruited from that class which consider it beneath their dignity to work at anything but the most genteel ocupations, a large part of it is made up of the sons and daughters of the newly-rich, whose parents imagine that it is their duty to maintain their progeny in idleness as long as they desire to idle, while the great bulk is made up of the children of the poor, who can find no work to do.

The parent, no matter what his estate, who maintains his son or daughter in idleness, is committing a crime against society, against his progeny and against himself, the fruits of which he is liable to reap to his own sorrow. But much as this is to be deplored, what shall we say of the workingman who stands in the way of the employment of his son and his neighbor's son in some useful ocupation? For the idle sons of the poor, of the great cities the labor unions are largely to blame. The restrictions they throw around the apprentice system and the stumbling blocks they place in the path of the apprentice make it almost impossible for a boy to learn a useful trade. There is no doubt that many employers abuse the apprentice system if there are no restrictions, but it is also a fact that restrictions of the labor unions have become so severe in the cities that there is no chance for the apprentice at all, and the membership of the union is recruited principally from the ranks of the young men who come from the country villages and were fortunate enough to live where labor unions did not deny them the right to learn a trade, or from the foreigners who come from other lands.

Neither can there be doubt that as a result of this condition, crime is bound to increase. The member of the labor union who cannot see the evil results to society that are bound to follow such a condition must be a dullard, indeed. He is only to be compared to the hog who will crowd his own progeny away from the trough and allow them to starve or steal while he gorges himself to satiety.

THINGS TO FORGET.

The alleged fact that only one out of eighty in Johns Hopkins university could identify a couple of familiar quotations in literature is made the subject of a sermon in one of these patent-applied-for human-interest editorials.

For the life of us we never could see how such inconsequential feats of memory can be considered evidence of superior learning and ability. Some aspirants to literary honors fondly imagine that because they may be able to call to mind these familiar quotations and place them where they belong their fame and greatness is firmly established, and they are entitled to look down upon the individual with less retentive memory, although he may have forgotten more in an hour than these superior individuals ever knew.

The main incentive to the study of literature should be improvement of the mind by absorption of the wisdom and thought therein expressed. It is not necessary to remember every striking line and where to place it. That is a woeful waste of time. It is as foolish as trying to absorb all the knowledge contained in the encyclopedia. Let the reference work take care of the quotations; the human mind should be used for something of more benefit.

If those Johns Hopkins students have learned to reject that theory of literary education so that their time may be employed in storing away something that will be useful to them, they are to be congratulated. The student who can easily forget the non-essentials that he may the better retain the substance is the one who is in a fair way to obtain a real education.

What Washington and Jackson and Jefferson and Lincoln said and wrote is important, but it is the spirit that underlies their utterances, not the words themselves, that benefits and improves the human mind. If the brain retains the sentiments they expressed that is all that is necessary; let the reference work point out how, when, where and by whom the actual words were given utterance.

THE BOY AND THE "DAGO."

It appears to be the nature of many American boys to consider the newly-arrived foreigner a legitimate target for abuse, vilification and ridicule. Recently a New York boy, tried in the juvenile court for such an offense, put up the plea that he did not know it was wrong to "swipe bananas from a Dago." Many Duluth boys act as though they do not know it is wrong to pelt a "Sheeney" junk collector with snowballs or stones and to revile him with ribald jibes and jeers.

But it is wrong and radically wrong. Most of these foreigners who seek to make a living on the streets of American cities in such pursuits are hard-working, honorable and worthy men, whose quaintness of costume and lack of knowledge of American customs and manners should be a matter of pity, sympathy and encouragement, rather than abuse and ridicule.

This spirit of meanness toward foreigners which is exemplified by boys on the streets is at the bottom of that imperialistic sentiment among grown men which does not hesitate to deprive other peoples of their right of self-government and which was formerly manifested in the enslaving of men whose color differed from our own. Whether Dagoes, Sheeneys, Boers, Filipinos, Chinese or Indians, the idea that it is all right to rob them of whatever property the stronger race desires is at the bottom of that imperialistic sentiment which recently led our government to abandon American traditions and begin a career of criminal conquest.

The boy who finds delight in making sport of and robbing the foreigner is likely to be the same one who will take a fiendish pleasure in torturing an animal. No boy who hopes to be a gentleman and no boy who believes in the immortal truth of the Declaration of Independence that all men are born free and equal will indulge in such inhuman and brutalizing practices. Others should be prevented from so doing by the strong hand of the law.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The Springfield Republican thinks that Hearstism is a legitimate successor of Bryanism. A great many Democrats in the West think the same thing and that is really the reason why some Bryan Democrats are rallying to the Hearst standard, although they are more enraptured of Hearstism than they are enamored of Hearst.

* * *

Is it wicked to wish that Spring would use a hatpin on the old fellow that is lingering in her lap?

* * *

The result of conservatism in the administration of municipal affairs is shown in the fact that twenty years ago Professor Dodge reported that Minneapolis water was not fit to drink unless filtered or boiled. The Minneapolis newspapers claim that the same standard of quality is maintained to this day.

* * *

The Atlanta News asserts that "over the home of William Randolph Hearst the stork is hovering with wavering pinions, in every pulsation of whose trembling wing there beats a love and loyalty which cannot fail to appeal to the great heart of the people." Another evidence that for strenuosity the yellow fellow is not to be outdone by our hard-working president. But it must be hard on the stork to be talked about in that way.

* * *

Some Wisconsin newspapers are trying to delude themselves into the belief that their favorite son Wall stands a show of obtaining the Democratic presidential nomination. What does the party need of a Wall when it already possesses a sphynx?

* * *

"When Mr. Hearst's principles become law, and his millions are divided among the laborers and laundresses, and everyone will start fair in a new world, how far will Mr. Hearst get from the starting point?" This question is put by the Brooklyn Eagle. If it actually were Hearst's principles that everybody should divide and such division were made, the chances are that he would succeed in getting farther away from the starting point than many of his jealous competitors. Unlimited capital is a great help in meeting success in the publication of metropolitan newspapers, but many men with unlimited capital behind them have made monumental failures of the attempt.

* * *

It is a nice thing to place your insurance with John D. Rockefeller. He has just made good the $500,000 loss of Johns Hopkins university in the Baltimore fire.

* * *

What does the average voter care about party fidelity or party affiliations? There are but very few of us that aspire to be president or postmaster.

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Possibly the stories of atrocities in the Congo Free State under sanction of the king of Belgium are being circulated for the purpose of affording some "world power" an excuse for grabbing the territory. The greed for territory is becoming insatiable.

* * *

In Missouri the Republican newspapers talk Democratic politics mostly. In Minnesota the Democratic newspapers are generally engaged in regulating Republican affairs. That is one of the results of overwhelming majorities for the dominant party. And it is not a good thing for the welfare of the state. If candidates for office were a little more uncertain of election, the result would be better government.

* * *

There must always be a beginning in all upward movements and Senator Burton has served one good purpose. He is the first United States senator to be convicted of bribery. The public will now hope for a continuance of the good work.

* * *

It was Henry D. Estabrook that said: "The earth and the sky kissed and the result was Nebraska." But what happened when Deitrich resulted?

* * *

In 1902 the Socialist vote in Milwaukee was 8453. This year it was 15,333. The Socialist vote is a thing soon to be reckoned with in American cities.

HOTEL GOSSIP

W. L. Pratt, who represents the American Guaranty company, of Chicago, is at the McKay from St. Paul. Mr. Pratt was formerly in the newspaper business, having been with the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, St. Paul Dispatch and the Pioneer Press, serving the latter for five years. One year he used thirty-eight mileage books for the Pioneer Press, which means that he traveled 38,000 miles. "That was a lively year of traveling for me," said Mr. Pratt, "and the principal items were two round trips to Portland, which included several books in themselves. The business I am in now is one that many people know nothing about, for I deal only with men who are members of fraternal orders. Our purpose is to relieve them of their payments on their insurance and change them to a different character of investment. Say, for instance, that you are a member of a fraternal order in which you carry an insurance and are paying $40 per year for twenty years, or $800. The kind of insurance I am talking of now is death benefit, and where the payments bring nothing during life. The man whose payments we take for him pays us a larger sum yearly for ten years, say and we then give him an endowment which practically nets him 5 per cent on his money.

"Five per cent is about as high a rate of interest as bond investments are guaranteed to bring in this country, especially in any 20-year plan, as it's pretty hard to tell what twenty years may bring forth. But that's much higher than a lot of people in the world are getting. I was talking to a cashier of a bank of Montreal, who was an old schoolmate of mine, and we mentioned interest and investments. I was surprised from what he said of the amount of English capital which could be controlled on this side if there were opportunities to place it. He said that if he could guarantee 3 per cent he could raise $7,000,000 or more by cable. I asked in a joking way why he did not get it, take some of it and hunt a quiet place where he could dispose of the plunder at his leisure.

"He said the hunt would be too strong, for you know the banks have pretty strong alliances now in looking after embezzlers. The states look after them pretty well, but the United States government makes it practically impossible for a man to escape, and the bonding companies who insure a man's honesty are very close in their watch on any fellow who tries to get away with money, if he's one of their clients.

"As to hard times, I find things dull some of the time. But as to the election causing any stringency it looks to me as though things had become so one-sided that the business men don't look for a change and don't worry about business on account. The Democrats don't seem to have a ghost of a chance, especially if they put up some wildcat candidate. I can't for the life of me see what they expect to do by putting up some fellow who has no stability to him. Take a man like Bryan for instance, who is very popular, and what kind of a man is he to represent a big party? He's a nice man, but not big enough for the place. I heard him make a speech down in Wisconsin once in which he said he felt much toward the men in the trusts as he did toward bedbugs.

"He said he had nothing against the bedbug, but he did not like the way he carried on his business. I did not think that a very dignified statement to come from a man who was running for president of the United States."

* * *

Mrs. A. Ingalsbe, wife of the secretary of the United Mexican Mining & Smelting company, has returned to her home at the St. Louis after spending the winter in Southern California.

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Dr. C. W. More, of Eveleth, was at the St. Louis yesterday.

* * *

W. L. Case, the well known Cloquet attorney, was at the McKay last night.

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R. H. Battey, of Minneapolis, president of the Metropolitan Gold & Silver Mining company, is in the city.

* * *

Arthur Ely, the well known mining man from Chicago, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

These well known residents of Hibbing formed a theater party which was down last night to see "Erminie" registering at the St. Louis: Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Thompson, Mrs. J. B. Boucher, Miss Garver and S. G. Plummer.

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Mr. and Mrs. John Olson and G. H. Bedinger, of Ashland, were Spalding guests last night.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Sedgwick were down yesterday from Eveleth, making headquarters at the Spalding.

* * *

Mijat Stanisic, a Slovak, was in one of the hotels this morning on his way from Sparta to Agnew, Pa. Mijat was in rather a dejected frame of mind, owing to an experience he had in that place the other evening. While he was up to yesterday a resident of Sparta, he does not happen to speak Greek, nor does he speak Latin. It was his inability to converse with the natives of Rome, Firenze, Venice and other Italian cities that led to the trouble.

Mijat had a thirst that was about the size of a bushel basket and went into a gilded parlor with the intention of filling the thirst with a cooling extract of malt and hops. Before he got away he got the hops but retained the thirst. There were a number of Italians in the saloon who spoke their native language with muscular accompaniment, and also a little lame English. Stanisic spoke neither English nor Italian, and when the Italians tried to draw him into conversation at the bar he replied with a kaleidoscopic array of consonants which dazzled the swarthy Italians.

But they could get no meaning out of the statements which Mijat made, and after due deliberation, decided to give him another chance. The result was much the same, but the delivery was more speedy. The Italians decided they had been insulted and proceeded to square things with Mijat in the medieval Graeco-Roman catch-as-catch-can style. The Slovak is a big man and the supposed insult was not wiped out as intended. It was not a draw, and it the Slovak had not had to leave today for Pennsylvania there might have been serious results today or later. But Mijat is moody over the affair as he does not yet understand why it is that when he attempts to tell people he does not understand, that they should try to separate him from his wearing apparel.

* * *

One of the guests at the St. Louis last night was John Hirstio, aged 16 years, of Eveleth, who came down to attend to some pulpwood contracts for his father. He was the guest of Agent Mart Adson. He was the guest of Agent Mart Adson. He was the guest of Agent Mart Adson. He was the guest of the South Shore, this trip. Very few boys of his age are sent off on the railroad to do trusty deeds in the business line, but John's father has to stay at home to look after hired men, and as the boy has made several like trips this past winter, the father is fully satisfied of his ability.

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At the Spalding: Thomas Owens, Two Harobrs; Miss Sturtevant, Minneapolis; Mrs. H. E. Cook, St. Paul; Jacob Stein, Virginia; D. M. Eachin, S. G. Plummer, Hibbing; C. F. Baker, Toledo; T. S. Wardwell, Barlnerd; E. F. Bradt, Hibbing; J. F. Dean, W. C. Le Creve, George Drake Smith, C. W. White, J. E. Lobdell, William Schlegell, St. Paul; C. E. Munson, New London; H. W. Morcom, Tower; W. H. Tarbox, La Crosse, Wis.; C. H. Paull, St. Louis; J. G. Lanning, Minneapolis; L. T. Graves, Buffalo; A. C. Wales, Chicago; F. S. Singer, Milwaukee; E. F. Remer, Hibbing; M. J. Scanlon, Minneapolis; Willis M. Feeley, Chicago; M. L. Browner, New York; N. S. Head, F. P. Hopwood, T. A. Pratt, Minneapolis; A. B. Burns, Green Bay; H. Morton, Montreal; Max Wolff, Chicago; P. E. Thompson, Milwaukee; W. H. Bennett, Palmer, Williamsport, Pa.; J. E. Lobdell, St. Paul.

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At the St. Louis: M. J. Connolly, Dubuque, Iowa; James Goudie, Ironwood, Mich.; F. W. Steinhaus, Chicago; Byron Ripley, M. B. Morris, Iron River; George H. Paddon, C. F. Moulton, Ashland; F. P. Surthing, Boston; A. G. Pell, St. Paul; H. H. Lamers, Milwaukee; N. Johnson, Eveleth; J. B. Barse, E. A. Damon, H. L. Crane, Charles Brown, Minneapolis; A. M. Klehle, Milwaukee; William McKinnon, Carlton; C. H. Dickson, Grand Rapids; Thomas Bailey, George Hunning, Bert Jameson, A. L. Wyler, J. McDonald, Bemidji; J. G. Welch, Samuel Cleveland, A. E. Whitney, William Murray, St. Paul; J. J. Wolfe, Chicago; Louis Sarbach, St. Louis; John G. Fraser, Grand Rapids; Fred Hiller, Oshkosh; D. M. Goldsworthy, Two Harbors; W. D. Campbell, Cass Lake; E. M. Smith, Hibbing; E. A. Metter, George W. Fay, Minneapolis; F. V. Phillips, Shakopee; R. B. Rowe, Sandusky; H. A. Stuart, Denver; G. A. Cameron, Hudson, Wis.; E. G. Bush, Virginia; P. H. Dunn, Wakefield; G. Hirschman, St. Paul; M. Ring, Banning; George A. Perham, Eveleth.

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At the McKay: A. C. Blerman, Fargo; W. M. Harden, R. H. Battey, A. McGregor, E. A. Damon, Minneapolis; James Lumbard, Ithica, N. Y.; J. W. Anderson, Toronto; Lafe Millis, Fountain City, Ind.; W. G. Laughner, Virginia; J. C. Glynn, Chicago; John Finn, Two Harbors; E. M. Clark, Hibbing; J. B. Boyd, Langdon, N. D.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 13.—Fair weather prevailed except that light falls of rain or snow occured over southwestern Wisconsin, the eastern lake region, Ohio valley, and over New England states. It is cooler to the eastward of the Mississippi and warmer in the region immediately west of the Missouri river. The barometer is high north of the Dakotas, and low off the New England coast and over Oregon and Nevada.

The following are the minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	44	Medicine Hat	30
Battleford	26	Memphis	42
Bismarck	24	Miles City	36
Boston	36	Milwaukee	30
Buffalo	26	Minnedosa	24
Calgary	28	Modena	36
Charleston	52	Montgomery	44
Chicago	32	Moorhead	22
Cincinnati	34	New Orleans	62
Davenport	34	New York	34
Denver	32	North Platte	42
Detroit	32	Oklahoma	40
Dodge City	40	Omaha	36
Duluth	22	Pittsburg	28
Edmonton	34	Port Arthur	10
El Paso	52	Portland	54
Escanaba	18	Prince Albert	22
Galveston	60	Qu Appelle	26
Green Bay	32	Rapid City	36
Havre	34	San Francisco	56
Helena	42	Santa Fe	42
Houghton	30	Shreveport	46
Huron	32	Spokane	46
Jacksonville	57	St. Louis	36
Kamloops	38	St. Paul	24
Kansas City	38	S. Ste. Marie	14
Knoxville	36	Swift Current	28
La Crosse	30	Washington	38
Lander	30	Winnemucca	36
Los Angeles	50	Winnipeg	28
Marquetto	22		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Thursday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Fair tonight and probably Thursday. Continued cool. Fresh northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, April 13.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Generally fair and cool tonight and Thursday.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday. Continued cool.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Warmer Thursday.

THE JESTERS.

Chicago Record-Herald: "Do you believe," she asked, "that a genius can possibly be virtually thrust upon him?"

"Well," he modestly replied, "I would prefer not to answer that question. But my wife ought to be able to tell you."

Chicago Evening Post: "He hasn't sufficient imagination to be a poet."

"Oh, I don't know about that. He certainly displays a good deal of imagination when he thinks he is one."

Washington Star: "What do you regard as the test of a nation's culture?"

"The willingness to pay $5 a seat to hear me sing in a concert," answered the prima donna promptly.

Philadelphia Ledger: Mrs. Nuritch—I think I'll take this watch. You're sure its made of refined gold.

Jeweler—Certainly.

Mrs. Nuritch—Because I do detest anything that ain't refined.

Chicago Daily News: Mother—Tommy, what did I say I'd do to you if you touched that jam again?

Tommy—Why, it's funny, ma, that you should forget, too. I'm blamed if I can remember!

Philadelphia Ledger: "They're forever talking about their brother who was killed in an automobile accident."

"Yes, they're anxious to give the impression that he was thrown out of the machine, whereas he was merely hit by it."

Chicago News: "Be mine," he pleaded, "and I will be as true as the stars above."

"But the stars above," she protested, "lie in all directions."

Town Topics: There isn't very much to eat," said the Eskimo hostess, as she handed a candle to each guest. "Just light refreshments."

Setting the Dog on the Deacon.

Metropolitan Magazine: "Job's widder" was not left without counsel. As soon as it was known that Job died without a will, and so his little property was inherited by brothers and sisters he had never seen, and his wife was left with "the use of a third" of what she had slaved for through all her strong young womanhood, each and every one of the men who knew her came to tell her what she ought to do.

So she met Deacon Beales with a subdued courtesy, which surprised herself far more than him; for he attributed it to a readiness to "admit the Spirit," ushered by him, and determined to pray with her before he left the house.

Not to alarm her, he talked of the weather, the crops, and finally of Job's sickness, and her present status.

"What do you think of doing for a living?" he asked.

"I'm thinkin' some about nursin'," she answered promptly; "but I calc'late to learn to nurse before I nurse."

"The land's sake! Don't you know how to nurse?"

"No. I don't know a blame thing about it."

"Didn't you take care of Job?"

"If making hoarhoun' syrup days, and lying awake nights and hearin' him cough was taking care of him—yes; I took care of him. And, of course, he had quick consumption, and nobody could 'a' cured him; but I used to think, when he coughed so, and had spells of hiccupin', that was still more wearin', that meby there was a way to stop it if I knowed it; but I didn't."

"Well, then you did all that was in the power of man, and any dissatisfaction with the result is grumbling at the will of God. You must be resigned to the will of God, and praise Him that Job gave some evidence of saving repentance and a change of heart; and instead of learning something of no value to your immortal soul, confess the scarlet sins which have so long lain heavy on your conscience, study your Bible, and prepare to follow your husband. Shall we have a word of prayer?"

"No, we sha'n't," she said. "I hain't complained of the will of God. And I've got to be resigned, for Job's dead. But I should look curi's studying my Bible while Job's relations come and take away the things I've slaved for, I s'pose I'd oughter jest set and read out aloud: 'He that would take your coat, let him have your cloak also.' No; I'm a-goin' to put on my cloak and go and learn nursin'. I don't want to be of such kind of a nurse as you be justice of the peace. I want to know what I am about, and not make a tormented fool of myself. And as for follerin' Job, I hain't made up my mind whether I want to or not. And now I've begun, I might as well end; and it's the will of God that you should get out o' here; and if you don't submit to it, I'll set the dog on you."

Georgia Fishing Song.

Down by the river,
In de bright sunshine,
Big Catfish
Run away wid my line!
O, Mister Catfish,
Whar is you gwine?
En I ain't eat none sence mawnin'!

Down by de river
De win' blow free,
Big Alligator
Want ter swallow me!
O, Mister 'Gater,
Kin you climb dis tree?
You ain't eat none sence mawnin'!
—Atlanta Constitution.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Irish Standard: Some of the editors who are in the habit of fiercely denouncing trades union leaders as anarchists for "attacking the courts" in respect to injunctions are now themselves attacking the highest court in the land because of its pronouncement against a railroad trust, says the New York Freeman's Journal. So long as the courts are on our side—and only so long—they are sacred and above criticism—that seems to be the doctrine of the element to whom, in the memorable words of a Pennsylvania magnate, "God in His infinite wisdom has given control of the business interests of our country."

Swift County Review: By keeping a close tally on the utterances of the newspapers throughout the state it is daily becoming more evident that Hon. E. T. Young will go into the state convention with the largest following of any of the aspirants for the position of attorney general. The Seventh district will be practically solid for him.

Cass Lake Times: Take from Mr. Hearst the millions which his father accumulated and left as an inheritance to an addle brained son and then ask his followers what is left of him as a presidential candidate. Mr. Hearst's millions may procure him the presidential nomination, but his millions with a billion added can never make him a man of capacity sufficient to manage the affairs of this great nation.

Mora Enterprise: To be sure the convention saw fit to endorse J. Adam in his present capacity. We sincerely believe it is not a true index of the feeling throughout the district. Certainly no man has made more blunders in his official career than our own congressman and no member of congress has made less impression upon the people of his statesmanship than he. That he will have opposition at the primaries is needless to state and we believe the fact that common practice should entitle him to a second term will not save him from defeat.

International Falls Echo: Congressman Bede continues to win honor as a legislator and public speaker, and a more exalted place in the hearts of his constituency, as well. No man has ever won recognition more quickly at the national capital nor been able to do more effective work in so short a period of time than Mr. Bede has done. As a particular instance, his efforts in the swamp land matter are worthy of note and entitle him to the gratitude of the people of the entire state.

Virginian: There has been a noticeable improvement in business in Virginia the past two weeks. The opening of the Lincoln and Minorca mines and the taking on of additional forces at the Mackinaw group and Higgings has acted as a tonic to the mercantile interests. With few exceptions there is no complaining and a better and more confident feeling exists all around. The year promises to be a good one.

International Falls Echo: Hon. George R. Layboura, of Duluth, presided over the recent Republican district convention held in that town in an able and dignified manner. The discharge of his duties there and in his senatorial capacity indicate him to be a man with the learning and ability to successfully handle greater responsibilities. We doubt not that they will be virtually thrust upon Mr. Layhourn during the next few years, as men of his character and ability are needed in the higher public offices.

FODDER FOR THE HUNGRY.

Philadelphia Ledger: If it should be held by public opinion that William R. Hearst would not be in all ways an ideal candidate for president, it cannot truly be said of him that niggardliness is one of those faults which should condemn him. Mr. Hearst is, indeed, a generous aspirant for presidential honors. A special dispatch to the Louisville Courier-Journal, whose editor has announced that he will support Mr. Hearst, if nominated, says:

"As things stand there is no parallel in the history of national political conventions for the plans that have been perfected by the Hearst presidential bureau. Hearst has engaged quarters sufficient to house an army. Its delegates and alternates are to be entertained, roomed and fed at his expense. It will not cost anyone who comes to St. Louis to vote or root for Hearst anything except his time, so far as can be learned."

At the Planters hotel Mr. Hearst's advance agents have engaged the eighth, ninth and tenth floors; there are fifty rooms on each of these floors, or 150 in all. At the new Jefferson hotel Mr. Hearst wanted to engage five entire floors, but was restricted to ninety-two rooms. At the Southern hotel, where the floor space is measured by acres, he wished to secure an entire floor, but his request was denied. The cost of Mr. Hearst's campaign, if measured by the mere rental of rooms at St. Louis, will be unprecedented. Exclusive of what his delegates and shouters eat, drink and smoke, or of bills otherwise incurred, his hotel account alone will amount to $3500 a day. Consequently it is not surprising to learn that his prodigality has "staggered the Democratic national committee." Though Mr. Hearst will not be a successful aspirant for the nomination, he is certain to be a spectacularly attractive and interesting one.

GIVE RICH BOY A CHANCE.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: Again have we had thrown up to us that a poor boy who began life with nothing is now drawing a monster salary and swaying the destinies of thousands. It needs no more multiplication of such instances. We are willing to be convinced that to succeed in life one must begin as a poor boy, it that is a fact; but what an awful doom for the rich boys. The doctrine of predestination, discarded by every thoughtful mind, even now including the almost changeless and unchangeable Presbyterian church, seems to survive in the career of the boys of the rich.

A rich man may sooner go through the eye of a needle than enter into the kingdom of heaven, and a rich boy is even worse handicapped, because—according to these stories (mostly of late printed in Success), he has no chance even of a worldly sort. We feel, out of sheer humanity, that we ought to make a plea for the rich boy. He has equal rights with the poor one. Why is it that his picture is not placed in the papers even if he did not shine shoes for a living at an early day and was not the only support of his stepmother and nine brothers and sisters. The mind and heart revolts at such injustice. We contend that it is possible for a boy whose mother owns a diamond sunburst to rise in the world. The humble one-story cottage and the log cabin shall not have it all their own way. We once knew a boy born in a two-story brick house who turned out to be a great financier, became a banker, and "busted" for just as much money as one of the log cabin fellows.

Genius is not confined to poor and humble birth, no matter how determinedly McGuffey's third reader and other public school publications have struggled to give out that impression; and Ohio does not produce the most presidents because she has more canals with towpaths than most other states. The only reason why it appears that early poverty is necessary to success is because there is more early poverty than anything else. However we may wish to favor in our loud acclaims those who originated as we did, let us first be just.

Time Enough to Talk.

Brooklyn Eagle: The Chicago Chronicle is respectfully informed: (1) That Judge Parker will probably be nominated; (2) that his nomination, when it occurs, will be largely due to his wise and dignified as well as absolute reserve from political expressions while on the bench; and, (3) that when nominated, he may be expected not only to take a position which will give him freedom for political expression, but also to show by that expression that his Democracy is based on principle, justice and patriotism.

Need of the Hour.

Mankato Free Press: The great need of the world is men; men who will not sell; men who are honest, sound from center to circumference; true to the core; men who fear the Lord and eschew covetousness; men who condemn the wrong in friend or foe; in themselves as well as others, men whose consciences are as steady as the needle to the pole; men who will stand for the right if the heavens totter and the earth reels; men who will tell the truth and look the world and the devil square in the eye; men who will neither brag nor run; men who have courage without shouting to bring it; men in whom the current of lasting life runs still deep and strong; men who are careful of God's honor and careless of man's applause; men who are too large for sectarianism and too strong for political cabals; men who do not shout, nor cry, nor cause their voices to be heard in the streets, but who will not fail nor be discouraged till judgment is set on earth; men who know their duty and do it; men who mind their own business; men who will not lie; men who are not too proud to be poor; men who are willing to eat what they have paid for. With enough men of this kind the world would be a far better place, and want, wretchedness, unhappiness and all kinds of evils would decrease.

GOOD TASTE OUTRAGED.

Portland Telegram: There has been, of late, an entirely justifiable protest in many of the larger cities of the country against the wall-sign and billboard evil. In Boston, in Cleveland, New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Chicago there has been warfare more or less strenuous against the pernicious practice of bedecking dead walls, high fences, and in fact every exposed surface that offers a vantage ground, with the highly colored and huge-lettered announcements pertaining to the sale of all sorts of merchandise and commodities, from patent nostrums to that wonderful pair of blue overalls that so indissolubly unites the Percheron horses, despite their apparent intention to travel in opposite directions. The war upon this fad is yet in its inciplency, but the general public that resides in cities should felicitate itself upon the fact that it is developing a sentiment of opposition to this sort of thing, that is rapidly gathering strength, and bids fair at no distant date to be entirely effective to the end at which it aims.

From the viewpoint of civic pride the practice finds no apology whatever. And as a business proposition it is an unprofitable one as it is unsightly. There is no man who can show where practical results warrant the assumption that outrageous municipal garnishment of the chromatic character has swelled the total debit on his sales ledger, or in any other way set his feet within the royal path that leads to wealth. Green, red and yellow paint, or deep, unfathomable studies of inartistic ugliness in the form of posters, to say nothing of the swathling of dead walls and fences with the parti-colored dodger of the common sort, may all be fascinating enough for the men who derive a direct revenue from the evil; but to no one else is there profit, glory or satisfaction.

There is about as much sense in a municipal community allowing itself to be striped and lettered from keel to capstan, in order that its citizens may think they are doing business, as there is in an Indian's gauling his features in the grotesque trickery of war paint, as a manifestation of his bravery.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: It is an awful shock to kiss a girl with a solid nose.

All a man has to do to go to the devil for a woman is not to be married to her.

When the office is seeking the man he is running backward so it can catch him.

The more money you have the less your creditors care whether you pay your bills.

Women don't like to read the lines in their looking glasses.

A girl has such fortitude she wouldn't interrupt a proposal from him to take a caterpillar out of her neck.

The way to keep a woman loving you is when she gives your corned beef and beer for dinner to act as if it were canvasback duck and champagne.

When a woman's husband thinks the punishment which the teacher inflicted was deserved she can never again feel sure that he loves his own children.

Witty Tim Campbell.

New York Herald: No matter what turn the late Timothy J. Campbell's political views took he maintained the friendship and loyalty of his retainers by being willing to oblige them. Only once was he temporarily checked in his generosity to his constituents.

Certain clerks in the municipal courts wished to have a bill passed through the legislature, giving them an increased pay for several years back. Campbell was then in the state senate and he went with the author of the bill, the late Judge Joseph Koch, to call up Grover Cleveland.

"Why, Tim," said Mr. Cleveland, "such a bill as this won't do. I'd surely veto it. It is retroactive and unconstitutional."

"Let the courts attend to that," replied the senator. "Besides, what's the constitution between friends?"

This remark stamped from the Campbell mint of epigram has passed current for more than a score of years.

Whenever Campbell found himself cornered for lack of special knowledge his wit came to his rescue.

Asked by James Oliver what defense should be made for two boatmen who had been arrested for stealing an anchor and chain, Campbell replied: "Say, that they found it floating on the river."

He was showing some constituents the wonders in the national capital when the effigy of Robert Fulton contemplating his invention, a sidewheel steamboat, prompted them to ask the man's name.

"I've forgotten it for a moment," was the reply, "but he was the inventor of roller skates, and that's one in his hand."

On the Quiet.

Washington Post: The secret investigation of the beef trust will be logically followed by secret punishment, probably in the form of a fine, payable to a fat-fryer.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM ST THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Manager.
TONIGHT
NIXON & ZIMMERMAN ANNOUNCE
FRANCIS WILSON
and star company, including Marguerita Sylva, Jessie Bartlett-Davis, William Broderick in "ERMINIE." Prices 50c to $2.
Thursday, April 14; Saturday Matinee and Night, April 16; Florence Stone and Company in
"The Banker's Daughter."
Prices 25c, 35c and 50c.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM April 18-19-20
Dick Ferris' Stupendous Production of
"PARSIFAL"
100 People in Cast—100. 20 Musicians in Orchestra—20. 2 Carloads of Scenery—2. Prices: 25c-50c-75c-$1. Mat. Wednesday 25c-50c-75c.

METROPOLITAN THEATER
THE MYRKLE-HARDER COMPANY
TONIGHT:
"THE SLEEPING CITY."
10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Matinee 10c and 25c.
NEW AND PLEASING VAUDEVILLE.

BENEFIT CONCERT!
LYCEUM THEATER, FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 15.
By the Michigan College of Mines' Glee and Mandolin Club. Benefit of furnishing fund Duluth Children's Home Society. Tickets 50 and 75 cents. On sale Thursday morning.

$2.85 a Pair

"A Snap in Good Shoes"

1000 pairs of gentlemen's fine shoes—we purchased from H. G. Holloway & Bro. of Chicago—1000 pairs of high grade shoes, they were made to retail at $4.00 and $5.00 a pair—patent colt—velour calf—box calf—vici kid—they will be on sale Thursday, Friday and Saturday, at a pair **$2.85**

Phillips & Co.

WEST DULUTH

The matter of the location of a city dock for West Duluth will be definitely decided at the meeting of the common council next Monday evening. There are three sites under consideration, situated as follows: Foot of Ramsey street, foot of Sixty-first avenue west, and foot of Sixty-third avenue west. Speaking of the proposed dock this morning, Alderman William Chesney said:

"We thought it best to lay the proposition over for a week and give the people a chance to make their ideas and wants known on the subject. This is why it was not brought up at last Monday night's meeting.

"From a commercial standpoint we are of the opinion that the Ramsey street site is the most logical one, and this site will probably be recommended by the committee. It is much more conveniently located for the freighters, as well as for most of the business interests of West Duluth. The Sixty-first street location would undoubtedly be more convenient for the majority of those who will use the dock for passenger purposes only, but I think the latter will be willing to stretch a point in favor of the commercial interests, in view of the fact that the Ramsey street site will not greatly inconvenience anyone concerned."

DEMOCRATS TO MEET.

Will Organize Club Committed to No Candidate.

West Duluth is to have a Democratic club. A meeting of the Democrats of this section of the city has been called for tomorrow evening at Carlson's hall, on Grand avenue, when officers will be elected and the organization perfected.

The organization may be only a temporary one, and again it may be made permanent, according to the sentiment expressed Thursday night. It will not be a Hearst club, nor will it be bound to any candidate for any office at the start.

There are a number of good and influential Democrats in West Duluth, and they feel that there is strong need of organizing into a club, and that there will be substantial results from such an organization.

TO RESUME MAY 1.

Repaving of Central Avenue to Begin Again.

Work of repaving Central avenue, from Cody to Main streets, which was interrupted last fall because of unfavorable weather conditions, will, it is understood, be resumed May 1, or shortly after, unless property owners along the avenue object. It is said that some of the property owners may enter a protest against starting the work so soon, on the ground that the frost will not be entirely out of the ground, and that as a consequence any paving laid at this early date will not give satisfaction.

Owen McDonald, superintendent of the work under Contractor P. McDonald, visited West Duluth yesterday and inspected the street. He made the statement that paving operations would be resumed May 1 or shortly after. It is expected that it will take about three weeks, with a crew of twenty-five or more men, to complete the job.

COFFEE

MAY BE

IT

A 10 days trial leaving off coffee and using

Postum Coffee

will tell you a tale.

SURE

If it shows you what has been robbing you of health, comfort and the power to be something in this world, you will have a cue

WORTH WHILE

TRY IT

"There's a reason."

Get the little book "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

CARS AGAIN RUNNING.

Service Resumed on the Incline Railway.

For the first time in nearly two months cars were run today on the incline railway leading from West Duluth to Bay View Heights. The old schedule was taken up, and the line will be operated as formerly.

The road has been closed down a good part of the winter on account of the ice covering the tracks along the Keen creek bottoms. The creek became blocked with ice, causing the water to spread over the bottom. The tracks were buried under ten and twelve inches of ice as a result, and no sooner were they cleared than they were again flooded, so all attempt at operating the line was abandoned, awaiting the advent of spring. The sun has done what gangs of men failed to do, and no further trouble from this source is anticipated this year.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

D. R. McKinley, who has been conducting a logging camp at Pork Bay, up the north shore, during the winter, returned to West Duluth yesterday with his men, teams and logging outfit, having completed a successful season's work. The roads leading to Duluth from the country are now in very poor condition and the men and horses were completely played out on their arrival in West Duluth.

Baby carriages—lowest prices in the city—fine assortment. At Schell & Wade's.

Rev. Father Gamache, of Hibbing, is hearing confessions at St. James' Catholic church today. He will also be at the church tomorrow.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

Robert Maher of Grand Forks, N. D., who has been visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. John Green, returned to the Dakota city last night.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Westminster Presbyterian church will hold a business meeting this evening at the home of Miss Jennings, Sixty-first avenue west and Cosnold street. As important business is to be transacted and reports heard it is expected that the attendance will be large.

New patent leather shoes $3.50 and $5.00.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

John Laubach, the Missabe engineer, who was badly scalded by escaping steam last week while in his engine cab, is improving rapidly. Attending physicians state that no lasting injury will result from the accident.

There will be skating tomorrow afternoon at the West Duluth covered rink. Finest of ice.

Peter A. Lund has purchased the saloon at 416 Central avenue, formerly conducted by A. Hendrickson.

New fancy negligee shirts, $1.00, $1.50. —The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Euclid lodge No. 198, A. F. & A. M., will hold a special meeting tomorrow evening to confer the third degree on a number of candidates. Grand Master McGonagle and District Deputy Grand Master Fraser will be present.

Bicycles for everybody—great bargains every day. At Schell & Wade's.

E. R. Crockett of Neenah, Wis., is a guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. J. Carlson, on Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Stetson, Blake and Gordon Hats, new blocks.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Frank St. John, formerly of West Duluth, now residing in St. Paul, is in the city today.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

Beautiful sailor, Norfolk, Russian, blouse and 3-piece suits, $1.95 to $5.95.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

The little daughter of George Coleman is recovering after a severe illness of four weeks.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

Dr. Burnside offers several houses for sale, ranging from $700 to $1700.

The Schmauss company independent market. Best quality of meats; prices low. Both 'phones.

Grand avenue market. See our prices in next Friday's ad.

Paint your house with Health & Millingan paint, guaranteed five years. At Schell & Wade's.

Julia Marlowe shoes in all styles to fit the ladies' feet, at Lauermann's.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone, 3070.

DIES AT SAGINAW.

Mrs. W. R. Burt, Mother of Mrs. George C. Stone, Dead.

News was received in Duluth this morning of the death of Mrs. Wellington R. Burt, of Saginaw, Mich., which occurred yesterday. Mrs. Burt was the mother of Mrs. George C. Stone, of this city. Her husband Wellington R. Burt, is one of the very wealthy men of Michigan, and has large holdings of mining properties on the Mesaba range, which he acquired in the early days of its mining development. Mrs. Burt had visited her daughter, Mrs. Stone at her Duluth home a number of times.

Mr. and Mrs. Stone are now on their way from California to attend the funeral.

LARGE MILL BURNED.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 13.—The large flouring mill of the Miner-Hillard company at Miners Mills, near here, was totally destroyed by fire today, together with two grain elevators and two houses. Loss, $150,000.

ANCIENT CHECK

Ignorant Woodsman Tries to Pass One Paid Four Years Ago.

Man Who Gave It to Him Is Also Under Arrest.

A four-year-old check, with the words, "Paid, First National bank," stamped across its face, was presented for payment on one of the Bowery merchants, this morning, by a woodsman named Paul Tabel.

Tabel must have been very ignorant of the methods employed in the banking business, or he would never have attempted any such easily detected ruse. The check was drawn by J. H. McLaughlin and made payable to the Electrical Engineering company or order. The amount was $77.52.

It had been endorsed on the back with a stamp of the engineering company and signed by the secretary. Across the face a perforated stamp had cancelled the check and marked it paid.

The paper was faded and stained with time, yet, in spite of all these drawbacks Tabel evidently thought he could pass it, for beneath the signature of the secretary of the company there was a painfully scrawled imitation, which was evidently meant for an endorsement.

The merchant to whom the check was presented immediately notified the police, and Tabel found himself in police headquarters in short order.

He stated that the check had been given to him by another woodsman by the name of John Smith. Smith was also located by the police, from the description given, and locked up with his confederate.

Under cross examination by the police, Smith is said to have admitted finding the check on one of the city dump. He said he had been looking over the dump for any articles of value when he discovered the check. He was evidently afraid to attempt to pass it himself, and gave it to Tabel, who is an ignorant young Scandinavian, unfamiliar with the ways of this country.

The police say it is about the most amateurish attempt at forgery that they have ever encountered. A child could have detected the fraud.

The two men will be arraigned in the municipal court on the charge of attempting to pass checks with forged endorement. Neither of them was able to procure bail.

CAN GO TO THE PHILIPPINES

Recruiting Office Can Now Assure Service In the Islands.

Assistant Adjut. Gen. Evans, has sent the following telegram to First Lieut. Albert M. Mason, recruiting officer in the Torrey building, under date of April 8:

"Until further orders send coast artillery recruits to recruiting depot Angel island instead of Fort Flager. Coast artillery recruits are now needed in the Philippines and preference for such service may be noted on descriptive cards."

This means that any applicants for enlistment who desire to serve in the new territory acquired by this government will have an opportunity to do so. The Duluth station has lost twenty-two men this month by not being able to assure Philippine service. Many of these who want to get into the service have a strong desire to get the trip to the islands and see the country, and will not tie up under Uncle Sam's banner for three years unless they get it. But from this on men who want to go to the Philippines can get in the artillery service. Vehicle has need of men.

The Duluth office has taken twenty-two under enlistment since April 1, while the sub-stations at Ashland, Bemidji and Tower have taken thirty-six. Of this number the last named has taken scarcely any, all the available men seeming to have left that neighborhood.

PRISONERS ESCAPE BY AID OF CONFEDERATE.

Prescott, Ariz., April 13.—Two military prisoners at Whipple barracks have made a sensational escape by the aid of a civilian confederate. The prisoners were at work under an armed guard when the civilian stealthily approached the guard from behind, pinioning his arms. The three took his gun away, gagged him and tied him to a tree and then made their escape.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

Friday Trout Season Opens

GIVEN AWAY FREE!

Each month during the fishing season the

Kelley Hardware Company

will give free to the one catching the largest

Black Bass OR Brook Trout

Their choice of a

$5.00 Quadruple Reel or a $5.00 Bristol Steel Fishing Rod.

Your fish to be weighed at our sporting goods department. Are you equipped? See us for your tackle, etc.

Kelley Hdw. Co

Gray-Tallant Co *New Suits at Greatly Reduced Prices Thursday and Friday.* Gray-Tallant Co

Underwear and Hosiery Sale

The hosiery advertised here can't be duplicated anywhere at these prices.

TO draw your attention to the splendid qualities of the new spring and summer underwear and hosiery we will give some astonishing values for the next three days. This initial sale of the season is a most important event, just at the time when women are buying their spring supply. We have dozens of different sorts of cotton, lisle and gauze underwear and hosiery and every one is the reliable kind that invites a liberal buying. No other kind has a place here. You will make no mistake in buying freely Thursday and Friday or Saturday.

LADIES' UNION SUITS—Light weight—of fine ribbed cotton—high neck, long sleeves—ankle length—neck hand crocheted trimmed—half open front—spring weight—$1.00 qualities **69c**

JERSEY RIBBED VESTS—Pure white—high neck, long sleeves—knee or ankle length pants to match, with French bands—a medium weight and an exceptional value—sale price **25c**

CHILDREN'S UNION SUITS of the famous "Munsing" make for boys and girls—all open or half open front—high neck, long sleeves—ankle length—medium weight—during this sale **50c**

AN EXTRA SPECIAL—Ladies' fine ribbed lisle vests—white, blue and ecru—silk tape trimming—"Forest Mills" make—were slightly soiled by being on a table—50c quality—Thursday, Friday and Saturday **29c**

LADIES' FANCY HOSIERY—an extra special for this sale—qualities we sold regularly at 39c and 50c the pair—Thursday, Friday and Saturday at **19c**

COTTON VESTS—EXTRA SIZE—high neck, long sleeves—or high neck and short sleeves—knee or ankle pants to match—plain or trimmed—cream white—a nicely finished 89c garment during this sale at **65c**

FINE LISLE PANTS—Ladies' Umbrella Pants—pure white—fancy lace trimmed—extra wide and having a yoke band—during this sale you may have them at the exceptionally low price of **50c**

LADIES' COTTON VESTS—High neck—long sleeves—neatly crocheted neck and front—cream white—a regular spring weight—pants to match—50c qualities—sale price, only **43c**

LADIES' GAUZE VESTS—An entirely new line—mercerized or lisle—plain or fancy lace trimmed—hand crocheted yokes—white, pink, blue and black—special during this sale at **$1.00**

LADIES' SEAMLESS HOSIERY 10c; a fast black spring weight cotton hose—a splendid value at 15c—until Saturday night our price will be but **10c**

LADIES' GAUZE LISLE HOSE—half lace with fancy embroidered fronts of various colors—full fashioned—our regular 75c quality—Thursday, Friday and Saturday at **59c**

LADIES' COTTON HOSIERY—high spliced heels—double soles—elastic tops—fast black; a splendid quality selling regularly at 25c—Saturday at **15c**

Special Sale of Dress Skirtings

The biggest values of the season.

Prices on wool skirting that will make your summer outing skirt or storm skirt decidedly economical. We have a half dozen more pieces of these cloths than is necessary to make a complete stock and price them for Thursday much below value. Dark mixtures—the most serviceable of all colors for skirts for rough wear—54 inches wide. Half of them sell regularly at $1.00 and the remainder at $1.25 the yard—remainder of week **77½c**

Sale of "Boxbay Never-Tear" Silk.

See the unique display in the west window.

This famous quality of silk will stand the most severe test possible. It will not tear, split or stretch. A garment lined with Boxbay never has to be relined—in most cases the lining outlasts the garment itself. When used for drop skirts or linings there is just enough body to give the gown the proper effect. Made into waists the fine finish and elegant appearance is certain to win admiration. The cream and white can be washed and will still retain its silk beauty. We have it in all the new shades—pure dyed and guaranted to wear well. Thursday, Friday and Saturday we place it on sale at these special prices:

20-inch Boxbay Never-Tear Silk regularly 58c yard..... **50c**

36-inch Boxbay Never-Tear Silk regularly $1.25 yard.. **$1.00**

EPISCOPAL CHURCH

To Meet In Triennial Session at Boston In October.

Sixty Dioceses to Send Delegates to the Convention.

Boston, Mass., April 13.—The general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church will meet in triennial session in Boston from Oct. 5 next and until Oct. 25. The general convention is the highest legislative body of the church and is made up of two houses—the house of bishops and the house of clerical and lay deputies.

Every bishop is a member of the house of bishops by virtue of his office. The deputies are elected by the dioceses. Each diocese in the country sends four clergymen and four laymen to represent it in the general convention.

The general convention corresponds to the congress of the United States. It legislates for the Episcopal Church in every state, territory and possession of the United States, and also for the missions of the church in foreign fields. This convention will legislate not only for the church in the United States, but also in Alaska, Hawaii, Brazil, Porto Rico, Cuba, Hayti, China, Japan and Africa. Bishops and delegates from all these will attend the convention.

It is the one ecclesiastical body in the country which legislates for precisely the same geographical area covered by the legislation of congress; but it also covers missions in foreign lands. The house of clerical and lay deputies will hold their sessions in Emmanuel church. The house of bishops will sit in the chapel of Emmanuel church. The pews will be taken out of the chapel and desks and chairs provided. Each bishop will be given a desk.

The bishops sit according to seniority, the elders in point of consecration sitting in front.

The opening service will be in Trinity church, Boston, on Wednesday morning, Oct. 5. Daily prayers will be said in Trinity church, and a choir of men will render the music. Copley Hall will be the business headquarters of the convention. A special postoffice will be established there, and a telephone, and possibly a telegraph office, will be there. A luncheon will be served in Copley Hall daily to the delegates.

Boston is making careful and extensive preparations for the meeting in October. Besides the meetings of the convention the general board of missions will be heard. The woman's auxiliary also will hold its triennial convention in Boston from Oct. 6 to Oct. 19. It is expected that from 6,000 to 10,000 people will be in Boston during the general convention.

Arrangements are being made by a general committee, appointed by Bishop Lawrence, as follows: Richard H. Dana, chairman; the Rev. John McGaw Foster, secretary; F. W. Hunnewell, chairman finance committee; the Rev. D. D. Addison, D. D., chairman of committee on arrangements; William Allen Hayes, chairman of the committee on hospitality; Joseph G. Minot, chairman of reception committee; the Rev. Edward T. Sullivan, chairman of committee on press and publication.

One of the early features of the convention will be a grand reception to all the delegates and their wives. This will probably take place in the Art Museum. It will introduce the delegates to each other, and will also introduce them to a distinctive feature of Boston.

On the second day of the convention Bishop Lawrence will give a reception to all the bishops, ninety-one in number. It is possible that the archbishop of Canterbury will attend the convention as a visitor and guest of citizens of Boston. Efforts are being made to induce the archbishop to come, and he has expressed his desire to come if his duties permit.

There will be a "Cambridge day," when the convention and the woman's auxiliary will visit the places of literary and historic interest in Cambridge. The Episcopal theological school and Bishop Lawrence's house adjoining will be open, and will be the headquarters of the visitors on that day. The headquarters of the woman's auxiliary on that day will be Old Christ Church, Cambridge.

There will also be a "Concord day." A special train will take visitors to Concord, where they will be the guests of the Rev. Charles L. Hutchins, D.D., secretary of the house of deputies. Other features for the entertainment of the delegates and visitors are being planned, and will be announced as arrangements are completed.

Each diocese is entitled to eight deputies, four clerical and four lay, in the house of deputies. There are sixty dioceses in the United States. This makes 480 deputies. Each missionary jurisdiction is entitled to one clerical and one lay deputy, who have the privileges of the floor of the house, but who are not entitled to vote. There are twenty-one missionary jurisdictions. There would be sixty-two deputies from the missionary jurisdictions, making 542 members of the lower house in all.

Both houses must concur in all legislation, as is the case in the congress of the United States. The discussions in the house of deputies are open. The bishops sit with closed doors. The house of bishops is presided over by a presiding bishop, chosen for three years, by the house of bishops. The present presiding bishop is the Right Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle, bishop of Missouri.

The house of deputies elects its own president at each convention. The late Rev. John S. Lindsay, D.D., of St. Paul's, Boston, was chosen president at the convention in San Francisco three years ago. He would undoubtedly have been chosen again next October had he lived. To select a president will be the first business of the house of deputies after assembling. The Rev. Charles S. Hutchins, D.D., of Concord, has been secretary of the house for many years.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

EXPECT LIGHT LAKE TRAFFIC

Railroad Line Steamships Are Not Getting Ready Yet.

Chicago, April 13.—One of the best evidences that the present season of navigation will not only be late, but will be extremely dull as well, is found in the uncustomary inactivity among the railroad line steamship companies at this season of the year. Some boats have not even made the first attempt to get ready for business. Line managers believe that May 1 will be an early start and there is not much use getting ready before the last of April. W. H. Johnson, western manager of the Anchor line, says:

"There never was a season in my recollection when the business outlook was so absolutely devoid of encouraging features as it is at present. The grain and flour business holds forth nothing of promise. The prospects are for a heavy movement of the latter westbound, but nobody is counting on anything big. In the East business is being done along the most conservative lines. Labor is the main question so far as the lakes are concerned and until these matters are satisfactorily adjusted nobody will make a move."

AWKWARD SITUATIONS

Produced In Washington Society By the War.

Washington, April 13.—The Japanese minister gave a dinner Monday night, followed by a reception in honor of the imperial commissioners of the mikado to the World's Fair. Considerable curiosity was felt regarding the attitude of Count and Countess Cassini and the members of the Russian embassy. Mr. Takahira invited everyone in the diplomatic corps, and, of course, Count Cissini, who is the dean, was included. He promptly sent regrets for himself and his daughter and the members of the staff followed the example of their chief.

The secretary of state and Mrs. Hay had cards out for a dinner Friday and it was originally the intention to ask the Japanese minister, but he has been omitted from this dinner where Count Cassini, as dean of the corps, will be the guest of honor, and will be asked to one which occurs the following Friday.

Social intercourse is quite complicated just at present and the members of the foreign colony are decidedly uncomfortable. For instance, two attaches of the mikado's legation called on Mr. Hay while Countess Cassini was being entertained by Mrs. Hay and Mrs. Wadsworth, her daughter. The young men looked panic-stricken and did not recover their composure even when the countess gracefully extended her hand and laughingly told them she was not armed.

The members of the staffs do not exchange the slightest civilities when they meet and at the various clubs there are many tales of awkward occurrences.

DIED FROM INJURIES.

St. Louis, April 13.—Charles O'Brien, editor of the American Celt, who was assaulted on the street and taken to the city hospital in an unconscious condition, is dead as a result of his injuries.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

WOMAN KILLED ON CAR

By a Slide of Snow and Rock.

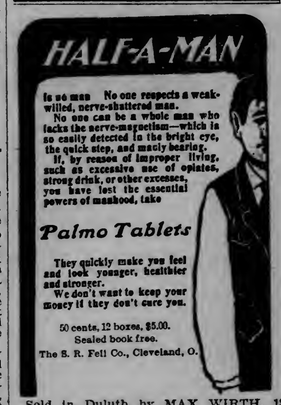
Butte, Mont., April 13.—An open tram car passing over a tramway between Horr and Aldridge was caught in a slide of snow and rock, and Mrs. J. W. Owen, one of the passengers, was instantly killed.

The car contained nine passengers, but all but Mrs. Owen escaped without injury. The slide came full against the car, and a small rock flew out and struck her on the temple with terrific force, crushing her skull.

The accident occurred on a steep incline, about three-quarters of a mile from Horr, just at the mouth of the tunnel. The tramway passes over a steep mountain and is about two miles in length. It is operated by electric power, and has been in use several years. This is the first accident that has happened on the line.

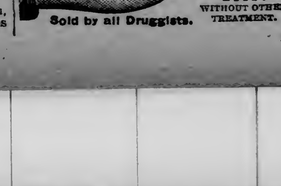
A CURE FOR HEADACHE.

headache, billiousness or a dull, drowsy headache, billiousness or a dull, drowsy feeling should take one or two of Bellwitt's Little Early Risers night and morning. While they cleanse the system they strengthen and rebuild it by their tonic effect upon the liver and bowels. Sold by all druggists.


HALF-A-MAN
Is no man No one respects a weak-willed, nerve-shattered man.
No one can be a whole man who lacks the nerve-magnetism—which is so easily detected in the bright eye, the quick step, and manly bearing.
If, by reason of improper living, such as excessive use of opiates, strong drink, or other excesses, you have lost the essential powers of manhood, take
Palmo Tablets
They quickly make you feel and look younger, healthier and stronger.
We don't want to keep your money if they don't cure you.
50 cents, 12 boxes, $5.00.
Sealed book free.
The S. R. Fell Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

WOMEN FEMALE SEANO great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contains Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; long or late, 10 to 20 obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 835 West Superior st., Duluth.



Sold by all Druggists.

PIANOS

We carry the largest and finest stock in the Northwest, and any one can get a piano here at any price they wish to pay—from $175 to $1350 each. Sold on easy monthly payments, and every instrument guaranteed to be the best in its grade. Call and select one.

SAVE FOR A PIANO

We have started a Savings Bank Department for the benefit of people who are thinking of buying a piano. We have purchased a large number of Clock Savings Banks, one of which we will give absolutely free to any person who wishes to buy a piano or an organ. The bank is finished in oxidized or plain black and a very handsome ornament. The Clock is an accurate time-keeper and fully warranted.

CLOCK BANK

5½ inches high, 3 inches wide, 2½ inches thick, made of solid steel with gun metal top and base.

WE ARE ANXIOUS to help people buy pianos, for in helping them we help ourselves. We were the first to inaugurate the easy payment plan, also the piano club plan, and now the Savings Bank plan. We know that there are a lot of people who could by a piano and would like to, if they could only save the nickels, dimes and quarters. Therefore our plan helps them out. We furnish them with one of these banks, asking them to deposit $2.00 as a showing of good faith, and said $2.00 is credited to their piano fund and does not pay for the bank, as we furnish that free. As soon as they have saved up enough to make the first payment on a piano, it will be delivered to their home. 25 cents saved every day for five years amounts to $457.25. Isn't that an easy way to buy a Piano? Call or write for full particulars.

J. T. Stewart Manager. **Duluth Music Co.** Corner Lake Avenue and Superior St.

EXAMINER JOHNSON BROUGHT TO BOOK

Accounts For Rebates on Mileage Books Used By His Office.

Dunn Men Are Now Confident of Carrying Hennepin County.

St. Paul, April 13.—(Special to The Herald.)— The investigation of Public Examiner S. T. Johnson's official record by Paul A. Gunders, who is interested in the campaign of Robert C. Dunn, of Princeton, came to a head yesterday, when the public examiner, after a conference with Governor S. R. Van Sant, accounted to the state auditor's office for $130 received by him for rebates on mileage books of the Western Passenger association used by the public examiner and his employes.

Mr. Johnson's explanation was made in the form of a statement showing that he had paid more than the $130 for other expenses in carrying on the work of the department. The statement was presented to W. A. Cowing, an assistant in the state auditor's office, and contained a list of expense items and the mileage refundments as an offset. Some of the rebates had been paid to the public examiner as far back as 1902.

State Auditor S. G. Iverson said last night that Mr. Johnson's communication had been made to an assistant in the office without the knowledge of the state auditor. It is understood that Mr. Johnson's bill of expenses cannot be accepted as an offset for the mileage refundments, as the state officers are required to pay into the state treasury all cash received and draw on the treasurer for money paid out. Mr. Johnson said yesterday that he would make a new statement observing this formality.

"This department has always had a petty cash box," said Mr. Johnson yesterday in explanation of the rebates. "The mileage account has been running along perhaps longer than it should have. I am making a new statement today and will turn the money into the state treasury in accordance with the custom in the state auditor's office."

Mr. Gunders is the friend of Mr. Dunn who has been making the investigation, which has been explained in The Herald. He was formerly assistant bank examiner and was suspended by the public examiner for writing a letter to Mr. Dunn, stating that in his investigation of the state auditor's office last spring he failed to find anything reflecting to the discredit of the Princeton candidate for governor. Since his discharge he has been in the employ of the managers of Mr. Dunn.

• • •

The gubernatorial contest in Hennepin county is developing into a hard fight. Judge Loren W. Collins, of St. Cloud, has claimed the county from the beginning, and until the last few days the generally accepted opinion was that the St. Cloud candidate had the lead. The Dunn supporters have got busy in the last week and are as confident of victory now as the Collins friends were two weeks ago. The Dunn men say they have the political managers who really accomplish things, and that most of the Collins supporters are the "silk stocking" element.

A renewed attempt is being made to bring out William Henry Eustis, but both of the leading candidates for governor deny the charge that they are back of the project. The Dunn men say the Collins supporters are trying to unite Hennepin county for Eustis, with the ultimate object of delivering the county to Collins, and the Collins managers say Dunn wants Eustis to get in the race so that the Collins forces will be divided.

• • •

Frank A. Day of Fairmont, one of the leading Democratic editors of the state, was at the Merchants' hotel yesterday. Mr. Day is an enthusiastic supporter of Judge Alton B. Parker of New York and believes that the New York judge will get the Minnesota delegation.

"I am frank to say that I do not believe that William R. Hearst has much strength in Minnesota," said Mr. Day. "I believe that if Judge Parker is a candidate he will get the Minnesota delegates."

• • •

Senator R. E. Thompson of Preston, who is leading the Collins' forces in Fillmore county against S. A. Langum, the leading Dunn supporter, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Thompson says that Fillmore county is for Collins.

"Judge Collins has many personal friends in Fillmore county," said Senator Thompson, "and I do not see how the county can send a delegation for another candidate."

• • •

Representative Frank Clague of Redwood Falls, candidate for speaker of the house in 1905, was in St. Paul yesterday. Mr. Clague personally prefers Robert C. Dunn for governor, but he is taking no part in the contest. He says there is little political excitement in his section of the state.

• • •

Representative L. C. Simons of Red Lake Falls, who was in the city yesterday, says that Red Lake county is divided between Judge L. W. Collins and Robert C. Dunn for the Republican gubernatorial nomination. Frank M. Eddy, he says has not much of a following in that county.

"Congressman Steenerson will have no opposition for a renomination," said Mr. Simons. "Senator A. D. Stephens of Crookston has been talked of for the place but I do not think that he will get in the race this year."

"William Randolph Hearst is not making much headway in Illinois," said Judge J. F. Scott, of Mattoon, Ill., who was in St. Paul yesterday. "I believe that the Illinois delegation will go for Judge Alton B. Parker of New York unless some more available man is brought forward by the East and South."

Sold in Duluth by all Grocers.

LISTEN TO PAYNE

New York Representative Makes Stirring Speech to Republicans.

Convention Elects Delegates and Alternates and Then Adjourns.

New York, April 13.—Immediately after the reassembling of the Republican state convention yesterday afternoon, Chairman Monroe, of the committee on credentials, presented his report which was in favor of seating the Fassett delegation in the Thirty-third district.

Representative Sereno E. Payne was made permanent chairman. His speech was received with great applause. He said:

"We meet on the threshold of a national campaign.

"We point to things done in the past seven years of Republican ascendancy. The establishment of the gold standard. The enactment of the Dingley tariff, and the universal blessings that have followed. Anti-trust legislation re-enforced by congress and enforced in the courts by the efforts of the executive. The maintenance of just and liberal pension to deserving veterans. We commend the recent order of the commissioner of pensions that advancing age shall be regarded as presumptive evidence of disability.

"We have fought and won the Spanish war. We have not shrunk from the burden of our victory. We have given to Cuba, a stable government, and leave them, with all good wishes, free to work out their own salvation. We have established good government in Porto Rico and the Philippines; we are successfully lifting them up to the plane of a higher citizenship. We are educating their children. We will not lay down the task until we have made them fit for self-government. Then we will settle the question of our future relations with reference to their highest interest, and the welfare of our own people.

"We have extended the rural free delivery service until the farmers in the thickly settled communities are served with their letters and papers promptly, and at their own doors. These are some of the things we have accomplished.

"The Republican party has no apologies to offer, no heresies to recant, no Kansas City or other disgraceful party platform to retract; no offensive decreased issues to be buried, and no peerless leaders who have passed into innocuous desuetude ready for the political graveyard.

"Who can write the platform of our opponents? Who can state the principles of the Democracy of 1904? Were they correctly set forth at Kansas City? The Democratic leaders are anxiously considering what issues they may get rid of and how best to do it. When their platform is finally written up, its chief plank will be denunciation of Republican policies and defamation of the Republican candidate. The end will be another overwhelming Republican victory in November.

Alluding to the tariff, which the speaker said the Democrats would want to revise, he said: "The next time we tackle the tariff we propose to improve upon that, but so long as the present law works well and produces sufficient revenue, and the prosperity of the country lasts, and the welfare of the wage earner is secure, we shall continue to let well enough alone."

Coming to the question of presidential candidates, Mr. Payne said: "Democratic statesmen in Washington are burning the midnight oil pouring over the columns of yellow journals and the decisions of our court of appeals for a leader, while now and then a good old Democrat, who always believes himself of the Jeffersonian type, is singing 'Four years more of Grover,' or singing for the late "Peerless leader." The question with them is not 'is he fit, is he capable, is he honest? Oh, no. The burning question is of a financial character—will the sinews of war be forthcoming? Can we fool a majority of the people with him?

"We have a candidate, strong, earnest, honest and brave. The enemy assails him for the 'mistakes he has made.' They say he forgot the dignity of his position, the constitutional limitations of his office, by interfering in the coal strike. Well, he did interfere; he saw the strike prolonged through the weary months, he foresaw the dreary winter, with the approaching coal famine. The suffering and anguish of his own people became a real and horrid picture and he could wait no longer. He did not forget that he was president. This position magnified his responsibility, but above all, he remembered that he was a man. He heard the voice of humanity and undaunted by the risk of failure he threw his boundless energy into the work and won.

"How marked a contrast to the course of the leader of the Democracy in our own state. He did not hesitate to pander to the lowest instincts of paternalists and socialists and write into the platform of his party the government ownership of mines. The people asked for relief. Hill gave them a barren and buncombe resolution. Roosevelt started the machinery in motion that brought them comfort and happiness.

"It is said in some quarters that he made a mistake in bringing suits under the Sherman law. His party framed and enacted the laws which he found on the statute book. It was his duty to enforce them. He has done so fearlessly. The result has called a halt on unlawful enterprise. It has improved the business tone. It has brought security to legitimate enterprises.

"Now, that the law is upheld, our opponents clamor for the commencement of a general crusade for the ruin of all corporations, good, bad and indifferent. The Republican party is an enemy to unlawful enterprises only. It will not commence an indiscriminating slaughter against those which promote prosperity and provides wages to the workers by lawful methods. In a word, the law will be impartially enforced.

"He found a department charged with fraud in some of its bureaus. He insisted on immediate investigation. It was thorough and complete. Corruption was unearthed in two bureaus. The grafters were exposed, indictments and trials have followed and the courts will punish the guilty.

"The president," the speaker declared, "has fulfilled his pledge to carry out the policies of William McKinley and the crowning glory of the Roosevelt administration," he said, in conclusion, "will be the early beginning of the work of the isthmian canal."

The convention named these delegates and alternates: Senator T. C. Platt, alternate J. S. Fassett; Senator C. M. Depew, alternate, Louis Stern; Governor B. B. Odell, alternate, E. C. Knight; Frank S. Black, alternate, H. C. Brewster.

Charles A. Schieron, of Brooklyn, and George Urban, Jr., of Buffalo, were named as electors at large.

Immediately after the adjournment the state committee unanimously elected Gov. Odell as chairman.

FISH HAD EATEN WHEAT.

Port Townsend, Wash., April 13.—A somewhat unusual verification of the fear that the British ship Lamora was dashed to pieces on the western rocky shores of Vancouver island during the fierce gales of March is presented in the fact that all the fish being caught by the neighboring Indians for food are found upon being cleaned to contain wheat. As the vessel was laden with that commodity, and is supposed to have met her fate in the immediate locality, even the most confident are losing hope.

COMPLETELY FAGGED OUT

A painless sickness—you couldn't describe your feelings if you tried. You know you are sick, but perhaps there is no special ache or pain to indicate the seat of the disease. The pale, colorless skin, muscular weakness, nervousness, fitful appetite and all-gone, tired feeling means anaemia or blood poverty, a weak, watery and innutritious condition of the vital fluid. The system is clamoring for richer and better blood; the muscles and nerves are starving for the food that the blood can no longer supply, and it is little wonder that the body grows weaker and is soon completely fagged out. You can't retain vigor and strength on poor blood. It must be full of nutrition and life-giving properties. Health is bound to decline and the system run down if its source of supply is cut off. Everything that goes to nourish the body and sustain life passes through the blood. It contains bone-making, tissue-forming material, food for the nerves, and stimulates and vitalizes all the organs of the body. It can't do this when clogged with impurities and polluted by humors and poisons, for it then becomes a source of disease instead of health, and leads to innumerable disorders.

At this season of the year the blood is most apt to break down because of the extra efforts made to throw off the winter's accumulation of poisons, and if weak at the beginning it soon gives out and the system collapses. Nearly everybody needs a good blood purifier and tonic now to help out the blood and aid in cleansing the circulation of all obstructions, and as soon as this is accomplished and the system is receiving a supply of rich nutritious blood, color returns to the skin, the nerves are again tingling with health, the appetite increases—and that completely fagged-out feeling disappears. S. S. S. contains both purifying and tonic properties, making it the ideal remedy in such cases, and being a strictly vegetable medicine doesn't shock the system or derange the stomach and digestion like Potash, Arsenic and other strong mineral compounds. **S. S. S. for the Blood** is known everywhere as the greatest of all blood purifiers and tonics, and for years has been used for diseases due to an impure or weakened condition of the blood. Under its tonic effects the general health rapidly recuperates, and nothing helps the appetite and promotes digestion like S. S. S. Keep the blood, the fountain source of health and life, free of impurities and in a vigorous and strong condition, and you will never experience that completely fagged-out, nervous state so common at this time of the year. If you would like medical advice or other information, write us and your letter shall have prompt attention from our physicians. Book on the blood and its diseases mailed free.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

STRENGTH, ENERGY, HEALTH AND VIGOR.

Kenton, Ohio, August 22, 1903.

Gentlemen:—S. S. S. has been used in our family for years and we think a great deal of it. It is used for a tonic mostly. I have also found it a splendid medicine for stomach troubles. Was for a long time bothered with Dyspepsia, but of late years haven't been troubled with it. Am confident S. S. S. relieved it. As a tonic it builds up the system in every way, gives strength, energy and appetite; in other words, brings health and vigor.

My husband has also used it and has the same good opinion of it. We think it the greatest medicine made, and can recommend it to all in need of a tonic or blood purifier. MRS. S. B. LOWERY.

803 S. Wayne Street.

HEALTH RUN DOWN, NO APPETITE AND ALWAYS TIRED.

Columbus, Ohio, May 19, 1903.

Some four years ago I was suffering from impure blood and a general run-down condition of the system. I had no appetite, was losing in flesh, and an all-gone tired feeling that made me feel miserable.

I began the use of S. S. S., and after taking seven or eight bottles my skin was cleared of all eruptions and took on a ruddy, healthy glow that assured me that my blood had been restored to its normal, healthy condition. My appetite was restored, as I could eat anything put before me, and as I regained my appetite I increased in weight, and that "tired feeling," which worried me so much, disappeared, and I was once again my old self.

I heartily recommend S. S. S. as the best blood purifier and tonic made, and strongly advise its use to all those in need of such medicine. VICTOR STUBBINS.

Cor. Bartham and Washington Aves.

HORRIBLE FATE

Of Diver Imprisoned Under Seventy Feet of Water.

Foot Was Caught and Could Not Be Extricated.

Boontown, N. J., April 13.—William Hoar, a diver from New York, who was imprisoned in seventy feet of water, in the Jersey City reservoir here, was given up for dead by other divers who had come to aid him.

The divers worked, until under the influence of high wind, the waves on the lake caused the raft on which the air pump rested to pitch so that it was impossible longer to supply the men below with air. Then the pump was removed to the stone dam, and on the possibility that Hoar is still alive, air is still being sent down to him.

Dr. J. L. Taylor, who has been on the scene since last night, said this afternoon there was little chance that Hoar was still alive. About an hour before the rescuing party desisted it was thought that he had given a signal, but a physician said that the tug at the rope was undoubtedly the result of the line catching on some obstruction.

It is possible that Hoar's wonderful constitution enabled him to hold out until noon, as it seemed that he signalled feebly at that time. In the rescue work the last diver to be brought to the surface was uninjured. When he had been revived he said he thought Hoar had been dead for some time. The first of the rescuing divers to succumb to the cold is in a serious condition. His hands are swollen to twice their normal size, and blood had oozed from under his finger nails. The man had been working unceasingly from 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and had nothing to eat during that time. Hoar was sent here on Monday from New York to close an intake pipe in the lake. To close the pipe the gate of which was not working properly, a ball of wood and lead, nine feet in diameter, had been lowered in front of the opening, still the water continued to flow through the pipe in almost as great volume as before.

Hoar went down early Monday afternoon to place the ball in proper position, and his left leg became caught between the pipe and the ball, owing to the great suction.

All efforts to release him failed, although the work of rescue was continued until last night.

Engineers are still at work on the problem of stopping the suction at the mouth of the pipe so that the ball may be rolled away.

Time and Patience in the production of

Hunter Whiskey

is what develops its superior quality, ripe age and purity. Its exquisite flavor is a natural result.

Sold at all first-class cafes and by jobbers. WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., April 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. J. Merrigan returned Sunday from a trip to Minneapolis.

P. E. Norten and wife left Tuesday for Spokane, Wash., where they expect to make their permanent home.

James Haley returned to Cloquet Tuesday, having completed his winter's work in the Whiteface company, where he was employed by the Poole company.

Edward Bryant and son left Tuesday for Oregon, where they expect to locate.

Fred Speachley spent Tuesday in Duluth.

Miss Eda Muller, of Wausau, Wis., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. P. E. Atkins.

Mr. Mott left Monday for Boise, Idaho.

Joseph Dugay arrived in Cloquet Tuesday from Mountain Iron, where he spent the past winter cooking in one of the Northern Lumber company's camps.

Alex. McLeod and wife left last week for Langdon, N. D., where Mr. McLeod will purchase a farm.

Mrs. R. B. Graham, of Virginia, Minn., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Carroll.

C. T. Eckstrand returned from St. Paul, where he had been to attend the wedding of his sister.

Messrs. Day, Adelole Peacha and Long visited with friends at the Twin Cities and Stillwater last week.

George Ultican, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Ultican, who has been very ill, is convalescing.

The Cloquet Electric company has installed the new enclosed arc lamps for street lighting and many other improvements are being made.

Rev. Hostager, pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran church, left last week for Minneapolis, where he will resume his studies and will return to Cloquet and take up his work here as the regular pastor of the denomination about June 1.

At the regular council meeting on Monday evening of last week representatives of the Cloquet Retil Merchants' association asked that the state law regarding the closing of stores, butcher shops, etc., The council gave orders to have the law strictly enforced.

The Cloquet fire department will give its annual masquerade ball in Elm hall on Friday evening, April 15.

Percy Vifert came down from the Campbell line last week, having completed his winter's work.

Oscar Erickson returned last week from his old home in Sweden, where he spent the past four months.

Mrs. Mose Geraux died Monday morning after a lingering illness with consumption. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband and four children, Mrs. Trudell, of this city, and three small children, the youngest about 5 months old. The funeral takes place Wednesday morning at the Sacred Heart church, Rev. Gather Geraux officiating. Interment took place in the Catholic cemetery.

Albert Loisel has purchased the residence of M. J. Haley on Avenue D.

A. Pelta, of Superior, has accepted a position as clerk at the Alstad-Johnson Mercantile company's store.

Edward Ritchie came down from Mountain Iron Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dorsey were Duluth callers Monday.

Rev. Father Sroka, of the Polish church of Duluth, will hold services in the Catholic church here for the German and Polish members of the congregation on Monday, April 18, at 7:30 p. m. and April 18 from 7 to 8 a. m.

Work will commence in a few days on the new box factory.

Mrs. M. Moore, of Superior, and her nephew, Cole McGowan, attended the funeral of William D. Cameron.

Triplets were born to Mr. and Mrs. Julius Shrodalus on Friday, April 8, three boys. Mother and sons are in the Cloquet hospital.

D. O. Clapperton came down from Grand Lake and spent a few days with his brother and left Monday for Biwabik.

W. H. Smith is in Mandan, N. D., where he was called by the serious illness of his father.

Rev. Guillet, of the French church of Duluth, will hold services for the French and English speaking members of the congregation in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, April 22, 23 and 24, commencing Friday evening at 7:30.

The Presbyterian ladies' auxiliary met Tuesday with Mrs. Anthony Koch at her home.

C. F. Wolf left Monday for Keokuk, Ia., where he will take charge of the illinshoem of the Taber Lumber company, a position he held last year.

FILIPINOS HAVE TRACHOMA.

Washington, April 13.—There were landed at Tacoma, Wash., recently fifty Filipinos who were brought to the United States under contract to take part in the Philippine islands exhibit at the St. Louis exposition. Thirty-nine of the number were afflicted with trachoma, a disease of the eye. Under a ruling by the attorney general, natives of the Philippinep islands and Porto Rico are not aliens within the meaning of the immigration act, and they had to be admitted. Congress will be asked by legislation to meet such cases arising hereafter.

MELLIN'S FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS

Tired babies become rested babies when fed on Mellin's Food. Mellin's Food nourishes.

You will be glad that you sent for a sample of Mellin's Food when you see how eagerly baby takes it.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

APPETIZING PARAGRAPHS

Hunger Hints to Tickle the Fickle Appetite.

Statistics Worth Thinking About; Facts Worth Knowing; Expressions Worth Remembering.

The turnpike road to peoples' hearts, I find,
Lies through their mouths, or I mistake Mankind.—Peter Pindar.

Day after day Uneeda Biscuit.

Last year the National Biscuit company used two million and fifty thousand barrels of flour. Placed end to end, these barrels would reach from New York to Chicago, a distance of nine hundred miles, and then, for good measure, stretch seventy miles beyond.

Of course! Certainly!!s Uneeda Biscuit!!!

What everybody is eating must be good.

It requires seven thousand barrels of flour a day to supply the damand for biscuits, crackers and wafers made by the National Biscuit company.

Nearly three hundred million packages of Uneeda Biscuit have been enjoyed and the demand grows apace.

Everywhere the bill-of-fare says Uneeda Biscuit.

Lest you forget we say it yet—Uneeda Biscuit.

The woman who buys crackers in a paper bag still uses a flint to light the fire. Both belong to the same period.

"Uneeda Biscuit," said the jester to the king. "Gadzooks," quoth the king, "it's no jest to make a man hungry."

Little drops of water,
Little gusts of dust,
Make common soda crackers
Mighty hard to trust.

When your appetite plays truant—Uneeda Biscuit.

To bake the biscuit, crackers and wafers of the National Biscuit company last year required 88,565 tons of coal.

Quality and purity are two words that explain the success of the products of the National Biscuit company.

The National Biscuit company has built up its enormous business entirely upon merit—the best goods baked in the best manner.

When Johnny
Comes marching home again
With crackers in a bag—
Send Johnny
A-marching back again
And write upon the tag—
Uneeda Biscuit.

The National Biscuit company has increased the buying power of a nickel.

Uneeda Biscuit pursue their journey all the way from the oven to the home in an airtight package untouched by human hand, except at one point by a duly sworn inspector, and then only as a matter of precaution.

The Chronology of

Uneeda Biscuit

In 1899 we said **Uneeda Biscuit** and the whole Nation laughed!

In 1900 we said **Do You Know Uneeda Biscuit?** and the Nation looked hungry!

In 1901 we said *Of Course!* **Uneeda Biscuit** *Certainly!!* and the Nation agreed with us!

In 1902 we said *Lest you Forget we Say it yet* **Uneeda Biscuit** and the Nation remembered it

In 1903 we said *Everywhere The Bill-of-Fare says* **Uneeda Biscuit** and the Nation ordered more!

5¢

In 1904 we still say **Uneeda Biscuit** more earnestly than ever, and the Nation is unanimous in its applause.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

OUTBREAK LIABLE

To Occur Any Moment In New York Tenement District.

The Raising of Rents Has Angered the People.

New York, April 13.—The advance of rents in New York city has been brought during the past week to the attention of of all the residents in the city, whether they own their own homes or rent rooms, apartments or houses. The great East Side of New York has been in turmoil and excitement owing to hundreds of evictions of tenants unable or unwilling to pay the rents asked by the landlords, and encouraged in their refusals by thousands of the other tenants who have to face advances also. The huddled masses of German, Russian and Polish Hebrews who populate this district have taken a determined stand against the increased rates, and openly proclaim resistance to the demands of the landlords by every means in their power.

Associations of tenants for mutual benefit and protection have been formed, and an outbreak of violence by thousands of excited people is liable to occur at any moment. Extra forces of police have been drafted into the district, and the situation in that section of New York at the present writing is similar to the state of public feeling in the province of Connaught, Ireland, during the contests between landlords and tenants prior to the passage of Gladstone's measure providing for boards of arbitration to fix rentals.

It is fully as dangerous today for an evicting landlord in the East Side of New York among the Hebrews as it was in the seventies in the counties of Mayo, Sligo, and Roscommon amid the Celts. While in the majority of cases the actual owners of the tenements have advanced the rents of the buildings, these houses are usually rented to one person or firm in their entirety, and these middlemen re-rent to the roomers. It is claimed that these middlemen, or speculators upon values, have made advances aggregating far more than they have had to pay, and it is against such extreme advance that the protests have been made.

The agitation of the rent question at this time is sure to add to the suburban growth of the city, and many inducements are already held out by building associations and suburban land owners to the dissatisfied tenants of all the inside districts. Rents have advanced throughout the entire island, except in the skyscraper buildings, where they have been always at very high figures for the space leased. The tenants in districts other than the East Side do not murmur so loudly, but the advances demanded have caused many removals and giving up of offices and homes. The office apartments, and houses vacated by former occupants are, however, rapidly taken by other persons, and the city proceeds weekly and monthly to show great growth in buildings and in population.

The United States government's estimate of population for 193 places Greater New York with nearly 4,000,000 of inhabitants, and this great magnet of humanity attracts people from all over the globe with increasing force each year.

It is a certainty that ere many years elapse New York will exceed London in population, as the great and comprehensive plans in actual execution at this time for transportation of the people and their rapid transit to and from the business centers will cause hundreds of thousands to take up their abodes within its limits. The tenement house law passed two years ago has worked great reforms in sanitation, comfort and morality in the crowded districts, and the recent formation of commissions to advance the adornment and beautifying of the city in its thoroughfares, parks and public buildings will make it more attractive for actual residents.

The asphalting of the principal streets has done away with the earsplitting racket of the years gone by, and the care now taken to keep them clean obviates the odors and disagreeable filth of the New York prior to 1895. The vote for municipal ownership of the railways given by Chicago last week has caused much comment here, and undoubtedly was a large factor in the passage by the senate of New York of what is known as the Elsbery bill, which measure permits the city of New York to construct, own and operate its own transportation lines and subways. It is thought the bill will pass the assembly and be approved by Governor Odell. Opinions differ very materially as to the outcome for the city in case such ownership is assumed.

There will, without doubt, be many phases presented to the citizens during the progress to successful operation and satisfactory results, but the majority seem to favor it, and it is possible that the end will justify the trials and tribulations that will surely come to the citizens and taxpayers before that which its advocates hope for is accomplishment.

The bankers of the city have finally accepted an easy money situation as the permanent one for 1904, and, despite the chances of any untoward events in the generally disturbed presidential year, loans are being made carrying over to 1905 at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum.

This confidence in abundance of funds is not only well founded, but it has become so general throughout the circles who loan funds that it is creating activity and promoting energy in the minds of those who borrow to buy and build. The advance of rents being so general has caused a new basis of incomes from realty, and the new basis of revenue or earning, taken with the low rate of money interest, causes a new basis of actual or selling values in realty.

This change in values and incomes from realty enables builders and land owners to figure out profits in erection of buildings, and justifies them in borrowing to make improvements upon realty now unimproved. This is sure to be a great feature in this city during the coming twelve months.

Vast as has been the sums of money invested in buildings during the last six years, it is becoming evident that the throngs of newcomers to be housed here, the low rates at which money is obtainable to build with, the fairly good returns upon the values of land and buildings combined, all these factors are so strong that millions upon millions will continue to go into buildings throughout this Greater New York.

If labor unionists and contractors could but agree for the next three years the artisans, mechanics, contractors and the entire business interests of New York would be in a position that would bring profit and prosperity to each and all of them.

Everything in the situation is propitious to a remarkable degree except the attitude of workmen and employers.

It is well known that many banks and trust companies of New York have been for years paying interest upon the balances of their correspondents throughout the country. The general rate has been 2 per cent per annum upon such funds, but the long-continued rate of call loans at 1½ per cent has really made this a losing transaction for the past few months to the New York bankers.

It is becoming quite irksome to be paying their country cousins 2 per cent and realizing a great deal less, as in many institutions but little money could be placed even at 1½ per cent. There is now a movement to reduce the interest on balances to 1 per cent per annum, and if it becomes general it may relieve, in a slight measure, the plethora of money in New York, but if it does it will render funds even more plentiful in the other parts of the country and help the business men of the interior.

THE cost of hats is made up of three items: Design, Material and Making. The first of these items gives Style. The other two make the style last as long as the hat. The popularity of Gordon Hats reduces the cost of design on each to a minimum. Any man who has ever worn a Gordon will tell you how well it kept its shape. $3.00.

ENGAGED AT SEVEN

And She Was Married at Twenty.

New York, April 13.—Miss Jeanette W. F. Schnitzler and Claude Howard Rafter were married last Friday evening in St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church, Brooklyn. She is the daughter of Paul Schnitzler, who at the time of his death fourteen years ago was a well-known landscape and portrait artist. A year after his death Mrs. Schnitzler married Lucius Rafter.

At that wedding Miss Schnitzler, who then was only 7 years old, met her step-father's youngest brother, Claude Howard Rafter, who was twelve years her senior.

"Why don't you get married too?" she asked her new uncle, to whom she had taken a great fancy.

"Oh," he returned, gallantly, "I intend to, but I'm going to wait until you get older and bigger."

The little girl clapped her hands in delight.

"Then we are engaged, aren't we?" she asked.

"Yes," replied Claude, with a smile, "we're to be sweethearts from now on."

The "engagement" then playfully made never was broken. By her marriage Miss Schnitzer became her step-father's sister-in-law, Claude Rafter became the son-in-law of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Lucius Rafter, and step-son-in-law of his own brother. Miss Schnitzler, by marrying her "step-Uncle," also became step-aunt to herself.

MILES AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 12.—General Nelson A. Miles arrived in Chicago today to be the guest of honor and the principal speaker at a banquet which the Iroquois club will give to commemorate the birth of Thomas Jefferson, tomorrow night. Democrats of national reputation will attend. The occasion is expected to serve as the opening of the Democratic presidential campaign in the West.

CLARK GOES ABROAD.

New York, April 12.—United States Senator William A. Clark of Montana sailed today on the Hamburg-American liner Princess Victoria Louise for a five or six weeks cruise in the Mediterranean. Senator Clark said before sailing that he had not been well since he underwent an operation last December.

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN C. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.
335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

GRAVE ANXIETY

Caused W. C. T. U. Members By President's Daughter.

New York, April 13.—The Woman's Christian Temperance union, or at least some of its members in this section, are much worked up over the alleged action of Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the president, in betting on the races at the Benning track, and one branch of the order seriously discussed the advisability of appealing to the president in the matter. It was developed in the discussion which followed that while it was held bad enough for anybody to gamble on the races, it was peculiarly demoralizing for a young woman holding the high position before the people that Miss Roosevelt does to set an example which it was feared would encourage other young people to indulge in the practice.

No action was taken by the New Jersey organization. It was pointed out that according to the reports the president had already expressed his reprehension of the thoughtless act of his daughter, and nothing further was necessary. The report that Miss Roosevelt was again at the race track last Saturdy, although she did not tempt fortune, may, it is said, revive the subject among the members of the W. C. T. U., and lead to some form of protest.

WILL WAIT A WHILE

Before Serving Warrant on Adjutant Gen. Bell.

Ouray, Colo., April 13.—Sheriff Corbett will make no attempt for the present, to serve the warrants at Telluride on Adjutant General Sherman M. Bell and Captain Wells, adjudged guilty of contempt of court for disobeying the habeas corpus order of Judge Theron Stevens and refusing to bring President Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners into court. Judge Stevens has gone to Gunnison, where he will hold court for two weeks and the sheriff will await his return here at the end of the Gunnison session before he takes any steps in the direction of serving his warrants.

DIRECTORS RE-ELECTED.

Pittsburg, April 13.—At the annual meeting of the directors of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad company held here yesterday, Joseph Wood, J. J. Turner and B. S. Cunningham were re-elected directors. The fourteenth annual report shows an increase in gross earnings of $2,326,463.92 and an increase in operating expenses of $2,317,799.64.

DEVERY SUES FOR $35,000.

New York, April 13.—Former Chief of Police William S. Devery, through his counsel, Abraham Elkus, has filed formal demand on Police Commissioner McAdoo for the sum of $35,000 which he alleges is due him as damages for breach of contract on the part of the city. He sues the commissioner as trustee of the police pension fund.

RED CROSS CONTROVERSY

Will Be Thoroughly Investigated By Senate Committee.

Washington, April 13.—The books and accounts of the Red Cross society will be taken to the United States capitol on Thursday, where they will be examined by a committee of inquiry appointed to look into the affairs of the society. The committee will then engage an expert accountant to examine the books and report to the committee. Counsel for the remonstrants in the Red Cross controversy have been asked to submit a list of witnesses and what they expect to prove by each. With all this matter before it the committee will determine the course it shall take in the effort to straighten out the trouble in the society.

The committee of inquiry met yesterday in the rooms of the senate committee on military affairs. A hearing was first had, at which a large number of the remonstrants made pleas looking to reorganization as the only means of restoring public confidence in the affairs of the society. An executive session followed, at which it was decided to send for the Red Cross books.

SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

"I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron, of Wilton Junction, Iowa. "My joints were stiff and gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been thoroughly cured. Have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble for many months. It is certainly a most wonderful liniment." For sale by all druggists.

by using the Want Columns of The Herald.

MOVING and STORAGE

The Old Reliable

Duluth Van Co.,

210 West Superior St. Phones 492.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele, and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prematurity, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores. The reason sufferers are not cured by doctors is because ninety per cent. are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation 5,000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes do not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box; six for $5.00 by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials. Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

$1,000 in cash prizes

to the person sending us before June 15, 1904.

The word Egg-O-See

Spelled in the greatest number of ways

Try how many different ways you can spell Egg-O-See and it will be easy for you to get one of the 745 cash prizes running from $1.00 to $100. Divided as follows:

To the one sending the greatest variety of spellings	$100.00
To the second sending the greatest variety of spellings	75.00
To the third sending the greatest variety of spellings	50.00
To the fourth sending the greatest variety of spellings	25.00
To the fifth sending the greatest variety of spellings	10.00
To the 740 sending the next greatest variety of spellings $1.00	740.00
Total	$1000.00

The prizes will be sent out immediately after the close of the contest.

The competition is open to all. The only conditions being that for each five different ways of spelling Egg-O-See you must send in one of the little printed folders, same as used in the school children's drawing contest, found on the inside of each package of Egg-O-See. For instance if you have 15 different spellings it would be necessary to send three folders. Be sure and write your name and address plainly. The spelling must be such as could properly be pronounced Egg-O-See. The school children to whom we have paid thousands of prizes for drawings can all enter into this contest with equal chance of gaining a prize. Save the little folders in the Egg-O-See packages and make out as many ways of spelling as you can, and then ask your parents and friends to add to the list. Here are a few ways of spelling Egg-O-See: Eg-O-Sea, Egg-Oh-Cee, Egg-O-Sy, Eg-O-Cie.

EGG-O-SEE

We offer these prizes to more thoroughly familiarize the people with the merits of Egg-O-See, the best of all flaked wheat foods. It is now generally conceded that flaked wheat is the most healthful and convenient of all foods, and Egg-O-See is displacing 90 per cent of all other kinds, because of its superior quality and cheaper price.

A FULL SIZED PACKAGE RETAILING FOR 10 CENTS.

Ask Your Grocer for the Green Package.

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and 10 cents and we will send you a package, prepaid.

Address all communications to Egg-O-See, Quincy, Ill.

FAKE UP A CORPSE

Students at Princeton Stirred By a Grewsome Sensation.

Impression Created That a Murder Had Been Committed.

Princeton, N. J., April 12.—At about 10 o'clock Saturday night the report ran like wildfire over the campus that a man had been murdered in University hall. This is one of the largest dormitories on the campus and is occupied by about 200 students. In a few minutes a crowd of 2000 excited students and others gathered in the hall and the door "C" was found to be guarded by three pale-faced students, who said that on returning to their room in the evening they found the door had been burst open and that there was blood on the sitting room floor.

Further investigation seemed to show a man lying across one of the beds in the bedroom, with a dreadful red gash in his abdomen and a hole in the back of his head. The frightened students rushed out and spread the alarm and then stood guard at their door until the coroner and a physician should arrive.

Soon a "doctor" came and was admitted to the scene of the tragedy. He took off his coat and called for a light, but the electric lights strangely refused to work except one small globe in the bedroom. The "doctor" went to the figure lying across the bed and lifted a newspaper stained with blood, which covered the gaping wound in the man's face. Then he said:

"The man has been dead for two hours. From the position of the wound in the back of his head I should say that he had been brutally murdered. I advise you to guard the room until the coroner arrives."

Then he put on his coat again and, with a cold look at the thousand anxious faces waiting outside the door, passed down the hall. Meanwhile the students in whose room the figure lay locked their door and stood guard. About them surged their frightened fellow-students, who anxiously plied them with questions.

After many pleadings the guards were finally persuaded to take parties of three or four in to view the remains. One of the occupants of the room stood in the door of the bedroom and would allow no one to enter, inasmuch as the room could not be disturbed in any way until the coroner came. Some of those admitted became sick and one even fainted at the sight. Thus one party after another was admitted.

Meanwhile the excitement outside was reaching the fever point and all sorts of rumors became rife. One was that the body was that of one of the most prominent professors, another that it was Hungry, the hackman, and another that it was Jim Robinson, the trainer. Finally, when it seemed that the students could no longer be controlled, away down at the end of the corridor the men were seen to surge back and some of the professors appeared breathless and without hats. They had heard that three students had been murdered. They marched up to the door and demanded admittance.

At first they were taken for students and received no response to their frantic knocking, but at last the inmates recognized the voice of one of the professors and opened the door. Then as the professors entered the students dashed out.

The professors made their way to the bedroom and one of them put his hand on the bloody head. Then the joke was over. They went away, some with fierce looks of wrath and some with smiles. The news went out that a horrible "horse" had been played on the whole college. The murdered man was made of plaster and the blood was red ink and paint.

Now the students who were privileged to see the awful sight are looking for the perpetrators, the ones in whose room the affair occurred. What the action of the faculty will be is causing considerable speculation, but it is thought that they will recognize that the joke was on them as well as on the students and let the matter drop.

STOP THAT COUGH.

DON'T HACK

PUT ON AN

Allcock's POROUS PLASTER

high up on the chest. It won't cure you in a minute, but keep it on a reasonable length of time and you will feel the beneficial results.

For the aching back after a Grippy Cold, nothing will benefit you as much as an Allcock's Porous Plaster.

REMEMBER—Allcock's Porous Plasters are equally effective for **weak back, pains in the region of the Kidneys, pains in the chest, sprains, stiffness of the joints, sore muscles** or any trouble arising from taking cold or over-exertion.

Allcock's—the only genuine porous plaster.

SWEEPING ALL

Folk's Cry of "Cure All the State's Corruption."

Has Brought to Him Emphatic Victory In Missouri.

St. Louis, Mo., April 13.—As a result of last week's county primaries in various sections of Missouri, Circuit Attorney Joseph W. Folk, known far and wide as "the original boodle prosecutor," now seems safely assured of securing the Democratic nomination for governor of Missouri.

During the last few weeks every county in the state that has held primaries or township conventions to select delegates to the state nominating convention has instructed for Mr. Folk or not at all. Of the latter there are only two counties, Crawford and Grundy.

Mr. Folk is making his race strictly on an anti-boodle platform. He has steadfastly insisted that the "cure of corruption is the issue in Missouri," and the only issue, and that it is up to the Democratic party to recognize that issue and pledge itself to the purification of the government o the state.

Because of this oft and vigorously reiterated assertion Mr. Folk has been forced to fight the party organization in the state, which regarded him first as an interloper and, second, as a man dangerous to the state machine.

The machine has fought Folk with every weapon known to it, and for a time appeared to have him beaten. Mayor James A. Reed, of Kansas City, was put up to fight Folk in Kansas City, in St. Joseph, Carthage, Joplin, Jefferson City and several of the largest counties in the western and central part of the state. Harry B. Hawes, president of the board of police commissioners of St. Louis and head of the Jefferson club, was forced to lead the battle against the boodle prosecutor in St. Louis county and a score or more counties in the eastern part of the state, while Judge Gantt, of the supreme court, was held in reserve as a dark horse.

Mr. Folk has spoken in every county and in every important town in the state where the conventions or primaries have been held to date. Always the burden of his cry has been "good government," the eradication of bribery from the halls of the state legislature.

The machine's tactics seem to have failed utterly. Although Mayor Reed carried Carroll, Ray, Platte, Livingston and Randolph counties early in the game, he has been unable to carry a single county since. The best he has been able to do is to secure a contesting delegation in one county and prevent instructions in two others. In the recent election in Kansas City, Mayor Reed's candidate for his successor was defeated by his Republican opponent.

Mr. Hawes carried St. Louis, with the exception of three wards, which he did not contest with Mr. Folk by agreement, but he has not carried a single county since, and has gained no advantage by forcing contests in St. Louis and New Madrid counties.

Judge Gantt has not carried a county, and so discouraged was he after Mr. Folk's overwhelming victory in Boone county (which he carried 40 to 1), where Gantt was a tentative candidate, that Judge Gantt did not even have his name placed on the ticket for the primary in his home county. Henry, and Folk won it without contest.

Governor Dockery, after remaining neutral in the fight for several weeks, finally came to the aid of the machine by fighting Folk openly. As a result the county conventions began condemning Dockery's attitude and instructing against other machine candidates for state office. The Folk boom has become a tidal wave.

Mr. Folk now has 127 uncontested delegates. Reed has the 33 delegates he secured early in the contest, and Hawes the 111 he got in St. Louis. Three hundred and fifty delegates are necessary to nominate. Four hundred and seventeen are still to be chosen. The total strength of the opposition to Mr. Folk, conceding to them the six delegates uninstructed, is 156. The machine's remaining hopes are vested chiefly in Kansas City, with 45 votes; St. Joseph, with 18 votes, and Jasper county, with 20 votes—a total of 83 votes. Conceding the machine these 83 votes, which it is believed by no means sure of, the Folk opposition would still have to carry 123 votes out in the counties, and this every political expert declares to be impossible.

Mr. Folk has apparently won his nomination. It remains to be seen whether he can be elected, with his party almost torn asunder.

FAMOUS AZTEC CODE,

Lost Several Years Ago, Has Been Recovered.

Mexico City, April 12.—The famous Aztec code, describing the wanderings of the ancient Mexicans before the final settlement in the valley of Mexico, which document disappeared many years ago from the national museum, has been found in a pawnshop and restored by the courts to the government.

The proprietor of the shop said that the code, with other documents, had been placed there by Hipilito Ramirez, son of a former director of the museum, to be sold on commission. The price was put at $15,000. Senor Ramirez has been summoned to court to explain.

COMMONS IN SESSION.

Reassembles After the Usual Easter Recess.

London, April 12.—The house of commons reassembled today after the Easter recess.

In anticipation of the opposition moving an adjournment in order to call attention to the bloodshed in Thibet, an urgent whip was sent out by the government supporters. Premier Balfour, however, headed off the opposition action by himself referring to the matter. He said that since the recess began there had been an action in Thibet which had made it necessary, in accordance with the statute, to ask the house to sanction the employment of Indian troops beyond the frontier. The premier thought there should be no delayed discussion, and therefore he would introduce a resolution to this effect tomorrow.

The Beverage of Health

Schlitz

Pure beer—Schlitz beer—is the best drink in the world for you.

The malt is a food; the hops a tonic. The alcohol—only 3½ per cent—is an aid to digestion; a healthful stimulant.

The most healthy nations in the world—the most hardy, most energetic—drink the most of it.

But the beer must be pure. Impurity means harmful germs. That is why we brew Schlitz in absolute cleanliness—why we filter even the air that touches it and sterilize every bottle.

And the beer must be aged. Green beer causes biliousness. That's why we age Schlitz for months before we market it.

Schlitz beer is absolutely pure; it can't harm you. Ask for the Brewery Bottling.

Phone Zenith 358.
Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St., Duluth

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

A CHINESE BRIDE

Was a Prisoner For Nine Days For Getting Married.

The Marriage Certificate Was In Scarlet and Purple.

New York, April 13.—The Sun says: After Moy Hueng, the bride of Chinatown, had been held prisoner for nine days, put into "institution clothes" instead of her bridal robes; fed on Gerry diet instead of the dishes she was wont to; prevented, as if she were in a prison, from seeing her husband and her friends, and after a respectable missionary woman, Mrs. Foy, had been arrested with the bridegroom on the charge of abducting her, the Gerry society admitted that it had made a mistake.

Proof of a lawful marriage, according to both the American and the Chinese laws, was submitted to E. Fellows Jenkins, superintendent of the Gerry society, the following morning. This had no weight, because the Gerry society had heard that wives are sometimes bought by Chinamen. Nor would the Gerry officers consider the affidavit from the father of Moy, showing that he had consented to the marriage, or the girl's manifest desire to return to her husband.

They obtained six postponements of the case in court, throwing out vague hints about important evidence. Therefore, at the final hearing, the rotunda and corridor of the criminal courts were crowded with residents of Chinatown. Their stolid features expressed little until Thomas Dinneen, counsel for the defendants, announced that the prisoners had been exonerated. The sullen silence broke into a lively chatter and high-keyed laughter. There was a pattering of soft shoes over the marble floor, and the news spread throughout the building in a few moments. Three automobiles and four carriages were lined up, and a crowd awaited the reappearance of Lee Hoy and her little bride.

As soon as the case was dismissed Mrs. Hoy was led out of the court room. The strain of the last nine days had told on her, and in an almost fainting condition she was assisted away. She accompanied Lee Hoy to the Gerry room, where little Moy awaited them.

Agent Pisarra let Moy go and she pattered across the floor to Mrs. Toy, and burrying the little jeweled head in the lap of the missionary, pleaded to be taken home at once. She had been a prisoner nine days for getting married without consulting some Tom Smith or other.

Hoy, who was just behind the missionary, lifted his little wife up in his arms and whispered something to her. Then they smiled at each other and Moy drew from somewhere in her silken robes a big official looking roll, tied with a scarlet and purple cord. Opening it she displayed with pride a much-bellowered and cupid-decked marriage certificate. Then she smiled and said something which when translated meant that that was hers, and that as long as she kept it they could never take her away again.

Then Moy held out both her tiny olive hands adorned with jade rings and bracelets, to greet those of her friends who had been admitted to the reception room.

"Take me away," she said to Lee Hoy, and as soon as the papers were signed the bridal procession began.

When Hoy and his bride appeared at the entrance with Mrs. Toy there was a chatter of Chinese that drowned even the puffing of a lot of fire engines working in Center street. Brown hands stretched out to touch the little bride, who clung to the hand of Mrs. Toy and the coat sleeve of her husband. According to the etiquette of the Chinese, which says that no lady shall appear in public without a chaperon, Mrs. Toy rode with the bride and bridegroom back to their little flat in Mott street. Three other carriages and as many automobiles carried a number of their friends back to Chinatown.

A large part of Chinatown will give up two days to the celebration of the return of the bride. A reception will be given at the Morning Star mission, and Lee Hoy will arrange to feast all his friends.

Mrs. Legari, Miss Ann Schaefer, Mrs. Sarah Sweazy and Miss Adams, all missionary workers, were in court and expressed their disapproval of the Gerry society's sequestration of the bride for nine days.

CEDAR SHINGLES

At retail.
The most durable shingle made.
Prices right.
NORTHERN SHINGLE CO.
Forty-fifth Ave. West and Oneota St.

DUKE OF SUTHERLAND

And Party on Way to the Pacific Coast.

Winnipeg, April 12.—The Duke of Sutherland and party arrived shortly after 6 o'clock this morning and will leave for the West at 6:30 p. m. The ducal party is on the way to the Pacific coast. Special interest is attached to the trip because it is said the duke will be the next governor-general of Canada. Among the distinguished members of the party is Sir Charles Ross, inventor of the Ross rifle. Sir Daniel McMillan will also make the trip to the Pacific coast.

ATTACKED PREMIER.

An Assault Made on Maura at Barcelona.

Barcelona, April 12.—Premier Maura was attacked and wounded today by a would-be assassin, armed with a dagger, while leaving the palace of the council general.

It later appears that the first reports of the attack on Senor Maura were exaggerated. His assailant, it is said, merely attempted to strike the premier with his fists. A tremendous confusion followed, resulting in the widespread report that Senor Maura had been stabbed with a poinard. The police immediately arrested the premier's assailant. Senor Maura left the scene in a carriage and the prisoner was taken to the prefecture.

THE CAT CAME BACK

Over 330 Miles Across Deserts and Hills.

Salt Lake City, Utah, April 12.—A cat belonging to John M. West three weeks ago stole a flounder from the kitchen table. West put the animal in a bag and concealed it under the seat in a day coach on the San Pedro, Los Angles and Salt Lake road. The cat was taken to Callents, Nev., before it was discovered and turned loose. Yesterday, weak and emaciated after a journey of 337 miles, it appeared at the West house and begged for food. It got it.

STEAMER ASHORE.

Vessel Bound For Panama Wrecked on Rocks.

San Francisco, April 12.—The Merchants' exchange has received a cablegram stating that the Pacific Mail Steamship company's steamer Colon, which left this port on March 22, for Panama, with a number of passengers and cars of general merchandise consigned to Mexican and Central American ports, has been wrecked. The Colon is reported to have struck on a rock at Punta Remedios, causing injuries which made it necessary to beach her at Acapulco. It is not believed that any lives were lost.

EDITION OF DICKENS

That Will Cost Two Million Dollars.

New York, April 13.—J. Pierpont Morgan is adding a $130,000 set of books to his art collections. Only fifteen sets, of 130 volumes each, are to be published, of which eight already have been contracted for. The set is called the St. Dunstan edition of Charles Dickens' works, and aims to revive the practically lost art of illumination. To an American, George D. Sproul, of New York, belongs credit for the idea and accomplishment of publishing this $2,000,000 set of books.

One hundred and twelve volumes will be required for the text. This will include the complete writings of the author, the life of Dickens by Forster, the most complete collection that ever has been printed of the correspondence and short writings of the author, and in addition, four volumes of original Dickensiana by F. G. Kitton, the greatest of Dickens experts. The other eighteen volumes will be devoted to illustrations only.

Fifty-six new illustrations are being made for the work by Harry Furniss, Gordon Frederick Browne, Hugh Thomson, H. M. Brock, Maurice Greiffenhagen, John H. Bacon, H. M. Paget, William Rainey, W. Paget, Gunning King, L. Raven-Hill and Miss Gertrude Demain Hammond (Mrs. H. G. McMurdie).

The books will be printed on carefully selected skins of Italian parchment, and for the first time since movable types have been invented parchment is here printed on in its natural and untreated condition.

But it is in the illumination that the most effective part of the work is seen. This is under the charge of Professor Nestore Leoni, and the books will be thickly sprinkled with this work.

CHAMPION

Beefsteak Eater Wins Bout In Tenth Pound.

New York, April 13.—"Whispering Larry" Delmour, chairman of the board of governors of the Navaho club, ate more than ten pounds of beef Saturday night, and was proclaimed the champion beefsteak eater of the upper east side.

It was at the annual beefsteak "blowout" of the club, and Mr. Delmour, in a nice white apron and a white cap, was master of ceremonies. He himself had gone to a slaughter house, picked out two of the biggest oxen he could get, and had them slaughtered and prepared for the beefsteak "soiree," as Mr. Delmour calls it. Those who ate Saturday night said that it was the juiciest beef they had ever tasted.

Mr. Delmour contested for the championship with the most prominent men in the Twenty-ninth assembly district, among them ex-Commissioner Jacob Katz, Edward S. Murphy, John J. Manning, William J. Herschfield, candidate for the assembly in the last election, and Albert Stern, clerk of the supreme court.

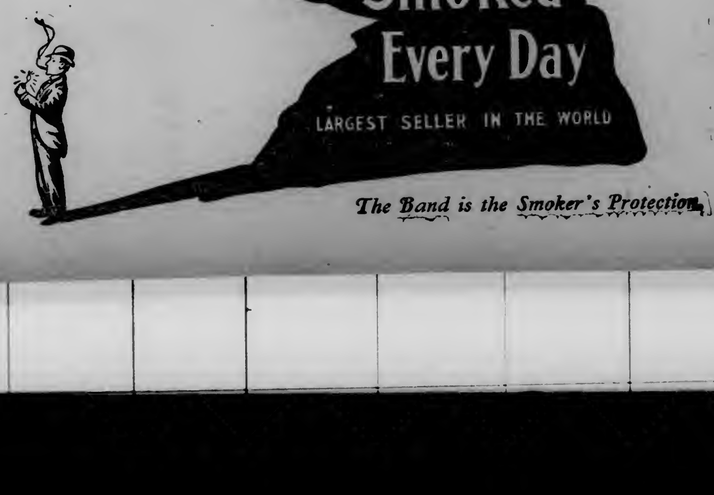
Mr. Stern, the stoutest man among the contestants, was the first to fall by the wayside. He had eaten seven pounds. Mr. Herchfield and Mr. Manning gave up after eating eight, and Mr. Murphy at eight and a half pounds.

It looked like a tie between Mr. Katz and Mr. Delmour, but when the latter, after eating ten pounds, called for another round, Mr. Katz surrendered in despair. Mr. Delmour calmly remarked that had he been forced to keep up the struggle he could have eaten two pounds more.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings and sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

The Gigantic Shadow

cast by a cigar and a man



The Band is the Smoker's Protection

OUR SUITS, TOP COATS AND CRAVENETTES

ARE GREAT SELLERS AT

$10, $12, $15, $18 and $20

The assortment large. A selection easily made.

A carefully selected hat adds the last touch of refinement to a gentleman's costume.

ERICSON, THE CLOTHIER
219 W. SUPERIOR STREET.

BOAT CLUB MEETS

Julius H. Barnes Elected to Presidency of Popular Organization.

Club Has Large Assets—Medal Presented to A. Buck.

The annual meeting of the Duluth Boat club was held last evening in the Spalding hotel. The following is a list of the officers elected for the coming year: President, Julius H. Barnes; first vice president, G. G. Barnum; second vice president, Capt. Alexander McDougall; captain, J. D. Mahoney; secretary, W. L. McLennan; treasurer, B. M. Peyton; lieutenant, N. L. Leach; ensign, George E. Gibson; directors, J. H. Barnes, J. D. Mahoney, W. C. McLennan, B. M. Peyton, A. W. Frick, F. H. White, and George Spencer.

Capt. Charles L. Potter, Capt. M. A. McLennan and J. H. Darling were elected honorary members.

The secretary reported that the membership of the club was 220 and the assets about $15,000, represented chiefly by the club house. The expenditures last year were about $10,80 for the new club house and about $6500 for boats.

It was the first annual meeting to be held since the erection of the new club house, and the report of the condition of the clubs affairs was therefore of special interest.

The report of Capt. J. D. Mahoney was listened to with much interest in view of the approaching visit of the crew to the regatta at Madison, where it will compete with some of the fastest crews in the country.

He reported that twenty members of the club were working steadily in the gymnasium getting into condition for the race and that the prospects appeared to be bright for a good crew. He recommended the purchase of two new fours and the employment of Coach O'Dea during July and August. These matters will be taken up by the executive and the board of directors.

The gold medal presented by Dr. Jones to the member rowing the greatest number of miles during the season, was presented to Anthony Puck.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Populist state convention which met at Topeka, Kan., adjourned without making any nominations. The delegates will meet in Topeka, again Aug. 3, at which time an effort will be made to fuse with the Democrats. A state convention of Democrats will be held there at the time.

A serious accident occurred in the Selkirks near Glacier, Man., as a result of a snow and rock slide. A work train on the Canadian Pacific railway while engaged in clearing the tracks, was struck by a tremendous avalanche of snow and rocks and several cars were overturned. Trainmaster Downie and several workmen are reported to have been killed.

Thomas Paine, aged 53, a wealthy farmer, is miles south of Benton Harbor, Mich., is under arrest, charged with murdering his wife Tuesday by shooting her in the heart. Paine was captured an hour and a half later in the woods. The murdered woman was 38 years of age, and was Paine's second wife.

William MacQueen, the anarchist, who returned from England to serve out his five-year sentence for inciting the silk riots in June, 1902, surrendered himself to Sheriff Bergen at Paterson Tuesday night. MacQueen was accompanied by Philip Geyer, who saves $6500 by the anarchist's surrender.

The jury has disagreed in the action brought by the United States against Charles F. W. Neely, former director of finance of the postoffices of Cuba, in which an attempt was made to officially fix the amount of Neely's alleged peculations between January and May, 1900.

The Edward Hines Lumber company of Chicago, has purchased 50,000,000 feet of lumber from the N. Ludington company, comprising the products of two mills for a year. The consideration was nearly $1,000,000.

PLEADS FOR HER HUSBAND

Wife of Col. Ames Appears Before Board of Pardons.

St. Paul, Minn. April 13.—One of the most dramatic scenes witnessed at a meeting of the state board of pardons was the appearance yesterday of Mrs. Frederick W. Ames, of Minneapolis, to plead for the release of her husband, who was sentenced to the state penitentiary for six years and a half on a charge of receiving a bribe.

Mrs. Ames argued for ten minutes before the members of the board, speaking in a firm voice, brushing aside the arguments at the trial with the skill of an attorney and extolling the character of her husband as a citizen and a father. The members of the board and the score or more people in the room listened to her plea with close attention.

The case was taken under advisement.

"Col. Ames has unbosomed himself to me as he has to no other living person; he has told me all his trials from day to day; I know his principles of right and duty, and I am as confident that he is innocent as I am that I live," said Mrs. Ames.

"Time and again he came to me after his day's work and said he wanted to resign; that he saw evidences of graft all around him, and that he would have to share the approbrium unless he left the police force. I urged him not to resign as we were poor and needed the income. I told him so long as he kept his hands clean, he could not be blamed for what others had done.

"Every night when he came home he would tell me what happened during the day. He kept nothing from me. Not long before the indictments were drawn he said: 'For your sake I will keep my position, but after two years have gone I shall leave politics for ever.'

"During the twenty years that we have been married, he has not done or said one thing that has caused me to lose faith in him. He has been a good husband, a loving father and a valiant soldier. We need him to keep us from want, and he needs us to help him bear the pain which will always be his."

Victor J. Welch made the principal plea and the trend of his argument was that Mayor A. A. Ames, not Frederick W. Ames, was guilty of inaugurating and maintaining a system of graft. Mr. Welch introduced a letter signed by Former Mayor A. A. Ames to show that Joseph W. Cohen, the man who collected the money from the women, acted under the mayor's instructions, not under the instructions of the former chief of police.

The letter has come to light in the last few days and is considered an important document in its bearing on Dr. A. A. Ames' case. The original letter is in the hands of the county attorney of Hennepin county. A copy was presented at the meeting, accompanied by an affidavit of Frank D. Larrabbe, of Minneapolis. The letter follows:

"J. W. Cohen, Esq.

Dear Sir: This will be handed to you by Col. Tanner (deceased), who has been selected as the proper person to aid the committee in making up the contingent fund for the next campaign. I do not approve of some of the methods used in the last campaign by the committee of both parties. Still I am told by members of both of these organizations that it has always been done. He wishes to see you in regard to this matter; but I advise you to be very careful. Yours respectfully, A. A. AMES."

This letter was dated January 24, 1902, ten days before the alleged receiving of the bribe.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Neglect of a Cough or Sore Throat may result in an Incurable Throat or Lung Trouble. For relief use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

Sold in Boxes only. Avoid imitations. John L. Brown & Son

FOR WEAL OR WOE.

Man Determined to Succeed at Any Cost or Trouble.

When a man goes in to quit the tobacco habit he goes in with a determination, but when he gets nervous in consequence he needs something like Cuplene to brace him up in his noble effort. Cuplene is the only thing we have found so far that will positively operate will power. Cuplene is the speediest remedy on earth for weak manhood. It is also the most thorough for cleansing the system of nicotine poison and restoring the natural functions of the nerves. Cuplene is sold at $1.00 per box, 6 for $5.00. For sale by Max Wirth. If they are ordered by mail we send them postage prepaid to any part of the world.

HAMILTON IS DENIED PARDON.

St. Paul, Arpil 13.—Frank H. Hamilton's application for a pardon was denied by the state board of pardons yesterday after receiving a report from Warden Wolfer of the penitutiary. It was pointed out that Mr. Hamilton had survived the winter in spite of the predictions made last fall that continued incarceration would have a bad effect on his health, the board could not grant a pardon after commuting the sentence.

Chris Norbeck, the former Minnapolis detective, was also denied a pardon while the case of "Norm" King was continued.

BOY KILLED BY NEGRO.

Kansas City, Mo., April 13.—Roy Martin, aged 17 years, a high school boy of Kansas City, Kas., was shot and killed last night by a negro boy, named Gregory. Martin, with his schoolmates, was playing ball, when Gregory and other negro boys made insulting remarks to the white boys. The white boys resented this and Gregory drew a revolver and fired into the crowd of white boys, sending a bullet through Martin's heart.

GROWING IN FAVOR

Demand For Crushed Stone Necessitates More Plants.

Some New Ones Going In—Railroads Use Much.

Preparations are being made for a large output of crushed stone in the head of the lakes district this coming summer season. It is believed that the demand for crushed stone will be far greater than in former seasons and in anticipation of the business one or two new crushers have been installed, principally in Wisconsin, not far from Superior.

The crushed stone industry is not a new one in Duluth, the city having for some years past operated a small crushing plant to obtain stone for its macadam roads. But the demand for crushed stone even for the roads has grown to such an extent that the small city plant could not begin to supply the quantity needed.

Crushed stone is now used for a variety of commercial uses being mixed with cement to form concrete foundations that are claimed to be as solid as stone when properly made and set.

Crushed stone is also used in large amounts by the railroads to ballast the tracks, the claim being made that it is the cheapest sort of ballast in the long run. Its advantages are obvious for crushed stone prolongs the life of the wooden ties, makes well drained road beds free from cost, the cost of maintenance is reduced to the minimum, and is less dusty than other road beds.

The railway companies are, within the past few years, using more crushed stone and cement in the construction of railway bridges, piers, culverts, retaining walls, freight houses, shops, turntable pits, walks, piles and even ties. The inference is that the managements have found crushed stone and cement the best material to be had for the purpose.

Macadam road building in this state is said to have reached large proportions and extends, in fact, into districts where the rock for crushing is not so readily obtained as in this city, but is shipped in.

It is predicted that much macadam road building will be done in Minnesota this coming season and that some of it will be done in the Duluth district.

MASSACHUSETTS FAVORS OLNEY.

Boston, April 13.—The supporters of Richard Olney of Boston as a candidate for the presidential nomination of the Democratic party attained a long lead in the primaries over the friends of William R. Hearst. Returns from 117 cities and towns out of a total of 353 indicate that 491 delegates to the state convention were either instructed or have expressed preference for Mr. Olny ,while 180 are Hearst men. The figures include the city of Boston, which elected 235 Olney men out of a delegation of 239.

ACCOMPLICE ARRESTED.

Barcelona, April 13.—The police have arrested an accomplice of Joaquin Miguel Arato, who attempted yesterday to kill Premier Maura. Both men are members of a society styled "Lovers of Liberty." The attempt, it is said by the police, was planned a week ago and since that time the would-be assassin has been following the premier about, awaiting an opportunity to attack him.

DONARA
An Arrow Collar

Fifteen Cents Each
Two for 25 Cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF CLUETT AND MONARCH SHIRTS

AGREEMENT IS REACHED

Tugmen to Get the Same Wages as Paid Last Year.

The captains and engineers in the employ of the Great Lakes Towing company will be paid the same scale of wages this year as prevailed during last season.

This was the agreement arrived at in the conference which has been held in Cleveland during the past few days. The conference was brought to a close last evening.

The decision was expected by the members of the local union. The local delegates, Martin Cole and James Walsh, are expected home tomorrow.

The following dispatch was received from Cleveland announcing the decision:

"The conference between the Great Lakes Towing company and the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association ended last night. Last year's wages and hours will be the rule for the coming season of lake navigation."

BEST COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN.

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by all druggists.

BEDE IN EARNEST

In Fight Over Proof of Swamp Lands.

Washington, April 13.—Representative J. Adam Bede declares that he is in earnest in his efforts to bring about a new rule in regard to the proof of swamp lands, and he will not be deterred by criticism of his course.

Mr. Bede asserts that he is not desirous of bringing about any raid upon the public lands by land grabbers, but he claims to have positive evidence that the old field notes of the land office are manifestly in error in many cases which involve large tracts of land in Minnesota.

"Why," said Mr. Bede, "I have an illustration in mind where in a railroad in my district traverses a section of country under conditions where it was necessary to make such cuts in the hills that the trains are practically hid from view a great part of the time, and yet that area of country is listed in the land office field notes as swamp and overflowed land. There are many tracts of vacant land high, dry and desirable, on which settlers have squatted under the homestead law, assuming the land to be not swamp, suddenly finding themselves confronted by the field notes of the government classifying the lands as swamp. It is such errors in the original surveys which manifetly should be corrected by present day evidence."

GETS GOOD RENTAL

City Receives $500 Annually For Basement of Armory.

Will Be Cut Off If Naval Reserve Uses It.

"We don't object to using the basement of the armory for our purposes," said an officer of the naval reserve yesterday, in speaking of the plan to build an addition to the armory, and the recommendation of some of the aldermen to allow the reserve to use the basement.

"Th members of the council should remember, however, that the city is being paid $500 a year rent for that basement now, and if they turn out the tenants they will lose that much. The leases are made out so that they can be terminated at any time, but tha $500 goes a long way toward paying the expenses of maintenance.

"Then in order to use the basement it would have to be partitioned off, which would involve an expense of several hundred dollars, and I think before they got through with it they would find it much cheaper to build the proposed addition, the foundation for which is already laid."

Action on the matter was postponed at the last meeting of the council, a report from the armory board as to the necessity for such an addition, and whether or not it was possible for the reserves to use the basement. This report will be presented at the meeting of the council next Monday night, and some action will then be taken.

The council appears to be very evenly divided on the subject. Those who oppose the addition claim that the conference committee made no allowance for the expenditure in apportioning the different funds, and that if the sum of $2500 is taken from the permanent improvement fund for the building of the addition, it would rob the fund at the expense of some other needed improvement. The Jenswold street subway is to be completed this year, and a large expenditure for the improvement of roads leading into the city is under consideration. It is claimed that the building of the addition would force the council to postpone some of these improvements.

Those in favor of the addition claim that the naval reserves should be taken care of, even though it involves a considerable expense. They claim that the government is sending several thousand dollars worth of proprty here, and that there is no suitable place in which to store it at the present time.

A warm fight promises to develop Monday night.

TO BEAUTIFY THE GROUNDS

Weather Bureau's Location to Be Made a Pretty Sight.

The new weather bureau building on the hill top is to be made a thing of beauty this summer. The structure itself is already a handsome one, but its settings, because of their newness, are necessarily rather bare.

This condition is to be remedied as soon as the weather will permit. Arrangements have been completed whereby the grounds about the building are to be vastly improved in appearance. The spot can be made to be a very attractive one with the proper outlay of money. The surroundings of the building are to be newly sodded and a large number of the leading varieties of shade trees will be planted.

The building is located just east of the incline and slightly above the boulevard, a position which brings it to the notice of thousands of visitors to Duluth during the summer months, so that any improvements made in its appearance will be welcomed by Duluthians.

DEFINES SOCIALISM.

Rev. C. D. Thompson Delivers Second Address.

"Socialism Defined," was the subject of the address delivered at Oddfellows' hall last evening by Rev. Carl D. Thompson, of Lincoln, Neb., who is giving lectures through the country under the auspices of the Socialists. Mr. Thompson closes his series of lectures at the hall this evening.

Mr. Thompson told of the start of socialism and of its gradual growth, and defined it, first, as being a "philosophy of history," and second, an analysis of social facts and forces. In the third place, he said, socialism is an alignment of forces for the peaceful solution of the difficulties growing from the class struggle in society.

"We seek to inaugurate a co-operative commonwealth," he continued, "in which men earn a living by working together, instead of against each other, and shall guarantee to everyone private property in the full products of his labor."

WILLIAM ALDEN SMITH

Withdraws From Senatorial Race In Michigan.

Washington, April 13.—The senatorial situation in Michigan will be celared up this week by the formal withdrawal of William Alden Smith.

Mr. Smith says he is unwilling to crowd out his colleague, Mr. Burrows, and is content himself to wait another term. This will be the substance of his harmony message to the state convention.

PAYNE TO REMAIN.

The Postmaster General Will Not Resign.

Washington, April 13.—It is stated on high authority that Postmaster General Paine intends to remain in the cabinet, notwithstanding reports to the contrary, and hopes to resume his duties in the near future.

That he will remain in his present position throughout the coming campaign seems to be assured, unless the condition of his health should be such as imperatively to demand his retirement from active business and political life.

Rumors of Mr. Payne's relinquishing his office have been persistently circulated for some time, based, apparently, on the supposition that his illness was of so grave a character that it would be impossible for him to again enter upon the administration of the affairs of his department.

At one time there was admitted ground for such reports, but his improvement in health has been so steady and pronounced that his physicians believe there will be no necessity for his retirement because of his physical condition for many montas to come.

FOR FIRST GAME

Fans May Go to Chippewa Falls to See White Sox.

Superior Suffers Loss of Two Players Already Signed.

If the present plans of the management of the Duluth baseball team are carried out, a big excursion of a couple of hundred fans will be run down to Chippewa Falls a week from Saturday afternoon, to witness the first game which the White Stockings will play this year.

Duluth is scheduled to meet the fast Chippewa Falls team a week from Sunday in the Wisconsin city and the fans will then have the first opportunity of sizing up the bunch Van has got together. They look all right on paper, but whether they will make good on the diamond is yet to be seen.

Cheap rates will probably be secured from the railroad companies, and arrangements made so that the fans can leave here Saturday night and return after the game is over.

Manager Van Praagh was expected home from Chicago and Champaign, Ill., this afternoon, and will take charge of the arrangements.

* * *

The Superior club has suffered a severe blow in the loss of Leach and Varco, the two fast university infielders. They have declined to play in the Northern league this season, after having signed Superior contracts, and will remain at the university of Minnesota. Varco is a promising candidate for the university football team and he fears to endanger his standing as an amateur. The loss to the Superior club will be a heavy one, as it is now getting late in the season to pick up new men for their places, and Manager Cameron will be heavily handicapped by their decision to remain at the "U."

* * *

The St. Louis city championship goes to the National league team. The deciding game in the series was played Monday, and the Americans never had a chance to win.

* * *

The Boston Americans have two pennants flying over their ball park this season. One is the emblem of the American league championship and the other is the world's championship banner won from the Pittsburg Nationals.

* * *

Chester Ferguson, the St. Paul pitcher, is coaching the university of Minnesota team, and is said to have made a hit with the collegians. Ferguson has not yet signed with St. Paul for next year, but he and Manager Kelley are expected to come to terms shortly.

* * *

Van Praagh will bring home three new names on his list of players in place of two as announced in last evening's Herald. O'Leary, of the Minneapolis team, has been farmed out to Duluth. He will remain in Champaign to get the benefit of the spring training with the Millers, and will join the Duluth team at Chippewa Falls next week. O'Rourke of the Minneapolis team has also been farmed out to the Superior club, and will join Manager Cameron's bunch at Eau Claire.

SPRING AND SUMMER SHOWERS.

All Nature Points the Way.

The showers that bring forth blossoms and make nature more beautiful often cause untold misery to mankind in whose blood the poisons of the past winter have accumulated. When all nature seems to be glad we sometimes experience our greatest ills. The important thing is to make this life worth while—consider each dissapointment and ill-feeling as so much experience and as a temporary lesson set for us to learn. When you catch cold—suffer from indigestion or notice the skin breaking out with pimples let this furnish you a warning that the blood is in disorder. Profit by the experience of others and quickly drive the poisons from the blood and build up the system with a reliable remedy—such as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery which has stood the test of time and for over a third of a century has sold more largely than any other blood remedy. Thousands attest to its remedial value as witness the testimonials which have been published for the past thirty-five years.

COMMON SENSE.

No one ever takes cold unless constipated, or exhausted, and having what we call mal-nutrition, which is attended with impoverished blood and exhaustion of nerve force. Tonics consisting of large portions of alcohol, iron or cod liver oil do not bring the desired changes in the blood, because they do not enter the system and are not absorbed into the blood, with the exception of the alcohol, which shrivels up the red blood corpuscles when it *does* come in contact with them. We recommend this botanical extract of Dr. Pierce because it contains no alcohol, and offers a reasonable and scientific method of treating the blood, by improving the nutritive functions of the patient. The "Golden Medical Discovery" accomplishes this, by first restoring the enfeebled digestive organs, so that food, the natural tissue builder, will be digested and assimilated. For there is generally present in these cases, loss of appetite and lack of sufficient nourishment to replenish the waste of flesh.

"Your kind letter of inquiry reached me some time ago," writes Mrs. Geo. W. Irey, of 411 Chestnut Street, Lebanon, Pa. "I am grateful and happy to be able to write you that I am much improved in health. I was never strong, and about two years ago, just after getting through the 'change' I seemed to break down entirely. Had a bronchial trouble and suffered dreadfully with neuralgia, nervousness and heart trouble; was reduced in flesh until I only weighed eighty-nine pounds. Doctored for quite a while with two different doctors but did not improve, and finally decided to write to you. At that time was so low-spirited that I feared I would go out of my mind and no one who knew me thought I would live through the summer. Your kind letter of encouragement and advice cheered me and I commenced to take the medicines and follow the hygienic advice. I improved very slowly at first but made up my mind to give the medicine a fair trial, and now, after using fifteen bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' two of 'Smart-Weed' and four vials of 'Pellets' find myself greatly improved in health; have gained ten pounds in weight, can eat and sleep once more, but intend to continue the 'Golden Medical Discovery' through the spring months on account of a slight trouble I still have with my throat.

"If you think this letter will be the means of help to some other poor mortal, I am willing you shall use it as you see fit."

"One year ago I wrote you concerning my daughter," writes Mrs. Jennie Smith, of Pinegrove, Md. "She was very weak and nervous, had no appetite, could not sleep, complained of headache, backache, and dizzy spells; was too weak to go to school, took no interest in anything, was inclined to sleep most of the time. I took her to several physicians who said she was going into consumption. My mother advised us to try Dr. Pierce's medicines, and I wrote to you giving the symptoms and you advised us to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Favorite Prescription.' We did so, giving her three bottles of each. My daughter began to improve before the first bottle was gone. When she had taken in all six bottles she seemed to be entirely well."

Doctor Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

CONGREGATION SHOCKED

By Minister's Denunciation of Card Playing.

Hammond, Ind., April 13.—Dr. John P. Hearst has shocked his fashionable congregation, many of whom belong to various card clubs in the town, who play euchre and pedro for prizes, by declaring from the pulpit that playing cards for prizes and money were practically the same. His sermon was caused by the sensational arrest of the four boy bandits of Crown Point last week, all belonging to prominent families, whose downfall he attributed in part to evil influences of card playing in homes for prizes. The society ladies of the congregation are shocked at the declaration and Dr. Hearst's sermon is the subject of no little comment.

CHICAGO GIRL'S COUP.

Was Married While Relative Attended a Funeral.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 13.—Taking advantage of the absence from home at a funeral of the family of her uncle, whom she was visiting, Miss Juliette Kelliher, of Chicago, went to the priest's house with Fred Mariner and was married late yesterday afternoon.

The bride, a strikingly handsome girl of 18, came here a week ago to visit her uncle, John J. Murphy head buyer for the Cudahy Packing company here. She had met Fred Mariner, aged 22, a year ago, and their love-making had been done by correspondence. He is assistant buyer for Armour & Co. here and a nephew of Mrs. W. C. Hudson, a prominent Sioux City woman, with whom he has lived since he was a little boy. In the younger society set it was thought Mariner was engaged to another girl.

The marriage was at the home of the French Catholic priest. After the ceremony the bridegroom telephoned to their relatives, and the couple then left for Minneapolis and St. Paul.

The bride is the daughter of Lieut. Dan Kelliher of the Chicago police force.

GOOD FOR CHILDREN.

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of Cough, Croup and La-Grippe because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take and is good alike for young and old. Sold by all druggists.

GUM CHEWING BARRED.

Telephone Girls at St. Cloud Go on Strike.

St. Cloud, Minn., April 13.—Four of the seven girls in the Northwestern Telephone exchange here struck because the manager reprimanded one for chewing gum. The reprimand occurred Monday afternoon, and the gum chewing girl was laid off for three hours. She promptly quit and with her went the chief operator, Miss Rosenberg. Yesterday morning two other girls failed to appear for work. Three others stuck to their posts, and the service of the exchange is only partially crippled. Several girls arrived from the main office at Minneapolis to take the place of the strikers. There has been friction ever since Manager Meyers took charge of the local office several months ago, as he has enforced discipline among the operators in place of the somewhat lax methods previously prevailing. The anti-chewing gum rule has been especially obnoxious.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Gray hair adds twenty years to the age. Restore the color; keep young. Make your hair grow long and heavy. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

WHEAT IS FIRMER

Unfavorable Crop News Causes Sharp Rally In Price.

Ohio, Indiana, Michigan and Kansas Send Bad News.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 13.—The wheat market had a sharp rally today after the declines that have been the order for several days. It was very largely due to crop news of an unfavorable nature and the Southwest furnished the discouraging reports. They were concerned mostly with the situation in Ohio, Indiana, Kansas and Michigan, all large winter wheat raising states. The Southwest was buying wheat on the strength of the reports and the Northwest received from its very bearish position considerably. The news was strong enough to cause predictions of a very active bull movement if they continue to come as pessimistic as they were today.

Foreign markets were lower. Liverpool closed 5/8@5d lower, London 3/4@1d lower, Paris unchanged, Berlin 3/8c lower and Buda Pest 1½c lower.

The cash demand in the local market shows no improvement. Neither foreign nor Eastern buyers are bidding and limits have been materially reduced recently without bringing acceptances.

The Duluth market advanced 1¼c for May and 1¾c for July. Minneapolis 1⅜-1½c for May and 1¾-⅞c for July. Chicago ⅝c for May and 1⅜c for July, and New York 1c for May and 1¾c for July.

Car receipts at Duluth were 9 cars against 29 last year, and at Minneapolis 62 against 105 a year ago, making a total for the Northwest of 72 against 134 a year ago. Chicago received 5 against 4 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 245,355 bus., last year 240,305 bus. Shipments 247,523 bus., last year 522,221 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 157,474 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d lower. In the Chicago market May corn closed ½ lighter. May oats closed ⅞-⅞c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 328,950 bus., last year 267,885 bus. Shipments 300,021 bus, last year 356,229 bus. Clearances of corn were 82,856 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was fairly active. May opened 3c off at 91¾c and sold steadily up to 92¾c at 10:48, with occasional reactions of ⅛c. It then settled back to 92⅝-¾c at 11. It then bulged to 92⅞c again at 11:36, fell to 92⅜-½c at 12:10 and advanced 1¼c closing at 92⅝c. September was up 2¾c, closing at 87⅝c. Today brought another nice profit for those who are playing the September-July spread.

Cash offerings were light. May price was paid for No. 1 northern and 2¼c under for No. 2.

Flax was very dull and unchanged. It held at $1.16 for May all morning and closed at that price, with but one or two trades.

Oats made an advance of 3c and rye was up 5c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 94¼c; No. 1 northern, 93¾c; No. 2 northern, 90½c to arrive, No. 1 hard, 94¼c; No. 1 northern, 92¾c; No. 2 northern, 90¼c. Macaroni—No. 1, 89c; No. 2, 84c; May, 92¾c; July, 92⅞c; September, 87½c. Flax—In store, $1.15; to arrive, $1.15¼; May, $1.16; July, $1.17⅝; October, $1.19. Oats—On track, 38¾c; to arrive, 38½c. Rye—On track, 66c; to arrive, 66c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 9; last year, 29; oats, 1; barley, 1; flax, 8; last year, 31. Receipts: Wheat, 24235; oats, 9595; flax, 14,769. Shipments: Wheat, 946; oats, 62.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars..... $0.92
No. 1 northern, 1 car 91½
No. 2 northern, 5000 bus..... 90
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 88½
Rejected, 1 car 81½
Rejected, 2 cars 81⅝
Rejected, 1 car 80
Macaroni wheat, 1 car rejected 84
Macaroni 2 cars 81
Flax, 4 cars 1.15½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Unfavorable Condition of Wheat Caused Firm Tone.

Chicago, April 13.—Decreased Northwest receipts and crop advices showing an unfavorable condition of wheat in sections of Kansas caused a firm tone in the wheat pit today. There was a scattered demand for the July option with very little for sale. July opened a shade to ¼c higher at 85⅝c to 85¾c. Later on the unfavorable crop advices caused a further advance of to 86c. Receipts at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth today were 77 cars, against 241 cars last week and 128 cars a year ago.

Numerous damage reports continued to come in throughout the day, resulting in a good general demand for wheat. Little disposition to sell was manifested and in consequence the market acquired pronounced strength. July advanced to 87⅝c and closed at 87⅜c, an advance of 1⅝@⅞c for the day.

In corn, owing to fairly liberal offerings and easier cables, there was a reaction after an early advance, due to country advices, that seeding had been retarded in many section by unseasonable weather. July opened unchanged to ⅛c higher and made a decline of to 38c. Later on the unfavorable crop advices caused a recovery of to 38c. Receipts at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth today were 77 cars, against 241 cars last week and 128 cars a year ago.

Numerous damage reports continued to come in throughout the day, resulting in a good general demand for wheat. Little disposition to sell was manifested and in consequence the market acquired pronounced strength. July advanced to 87⅝c and closed at 87⅜c, an advance of 1⅝@⅞c for the day.

In corn, owing to fairly liberal offerings and easier cables, there was a reaction after an early advance, due to country advices, that seeding had been retarded in many section by unseasonable weather. July opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 39⅛c to 39⅜c. Later on the unfavorable crop advices caused a further advance of to 39¾

"LISTEN TO THIS"
Then use your judgment.
"SALADA"
CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea is the same Flavor as Japan—only more healthful in use—being absolutely pure and as delicious as the Famous "Salada" Black tea.
In sealed lead packets only. 50c, 60c and 70c per lb. By all Grocers.
TRY A TEN-CENT SAMPLE PACKET.
Trade Supplied By GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO.

CITY BRIEFS.

Why not have a covered van move you? We have them and it costs no more. Duluth Van and Storage, 210 West Superior street.

Parlor theater—The great Edgertons, tonight.

Articles of incorporation of the Mineral Range Developing company were filed with the county register of deeds yesterday by W. D. Edson, W. H. Crooker and F. A. Edson. The capital stock is $50,000.

At a meeting of the Cooks' and Waiters' union last night, J. K. Robinson was selected as a delegate to attend the twelfth convention of the International Hotel and Restaurant Employes' Protective association at Rochester, N. Y., May 9.

David Tidd, an aged man from Mountain Iron, without funds, or friends, and crippled from a recent fall and former accidents, applied for aid, yesterday afternoon at the office of the board of poor commissioners. Tidd is a pioneer resident of the range and until lately has been able to take care of himself. He has been sent out to the poor farm.

Shirt waist suits made from $5 up. 32 East Fourth street.

Are you going to move? See us. We use covered vans. It cost no more. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 210 West Superior street.

Parlor theater—Big vaudeville show.

B. A. Brow, of Carlton, was arrested this morning by Detective Terry and Sergeant Fritz of the police department, at the request of Sheriff McKinnon, of Carlton. Brow is wanted in Carlton for non-support of his wife and family. Sheriff McKinnon will take his prisoner back with him this afternoon.

Ole Johnson, of the town of Fayal, shipped a wolf pelt to the county auditor this morning and will collect the $15 bounty.

Up to a few minutes of 2 p. m. today, 297 votes had been cast in the Commercial club election.

Mrs. Banks, the midwife, has returned from an extended Eastern trip, and can be found at her former location, 320 St. Croix avenue.

There has been little filing as yet of new cases for the May term of district court. The last day for filing will be April 27, and as nearly two weeks remain before that date, the attorneys who expect to take up new cases for trial in May are making no haste to file. The calendar will not be made up until the latter part of the present month.

The Commercial club committee on fire limits has decided to let the question of fire limits remain quiet for the present, at least. They found that the limits ran from the bay front along Eighth avenue west to the alley between First and Second streets, thence to Fifth avenue west, thence to the alley between Second and Third streets, thence to Lake street, thence to the alley between First and Second streets, thence to Third avenue east, and to the lake.

Albert Nash was arraigned in the municipal court this afternoon on the charge of violating the city ordinance against tacking bills on telephone poles, and pleaded guilty. He was released after paying a fine of $5 and costs.

PERSONAL.

Max Sever, immigration agent of the South Shore road, has returned from a trip to New York.

Mrs. J. T. Stewart, of St. Paul, arrived in the city yesterday to join her husband, J. T. Stewart, manager of the Duluth Music company.

J. Welsh has gone to California.

W. R. Peyton and wife left this afternoon for New York.

Frank Provinski, wife and son, leave tomorrow morning for Portland over the Northern Pacific. Mrs. K. S. Larsen and S. T. Cate are destined for the same point.

Miss J. Holland has gone to Argyle, Wis.

J. E. Mullin goes to Minneapolis this evening.

Alex Marshall and J. Nixon are in Fargo.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Smith, formerly of this city, have returned to their home in Detroit.

D. McMillen, C. A. Black and L. A. Beers leave on the Omaha this evening for Chicago and G. W. Whitney will go to Milwaukee.

Two extra coaches with over 100 settlers were attached to the Northern Pacific train last night.

Better Look Out.

J. W. Wing, clerk at the Duluth land office, on reading this morning in a Minneapolis paper that officials of the Bismarck, N. D., land office have received instructions to prepare transcripts of the records of the office for the new Dickinson land office, wanted to know how much land was to be taken from the Duluth district for the benefit of the Dickinson office, which is to be opened July 1.

Mr. Wing, it appears, has become accustomed to see the Duluth district divided up whenever charity demands, that he took it for granted the local office would be compelled to take steps to help out the Dakota town.

His brother clerks referred him and his question to G. G. Hartley, as being the one who would be the most likely to possess knowledge on the subject.

TO PUSH G. W. BUCK.

Knights Templar Urge Him For State Commander.

When the Minnesota state conclave of Knights Templar is in session at St. Paul, April 27, there will be a big delegation present from Duluth to urge George W. Buck, of this city, for the next state commander. Arrangements are now being completed by Duluth Commandery, No. 18, Knights Templar, to attend the conclave in a body, leaving Duluth the afternoon of April 26. It is understood that the commandery expects to escort back to Duluth the new state commander.

GRAFTING GAME.

Man Working Labor People In Brainerd.

W. E. McEwen, secretary of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, yesterday received a communication from W. R. Heron, president of the Brainerd Trades' and Labor assembly, in which is was stated that an unknown Minneapolis man was soliciting money from the Brainerd merchants for the ostensible purpose of bringing the state convention of the federation to meet in that city next year.

Mr. Heron was of the opinion that the man was looking out for himself alone in soliciting the money, and asked whether or not the federation officers had authorized anyone to solicit funds.

Secretary McEwen today replied to the letter, thanking Mr. Heron for the information, and stating that no man was authorized to collect money in the manner mentioned. He asked, if this was being done, that the guilty person be arrested on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

Proper Facial Massage.
As given by the new vibratory method, at Miss Horrigan's Drug store, makes the skin firm and clear.

Business Agent Chosen.

At the regular meeting of the Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers' union in Kalamazoo hall last night a business agent in the person of E. S. Cromroy was elected to look after the union's affairs in the present difficulty with the Master Painters' association.

Although the trouble between the painters and their employers was practically settled last week, there are still a few slight differences, the most important being the charge made by the men that the master painters are advertising for outside non-union men to come to Duluth and work. Mr. Cromroy will be called upon to keep an eye out for the painters' side under this new condition.

DULUTHIANS AT CAPITAL.

Presented By Mr. Bede to the President.

Washington, April 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Upon the motion of Senator Clapp, John H. Norton, of Duluth, was admitted to practice before the United States supreme court this morning.

Representative Bede this morning accompanied John H. Norton, W. J. Hicken and W. J. Wallace to the White House and introduced these citizens of Duluth to President Roosevelt.

J. R. McKinley, of Duluth, arrived in Washington and today was a guest of Mr. Bede at luncheon at the capitol.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Stronghurst, Ill., April 13.—A. H. Silsbee, well known among grain men throughout the Middle West, died here today of pneumonia, aged 60.

New York, April 13.—George Fitzcurwood Le Jeune, composer of church music and organist and senior master of Trinity parish, is dead in his 62nd year, from influenza.

Chicago, April 13.— Theodore Decker, said to be the last of the jurors in the trial of the Haymarket anarchists, has died in an insane asylum.

Appleton, Wis., April 13.—Miss Caroline Jones, who as an Indian missionary in the '50s worked alone among the wild tribes of this state, particularly in the Lake Winnebago and the Fox River territories, is dead, at the age of 81, of erysipelas. She narrowly escaped death by fire at the hands of Indians several times and was more than once in captivity. She was born in East Randolph, Vt., in 1823, and came here from Oberlin, Ohio, in 1849, after being educated for missionary work. For forty-one years she lived alone on a farm on the wild shores of Lake Butedes Mortes, near here.

McKINLEY'S SPEECH

At Buffalo Is Made a Public Document.

Washington, April 13.—Upon the request of Mr. Fairbanks the senate today ordered the printing of the late President McKinley's last speech at Buffalo as a public document.

The following bills were passed:

Fixing the salaries of the United States consul at Newchwang, China, at $4000 per annum.

Providing for the opening of the abandoned Fort Abraham Lincoln military reservation in Morton county, N. D., to settlement under the homestead law.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 13.—At the opening of the session of the house today, the speaker announced the resignation of Mr. Lind (Dem., Minn.) from the committee on claims and the appointment of Mr. Emerich (Dem., Ill.) in his place.

Mr. Hemenway (Ind.) amid applause reported the general deficiency bill, the last of the general appropriation bills to be considered at this session.

Most people eat too heartily of a good many things just because they enjoy them.

It's a big satisfaction to me that greatly as people like "FORCE" they can't eat too much of it.

Sunny Jim

HE DRINKS ACID

Unknown Woodsman Kills Himself In Idaho Lodging House.

Applies For Room, Locks Himself In and Suicides.

An unknown woodsman committed suicide shortly after 11 o'clock this morning in the Idaho lodging rooms in the basement of the building at the corner of Sixth avenue west and Superior street. The body was not found until several hours later.

The basement is just being fitted up for lodging house purposes and the carpenters are still at work in it. This morning about 10 o'clock, a man came in and applied for a room and bed. The clerk, James McTernan, showed him to one of the rooms which had been completed, and he looked himself in. The clerk thought he was about to retire and paid no further attention to him.

About 11 o'clock Mr. McTernan states that he heard the man moving about and from the sounds coming from the room he was evidently suffering from nausea. Some time later when passing the door of the room he detected a smell of carbolic acid, and summoning the proprietor, broke in the door and found the man lying on the bed, dead.

There was an empty bottle which had contained carbolic acid lying on the floor, and a strong smell of the acid pervaded the room.

Durkan & Crawford, the undertakers, and Coroner Boyer were immediately notified. The body was taken to the morgue and Dr. Boyer viewed it there.

Dr. Boyer stated that death was unquestionably due to the drinking of carbolic acid.

The man was about 35 years of age, of heavy build. He had a light complexion and wore a sandy mustache.

The clerk stated that he had not given his name when he applied for a room, and that, as far as he knew, the man was a stranger in the city.

The Blake Hat
Is the popular guaranteed $3 hat. Made only in one grade, and that positively the best. Ask your dealer.

GUN EXPLODES; NINE KILLED

Serious Accident Happens on American Battleship Missouri.

Washington, April 13.—A dispatch received at the navy department from Pensacola, Fla., says that a turret gun on the battleship Missouri exploded during target practice, killing nine men and four or five officers.

Secretary Moody has taken the telegram to the White House.

NEXT PRISON CONGRESS

Will Meet at Quincy, Ill., Oct. 18, 1904.

New York, April 13.—The executive committee of the National Prison association of the United States has decided that the next annual prison congress will meet Oct. 18, 1904, at Quincy, Ill.

Delegates from every state of the Union commissioned by the governor and from all official boards of penal institutions or of the state supervision of such institutions as well as wardens, chaplains and other officers have been invited to attend.

THREE-STORY BUILDING COLLAPSES IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 13.—A building has caved in at Eighth avenue and Thirty-fifth street and seven ambulances and the police reserves have been ordered to the scene. The building that collapsed is said to be a three-story structure.

THE CZAR'S CONDOLENCES.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—The emperor has sent a courier to Peterhaft to express his condolences to the widow of Vice Admiral Makaroff.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Stack & Co.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures big colds, too, down to the very verge of consumption.

MEAT SPECIALS!
Swift's Premium Hams 14c
Swift's Winchester " 12½c
Swift's Premium Bacon 18c
Swift's Premium Round Steak 12½c
Swift's Premium Boiling Beef . . . 4c
Pot Roasts 10c, 8c
Pork Loins 10c
T. W. McAuley & Co.
Bridgeman & Russell Building.
Zenith phone 666—Duluth phone 662.

A DECISION LATER

Circuit Court Takes the Harriman Case Under Advisement.

Counsel Alleges Improper Holding of N. P. and G. N. Stock.

St. Paul, April 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Closing arguments in the matter now being heard by the United States circuit court, wherein E. H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce, as trustees for the Oregon Short Line, ask for permission to file an intervening petition in the Northern Securities case, were made before the court today. The court announced before adjournment yesterday that it would allow counsel one hour and fifteen minutes for further talks.

John G. Johnson, of Philadelphia, had the last word on behalf of the Northern Securities company, and W. D. Guthrie, of New York, closed for the Harriman side. It is believed that the court will take the matter under advisement and decide the case later.

Mr. Johnson, in beginning his argument on behalf of the Northern Securities company, said that Mr. Root had so completely stated the case yesterday that there was nothing more to say, but he said it was unfortunately necessary for counsel to do some talking as an evidence of good faith in earning their pay. He assailed Harriman's cause as a ridiculous effort, and with biting sentences of sarcasm referred to him as the eleventh-hour penitent, who came into court confessing his wrongdoing, and saying that he was ready to take his punishment, but wanted to tell the court how to administer that punishment. The doctrine of "constructive possession" of the affairs of the Northern Securities company was a new idea, but a very absurd one. He held Harriman up as the new champion of public interest, because he came in and demanded the right to intervene in order to conserve public interest.

"In order to get back the individual shares, which they claim they put into a common fund, because they allege that these shares are more valuable than others they bring in, this absurd cry of public interest," continued Mr. Johnson. "The shares Harriman put into this corporation have become merged, and their identity is lost, and who can identify them. Are there any earmarks on them to show which ones were put in by Harriman? There have been 1800 transfers of stock, and no one knows where the individual shares are. Now they raise this cry of public interest in order to get something to which they are not entitled.

"These parties have not the right to intervene, and there is no occasion for intervention, as Mr. Root so ably stated yesterday, the decree of this court requires absolute obedience when it says that the shares of Northern Securities company shall be distributed in an equitable manner. They, as shareholders, will participate in this division, but not as they desire. Where is the equity in such a request as that? Harriman induced others to come into this company to take share and share alike, and now when this partnership is to be wound up they want back their own, they don't want to accept a common division."

Mr. Johnson intimated that the purpose of this motion was simply to obtain delay. "Delays are dangerous," he argued. "They are dangerous beyond the possibility of expression. Delays involve the interests of hundreds of millions of dollars and the affairs of thousands of people. Delays will affect the markets of the world and will cause incalculable injury. Delays will cause hundreds of people to become frightened at the situation. They will rush off and sell their stocks and the Harrimans will buy them and there is where the danger lies."

Answering Mr. Ewart's argument that if the proposed plan of distribution was carried out, Mr. Hill and his associates will have a stronger control than before, Mr. Johnson quoted from the report of Secretary Nichols of the Northern Securities company, to the effect that Mr. Hill will have only 24.70 per cent of the Northern Pacific stock after the distribution.

"The plan we propose," he continued, "will give these shares to 3000 stockholders instead of concentrating them within the hands of a very few people."

He argued that the Securities company had bowed to the will of the court and had, in accordance with its decree, practically dissolved and asked wherein the court was justified in taking further action.

Passing to the fourth claim set up in the petition, Mr. Johnson ridiculed the plea that the proposed distribution was contrary to equity. He declared that the Union Pacific was wearing a false face, in pressing the question. Arguments on this point covered much of the ground gone over yesterday. He declared it was not equity to allow one or two men like Mr. Harriman to take what they wanted from the Securities stock pile and then permit several thousand other stockholders to walk up and take what is left.

Mr. Johnson quoted from Mr. Harriman's testimony before the court. He was asked if it was true he had sold his Northern Pacific stock to the Securities company. Mr. Harriman had replied emphatically three times that he had sold it to Mr. Morgan, which Mr. Johnson claimed makes it an out and out sale and not a transfer.

Mr. Johnson consumed his allotted time of an hour and a quarter.

William G. Guthrie followed in behalf of Mr. Harriman. "I wish to call special attention," said he, "to the fact that not one of the defendants has filed any affidavits or made any denial whatever of the claim made by us that if this distribution goes into effect, the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern will be in still closer control than ever before. The only form of denial they have made is to quote from the report of Secretary Nichols, to the effect that if distribution is made under the plan Mr. Hill will have left only 24 per cent.

"We all know that it is a common practice among bankers, financiers and brokers to hide ownership of stocks by making them over to clerks, friends and any one whom they can conveniently use for the purpose.

"I here offer, if I am allowed to examine the books of the Securities company, to trace every individual certificate of stock from its original issue to its present owner, no matter whether it has gone through a hundred transfers.

"If we are permitted to examine these books we can show that the effect of this plan of distribution is, and has been from the first, to perpetuate the control of Northern Pacific in the hands of Mr. Hill."

At this point Mr. Guthrie made the somewhat sensational charge that the Northern Securities company had increased its holdings since the decree was issued. Referring to Mr. Johnson's argument that the object of the action was to obtain delays, Mr. Guthrie exclaimed: "Why are they afraid of delay? There has been no competition between the Northern Pacific and Great Northern since 1896, and all of a sudden they are terribly worried. We want our Northern Pacific stock back. We do not want any Great Northern stock. It is the simplest thing to understand that if we are forced to take an interest in both, we will naturally not care for competition. If we take only Northern Pacific, we must have and will seek competition with the Great Northern."

Judge Sanborn asked as to the form of order desired.

Mr. Guthrie replied. "We ask that the permissive decree be made mandatory and that the court direct the distribution of the stock to original stockholders."

As Mr. Guthrie closed his argument, Elihu Root rose and, obtaining permission of the court, replied to the charge made by Mr. Guthrie that the defendants, Hill and Morgan, had individually acquired stock in the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads after the decree of the circuit court had been handed down. He said: "I think counsel hardly appreciates the gravity of the charge he has made. It means, if sustained, that these gentlemen have been guilty of criminal contempt of court. I am authorized to state that nether Mr. Hill nor Mr. Morgan has acquired one share of either of these stocks since the decree was handed down."

Mr. Guthrie, in a brief rejoinder, stated that the petitioners had nothing to go by except the records of the court and the testimony of the defendants, and if that were illegitimate he would apologize. If given an opportunity to prove what they believed to be true, he thought it would be disclosed that additional stock had been acquired, if not after at least on the eve of the decree, and in anticipation of it, so that the pro rata method of revision of assets might be furthered.

The court then announced that it would take the matter under advisement and adjourned until tomorrow.

ILLUMINATE SEA DEPTHS.

Novel Invention the Creation of a Genoan.

A writer for Pearson's Magazine, telling of the invention of Pino, the Genoan, says:

I cannot help envying the power possessed by my friend Pino—Engineer Cavaliere Pino, of Genoa, inventor. For he has the power to reveal all the secrets of the sea, to find all of the treasures that are hidden by the sea, and not only to find them, but to gather them. This because he has invented two machines—the one the hydroscope, which enables him to look down into the sea, and to examine the sea's bed as easily as you and I may examine an ordinary landscape through a telescope; the other, the elevator, which enables him to pick up any object at the bottom of the ocean.

And he has many other strings to his bow besides his hydroscope and his elevator. It is not too much to say that this young Italian engineer, whose work has already won the unqualified admiration and approval of the king of Italy, the government of Greece, the German emperor, the British admiralty and of several of the most important shipbuilders, salvage companies and fishing companies, is one of the greatest men of inventive genius of the present day.

His submarine boat is well known, having been thoroughly tested in the gulf of Genoa.

There is a story about the building of this now famous craft. Pino wished to test a breathing apparatus that he had designed. He ordered a coffin-shaped vessel to be built, and in this he caused himself to be lowered into the gulf of Genoa, after he and his apparatus had been hermetically sealed up. In case of danger, on a signal, his friends were at once to pull the coffin to the surface.

The minutes passed and no signal came. The friends grew anxious and decided to bring Pino into the fresh air. In great trepidation they raised the coffin's lid. There lay Pino, as lively as ever, but as angry as a bear. "You might have left me alone a little longer," he growled. "I was so happy down there, solving my problems!"

Since that day the inventor has been beneath the sea's surface many times, for his submarine proved on its first trial a complete success. He has made more than 150 descents in her, to depths greater than 500 feet, and many more descents to lesser depths.

He gives an eloquent description of the waters at the bottom of the Mediterranean.

"They are exquisitely beautiful," he says, "with wonderful rocks in places, rich vegetation here and there, and myriads of flowers and fish; there are flowers that look like fish and fish that look like flowers!

"A curious thing about the fish is this—there are different fish in each different stratum of water. At twenty yards' depth the fish are quite different from those at 200 yards. At certain depths the fish are as plentiful as the leaves of a forest in summer."

It was a vast amount of information that Pino gathered with the help of his submarine. And the more he studied the more convinced he became that it would be possible to construct an instrument that would allow an observer on the surface to peer into the sea's depths. Filling, as he did, the offices of manager and chief engineer of the Submarine Boat company, he had little leisure; yet within two years of his first rough plans the hydroscope was in being.

It appears to be simple enough, this wonderful instrument. So far as one can see, it consists of a long tube, fitted with various optical instruments at the end. The secret of the instrument lies within—in the mechanism that gives it the power to reflect objects lying at practically any depth in the water.

When the instrument is fitted to a ship an image of the water and the things therein beneath the ship can be thrown onto a screen on deck, so that a number of people at one time can see what is going on in the water beneath them. So the hydroscope, among its minor benefits, will give a new amusement to ocean travelers. The instrument, moreover, can be so adjusted that it will reflect not only objects lying beneath it, but those around and above, thus enabling a captain to keep an eye on the keel of his ship, or to examine the keel in case of accident, while steaming at full speed.

Cavaliere Pino is confident that his instrument is powerful enough to enable him to peer into the deepest depths of the sea. In case the water should prove too dense, however, and for use at night time, he has devised a new form of electric lamp, which will throw shafts of light to practically any depth.

Already Pino has brought up objects from the sea that have lain hidden from view for 2000 years, and this is a striking proof of his argument that treasures of all ages are to be picked up on the sea's bed. One must remember that no thorough exploration of the bottom of the sea has ever been carried out. The strongest of divers cannot descend so far as thirty yards into the sea; and so it is a rich, virgin harvest that awaits reaping, as Pino intends to reap it with his hydroscope and his elevator.

The treasures that Pino found that had been buried in the sea for 2000 years were brought to light off the Grecian coast, and Pino has now entered into an important contract with the Greek government to recover, at a big price, all the other treasures that he can find on the same spot, where innumerable statues and precious objects of art are known to have been sunk, after one of the sieges that laid ancient Athens low. Readers who follow Grecian politics will remember the recent great discussion in the parliament concerning this contract, a discussion which lasted, off and on, for twenty days.

The first public trial of Pino's first hydroscope was held on Jan. 25 last at Portofino. The minister of the Italian royal navy, who, like the king of Italy, has taken the greatest interest in all of Pino's inventions, put the Italian torpedo boat No. 1628 at his disposal, and deputed several naval officers to assist him in every way. There were present on the torpedo boat the inventor, the captain of the harbor at Portofino, several naval captains and engineers, two professors of science and two lawyers—all, except Cavaliere Pino, as skeptical as men could be.

The hydroscope was so fixed to the boat's side that it would throw onto a screen on the deck images of any objects in the sea that came within its range. Around this screen gathered the inventor and the skeptics. And they saw the bottom of the sea reflected as clearly as though no water intervened. They saw rocks, stones, shells, fish swimming in shoals and wonderful flowers. For hour after hour they gazed entranced at the pictures which the hydroscope unfolded to their view. And then, lest anyone should doubt that they had seen what they had seen, the two lawyers put their heads together and drew up a legal document describing the success of the experiment, and to this paper all present signed their names.

This document states that every one of the party on the torpedo boat had seen distinctly all the objects in the water beneath the boat, lying or moving, in their natural forms, colors and positions.

At the time of writing Dr. Iberti is arranging for more important trials of the hydroscope, to be carried out on a large steamer specially chartered for the work.

At the same trials Pino's wonderful elevator is to be tested, to prove that it can lift even the huge mass of a sunken ironclad.

Pino's elevator is almost as wonderful an instrument as the hydroscope. There have been many attempts before to perfect a ship-raising appliance, for during the last forty years between 300 and 4000 inventions with this object have been patented. But not one has proved a real success.

The figures with regard to shipwrecks prove what a vast fortune awaits Cavaliere Pino if his inventions can be used but for no purpose other than to raise the vessels that sink month by month. On an average 180 vessels of more than 500 tons sink every month. Last February no fewer than 563 ships went down, and only one has been recovered. The value of each ship lost, of about 500 tons, including cargo, amounts to hundreds of thousands of dollars, the cargoes, of course, often being of greater value than the ships. So there can never be lack of work for the hydroscope in locating sunken ships, or for the elevator in raising them.

The elevator takes the form of an entirely new species of submarine craft, but at present no more may be written about it than that it is unlike any lifting apparatus ever designed before, and that it is strong enough to lift the heaviest ironclad from the greatest depths.

Duluth Dancing Academy
Axa Bldg., 221-223 West Superior St.
Prof. Ourat will open a spring term for adult beginners, Tuesday, April 19th. Class will meet Tuesdays and Fridays thereafter.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

La Vida Corsets in white coutil, batiste, and plain or figured silk batiste.

"Magonnis" Gloves—Made of the finest skins obtainable, combining superior fitting qualities with excellence of workmanship. A complete assortment of the most desirable colors in suede and glace, at $1.50 and $2.00.

"The "Alexandre" Glove in all desirable shades—fully guaranteed and fitted, $1.50. Other gloves at $1.00.

"Kaysers" Silk or Lisle Gloves—Double tipped fingers—colors.

Hosiery and Underwear — Complete lines of "Onyx" Hosiery and "Harvard" Underwear.

Women's Traveling Bags, Dress Cases and Trunks.

Linen Dresses, Costumes and Shirt Waist Suits for women.

Linen Dresses and **Shirt Waist Suits for misses, girls** and children.

Linen Dresses for youngsters to 2, 3 and 4 years of age.

Girls' Dresses of Lawn, Organdie, etc.

Silk Coats for dressy wear — loose and fluffy — broad shoulders — shirred and braided—black and champagne.

Shower Coats for women.

Girls' and boys' Tam O'Shanters.

JM Gidding & Co
WOMENS OUTFITTERS

San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal., and Return, $50.00.

April 23rd to May 1st the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, account Methodist Episcopal Conference and Grocers' Convention, to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return for $50.00, good returning until June 30th. Stopovers allowed in both directions. Tickets are first-class and good on all trains, including Lake Superior and North Coast Limited. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street

Low Rates to the Southwest.

On March 15, April 5 and 19 the Great Northern railway will sell one-way tickets to nearly all points in Arkansas, Colorado, Indian territory, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico at half rates plus $2. For further information call on A. Brosted, Northern passenger agent, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Facts You Ought to Know.

1 Season tickets St. Paul or Minneapolis to St. Louis and return $25.50—Sixty-day ticket $21.35—Ten-day ticket $19.20.
2 Fair opens about May 1st, and closes December 1st.
3 Five daily trains to Chicago, each making close connections with St. Louis trains.
4 No extra charge to go via Chicago.
5 Tickets good on the Fast Mail and Pioneer Limited electric-lighted trains.
6 Full information about rates, routes and acommodations will be cheerfully furnished on application to,
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A.,
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.,
St. Paul, Minn.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Frank Szaroletta and Vyronika Loura Mituczak.
Royale C. Bruen and Elizabeth Morgan.
Paul G. Curtis and Rose Baldwin.
A. L. Hulstrum and Emily Sophia Traff.

DEATHS.

FIROVED—Mrs. C. G. Firoved, aged 28 years, died Tuesday morning at St. Luke's hospital. She leaves a husband and three children. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from Stewart's undertaking rooms. Services will also be held at 2:30 o'clock from the Norwegian Lutheran church. Interment will be made at Forest Hill cemetery.

BUILDING PERMITS.

F. O. Olson, frame dwelling on Coates street, to cost .....$ 900

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

BOARD AND ROOM IN MODERN house. Large, nicely furnished rooms. Location central. Address W 89, Herald.

YOUR BASEMENT IS FULL

POSSIBLY OF ODDS AND ENDS THAT A FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS AD WILL CLEAR OUT. Here's a Hint.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$7500 —Will buy house, with city water and sewer, lot 75x140 feet. 424 West Second street.

$5500 —For house, 22 West Fifth street—lot 100x140 feet.

$12,000 —131 East Second St., modern house and barn, 125 feet front on Second street.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First National Bank Building.

Store Room For Rent.

Best location in the city. Basement in Columbus block under Gidding's store. Two fronts, Superior and Michigan streets.

A few desirable offices are still vacant. Both hot and cold water and elevator service furnished. Inquire at store or W. M. Prindle & Co.

FOR RENT.

Offices in Manhattan building. Also a large store on Michigan street. Will remodel to suit tenant.

WHITNEY WALL, Palladio bldg

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, WORK of any kind around the house. N 45, Herald.

MARRIED MAN, WITH A SMALL family, would like job watching camp for summer. Best references. W 99, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WISHES POSITION AS stenographer. Thoroughly competent and can furnish best of references. Will leave city. J 69, Herald.

WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN WORK of any kind in the city. K 67, Herald.

COMPETENT MALE STENOGRAPHER, one years' experience, 23 years old, high school graduate, also assistant bookkeeper, wants position at once. H 36, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELING salesman; experienced and references. E 88, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY FIRST-CLASS coachman. Address 812 East Second street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS COACHMAN by single man of 30, of good habits. Experienced. E 99, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE AS CHEF COOK IN hotel or cafe, in country town; strictly sober and business. No. 111 West Second street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED BY EXPERIENCED LADY, position as stenographer. Address W 95, Herald.

WANTED—BY A COLORED WOMAN, day work. Address 24½ East First St.

WANTED — CARPETS TO BEAT AND storm windows to take off, etc. E 29, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK OF ANY kind by the day; good references. Address M 67, Herald.

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF PLAIN sewing, shirt waists, underclothes and children's clothing. Call 230 West Fourth street, upstairs.

WOMAN WANTS A PLACE TO WORK by the day, washing, ironing, scrubbing or cleaning. Address J 38, Herald office.

WOMAN WANTS DAY WORK—CLEANing, washing. E 98, Herald.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—LARGE BARN, $1 PER month. Inquire 227 East Fourth street.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. M. HENricksen Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1255.

BRADLEY, MODISTE,

HAS RETURNED FROM THE FASHion centers, and is prepared to do high-class dressmaking. Investigate our club plan. Phoenix block.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 322 West First street.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED—I AM STARTING a chicken farm and incubating business and want a partner with $500 to take an active part in the management. I will furnish all buildings. Address Charles Ahrens, Brainerd, Minn.

CASH FOR REAL ESTATE OR BUSiness, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, X 312 Bank of Commerce Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$550 50-foot lot on Fourth street, near Seventh avenue West.
$725 Beautiful five-room cottage in good condition; one-quarter cash —Duluth Heights.
$850 Six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; two full lots; monthly payments.
$1200 100-foot corner, Eighth avenue West and Fourth street. Best bargain in the city.

We have a lot on Piedmont avenue West. Will build a house to suit purchaser and sell on monthly payments. Look this up.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A FIRST-class trouser maker. M. L. Parker.

WANTED—SALESMAN TO CALL ON doctors; gilt edge proposition. Jordan, 406 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — TWO COAT AND ONE pants and vest maker. Peter Fugina, Grand Rapids, Minn.

WANTED — ONE OR TWO COAT-makers, at once. Janzig, Hunter block.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid. Mrs. D. H. Costello, 5 Adams flats.

WANTED—COATMAKER, 103 LAKE avenue south. Nelson & Jackson.

WANTED — MAN TO REPRESENT reliable house in portion of Minnesota. Sample distributor; permanent position; salary and expenses; chance for promotion; references. Address Ed Winner, Star building, Chicago.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY — Able-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

COMPETENT MEN AND BOYS MAY be secured gratis through employment dept. Y. M. C. A., for office, store or other work; reliable information on file regarding applicants. Zenith 'phone 70.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers in every state and county; new patent; quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

WANTED—COMPETENT MAN TAILOR for our ladies' tailoring dept. Freimuth's.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COAT MAKERS steady work. Meis.

WANTED — A GOOD RAILROAD stenographer. Address "Good," Evening Herald.

WANTED — 1000 MEN AND WOMEN to learn the way to industrial liberty and freedom from grafters, trusts and corporations. Hear Rev. Carl D. Thompson at Odd Fellows hall. Lake avenue north, this Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. Admission, 10 cents.

WILL TEACH YOU TELEGRAPHY evenings and assist you to position. $8 per month. Address 924 East Fifth St.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TO RENT — ONE LARGE or two small rooms; man and wife, one child, 3 years; East End preferred. J 58, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT — THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping; centrally located. L 45, Herald.

FOUR ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEkeeping, centrally located. J 37, Herald.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1707-8 West Michigan St., New phone, 318; old, 705-3.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 707 Palladio.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, 2813 West Third street. Leader of orchestra. Zenith 'phone 606.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE.

AND MASSEUR WILL GIVE MASSAGE at your home. Mrs. Thompson, care of room 16, Phoenix block.

CONFINEMENT CASES AND GENERal nursing solicited by experienced, professional nurse. Ladies desiring massage treated at their homes. 724 East Third street.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. Phone 510; residence 'phone 1088. J. N. Wilson.

FURNITURE HOSPITAL.

J. UNDERWOOD, UPHOLSTERER AND chair caner. 227 East Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory. 220 W. Superior St.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street. Duluth; 919 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Elnsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT gives readings daily to ladies and gentlemen, 1832 Eleventh street, Superior, Wis. Hours, 10 to 12 and 3 to 9. Zenith, 4250.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Two lots on East Superior street, the very best location, one on the upper side and one on the lower.

Five-room house in West Duluth as good as new for **$500.**

One of the best houses in West Duluth, centrally located, for **$1500**—house cost $2000 to build; also a barn on the lot.

One 6-room house and one 8-room house in West Duluth **$1050** each.

Corner Twenty-eighth avenue west and Superior street—a bargain for **$2100.**

Ten lots on Twenty-third avenue west practically at your own price.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Providence Building.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1423 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1109 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK. APply Mrs. L. S. Loeb, 1123 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NORWEGIAN girl for general housework. Small family. Call 1032 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in private boarding house. 222 Third avenue west.

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD CASHIER and dining room girl for restaurant. Address W 91, Herald.

WANTED—AT 10 WEST SECOND street, first-class second girl and an experienced good cook. None other need apply.

WANTED—DISHWASHER, 620 WEST Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. 31 West Second street.

WOMEN TO SEW AT HOME. PLAIN sewing only. Steady work, good pay. No materials to buy and sent every-where free. Send reply envelope for particulars and wages we pay. Du Pont Company, Dept. W. D. Z., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Address 16 East Second St.

WANTED — GIRL, 123 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SEAMstress. 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Highest wages to good girl. 1428 East First street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 313 West Third street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply mornings at 725 East Third street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 507 West Second street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and girls, for general housework can always find reliable places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. Siebold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 226 East Third street.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL, AT 30 W. Second street, to assist with cooking.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1210 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at Herald office between 12 and 2 o'clock.

COOKS, DINING-ROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL—2031 JEFFERson street. Call afternoons.

ATTENTION, LADIES! EARN $20 PER 100 writing short letters from copy. Address stamped envelope for particulars. Albion Specialty Co., Albion, Mich.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-B. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $300. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.
Old 'phone 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Brokers, 413½ W. Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith, 761.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SEALSKINS, fur garments, shotguns and rifles. We have a moth-proof vault for furs and hold all goods one year. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN — ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTEED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

UPHOLSTERING.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th st. Zenith phone 1249-C. Old, 741-R.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

FOR SALE CHEAP—BEDS—2010 WEST Superior street.

FOR SALE — 500 WAGONS OF ALL kinds, at L. Hammel Co.'s, 300-308 East First street.

FOR SALE—LEATHER TOP RUBBER-tired buggy for sale cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio bldg.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS SHOE shelving. Call Fifth Avenue Clothing store.

FOR SALE—LIGHT DRIVING MARE and seated buggy, at a bargain, if taken at once. Frank Coulter, 618 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—EXTRAORDINARY CHEAP lot on Sixteenth avenue east and Fifth street. City water and gas, only half cash, $425. George H. Crosby, Providence building.

FOR SALE—THIS IS YOUR CHANCE—Closing out all framed and sheet pictures at cost at Temple Art store. 211 East Superior street.

FOR SALE OR RENT, IN THE CITY—Horses. Red Cliff Lumber company, barn, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE — LARGE HOTEL RANGE, almost new. Duluth Stove Repair works, 217 East Superior street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THREE NICE lots and one five-room cottage, furnished. Bay side, Minnesota avenue Park Point, cheap. Inquire of D. D. McInnis, 505 Palladio.

FOR SALE — NO. 3 PORTABLE HUBbard oven and counters 207 West Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP — BRAND NEW wagon. Inquire 520 West First street.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD GOODS; good chance to start housekeeping, cheap. 3810 West Third street, upstairs.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue West, city.

FOR SALE—25 BY 140-FOOT LOT ON upper side of Second street west of Twelfth avenue east, lies fine. Only $900. Will sell fifty feet for $1900. George H. Crosby, Providence building.

Herald want ads. even bring you neighbors. Probably that family that moved in next door the other day secured the house through these classified ads.

When you really get in earnest about it you will lose no more time in putting a want ad. in these columns.

When you go hunting around for a "To Let" sign to place in the window of that house it shows that you are not in a hurry to secure a tenant. When you get in a hurry you will advertise it.

Few messages that are delivered to thousands fail to interest SOME. That's why Herald want ads. pay.

Tenants outnumber landlords ten to one; and the one landlord can find the ten tenants through ten want ads.

MEDICAL BATTERIES, $4 TO $80—CALL up 4617 and I will show you sample. F. B. Jordan.

FOR SALE—SIDEBOARD, HALL TREE and ice box. 232 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—$1200 BUYS 50 BY 100 FEET on Eighteenth avenue east, near First street. Beautiful lot. $2000 buys 100 by 100 same location. Fine flat site. George H. Crosby.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS ARrived today, April 7. Evan Johnson, 2008 West Helm.

$950.00, ALL CASH OR ONE-HALF CASH balance at 6 per cent, buys 50x76, Eighth avenue east, next to alley and Third street. Great snap. Buy quick. Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

FOR SALE—OAK CENTER TABLE, iron bed, spring, sofa, rocking chair, Morris chair, all cheap. Enquire flat "G," Buffalo flats.

WALNUT ORGAN, $10; $4 CASH AND $2 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—$750—TWO LOTS ON SEVenth street near Tenth avenue east, with five-room house somewhat out of repair. E. D. Field Co., 304 Exchange building.

PIANO CASED ORGAN, $90, WORTH $195; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—TWO BUGGIES AND ONE light wagon. 412 West Third street.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND LONG lease of twelve-room house; very central. E 89, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR ROOM. Purchaser can also secure room. 319 Lowell block.

LARGE OAK UPRIGHT PIANO, $185, almost new; rented for six months; fine tone and action. French & Bassett.

$1650 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE. SUITable for two families. Center of city. 217 Pittsburg avenue, first street above Fifth street, $550 for lot twenty-five feet, on Jefferson street. $900 for lot on Minnesota avenue. J. W. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

HANDSOME WALNUT FINISH UPright piano, $165; almost new; sweet tone; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—GOOD KITCHEN RANGE—10 West Second street.

USED UPRIGHT PIANO, $95; GOOD condition; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

LARGE WALNUT ORGAN, $20; $5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. (Continued.)

FOR SALE—$1500 TAKES 50x150 UPPER side London road, near Sixteenth avenue East. Geo. H. Crosby.

JUST RECEIVED — A CARLOAD OF general purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE on Seventeenth street, Park Point, cheap. Inquire W. N. Tucker, 212 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—ONE OHIO STEEL RANGE nearly new; one three-burner gas stove. Call forenoons. 101 West Fifth street.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

CAMPERS AND EXPLORERS BETTER look at Polrier & Nordstrom's new camp stove, nothing better. We also keep on making anything in canvas, tent awnings, packsacks, sails, anything you want. Polrier & Nordstrom, 101 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Minorcas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone, 1167. 421 East Second street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT. 222 South Seventieth avenue west.

FOR SALE—ONE LUMBER WAGON and one heavy double harness. 733 West Michigan street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

FOR SALE—FEED BUSINESS. GOOD chance for right man with small capital. 733 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE — $110 COLBY UPRIGHT piano, fine condition. 15 East Superior street. Room 4, upstairs.

FOR SALE — MAHOGANY PARLOR bric-a-brac cabinet, full French plate mirror back, inclosed curio cabinet, also quarter-sawed oak round dining table, pedestal style of ten feet extension, six dining chairs and large arm chair to match. Call forenoons and evenings. 1508 East Third street.

FOR SALE—SIDEBOARD, HALL TREE and steel range. 232 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE AND COUNter in good condition. 5714 Wadena street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—TIMBER CLAIMS.

FOR SALE — SMALL TRACTS OF land suitable for truck garden and chicken farms, within and outside the city limits. Handy to the best produce and egg market in the world. Large tracts of land for sale at waydown prices, within a few miles of the city limits. Intending purchasers inquire of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

PERSONAL.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN, AGE 30, DEsires correspondence with lady of education and refinement. Box 45, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical, Co. Philada., Pa.

WARRY — WEALTH AND BEAUTY — Marriage directory free. Pay when married. Entirely new plan; send no money. Address H. A. Horton, Dept. 629, Tekonsha, Mich.

ERNEST GOERING WILL CONFER A favor by leaving his address at The Herald office, addressed to J 54.

MRS. MITCHELL, ALL KINDS OF crochet work done. 23 Eleventh avenue west.

MIDDLE-AGED WIDOW WOULD marry a good-looking man. Quite good housekeeper. Only refined men of means need answer. E 93, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—WHITE FEMALE FRENCH poodle. Return to 17 Seventh avenue west.

LOST—FROM PACKAGE MONDAY AFternoon, on Fourth or Second street, black silk skirt. Return to 203 Exchange building.

FOUND — TWO GENTS' BICYCLES. Owner can have same at P. S. Johnson's shoe shop, 508 North Fifty-fifth avenue west, by identifying and paying for this advertisement.

MOVING.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., local agents, Minneapolis, or call on the Duluth Van & Storage Co.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street, Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—All modern conveniences. Inquire 8 Phoenix block.

FOR RENT—AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, furnished, bath room, hot water heat; will rent from May 1 until Nov. 1. Old telephone 421-R.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED PLEASANT six-room house, well located in East End. Address U 58, Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK HOUSE hot water heat, basement. 1510 East Fourth street. Vacant May 1. 978 Zenith 'phone.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES on Park Point for the summer. Unfurnished cottage for the summer. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $60 per month, 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN AL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Inquire 8 Phoenix block.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 714 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT—TWO VERY PLEASANT unfurnished rooms, centrally located, with good bath. Address C. S., Herald.

FOR RENT — CHEAP — ONE OR TWO large rooms on second floor for storage purposes. Address J 56, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 626 West Third St.

FOR RENT—MODERN, FURNISHED room with alcove; $8 per month. 315 Eleventh avenue east.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, FURnished for housekeeping, cheap; West End. Address J 55, Herald.

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT UNfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. City water, $11 per month. 804 East Third street.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE, MODERN furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen; gas, bath and furnace heat; use of 'phone. 113 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of 'phone. M 100, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS. 312 EAST Ninth street.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED or furnished rooms. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM for light housekeeping. 19 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE AND FOUR rooms; new brick flats; water and light. 304-308 St. Croix avenue. John Holleran.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, WATER sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—MODERN FRONT ROOM and alcove, for light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM, light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front room. All modern conveniences. 207 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 126 E. FIRST ST.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT, 20 East Fourth street, $12. Four-room flat, 302 West Fourth street, $16.

FOR RENT — FOUR-ROOM FLAT, $12 Inquire 704 East Second street.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR OF house and flats, at 638 Garfield avenue. Dr. J. M. Robinson, 7 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—MODERN FOUR-ROOM flat, $16. 302 West Fourth street.

SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, STEAM HEAT, strictly modern, centrally located. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Chas. A. Stark, Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS— FOUR ROOMS, $13, $14, $15. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE, 125 EAST SUPErior street. (Opposite city hall).

FOR RENT — THE FINE BRICK storeroom, 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent Bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

STORE ROOM, NO. 130 WEST MICHIgan street, suitable for commission or jobbing, 7000 square feet of floor space Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SMALL SPACE IN STORE. 3 West Superior street.

ONE-HALF OF STORE FOR RENT—12 by 60. Inquire 629 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE. 521 West Superior street, for barber or employment office.

BOARD OFFERED.

TABLE BOARD—123 WEST SECOND ST.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 211 West Second street.

TABLE BOARD—10 WEST SECOND ST.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

BOARD AND ROOM. 231 W. Second St.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOMS AND board for gentleman and two sons, aged 13 and 17. East End preferred. Address U 59, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, INSTRUCTOR IN state normal school, desires board and room in private family. Address F. H., Evening Herald.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

STORAGE.

SLEIGHS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, etc. Call on Duluth Van & Storage Co.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

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ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 210 W. Sup. St.

MARIE GENSON, HAIR DRESSING and manicuring. Massage treatment. Ladies only. 225 Mesaba avenue. Old 'phone 628-L.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, mgr., 623 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1904. Work—Third degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evening of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 25th, 1904. Work—First degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, April 13, 1904. Work—M. M. degree. Joseph D. Threinh, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18 K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave April 12, at 4 p. m. Work—Red Cross and Temple degrees. Dinner at 6 p. m. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall financier.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 106, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Pentermacher, recorder. O. J. Murveld, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Thesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First," Tuesday, April 12. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday in every month at Kalamazoo hall. F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES, DULUTH AERIE, NO. 78, MEETS every Thursday, at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 411, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2809 West Helm St.; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 East Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President, Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Jchie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 15th. Good time is assured. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 20.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8:00 o'clock. GEO. L. HARGRAVES, Archon; L. F. MURRAY, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

12 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

JAPANESE SINK RUSSIAN TORPEDO BOAT WITH ALL ON BOARD; BATTLESHIP POBIEDA STRIKES A MINE BUT ESCAPES INJURY

FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS ACCEPT MINE THEORY FOR LOSS OF BATTLESHIP PETROPAVLOVSK

Acting on That Belief, Condolences Are Sent to the Czar From France, Germany and Italy.

Paris, April 14.—President Loubet today telegraphed to Emperor Nicholas, his profound condolences on the disaster to the Petropaviovsk and the death of Vice Admiral Makaroff. This dispatch, together with those of Emperor William and the king of Italy, sent yesterday, is regarded here as significant of the acceptance of the European governments that the sinking of the Petropavlovsk was due to an accident and did not occur during a battle with the Japanese ships. The officials say condolences over the result of a battle might involve questions of neutrality, whereas condolences over an accident do not involve neutrality.

Prior to the sending of M. Loubet's telegram the French embassy at St. Petersburg had received an official assurance that the accident was due to the Petropavlovsk striking a mine which had become loosened from its moorings during the recent storm. Some special dispatches received here assert that the Japanese torpedoed the Petropavlovsk but the officials accept the Russian version of the sinking of the battleship.

Foreign Minister Delcasse called at the Russian embassy today and personally expressed his deep sympathy.

Although without specific advices, the officials here say Vice Admiral Makaroff's successor probably will be Vice Admiral Skrydloff, the commander of the Black sea fleet, or Rear Admiral Rojestvensky, in command of the Baltic squadron. The former shared Makaroff's reputation for energy and fighting ability, and recently visited the emperor, who hesitated between Makaroff and Skrydloff. However, the Matin correspondent at St. Petersburg says, Admiral Rojestvensky will succeed Admiral Makaroff.

OPERATIONS ON LAND

Will Follow the Russian Disaster at Sea.

New York, April 14.—There is practical unanimity of opinion here that the loss of the Petropavlovsk and the death of Admiral Makaroff will mark the commencement of active operations on land, says a London dispatch to the Herald. In discussing the probabilities the Daily Telegraph expert says:

"I certainly shall be surprised if the day of death of the admiral does not become a historic date from which a rapid change in the development of the land campaign will hereafter reckon. It is almost certain that Makaroff's death will be the signal, first, for the blockading up of Port Arthur with loaded merchant ships, for which the Japanese have been so carefully preparing, and immediately afterward for a combined naval and military attack upon Port Arthur."

TOKIO HEARS THE NEWS

Pleased With Results But Sorry For Makaroff.

Tokio, April 14.—The first intimation of the result of Vice Admiral Togo's seventh attack upon Port Arthur reached Tokio at 8 a. m., in a telegram to the Associated Press, who promptly communicated it to official circles. The news was received with intense satisfaction, particularly the reported destruction of the battleship Petropavlovsk. There was a note of regret however, in the comment upon the reported death of Admiral Makaroff, for the Ruslan admiral commanded the respect of his opponents and the Japanese admired the manner in which he had rehabilitated the fleet after the first attacks upon Port Arthur, and the splendid fight he was making against odds. The navy department expects advices from Vice Admiral Togo tonight. It is known that he left the vicinity of Port Arthur yesterday to return to an unknown base and it is expected that he will reach telegraphic communication tonight.

The Bezstrashni Separated From Rest of Fleet.

Togo Has Not Reported on Sea Engagement.

Japanese Claim to Have Mined the Harbor.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—It was officially announced today that the torpedo-boat destroyer Bezstrashni was cut off from the rest of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur and sunk by the Japanese, that her crew was lost and that the battleship Pobieda accidentally struck a mine while maneuvering, but was able to return to the harbor without loss of life.

Tokio, April 14.—A brief report from Rear Admiral Uriu of Wednesday's fighting off Port Arthur, reached the navy department this afternoon. It says Vice Admiral Togo's fleet attacked Port Arthur in the morning and succeeded in sinking a battleship of the Petropavlovsk class and one torpedo-boat destroyer. The Japanese sustained no losses. One Japanese was wounded. A detailed report of the engagement is expected hourly.

Chee Foo, April 14.—It has been learned from Japanese sources here that the attack on the Russian Port Arthur fleet of yesterday morning was planned and put into effect in the following manner:

At daylight the Japanese torpedo boats made a demonstration before the port and at the same time laid mines across the outer entrance to the harbor. They then retired and joined the main squadron. The squadron then advanced and as it drew near the Russian ships were seen coming out. The battleship Petropavlovsk struck one of the mines laid by the Japanese torpedo boats and was destroyed.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—Rear Admiral Prince Ouktomsky wires from Port Arthur today that the Bezstrashni, one of the Russian torpedo-boat destroyers sent out during the night to reconnoitre, became separated from the rest of the fleet, owing to the bad weather prevailing, was surrounded by Japanese torpedo-boat destroyers and was sunk in the fight. Five men were saved.

Admiral Ouktomsky adds: "I have taken command provisionally of the fleet since the disaster to the Petrovpavlovsk.

"During some maneuvering of the battleship squadron the Pobieda struck against a mine amidships on the starboard side. She was able to regain port by herself. No one on board of her was killed or wounded."

SORROWFUL BUT STILL CONFIDENT.

Russians Meet Dreadful Calamity With Fortitude.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—With bowed heads but with unshaken hearts the Russians met the dreadful calamity of yesterday. Sorrow for the loss, but undiminished confidence in ultimate victory is the note struck by this morning's papers. An editorial in the Russ may be taken as voicing the national feeling. "Let us," it reads, "remain calm. It is a black day, but we have been struck by blind fate, not by the enemy."

The people sat up all of last night awaiting further details of the catastrophe and news of the result of Rear Admiral Prince Ouktomsky's encounter with the Japanese fleet, and this morning hurried out in a raging snow storm to scan the bulletin boards, but nothing further had come. The Associated Press is authoritatively informed that the dispatches given out last night were in the text as originally received, and represented the sum total of the emperor's advices. The emperor himself directed that every word should be published. The meagerness of the telegrams is attributed to the confusion due to the death of Vice Admiral Marakoff.

Not until 10 o'clock this morning had fresh news reached the Winter palace, and then in the form of a voluminous cipher telegram, which was immediately sent to the admiralty to be deciphered. This may take a long time, and it is doubtful whether its contents will be given out before late in the afternoon.

In the opinion of the emperor's advisers, the Petropavlovsk disaster occurred yesterday morning about 7 o'clock. It was presumed that Vice Admiral Marakoff had sailed out from Port Arthur on the previous day to locate the enemy, and had been cruising all night when he sighted the enemy, giving pursuit until the Japanese reinforcements appeared, and then putting back for the shelter of the guns of Port Arthur. This explains the second sentence in Rear Admiral Grigorovitch's telegram, "Our squadron was under Golden hill."

From private advices it is learned that Grand Duke Boris was standing on Golden hill watching his brother's ship when the catastrophe occurred. Not a single paper here has a special telegram from Port Arthur this morning.

The Associated Press is informed that Chairman Doubassof of the technical board of the admiralty is more likely to succeed Vice Admiral Makaroff than Rear Admiray Rojestvensky. Doubassof is one of the heroes of the Russo-Turkish war, and with Makaroff helped to blow up the Turkish fleet in the Black sea.

It transpires that the first person to hear of Marakoff's death was his widow, who received a private telegram. She was on her way to St. Petersburg to see the admiral's brother, an officer of the guards, when the emperor's aide-de-camp reached her residence at Peterhof with the message from his majesty breaking the news and condoling with her. The admiral's brother returned with her to Peterhof. She was so prostrated with grief that she took to her bed. It is reported by those who went to see the widow that they found the whole town talking of nothing else but the loss of their beloved Stepan Osipovich, the patronymic of Marakoff. The admiral's house was silent and darkened, and the eyes of the sailor orderly at the door were red with weeping.

The late Vice Admiral Makaroff leaves, in addition to a daughter, Lillie, who is 18 years of age and is known as the belle of Cronstadt, an 11-year-old son to whom he frequently wrote and telegraphed. His last message was dated April 13, and conveyed his Easter greetings. The deceased admiral added that he was passing Easter evening on board a gunboat stationed at the mouth of the harbor.

HAVE NOT HEARD

Result of Sea Engagement If There Was One.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—What has been the issue of the combat between Rear Admiral Ouktomsky and the Japanese fleet, or whether a fight has actually taken place, is not known in St. Petersburg. At 2:30 o'clock this morning the commission of censors adjourned, after announcing that no further news had been communicated.

The Official Messenger received a dispatch at 4:30 o'clock from Prince Ouktomsky, but whether it was sent before his departure in pursuit of the Japanese fleet, or after his return, the editor of that journal does not know. In any event the action of Prince Ouktomsky is considered daring in the extreme. With him are only one battleship and three cruisers and the torpedo boats, and it is quite possible that he planned to retire to the shelter of Port Arthur if the Japanese ships, which he endeavored to overtake, outnumbered him.

Despite official and private dispatches the belief continues that many details of the catastrophe to the Petropavlovsk have been concealed by the admiralty. The reinforcement of the enemy was the controlling reason for Makaroff's return to Port Arthur, but a factor in this decision also is undoubtedly the plan of campaign not to engage a superior force or run the risk of damage to his ships, but to wait patiently for the arrival of the Baltic squadron.

It is suggested that the presence of Grand Duke Cyril may have influenced Vice Admiral Makaroff to retire to Port Arthur, in order not to expose the possible heir to the throne to the danger of a battle.

MAKAROFF WAS RETURNING

When Battleship Was Blown Out of Water.

Paris, April 14.—The correspondent of the Matin at St. Petersburg sends the following:

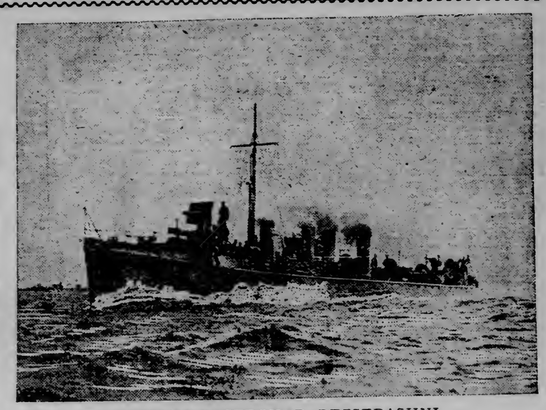
"A high personage at court has given me the details received by the emperor, according to which Vice Admiral Makaroff went out on the Petropavlovsk to ascertain the position of the Japanese fleet. After he had been out for an hour he saw several vessels which retired. Shortly afterwards he perceived the Japanese squadron of thirty vessels, and not being strong enough to attack, he returned to Port Arthur. When two miles outside the entrance an explosion literally hurled the battleship out of the water, completely overturning her. Grand Duke Cyril, five other officers and a couple of score of men alone managed to swim to land.

"Vice Admiral Makaroff's plan of campaign was lost with him.

"Grand Duke Cyril is suffering only from slight contusions.

"It is not known whether the catastrophe was due to a floating mine, or to a Japanese submarine vessel. The Japanese certainly witnessed the catastrophe."

RUSSIAN DESTROYER SUNK BY JAPS.



RUSSIAN DESTROYER BEZSTRASHNI,
Cut Off From Russian Fleet at Port Arthur and Sunk By the Japs.

BATTLESHIP STRUCK A DRIFTING MINE

Admiral Stark Says All Harbor Mines Are Fired From Shore.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—Vice Admiral Stark, formerly in command of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur, in an interview today, is quoted as saying:

"In my opinion the Petropavlovsk struck one of the contact mines laid off Cape Liao Shan, but which had been torn from its moorings by the terrible storms prevailing last week, and which drifted under the stress of the south gales into the roadstead. It could not have been a mine laid near the entrance of the harbor, because the latter are not contact mines, but are fired by electric wires from the shore."

In naval circles there are those who believe the explosion was internal and not external. The word used in the official dispatch literally means "upset," which is equivalent to turned turtle. In support of the theory of an internal explosion, it is declared that the bodies of the victims were fearfully burned, some reports saying that Vice Admiral Makaroff was blown to pieces.

The loss of life involved in the tragedy is more serious than supposed, it being learned that Makaroff's whole naval staff was on board the Petropavlovsk.

Among the stories current, but from what source it comes is not known, is one to the effect that Makaroff was sitting in his state room with Rear Admiral Molas, his chief of staff, when the ship was blown up.

Alarming reports prevail regarding Grand Duke Cyril's condition. It is said that he is in a high fever, aggravated by shock, which it is feared may bring about a crisis. The members of his family are greatly disturbed. The wounded grand duke is exceedingly popular and is heir to the throne after Grand Duke Michael, the emperor's brother, it being generally understood that Grand Duke Vladimir, Cyril's father, would wave his rights in his son's favor.

THIRTY-ONE MEN WERE KILLED BY EXPLOSION ON THE MISSOURI

Believed That Awful Catastrophe Was Caused By Fire Blowing Back and Igniting Powder.

Pensacola, Fla., April 14.—Two more ordinary seamen who were injured in the terrible explosion on board the battleship Missouri at target practice yesterday are dead. There is also one man of the turret crew missing. It is the general opinion that he was either blown overboard or else escaped from the turret and jumped overboard, being crazy with pain and excitement. Expert turret officers of the vessels in port say that the explosion was the result of a blow back, knows as the wind blowing the flames back from the muzzle of the gun and through the open breach, thus igniting the powder charge being hoisted. Capt. Cowles and Lieut. Hammer, the ordnance officer, had taken extra precautions against such an accident, realizing that such could occur, and for three days no firing with the larger pieces was done on account of the wind being from off shore. Finally yesterday morning it shifted, and it was deemed safe to commence firing. Lieut. Hammer had remained in the turret watching the firing until the first string of shots had been fired in rapid succession. He thought from his observations that it was safe to allow the continuation at rapid firing, and left the turret to consult with the target expert on board on the matter. Only three shots of the second string had been fired when the explosion occurred. So rapid was the gun being fired that it is thought some of the fire remained in the barrel and that when powder was hoisted it ignited.

Officers of the vessel differ in their opinion as to the cause of the explosion, but it is probable that the exact cause will never be known, as there were no survivors among the turret crew. The board of inquiry which was convened yesterday afternoon is still in session and will not come to any finding for several days. Impressive ceremonies were conducted over the graves of the twenty-six seamen this afternoon at the national cemetery at the navy yard. The Missouri moved down the harbor this morning to a point near the yard, and at noon the twenty-six bodies were brought ashore. At 2 o'clock the funeral procession moved to the cemetery, where hundreds of officers and blue-jackets were present, and the remains were interred. The bodies of the five dead officers are being held here awaiting advices as to the burial or shipment home.

Washington, April 14.—The president has contributed the sum of $100 and the secretary of the navy a like sum as the nucleus of a fund for the relief of the dependent next of kin of enlisted men who lost their lives in the disaster on the Missouri.

The money has been placed in the hands of Paymaster General P. T. B. Harris, U. S. N., chief of the bureau of supplies and accounts, who has been constituted the custodian of the fund and who will disburse it under the direction of the bureau of navigation for the benefit of such dependents.

Paymaster General Harris has been authorized to receive any other contributions that may be made for that purpose.

Secretary Moody today sent the following telegram to Rear Admiral Barker at Pensacola, commander in chief of the North Atlantic fleet:

"I learn with profound sorrow of the irreparable loss to your fleet, the navy and the country of the faithful and gallant officers and men who met death while in the discharge of their duties. Will you convey to the fleet my deepest sympathy."

The president accompanied his check for $100 with the following letter to Secretary Moody:

"My Dear Mr. Secretary: May I send through you this contribution to be used for the dependent kinsfolk of the enlisted men who have just been killed on board the Missouri? Under the conditions of modern warfare in order efficiently to prepare for war, risk must be run similar in kind, though not in degree to the risk run in battle, and these men have died for their country as much as if the ship had been in action against the enemy.

"Sincerely yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The president also has sent the following telegram to Rear Admiral Barker:

"Am inexpressibly grieved and shocked at the terrible catastrophe. I desire to express to you and the officers and men under you, my profound grief and sympathy."

Washington, April 14.—Upon his arrival at the navy department today, Secretary Moody gave orders that arrangements be made for the free transportation of all bodies of officers and men killed on the battleship Missouri yesterday. If it is found there is no fund available for this purpose, a request will be made of congress for a special appropriation.

It is said at the navy department that Rear Admiral French E. Chadwick, commander-in-chief of the South Atlantic squadron, who has been made president of the court of inquiry which will investigate the disaster, probably will convene the court today.

Mr. Quesada, the Cuban minister, called at the state department early today to offer the sympathy of President Palma to the Washington government for the catastrophe on the battleship Missouri.

The following cablegram was received today by the secretary of the navy from the British admiralty:

"The board of admiralty desire to express their sympathy and condolence on the occasion of the gun accident on board the Missouri and their great regret over the loss of life of officers and men."

London, April 14.—Lord Selborne, first lord of the admiralty, sent a representative to the United States embassy today to express sympathy in behalf of the admiralty with the United States government on the accident on board the battleship Missouri yesterday.

Capt. Prince Louis of Battenberg, in his capacity as director of naval intelligence, also telegraphed to the United States naval attache, Capt. Charles H. Stockton, as follows:

"We are deeply distressed and grieved at the terrible accident on the Missouri and the loss of so many gallant brother seamen."

APPEAL FROM CLANCY.

Further Litigation In Minnie Healy Mine Suit.

Helena, Mont., April 14.—Attorneys for the Amalgamated Copper company today filed in the supreme court of appeals from the decision of Judge Clancy at Butte awarding title to the noted Minnie Healy mine to Heinze. It is said that as soon as possible the Amalgamated will seek to have the property closed again, pending a decision in the supreme court. Unless the case is advanced on the calendar it will not be argued for a year or more. This is probably the most noted piece of mining litigation known in the Montana courts.

DORA IS CUT OFF.

Richmond, Ky., April 14.—Judge Benton in the circuit court here has thrown out on peremptory instructions of mental incapacity all the various wills left by the late Gen. Casius M. Clay. This leaves the general property to his natural heirs and cuts off Dora Clay Brook, the youthful wife of the aged statesman.

FLOTILLA ARRIVES.

Manila, April 14.—The United States auxiliary cruiser Buffalo and torpedo boat flotilla, commanded by Lieut. Chandler, arrived at Cavite today.

GERMANY'S NEUTRALITY

Is Not Above Doubt, Says Herr Bebel.

Berlin, April 14.—In the reichstag today Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, declared the Socialists did not object to Chancellor Von Buelow's declaration of neutrality and the localization of the war in the far East, but Germany's neutrality was not above doubt. He referred to the Hamburg-American Steamship company's sale of the steamer Furst Bismarck to a Russian company, and asked whether the foreign office permitted the sale, as he assumed was the case, since the directors of the company were cautious men, who would not conjure up a conflict with the German government.

PRICE OF OIL REDUCED.

Cleveland, April 14.—The Standard Oil company today announced another reduction of ¼-cent per gallon on all grades of refined petroleum.

CROKER'S HORSE WINS.

London, April 14.—Richard Croker's St. Patrick's Day won the Newmarket stakes at the Newmarket Craven meeting today.

THE CIRCUIT COURT WITHHOLDS DECISION

Not Made as Expected In Harriman Case But Will Come In Due Time.

St. Paul, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Contrary to the expectations which prevailed at the time the United States circuit court adjourned yesterday afternoon, the court today did not convene in open session and no decision was announced on the motion of Messrs. Harriman and Pierce for leave to intervene in the final settlement of the Northern Securities company's affairs. The decision will come in the due course of the court's business.

Frankfort, on-the-Main, April 14.—Jacob Schiff, the New York banker and director of the Northern Securities company, who is now here, says in an interview in the Frankforter Zeitung, that the recent heavy buying movement in Union Pacific is as yet unexplained but it cannot be assumed that it is due to the purpose of a new group of capitalists to get control of the property. The persons now controlling the enterprise, he says, are too firmly established and too strong in capital to afford other parties any prospect of getting a controlling interest.

It is already certain, he says, of the Pennsylvania railroad's fifty million loan, that it will be offered upon maturity for conversion into stock with preference to old stockholders.

Mr. Schiff doubts whether the Northern Securities decision will be followed by action of the courts against similar combinations. It will, however, he thinks, prevent the formation of further combinations, which would certainly have been organized if the decision had been favorable to the Northern Securities company.

This would have led to more stringent legislation by congress and state legislatures and hence, although he is a member of the Northern Securities board, he thinks that the dissolution of the Northern Securities company will have a favorable effect.

ENORMOUS EXPENSES

Attending Exhibition From Philippines at the World's Fair.

St. Louis, April 14.—Col. C. R. Edwards, chief of the insular bureau at Washington, who was called to St. Louis by Dr. W. H. Wilson, chairman of the Philippine world's fair board to investigate charges made by the railroads for the transportation of exhibits and material to St. Louis has departed for Washington. Col. Edwards stated that the matter was in a fair way of amicable settlement.

It is said that the cost of the Philippine participation has surpassed all expectations. What, as originally planned, was to cost $250,000, has already approached the million mark and the total appropriation up to the present is only $750,000. It is said that $250,000 will have to be raised before the fair opens and that it will require $800,000 to carry on the Philippine exhibition.

It is said now on good authority, that at the close of the fair an investigation will be made to determine how wisely some of the funds have been expended.

PARKER GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

St. Paul, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—David Parker, the colored man, was found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree and sentenced by Judge Kelly to five years at hard labor in the state prison. Parker was charged with having killed Fred Watson by striking him on the head with a section of iron pipe, late at night, February 13 last, at the Watson livery barn in Merriam park.

REPORT DISCREDITED.

Paris, April 14.—The foreign office discredits the report that negotiations are in progress looking to bringing about a meeting between President Loubet and Emperor William.

ALLEN RENOMINATED.

Portland, Me., April 14.—Representative Amos L. Allen was renominated today by the Republican convention of the first congressional district.

INDIAN PRINCE HURT.

Lafayette, Ind., April 14.—Amar Nath, an Indian prince from Lahore, India, was knocked from a bicycle and probably fatally injured. Notice has been given to the prince's family and to the British embassy at Washington. Nath is a junior student at Purdue university.

DEMOCRATS TALK ON GREAT ISSUES

Suggestions to Bring Success In the Coming Campaign.

Letters From Cleveland and Bryan Read to the Banqueters.

Chicago, April 14.—Ways and means to bring success to the Democratic party in the presidential campaign this fall were discussed by prominent Democrats, representing every part of the country, who attended the Iroquois club banquet at the Auditorium last night in celebration of Jefferson's birthday. Tariff reform, antagonism to trusts, independence for the Philippine islands and rigid economy in public expenditures were some of the suggestions offered by the speakers to bring about this result. A feature of the banquet was a letter from Grover Cleveland, who had been invited to attend, but was unable to be present. In his letter, which was read to the banqueters, Mr. Cleveland advised all Democrats to make a close study of Jefferson's career and "patriotically seek the welfare of our country through the ascendancy of safe and sane Democracy."

When Stephen S. Gregory, the toastmaster of the evening, introduced Gen. Nelson A. Miles, the 500 banqueters rose in a body and greeted the former head of the United States army with decided enthusiasm. Gen. Miles, in his response to the toast, "Our Country," made a forcible argument against imperialism and his words met the approval of the audience.

The next speaker introduced was United States Senator Edward W. Carmack, of Tennessee, who took for his theme, "Thomas Jefferson."

ADLAI STEVENSON TALKS.

"The Democratic Party," was the subject discussed by Adlai Stevenson, former vice president of the United States. Mr. Stevenson pleaded for an united party and the adoption of living issues in the platform at the St. Louis convention His address follows:

"We are upon the threshold of another presidential contest. It needs no prophet to forecast the issues of the struggle. The party in power will stand for the present prohibitory tariff; will oppose all attempts to lighten the burden of enormous tariff taxation; will stand for the legislation inspired by greed which has brought colossal fortunes to its beneficiaries by increasing the cost of needed trticles of consumption. It will stand for the trusts; the unlawful combinations of capital which today threaten the destruction of legitimate business enterprise, will find their only defenders in the Republican party. The extravagant appropriations of the last and present congresses will find justification—and will pave the way for greater extravagance yet to follow. Controlling all departments of the government no effort has been made by the party in power to make good the pledges of their last national platforms. With large surplus in the treasury—drawn from the channels of trade by unnecessary taxation, no reduction of tariff will be permitted.

"In unrelenting hostility to all this, the Democratic party—true to the teachings of Jefferson—will favor the abolition of all unnecessary and unjust taxation; will demand a reduction to the minimum of the cost of every needed article of consumption. It will stand in reality as well as in its platform—the antagonist of "trusts." Believing that wherever there is a wrong there is a remedy, it will favor such legislation as will seek to curb the spirit of monopoly and place a check upon the unlawful combinations of capital which are the obstacles to legitimate business enterprise. Believing with Jefferson in an economical administration of the government it will oppose unnecessary and extravagant appropriations of the public money. Confident that the experience of a century has demonstrated the wisdom of avoiding foreign complications and entangling alliances it will oppose 'imperialism,' the 'spirit of empire.' In a word it will be the high aim of the party of Jefferson to supplant the dangerous experiments, reckless extravagance and corruption, with economical and constitutional methods of administration in all departments of the government.

"It is too much to believe that with these vital issues in the fore front, there will be no divided counsels in the Democratic party? Whatever differences may exist upon questions of minor moment, there can be none upon the overshadowing questions. Around these—the pivotal issues of the campaign—the flower of the contests will wage; upon their determination at the polls the battle will be lost or won. In the presidential contests of a century the Democratic party has united upon platform and candidate has rarely known defeat. Already there are unmistakable indications of unrest and revolt in the ranks of our opponents. The darling dogma of high protection in many localities threatens to become the apple of discord in the house of its friends. It will no longer down at the bidding of Republican leaders.

"With the living issues—tariff reform, antagonism to trusts, rigid economy in public expenditure, honest methods in all departments of public service, a return from hazardous experiments in administration, to the safe pathway of the fathers—with these well to the forefront, the hour of Democratic opportunity has come. To the end that it may prove likewise the hour of Democratic triumph, let the spirit of conciliation, of unity, of harmony, be invoked upon all of our councils."

GOVERNOR GARVIN.

The next speaker was Governor L. F. C. Garvin, of Rhode Island. In response to the toast, "Democratic Success," Gov. Garvin spoke as follows:

"The Jeffersonian principle of equal rights applied to trusts, means not merely publicity, or national license for interstate trade, or other attempts at restriction, but deprived of all monopoly. In addition to the removal of tariff monopoly it means the repeal of all laws, both state and national, which grants special privileges, and the substitution for them of a few simple and just enactments, of which shall leave to every one what he earns.

"The same Jeffersonian doctrines, set forth by the founder of our party in the great declaration, should be applied to our foreign policy. So applied it means peaceful and friendly relations with other nations, the right of self government to other peoples—and especially to those islanders, whom we are treating as subjects and dependents.

"President Roosevelt, aside from his horrible policy, his reckless disregard of national and international law, and his apparent ignorance of the laws of political economy, seems really desirous of serving the people of the United States.

"He is the idol of that majority of the Republican party which at heart is Democratic. But these, his ardent Republican supporters, have nothing to do with the policy of that party, which is determined by the trusts and their general managers of the United States, many of whom are to be found in the national senate. However well intentioned the acting president may be, he is made helpless by his surroundings to protect the people or to institute any real reform in their behalf. On the contrary, if his administration be continued for another four years, more and more will all wealth in this country be concentrated in a moneyed aristocracy. Only through the opposition party, the Democracy, whose leaders in the main are sincere opponents of monopoly, is there any hope of wresting our government from the control of the self seeking and unscrupulous few, and restoring it to its original and intended function of serving all and all alike.

"The present duty of Jeffersonian Democrats in all sections of the country is, first, to make plain the common ground of principle upon which they stand, and, then, to act as a unit."

LETTER FROM CLEVELAND.

When Governor Garvin had finished, Toastmaster Gregory read a letter from ex-President Grover Cleveland, who expressed deep regret at not being able to be present at the banquet. The letter said:

Princeton, N. J., March 28, 1904.—Mr. Orva G. Williams, Iroquois club, Chicago, Ill. Dear Sir—I very much regret the necessity which compels me to decline your courteous invitation to attend the celebration of Jefferson's birthday under the auspices of the Iroquois club.

It is especially fitting at this time of confusion in political ideas and misapprehension as to the meaning of true Democracy, that the character of the great exemplar of Democracy should be fully appreciated and that his political opinions should be better interpreted and understood. His devotion to the rights of the people, his wise conservatism and his constant adherence to the public good, always the guiding star of his career, commends his acts and his beliefs to the careful study of those who live in these days, patriotically seek the welfare of our country through the ascendancy of safe and sane Democracy.

Trusting that the celebration of the birthday of this great leader will prove to be both a source of pleasure and profit to those who participate, I am, Very truly yours.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

"THE HOPE OF DEMOCRACY."

The next speaker, Martin W. Littleton, of New York, who took for his subject, "The Empire State, the Hope of Democracy," declared that if a platform along the lines suggested by some of the other speakers was adopted and Judge Alton B. Parker of New York, selected as a leader, the Democratic party was bound to triumph in the coming election. Mr. Littleton's address follows:

"Before the summer sets in full, we will be face to face with our antagonist, a party whose full and fruitful years ended with the end of President McKinley and Senator Hanna, and whose irresponsible conduct began with President Roosevelt; a party committed now to a policy of destruction of the coordinate branch of the government; a party planted firmly upon the plan to exalt the executive and humiliate to the others branches of government; a party not content with national extension of territory, but treating that as authority for a departure from a proper constitutional balance of its three great powers; a party guilty in the judgment of the country of continuing a department weighted down with corruption and fraud and providing shelter for monopoly and seizing the commerce of the country by an inquisition designed to convince the country that it is opposed to monopoly—in short a party of executive usurpation, administrative corruption and increasing extravagance. At its head of this party we have as a candidate against us a man whose strenuous radicalism has shaken the confidence of the country in his stability and safety; he has strayed far from the constructive and conservative path marked out in the era of McKinley and Hanna; his politics and practices are a genuine source of danger to constitutional and Republican government.

"Within our own party we have another danger to the sound politics of the nation—a danger growing out of an effort to divide the American people in such a way as to array all the rich and comfortable on one side against all the poor and the needy on the other, a danger set on foot by a coalition between the rich and the idle poor, and meant to pull apart the natural union of the industrious rich and the industrious poor. Mr. Bryce said that in Europe the line of cleavage in politics was horizontal, that is, with all the powerful and rich above and all the poor and helpless below; while in this country it was vertical, that is, with the rich and poor on the one side and the rich and poor on the other. We, as Democrats, must resist, not only as a danger to our party, but as a peril to the nation, the effort made to shift the vertical line of division to a horizontal one; we must not permit our party to be used as a means to set the faces of the poor against the fortunes of the rich. An element in our party would abandon the large policy which measures up to the mighty strides of our civilization and fasten our race in each other's threats in a struggle of death. It does not mean to serve the world of labor by its doctrines of discontent and its gospel of hate; but it means to make labor serve it by this false philosophy. Against the radicalism which on the one hand would destroy the peace and confidence of the industrial world and set in deadly conflict a race of common people of common origin and common destiny, we must protest, just as we protest against that radicalism which, instead of holding fast to the constitution and its natural fitness for the development of the age, is daily undermining it and its constituted authorities. We must leave these reckless lines each bearing away from the straight path; each leading in opposite directions, but bound for the common point of ruin; we must not be led either to the right or to the left or to follow in the pathway of these dangerous influences which would divert the course of this government from that which its constitution and its commerce demand for it; we must move up and on a straight line and take the ground immediately in front of us.

"You ask me what of the Empire state? What of the hope of Democracy? Speaking solely on my own responsibility, I tell you that the Democracy of New York demands a return to constitutional government and an obedience to constitutional authority; it demands ha extravagance shall give way o economy, and that corruption shall be cut out root and branch. The Democracy of New York appeals to the Democracy of the West to join with it in a policy which will restore the shattered faith of the country and retill its wasted ranks from all the walks of life; a policy which will measure up to the expanding commerce of the age and reclaim the faith of those who left us in fear; a policy which will provide for labor a chance to work, a full wage in honest pay, and the pledge of all our power and pride to make these rights secure; a policy which will give to capital a chance for investment in all convenient forms and protect it to the uttermost; a policy which will treat the islands of the Pacific as accomplished facts, and administer them for their safety and development and our obligations of honor. In fine, a general policy which has its roots deep down in the soil of constitutional government and whose fruitage shall be the fullest and the ripest within the geniups of the Anglo-Saxon race.

"And you ask me what of the man who shall lead us in the contest? The answer from my state is a cry from every class to every class for Judge Alton B. Parker."

LETTER FROM BRYAN.

The following letter was received from William J. Bryan:

Lincoln, Neb., April 7, 1904.—Mr. Andrew J. Ryan, Chairman Invitation Committee, Iroquois Club, Chicago: Dear Sir—I am just in receipt of your invitation to attend the twenty-third annual banquet of the Iroquois club, to be held on April 13. I thank you for the invitation, and regret to say that I shall not not be able to attend. I trust, however, that my absent will take advantage of the occasion to present to the country the importance of maintaining Democratic principles as they were set forth in the platforms of 1896 and 1900. The merger decision shows how closely the supreme court is divided and how easy it is for those who sympathize with corporate wealth to find plausible reasons for stopping the hand of the government when it attempts to rebuke those who exploit the people. Under our constitution the president appoints judges, and those who have watched the decisions in the Hayes-Tilden contest, in the income tax cases, in the trust cases and in the cases involving the policy of the government in the Philippines, cannot doubt that it is as important to have judges who sympathize with the people as to have judges learned in the law.

"In the present struggle between plutocracy and Democracy the corporations are seeking to control the supreme court and if they can do that, the house of representatives, the senate and the president are powerless to protect the people.

"I trust that those who are honored with an invitation to speak at your banquet will raise a note of warning against the attempt now being made by the money magnates to control the Democratic convention and to secure the nomination of a Democrat as candidate who will be obligated in advance to betray the hopes of the Democratic masses. Very truly yours, W. J. BRYAN."

OTHER SPEAKERS.

"National Morality," was the subject discussed by United States Senator Charles A. Culberson, of Texas. William F. Vilas, of Wisconsin, former postmaster general, responded to the toast, "Faith and Hope."

At this point a letter was read from Franklin K. Lane, of California, in which he said:

"If we are to heed the voice which bids us cease to be Democrats in order that we may win, we shall find we have lost not only the victory of being true, but also the victory at the polls, which can be ours only in case we are true.

"The leadership which would make our party more truly Democratic is the leadership which will restore us to the control of the government. Our creed is simple and clear, but it cannot be recited by those who would make our organization an annex to the Republican party by catering to its conservatism which seeks only to bring greater benefits to the already wealthy, nor by those who would make it an annex to the Socialist party by joining in every attack, no matter how unjust, upon the wealthy."

Mayor Carter Harrison, who was absent from the city, was represented at the banquet by Lawrence E. McGann, city comptroller.

In the afternoon an informal luncheon was served at the Iroquois club rooms to the guests who attended the banquet. The speakers were Judge N. E. Worthington, of Peoria; Mayor John C. Haynes, of Minneapolis, and W. J. Fry, of Findlay, Ohio.

Thomas Taggart, national committeeman from Indiana, with a large delegation of Indiana Democrats, attended the banquet.

Among other visitors were former Governor James E. Boyd, of Nebraska, and John A. McShane, of Omaha.

MAY TAKE ACTION.

Poor Commissioners May Consider New Poor House.

It is possible that the board of county poor commissioners at the meeting to be held April 30, will take some definite action toward a tax levy to be made this fall to raise the funds necessary for a new poor house. Various sketches have been looked over by the commissioners with a view of selecting a building that will cost in the neighborhood of $50,000. This would require a mix of about five-tenths of a mill on the present county valuation of $75,000,000.

Both the board and Secretary Cook urge the need of a new building not only to meet the present needs but to provide comfortable quarters less liable to a disaster in case of a fire. The old county poorhouse is claimed to be a veritable firetrap. The building should not accommodate more than 50 persons but it is claimed to have averaged 60 people during the past winter.

INTO SEA WALL

Officers Ran British Torpedo Boat at Portsmouth.

London, April 14.—The British torpedo boat destroyer Teazer, which ran ashore during the naval maneuvers at Portsmouth last night, has been towed off and docked.

During a sham night attack which had been arranged for the delectation of Prince Henry of Prussia, the Teazer's officers, dazzled by searchlights, ran the destroyer at full speed into the sea wall at Portsmouth harbor. All of her crew were saved.

PRESIDENT PALMA GIVES DINNER TO DIPLOMATS.

Havana, April 14.—President Palma gave a dinner to the diplomatic corps at the palace last evening. Those present included the ministers of the United States, Great Britain, Germany, France, Spain and Mexico, with their ladies; the charges d'affaires of Belgium, China and Santo Domingo; Jacob Sleeper, first secretary of the United States legation; Vice President Estevez, the members of the cabinet, the supreme court judges, the presiding officers of both houses of congress and Senor Montero, minister of Cuba to Great Britain.

SOZODONT

BETTER THAN GOLD

for the teeth. It prevents decay. It hardens the gums and purifies the breath and mouth.

SAVES YOUR TEETH

STRONG AT BAT

Van Praagh Bunch Should Show Great Slugging Ability.

Has Twenty Men to Try Out at Chippewa Falls.

By the time Manager Van Praagh gets his bunch of pennant chasers to Chippewa Falls he will have at least twenty men with their names to Duluth contracts. He has been signing them at the rate of about three a week for the past month, and will have about two men for every poltion on the team.

He secured six men in all while in Chicago and Champaign. O'Leary, the catcher whom he signed, played with the Rock Island team in the Three I league last season and batted .312. Frank Martin will play second and act as captain, and Koukalik is a pitcher.

Another player signed during the recent trip was Strater, an outfielder, who played in the Kentucky-Illinois-Tennessee league last year.

Two of the Minneapolis pitchers will also be farmed out to Duluth as soon as Manager Watkins succeeds in weeding out the men he does not want. Van says he is unable to give out their names yet, as he is uncertain of them himself.

This will give Van Praagh twenty-one men from which to choose a team to wrest the pennant from the bunch from across the border. The list up to date is as follows:

First base—Zink and Kennalley.
Second base—Martin (captain).
Short stop—Ball.
Third base—Quillan.
Outfielders—Randall, Schooley, Corrigan, Wilkes, Strater.
Catchers—Hughes, Mullane and O'Leary.
Pitchers—Shaw, Gehring, Bubser, Disch, Koukalik, and two Minneapolis twirlers, whose names are not yet announced.

* * *

"Not all of the men signed will report on the first day," said Manager Van Praagh this morning. "Some of them will not get to Chippewa Falls until May 1, but they are working at home at their homes in the East and South, and will be in good shape when they report. It is a good idea to let them start in the South as late as possible, for it is much cooler in Chippewa Falls than it is in the part of the country where most of the players come from, and they can do better work there. I expect them all by May 1, however, and that will give us over two weeks to pick out our team."

* * *

Duluth will be especially strong in the outfield and behind the plate this year. With five men like Randall, Wilkes, Corrigan, Schooley and Strater it will not be a difficult matter to choose a trio of outfielders that will fill the bill. Corrigan and Randall were fifth and sixth among the heavy hitters of the league last year, both of them batting at a .296 clip. Wilkes was also well up, batting .242.

The other three members of the team who played in the league last year were also high in the batting averages. Kennalley batted .298, Quillan .254 and Mullane .222. Duluth thus has three of last year's six best stickers.

O'Leary, Ball and one or two of the other new men come to Duluth with records of .300 or better in batting, and the bunch as a whole will be formidable enough to strike terror into the heart of any Northern league pitcher.

The bunch of pitchers also looks good on paper. With Shaw and Gehring as a nucleus, Van Praagh should be able to pick out a trio of winning slab artists.

* * *

Some alterations will be made in the Northern league grounds this year. The grand stand will probably be enlarged and the grounds will be levelled and rolled. The left field fence will also be moved back a few feet. It was a little short last year, and some of Duluth's sluggers would make it look shorter yet this season.

* * *

Arrangements are being made for the excursion to Chippewa Falls next week. The management of the club is making efforts to secure a one-fare rate which would bring the round trip down to about $4. If fifty fans take the trip a special car can be secured.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN — Myrkle - Harder company in "The Sleeping City."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Friday evening, Michigan College of Mines Glee and Mandolin club.

LYCEUM—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, "Parsifal."

MYRKLE-HARDER COMPANY.

At the Metropolitan theater last night a large audience followed the misfortunes of Nannette, the victim of a combination of thrilling, if slightly impossible, circumstances with sympathetic interest, the play being "The Sleeping City." Miss Elberta Roy handled the difficult and emotional role of Nannette very cleverly. Miss Georgie King made an excellent impression as the self-possessed young widow, Flora Delroy, and Donna Sol was a trim little French maid. Henderson, Dehlman and Russel were also very good. The vaudeville features make an entertaining intermission. "The Sleeping City" will be played again tonight.

See that the *Shield of Quality* is on the Box

Just as much reason for a dealer to be honest as a mantle. There are Welsbachs and imitations.

7 All Dealers

DAN GROSVENOR SAYS

"Pe-ru-na Is An Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy—I Am As Well As Ever."

HON. DAN. A. GROSVENOR, OF THE FAMOUS OHIO FAMILY.

Hon. Dan. A. Grosvenor, Deputy Auditor for the War Department, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am now as well as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy."—DAN. A. GROSVENOR.

In a recent letter he says:

"I consider Peruna really more meritorious than I did when I wrote you last. I receive numerous letters from acquaintances all over the country asking me if my certificate is genuine. I invariably answer, yes."—Dan. A. Grosvenor.

A County Commissioner's Letter.

Hon. John Williams, County Commissioner, of 517 West Second street, Duluth, Minn., says the following in regard to Peruna:

"As a remedy for catarrh I can cheerfully recommend Peruna. I know what it is to suffer from that terrible disease and I feel that it is my duty to speak a good word for the tonic that brought me immediate relief. Peruna cured me of a bad case of catarrh and I know it will cure any other sufferer from that disease."—John Williams.

A Congressman's Letter.

Hon. H. W. Ogden, Congressman from Louisiana, in a letter written at Washington, D. C., says the following of Peruna, the national catarrh remedy:

"I can conscientiously recommend your Peruna as a fine tonic and all around good medicine to those who are in need of a catarrh remedy. It has been commended to me by people who have used it, as a remedy particularly effective in the cure of catarrh. For those who need a good catarrh medicine I know of nothing better."—H. W. Ogden.

W. E. Griffith, Concan, Texas, writes: "I suffered with chronic catarrh for many years. I took Peruna and it completely cured me. I think Peruna is the best medicine in the world for catarrh. My general health is much improved by its use, as I am much stronger than I have been for years."—W. E. Griffith.

A Congressman's Letter.

Congressman H. Bowen, Ruskin, Tazewell county, Va., writes:

"I can cheerfully recommend your valuable remedy, Peruna, to any one who is suffering with catarrh, and who is in need of a permanent and effective cure."—H. Bowen.

Mr. Fred D. Scott, Larue, Ohio, Right Guard of Hiram Football Team, writes: "As a specific for lung trouble I place Peruna at the head. I have used it myself for colds and catarrh of the bowels and it is a splendid remedy. It restores vitality, increases bodily strength and makes a sick person well in a short time. I give Peruna my hearty endorsement."—Fred D. Scott.

Gen. Ira C. Abbott, 305 M street, N. W., Washington, D. C., writes:

"Am fully convinced that your remedy is an excellent tonic. Many of my friends have used it with the most beneficial results for coughs, colds and catarrhal trouble."—Ira C. Abbott.

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, orator of Reservoir Council No. 168, Northwestern Legion of Honor, of Minneapolis, Minn., writes from 2535 Polk street, N. E.:

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, Minneapolis, Minn.

"I have been troubled all my life with catarrh in my head. I took Peruna for about three months, and now I think I am permanently cured. I believe that for catarrh in all its forms Peruna is the medicine of the age. It cures when all other remedies fail. I can heartily recommend Peruna as a catarrh remedy."—Mrs. Elmer Fleming.

Treat Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the time to treat catarrh. Cold, wet weather often retards a cure of catarrh. If a course of Peruna is taken during the early spring months the cure will be prompt and permanent. There can be no failures if Peruna is taken intelligently during the favorable weather of spring.

As a systemic catarrh remedy Peruna eradicates catarrh from the system wherever it may be located. It cures catarrh of the stomach or bowels with the same certainty as catarrh of the head.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

TO NORMAL RATE

The Productions of Blast Furnaces Are Rapidly Getting.

Reduction of Stock Proof of Increased Consumption.

New York, April 14.—Reports dealing with anthracite and coke blast furnaces show, says the Iron Age, the production is rapidly getting back to the normal rate. It reached 1,465,507 tons in March as compared with 921,231 tons in January and 846,695 tons in December, the low record month. Important plants have been added to the active list since the opening of the month with others to follow before May 1.

The lion's share of the increased output is due to the great steel companies, which increased their production from 406,730 tons in December to 913,412 tons in March.

In spite of an increase in the production of the merchant furnaces, the stocks of pig iron in their hands declined from 597,964 tons Jan. 1 to 455,673 tons April 1. This is striking proof of the increase in the consumption of the past quarter, a rallying in the rate of home requirements, which is all the more surprising since it has not been accompanied by any notable increase in the exports.

It is in the light of these developments that we must interpret the fact that the United States Steel corporation has declined to exercise its option for the purchase of 40,000 tons of Bessemer pig, which has weakened the market somewhat.

It is intimated also that the rate at which outside furnaces were blowing in to make metal for the steel producers was considered too rapid for the good of the future of the industry.

Others in the trade couple the refusal to avail of the option with the negotiations for the continuance of the ore association, which are to be taken up on the 19th inst.

Little interest attaches to the action of the billet association, which is of only minor importance now-a-days with the restricted market for steel in crude form. It is interesting to note as bearing on the international market, that the official prices established by the German steel syndicate are 74 marks for billets, 76 marks for blooms and 76 marks for 71 marks for plates and f. o. b. Antwerp for delivery during the second quarter. This represents a moderate advance.

There is little to report concerning the markets for finished iron and steel. Railroad purchases are slightly larger, but still remain far below the normal. In the East the outlook for a large business in structural material is good, provided labor matters continue to improve. From the Chicago district, come rather discouraging reports in this branch. One factor in the situation is looming up, and that is the entry into the market of the large new plant at Buffalo.

In the bar trade, employment is active and some of the implement makers of the central west are negotiating for the second quarter's requirements of merchant steel. Sheets are irregular while the pipe and wire trades continue to do a heavy business.

SCRIMMAGE REVIVED.

Land Entry Reminiscent of a Recent Rush.

The incident of the lively scrimmage before the land office door at the opening of township 156-25, Feb. 14, was brought to the attention of Duluth land office officials again yesterday when James Matthews of Larimore, N. D., after filing a reliquishment made by his daughter, offered a timber and stone application upon the east half of the northwest quarter, 15-156-25.

Henry Steckman, a hotel keeper, at Tenstrike, tried to make a timber and stone filing on the same piece of land at the opening of the township, but was defeated in his purpose by the fact that he was not provided with the proper naturalization papers. He arrived late and fought for a place at the head of the line, finally being admitted as third man. His filing was rejected for the reason above stated, and Miss Sadie P. Mathews was allowed to make homestead entry on the same land.

WILL DROP DULUTH.

Canada Atlantic Boats Not to Make Duluth.

The steamers of the Canada-Atlantic Transit company will not make Duluth this year.

Captain J. T. Rose will continue to represent the line in Duluth, and will maintain an office in the board of trade building, but the Lake Superior end of the company's business will be abandoned.

The decision is said to be due to the decrease in the export grain shipments from the head of the lakes. The company will place its vessels on the run between Parry Sound and Milwaukee and Chicago.

The line was established in 1898 and did good business until two years ago, when a falling off in the export grain trade from the head of the lakes was noticeable.

Among the steamers belonging to the company which made Duluth last year were the Kearsage, Ottawa, Arthur Orr, George N. Orr and the William L. Brown.

Municipal Court Jurors.

The following persons have been summoned to appear as jurors at the general term of municipal court beginning April 19, at 10 a. m.: D. C. Niles, Thomas Dillon, Donald McKenzie, August Peterson, Clarence Freeberg, J. K. Richter, Clifford Trudo, Charles Wartzback, Iver Towick, Andrew H. Haug, Peter Grasser, John S. Fuller, John Moir, C. C. Clark, Albert Overton, C. F. W. Korth, A. N. Hopkins, J. P. Larson, Jonas Straus, Frank J. Upham, M. McLean, T. Wilson, Charles E. French, Peter Wold.

MAD MULLAH ESCAPES.

Aden, April 14.—Hadji Mohammed Bul Abdullah, the Mad Mullah, against whom the British have been conducting a campaign in Somaliland, has escaped into Italian territory.

RURAL DELIVERY.

Washington, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rural free delivery service will be established on May 16 at Torah, Stearns county, Minn., with two carriers.

ALFONSO TO VISIT BERLIN.

Paris, April 14.—The Berlin correspondent of the Paris edition of the New York Herald says that King Alfonso will visit Berlin during the first two weeks of September next, going there from Paris.

DOWN THE RIVER

Bemidji Young Men Have Scheme to Reach St. Louis.

Float Down Mississippi, Taking Chief Bemidji With Them.

"For a cheap way of going to the World's Fair at St. Louis, Bemidji beats that Y. M. C. A. club plan all to pieces," said A. D. Hornady, a timber cruiser who has just returned from a trip up the Minnesota and International railway yesterday. He had read in The Herald of the Y. M. C. A. bureau which has been established at St. Louis and of its plans for lessening the expenses of visiting members of the association in attendance at the fair.

"The Bemidji band," continued the cruiser, "intends to see the big exposition, but the members, numbering about twenty, are not going to rely upon steamboats or any big railway corporation to get them there. With the usual independence of the men of the north woods they have mapped out an entirely original plan for reaching the Missouri city. They are going to travel the whole distance, from the little dock in Lake Bemidji to the big river wharves at St. Louis, by water and in their own litle boats.

"The Mississippi river flows through Bemidji lake, and, though rather small at this point, there is enough water in it to float boats which will be large enough for the purpose. The current is swift and all the Bmeidjians will have to do for the first few days will be to float along with it. The can not get lost, and if they go long enough are bound to reach their destination. They will have plenty of time for sight seeing along the way, and on reaching the World's Fair city will dispose of their craft at the best price obtainable and return by rail. The total distance to be traveled by river is about 1100 miles, and the boys figure they can make this in less than three weeks.

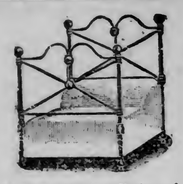
"To assist in defraying the expenses of the trip they are going to take old Chief Bemidji, after whom their town is named, along with them, if he can be prevailed upon to go, so that he may be exhibited as a curiosity at the fair. They expect to get a lot of free advertising out of their adventurous trip, so that when they get their exhibit ready visitors will flock to see it. There will be other attractions besides the chief, of course."

It might be well to state that the townsite of Bemidji is situated within the limits of the original Louisiana purchase. A trip very similar to this might be made by Duluth young men, were they so disposed by shipping their boats to Gordon, Wis., a short distance down the Omaha and launching them near there in the St. Croix river, which empties into the Mississippi.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Bayha & Co.

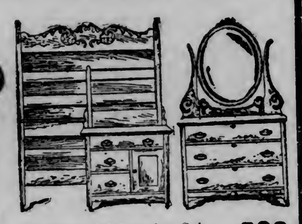
OUR DOOR

when you are looking for timely tips on quality or prices. You are always welcome to look even if you do not wish to buy. Here are some of the useful sort for those who wish to make the dollar go the farthest.



This beautiful iron Bedstead —regular price $2.50—our price . **$1.65**

These beautiful two-burner, blue flame Oil Stoves—our price only ---------- **$4.50**



This beautiful Chamber Suite worth $25—our price ---------- **$20**

CASH OR CREDIT.

Come along. Your credit is good. Our terms are to suit you. Best stoves and ranges made in America at only $1.00 down and $1.00 per week. Strictly reliable goods. No trash with us. At strictly cash store prices at—

BAYHA & CO.

Present location News Tribune Building. **Future location First St. and Second Ave West.**

MORE THAN HALF

Sixty Per Cent of Aerial Bridge Iron at Waukesha.

Will Be Shipped to Duluth In One Lot In July.

"Sixty per cent of the material for the new aerial bridge is in our shops at Waukesha now," said F. W. Harding, manager of the Modern Steel Construction company this morning.

Mr. Harding accompanied by C. A. P. Turner of Minneapolis, the architect who drew up the plans for the bridge, is in the city today to confer with City Engineer McGilvray and his assistants in regard to certain matters connected with the bridge work. The principal matter under discussion is the plans for the approaches to the bridge, which are being drawn up by the assistant city engineers. Mr. Turner spent a part of the morning in going over these plans.

Mr. Harding, who is the son of S. Harding, president of the company, is the manager of all the contract work undertaken by the firm. He stated this morning that orders had been placed with the mills for practically all of the material required, and that 60 per cent of it had already been delivered.

"Our men are at work now," he said, "putting the material together, and doing all the riveting and other shop work that is necessary. When the material is shipped to Duluth it will be all ready for erection and the biggest part of the work will be already done.

"It is our plan," said Mr. Turner, "to ship practically all of the material at once. This will be a much cheaper method than to forward small shipments from time to time. The first shipment will probably not reach Duluth until about July 1, but it will contain practically all of the material for the bridge.

"The work of construction will commence as soon as the material is on the ground. It will probably occupy a couple of months, and we hope to have the bridge in working order and ready to make its first trip early in the fall.

"All of the material which has been shipped from the mills to the plant of the company has been inspected and weekly reports have been forwarded to the city engineer. The shop work will also be inspected in the same manner.

Opens Next Week.

The Florence Stone Stock company, which is to be at the Lyceum through the summer, has found it impossible to open this evening in "The Banker's Daughter" as advertised. So much work remains to be done on the stage and in the house that it will be impossible for the company to begin its run. April 21 will be its opening date and "Shenandoah" will be the play first presented.

R. S. MUNGER AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—R. S. Munger, of Duluth, who has been spending the winter in New York, has come to Washington to make a personal inventory of the estate of his deceased brother, R. C. Munger, which consists almost entirely of paintings in storage in this city. Mr. Munger expects to return to New York today.

NEW YORK HAS AN APRIL SNOWSTORM.

New York, April 14.—For the first time in many years New Yorkers today witnessed a real snow storm in mid-April. At one period it assumed the proportions of a regular winter storm, and the low temperature and biting wind which whirled the large flakes made it most uncomfortable for the thousands on their way to business in the city.

Although the fall of snow was rather heavy, the flakes melted as soon as they struck the ground.

IDENTIFIES WIFE'S BODY.

St. Paul, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Alfred Holms of Minneapolis positively identified the body of the woman taken from the river near Hamlet island yesterday, as that of his wife, who disappeared from their home in Minneapolis early last October.

DEUTSCHLAND NOT SOLD.

London, April 14.—The report from Plymouth last night that the Hamburg-American liner Deutschland which arrived at Cherbourg yesterday from New York, had made her last Atlantic voyage and that she would be purchased by Russia is untrue.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask John T. Condon.

SVEA-NORMANNA Singing Contest!

FOR CARLSON TROPHY, AT

Lyceum Sunday Afternoon

April 17. Assistance—Flaaten's Orchestra and T. W. Prosser, Baritone. Box Office opens Saturday morning.

CIVIC IMPROVEMENT.

Prof. Routzahn's Lecture at the High School.

Professor Routzahn, field secretary of the National Civic Improvement league, arrived this morning to deliver his lecture on "Civic Improvement" at the High School hall this evening. The lecture is to be under the auspices of the Commercial club, and will no doubt be very interesting, as the professor is one of the most eminent specialists in his line in the country. There is no charge to attend.

President McGonagle of the Commercial club; T. W. Hugo, chairman of the committee on public affairs, and Rt. Rev. James McGolrick acted as a reception committee for the guest this morning, and he was given a carriage ride over the boulevard and to various points of interest in the city.

A NOISY SALOON.

Proprietors Fined For Keeping Open Sundays.

Jacob Nylander and Andrew Ecklund, two West Duluth saloon keepers, were fined $30 and costs in the municipal court yesterday afternoon for keeping their places of business open on Sunday.

The saloon owned by Nylander & Ecklund is claimed to be a resort for a number of Finlanders Sunday afternoons and evenings. The police claim they make the night hideous with their drunken carousals, and complaints have been received from the people living in the vicinity of the saloon concerning the disorderly manner in which it is conducted.

The two men were arraigned in the municipal court yesterday afternoon before Judge Gearhart and pleaded guilty to the charge against them.

They were fined $30 each and given a warning by the court that in future they should conduct their saloon according to the city laws and ordinances or they would fare badly.

RACE FEELING GROWS INTENSE.

Kansas City, April 14.—The race feeling in Kansas City, Kan., caused by the killing of Roy Martin, a high school freshman, by a negro named Gregory, is growing in intensity. Today six negroes who accompanied Gregory to the jail on the night of the murder armed with rifles, were arrested on a charge of inciting a riot.

Martin's friends will, it is said, make a determined effort Monday to keep all negroes from entering the building, and it is feared a clash may result.

Gregory was arraigned today and held without bail for trial.

WORK RESUMED IN HARWICK MINE.

Cheswick, Pa., April 14.—Work was resumed today for the first time in the Harwick mine, where 178 miners lost their lives in an explosion on Jan. 25 last.

Militia Inspection.

Maj. William Gerlach is at the Spalding, having come to Duluth to inspect the companies of the National Guard here, the major being the official government inspector of state troops for Minnesota. He will look Company C over at the Third regiment Armory this evening, and tomorrow evening will inspect Company A and the regimental band. The inspections will be open to the public and are very interesting.

TO BE PAID BY THE MONTH

New Arrangements Made With Engineers By Pittsburg Line.

The Pittsburg Steamship company and the lines controlled by A. B. Wolvin are the first vessel lines to enter into agreements with their engineers for the coming season.

Instead of hiring their men by the season these companies will engage them by the month. The wages will be the same as last year. Up to the present time none of the vessel lines had engaged either their captains or engineers for the season, and the action of the Pittsburg company will probably be followed by all the other lines in the case of the engineers.

The wages of the captains and the question of the authority to be granted them this year are still undetermined.

The following dispatch was received today from Cleveland in regard to the matter: H. Coulby, president and general manager of the Pittsburg Steamship company, and A. B. Wolvin, of Duluth, general manager of a number of steamship lines, made arrangements with their engineers yesterday for the season of 1904. Last year's schedule of wages was adopted, but the men will be hired by the month instead of the season as was the case last year. The members of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial association favor the new plan."

TO SELL INDIAN LANDS.

Washington, April 14—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate today passed the bill introduced by Senator Clapp, authorizing the sale of certain lands belonging to the Medawakauton band of Sioux Indians, lying in Redwood county, Minn., provided not less than $15 per acre can be secured.

COMPROMISE UPSET.

New York, April 14.—A compromise by which the lockout of all the workers here in the lithographers' trade was believed to have been settled last week, was upset in a ratification meeting of the unions, which ended early today. The unions rejected the settlement by a vote of 595 to 65.

F. G. BINGHAM,
PIANO TUNER,
Address Delaware Hotel, or 17 East 3rd St.

TOO MANY CARS

Railroads Claim to Offer More Than Needed Now.

Pulpwood Movement So Heavy as to Swamp Mills.

Freight men report that the question now is to fill the cars that they offer shippers. Three weeks ago the cry was for cars, but in the meantime conditions have changed to the reverse, and the railroads cannot get near enough freight to use up the cars they have in readiness for loading. One great item in this change has been the pulpwood situation. The pulpwood movement is practically over, and the thing that the railroads want now is to get the use of the cars that are loaded with pulpwood on the sidings by the paper factories.

The Omaha is estimated to have 700 or 800 cars waiting to be emptied at Appleton, Wis., where the Pulpwood company has the greatest factory of its kind in the world. The St. Paul road, one day last week, had 261 cars there, and when they are being unloaded only at the rate of eight per day it will take some months to get the tracks clear. The railroads estimate the lost use of these during the recent car shortage as worth $5 per day each to them when they can be filled. The demurrage on them would cost the pulpwood people thousands of dollars, but the chances are the railroads will not attempt to enforce charges, owing to the unusual character of the situation.

An agent said yesterday that the situation was no doubt causing the pulpwood concern thousands of dollars as it is, for it is not only having pulpwood offered to it in much greater quantities than it wanted it, or could use it, but owing to the enormous congestion of cars on its tracks, has to pay 50 cents per load to have it hauled from the cars in wagons.

In the past it has been customary for the pulpwood concerns to be continually short of material, and willing to take all they could get, while this year conditions have come about to give them more than they could use, and a great deal more than they wanted, or contracted for. When the car situation was relieved, that is, when the railroads got free enough from the grasp of winter to be able to move cars freely, they began to haul train after train of pulpwood to Appleton, Eau Claire, Grand Rapids and Stevens Point, all Wisconsin towns where paper is manufactured.

While the pulpwood people had ordered certain quantities of wood from various concerns, it was assumed, as in the past, that they would take all they could get. But owing to the inability to get shipments promptly, many of the factories ordered a great deal more than they wanted in order to get enough to run them. So that with the men who supply it giving them more than they ordered, as has been mentioned heretofore, the factories are choked up with material that they will be unable to turn into finished product for many months.

Railroad people say that if they were to charge demurrage on the cars which have been tied up in the deal they would probably have to take some of the mills in payment.

While the pulpwood movement over the stringency of cars locally is no longer evident, as pulpwood is the greater part of the freight moved in this vicinity in the winter.

Claim Same Title.

The St. Paul road has the Pioneer limited and is often called the Pioneer line, though whether on account of the line itself or the train is hard to determine. The Northwestern has out some advertisements for excursion rates to the Methodist conference at Los Angeles, which announce the route as the "pioneer line west and northwest of Chicago." A reporter who attempted to stir up trouble between the two roads on the score of conflicting trademarks was unsuccessful. Each one claims to have the honor of being the original road, while each is equally forward in claiming to be the better. As fares are generally the same on both, the traveler can take his choice without changing the result on his purse.

Railroad Notes.

The Munson Steamship company is now putting out every month several thousand copies of an interesting illustrated magazine called the Cuba Bulletin, which contains in every issue matter interesting and instructive about progress on the island.

Two carloads of Russian immigrants passed through Buffalo one day last week, and most of them are said to have left their native country to escape military service against Japan.

Does Your Head Ache?

Orangeine Powders quickly dispel the cause strengthen and permanently benefit the system

BORCHERT IS INSANE.

Former State Senator Committed to Asylum.

Hutchinson, Minn., April 14—The condition of Ferdinand Borchert, state senator from Benville county in 1891 and 1893, a civil war veteran, excites general sorrow. Two years ago he closed out his extensive farming interests, near Bird island, moved to Hutchinson, and built a fine modern home in which to spend his declining years. About three weeks ago his actions begun to indicate insanity. A specialist in nervous diseases was summoned from Minneapolis and pronounced the malady senile dementia, and gave no hope of his recovery.

As the afflicted man rapidly grew worse, and was at times violent, it became necessary to commit him to the asylum at St. Peter. In rational moments he informed his wife and children that he realized his condition and requested that he be placed in some institution.

Duluth Dancing Academy

Axa Bldg., 221-223 West Superior St.

Prof. Ourat will open a spring term for adult beginners, Tuesday, April 19th. Class will meet Tuesdays and Fridays thereafter.

TO BRING COAL

Augustus B. Wolvin Will Load First Cargo For Duluth.

Is Expected to Carry 12,500 Tons on the Trip.

If the new steamer Augustus B. Wolvin is ready in time she will be loaded with coal for Duluth beginning May 5, at Lorain, where she was built and where she was launched on Saturday last. When she was launched on Saturday she had her auxiliary machinery, pumps and boilers all fitted, and the main engines for her propelling power were expected to arrive in Lorain from the manufacturers' on Tuesday last. Her spars are in and her joiner work well toward completion.

She is expected to carry 12,500 tons of coal on her first trip to this city and will no doubt be watched for with interest proportionate to her size, which is the greatest of any fresh water vessel.

Captain Joseph Kidd, who attended the launching, returned yesterday from Lorain. He says the launching was the smoothest operation of the kind he ever witnessed, and the crowd enormous. After the boat was let into the water some of the invited guests, about 500, were given a fine spread in the mould loft of the American Shipbuilding company.

Interest on this end of the line is no doubt just as great in the Wolvin as it is elsewhere and her coming will be anxiously awaited by many who want to see what such a ponderous vessel looks like.

The size of the cargo which the Wolvin will carry can be guessed at when one knows that at 45 tons per car the load the boat will carry will fill 275 coal cars. A. C. Saunders & Co., of Cleveland, will furnish the initial cargo and expect that the entire amount can be removed on this end of the line in 3 days, by use of the 33 cargo hatches in her decks. It is not expected to keep the boat in the coal trade, but to work her steadily in the ore trade, where it is understood she has a five-year contract.

The Wolvin's first trip, with 12,500 tons of coal will by far be the largest cargo ever carried on fresh water. She carries pretty nearly 25 per cent more of a load than the next largest vessel on the lakes, and as her equipment and propulsion are not proportionately expensive, it is believed she will be highly profitable to her owners, the Acme Steamship Co., of which A. B. Wolvin, for whom she was named, is president.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Charles A. Marshall.

L. O. T. M. DANCE!

You are invited to attend a Social Dance at Hunter Hall, TOMORROW (Friday) night. Tickets, 25c each. Given by the Ladies of the Maccabees of Hive No. 1. A good time and very good music.

FAY ATTEMPTS TO GET AWAY

Walks Out of Marshal's Office In Unconcerned Manner.

Chicago, April 14.—"Eddie" Fay, alleged king of postoffice thieves, started to walk out of the United States marshal's office in the most ordinary manner today, when he was reminded that he was under arrest. Thirty or more deputy marshals, postoffice inspectors and detectives were almost dazed at the matter of fact way Fay attempted a bold trick. Fay had just been arraigned before United States Commissioner Foote, and the hearing of the case, in which he is charged with figuring in a $15,000 postoffice robbery in Superior, Wis., had been conntinued ten days. The prisoner's attorney and several of the spectators started toward the hall outside the marshal's office. Fay followed them. At the door stood a number of postoffice inspectors, detectives and spectators.

When Fay reached them he turned.

"Well, good morning," he said as he readjusted his light top overcoat and started on the front of them. Just then Marshal Ames touched Fay on the shoulder and said: "Dont' deprive us of your company so soon?" said the marshal. "Besides, you must furnish $20,000 bail before you go."

Fay looked serious a moment, then smiled.

"I did not know my company was so appreciated," he said.

WHEN YOU DRINK

a cool, foaming glass of "MOOSE BRAND BEER" it goes just to the right spot. There is nothing more satisfying as a thirst quencher, nothing more invigorating, nothing to surpass it as a healthful, summer beverage. It is pure beer. Special care taken in the brewing and bottling.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
Either Phone No. 241.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Special Selling of Toilet Articles, Stationery, Etc. Friday Only.

Savings worth taking advantage of—actual necessities at wholesale prices. (Bargain tables—East aisle.)

25c and 35c Tooth Brushes at 10c.

Two gross of imported Japanese pure bristle tooth brushes placed on sale tomorrow—choice **10¢** each. A splendid value.

Soaps.

10¢ for box of three cakes Armour's fine toilet soaps—glycerine, witch hazel and oatmeal; 25c value.

12½¢ cake for "Pears'" unscented soap.

7¢ bar for genuine imported Castile soap.

25¢ box for Kirk's 35c Shandon Bells soap.

6¢ cake for choice of a large lot of toilet soaps usually selling from 10c to 15c cake—Gerosa, Fine Art, Clematis, etc.

Perfumes.

50c and 75c values, **25¢** per ounce tomorrow.

Challet's imported odors.

Lazell's perfumes.

Kirk's fine odors.

Violet Buds, Grecian Lily, Roxane Bouquet, Peau D'Espagne, Sweet Clover, Violet, Tea Rose, Carnation Pink, Isle of Violets, Rose Geranium, Trailing Arbutus.

Tooth Powders.

17¢ for Dr. Lyons' 25c Tooth Powder.

17¢ for Dr. Graves' 25c Tooth Powder.

15¢ for Colgate's 25c Tooth Powder.

17¢ for 25c size "Sozodont" and "Rubifoam."

Stationery.

16¢ lb. for S. & B. Co.'s National Bond writing paper; 25c grade.

19¢ for 35c box of fine stationery—60 sheets paper, 50 envelopes; four tints in each box.

25¢ for box of Duluth, Minn., stationery; regular 35c kind.

Talcum Powders.

15¢ for Mennen's 25c Talcum Powder.

15¢ for Colgate's 25c Talcum Powder.

15¢ for 25c Violet Talcum Powder.

Sundries.

17¢ for large bottle perfumed Sea Salt; 25c size.

19¢ for 25c size Listerine.

5¢ for two-face chamois, good size.

10¢ for 25c and 35c Tooth and Nail Brushes, oxydized handles.

19¢ for 25c celluloid soap boxes.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Rancher Falls From His Wagon and Is Killed.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Hot Springs—James Petty, a rancher, was killed by falling from a load of posts. The wagon wheel passed over his head, directly across the eyes, crushing his head and face. The dead man was a nephew of Sheriff Petty, and owned one of the finest ranches in Fall River county.

John Henson, an employe at the Burke stone quarry, almost lost his life. A ledge of rock where he was working slid off and with the rocks he fell thirty feet. He sustained a fractured skull and many lacerations and bruises.

Rapid City—All the old officers were reelected by the Western South Dakota Stock Growers' association at its annual meeting. President Charles K. Howard was elected for his fourth term. F. M. Stewart, of Buffalo Gap, is secretary. There were no changes in the executive board.

Miller—Edward Mohn died suddenly of heart trouble. William Barnes, an old veteran, is dead. W. H. White, another veteran, fell from an elevator, breaking his jaw and one arm.

Huron—The Beadle county Republican central committee named a committee to select twenty-six delegates to the Republican judicial convention for the ninth circuit, to be held here April 29 to nominate a candidate for judge.

April 25 was named as the date for the primaries for the selection of twenty-six delegates to the Republican state convention and for the nomination of candidates for county officers. Resolutions indorsing Coe I. Crawford for governor were passed with but one dissenting vote.

The Huron fire department has elected these officers: W. A. Ritschlag, chief; H. W. Herman, first assistant; Robert Hume, second assistant; H. G. Cool y, secretary; Earl Howard, treasurer; Fred Lauer, captain of the chemical. The department will not enter the state tournament this year.

Losses of stock in the late severe snow and wind storm were not as great as supposed. George E. McEathron, north of Huron, lost forty-three head, mostly common cattle. Clark & Venable lost eight or ten head, and others from two to four head. C. A. Parks of Iowa township lost many sheep.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—Anton Eckern, of Halstead, Minn., and H. J. Rosholt, of Mayville, are the prime movers in the organization of a Scandinavian National bank in this city, with a capital of $100,000. This will give Grand Forks four banks.

Miss Hanna Puls, of Lakota, has brought an action against the Great Northern railroad for the recovery of damages of $19,000 for injuries alleged to have been received in a collision in the Larimore yards two months ago. Mrs. Puls now has a case in the supreme court. She sued the A. O. U. W. to recover $2000, representing an insurance policy carried by her husband. The organization declined to pay on the ground that death was due to chronic alcoholism.

William Johnson, charged with robbing Louis Gundersen of $80, was held to the Polk county district court and went to jail in default of bonds.

Thirty-three applications have been made for saloon licenses in East Grand Forks. There are now forty-one saloons there.

The Grand Forks opera house property was transferred yesterday by the Commercial National bank of Boston to John F. Walker of Fargo, for $17,870. The building cost $10,000.

Fargo—The local Y. M. C. A. has been without headquarters of a satisfactory nature since last winter. The building formerly occupied was on the Northern Pacific right of way and had to be removed to make room for some improvements. It was sold and the Y. M. C. A. has been making temporary headquarters in an old frame building. It has been decided to close this temporarily and begin an active canvass for the remainder of the funds needed for the erection of a new building. It will require $50,000 and a considerable part of this fund has already been subscribed. The association has purchased lots near the public building and plans have been prepared for the new institution.

Miss Julia Monette, a teacher in the Fargo schools, now in Phoenix, Ariz., for the benefit of her health, was recently injured there by falling from a buggy and being run over.

Judge Hanson of the county court has the Benedict will under advisement. The widow contends that the will left all the property to her. The children by a former marriage insist she is entitled only to one-third of the estate.

Lives of great men all remind us
We should flood our stores with light,
And departing, leave behind us
Something over which to fight.

BIG FORTUNES BELONG TO THE WELL LIGHTED. LET US HELP YOU TO WINONE.

DuluthGeneral Electric Co.
216 West Superior Street.

THE VERDICT ON COMMANDER

Flour is that it makes more and better bread than any flour that you can buy. For sale by all grocers. Manufactured by

GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth, Minn.

Blatz Wiener BEER
Bottled Goodness

Milwaukee's Banner Brew

It isn't talk that counts, it's quality—Quality that stands pat, at all times, for honest criticism. The unprecedented popularity of Blatz Wiener is due to its pronounced individuality—that indescribable, honest flavor that always means "Blatz"—that delightful Blatz Wiener "smack" that goes straight to the spot. Drink it for beer character—For health's sake drink it. Ask for it down town. Send a case home.

ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD "BLATZ."

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE (NON-INTOX.) TONIC
DRUGGISTS OR DIRECT.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee

Duluth Branch, Lake Ave. and Railroad St. Telephone 62.

The Greatest Skill!
The most experience—14 years.
We grind our own lenses.

C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN.
3 West Superior Street.

A BRAVE MAN.

An Instance Where It Takes More Than Ordinary Bravery.

There is perhaps no occasion in the world when a man needs more bravery than when he goes out among selfish mankind and tries to carve out a place for himself and family. He must be able to calculate clearly. If he is nervous or timid or his brain is clouded, there is nothing that will so help him as will Mormon Bishop's Pills. For a young man who has wasted his energy in riotous living and indiscreet habits, there is nothing that will so quickly cleanse, vitalize and restore as will Mormon Bishop's Pills. They are the greatest manhood builders for the price ever known to medical science. Price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50. Sold by Max Wirth. Sent postage prepaid on receipt of price.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

CURES

GRIP,
COUGHS,
COLDS,
BRONCHITIS,
CONSUMPTION,
MALARIA,
DYSPEPSIA,
INDIGESTION,
CATARRH,
HEMORRHAGES,
INFLUENZA,
ASTHMA,
PNEUMONIA,

And Overcomes

General Debility,
Depression,
Nervousness,
Exhaustion,
Weakness and Wasting from Whatever Cause.
It Destroys Disease Germs and All Bad After Effects of Illness.
It Invigorates the Blood, Tones and Builds up the System.
Prolongs Life.
Makes the Old Young; the Young Strong.

No other remedy or combination of medicines will so quickly and surely cure and prevent disease. Contains no fusel oil, and is the only whiskey recognized by government as a medicine.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES.

When you ask for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey be sure you get the genuine. It is the only absolutely pure medicinal Whiskey. Sold in sealed bottles only; never in flask or bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label, and be certain the seal over the cork is unbroken.

All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1.00 a bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, New York.

RURAL CARRIERS

May Accept Commissions From People on Routes.

Washington, April 14.—All doubt as to whether the rural free delivery carriers will be permitted to solicit business for any person or corporation, carry merchandise for hire, and act as agents for newspapers and business houses was removed when the senate adopted the postoffice appropriation bill, which contains a provision forbidding the carriers to act as agents for business houses.

It is provided, however, in a senate amendment that these carriers may carry merchandise for hire, receive subscriptions for and deliver newspapers, magazines and other periodicals for and upon request of patrons residing upon their routes, when such service does not interfere with the proper discharge of their official duties, and under regulations prescribed by the postmaster general.

The carriers not only are permitted to receive orders upon their routes, but are requied to take oders of subscriptions for merchandise, newspapers and periodicals when requested to do so by their patrons. The effect of this law would be to prevent carriers from acting as agents for commercial houses in cities, but they may act in this capacity for patrons on their routes.

A spring tonic for the children. Give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. See them thrive, grow, eat and sleep. The children's doctor. 35 cents, tea or tablet form.

Committee Will Meet.

Friday evening next a meeting of the public affairs committee of the Commercial club will be held, at which reports will be read and various subjects discussed by the committee and its subordinate divisions. T. W. Hugo is chairman of the committee.

A large sign in the dining room of the club reads, in black letters about a foot long, "J. M. S., Chief Piker." This is meant to indicate J. M. Smith, who failed to appear at the meeting and banquet of the membership committee Tuesday night. "Piker" is evidently in this case meant to be a synonym of the word "absentee." Several oyster cocktails were kept hot for Mr. Smith, but he did not attend the feast.

DROP

A Postal FOR This Book FREE

Your health is your greatest blessing. Guard it as your life. Find out the truth about yourself, whether you are sick or well. Learn how to get well and keep well—and how to get well should you become ill. Poor health is the result of your failure to obey nature's laws. How can you obey these laws unless you know what they are? Do you suffer from headaches? Is your appetite poor? Do you lay awake at night? Are you nervous and irritable? Then you are on the down-road to poor health. Get on the up-road. Dr. McLean's book tells you how to regain lost health or to retain the health you have.

Dr. J. H. McLean has prepared many remedies to help those who suffer. One of them is

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

This remedy reaches the organs that are most susceptible to disease; the organs that must be kept in good working condition to secure good health for you. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm puts these organs in good order and keeps them so; makes them throw off disease germs; relieves untold suffering; brings health and strength to those who use it. At all druggists. $1.00 the bottle.

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

ICE IN THE LAKES

Lake Superior Continues Solid But Others Opening Up.

Ice In the Straits Being Worn Away By the Current.

Signs of a slight breaking up of the ice pack at the western end of the lake have made their appearance. Open water appeared off the entrance to the canal about a week ago and the little strip of blue has been steadily lengthening and widening.

The first break in the ice always appears at this point. The current through the canal wears the ice thin, and it breaks up with the first warm weather.

The remainder of the pack has every appearance of solidity, but it is honeycombing rapidly, and a week or so of warm weather would work wonders with it.

The following is the summary of the ice conditions on the lakes as given in the weekly report of the weather bureau:

"The reports of the ice condition from the regular and display stations of the weather bureau indicate there has been no material change in the ice in Superior, the fields moving with the wind over the central portion and still firm over the extreme eastern portion. In the St. Mary's river there is more open water and the ice is being steadily cut by the current; considerable open water is appearing in Hay lake. In Green bay the ice is softening up and has moved some during the week.

"In Michigan the ice field is confined mostly to the northern portion, although the field in the extreme southeastern portion is still there; practically no ice is reported along the west shore and none along the east shore except at Michigan City, as far north as Glen Haven; from Charlevoix north to the Straits there is considerable ice; at the Straits the ice was cut by the warm weather of the past week, but is still firm and the cold weather of the 11th and 12th is holding it fast.

"In Huron the ice fields are confined to the northern portion; over the southern portion the fields have moved out of sight; the ice has run out of Lake St. Clair; in Lake Erie the ice is apparently confined to the extreme eastern portion of the lake as it is reported clear from Erie west to the head of the lake. The ice in Ontario is confined to the extreme eastern portion and is well broken up.

"There is more ice in all the lakes than at the same period last season. The report from the Straits indicates that it will open there about the 20th, but Lake Superior will not open up much before May 1."

The usual detailed reports of Lake Superior follow:

Duluth: Open water observed ten miles to the east of Beaver Bay on the 6th; Duluth canal open for some time past, otherwise the ice is solid as far as the eye can reach.

Two Harbors: Harbor ice 28 inches; more slush and some air holes appearing; no change in the lake outside the harbor.

Ashland: Harbor ice 26 inches and softening up.

Houghton: Portage lake ice honeycombed; large open spaces appearing, canal entirely clear; large fields of drift ice outside of breakwater. Eagle harbor—Ice honeycombed and rotten; extends one mile out. Entry, no open water.

Marquette: Harbor ice 23 inches and solid; several open spaces observed during the week to the north and northwest, but none visible on the morning of the 12th.

Munising: Harbor ice 24 to 28 inches; no change since last report; no water in sight.

Grand Marais, Mich.: Harbor ice 27 inches and badly honeycombed; channel open between piers; large field of ice off shore about four miles; open water from Point Sable to Deer Park; east of there ice appears solid.

Whitefish Point: Ice softening up some, otherwise no change.

Sault Ste. Marie: The ferry began running on the 8th; considerable open water in channel from Round Island to Upper Hay lake; some in Little Mud lake; ice in the harbor 23 inches with considerably wate on it.

MAKES BIG HIT AT MARQUETTE

Michigan College of Mine Glee Club Entertains There.

The Glee and Mandolin club from the Michigan College of Mines appeared at Marquette, Mich., Tuesday evening. As the young men are to sing at the Lyceum tomorrow evening for the benefit of the Children's home, the following notice of their Marquette concert, taken from the Mining Journal of that city, will be of interest:

"The comment of people who heard both concerts was to the effect that the program rendered last evening was an advance on that of last year. Both the Glee and Mandolin clubs played with a precision and certainty that betokened extensive and careful preparation, several of the numbers being so excellently done that little or no fault could be reasonably found with them.

"The clubs have cut out everything but the straight numbers this season, and throughout the two parts the members appear in evening clothes. The program is nicely diversified, the Mandolin and Glee clubs each having about an equal part. In addition there are quartets and solos.

"Of the latter, 'The Indifferent Mariner,' sung by Mr. Pomeroy, made an instantaneous and pronounced hit. It is a rollicking sea song, admirably chosen for Mr. Pomeroy's voice, and he sings it very well indeed. He was called back for an encore. Messrs. Perrault, Furbeck, Pomeroy and Van Slyke also furnished variety for the first part with a quartet, 'Mother Goose,' which was also encored.

"In the second part, in addition to a number of excellent selections by the clubs, Mr. Perrault sang 'Emmaleen,' a coon song, effectively, the Glee club supporting him in the refrain. Mr. Downing and Mr. Douglas were heard in a banjo duet, and Mr. Douglass and Mr. Forbes in an instrumental duet. The concluding number was 'My Own United States,' from 'When Johnny Comes Marching Home,' sung by Mr. Furbeck, supported by both clubs. It was stirringly rendered.

COLLEGE GETS $300,000.

Springfield, Ohio, April 14.—The will of the late Rev. Charles Stroud, filed for probate today, bequeaths the entire estate, valued at $300,000, to Wittenberg college, the great Lutheran institution of the West, located here.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

ON TO SAINT LOOEY—OR SAINT LOOIS.

Swiftly the wonders are gathering where
The proud city stands by the Father of Waters;
Soon we shall gladly be traveling there
With our wives and our wondering sons and fair daughters.
The tom-tom ere long will be heard on the Pike,
They are getting things fixed to send thrills coursing through us;
Soon the glad people may pack up and strike
The trail for Saint Looey—or is it Saint Louis?

The wonders are coming from distant Japan,
The sultans are sending their loveliest lulus;
Descendants of moguls from far Hindustan
Will parade down the Pike with big, bare-footed Zulus.
Zuleima, Fatima and Selma will peer
From behind their frai lattices as we pass through; we
Will soon be assembling from far and from near
In gala Saint Loois—or is it Saint Looey?

The ladies will squeal and clutch madly at space
As the camels on which they have seats begin rising;
Ten thousand wild sounds will be filling the place,
We shall see wondrous things of man's clever devising,
But the most superb thing to be done by the Fair,
Which is splendidly planned to impart knowledge to us,
Will result if mankind may at last find out there
If the town is Saint Looey or merely Saint Loois.

—S. E. KISER.

TEACHERS IN DEMAND.

Graduates of Normal School Already Applied For.

Applications are already being received for this year's graduates of the Duluth normal school to fill positions, and the question that will bother the normal school will be not to find places for the teachers, but teachers for the places.

In this year's graduating class there are twenty-five members who will finish their normal course June 8. Many of them are graduates of the local high school, and with their two-years' course at the normal will be Duluth products prepared to teach in the Duluth schools, or to go elsewhere. The class officers consist of: President, Leora Fenton; vice president, Carrie Neff; secretary, Mary Bartlett, and treasurer, Florence Swenby. The preparations for commencement have not yet begun to any great extent. Some outside speaker will be asked to deliver an address commencement day; but class night the class will doubtless give some sort of informal entertainment. Last year the seven graduates gave a delightful little original play.

President Bohannan last week attended the meeting of the normal presidents at Winona. Much of the time was taken in endorsing diplomas, and the relations of the normal school to the other educational institutions of the state was discussed. The following resolutions were drawn up, to be presented as a recommendation to the state normal board:

"1. That high school graudates who shall have taken as post-graduate work at least a half-year's work in normal subjects, as offered in high schools, may receive credit for subjects in which they shall have done a full semester's work; provided (1), that these credits shall apply only on the two-years' graduate course; and (2), that the presidents reserve the right to test the quality of the work for which credit is asked.

"2. That a first grade state certificate valid at the time of presentation shall entitle its holder to twelve (12) credits on the three years' course, or on a five-years' course; provided (1), that the subjects to be credited shall be designated by the presidetn, in conference with the student, and (2), that the average of the certificate must not be less than 75 per cent, and that subjects in which the standings are less than 75 per cent will not be credited, and the number of credits allowed will be proportionately reduced.

"3. That each school shall be allowed to arrange its calendar to suit local conditions."

The catalogue of the school is being prepared and will be ready for distribution the first of May. The plans for the summer school are also being made and an attractive schedule is being made.

Mr. Bohannan will leave Saturday for Hibbing, where he will speak before the St. Louis County Teachers' association.

Cinch Club Meets.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Thompson entertained the Tionesta Cinch club last evening at their home, 42 East Fifth street. The prizes were won by Mrs. B. K. Walker, Mrs. Walter Cragin, J. P. Patterson and A. Edison. The members present were: Messrs. and Mesdames J. P. Peterson, B. K. Walker, A. Ericson, Walter Cragin, McMillan; Mrs. B. G. Walker and Miss Dora Schneider.

Mrs. A. H. Smith Entertains.

Mrs. A. H. Smith entertained at luncheon yesterday afternoon at her home, 4506 London road. The table was very dainty in lavender. The centerpiece was of primroses, and from this lavender ribbons radiated. Covers were laid for: Mesdames Edgar Bradley, William Fisher, S. E. Catherall, Frederick Hart, T. H. Hicks, John Rockwell, E. L. Fisher and Miss Bradley.

Young Women Give Dance.

Last evening the Young Ladies' club of Lakeside entertained at an informal dancing party at Harmonie hall. Blewett furnished the music and Mrs. L. D. Schenck and Mrs. W. H. Morgan were the chaperones for the delightful affair. Among those present were: Misses Jacques, Lowe, Peasley, Carey, Stitt, Thorsen, Seeley, Hollinshead, Flett, Emma Flett, Reed, Schenck, Blair, Jardis, Messrs. McLennan, Hamilton, Heinan, Letteau, Flett, Blair, Kimber, Wood, Peasley, Thompson, Thorsen, Mann, Ferguson.

Events of Interest.

Mrs. William Bradley, of 621 East Sixth street, entertained the East End Euchre club yesterday afternoon.

* * *

Mrs. William T. Tenbrook, of 459 Mesaba avenue, entertained at luncheon and an informal afternoon yesterday.

* * *

This afternoon Mrs. J. Q. A. Crosby and Mrs. N. A. Clarke entertained at cards at Mrs. Crosby's home, 2608 East Superior street.

* * *

This evening the second annual charity ball of the Progress club will be given at the Spalding for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid society, Temple Emanuel. The affair promises to be a delightful one in every particular.

* * *

Tomorrow afternoon the practice for the women's chorus of the Matinee Musicale will be held at Temple Recital hall at 4 o'clock. It is very important that all members of the chorus be present.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. W. B. Blatt, of 213 South Sixteenth avenue east, will leave this week for Pittsburg, where she will make her home.

* * *

Mrs. B. K. Walker, of Park Point, has as her guest Mrs. B. G. Walker, of Thief River Falls.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Zein, of 131 East Second street, will leave Saturday for New York and Washington, where they will visit until the 22d, when they will sail from New York on the Wilhelm Der Grosse for Bremen, Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Zein have planned a delightful three months' trip, travelling throughout France, Italy, Germany and Switzerland. They will have as their guest on the trip Miss Berdie, of Milwaukee, Mr. Zein's neice, who is superintendent of the high school in that city.

WEST DULUTH

"I believe that a small fortune awaits the man who starts a farm in the vicinity of Duluth for the raising of small fruits exclusively," said John Titus, of a small town in Southern Illinois, this morning. Mr. Titus is now in the city with a view to investing some money in West Duluth real estate, and it is said that he seriously contemplates establishing a small fruit farm between West Duluth and Smithville, near the banks of the St. Louis river.

"I have visited this country at different times during the summer and fall months," he continued, "and have carefully investigated agricultural conditions as they actually exist hereabouts. I must say that I was surprised at what I saw regarding the raising of strawberries and certain other classes of small fruits. No one seems to be raising strawberries on an extensive scale in the vicinity of Duluth, but the smaller gardens, which are half taken care of, show remarkable developments in this line. Wild berries grow in profusion and attain an unusual size. Of course, this kind of fruit is late in ripening in this Northern clime, but so much the better, for the later the berries are the better price they bring. The Southern berries are off the market by the time those raised here are ready to be offered for sale.

"I'll tell you how it is, you Zenith people simply don't appreciate what you have in the way of agricultural possibilities. The county fair last fall was an eye-opener to a good many. Northern Minnesota is bound to develop into an important farming section, and Duluth will be its metropolis."

CLEANING UP BEGINS.

The effect of spring is already being felt in West Duluth. A general cleaning up campaign is going on, and streets, yards and alleys are being put in a presentable condition. The demand for houses appears to be greater than the supply just at present, and the real estate dealers are unable to provide enough dwellings for all who inquire. Several cottages have been started in different parts of this end of the city, and two or three more pretentious residences are in the course of construction.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Charles Craig, a civil engineer formerly of West Duluth, now a resident of Houghton, Mich., is in the city today looking after his real estate interests. This is the first time Mr. Craig has visited the head of the lake in five years. He expresses himself as being well pleased with the marked advancement West Duluth has made in that time, and says that he contemplates taking up his residence here again.

Matt Lalond of Rush City is visiting friends in West Duluth.

Thomas Solverson has taken a contract for getting out a quantity of pine for the Union Match company.

Mrs. Gilbert Carey of Fifty-seventh avenue west is confined to her home with a severe attack of la grippe.

Clem Henry and Leo Bujould have returned from Pine, Wis.

Work of remodeling Dr. David Graham's building at 301 Central avenue was started this morning. An aggregate of $3500 will be spent in improving the structure. The wooden foundation will be replaced by a stone one, among other things.

Mrs. M. Yax is quite seriously ill at her home on Fifty-third avenue west.

The West Duluth Social club will hold a business meeting this evening and arrange for another dance to be given in the near future.

Miss Etta Spohn is ill at her home on Central avenue.

Don't fail to see the Women's Congress at the Great Eastern hall, Friday evening.

New fancy negligee shirts, $1.00, $1.50.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

L. E. Arnold of Minneapolis is transacting business in West Duluth and New Duluth today.

Budd's baby shoes at Lauermann's.

H. E. Patterson and Ben Getchell have been appointed apprisers of the Mose Beaulieau estate by Probate Judge Middlecoff.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

The West Duluth sawmills will commence operations this season about May 10. Owing to the severe winter just passed the opening of the sawing season has been delayed. A year ago all the mills were running in West Duluth at this time.

Progress $2.50 shoes in all styles for ladies at Lauermann's.

E. J. McIntyre returned to his home at St. Paul today after visiting with relatives in West Duluth.

New patent leather shoes $3.50 and $5.00.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

The West Duluth baseball club will hold a business meeting next week for the purpose of arranging for a benefit entertainment. The association is rather short of funds at present.

Paint your house with Heath & Milligan paint, guaranteed five years. At Schell & Wade's.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

A man in a West Duluth barber chair this morning told how to pronounce the names of Russian battleships and generals. "Cough, sneeze, blow your nose and holler 'ski,'" he said.

Stetson, Blake and Gordon Hats, new blocks.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Baby carriages—lowest prices in the city—fine assortment. At Schell & Wade's.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

West Duluth women are invited to attend a meeting to be held in the Asbury M. E. church Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The peace question will be discussed. Those attending are requested to bring with them needles, thimbles and white thread.

Beautiful sailor, Norfolk, Russian, blouse and 3-piece suits, $1.95 to $5.95.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Bicycles for everybody—great bargains every day. At Schell & Wade's.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone, 3070.

Like to Own a Money Making Thinker?

Largely a question of a healthy and active set of Brains, and Brains are not healthy or active unless fed properly.

You cannot take steam from a boiler steadily unless you fill in the right material to make good the loss. So with Brain.

A Brain worker uses up and destroys a part of the brain each day and must replace or brain fag and nervous prostration with all its horrors sets it.

The one food that contains the elements required by Brain Workers is

Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason."

Try it to days and prove to yourself in the increased strength of Brain and the clear, steady and peaceful condition of mind.

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each package.

FRIDAY BARGAINS!

Waists.

WOMEN'S SILK WAISTS—Of good quality Peau de Soie, side-pleated front and back—sleeves prettily tucked to elbow, with full pouch to cuff—all sizes 34 to 44, in black only, regular $5 waists, for Friday..... **$3.98**

Petticoats.

WOMEN'S SILK PETTICOATS—Of fine quality taffeta—deep accordion plaited flounce, trimmed with two rows of pink ruching—made extra full, regular $7.50 value, Friday **$5.00**

Skirts.

WOMEN'S WALKING SKIRTS—Of new mannish mixtures, 17 gored, straps of self materials over hips—panel front—nobby up-to-date skirts, 36 to 43 inches long—regular $5.00 skirts for Friday, each..... **$2.98**

Coats.

CHILDREN'S COATS AND CAPES—About two dozen in all—slightly soiled or rumpled from displays—spring and summer weights—sizes 6 to 12, regular $2.98 to $4.50 garments, choice Friday of any in the lot... **98c**

Ginghams.

FANCY DRESS GINGHAMS—Mercerized in the yarn—27 and 32-inch widths—new colorings, in pretty stripes and checks—regular price 25c—special for Friday, per yard..... **15c**

Dress Sateens.

40-INCH DRESS SATEENS—heavy mercerized quality in pretty Foulard designs—new colorings—dots, ring spots and Jacquard designs—very new—regular price 35c—special for Friday..... **19c**

Wash Goods.

MERCERIZED CHEVIOTS—27 inches wide—soft silky finish, small dainty patterns on ground of white—excellent for outing skirts and shirt waist suits—regular 25c kind—special for Friday—per yard..... **19c**

Linen Department.

GOOD 40-INCH LAWN—very sheer, sold everywhere at 18c—special Friday—per yard..... **12½c**

BLEACHED BATH TOWELS—Extra large size—a splendid value at 35c—they won't last long at the Bargain Friday price—each..... **23c**

HEAVY CRASH TOWELING, 18½ inches wide—bleached Barnsley, regular price 18c—sale price for Friday—per yard..... **14½c**

Lining.

15c AND 18c PERCALINE LININGS, 12½c—36-inch width, in all colors and black, standard quality—15c and 18c grade—special Friday, a yard... **12½c**

Wall Papers.

PARLOR AND LIVING-ROOM PAPERS, 75 new designs and colorings—embracing Oriental and domestic tapestry—Flocks, embossed gilts and burnished golds—regularly sold at 25c and 30c—special for Friday—per roll..... **11½c**

Oxfords.

WOMEN'S DONGOLA OXFORDS—light weight sole—military heel, stock tip, new last, nobby up-to-date styles, regular price $1.50—special Friday—per pair..... **$1.00**

Umbrellas.

WOMEN'S UMBRELLAS—Covering of taffeta silk or fine twill—natural wood and fancy handles—paragon frame—good steel rod—regular $1.25 and $1.50 values—choice of a large assortment—for Friday each..... **98c**

Lace Curtains.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS—3 yards long—regular $1 kinds—for Friday—per pair..... **75c**

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS—good value at $2, Friday, per pair..... **$1.38**

IN THE DAYLIGHT BASEMENT.

THE UNIVERSAL BREAD MAKER
Mixes and Kneads Bread thoroughly
IN 3 MINUTES.
Hands do not touch the dough
Does away with Hand Kneading and Makes Better Bread.
Simple, Easy, Sanitary

THE UNIVERSAL BREAD MAKER saves time, patience and labor — no housewife should be without one—3 minutes to do the work that requires 20 to 30 minutes of the average woman's time—it's easily worth the price you pay five times over. Take one with you Friday, at each..... **$2.25**

BREAD PANS—fluted crust—regular price 39c each—at..... **25c**

CAKE-MAKING MADE EASY—Here's another help to the busy housewife—the Van Dusen Cake

molds—We have all sizes and shapes at 20c up to 35c, with cake receipts of all kinds—ask to see them.

SHAKER FLOUR SIFTERS—worth 25c—special—each..... **15c**

PIE TINS—worth 5c—at each..... **2½c**

BREAD OR CAKE BOXES—large size—regular 68c—special each..... **48c**

EGG WHIPS and MEASURING CUPS—at each..... **5c**

WASH BOILERS—extra heavy, all-copper—worth $3.50—special each..... **$2.48**

HOME OF THE VOLGA SHOE... Freimuth's Silk Headquarters at Head of Lakes.

A MOTHER'S GRATITUDE

Many a Mother In Duluth Will Appreciate the Following.

Many a strong man and many a healthy woman has much for which to thank mother. The care taken during their childhood brought them past the danger point and made them healthy men and women. Children are generally bothered at some period with incontinence of urine, and inability to retain it is ofttimes called a habit. It is not the children's fault—the difficulty lies with the kidneys, and can be readily righted if taken in the proper way. A Duluth mother shows you how.

Mrs. G. H. Albright, formerly living at 2822 Second street, West, says: "My young son, about six years old, had a severe attack of scarlet fever, and from that time he suffered continually from a weakness of the kidneys and auxiliary organs. He tired easily, and often complained of his back hurting him and of headaches, and at night he was very restless. Instead of getting better as he grew older, he kept getting worse. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. After a few days I noticed that he was getting better, and continued the treatment until all the symptoms of the trouble left him."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

REMEMBER THE NAME—DOAN'S—AND TAKE NO OTHER.

DR. HUTCHINSON

Now PreSident of State Board of Health.

St. Paul, April 14.—Dr. Henry Hutchinson of St. Paul, who has occupied the office of vice-president of the state board of health since 1897, was made president of the board at the annual election yesterday, suceeding the late Dr. Franklin Staples of Winona. Dr. William H. Rowe of St. James was elected vice-president to succeed Dr. Hutchinson.

SWINDLER ARRESTED.

New York, April 14.—A man known as John D. Lothrop, Thomas G. Cook, Walter C. Lewis and Arthur H. Lee, has been arrested in Hackensack, N. J., on charges of having obtained $160 under false pretences from a Newark Trust company. Lothrop posed as a buyer of real estate. He is alleged to have represented himself as agent for many prominent publishers in the West.

TWELVE PRISONERS ESCAPE.

Des Moines, April 14.—Twelve prisoners confined in the military guard house here escaped today by sawing their way out with a case knife. The crimes committed for which the men were detained are more or less serious, and a determined effort will be made to apprehend them. The local police department has been asked to aid in the search. Bloodhounds will also be used.

BLOOMING MILL RESUMES.

Sharon, Pa., April 14.—The Blooming mill, of the Carnegie Steel company, has resumed operations after an idleness of more than eight months, affording employment to 400 men. The mill was closed on account of a scarcity of orders. The Angle mill be started next week and the open hearth department in three weeks.

Won't Need a Doctor

If you take Rea Bros.' Cascarin. It gives good results and acts quickly. It is a specific in constipation, cures La Grippe, colds and prevents fevers. The stomach once relieved and put in a healthy condition all of the attendant troubles pass away. At druggists, price 50 cents.

DULUTH JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS

The dealer who buys of a Duluth jobber secures advantageous freight rates, up-to-date merchandise, right prices and square dealing.

ASBESTOS TEXTILE PRODUCTS

The Keasbey & Mattison Co
Largest Manufacturers of Magnesia and Asbestos Pipe and Boiler Covers in the World.
Boiler Covers and Packings of Every Description. Asbestos Roofing and Theater Curtains
H. W. Taylor, Magr. 325 West Mich. St.

ART GLASS AND MIRRORS.

St. Germain Bros.
ESTABLISHED 1851
Manufacturers of art, leaded and metal glass for churches, residences and public buildings. All kinds of plain and beveled French mirrors. Designs and estimates on application.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Thomson & Dunlop,
JOBBERS OF
Builders' and Painters' Supplies.
Samuel Cabot's, Shingle Stains. Mantels, Fireplace Fixtures.
226-228 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

BRASS WORKS.

DULUTH BRASS WORKS — Manufacturers of .... BRASS GOODS, BRASS CASTINGS, BABBITTS.

CANDIES.

DULUTH CANDY CO.
Candy Manufacturers.
No. 20 East First Street.

John Wahl Factory.
National Candy Co.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
CONFECTIONERY
John Wahl, Mngr. 7-13 16th Avenue W.

CIGARS.

RON-FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO.
"LaLINDA" a domestic cigar.
"LaVERDAD" clear Havana.
102-104 W. Mich. St.

CIGAR BOX FACTORY.

Minnesota Cigar Box Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
CIGAR BOXES.
Cigar Box Labels and Cigar Manufacturers' Tools and Supplies.
Zenith Phone 1165. No. 27 First Avenue W.
PETER J. VANVICK, Prop.

DRY GOODS.

F. A. Patrick & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
"Best Located."

DRUGS.

DeVelda Drug Co
Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists.
Laboratories 613 to 621 West Michigan St.

LEITHHEAD DRUG CO.
Drugs and Druggist Sundries
223-227 South 5th Ave. W.

ENG'RS, F'NDERS, MACHINISTS.

National Iron Co.,
Manufacturers
HOISTING ENGINES, STRUCTURAL AND ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

BURGESS ELECTRIC CO.,
312 West First Street.
Electrical Supplies of all Kinds
Manufacturers of Gas, Electric and Combination Chandeliers.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

The Thos. Thompson Co.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce.
126-128 West Michigan Street.

Fitzsimmons-Derrig Co.
Commission Merchants.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers. Foreign and Domestic Fruits.
122-124 West Michigan Street.

Gamble-Robinson - Sheldon COMPANY.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce.
Car Lot Dealers, Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Foreign and Domestic Green and Dried Fruits
210-212 West Michigan Street.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit Co
General Commission Merchants.
Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Etc.
218-220 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

FLOUR AND FEED.

C. S. PROSSER & CO.
Members Duluth Board of Trade.
WHITE ROSE FLOUR
FLOUR, FEED, HAY, GRAIN AND SEEDS.
Both Telephones 461.
114-116 EAST MICHIGAN ST.

GREGORY, COOK & CO
MILLERS.
COMMANDER FLOUR.
701 to 703 Board of Trade.

Duluth jobbers and manufacturers successfully meet all competition in quality of merchandise, reasonableness of price and prompt shipping accommodations.

FLOUR AND FEED.

H. F. DAVIS & CO
WHOLESALE
FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN AND HAY.
24-26-28-30-32 E. Michigan St.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.

CLYDE IRON WORKS — Manufacturers of Logging Tools and Steam Log Rollers.

GROCERS.

Stone-Ordean-Wells COMPANY.
Importers and Wholesale Grocers.

Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
"THE YOUNG GIANT."

Wright-Clarkson Mercantile Company
IMPORTERS—
Wholesale Grocers, Manufacturers.

HARDWARE.

MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO.
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

KELLEY-HOW-THOMSON CO
HARDWARE.
LUMBERMEN'S AND MILL SUPPLIES.

HATS AND CAPS.

BLAKE & WAITE COMPANY
WHOLESALE
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES AND FURS.
LUMBERMEN'S SPECIALTIES!

KNITTED GOODS.

NELSON BROS.' KNITTING MILLS
Manufacturers of Knitted Goods.
2101-2103 W. Superior St.

LEATHER.

SCHULZE BROS. CO.,
Wholesale Saddlery and Shoe Findings.
302-304 West Michigan Street.

LUMBER and INTERIOR FINISH.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co — Manufacturers of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
OFFICE AND STAIR WORK.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Christensen, Mendenhall & Graham.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Men's Furnishing Goods.
Lumbermen's and Miners' Wear a Specialty.
224 West Superior Street.

PLUMBING & HEATING GOODS.

Crane-Ordway Co.,
12 West Michigan Street.
Manufacturers of Pipe, Fittings, Valves and Steam Goods.
Jobbers of Plumbers', Steam and Gas-fitters' Supplies.

Northern Supply Co.
Plumbers, Steam, Gas and Water Works Supplies. . .
General Offices and Salesroom:
14 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

PAPER.

Zenith Paper Co
Manufacturers Wholesale
Paper and Stationery.
Building and Roofing Paper.
222-224 West Michigan Street.

PRODUCE.

THOMPSON PRODUCE CO.
Wholesale Dealers in
BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, POULTRY, VEAL, ETC.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
116 W. Michigan Street.

SANDERS & CO
BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE AND POULTRY.
W. Michigan and 2nd Avenue

PROVISIONS.

THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO. COLD STORAGE
Butter, Eggs, Milk, Cheese, Cream.
16 WEST FIRST STREET

STATIONERY AND NOTIONS.

DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO.
—WHOLESALE—
Stationery, Notions and Paper.
18-20 W. Michigan Street.

STEEL CEILINGS.

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.
Manufacturers of
Metal Ceilings, Corrugated and Iron Cornices, Skylights, Etc.
126-130-132 East Michigan Street.

SHOW CASE FACTORY.

Duluth Show Case Factory,
Show Cases, Bar, Barber, Office and Store Fixtures.
Zenith Phone 1260. Peter M. Carlson, Prop.

WALL PAPER.

H. A. HALL & CO
WALL PAPER.
16 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

ANYTHING OF INTEREST to the general jobbing trade of Duluth will be published on this page. Address Jobbing Editor, Duluth Herald.

If you are doing a legitimate business, your name should be in this list. It is the most complete of its kind ever published in Duluth.

Duluth's importance commercially is due to its progressive business men

COMMERCIAL CLUB ANNUAL

Enthusiastic Election of Five Directors.

Officers Make Reports and Love Feast Follows.

Its annual election of directors held by the Commercial club yesterday demonstrated that the present administration is good enough for the members, and is regarded as an especial endorsement of President McGonagle, while the enthusiasm at last night's meeting when his re-election was suggested makes it look a foregone conclusion. The election resulted in the choice of these five men to serve as directors: E. M. Ferguson, George C. Stone, Frank Crassweller, C. W. Elston and G. L. Douglas, Jr. The other directors, who hold over, are W. A. McGonagle, Julius H. Barnes, F. W Helmick, C. R. Rust and Guy A. Eaton, and the directors may hold their meeting to elect officers next Saturday night.

Three hundred and ninety-eight votes were cast yesterday, and the standing of the candidates follows: E. M. Ferguson, 256; C. W. Elston, 239; George C. Stone, 238; Frank Crassweller, 236; G. L. Douglas, Jr., 216; W. C. Sargent, 200; B. Silberstein, 152; A. C. Volk, 112; E. P. Towne, 107; J. M. Smith, 92; C. H. Bradley, 66; Cameron Hewitt, 22.

Reports read by President McGonagle, Secretary Eva and Treasurer Barnes at last night's meeting showed the club to be in excellent condition financially and numerically, and after this good state of things was made known, the gathering turned into a sort of love feast, with each man who spoke saying something nice about the others. All the officers and committees were warmly thanked for the work of the year, especially President McGonagle, Secretary Eva and C. W. Elston, chairman of the membership committee. Each one responded.

The president said among other things that his efforts had always been in behalf of the city and its commercial welfare, no matter what move was made in the club, and that he would never identify himself with any political organization in Duluth, as his time that he could spare for interests outside his railroad business would always be given to the general welfare of the city.

When E. L. Miller suggested Mr. McGonagle's name for re-election, the applause was decidedly vigorous. Mr. Miller referred to the membership committee as the "hot stuff and warm number bunch," which created amusement.

B. Silberstein, a defeated candidate for director, when called upon for remarks, said that although "licked," he was still able to be around and not afraid, and he said he would rather be a "live coward than a dead hero."

The club has 1007 members and net assets of $11,723.57. It is expected that the coming year will witness a much better financial showing than the past one, as a great many improvements have been made in the rooms and new furniture bought, which will be much smaller items of expense the present year. The cafe, which has been operated at a loss, is never expected to be a money-making institution. In the discussion of this matter Mr. McGonagle said it was a thing unheard of in commercial clubs or other institutions of like character to make the cafe self-supporting, and that if rival clubs knew how near the Duluth organization's restaurant came to paying for itself they would open their eyes with astonishment. Many such clubs in the country, he said, make appropriations sometimes as high as $4000 yearly to cover deficits, but that at the present rate there was no danger locally.

* * *

In his address reviewing the club work the president spoke as follows:

"The Commercial club was organized February 12, 1902, by a number of jobbers of the city of Duluth, who met in the McDonnell block for this purpose. On March 1, 1902, the club was incorporated and the first annual meeting was held in the city hall on April 9, 1902.

"From May 1, 1902, to January 1, 1903, the club held its meetings in the Torrey building and on January 1, 1903, it entered its present quarters having over a thousand members.

"The club has had a successful career from its inception and the fact that it now, in its third year, shows an increased membership proves beyond a doubt that the time was ripe for its organization and the foundations were laid broad enough to withstand the lapse of time and the temporary enthusiasm which had heretofore wrecked similar organizations.

"The present quarters are leased for a term of five years from January 1, 1903, at a rental of $2500 per year and I am satisfied that at the end of this period we will want a building of our own with accommodations for the 2000 members that we expect to have at that time.

"One of the most important actions of the club during the past year has been the organization of the public affairs committee under the leadership of T. W. Hugo. This committee is now engaged in arming itself with the necessary financial weapons to carry on its warfare and we look for early and very important results. The forty gentlemen who compose this committee are among the most influential of our citizens and the prompt response from each of them to their appointment assures the enthusiasm that is necessary to produce results.

"We have succeeded in getting many conventions to come to our city until within a short time Duluth will become a favorite convention city and we can even look forward to holding the great national conventions besides the shores of the great Lake Superior, cooling the fevered brows of the politician with the balmy zephyrs of Duluth's own and only northeasters.

"I want particularly to call attention to the excellent work of the committee on membership, which under the enthusiastic leadership of C. W. Elston has added one hundred and fifty-eight names to our membership roll. This committee is entitled to a resolution of thanks from the club and I trust that such a resolution will be adopted and spread on the records.

"A personal word in closing: I appreciate the great honor bestowed on me one year ago and shall remember with pleasure my conection with the Commercial club of Duluth as its president. I have endeavored to prevent the club from drifting into personal squabbles and from promoting private interests. I have endeavored to make it non-partisan, non-sectarian and to devote its whole power and influence for the upbuilding of the city of Duluth. In this I have been ably supported by the board of directors, the secretary and the house committee and I now hand over to my successor in office a club second to none in the great Northwest, with a membership united, harmonious, enterprising and industrious, believing in the destiny of this great Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas."

* * *

Secretary Eva spoke as follows:

"In accordance with the bylaws I have the honor to submit the accompanying report, and I think that you will agree that our club is in a healthy and prosperous condition. We now have on our rolls over 1000 members. There has been since the organization, a total enrollment of 1255. We have lost by death, resignation, and suspension 248, leaving 1007 in good standing.

"As you are undoubtedly aware, the second year of a commercial organization of this kind is invariably the most critical of its existence, but thanks to the conservative management of our board of directors, we have tided safely over this critical period, and look boldly forward to the future. In the first year the work is made light by the enthusiasm born of novelty, every one is anxious to belong, and in their earnestness help to push all difficulties aside and work for the one end. I regret to say that the newness wears off, and many of the members begin to find fault with the organization, and look at the size of their subscription rather than the object and the work that the club is carrying and will carry to a successful end.

"I know you realize that a successful organization must have the good will and moral support of its members. I am fully convinced that a large amount of good has been accomplished along this line by our membership committee, and that a much better feeling exists in our membership today, than there was a year ago, and permit me to say that in my opinion I believe it is the duty of every member of this club, that when he hears a person belittling the organization in any manner, that he should take him to task for it unless of course there is some good legitimate cause for his complaint. I also think it is the duty of every member if he is not thoroughly satisfied with the manner that the internal affairs of the club are conducted, and if something is not done by some of the employes just to his liking, that it is his duty to inform the secretary, for in no other way can he correct these errors unless they are brought to his attention, and if the complaint is on the secretary, I think it is the person's duty to take it up with the president direct.

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"We have now organized and in good working condition, a most excellent public affairs committee to whom will be submitted all matters of a public nature connected with our city. Some excellent work has already been accomplished and other important matters are under consideration, and I think at the close of the year, their work will stand as a monument to them and the Commercial club of Duluth.

"Perhaps very few of you realize the great amount of correspondence that is carried on by this club. Never a day passes but what we get some inquiry from some part of the country, and sometimes from foreign countries, for statistics of Duluth and its resources. I have often heard it said, why does not the club get some manufacturers here? and in reply to this I wish to say that if any of you care to take the trouble to inquire, I should be pleased to show you letters on file in our office which will prove to you conclusively that we could fill every available factory site in the city, provided we would donate it, subscribe for from $50,000 to $160,000 worth of stock, and exempt them from taxes for from five to ten years, or in other words, fence the city in and give it to them. Our experience has taught us that these are not the kind of industries we want to father. What we need is factories that can stand on their own foundation and would come here on the strength of the natural advantages we have to offer.

There is no question but that when the Great Northern Power company gets in operation there will be a great rush for factory locations in this city, and I base my belief entirely on the inquiries we receive concerning it.

"Your club has also been prominent in caring for and entertaining distinguished visitors, planning excursions, and securing conventions, and during the past year we have entertained a great many distinguished visitors and have cared for thousands of excursionists, helping them to secure lodging places and directing them to points of interest in our city. Some of these matters may seem of little importance, but there is no doubt of their ultimate good. Visitors coming to our city go away with the impression that they were welcomed, and take pleasure in talking about their visit to the Zenith City, all of which in itself helps to advertise it.

"We have been quite successful in securing conventions for the coming year. The Music Teachers' convention will be held on June 16, 17 and 18; the State Democratic convention will be held in this city on June 22; the state Optical association convention will also be held during the month of June, the date to be set later, and later in the season the society of the Christian Endeavor and the state Retail Hardware Dealers' association will be held, as well as several important ones we are now working on, and are going to get.

"The very fact of our having a club of this size is a factor in advertising our city, for I care not where you go, everyone knows of the Duluth Commercial club with its membership of over 1000.

"I think very few of our members ever expected that two years from the organization the club would show the membership of the size we now have, and there is no question in my mind, with the right management, keeping a lively interest, everyone working for the success of the organization, and our city, that we can have here a club second to none in the country from a standpoint of work accomplished, if not from luxuriousness.

"In closing, I desire to thank the officers and members for their courteous treatment and for the readiness with which they have responded when called upon to perform some specific duty."

Your Liver
Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take
Hood's Pills
Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous—
Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.
'Phone—Zenith 358.

BILLIONS HANDLED

By Heenan During His Fifty Years' Service.

New York, April 14.—James Heenan, 74 years old, the oldest clerk in New York city, but still hearty and vigorous, celebrated on Monday the fiftieth anniversary of his connection with the American Exchange National Bank, one of the important Wall street institutions.

During his service with the bank it is estimated he has handled more than three billions of dollars in actual cash. He is enrolled on the employes' list of the bank as a specie clerk and he was entrusted with the care and charge of the immense vaults. In addition he has carried day by day for half a century the vast sums of money which represent the bank's debits and credits at the clearing house.

On busy days he has carried as much as $5,000,000 to the clearing house, and hundreds of times he has carried $1,000,000 stowed away in his pockets. Never once has there been a mistake. During the 50 years' service as specie clerk he has seen the formation of the New York clearing house. Before it was formed Mr. Heenan used to carry for the same bank hundreds of thousands of dollars to a clearing house in the curb. That was an improvised clearing house, where specie clerks used to meet and even up balances. Few recall now the exciting times of this "clearing house" in the panic of 1857.

ONE-FOURTH OF CITY

Sold By Sheriff For Delinquent Taxes.

Findlay, Ohio, April 14.—To date one-fourth of the city has been sold by the sheriff. This is the result of numerous suits to recover delinquent taxes of unplatted additions in the outskirts of the city. By this process thousands of dollars have been turned into the county treasury and several hundred acres of land have passed into the possession of people who will not permit it to become delinquent in the future. Hundreds of town lots remain to be sold under the sheriff's hammer just as rapidly as orders of sale can be issued in conformity with the legal requirements.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

HOTEL SPALDING
West 43rd St., Just Off Broadway
NEW YORK.
Transient and Family Hotel.
Absolutely Fireproof. 300 Rooms. 200 Baths.
All rooms lighted by natural light.
Holland Cafe. Palm Garden.
Louis XVI Restaurant.
MUSIC NOON AND EVENINGS.
3 blocks from Grand Central Station.
3 passenger elevators.
Center of theater and business district.
Running ice water in all apartments.
Complete in every detail.
John H. Langton
Formerly of Duluth, MANAGER.

THE EVENING HERALD
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., First St., Op. P.O. square.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126

10 CENTS A WEEK
EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

KILLING THE GOOSE, ETC.

One serious mistake that was made by Chicago at the time of her World's fair in 1893 bids fair to be repeated, but on a much more gigantic scale, by the citizens of St. Louis eleven years later. By the raising of house rents and hotel rates beyond reason at the time of her fair Chicago did herself an injury from which she has not fully recovered and which is almost irreparable. Instead of benefiting by the lesson Chicago furnished and using some moderation, the greedy landlords of St. Louis are already turning tenants out of their homes because the latter canot afford to pay the enormous rents exacted.

A correspondent of the St. Louis Globe Democrat gives expression to the complaint of the distressed tenant and the following excerpt from his letter will serve to show to what extent this grasping greed has gone:

"There are not a few families in St. Louis today (prompt-paying tenants at that) who are being practically evicted from their homes with their rent paid up, and who are finding 'no place to go,' as the very few houses being offered for rent are held at the most exorbitant rates. For instance, the house that I myself have occupied for two years at a fair rental has been leased for the fair period of ten months at an advance of 437 per cent! At this rate the original cost of the house ($5500) would be realized in rent in about thirty-two months. Comment is almost needless.

"And there are many others. Tears are falling on many hearthstones and many of the mothers and daughters of St. Louis are overwhelmed with grief at the prospect."

Another householder who has been occupying a residence at $30 per month has had his rent raised to $75 per month. A further indication of the extent to which this extortion is practiced is shown in the following advertisement clipped from the want columns of the Globe Democrat:

> FOR RENT—Canvas cottages, unfurnished, to accommodate families compelled to vacate present quarters. Canvas Cottage City Co., 102 N. Second St.

There are no doubt many people in this section who have made preparations to go to St. Louis during the fair—some with an eye to business chances, many with the idea of finding profitable employment, some with the intention of spending the summer there in quest or recreation and enjoyment. A perusal of these facts should give them reason to hesitate and investigate, as no doubt many will.

The Herald believes it the duty of the press of the country to make these conditions known in time so that intending visitors may be warned. There is no desire to injure the fair or hamper its success in any way, but if the citizens of St. Louis have no more regard for its welfare or the ultimate good of their city, than to injure both in this manner, then they alone are to blame and can hold themselves solely responsible for the evil results that are certain to follow.

RUSSIA'S HEAVY LOSS.

Even those who sympathize with Japan in her great struggle against the territorial encroachments of Russia, which would, if not checked, result in the absorption of Japan itself, cannot fail to deeply regret the awful calamity which the Russian navy experienced at Port Arthur, when a first-class battleship was blown up by a submerged mine and nearly all on board, including Admiral Makaroff and several hundred officers and men, perished. Had these unfortunate men gone down in battle, the disaster would not be attended by such distressing features, for such are the fortunes of war which are to be expected. Admiral Makaroff was a brave man, a gallant officer and one of the most daring naval commanders in the Russian navy, and Russia has suffered a serious loss by his sudden taking off at a critical period in the war.

Details of the sea fight which took place previous to the retreat of Admiral Makaroff's flagship when it struck the mine have not been received at this writing, but there are rumors from various points that the Japs won a great victory and that the Russian fleet at Port Arthur was practically annihilated.

WHAT THE FIGHT MEANS.

The Minneapolis Times says the people of the Northwest do not care particularly who owns the Northern Pacific as long as there is competition, and states that there would be a greater hope of competition and a better prospect of railway extension if the Harriman interests win out.

If the public thought for a minute that there would be actual competition should the Rockefeller-Harriman interests secure control of the Northern Pacific, they would undoubtedly favor the change, but The Herald will wager a fresh Florida strawberry against a last year's withered apple that in such event there would be no more competition in rates than there is now, and that there would be less railroad building in the territory tributary to Duluth. Furthermore, if control of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern by the Hill-Morgan combine is against public policy and public interest, all the more would be a combine of the Union Pacific and Northern Pacific against public interest. Of one thing the public may rest assured—that it would be against the interest of Duluth and of the entire Northwestern country served by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads.

When the Minneapolis Times can show the public any railroad manager who can exhibit a record of greater willingness to make railroad extensions and more ability to obtain such results than J. J Hill, then will be time enough for The Herald to believe the Times' assertion that other control of the Northern Pacific would furnish a better prospect of railway extension.

This is not alone a fight of J. J. Hill for control of the Northern Pacific, but it is a fight of the people of the Northwest for supremacy of the Northern trunk lines in the handling of the world's traffic. Furthermore it is a fight against the ultimate consolidation of every through line from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the lakes to the Pacific.

AN INCONSISTENT ATTITUDE.

Governor Vardaman of Mississippi is receiving commendation from many quarters for his efforts to prevent lynching, which is no doubt deserved. Twice he has called out the state militia to protect from mob violence one Baldwin, a negro charged with murder, and the outlook is that as a result of the governor's steadfast attitude the negro will be given a fair trial. Speaking of this case, the governor said:

"I will protect this negro at all costs. He is not worth 50 cents, but he is in the hands of the officers of the law, and I will spend every cent at my command to uphold the law and give the worthless wretch a fair trial."

Mississippi's negro-hating governor may not realize it, but such utterances as this and others that he has made will do more to stir up race hatred and mob murder than all he can do with the entire military forces of the state to prevent.

Mob violence in Mississippi and others states is not directed toward murderers as such, but toward black men who commit almost any crime. Race hatred is at the bottom of it. Those who indulge in these mob murders know that the courts will mete out justice, if given oportunity. But they do not want the courts to do so. They want to satisfy the savage in their nature by tearing, rending, burning, mutilating and murdering themselves. If there were no race hatred there would be few instances of lynch law. Therefore the man who stirs up race hatred is morally responsible for mob murders. By talking of negroes in the way he does, of which the above extract is a sample, he encourages and cultivates race hatred in the minds of both whites and blacks.

It is an officer's duty to talk decently as well as to act in accordance with the dictates of the law. Governor Vardaman makes a show of upholding the law while using language that incites to lawlessness and anarchy.

Why should he be held up to view as a model of official virtue for other executives to pattern after?

THE BANK EMBEZZLER.

Chief Justice Start of the Minnesota supreme court appears to hold the act of bank embezzlement a more serious crime than do some district judges. In refusing to favor the pardon of an embezzler of trust funds the justice, after remarking on the fact that the violation of business confidence is becoming too common of late, and no example should be set which will tend to create a feeling among young men that they can take their employers' money with impunity, says:

"The man who steals from you when you trust him with your money is more of a scoundrel than the thief who robs you at the point of a revolver. The embezzler is guilty of two crimes, only one of which is punishable, but the other of which is equally degrading. To violate the confidence of a man who trusts you is a more serious offense, as far as morality is concerned, than to merely take a sum of money from a man whom you have not led to have confidence in you."

The Herald is in full accord with the opinion of Justice Start. While the object of society in dealing with the criminal should be to prevent and reform rather than to punish, the man who commits the double crime of stealing from his employer should be kept in restraint long enough so that society can make sure that he has had time for repentance and reformation before being liberated.

In this age of loose financiering and reckless speculation the bank thief is apt to figure that if he only steals a sum large enough he will be well paid for the short time he spends in prison even if he does happen to get caught. The terms of sentence in these cases ought to be sufficient to make that sort of calculation unprofitable.

THE FIELD SURVEY

As a result of a court injunction, Atlantic City, N. J., now has two sets of fire chiefs. The city ought to be able now to dispense with the remainder of the department and save money.

* * *

The lower house of congress has decided to submit to the recent pension order of President Roosevelt, refusing to adopt Congressman Cockran's resolution directing an investigation. The vote stood 103 to 100. It is a hopeful sign, however, that three Republican members, Messrs. McCall of Massachusetts, Littlefield of Maine and Cushman of Washington, voted with the minority in favor of the investigation.

* * *

"The best way to treat 'the social unrest' when it exhibits itself in holdups, burglaries, dynamitings and assaults on people who work, is to put it into a cool and peaceful penitentiary, where it will be sure to rest." This from the Brooklyn Eagle would indicate the presupposition that when the same sentiment finds expression in the desire to sell watered stocks and to monopolize the gifts of nature through illegal methods the "captain of industry" should be crowned with a laurel wreath and sent to congress to so mutilate the laws that he cannot be sent to the penitentiary.

* * *

The city of Marquette, Mich., owns its own lighting plant and the annual report shows that last year the plant furnished, besides street illumination, lights for 546 residences and 382 business places. The institution turned in a net income of $13,000 last year, after paying all interest charges, making a liberal allowance for depreciation, paying large sums for maintenance and retiring $5000 worth of its bonds. The rates charged are said to be the lowest in the state. As the returns come in the fact is developed that municipal ownership is not such a bugbear as it used to be. The time will surely come when people will look back with wonder that individuals or corporations were ever permitted to handle public utilities.

* * *

A director of the New York Central asserts that the company spent $1,000,000 last winter in shoveling snow. No doubt there will be universal sympathy over such trials of the railroad director. Our own flinty heart often bleeds for them because of their many sore afflictions.

* * *

The Indianapolis News also advises its readers to boil it.

* * *

By the way, who cares about the Iroquois horror now? How soon we forget.

* * *

It is too bad to spoil a good story, but it appears to be untrue that the czar banished Padcrewski from St. Petersburg because he was proud of his Polish ancestry.

* * *

Admiral Makaroff continues to sleep with his clothes on, more is the pity. Are the lovers of warfare not satiated with this latest sickening disaster, or is it an occasion for great joy?

* * *

It is claimed that because of the passage of the Geary law the national administration is convinced that it has power to continue the exclusion of the Chinese after the treaty has lapsed. It appears rather inconsistent to blame the Boxers of China for their anti-foreigner sentiment when we ourselves uphold a Chinese exclusion law. It is also somewhat inconsistent to import Chinese for digging the Panama canal while denying them the privilege of entering the United States. But then, there are a few more inconsistencies in our methods of dealing with other peoples and we are getting quite used to them.

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That needles were first made in 1545. A man could then make about ten a day. Today in England and the United States there are 200,000,000 needles made every year.

* * *

That the foulest stratas of air are, of course, at the ground level, and at 90 feet or so above the ground, where, seemingly, all the smoke and fumes of factories, etc., linger for the longest time. It is well to keep between those or get above the latter in the sky-scrapers.

* * *

That blonde hair is always the finest and red hair the coarsest.

* * *

That the muscles of our eyes, noses and ears are almost rudimentary when compared to the development of those muscles in the lower animals.

* * *

That there are about 20,000,000 Jews in the world; 5,500,000 in Russia, 1,000,000 in the United States and fewer than 500,000 in England and France.

* * *

That the record for the Soo canal in 1903 was 35,314,000 tons, the greatest canal traffic in the world.

* * *

That horse meat as food is even more popular in Persia than in Paris. The Persians average over 4000 tons of horse meat per year.

* * *

That the average Parisian eats 145 pounds of apples, 20 pounds of cherries, 120 pounds of pears, 133 pounds of plums, 2 pounds of raspberries and 13 pounds of strawberries a year.

* * *

That since the formation of the German Empire, 2,500,000 Germans have emigrated from that country and that over 90 per cent have come directly to the United States in spite of the efforts made to divert that emigration to Brazil and to the German colonies in Africa.

* * *

That the average human being contains about 30 pounds of blood and it all passes through the heart in three minutes' time. We breathe about 1200 times an hour, and inhale 600 gallons of air. The surface of the air cells in the lungs exceeds 20,000 square inches. Every square inch of skin contains about 3500 perspiratory pores and is subjected to 14 pounds atmospheric pressure, or 40,000 pounds pressure upon the entire body.

* * *

That Switzerland sells us $21,000,000 worth of her products and buys $200,000 worth of ours. Clever Switzerland! Talk about Yankee thrift!

* * *

That since the Crimean war the cost of that pastime to the world has reached to nearly $18,000,000,000.

* * *

That the first artesian wells dug by "civilized" people date back to 1462, in France; but they were in common use in China early in the eleventh century.

* * *

That it isn't commonly known, but one of the most fruitful sources of fatal accidents is window-cleaning.

* * *

That the tamarisk wood of Egypt is the longest-lived of any known wood. Perfectly sound timbers have been found connected with the stone work of the old temples that are known to be at least 4000 years old.

* * *

That the Red Cross society in Russia is splendidly provided for the present war; it has something like $8,400,000 in its treasury and is perfectly organized. Little Japan is not nearly so well off and it is to the assistance of that country's troops our kindliest attentions should be directed.

* * *

That South Africa and the United States supply about one-fifth of the world's total yield of gold per annum. That total has reached this last year $350,000,000.

* * *

That Berlin whisky sellers know how to make things attractive. At some bars there an insurance coupon for $500 good for seven days goes with every 5-cent drink!

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Jai-alai is a celebrated game in Cuba," said a man who was in Duluth the other day after a visit to the island. "They pronounce it 'hye-lie' and for agility and swiftness the players of it are ahead of anything I have ever seen. You talk of football, baseball, tennis, golf or anything else of that kind—I tell you none of them is in it for a single instant with jai-alai. They play it with a ball and what answers for a bat is in the shape of a basket and fits on the hand. The players range in age from 15 to 25 years and in the game I saw in Havana the chief player was a boy of 16 years who gets $1000 per month, while the others draw less than that, but none under $600.

"The game is played in a sort of court, or rather amphi-theater which seats several thousand people and the seats run up to $2 each. The seats are all on one side of the place, as the ends and one side wall are used by the players in knocking the ball around, for they make the ball hit those places much in the same manner as a man would bank a ball in billiards. The side on which the seats are located has an area between it and the playground which is kept roped off while the play is on, but as soon as play is over the rope is let down and the people are allowed to run down on to it and pat the players on the back or cuss them, as the case may be. The enthusiasm and confusion that reigns at this time are something terrific. There is gambling going on all the time, with the scores being placed on boards in plain sight so that all interested may know just how to put their money or how the score stands. They bet with odds, according to the general favor of the player or the standing he holds in the game that may be on. You never saw more excitement in gambling than there is there, and on Sunday, at that. I've got the seat checks yet that I had that day.

"Coming up on the boat I asked a fellow if he had seen jai-alai. He said, 'No, I never go to sports on Sunday, and certainly not to a place where they gamble in the bargain.' Now I'll tell you that boy missed a lot of fun. Of course, I would not care to show those checks to everybody myself, but there is a different atmosphere down there from that in this country. It is as natural for those fellows to gamble as it is for a Filipino to eat dog meat. It would be impossible to stop it, because they have been raised on it.

"They play the game in twos and fours, one blue or white or two blues or whites on a side and they strive to catch the ball on the fly or on the first bounce after it has hit the wall. The place is over 200 feet long and every ten feet or so along the side there are signs which indicate to the players where they are, so that they don't have to stop to judge their distance from the end of the ground—they know in an instant by a glance at the sign whether they are so far or so near and they act accordingly.

"I have seen a man hit the ball and knock it a great distance to one end of the place, against the end. It would bounce over to the side wall and then come back to where it had left him. In the meantime he would get down on the ground and roll a somersault or perform some such trick, just to show that he did not have to waste time while the ball was traveling. He'd get back and catch it, too, before it touched the ground. Then I saw one fellow maneuver in such a way as to make the ball make an angle and come back for a number of yards within six inches of the wall, but it would not touch the wall at any time. They've got handling that ball down to a keen science and the curves and other feats that they accomplish in play would be startling to anyone who had not seen the game. It's worth the trip to Havana to see it.

"Havana is the most charming and cleanly city I have ever seen. They have over 1000 policemen and as many white wings and those fellows are busy cleaning all the time. The woman are the most charming and well-dressed and all the turnouts there, the carriages and other equipages, are superb. The horses are equally fine and the draft mules are wonders—they keep them so clean and sleek. They're just like circus stock all the time, glistening gloriously. The mules that haul the two-wheeled carts are big fine fellows and have wonderful intelligence. Their harness is all studded with brass tacks and shields and gives them a spectacular appearance. You know the streets are very narrow, maybe only 12 feet or so in width, it often happens, and those mules can turn around with those big carts just as easily as can be, and I'll bet they could do it without a driver as well as with one, for they always look around to see just where they are before they try to make a turn, so that they will not bump into anybody or anything.

"It's not so hot down there. Why it is not as bad as it often is in New York and Washington, for it often gets to 93 or 94 in the shade in those places and sel dom more than 83 in Havana. But it lasts longer there, and the heat being so steady and continuous is what knocks 'em out. It just hangs on like grim death. But it's a beautiful and interesting city and you ought to go down whenever you get a chance. You would be surprised at the town and its life and glare. It's a busy city."

* * *

Mrs. F. L. Scott and Miss R. A. Jenney of Ashland, were at the Spalding last night.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Dean and sister, of St. Paul, are at the Spalding.

* * *

Among well known Cass Lake people here yesterday were L. H. Burns, Mrs. J. E. Nelson and W. D. Campbell, who were at the St. Louis.

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Mrs. Stevens and Miss Paulis registered last night at the St. Louis from Blue Earth.

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Mrs. F. D. Vibert and Mrs. T. A. Stewart, of Cloquet, are among the hotel arrivals.

* * *

Francis Wilson and his opera company forsook the hotels last night after the performance and took a special train over the Omaha for Winona, where they were due about 5 o'clock this morning, the train leaving here about 1 o'clock this morning. The make-up of the train was two sleepers, one coach and two baggage cars.

* * *

At the Spalding: E. H. Flagler, Cincinnati; D. H. Nelson, Hibbing; W. S. Hay, St. Paul; M. C. Woodward, Tower; C. W. White, St. Paul; Arthur E. Hall, Minneapolis; A. B. Heavenrich, Detroit; S. E. De Long, A. D. Brown, St. Paul; E. Rutledge, Chippewa Falls; William L. Miller, Portland, Me.; John A. Pettes, L. A. Moore, William Gerlach, H. W. Shadle, St. Paul; E. M. Hutchinson, Boston; J. S. Watson, Marion, Iowa; A. Fred Wittenberg, Cedarburg, Wis.; E. M. Hitchcock, Minneapolis; J. W. Harding, Waukesha, Wis.; S. W. Anderson, La Crosse.

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At the St. Louis: L. Sundley, Marquette; F. L. Berry, Sam F. Fullwood, W. J. McFetridge, J. Burch, P. J. McCann, J. L. Haas, St. Paul; N. B. Noble, New Orleans; Oscar Hansen, Whitewater, Wis.; L. W. Hoffman, Green Bay; John W. Woodfell, Two Harbors; C. L. Tolles, Eau Claire; F. W. Blakeman, Minneapolis; M. F. Hannon and wife, Two Harbors; C. F. Moulton, Ashland; Arthur Burgess, H. Hanscome, Minneapolis; G. A. Gallagher, Racine; G. L. Davis, Carlton; George Mumford, Two Harbors; J. W. Willis, Nashwauk; C. K. Clausen, Ashland, Wis.; H. E. Graffam, Grand Rapids; W. O. Shea, Eveleth; George L. Dewey, Grand Rapids; Mrs. C. M. MacKenzie, Pettit; T. F. Hayes, Nickerson; E. M. Smith, Hibbing; William Caye, Allan Morrison, Ely; E. H. Chittenden, Virginia; C. H. Dickinson, Grand Rapids; W. T. Stapleford, Milwaukee; Michael Costello, B. I. Waldo, P. Lavell, Marquette; M. Marcus, Medford, Wis.; A. F. McDermott, Minneapolis; J. H. Sullivan, Tower; C. P. Zimmerman, Brainerd; E. G. Nevins, Winona.

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At the McKay: Mark Eddy, Virginia; W. Dutcher, Appleton; H. W. Lyman, St. Paul; W. J. Schmitz, Albert Lea, D. H. Kimball, St. Paul; D. J. Mahoney and wife, Minneapolis; John E. Doherty, Ashland; Helen H. Curren, Two Harbors; Alice I. Curren, Le Sueur, Mrs. A. Thou and sister, Minneapolis; T. S. Wardwell, Brainerd; Mrs. R. Wilson and family, Butte, Mont.; P. H. Teefe, St. Paul; Dennis Devan, Two Harbors; J. C. Thomson, Eau Claire, Wis.; G. H. Dunrow, C. P. Gibson, P. R. McDonnell, St. Paul; John Dahl, R. H. Battey, Minneapolis; John Finn, Two Harbors.

Parker's Small Talk.

Boston Transcript: Judge Parker has taken the public into his confidence to this extent, that he has heard of Thomas Jefferson and approves of him.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 14.—It is warmer over western Canada and western gulf states, otherwise the temperature changes were slight. Freezing weather prevails in the lake region and Northwest. The Pacific "low" has moved to Montana and western North Dakota. Pressures are high in eastern districts and the Saskatchewan region. Light falls of rain or snow occurred in North Atlantic states, Wisconsin, northeastern Minnesota, Manitoba, and northern California.

The following are the minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	62	Medicine Hat	36
Battleford	32	Memphis	54
Boston	39	Miles City	35
Buffalo	22	Milwaukee	30
Calgary	34	Minnedosa	30
Charleston	50	Modena	40
Chicago	28	Montgomery	44
Cincinnati	32	Moorhead	25
Davenport	32	New Orleans	58
Denver	46	New York	32
Detroit	26	North Platte	30
Dodge City	38	Oklahoma	50
Duluth	22	Omaha	34
Edmonton	30	Pittsburg	22
El Paso	58	Port Arthur	42
Escanaba	16	Portland	56
Galveston	66	Prince Albert	28
Green Bay	22	Qu'Appelle	24
Havre	38	Rapid City	32
Helena	44	San Francisco	50
Houghton	18	Santa Fe	46
Huron	24	Shreveport	66
Jacksonville	60	Spokane	46
Kamloops	42	St. Louis	36
Kansas City	36	St. Paul	22
Knoxville	40	Sault Ste Marie	18
La Crosse	30	Swift Current	28
Lander	34	Washington	32
Los Angeles	48	Winnemucca	38
Marquette	20	Winnipeg	20

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Friday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with probably snow flurries. Warmer tonight. Fresh and brisk northerly to westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, April 14.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Fair and slightly warmer tonight. Friday probably threatening.

Minnesota—Showers or snow flurries tonight and Friday. Warmer tonight. Colder in west portion Friday.

The Dakotas—Fair and warmer tonight. Probably rain or snow and colder Friday.

GOOD WORDS FOR HILL.

Houghton Gazette: Hill's figure was conspicuous in the great Northwest years and years ago and no man was more prominently connected with the development of this section of our country than the same James J. Hill. He has done wonders for the country and for the people. He is a railroad man through and through and if, as he seems to fear, he finds it necessary to retire from the active work, it will be unfortunate for the Northwest and for the people and it will make some people sorry that the Northern Securities case ever came up.

People have found fault with Hill and his methods, they have called him all sorts of names, have fought him in courts and in politics and have disagreed with his methods of railroad operation, but they have always maintined that James J. Hill had a personality about him that made him respected of men. Everybody recognizes his individual worth and more than that, everybody recognizes his business worth and the work he has done for this country.

"Old man Hill," as the railroad men always call the man, has hundreds of friends throughout the country, men who would hate to see him beaten in any sort of financial fight and those who know him best claim that he is very far from taking to the tall timbers and when the whole thing ends they expect to see James J. Hill come out on top despite his present attitude of despair.

Queen Isabella's Depravity.

Springfield Republican: The former queen of Spain, Isabella, who has died in Paris, will figure in the history of Europe during the nineteenth century as one of its most dramatic and picturesque figures, even if it must always be added that she was one of the most depraved. Judging her without harshness, it may be said that her profligate private life, which finally made her an impossible monarch, was as much due to the quality of her early training and the wretched marriage that was forced upon her at 15 years of age, for reasons of state, as to the woman's natural depravity. Her reign was ended in 1868 by revolution, and since 1870 Isabella has lived an exile in France, forbidden even to see her grandson, Alfonzo XIII, now the monarch of Spain. It is of momentary interest to recall that the war between France and Germany in 1870 was furnished with the pretext for its outbreak by the quarrel over the succession to Isabella's vacated throne. The storms of her public career, indeed, began when her royal father, Ferdinand VII, made her his heir in defiance of the Salic law, for this began the long-drawn-out contention of the Carlist pretenders to the crown, which has been the cause of much bloodletting in Spain.

Hancock and the Street Fair.

Hancock Journal: The Hancock Aerie of Eagles is to be congratulated on the fact that they have declined to consider a proposition to run a street fair in Hancock during the coming summer. The experience Hancock has had in the matter of street fairs is anything but gratifying and an effort from any quarter to again turn the streets of the city over to fairs, the freaks and frolic will be met with the strenuous opposition of all classes of citizens. It is the invariable method of owners of carnival companies of doubtful reputation to secure concessions in a city by using the name of some society of good standing as a cloak of respectability. This game has been worked to the limit, and Hancock, in common with other places where street fairs have been held, has gone on record with an emphatic "never again!"

Mr. Dooley's Cousin on the Merger.

Duncan Smith in Grand Rapids Press: "Do yez understand about the Northern merger decision?" asked Mr. Hennessy's uncle as he stepped in for his morning bracer.

"I do," says Mr. Dooley's cousin. "I do. 'Tis this way. Jim Hill he says to himself and some others that owned a nice bunch of railways, 'Boys,' he says, 'competition,' he says, 'is the life of trade,' he says. 'That bein' the case,' he says, 'we will,' he says, 'do our own competin,' he says, 'and keap,' he says, 'the life of trade in the family,' he says.

"'Do ye hear that, Tedd?' says Gineral Knox.

"'I do,' says the prisidint. 'Bad luck to them,' he says, 'it's against the law.'

"'Do ye know who we are?' says Jim Hill.

"'I do,' says Teddy.

"'Ye don't talk that way,' says Jim Hill.

"'You're pinched,' says Teddy, 'and ye can tell yer troubles to the Supreme court.'

"'All right,' says Jim Hill. 'They are a foine body of gintlemen.'

"'We'll see,' says Teddy dryly.

"'We will,' says Jim Hill.

"Well, the supreme coort thought about it eight hours a day for several months, seriously interferin' with golf, and finally they say: 'The prisidint is right. Ye'll have to compate with one another and not with yerselves.'"

"'Tis a great victory for the people," said Mr. Hennessy's uncle.

"It is," said Mr. Dooley's cousin. "It is; only they may never find it out whin they come to pay the freight."

As Viewed in Kansas.

Topeka State Journal: The Democrat reorganizers received small consolation at Wichita. Hearst now has about thirty delegates to Parker's none and yet Walter Wellman writes to the Chicago Record-Herald that the editor is trying to trade his delegates to the judge for a place in the cabinet.

Cleveland's Mistake.

Minneapolis Times: If Mr. Cleveland had had his political wits about him—the kind he used to have in Buffalo—he would have frowned on the Parker boom and then Bryan and Watterson would have pronounced it a pretty good boom.

LINES TO A LAUGH.

Philadelphia Ledger: "Gee whiz!" exclaimed the first tramp, "I wish I wuz as rich as I look."

"What yer talkin' about?" demanded his pal.

"Dat's straight talk. A feller down de road jist told me I looked like 30 cents."

Chicago Tribune: Mrs. Highmore—Isn't war a dreadful thing?

Mrs. Gaswell—It's perfectly horrid. The papers were so full of it this morning that they only had room for five or six lines about my party last night.

Washington Star: "Dere's one ting I can congratulate meself on," said Meandering Mike.

"What's dat?" inquired Plodding Pete.

"By never earnin' any money in de fust place I avoids havin' any cause to reproach meself fur spendin' it foolish."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "The city of Lhassa is high up in the hills, isn't it?"

"I dunno."

"I was going to say that the British invading force might suffer from the altitude."

"In what way?"

"Why, the altitude might bring on Lhassatude, and the—hold on there, what's your hurry?"

Indianapolis Journal: "Pshaw!" she exclaimed impatiently, "I'm sure we'll miss the first act. We've waited a good many minutes for that mother of mine."

"Hours, I should say," he retorted, rather crossly.

"Ours? Oh, George!" she cried, and laid her blushing cheek upon his shirt front.

Chicago News: Goodwin—What do you think of that story of Jonah being detained in a whale's stomach for three days and nights?

Gayboy—Oh, it's all right. I've given my wife worse excuses than that many a time!

A Cat and Doggerel.

"O see!" he wrote, "the cat-kins long
Are dangling from the trees;
The cat-nip sprouts, and in the swamp
The cat-tails greet the breeze.

"The dog-wood blooms, the dog-bane starts;
The dog-rose is well met;
And in the woods one now may see
The dog-toothed violet.

"The cat-bird calls, the cat-tle range
Upon the Cat-skills high;
The cat-amount doth watch for prey
In your cat-alpa nigh.

"The dog-star shines once more in heav'n—
Come, let us all be merry!
'Tis time to cease dog-matic themes,
And seek the ripe dog-berry.

"The cat-erpillar feeds upon
Cat-awba vines besides
The roaring cat-aract that falls
Into the river wide."

'Twas after dog-days that this hard
His dog-eared manuscript
Put by forever. Dog-gedly
He crept into his crypt.

This cat-acomb cat-astrophe
Was caused by grim cat-arrh,
And cat-alepsy stopped the thoughts
Not catalogued thus far.

And so, the strangest form of verse
That ever I've heard tell
Is this the poet mad composed—
The cat—and dog-gerel!

—ELIZABETH WADE, in Leslie's Monthly.

The Strenuous Clam.

At the dinner of the Periodical Publishers' association, Dr. Henry Van Dyke's speech was the hit of the evening. Dr. Van Dyke was giving advice to young and aspiring authors on how to get their work accepted by various magazines. He said the stories and poems must be adapted to the fads of the magazine selected to attack. He brilliantly satirized the foibles of all the leading magazines by illustrating how he would treat the calm—the American Little Neck clam—in prose and verse for Harper's, the Atlantic, Scribner's, McClure's, the Smart Set and other periodicals.

"If I were writing on the clam for the Outlook (which is the toastmaster's magazine) I would send 'A Quatrain in a Recreant Clam,'" said Dr. Van Dyke. He quoted:

Low dost thou lie amid the languid ooze,
Because they slothful spirit doth refuse
The bliss of battle and the strain of strife.
Rise, craven clam, and lead the strenuous life!

President Roosevelt laughed so much at this quatrain that it looked for a moment as if he would fall out of his chair.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Husbands pay for the fine feathers that make fine birds; bachelors admire them.

A girl is always willing to admit she is fat if she doesn't weigh more than 110 pounds.

A woman simply can't help having faith in a man who notices when she has on a new gown.

It Means Parker Anyway.

Buffalo Express: The Democratic district conventions in Kings county on Saturday were all carried in the Tammany interest under the leadership of Tammany interest under the leadership of Tammany's new Brooklyn representative, William A. Doyle.

The effect on the coming state convention may be more important than has generally been anticipated. Murphy is now assured of the control of 192 delegates. Only 34 more will be needed to give him a majority of the convention. There are said to be twice that number of uninstructed delegates among those elected from up the state. It is no longer a fight against Parker. Murphy has given up the Cleveland delusion which was never a delusion to himself, though intended to delude the voters. The question is whether Parker shall owe his New York support to Hill or to Murphy. It would be a signal humiliation for Hill, after bringing forward a successful candidate, to have the candidate won away from him by the leader of Tammany Hall. It might put Parker also to a somewhat unpleasant test if Tammany should require pledges as the price of its support. At all events the coming Democratic state convention is not likely to be altogether tame.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Manager.

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, WEDNESDAY MATINEE.

Dick Ferris' Grand Production of

PARSIFAL

100 People in Cast. Special Orchestra. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00—Matinee Wednesday, 25c, 50c and 75c. "It's Better Than a Sermon."

METROPOLITAN THEATER

THE MYRKLE-HARDER COMPANY
TONIGHT:
"THE SLEEPING CITY."
Tomorrow Night, THE SECRET DISPATCH
10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Matinee 10c and 25c.
NEW AND PLEASING VAUDEVILLE.

BENEFIT CONCERT!
LYCEUM THEATER, FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 15.
By the Michigan College of Mines' Glee and Mandolin Club. Benefit of furnishing fund Duluth Children's Home Society. Tickets 50 and 75 cents. On sale Thursday morning.

SHOCKING DEATH

Of Twenty-Nine Men In the Battleship Missouri's Gun Crew.

Two Thousand Pounds of Powder Explode With Awful Results.

Pensacola, Fla., April 14.—By the explosion of 2000 pounds of powder in the after 12-inch turret and the handling room of the battleship Missouri, Capt. William S. Cowles commandign, twenty-nine men were instantly killed and five injured, of whom two will die.

The Missouri was on the target range with the Texas and Brooklyn at practice when a charge of powder in the 12-inch after gun ignited, exploded and dropping below, ignited four charges of powder in the handling room and all exploded. Only one man of the entire turret and handling crew survives.

But for the prompt and efficient work of Capt. Cowles in flooding the handling room and magazine with water, one of the magazines would have exploded and the ship would have been destroyed.

Capt. Cowles, completely prostrated by the disaster, referred all newspaper men to Lieut. Hammer, the ordinance officer. The latter gave out a statement of the explosion and its probable cause. According to him, about noon after the first pointer of the after 12-inch piece had fired his string and the second pointer had fired the third shot of his string the charge ignited. The fourth shot was being loaded, and from all indications the first half of the charge had been rammed home and the second section was being put in place, when gases from the shot previously fired or portions of the cloth cover, ignited the powder. The breech was open and a dull thud gave notice of something unusual. No loud report was made, but flames were seen to leap from every portion of the turret.

A few seconds later another explosion, somewhat more fierce, occurred. This was in the handling room below, where 1000 pounds of powder, or four charges ready to be hoisted above, had ignited. Fire quarters were sounded and every man on the ship responded and the magazine and handling rooms were flooded with water. In less than five seconds after the first explosion twelve streams of water were being played in the rooms, and when volunteers were called for every man of the ship responded, eager to go into the turrets and rescue the crew. Capt. Cowles gave his commands, and but for his presence of mind and that of the officers of the ship the Missouri would have gone down.

The second explosion occurred near one of the magazines, and so hot was the fire that the brass work of the magazines was melted. Smoke and the fumes of the burned powder made it almost impossible to enter either the turret or handling room, but officers and men, with handkerchiefs over their faces, made efforts to rescue the men inside. Leading the rescue party was Capt. Cowles. The officers endeavored to keep him from going below, for men fell unconscious as they entered, and had to be pulled out by their comrades, but unheeding their advice, the commanding officer rushed below, followed by Lieut. Hammer, the ordnance officer, and Lieut. Clelland Davidson.

Capt. Cowles caught up a dying blue jacket in his arms and staggered to the deck with him.

Before the fumes of the burning powder had left the turret officers and men were lifting out the dying and dead men. Three injuries after the explosion all were on deck and surgeons from the Missouri, Texas and Brooklyn were attending to those not dead. The twenty-five men of the turret were found lying in a heap. They had started for the exit when the first explosion had taken place and had just reached here when the more terrible explosion in the handling room occured, which burned and strangled them to death. Lieut. Davidson, the officer in charge of the turret, evidently had given some command to the men, as he was on top of the heap of men, having fallen there after he had allowed them to pass him to get out of the turret. The bodies were hardly recognizable, the terrible and quick fire having burned the clothing from the bodies of the men and the flesh hung from them in shreds. The faces were mutilated by the smoke and flames. Only one man was breathing when the turret crew was rescued, and he died a moment after he reached the deck.

The dead are:

LIEUT. W. C. DAVIDSON, in charge of the 12-inch turret.

ENSIGN E. A. WEICHERT, of the cruiser Cleveland, gun umpire.

MIDSHIPMAN W. T. NEWMANN.

LIEUT. J. P. V. GRIDLEY, U. S. M. C.

LIEUT. THOMAS WARD, JR.

DIVISION OFFICER J. K. PEDERSON.

W. BOYGHARD, boatswain's mate, second class.

J. BLOXAPUTLAN, ordinary seaman.

COXSWAIN CHARLES RICE.

SEAMAN J. C. HARDY.

K. J. KIVLIN, apprentice, second class.

SEAMAN J. GADRIS.

N. SCHERBAULH, ordinary seaman.

J. F. ROLANDS, ordinary seaman.

H. B. FRANKS, electrician, second class.

J. C. NUNN, ordinary seaman.

SEAMAN N. SADERN.

SEAMAN C. E. MEYER.

P. R. CASTLE, ordinary seaman.

R. H. ALLISON, apprentice, second class.

R. C. TORIN, ordinary seaman.

J. J. MULLIGAN, ordinary seaman.

LANDSMAN J. W. COLE.

ORDNANCE SERGT. A. SMITH.

W. S. SHIPMAN, gunner's mate, first class.

PRIVATE MARINE J. P. BROWN.

CHIEF GUNNER'S MATE J. F. KENNEDY.

J. M. ROACH, ordinary seaman.

The injured: J. E. Knight, seaman, may recover; J. T. Donnelly, ordinary seaman, dying; R. S. Starr, seaman, will recover; F. C. Scaub, apprentice, second class, will recover, and a man supposed to be O. B. Moe, apprentice, second class, dying.

The entire navy department is stunned by the appalling catastrophe. The bureau of navigation has been active since the first news of the accident reached here shortly after 4 o'clock. Although the commanding officer of the Missouri, Capt. W. S. Cowles, as soon as he arrived at Pensacola, sent dispatches to the nearest of kin of all the men killed, the department also is sending out the announcements so that there may be no mistake.

Capt. John E. Pillsbury, assistant chief of the bureau of navigation, remained constantly at his desk and with the chief officers of the bureau and a clerical force started arrangements to care for the bodies of the officers and men. Secretary Moody is preparing a dispatch of sympathy to be sent to Rear Admiral Parker, commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic fleet, requesting him to convey to the commander, the officers and men of the Missouri the profound sympathy of the department.

With only the brief dispatch from Admiral Barker telling how the accident occurred, all the officials of the department from Secretary Moody down, hesitate to attempt an explanation of it. The fact, however, that three rounds had been fired and another shell had been seated and two sections of powder rammed home when the explosion occurred, in the opinion of an official of the department, would lead to the inference that the accident might have been caused by some powder from the previous charges which remained in the gun when the third charge was put in. It can be stated that officials of the department for more than a week, while rejoicing in the world-breaking records in target practice on our warships, have feared just such an accident as has occurred on the Missouri. A naval expert last night said:

The Missouri accident is too appalling to discuss. But I fear that enthusiasm in making world records has led us past the danger line. In our anxiety, to surpass the world in the rapidity of big gun fire, I fear we have permitted our enthusiasm to get the better of our judgment. It would seem from the dispatch that not enough time had been allowed to elapse between the firing. It is only recently that we have permitted the breech to be opened almost the moment the gun was fired and in so doing there is necessarily a risk. Apparently all but three men in the adjoining room were killed. How narrowly the entire ship escaped destruction outright is realized when it is recalled that nearby is the magazine, containing anywhere from 50 to 100 charges."

The smokeless powder is put into the 12-inch gun in three sections, each bag or section weighing 120 pounds. Some officers say that the turrets of the Missouri had no bottoms and express the opinion that after this accident the turrets of all battleships will be equipped with bottoms for the protection of the men in the handling room underneath. The officers of the Missouri were especially well known in Washington, Captain Cowles served as assistant chief of the bureau of navigation and most of the officers killed were widely known here. Both Midshipman Neumann and Ward are understood to have been engaged to be married. It is said Midshipman Neumann was to be married to the sister of Midshipman Ward. The two midshipmen were classmates and intimate friends. At their request they were assigned to the same ship.

A telegram received from Mrs. Gridley, mother of Lieutenant Gridley tonight, requested that the remains of her boy be shipped to Erie, Pa.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is the great flesh producer. Thirty years have proved its effeciency in throat and lung troubles and all wasting diseases.

Do not try substitutes, especially now, when cod liver oil is so scarce and high. They are mostly all adulterated with seal or other cheap oils.

Scott's Emulsion is always the same. The cod liver oil used is absolutely pure; all the other ingredients are also carefully selected and of the finest quality.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A. F. Halley, town marshall of Lebanon Junction, Ky., and John Rourke were killed and J. D. Gentry was shot in the right leg during a street battle which occurred Wednesday, following an attempt by Halley to arrest Charles Martin.

George E. Hodgdon was arrested at Boston, Wednesday, charged with embezzling $5,000 from the Bigelow Carpet company, and $1,000 from the Clinton Wire Trust company. Hodgdon was bookkeeper for Charles F. Fairbanks, who is president of both the Clinton and Bigelow companies. He is 38 years of age, married and lives at Winchester.

The passenger train over the Alabama Great Southern railway, which left Meridian for Birmingham at 2:45 o'clock Wednesday afternoon was wrecked four miles from there, resulting in the death of Engineer Charles Childs of Birmingham, and the serious injury of five others. The train ran into an open switch which piled the cars and locomotive in a heap.

Adjt. Gen. Bell, who has announced his intention to arrest District Judge Theron Stevens, because of his criticism from the bench of Governor Peabody and the state militia authorities, who are enforcing martial law in San Miguel county, has made another statement on the subject, in which he considers the judge is immune and free from military and civil process in the performance of his duties and the administration of his judicial functions while sitting on the bench.

OLD FLAGMAN DYING.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 14.—William Toman, an old Lake Shore flagman, is in a hospital here in a dying condition. His skull is fractured. Troman was found in his shanty in a semi-conscious condition. Beside him lay a bar of iron which was covered with blood and gray hair. His empty pocketbook was found on the shanty floor, but the money which he had received in his pay envelope today was later found in his dinner pail. Opinion is divided as to whether Troman was murderously assaulted or was the victim of a mysterious accident.

Easy to wear—
Hard to wear out.

TIME was when stylish gloves were dainty and perishable.

GORDON GLOVES are as strong as they are smart. $1.50.

HENNEPIN COUNTY

Is Now Being Claimed By the Supporters of Dunn.

Hearst Managers In Minneapolis Begin an Active Campaign.

St. Paul, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Dunn supporters are making great efforts to capture Hennepin county. They are organizing every ward and precinct and have polled some districts. They are confident of success, maintaining even that they will get a solid delegation.

"There is not a business man in Minneapolis that has not noticed a marked change in the situation in Hennepin county," said a Dunn manager yesterday. "Dunn has made lightning strides in the last few days, and now has a good lead over Judge Collins. Trouble is increasing in the Collins camp, and if the contest between the two sets of leaders continues, the Princeton candidate will have a walkaway. We do not need Hennepin county, but we are going to get it just the same."

* * *

The Hearst campaign in Minneapolis began last night at a meeting of the New York publisher's supporters at Dania hall. There were a score or more Democrats present, and arrangements were made for an active campaign. The Hearst managers will open headquarters in the Kasota block and they predict that they will soon have 7000 men in their ranks. W. H. Williams and Col. W. W. Williams will be in charge of headquarters. Orville Rinehart, Frank D. Larrabee, G. Schall, C. A. Proctor and Maj. J. M. Bowler spoke at the meeting.

* * *

L. H. Bailey, a prominent attorney of Bemidji, who was in the city yesterday, said that the Republicans of Beltrami and that section of the state will support John King, of Walker, for railroad and warehouse commissioner.

"We have a candidate for the place in our congressional district, Ezra G. Valentine, of Breckenridge," said Mr. Bailey, "but we naturally favor Mr. King on account of his near location to our county and for the reason that Mr. King has had more business dealings with us. Mr. Valentine, however, would make a good railroad and warehouse commissioner.

"Sentiment in Beltrami county is pretty well divided between Dunn and Collins. Eddy has veral friends, but I do not believe that he is as strong as either of the other two candidates."

* * *

Public Examiner S. T. Johnson yesterday paid into the state treasury $191.79 for rebates which he had received on mileage books used by his assistants since Jan. 7, 1902. The investigation of his official record by Mr. Gunders, however, has not been completed, and there may be something sensational later.

Mr. Johnson's letter to the state auditor yesterday is as follows: "Dear Sir: Please deposit to the credit of the contingent fund of this department, account of covers and mileage refunds amounting to $191.77, accumulated from Jan. 7, 1902, to date, drafts and cash attached for the same."

The $191.77 is made up of the following rebates: Jan. 7, 1902, $17.75; March 17, $10; Oct. 28, 31, 11, 14, Dec. 7, 22; June 26, 1903, $10.40; Dec. 21, $10; two other rebates in 1903, $20; Feb. 1, 1904, $10; Feb. 12, $20; Feb. 15, $19.50; April 8, $39.65.

* * *

The supporters of Judge Loren W. Collins resent the charge of the Dunn men that the judge and C. A. Smith, of Minneapolis, have formed a combination to capture the two seats in the United States sente. Mr. Smith denied that he was a candidate for the senate, as soon as the report was published, but the Collins men say that the Dunn press bureau kept on circulating the report through articles and cartoons.

"The only conspiracy against either of the senators that involved C. A. Smith, had its inception in the Dunn camp," says Alvah Eastman in his St. Cloud Journal-Press. "Before Mr. Smith's attitude in the governorship became known he was approached with the proposition to align himself with the Dunn forces, the combination to have as one of its objects his elevation to the United States senate."

* * *

Charles E. Vasaly, of Little Falls, a strong Hearst man, has gone on record against the proposed nomination of Daniel W. Lawler, of St. Paul, for governor on the Democartic ticket.

BISHOP AND GOVERNOR

Clashed and Bishop McCabe Spurned the Executive's Advice.

Muncie, Ind., April 14.—Church and state clashed in Muncie this week, and the church had its own will. A bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church refused to be dictated to by the governor of Indiana.

For several years two factions in the North Indiana M. E. conference have been at outs. The differences arose when Presiding Elder Wade, of the Muncie district, in open meeting, disapproved of some actions of Rev. L. J. Naftzger, pastor of the Methodist church of this city.

At this conference friends of Rev. Naftzger, who has been pastor of a Kokomo church recently, presented his name for presiding elder of this district, Elder Wade agreeing to go to the Fort Wayne district. However, Elder Wade wanted H. W. Bennet, presiding older of the Goshen district, to succeed him there, instead of Naftzger.

Since the conference began one week ago, the struggle has gone on, each side attempting to persuade Bishop C. C. McCabe, better known as "Chaplain" McCabe, to decide their way. It became evident that he would select Rev. Naftzger for the Muncie district, in preference to Rev. Bennett.

Then it was that Wade and his followers made a last effort for Bennett's appointment. Rev. Bennett was formerly pastor of Governor W. T. Durbin's church in Anderson. Accordingly Governor Durbin was hastily summoned from Indianapolis to use his influence with the bishop. What transpired in the cabinet, in which Governor Durbin was respectfully invited to appear, is held sacred with the elders and bishop. However, one member present gave out the information that Governor Durbin spoke apparently as if the venerable bishop would not refuse to listen to his dictates. Then, it is said, the gray-haired pastor, hero of Libby prison and former pastor of the martyred McKinley, stretched to his fullest height and said, firmly, but courteously, "Governor Durbin, you are governor of the state of Indiana, but I am the bishop chosen to preside over this conference, and I will name whom I please."

Governor Durbin soon after returned to Indianapolis.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists. Price, 75 cents per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BANQUET AT CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, O., April 14.—The fifty-fifth annual dinner of the Cleveland chamberof commerce was held last night. The attendance numbered four hundred of Cleveland's business men. The guest of honor and principal speaker was Hon. William H. Taft, secretary of war, and late governor general of the Philippines. Other speakers were Judge E. Blondin of Cleveland; Harvey D. Goulder, of Cleveland and Hon. Theodore E. Burton, who spoke respectively on the toasts: "The State and the Citizen," "Our Foreign Merchant Marine," and "International Peace." Secretary Taft's subject was: "The policy of the United States government in the Philippine Islands."

DID NOT SERVE WRITS.

Telluride, Col., April 14.—Sheriff Corbett, of Ouray county, arrived here late yesterday and was met at the station by Gen. Bell and Capt. Wells for whom writs of attachments were issued by Judge Stevens. The trio immediately went to a hotel and dined together.

After dinner the party went to Bell's headquarters. Sheriff Corbett told his mission and was informed that service of the writ of attachment could not be made and must not be attempted. Corbett, after taking his leave, said that he would make no further effort to serve the w...

Monarch
THE MOST POPULAR SHIRT
CLUETT PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF
CLUETT AND ARROW COLLARS

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Spring Hats
New Bostonian Shoes
New Negligee Shirts
Spring Underwear

New Wash Vests
Spring Neckwear
Spring Gloves
New Umbrellas

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

BRILLIANT SHOWING OF MEN'S HAND-TAILORED TOP COATS, SPRING SUITS AND RAIN COATS FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

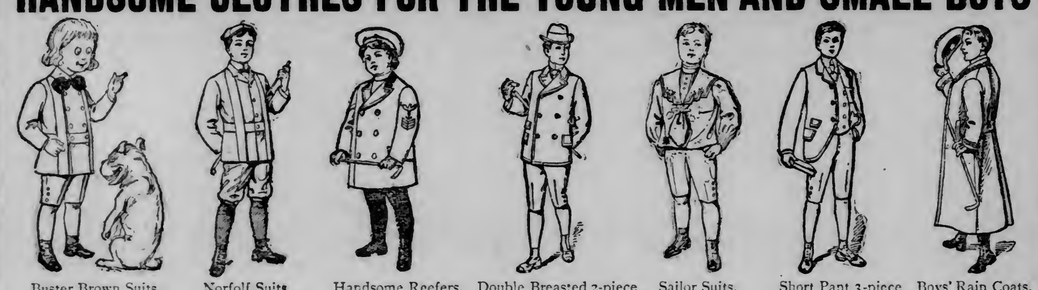
Hand Tailored Top Coats $10 to $25.

Single Breasted Spring Suits $10 to $25.

Handsome Rain Coats $10 to $25.

Double Breasted Spring Suits $12.50 to $25.

HANDSOME CLOTHES FOR THE YOUNG MEN AND SMALL BOYS



Buster Brown Suits, Ages 2½ to 10, $4.45 to $10

Norfolf Suits, Ages 5 to 17, $2.95 to $10

Handsome Reefers, Ages 3 to 10, $4.95 to $10

Double Breasted 2-piece Suits, Ages 7 to 17. $1.95 to $10

Sailor Suits, Ages 2½ to 12, $2.95 to $7.50

Short Pant 3-piece Ages 10 to 17. $3.95 to $7.50

Boys' Rain Coats, Ages 10 to 20. $10 to $16.50

Boys' and Children's Pants, Blouses, Stockings, Gloves, Sweaters, Shoes, Negligee Shirts, Underwear, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Night Shirts, Pajamas, Waists, White and Fancy Vests, Hats and Caps.

MANY WILL COME

Iowa Farmers to Settle In This Vicinity In Large Numbers.

See Advantage of Acquiring Cheap Land and Improving.

"Northern Minnesota, particularly St. Louis and Carlton counties, will receive this season a large number of practical farmers from Iowa," said E. H. Carlson, a well-to-do farmer from the northern part of Iowa, yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Carlson, accompanied by A. J. Lindstrom, has been in the city several days looking after their own and the interests of some of their new neighbors in new agricultural lands in this part of the state, which it is intended to develop this year, and they left for their homes last evening.

Mr. Carlson says that the Iowa farmers are getting pretty well acquainted now with the possibilities in new farming lands in Minnesota, and a great many of them are selling their old farms for fancy prices and buying new and undeveloped lands up here for a few dollars an acre, with a view of going ahead, clearing them up and getting them in a condition to make, possibly, another sale at advanced prices when the land is improved.

He says the class of farmers that are coming into Northern Minnesota from Iowa are those that have made a little money and are anxious to develop the new lands into agricultural lands as rapidly as possible.

"As a rule," said Mr. Carlson, "they are farmers who have got past the experimental stage, and know how to go after the land to get the quickest and the best returns. If they are given half a chance in the way of getting the roads to get their products out to the markets they will soon transform the wilderness of cut over lands in shit section of the state into prosperous farming communities.

"The only drawback seems to be the lack of good roads. Of course the country is new, and it takes a little time to get the necessary highways, and we realize that had the roads been built sooner probably we could not have purchased the land so cheaply.

"The farmers that are coming this way for settlement have the money to purchase and improve their farms, and I think they are a class that will show the right spirit in meeting the county authorities half way in the road building matter. We are not after roads for the purpose of making money out of the county on road work, as some people seem to think, but we are after the roads for the benefit they will be to us. Good roads are a necessity for the development of any agricultural community, and so long as some of your St. Louis county lands lies where people have to get snowshoes or canoes to get to them, they will never be saleable."

Mr. Carlson says there seems to be no demand by the Iowa farmers for any particular kind of new property in Northern Minnesota, that some prefer to buy lands on which there is a little timber, either pine, cedar, tamarack, spruce or balsam, and from which they can make a little revenue to meet their expenses as they clear the lands, but there are others who are willing to take lands already stripped of their timber, where the soil is of the right kind, and begin at once to get it into tillable condition.

The variety of farming land, he claims, is just as great in Northern Minnesota as it is in any other agricultural state, and the desires of all can be satisfied. He says that the tendency of most of the migrating farmers is to buy lands, if possible, in the proximity of Duluth, or of other growing towns, where they can find a ready market, or can get their products out to the railroads.

A forlorn, hopeless, melancholy face drives your friends away. For a bright, sparkling, sunny face use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablet form.

MINNESOTA FARMERS INCORPORATE EXCHANGE.

St. Paul, April 14.—The Minnesota Farmers' exchange filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state yesterday, and the officers states that they will begin to handle grain and produce next fall. The company has a capital stock of $500,000, practically all of which has been sold. The shares are $20, and no individual can hold more than fifty shares. The life of the corporation is thirty years. A board of nine directors has the management of the company.

The officers are: President, C. E. Jackson, Buckman; secretary, J. S. MacDonald, Rush City; treasurer, W. S. Weatherstone, West Concord.

The officers had a conference with Attorney General W. J. Donahower yesterday relative to the articles of incorporation.

Has Shipped Heavily.

J. C. Campbell, of Cloquet, manager for the Duluth Log & Contracting company, says that his company has shipped about 20,000,000 feet of timber the past winter over the Duluth & Northwestern road to Island lake, where the timber will be put in the Cloquet river.

The Tower Lumber company shut down its sawmill yesterday. It has sawed all the logs brought down from Bear Head lake and will remain idle until the logs are brought in from Vermilion lake, which will be as soon as the ice goes out of the lake.

It pays to advertise in The Herald—ask I. Freimuth.

GAME OF POKER

Can Be Enjoyed In New Buffet Cars.

Louisville, Ky., April 14.—The man who has a love for poker need not be deprived of his favorite amusement while traveling toward St. Louis to visit the Exposition, for he will find railroad equipment suited to a quiet game at his disposal. The American Car and Foundry company at its Jeffersonville plant is completing two buffet chair cars for the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Division of the 'Frisco system. They are being built solely to accommodate those who wish to toy with the chips while being whirled between Chicago and St. Louis.

One half of the interior is given up to cardrooms, where a game can be as quietly enjoyed as if the players were in a private apartment at their club. On one side is a row of five compartments, in each of which four men can be accommodated around the handsome tables, while across the richly carpeted aisle are five smaller rooms that will furnish a place for but two each to amuse themselves.

The other end of the car is furnished with reclining chairs, each of which will do its duty for a bed if required. The aisle side of the compartments is finished in lattice work, but curtains may be drawn to keep out the gaze of fellow passengers.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Tested and tried for over 60 years. A regular doctors' medicine. Of course you know it. Then do not forget it. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

PAVEMENT HEAVES

Bad Bulge In Superior Street Near Spalding Hotel.

Surface Pipe Broken—Another Bulge Near Third Avenue.

Concrete eight inches in thickness will have to be torn up by the employes of the water and light department to get at the leak in the surface pipe in front of the Spalding hotel.

When the snow was cleared away this spring the pavement was found to have heaved during the winter months. At first it was thought this was due to water working its way through the brick and freezing between the bricks and the bed of concrete. Little attention was paid to it at first by the city authorities, as it was thought that the pavement would settle back into position as soon as the warm weather arrived.

The water and light department, however, investigated and found a leak in the surface pipe leading to the Spalding hotel. The leak was a very small one, but the water had frozen beneath the bed of concrete, heaving the pavement nearly a foot above the level of the street.

In order to get at the leak to repair it, the pavement will have to be torn up, and the work will consume several days.

City Engineer McGilvray stated this morning that he did not believe the heaving of the concrete would materially damage the pavement.

"The strain may have caused it to crack somewhat," he said, "but I believe it will settle back into position all right when the frost gets out, and I do not think the damage to the pavement will be very extensive."

"We have a list of nearly 100 such breaks as this one," said Manager Case of the water and light department this morning. "This one is more difficult to get at, however, on account o fthe concrete bed on which the bricks are laid."

There is a similar bulge noticeable in the pavement in front of the American Exchange bank building, and it is not unlikely that it is due to the same cause although frost betwen the bricks and the concrete may be responsible for it.

ROOSEVELTS HAVE THE MUMPS.

Washington, April 14.—Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by her two sons, Theodore, Jr., and Kermit, returned here today from Groton, Mass., where the Roosevelt boys have been attending school. Both of the boys are suffering from an attack of the mumps. They will be isolated in the White House until they shall have recovered.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, April 14.—Arrived: Umbria, from Genoa.

Philadelphia, April 14.—Arrived: Merion, Liverpool.

SMALL BANK CLOSES.

New York, April 14.—The Federal bank, a state institution in this city was closed today and officials of the state banking department is in charge. Its capital is $250,000 and according to a recent statement owed depositors $486,000.

QUIT GROWING OLD.

There is No Reason Why Any Man or Woman Cannot Be Well and Strong and Vigorous and Live to the Ripe Old Age of 100 Years.

If You are Sick or Weak or Failing in Any Way Chrystal Tonic Will Restore You—It is Nature's Own Remedy—It is the Oil That Keeps the Human Machinery Running Smoothly and Freely.

Ninety per cent of the people die from twenty to sixty years before nature intended. When energies begin to fail they just give up—they do nothing to bring about normal conditions.

Old people, nervous people and sick

people cannot generate the food which the muscles and nerves and brain require—it must be supplied from nature's storehouse.

Chrystal Tonic is brain, nerve, blood and muscle food and offers in condensed form the very elements which nature needs to repair the waste brought on by work and worry and care. It does its work quickly. You do not have to wait until next month or next week or tomorrow to feel the benefit. Within fifteen minutes after first taking it you feel stronger and better. It sends the blood racing through the veins and arteries, charges the nerves with the electricity of life, and rests the overwrought muscles. It gives sound sleep and a hearty appetite and banishes worry and care.

Chrystal Tonic cures rheumatism, constipation, consumption, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, male and female weakness, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired brain and any run-down condition of the system.

Don't take our word for what Chrystal Tonic will do for you, try a bottle today. If, after using it, you are not delighted with the result, write the company at Marshall and they will refund your money. What could be fairer?

Get Chrystal Tonic from your druggist at $1.00 the bottle or direct from the Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., prepaid, on receipt of price.

TWO SIDES OF IT

Attorney Presents Arguments For New Site For Courthouse.

Commissioner Kugler Says It Should Remain Where It Is.

While it is asserted in many quarters that the removal of the court house from the present site would lose the county the title to the site, there are some people who don't think so, and among them some of the lawyers. One of them who is interested in the question said last night that he believed it very doubtful whether the county would lose its right to the property by taking the building away from the Second street location.

"It's worth making some kind of a fight to find out about it," said he, "and it certainly is not worth while to keep the court house in that out-of-the-way place for the purpose of holding on to that piece of land. I am in favor of a downtown site. The present location is inconvenient to the lawyers, I am sure, and especially to people who come in from other parts of the county to do business. They get in on their train and get their bearings, then go to the court house. It is quite a trip up there and they cannot get through in time to get an early afternoon train home, and the usual result is that they are left with three or four hours on their hands, at least.

"We do need a new court house and need it very badly. You take the register of deeds office and it is so crowded and full that you frequently have to climb a step ladder to get to a record you want. There is not proper room in the place for keeping all the stuff that belongs to that department of the county government.

"Take the auditor's office, too. There a large part of the records of the auditor are not kept in his office at all, but over in the vaults under the jail. The clerk of court's office is filled up past a respectable limit, too, and it is the same way in the probate judge's. I hope that there will be an agitation of the question before the present site is allowed to stay in favor. I'd like to see the Commercial club discuss the question. It's a little early, yet, for such a move as that, though."

Commissioner Kugler's pet scheme is the retention of the court house in the present location, and he said this morning that he would be glad to see the question settled one way or another.

"While there has been some little discussion of it, the agitation up to this time has not fairly developed," said he. "I, for one, would be very glad to see the thing come up before the court, and that would settle it once for all. I made my second campaign for the commissionership on the question of the court house location and new building and feel sure that sentiment is overwhelmingly in favor of the present quarters, at least everywhere that I have been in touch with it.

"Some people have suggested putting it down on First street by the Federal building and others want it to go to the Mendenhall lot on Third street. The first place is too far down town, I think, and it would be a long walk to the Mendenhall place, so long that in the time it takes, a man could get a car and be at the courthouse where it is now. The car service up there is good, in fact, is better than anywhere else in the city. When I made my canvass I looked up 300 business men and I found that only 10 per cent of them wanted a change—less than that in fact.

"As it is now Second street is a favorite location for all fine new public institutions and I fail to see why it is anywhere within reason to bring the courthouse below there. We've got the high school and the library on Second street, a number of churches, too, and they are going to put the new Masonic temple on that street, also. A courthouse standing away from the crowded part of the city is more pleasing and lends more attractiveness to our city. Not only that, but a courthouse down town is a nuisance. Anyone trying to hold court has to crowd up in a small space to be able to hear anything. Take in Chicago and St. Paul, where the courthouses are in the heart of the cities, the noise outside is great all the time and in summer if you want air and open the windows you can't hear the proceedings.

"As the matter now stands we have $100,000 in the treasury toward buying the balance of the land which we propose to condemn, and building a new courthouse. So far as losing the land if we leave it, that is a cinch. Judge Ensign is trustee for the estates that gave the land to the city, which was to be held by the city conditionally—that is as long as used for courthouse, and whenever that purpose ceases the land reverts. And in this instance it would revert to Judge Ensign and his heirs, as sure as little apples are green."

"Why not to the original owners?"

"Because the original owners could not well be found, if at all. They have all ceased to hold the property around there, having transferred it to different individuals. And Judge Ensign has promised us that when a new courthouse is put up there he will give us a clear title. The movement to condemn the balance of the block of land on which the courthouse is now, is in the hands of the county attorney and as soon as he takes the regular steps in the matter, it will be time for anyone who wants to interfere with the condemnation proceedings, to step in and apply for an injunction. That will very soon put a quietus on the thing in one direction or the other."

INSANITY IS FEARED

Charles Nelson of Spirit Lake Will Be Examined.

Charles V. Nelson, a young farmer from Spirit Lake, will be examined in probate court, this afternoon, for insanity. Information of insanity was lodged against him this morning, by his father, Andrew Nelson.

Nelson is the young man, who a few days ago attempted to run away with a Northern Pacific locomotive, in the yards at Carlton and who was caught in time to save the big engine from running off a switch and becoming wrecked.

It was claimed that he had been suffering from a serious illness and had escaped from his home the previous day, while his people were not watching him. Nelson is said to have walked to Smithville and caught a way freight train to Carlton, where he attempted to steal the engine.

When taken into custody at Carlton, he maintained that he had orders to run the locomotive straight through to Duluth. He was hysterical whenever the subject was mentioned.

Nelson's people were notified, and he was taken back to his home, but it has since transpired that his mental condition is more serious than at first supposed, and his relatives desire a medical examination.

CATCH CUB WOLVES

Pack Then Trails Young Men to Recapture Youngsters.

Land Them In Duluth and Get But Two Dollars.

With eight cub wolves eight days' old in their possession chased and finally surrounded by a pack of the bloodthirsty animals, H. J. Revell and J. Revell, two brothers, aged 21 and 20 years respectively, spent a night around a blazing fire in the woods in the town of Duluth that they will not soon forget.

This morning the young men arrived after a walk of thirty miles with the pelts of the small wolves. When they reached the county auditor's office they were very much disappointed to learn that instead of a bounty of $15 apiece for the pelts, as they had expected, they could receive but $2 per pelt, the state paying half and the county the remainder.

The young men, who came up from Iowa some time ago to work in a sawmill at Scanlon, Minn., told at the county auditor's office an interesting and apparently truthful story of their capture of the young wolves.

They are now living in the town of Duluth. Tuesday of this week they succeeded in getting an old female wolf to swallow a bait, disguising a quantity of poison. Whether they gave her an overdose, or not enough to make her real sick, is not known, but when the young men set out to trail her down, the old wolf gave them a merry chase, that started near the shores of Gallagher lake, in township 51-15, and was not terminated until nearly dusk in township 53-12, near Sucker creek.

While pursuing teh animal the brothers found many indications that the poison had affected her, but it did not seem to affect her cunning, for she doubled back on her trail, ran back and forth on logs, and tried everything in the category of wolf tricks to confuse her pursuers. Just before dark she brought them to her lair, near Sucker creek, where the trail led to a huge hollow tree. An investigation developed that the wolf had become frightened at the approach of her enemies and had fled, leaving in the tree eight lively wolf cubs.

Pleased with their find the Revell brothers decided that it would be useless to hunt for the old wolf further in the gathering darkness, so they secured the young wolves in sacks and started for the home of Town Clerk Postle, who lived some five or six miles distant.

The rough handling did not suit the cubs and they very soon set up a chorus of shrill yaps, the noise of which sounded like that made by a litter of hungry puppies.

The young men had not traveled far on their way until they were made aware that the old wolves were on the trail, following the youngsters and seeking vengeance. Long-drawn-out howls could be heard in the distance. These increased in volume as the animals came nearer. This turn to the situation made the brothers very nervous, for they had not reckoned on the pursuit, but they were determined to keep their booty at any cost.

They thought, by the noise made, that fully 20 or 25 wolves made up the pack. Hastily seeking a cleared spot in the woods, they built a blazing fire and laid in a plentiful stock of wood, having no firearms to defend themselves and not relishing the idea of spending the night in trees.

Hardly had the fire got good start when the pack came in view, led by the angry old mother wolf. The fire halted them, and while they did not dare to come closer than thirty or forty feet, they set up a hideous din every time one of the young wolves would set up a whine. All that night the Revell brothers tended the fire, with a pack, which turned out to number eight full-grown timber wolves, circling their camp. So thorough was the patrol kept by the animals that when daylight sent them scurrying away the brothers found a well-trodden path clear around them at a radius of about thirty feet.

Yesterday morning they resumed their journey to the township clerk's, where they killed and skinned the cubs and obtained their certificate to present the county auditor.

The brothers declared, when the law had been explained to them, that had they known only $2 is paid for cub wolves, they would never have gone to all their trouble with the old wolves, nor walked so far.

They are certain, however, that they can get the old wolf, and have gone after her.

Two of the pelts were purchased by one of the employes at the auditor's office, who will have them stuffed. The pelts look as if they might have come off of overgrown rats, except for the diminutive tails and the heads, which resemble those of young puppies.

TAKING DESPERATE CHANCES.

It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chance instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding cold and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle For sale by all druggists.

MRS. HOPPER TO APPEAL.

Victoria, April 14.—An appeal will be taken against the decision of Justice Drake, the trial judge in Hopper vs. Dunsmuir, on behalf of the plaintiff, Mrs. Edna Wallace Hopper, and the intervener, Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir.

Stop that Head Cold in 10 Minutes—or it will develop into chronic catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder stops cold in the head in ten minutes, and relieves most acute and deep-seated catarrh after one application. Cures quickly and permanently. "I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with best results. It is a great remedy, and I never cease recommending it." John E. Dell, Paulding, O. —25.

SHINGLES Best grade of native **WHITE CEDAR** Delivered to all parts of the city.

L. R. MARTIN.
517 LYCEUM BLDG Both 'phones. No. 385

HOMEFITTERS'

Friday and Saturday!

All our departments of housekeeping necessities and home decorations put on special values for Friday and Saturday. We ask every home keeper, every hotel keeper, and every boarding house keeper to come and save money. Will YOU accept the invitation?

The popular store.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

The reliable store.

Homefitters' crockery and glassware.

The savings in buying such wares in the Glass Block basement will pay for other household necessities. Special bargains for Friday and Saturday.

DINNER SETS.
Grindley's new "Buena" pattern with pink rose decoration and full gold tracing, regular price per set of 100 pieces is $14.85—a stock pattern, buy as many pieces as you want, and buy from time to time as you need them—special for Friday and Saturday—per set of one hundred pieces..... **$10.95**

CUT GLASS.
Ours is unequaled for brilliancy, designs and workmanship. Special Friday and Saturday homefitters' inducements to visit our cut glass section:

$4.50 8-in. bowls $3.25
$2.50 Vinegars....$1.75
$3.50 water bottle.$2.75

TOILET SETS.
Regular $2.50 sets of 6 pieces, choice of different sizes, styles and colors, Friday and Saturday **$1.48**

Beautiful 12-piece sets—including slop jar—choice of 3 different decorations — Friday and Saturday— homefitters' special sale—per set..... **$3.48**

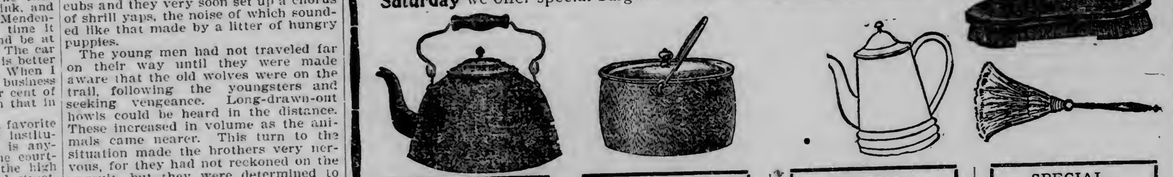
CUPS AND SAUCERS.
Fancy shapes with blue or green decorations—a very handsome and good article, certainly unequaled for the money. Friday and Saturday's special — per dozen..... **90¢**

Dinner plates to match —Friday and Saturday —per doz .....**85¢**

SPECIAL WHITE AUSTRIAN CHINA—One of the best values ever offered in thin white china you'll find in the pretty Austrian wares in which we offer cups, saucers and dessert plates—fancy embossed edge patterns and scroll edges. It is dainty, excellent quality and good enough for the finest tables. Choice of plates or cups and saucers for **10c**

Homefitters' kitchen wares, house cleaning wares and garden wares.

We are adding new things—the latest up-to-date "wrinkles"—every day in the hardware, woodenwares, kitchen wares, laundry wares, garden wares, bath room wares, granitewares, nickel wares, copper wares, etc. Labor savers and money savers in endless variety. **Friday and Saturday** we offer special bargains in honor of **homefitters' days.**



SPECIAL—TEA KETTLES.
A good No. 8 granite tea kettle, a regular 50c article, for Friday and Saturday only, each **39¢**

PARLOR BROOMS.
A 4-tie parlor broom—sold for 25c at other stores, fancy colored velvet ferrule, Friday and Saturday... **15¢**

SWIFTS' PRIDE SOAP.
The laundry soap you all know and you know the price, special for Friday and Saturday—9 for .....**25¢**

SPECIAL—PRESERVING KETTLES.
A 9-in. 40c preserving kettle, blue granite with white lining— for Friday and Saturday only each..... **23¢**

CURTAIN STRETCHERS.
Now's the time to clean your lace curtains. Friday and Saturday, we offer our regular 98c curtain stretchers for... **69¢**

GAS HOT PLATES.
For cooking, also gas radiators for heating—prices **10¢** up to **$3.48.**

SPECIAL—NICKEL COFFEE POTS.
Individual size'—highly polished nickel goods, regular 35c values—Friday and Saturday—only..... ....**19¢**

4-pint size, nickel-plated tea and coffee pots, with copper bottoms—good quality, strong and durable—for Friday and Saturday—at each..... **39¢**

OIL STOVES.
Two-burner blue-flame oil cook stoves, you'll have to see it to realize the value. Special offer for Friday and Saturday **$3.95**

SPECIAL—FEATHER DUSTERS.
Come and get your 12-in. feather dusters for spring house cleaning — Friday and Saturday for only ..... **15¢**

GAS TUBING.
The gas company gets 5c a foot for the same tubing we sell at—per foot ....**3¢**

SPICE BOXES.
A very handy pantry arrangement for holding assorted spices. Regular price 59c, special for Friday and Saturday ..... **39¢**

Furniture Friday and Saturday.

Positively for these 2 days only will these special prices be offered. Our regular prices are 20 to 50 per cent less than furniture trust prices. When we offer reductions from these regular prices every wise furniture user will **come on the specified days,** for it is worth your while.

IRON BED LIKE CUT— Good and heavy, made of all malleable iron and steel, with heavy angle braces. Very best enamel in white or other colors. A $2.65 bed—for Friday and Saturday the price..... **$1.49**

PORTABLE TABLE—like cut—solid oak—finely finished, turned legs, shelf below, top 24x24 inches. Furniture stores get $1.75—our price for Friday and Saturday..... **98c**

Same table with smaller top—size 18x18 inches—for Friday and Saturday..... **49c**

THIS SOLID OAK DRESSER—very handsome, has large oval French plate mirror, two swell drawers at top and two large drawers, all work smoothly, and are large and roomy. Solid oak—furniture stores would charge $10.75 for no better—Friday and Saturday's price.. **$5.95**

Lace curtains and curtain goods in the homefitters' sale.

CURTAIN MUSLIN—36-inch wide, in all the new effects, dots and stripes, worth 15c—Friday and Saturday, yd **9c**

IMPORTED SCOTCH MADRAS—The newest designs, the best colorings, lowest prices—per yard ....$1.25 to **35c**

Rugs and carpets for spring.

SMYRNA RUGS—9-0x12-0, $10.75—the designs are equal to the finest Orientals—they are reversible and extra heavy—sold everywhere at $18.50; 9-0x12-0—$10.75. 7-6x10-6..... **$8.75**

IMPORTED BODY BRUSSELS RUGS—Manufactured in Scotland—extra dourable and first-class colorings—to introduce this rug we make the price just 50 per cent less than domestic Brussels rugs—sizes 9-0x12-0..... **$14.75**

WILTON RUGS—We do not confine ourselves to one factory, but select the best designs and richest colorings of the leading manufacturers—Bigelow, Selkirk, Bundhar, Savalan, Bagdad, etc., all at one price—size 9-0x12-0..... **$33.50**

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

New Building. Modern in every particular.
210-212 W. Superior St.
COOK'S European Hotel B. J. Cook, Manager.

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence
PATENT LAWYERS.
Established 1861. Washington, D. C.
Our Forty-second Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE.
We have no representative in Duluth.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court. Special Term, March 31st, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lois A. Homet, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Joseph A. Homet, of the county of Bradford, Pennsylvania, representing, among other things, that Lois A. Homet, late of the county of Bradford, in the state of Pennsylvania, on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1897, at the county of Bradford, state of Pennsylvania, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of Bradford county, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the husband of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county of St. Louis.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 31st day of March, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County Minn.)
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Petitioner.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-31-April-7-14-1904.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 14th, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of Thomas S. Brown, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Sophia S. Brown, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Thomas S. Brown, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1904, at the said county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Selby T. Brown granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 9th day of May, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April 14-21-28.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 30th, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of John L. Sullivan, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Agnes S. Sullivan, administratrix of the estate of John L. Sullivan, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 30th day of March, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Mar.-31-April 7-14.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 30th, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Ryan, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of John Ryan, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Mary Ryan.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 11th day of July, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, Minnesota, this 30th day of March, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Mar.-31-April-7-14.

Nervo-Sexual Debility

Our modern advanced Electro-Medical Methods Cure Where All Other Treatments Fail.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

Men, many of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your vitality is failing and you will be lost, unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Nervo-Sexual Debility is never at a standstill; with it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your future with misery and indescribable woe.

We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us you will never again be bothered by weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition and other symptoms which rob you of your strength and absolutely unfit you for the duties of life. Our treatment for weak men will convert all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy and happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Electro-Medical treatment for **Varicocele, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases** and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. **Consultation** in person or by letter is absolutely **free and confidential**, and we give each person a **Legal Contract** to hold for our promises. If you cannot call, write today.

REFERENCES: **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City.**

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 W. Superior Street, Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

Consultation in Person or by Letter Free.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

THE HUMAN CUPID

Wisconsin Boy Laughs at Locks and Locksmiths.

The Wonderful Feats of Harry Houdini In England.

Milwaukee, April 14.—Harry Houdini, an American who was born at Appleton, Wis., is mystifying all Great Britain by his wonderful feats of unlocking all manner of locks without the aid of keys. He is the human Cupid and laughs long and loud at locksmiths. He has broken out of cells that held the notorious Jack Sheppard, and defied the barred doors which imprisoned Charles Peace. These are two most clever and desperate criminals of recent years with whom the British authorities have had to do, and to have an American, a mere stripling at that, come over and make child's play of all their far-famed devices for keeping prisoners secure, is galling to the British.

Harry Hanson, who is employed in the Evening Wisconsin composing room, has seen the American boy in his old home, London. He says that he is a marvel and no mistake. He has broken out of fifty-nine prison cells, including the one in which the notorious Charles Peace was incarcerated before he expiated for his crimes on the gallows. Those who enjoy the privilege of knowing the prison cells of England, Hanson says, with their solid stone walls, massive iron-studded, impenetrable doors, huge locks and bolts, will have a better notion of the prison-breaker's task than stay-at-home folks.

Houdini was taken at an unexpected moment when he wa giving exhibitions at Sheffield. He called upon the chief constable at the jail to make arrangements for a private exhibition, for he boasts that there is no jail in England that can hold him. The jailer was game and proposed an exhibition at once. Houdini was marched off to the cell that held Charles Peace, stripped of all his clothes, which were put in an adjoining cell, which was triple locked with a master key. The cell in which Houdini was placed was thoroughly searched. At his request all the cells on the corridor were locked securely and the iron gate to the outer corridor fastened with a seven-lever lock. Exactly five minutes after the jailers left Houdini he appeared among them, having broken out of his cell, gotten into the next one, put on his clothes, opened the seven-lever barred gate, and when the jailers visited the corridor they found that he had had time to unlock all the other cells, too.

One of the most wonderful feats was an escape from a Siberian transportation cell, or larette, in Moscow. Although heavily chained and handcuffed he gained his freedom in twenty minutes.

A more recent but no less remarkable exhibition was given at the London Hippidrome at the challenge of the Daily Mirror. A specially manufactured pair of handcuffs were placed upon his wrists. They were made by a Birmingham blacksmith after five years' study and many levers had to be turned successively in their proper order to allow the final release. It took him seventy minutes to do it, but he came from behind his little curtained recess with the handcuffs dangling from his fingers.

DAUGHTER OF BISHOP DUDLEY

Is Married to a Deposed Curate Despite Her Relatives.

New York, April 14.—Against the wishes of her family, it is said, Miss Catharine Dudley, daughter of the late Bishop Thomas Underwood Dudley, of Kentucky, was married to George Sherman Richards, a deposed curate. The wedding took place at the Brick Presbyterian church on Tuesday, March 29. There had been a public announcement that the ceremony would be performed at Grace church, Chantry, on April 4.

Richards came from a Pennsylvania charge during the winter of 1902-3 and became a junior curate of St. Michael's Episcopal church, Amsterdam avenue and Ninety-ninth street. On April 28, 1903, in Grace church, Bishop Potter deposed him, Rev. George H. Bottome and Rev. Charles T. Walkley being in attendance. The formal notice of the deposition, printed in the Churchman, declared it had been in accordance with Title II, Canon 5, of the Digest, which is a form permitting the clergymen to put in writing his resignation to avoid a church trial.

Several days before the wedding Richards called on Rev. Dr. William R. Richards, it is said. According to Dr. Richards, he told the pastor that he wanted to get married and had been attracted to him because of the name, which was the same as his own.

"He was a Christian Scientist, he told me," said Dr. Richards. "The lady, he said, was an Episcopalian, but many of the clergy of that denomination objected to celebrating the marriage ceremony in holy week, so they decided to ask me to marry them. I knew neither one, so made inquiry whether either had been married before and whether any of their friends or relatives would attend the ceremony as witnesses. Mr. Richards assured me as to that. I married them. A sister of the bride and her husband, I think, and a few others were present. I did not know that Miss Dudley was the daughter of Bishop Dudley until some time after. I certainly did not know that Mr. Richards was a deposed clergyman."

"Would you have married them if you had known it?" Dr. Richards was asked.

"That would depend on the circumstances," he replied.

Bishop Potter said that he had not issued an order forbidding the marriage of Miss Dudley to the deposed clergyman in Grace church. He knew about that case, but said that that question had not came before him.

Mr. and Mrs. Richards are said to have sailed for Europe, where they will stay all summer.

It will be recalled that Bishop Dudley died suddenly while in this city attending the funeral of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Herman D. Aldrich, in the latter part of January.

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The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

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Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

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PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE

TO MARRY ACTRESS

Son of Chicago Millionaire Gains Father's Consent.

Francis Griffin Wins Heart of Pretty Helen Prindiville.

Chicago, April 14—Pretty Helen Prindiville is going to marry a millionaire's son.

His name is Francis Griffin, and his father is Thomas A. Griffin, principal owner of the Griffin wheel works in Chicago, St. Paul, Denver, Tacoma, and other cities, and of the Sellers Manufacturing company and the Ajax Forge company. Mr. Griffin is known to have an income of about $500,000 a year, and his wealth is estimated high in the millions.

Helen Prindiville, or Nellie Prindiville as she is affectionately known to her friends, is the charming young actress who made such a hit as Tirza in "Ben Hur" at the Illinois theater two years ago.

She is the daughter of Mrs. Katherine Prindiville, a well-known newspaper woman of Chicago, who was long on the staff of the Herald, the Times-Herald, and the Record-Herald.

Tirzah was Helen's second role, and she made such a hit in it that Klaw & Erlanger kept her in it as long as she would stay, which was nearly two years.

Then she felt that she must vary her theatrical experience and she became leading woman for Howard Kyle in his revival of "Rosemary," which has been playing in the South and West this season.

Miss Prindiville, who is now only 19, met Mr. Griffin socially in New York before she went on the stage. It was a case of love at first sight, their friends say.

Ever since Mr. Griffin has been a model of devotion to his inamorata. He has frequently visited the towns where she was playing, and a few months ago, when she was taken ill in Texas, he showered attentions on her.

A year ago, so the story goes, he asked his father's consent to marry Helen Prindiville.

"My son," his father is reported to have replied, "if you will enter my office in Chicago and learn to be a business man, so that you can take care of a wife, and prove to me by the steadiness of your conduct that this is not a mere caprice, I will give you an answer one year from today."

The year is up. Young Mr. Griffin has been hard at work in his father's office in the Western Union building.

His father has given his answer, and it was favorable to the young lover's hopes. At least, that is the understanding, and a formal announcement of the engagement of Helen Prindiville to Francis Griffin is expected very soon.

In the meantime Miss Prindiville is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Griffin and their family at Hot Springs, Ark.

LILLIAN RUSSELL

Was In Danger of Losing Her Trousers.

New York, April 14.—Emerging from her dressing room and standing in the wings of the Broadway theater, in Brooklyn, Miss Lillian Russell saw a man starling fixedly at her. When she went out on the stage she could feel that basilisk glare almost piercing her back. When she retired from the view of the audience there stood the same man with the burning glance. Miss Russell had worn the close-fitting trousers and the swell-lipped frock coat and the shinysilk hat before tens of thousands of eyes in the season of "Whoop-Dee-Doo," but never had she felt as uncomfortable as under the piercing gaze of that fellow in the wings.

"The most impertinent stage hand I ever saw," said she to Fields.

"Stage hand?" groaned the comedian. "I wish that's all he was. He's a deputy sheriff, and he's attached the costumes!"

"Mine?" gasped Lillian. "Even—even these?" and her beautiful eyes roamed over her lavender-hued nether garments.

Fields bowed his head in silent grief.

"Ow-wow-wow!" began John T. Kelly, but Weber cut him short with, "This ain't any time for dialect. I've dropped mine; you cut out yours."

Then he hastily explained that a firm of theatrical advertising agents, who asserted Weber & Fields owed them $52i, had got an attachment on the ground the comedians had been out of the state for six months and had carried certain property with them. While Weber was pouring out this tale there was hasty telephoning to J. C. Judge, counsel for the alleged creditors.

"Oh, well," said Judge, "I don't wish to embarrass anybody. (As if Lillian hadn't been deeply embarrassed all day.) Tell the sheriff he can wait until tomorrow."

The company heard the joyful news. Miss Russell looked herself over; then stared haughtily at the deputy sheriff.

"Don't wear them away from the theater, please," said he, and then he departed hastily. The performance went on to the end and next day Weber & Fields paid the bill. But it was noticed Miss Russell, when she went on the stage that night, looked apprehensively over her shoulder and then at—well, at those.

ONE LADY'S RECOMMENDATION
SOLD FIFTY BOXES OF CHAMBERLAIN'S STOMACH AND LIVER TABLETS.

I have, I believe, sold fifty boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets on the recommendation of one lady here, who first bought a box of them about a year ago. She never tires of telling her neighbors and friends about the good qualities of these Tablets—P. M. Shore, druggist, Rochester, Ind. The pleasant purgative effect of these Tablets makes them a favorite with ladies everywhere. For sale by all druggists.

WON BY KNOWING HELL.

But In Scholarship S. H. Hadley Was Defective.

New York, April 14.—The Herald says: That his ideas were clear on hell was one of the reasons why Samuel H. Hadley, superintendent of the Water street Mission, was advanced from the rank of deacon to elder by the New York East Conference of the Methodist church in Brooklyn after he had failed to obtain the requisite 70 per cent in scholarship on his examination.

Twelve other deacons were promoted, but when the name of Mr. Hadley came up with recommendations that he be advanced there was considerable discussion and objection.

Professor William North Rice of Wesleyan university, who examined the candidate, said:

"Mr. Hadley has a good knowledge of the working plan of salvation, and on the doctrines of the church he is not any more muddled than some other men of more education, but he is perfectly clear on hell, because he says he has been there."

Dr. James M. Buckley then showed that Mr. Hadley was a direct descendant of Jonathan Edwards and of Aaron Burr, and said he hoped he would be advanced.

Bishop Foss pointed out a clause in the bylaws of the church which would serve as a loop hole for Mr. Hadley's promotion. The conference advanced him by rising vote.

SHIELDED

His Guilty Brother and Went To Jail.

Philadelphia, April 14.—Brotherly affection led Edward Duffy to a prison cell. Duffy, who lives at 1901 South Twenty-fifth street, was arraigned in the central police court, and while Magistrate Kochersperger thought that the defendant was deserving of praise for his action in behalf of his brother, yet he had erred, the magistrate ruled, and as a result the young man went to jail instead of his brother. The arrest of Duffy was brought about through his gaining possession of a watch charm stolen several weeks ago from the residence of Harry Shope. Duffy secured the charm from his brother, whom he did not betray until after the brother had time to leave the city.

"I know I did wrong in not telling the truth at the start," said the defendant, "but I wanted to shield my brother, whom I have been trying to reform. I would not be in custody now if I hadn't such a strong affection for my brother."

He was held in $000 ball for trial, and, being unable to furnish surety, was remanded.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

TRUANT OFFICER PUZZLED.

School Children Ran Away and Were Married.

Marion, Ind., April 14.—Earl Colvin and Julia Clark, both 15 years of age, disappeared from school here March 25. The parents of the boy were not worried, as it was not the first time he had left the city without their knowledge and had returned safely. The disappearance of the girl was not connected with that of Earl's until Monday, when both returned together and called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Colvin as husband and wife. They had been married at Sullivan, Ind., March 28.

They showed a certificate of marriage signed by John W. Burnett, justice of the peace. Young Colvin declares he will not depend upon his relatives, but will procure a position and support his wife.

The truant officer, who has been looking for the two children, is puzzled to know what to do now that he has located them and they are married.

BIGAMY ALLEGED

As Result of An April Fool Joke.

Macon, Mo., April 14.—Just how far the statute of limitations runs on an April fool's day joke will be tested in a justice's court here.

Walter Burkhart, a well-to-do young farmer of the Cash Neighborhood, got up a loving letter purporting to come from Mrs. Goldie Burkhart, of Barton county. In it references were made to their two children. This letter was dropped with apparent carelessness, and a man found it and took it to a justice. The justice notified Mrs. Burkhart, of Macon county, that there was a woman making a joint claim for her husband.

The Macon county Mrs. Burkhart promptly swore to an information against her husband, charging bigamy, and would not listen to his explanation of the joke. A constable went over and arrested him, and he is now under bond awaiting trial. The defendant hopes to have better luck convincing the justice of the humor of the situation than he had with his wife.

Gold Medal

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Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute *Purity* of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

Lowney's Cocoa is the finest possible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans.

The Lowney Receipt Book tells how to make Chocolate Bon-bons, Fudge, Caramels, Icings, etc., at home. Sent free

The Walter M. Lowney Co., Boston, Mass.

HOUSE BOMBARDED

Because Minister's Daughter Played Piano at Night.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 14.—A few nights ago the home of Rev. J. D. Mills, a retired Methodist minister in North street, was bombarded for an hour with boards, bad eggs and butter. The minister's daughter was at the piano when there came a crash against the front of the house. The frightened members of the family found a heavy signboard against the building. It nad been thrown with sufficient force to split the weatherboards.

Before the minister could get out the bombardment of eggs started again, and the windows were smeared with butter. The minister was starting to meet the intruder when he ran into a well-dressed young man, who fled to avoid discovery.

A daughter of the family has been accustomed to practice on a piano at night, and the police think the malicious attack was made by some one who objected to music.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

BUT PAPA MARRIED AGAIN.

Mrs. Nannie West Now Sues Her Parent.

Pontiac, Mich., April 14.—Mrs. Minnie West of Troy township has started suit in chancery to have a deed set aside which was made by her father. In her bill of complaint Mrs. West asserts that her father promised he would leave her his farm if she would remain at home, do the work and take care of her mother. For 20 years, from the time she was 14 until she was 34, Mrs. West says she stayed at home and did farm work as well as housework. Her mother died a short time ago and her father married again, deeding the farm of 42 acres, valued at about $3000, to his present wife.

BAY CITY MAN

Returns From Six Months' Trip Around the World.

Bay City, Mich., April 14.—Curtis E. Pierce, a prominent attorney and popular bachelor, has just returned from a six months' trip around the world. At Nagasaki, Japan, he saw many transports, but no war excitement. In the Red sea his ship passed some Russian battleships. From Darjeeling, India, in the Himalaya mountains, he went to see a sunrise on Mt. Everest, the highest mountain peak in the world. From one of the elevations passed during the late evening, he saw the campfires of the English expedition on route to Tibet. At Darjeerling he met the wife and daughter of Col. Younghusband, commander of the Tibet expedition, who had accompanied him to that point.

JUDGE KERWIN

Tried His First Case In a Wisconsin Barn.

Neenah, Wis., April 14.—James C. Kerwin, who was recently elected to the supreme bench of the state, appeared in his first case just twenty-nine years ago in the village of Winchester. Wesley Mott of this city was justice of the peace at the time and to a reporter he recited the following story:

"Twenty-nine years ago a stripling lawyer came to the town of Winchester from Neenah. I was justice of the peace for Winchester and owned a farm there. The lawyer's visit was in August and it was very hot weather. He appeared as attorney for a man named Anderson and the case was about the purchase of some sheep. The schoolhouse served for courthouse, church and many other purposes in those days, but was occupied by school sessions that summer, so I had to contrive a courtroom for the occasion. I

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Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Constipation, Stops Prematureness, Stops Nervousness, Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and vitality. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. 50 CENTS. $10 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or refund money, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A write Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

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THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excessand indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address Trayner Building, CHICAGO, ILL.
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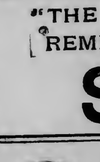
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Bldg., New York.
Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth.



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MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $100 at S.F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superio, st., Duluth.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

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MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Married Women
Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.
Mother's Friend
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ANOTHER BULGE

Wheat Advances With Northwest Leading In Bullish Movement.

Snow In Spring Wheat District Causes Change In Sentiment.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 14.—The wheat market had a good bulge today and the Northwest switched, leading the advance as she had led the declines earlier in the week. Snow in the Northwest was responsible for the bullish feeling and fears are growing that the crop is to be still further delayed by the unfavorable weather. The winter wheat belt also supplied a good amount of crop damage reports. It was a market of crop reports as it has been for some days.

A New York wire said that a few loads of Manitoba wheat had just been resold to exporters there by English buyers. Duluth exporters of Manitoba wheat do not believe this and think that while New York exporters may be transferring wheat the foreigners want every bushel they have bought.

The Liverpool market closed ¾d higher, being affected by the American advices and the revival of duty agitation. Paris was unchanged, as was also Berlin and Buda Pest was ¼c higher.

Argentine shipments for this week are estimated at 3,600,000 bushels of wheat and 400,000 bushels of corn.

The Duluth market showed an advance of ⅞c in both May and July, and Minneapolis 1⅛@1⅛c in May and 1¼c in July. Chicago was unchanged for May and ⅝c higher on July, and New York ⅜c up on May and unchanged on July.

Car receipts at Duluth were 24 cars against 1 last year, and at Minneapolis 107 against 110 a year ago, making a total for the Northwest of 131 against 111 a year ago. Chicago received 9 against 15 a year ago. Winnipeg received 56 against 229 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 242,136 bus, last year 536,219 bus. Shipments 219,455 bus, last year 526,616 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 315,868 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¾d higher. In the Chicago market May corn closed ½c higher.

May oats closed a shade higher. Primary receipts of corn were 315,116 bus, last year 177,521 bus. Shipments 221,791 bus. Last year 766,856 bus. Clearances of corn were 106,142 bus.

In the Duluth market there was little doing. May opened 3c up at 93¾c, sold at 93⅝c at 9:55, fell back to 93¼c at 10:29 and at 11:20 sold at 93⅜c. It continued upward to 93¾c at 12:45 and closed at 93⅝@¾c, an advance of ⅞c. The July option advanced the same and closed at 90¾c. The September option advanced ⅝c closing at 84½c.

The cash wheat basis was unchanged at May price for No. 1 northern and 2½c under for No. 2.

Flax was very dull and unchanged, with the exception of the October option which closed ¼c lower. For several days flax has been unchanged and there has been scarcely any trading in it.

Oats advanced ¼c and rye was up 1½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 95¼c; No. 1 northern, 93⅝c; No. 2 northern, 91¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 95¼c; No. 1 northern, 93⅝c; No. 2 northern, 91¾c; macaroni, No. 1, 87c; No. 2, 85c; May, 93⅝c; July, 90¾c; September, 84½c. Flax, in store, $1.15¼; to arrive, $1.15¼; May, $1.16; July, $1.17⅝; October, $1.18¾. Oats, on track, 39c; to arrive, 39c. Rye, on track, 67½c; to arrive, 67½c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 24, last year 1, oats 2, barley 6, flax 28, last year 9.

Receipts: Wheat, 29,958; oats, 865; barley, 3,016; rye, 975; flax, 39,920.

Shipments: Wheat, 950; oats, 2501; barley, 323.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 2 northern wheat, 6000 bus	$0.90½
Rejected, 2 cars	84½
Barley, 1 car	46
Flax, 4 cars	1.15¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

A Bullish Sentiment Dominates the Wheat Pit.

Chicago, April 14.—Higher cables and continued reports of unfavorable weather conditions, particularly in sections of the Northwest where snow is reported to have fallen, caused a bullish sentiment in the wheat market today. The fact that Northwest receipts were smaller accentuated the strength. July opened ⅜c lower to ½c higher at 87c to 87½c. On a good demand by pit traders the market advanced to 87⅝c, eased off temporarily to 87¼c, but again advancing touched 87¾c. Receipts at Chicago, Duluth and Minneapolis today were 137 cars, against 302 cars last week and 125 cars a year ago.

Under the influence of higher prices in the Northwest, the market became stronger, July advancing to 88¼c. Late in the day there was considerable selling on estimates of liberal shipments from Argentina resulting in a reaction. The close was firm with July up ⅜c at 87⅝@87¾c.

Corn ruled strong in sympathy with wheat and on liberal buying by the principal long. There was very little corn offering. July opened ⅜c to ½c up, at 50⅝c to 50¾c and advanced to 51¾c. The price receded to 50¾c on realizing sales, but recovered and advanced to 51c. Receipts today were 49 cars with 13 of contract grade.

Speculative trading was helped by higher prices at the sample tables. The strength in wheat was also a bull factor. The market closed firm with July showing a gain of ⅝@65⅝c.

Smaller receipts and unfavorable crop advices caused a firm tone in oats. Trading was confined principally to scalpers. At the opening July was unchanged to ⅛c higher at 37⅝c to 37¾c. The market advanced to 38¾c, reacting to 37¾c. Receipts were 51 cars.

Provisions were firm on an improved speculative demand induced by the strength in grains, but eased off on liberal selling by pit traders. July pork was 7½@10c higher at $12.60, declining later to $12.50. Lard opened unchanged at $6.80 for July an dadvanced to $6.82½. Ribs were 5c higher at $6.45, July declining later to $6.40.

Close: Wheat—May, 93⅝c; July, 87⅝@87¾c; old, 86@86¼c; Sept-mber, 83¼c; old, 84½@84¾c. Corn—April, 52¾c; May, 53¼c; July, 50¾c; September, 50c; December, 47⅜c. Oats—May, 37¾@38c; July, 37¾@37¾c; September, 32¼c. Pork—May, $12.37½c; July, $12.50. Lard—May, $6.62½@6.65; July, $6.80; September, $6.92½. Ribs—$6.42½@6.45; July, $6.57½; September, $6.72½. Rye—May, 71c; July, 68c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.16; Southwestern, $1.08; May, $1.09. Timothy—April, $2.85. Clover—$10.75. Barley—Cash, 33@57c. Cash wheat—2 red, $1.00@1.02; 3 red, 95c@$1.00; 2 hard, 92@96c; 8 hard, 85@95c; 1 northern, 95c@$1.00; 2 northern, 89@98c; 3 spring, 88@95c. Corn—2, 53@53¾c; 3, 47½@52c. Oats—2, 39c; 3, 38½c.

S. T. WELCH. H. E. GOOCH.

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MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 14.—Close: Wheat—May, 95@95¼c; July, 85c; September, 84½@85c. On track, 1 hard, 96c; 1 northern, 93¾c; 2 northern, 93⅞c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 14.—Close: Wheat—May, 96¼c; July, 92¾c; September, 86c. Corn—May, 56⅝c; July, 55½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 14.—Wheat—Spot dull; 1 California, 7s; futures steady, July, 6s 6d; September, nominal. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 4s 3¾d; American mixed, old, 4s 7½d; futures dull; May, 4s 3½d; July, nominal.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	93⅝	94⅝	93⅝	96¼
High	93¾	95¼	94⅛	96¾
Low	93⅛	94¼	93⅜	95¾
Close	93⅝B	95⅛	93⅝	96¼A
Close 13th	92¾	93⅞	93⅛	96¼
July—				
Open	89⅜	94½	87¾	92¼-⅜
High	89⅞	95¼	88⅛	92⅝
Low	89⅛	94⅜	87	91⅜
Close	89¾B	95	87⅝-¾	92⅛B
Close 13th	92⅞	93-94	87¼-⅜	92⅜

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	37⅝@37¾	50¾	$12.40
High	38⅛	53⅛	12.42
Low	37⅝	52¼	12.15
Close	37¾-38	53½	12.27

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Chicago Record-Herald: The federal court of appeals Wednesday, in a case brought before it on appeal, settled the issue which has been made of an embarrassment than any other to board of trade authorities in al their litigation against bucket shops. It decided the board of trade method of business and contracts were legitimate, and altogether upset the recent claim made by an Indiana federal circuit judge and by the recent sensational decision of Judge Shiras of the Missouri federal circuit court, where it was decided the board operations were of a bucket shop character, illegal and consequently debarring the exchange from seeking help from the courts as against the bucket shops. This decision by the highest court which has ever been reached in any of the litigation reinstates the exchange and disposes of the claims which, for a while, seemed to bring the board of trade campaign against the bucket shops to a halt. The opinion fully supports the "ring" method of settlement between members. The court says: "The ring method of settlement between members might cancel out nine-tenths of the bids back and forth between members as agents and yet every contract may have been perfectly legal and enforcible between the principals, and every principal satisfied by receiving a substitute contract. In every such case there would be no delivery, but the buyer would have a valid cause of action." This decision cears away all of the embarrassment created by the decisions of Judge Shiras in Missouri and of the Cleveland federal judge who took the position the Chicago board of trade was of a class with the bucket shops. The officialsof the exchange also say this decision by the federal court of appeals, will make it possible to take all these questions as to the property right of the exchange in its quotations and the legality of its contracts before the supreme court of the United States and to have the claims of the board of trade settled for all time by the highest tribunal in the land. The decision, which was by Judges Jenkins, Grosscup and Baker, is the most complete and important confirmamtion of the authority of the exchange to control its quotations and to prevent their use by improper persons the board has ever obtained.

Chicago Record-Herald: There was a flood of bad crop reports relating to wheat yesterday and they came both from the East and the West. Eastern Kansas, Oklahoma and Southwestern Nebraska told a story of the absence of rain and rather desperate crop conditions. But the sensational story came from the Ohio valley. A leading cleveland operator from Tiffany, Ohio, said it looked as if that territory would not make more than a quarter of a crop. The wheat had come out from under the snow looking well, but had yilted since then and had succumbed to something. Advices from further East said the prospects in Delaware, Maryland and Pennsylvania were bad.

An Indianapolis message said: "Just had a talk with three different men from different sections of Southern Indiana, and they report conditions as bad as they ever saw them. The Northern section is bad, but the Northern section is better than the Southern."

Some of the people who have the cash No. 2 corn sold to Armour are finding trouble in delivering the grade of corn that will pass the inspectors. Two cargoes, the Madagascar and the Ravencraigh have been loading at the National elevator with corn for Armour, but the appeals committee has rejected the corn and pronounced it not up to the standard. The corn looks all right on leaving the dryer, but cracks up on being handled. There was a lot of No. 2 corn out of private elevators into public houses yesterday, 129 cars and 52,000 bus. The real test of this corn, however, seems to come when it is tendered out of public houses. Evidently some corn has gotten into public houses as No. 2 that the appeals committee will not accept.

* * *

B. E. Baker's grain letter: Wheat—Reports of the condition of the winter wheat is not impotent. The wheat growing sections of Northern Indiana and Ohio could not well be worse. Other parts of the wheat territory sent messages of a similar tenor, and the firmness of the market was principally due to such news. Its effect may be slow, but it will be sure with further confirmation of damage. Receipts were still small. Small receipts added to the poor crop prospects can in my opinion have been of no result. We consider that the buying has been good and that offerings today have gone into good hands. But the crop situation justifies higher prices and that purchases on any little occuring reactions were in order.

Corn—The entire stock of contract corn was placed in suspicion by confirmation of the appeals committee of the inspection department, of justifying of Armour & Co., claim that corn as No. 2 at elevators to which they have sent boats for loading did not comply with requirements. The small strength of today's market was due to that and a good deal to small receipts. Receipts here were 49 cars. We look for continued light movement. Cash prices were sharply higher.

Oats—There was an irregular air of quiet confidence in this market, the extent of which is scarcely reflected in the slight improvement in prices. Receipts of corn, were light, and promising a continuation. The number inspected was only 51 cars. Price Current draws attention to the serious delay in getting in the new crop. Cash oats was strong and selling by sample and in store at good advances.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—In sympathy with better cables and further crop damage reports from the winter wheat belt, a stronger opening was established, but there was enough selling by those who bought yesterday to cause a reaction of nearly 1c per bushel from the best prices made early. Later on renewed talk of serious damage in the Ohio valley the loss was fully recovered and closed within 1c from the top price. The market will be governed largely by crop reports for the immediate future. A good scalping market is likely with the buying side preferable on the breaks.

Corn—The bull party was not obliged to give it much support. The strength in wheat was a help. Receipts were only moderate and the cash corn was reported 1c to 2c higher. Armour was a good buyer of car lots and he was also reported taking cash corn in the pit at 3c under May. There was some buying of July which was thought to be for his account, but the market was able to take care of itself on the strength in cash corn and in sympathy with the strong wheat market. Nothing to indicate any change in the May deal and we are still inclined to let the short side alone.

Oats—May liquidation appears to about have run its course and some improvement in values is likely. Think we would buy oats o n the weak days.

Provisions—There was enough scattered liquidation to get the market a heavier appearance pretty much all day. There was absence of support such as has been visible for the past two days and the cumulative effect of this has a more healthy appearance and we are inclined to the belief that stuff bought on the weak days for the present will not do any harm.

* * *

Coe Commission Company: Wheat—Liverpool cables were higher. Wheat opened strong and higher; good general buying and very little offering. Shorts were fairly active at the opening. There is very little improvement in weather conditions. More complaints are coming from the Southwest. The Kansas reports of the condition of winter wheat were accompanied by buying orders which is the best confirmation of crop damage reports. The market has ruled very strong all day, and we believe there is ten cents a bushel profit in buying wheat around these prices.

Corn—Corn opened firm and a little higher, no feature to the early trade but light offerings. Some buying by commission houses and locals on small movement.

Oats—Oats opened steady. No feature to the trade. Small receipts, crop advices continue unfavorable.

Provisions—There was a strong opening in pig products, improvement in demand and light offerings. Pig situation becoming more bullish, and strength in grain encouraging demand. There was a vicious drive made at pork early by the bear contingent which netted a break of about 20 cents in pork. There was a good demand at the decline which steadied the market.

* * *

Rankin, Chicago: There is a message here from a crop expert which says: "Draw a line through Hutchinson, Kansas, north and south, and all west of that is a total failure. Eastern Kansas is principally a corn country."

McQuistan, Chicago: I think as long as May wheat remains the premium over old July wheat and stocks continue light, the bears will be timid about getting far from shore on the short side of wheat.

Cincinnati Price Current: The wheat crop is maintained or slightly improved. Some decline in parts of Indiana and Ohio. Improvement south and west. Oats seeding and plowing much delayed by wet ground. The season is one to two weeks late. All grain movement is light to moderate.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, April 14, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of Weather	*Minimum	*Maximum	Rainfall in inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Pt cldy	46	70	0
Campbell	Cloudy	38	64	T
Crookston	Snow	36	54	T
Detroit City	Cloudy	34	58	0
Grand Meadows	Pt cldy	48	66	0
Minneapolis	Clear	44	70	0
Montevideo	Pt cldy	36	68	0
Park Rapids	Cldy	32	70	T
Winnebago City	Cldy	46	66	0
Langdon	Snow	30	54	T
Larimore	Cloudy	42	72	0
Aberdeen	Cloudy	44	74	0
Millbank	Cloudy	32	72	0
Mitchell	Clear	32	76	0
Redfield	Clear	48	80	0
Duluth	Pt cldy	38	74	T
Huron	Cloudy	48	84	0
La Crosse	Cloudy	46	66	0
Moorhead	Cloudy	54	78	0
Pierre	Clear	32	78	0
St. Paul	Clear	42	68	0
Winnipeg	Clear	34	70	0

T, indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note: The average maximum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Light and scattered falls of snow or rain occurred over all districts except Missouri and Nebraska. Temperature changes were generally slight, the weather remaining cool.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecaster.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 14.—Cattle receipts, 6000; steady to strong; good to prime steers, $5@5.60; poor to medium, $3.50@4.90; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.30; cows, $2@4.30; heifers, $2.25@4.40; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $2@4; calves, $2.25@4.75; Texas fed steers, $4@4.60. Hogs receipts today, 17,000; tomorrow, 15,000; market about steady; mixed and butchers, $5.05@5.35; good to choice heavy, $5.30@5.40; rough heavy, $5.10@5.30; light, $4.80@5.25; bulk of sales, $5.15@5.30. Sheep receipts, 10,000; steady to strong; lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.65; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.60; western sheep, $4.50@5.40; native lambs, $4.50@5.90; western lambs, $6.20@6.60.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Opening Tendency Was Upward But Prices Steadily Dropped.

Closing Was Dull and Easy Near the Lowest Point.

New York, April 14.—Insignificant gains were made on first sales of stocks today and the small dealings showed a very languid interest in the market. Union Pacific opened up an ⅛ and then ran off a fraction. Gains of ⅝ in Southern Pacific and the Mexican stocks reported the maximum changes.

After a brief period of hesitation the tendency upward became sharply defined. Southern Pacific led and was followed by the leading stocks. The borrowing of those benefited them from 1 to 2 points with the chief gains in Reading second preferred. Consolidated Gas rose 2¾. The market in general advanced a small fraction and then halted.

Postponement of the decision on the petition to intervene in the Northern Securities case induced some short covering and a sharp advance. Later prices sank to below last night's level on very slight offerings. St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo and General Electric rose a point and Amalgamated and United States Rubber preferred lost as much. Bonds at noon were firm except the United States Steel, second 5s.

Selling became more urgent and in larger volume. Standard stocks were the most affected and but little resistance was offered at any point. Union Pacific, United States Steel preferred and Manhattan yielded a point and Virginia-Carolina Chemical and Long Island 2.

After Amalgamated had been driven down a point the general selling ceased and the market hardened. The buying, however, was too scanty to have much effect on prices and the market lapsed into stagnation.

Prices receded to a slightly lower level, carrying Pennsylvania, Missouri Pacific, St. Paul, Toledo, St. Louis & Western preferred, the local tractions and Sugar a point or more below last night. Atlanta dropped 5 and Lackawanna 5½. The closing was dull and easy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	50⅝	49¼	49¾
American Sugar	128½	127¼	127⅝
Anaconda	76	72	73
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	74½	73½	73⅝
do pfd	93½	93¼	93¼
Baltimore & Ohio	81	80	80
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	47⅞	46	46
Canadian Pacific	117⅛	116¾	116½
Chesapeake & Ohmlo	33	32⅜	32¾
Chicago & Alton	37¾	37½	37½
Chicago Great Western	16⅞	16½	16½
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	146⅜	144¾	144¾
Chic., Rock Island & P	24	23¾	23¾
Rock Island pfd	65	65	65
Colorado Fuel & Iron	32	31⅝	31⅝
Colorado Southern	17¼	17	17¼
Denver & Rio Grande	21½	21½	21½
Duluth, S. S. & A	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
Erie Common	27	26¾	26¾
General Electric	165	165	165
Illinois Central	130⅞	130⅝	130⅝
Iowa Central	19	19	19
Louisville & Nashville	109¼	108¾	108¾
Manhattan Elevated	143	142⅜	142⅜
Metropolitan	116	114	114
Mexican Central	7⅞	7	7⅝
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	62	62	61½
Missouri Pacific	94½	93⅜	93⅝
New York Central	117¼	116⅝	116⅝
Norfolk & Western	58⅝	58¼	58¼
Pennsylvania	119⅝	118⅜	118⅝
People's Gas of Chic	96⅞	96¼	96⅜
Reading	45¾	44⅞	44⅞
Republic Steel & Iron	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
Southern Pacific	50¾	49⅞	49⅞
Southern Railway	23⅞	23¼	23⅜
Tennessee Coal and Iron	89⅝	89⅜	89⅜
Texas Pacific	24¾	24½	24½
Union Pacific	87⅞	85⅞	86¼
United States Leather	7⅛	7	7
U. S. Steel	11⅞	11¾	11¾
do pfd	61⅜	60⅝	60⅞
Wabash	39	38¾	38⅝
Western Union	86⅞	86¾	86¾
Wisconsin Central	18⅜	18¼	18⅜
do pfd	41⅜	40½	40½
Northern Securities	98¾	bid.	99asked.

The total sales were 395,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Our market opened unexceptionally higher and maintained a fair show of strength during the first hour but declined on advices from St. Paul that no decision would be handed down in the Harriman case, but that a written opinion might be looked for tomorrow. The market has ruled very narrow and declines caused by professional room of sufficient urging to force a set-back. St. Paul was well bought during the early part of the session, but eased off with the general list. Money conditions unchanged. We do not look for much activity in the market pending the decision in the Harriman suit. It is possible the professional element may succeed in bringing about some little liquidation, but we believe stocks will ultimately sell higher on their merits and advise purchases when weak.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Comment on the market continues exceedingly conservative, the dominating sentiment being optimistic. Even the most rabid bears, however, concede that substantial rallies are due, and that following the pounding of the last few days a good recovery is probable, so that it is good last few weeks must have been very strong. The general behavior of the market was satisfactory to bullish observers.

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: The new Rock Island notes are not being offered by the First National bank. This is natural, as it would be perfectly impossible to sell them on any such basis as they are talking. The credit of the Rock Island road is very poor. The First National bank is landed with this loan and will have to keep it.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	49⅜	49⅝
Adventure	2	2½
Atlantic	8¾	8½
Allouez	4½	5
Arcadian	40c	50c
Elm River	2⅜	2½
Bingham	2⅝	2⅞
Copper Range	42	42½
Centennial	19½	19¾
Calumet & Hecla	465	470
Calumet & Arizona	110	115
Calumet & Pittsburg		35
L. S. & Pittsburg		160
Isle Royale	1	1⅛
Mass	4	4⅛
Michigan	5	5½
Mohawk	42	42¼
Mayflower	70c	75c
Mercur Con	50c	60c
National		1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	12⅜	12¾
Osceola	57½	58
Phoenix	1⅞	2
Parrott	24½	25
Quincy	85	88
Rhode Island	1	1⅛
Santa Fe	1⅞	2
Franklin	7¾	8¼
Tamarack	95	98
Trinity	4	4¼
Tennessee Copper	31	39
Utah	33¼	33½
U. S. Mining	20¾	20⅝
U. S. Oil	9½	10
Victoria	3¾	3⅝
Wolverine	72	73
Wyandot	75c	1.00
Winona	6	6¼
Daly West	20¾	21⅜
Greene Cons	15¼	16
Calumet & Bisbee		6¾
Pittsburg & Duluth	2	15
Union Land	2½	3
Junction	25	20

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The reaction today seems to be only a natural incident in a traders' market, there is nothing in the way of unfavorable news to depress prices. The decline brought no pressure to sell, the market being dull and on the decline. This was interpreted as a good sign and some of the shrewdest traders are buying stocks. Amalgamated Copper was very heavy and most of the local coppers were lower.

* * *

Salt Lake, Utah, to Paine, Webber & Co.: It is stated on authority which is practically official that the Daly-West dividend will hereafter be at the rate of 40 cents per month instead of 65 cents monthly the usual rate.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 14.—Close: Money on call easy, 1¼@2½, closing bid 1¾ per cent; offered at 2½. Time money easy and dull, sixty and ninety days, 2½@3 per cent; six months, 3¾@4. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers bills at $4.87 35@4.87.40 for demand and at $4.85@4.85.05 for sixty days bills; posted rates, $4.85¾ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84¾. Bar silver, 53⅝c. Mexican dollars, 43c. Bonds, government easy; railroads heavy.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 14.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 10@15 points on the old crop while the new crop months were in sympathy with rather better cables than expected which promoted a continuation of the covering noted late yesterday while the clear weather in the South with slightly higher temperatures caused some liquidation in the near months. Before the call was completed a renewal of bear pressure became evident and again it was asserted that a prominent Wall street bear was working hard to undermine the remaining long interest in the market. Under this selling prices soon lost their initial gains and at 11 a. m. were 6 to 30 points under the opening prices.

Cotton spot closed steady, 15 points lower. Middling uplands, 14.25; middling gulf, 14.50. Sales 3650 bales.

Futures closed firm: April, 13.92; May, 14.17; June, 14.20; July, 14.38; August, 13.85; September, 12.41; October, 11.81; November, 11.65; December, 11.67; January, 11.68.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 14.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $221,041,392; gold, $113,873,906; silver, $18,377,305; United States notes, $4,376,004; treasury notes of 1890, $60,667; national bank notes, $19,525,585; total receipts this day, $1,602,182; total receipts this month, $19,492,791; total receipts this year, $429,575,563; total expenditures this day, $1,966,000; total expenditures this month, $23,126,666; total expenditures this year, $425,263,334; deposits in national banks, $168,296,065.

WILL PROBE POSTOFFICE

Republican Senators Yield to Demand For an Investigation.

Chicago, April 14.—Walter Wellman, in a Washington special to the Record-Herald, says:

There is to be an investigation of the postoffice department after all. Tuesday afternoon the Republicans of the senate threw up their hands and agreed to permit the passage of a resolution providing for an inquiry into the department, on condition that the Democrats would "let up" in their antagonism to the postoffice appropriation bill and allow that measure to pass.

Of course the Democrats were eager to accept this Republican surrender, and the postoffice appropriation bill was passed promptly. The Democratic leaders feel that they have won the first tactical victory of the winter, and are well satisfied with the result of their campaign.

The outcome of this surrender on the part of the Republican leaders of the senate will be a senatorial investigation into the charges against Perry Heath and others who were concerned in the management of the postoffice department in the past. Speaker Cannon and his lieutenants of the house are indignant at the backdown of the senatorial leaders.

Amid all the anger aroused by publication of the Bristow report, containing the now celebrated "charges against members of congress," the speaker and his lieutenants kept their heads and preserved their organization sufficiently well to shut off the Democratic demand for a general investigation of the postoffice department. They did so on the ground that such investigation was unnecessary; that it could not disclose anything not already known, and that the purpose of it was to if possible smirch Perry Heath and one or two other officials for mere partisan purposes. Now the Republican leaders of the senate give up all the ground thus dearly won simply to expedite the passage of the appropriation bill and the adjournment of congress.

The Republican leaders of the senate take a different view of the matter. Senator Penrose, chairman of the committee on postoffices and post roads, said he would prepare a new resolution, providing for an investigation and report it from his committee within a day or two. If the agreement reached between the leaders on the opposite sides of the aisles be carried out, this resolution will be passed, probably without discussion. Penrose says his desire for an investigation is to show the country that there is no truth in the charges which the Democrats have been making that there are frauds in the department which the administration and the Republican party are trying to cover up. The junior senator from Pennsylvania thinks this the best way to meet the Democratic demand for an investigation.

There is no doubt that the frauds in the department are to play an important part in the coming campaign. If the Republicans smother an investigation and give the Democrats an opportunity to go before the people declaring there are plenty more frauds, that the matter has not been told, and all that sort of thing, the effect may be disastrous. They might succeed in making some people believe it all true, and that the Republican party is afraid to take the lid off. But if there is an investigation the paucity of its findings will take the wind out of the Democratic sails.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.

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FOR SALE OR LEASE Three story and basement brick building, known as 16 and 18 East Michigan Street, 50 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Elevator, water, sewer, electric lights and gas—each floor has carrying capacity of 480 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession. Will sell at a bargain.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO., Real Estate, Loans, Insurance, 216 West Superior Street.

Fine seven room modern dwelling house for sale near 10th Ave. East on 3rd Street—price $3000; $2000 cash, balance three years.

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Fire Insurance—Real Estate.

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5% 5½% 6% MONEY TO LOAN

Penn Mutual Life Ins. Co.,

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Beautiful Modern House!

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Very attractive bargain for man who acts quickly.

Details too good to advertise fully.

'Phone Zenith 847, and we will call and give you full information.

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400 BURROWS BUILDING.

ON SECOND ST., EAST END.

Small house and fine lot, 50 x 140, choice location. A snap—Easy Terms. Price only **$2200**

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Fine eight-room dwelling for sale on easy terms. No. 514 East Third street. Large lot. Possession given May 1st.

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WEST DULUTH.

West Duluth has seen its hard times, and now has a brighter future. The shops are all busy and enlarging. Houses are all filled. You make no mistake buying now at one-quarter of boom prices.

I have for sale a double house, eight rooms, lot 50x125, for..... $1200

Another house near Fairmount school for..... $600

A good Grand avenue lot, near Fifty-ninth avenue, for..... $400

Six lots in Kimberly & Stryker's Addition, all for only..... $175

Two lots four blocks from blast furnace..... $350

And many others all along the line.

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On or Before the 1st Day of May Is the Best Time to Buy a Home—There is but a short time left before desirable properties will be tied up for another year. You never can own a home for less money than today, if you buy one already built.

I have many splendid values in homes ranging in price from $1500 to $15,000, on most of which the purchaser can make his own terms. There is no reason why more of our citizens should not own their own homes, when they can get the kind they want at right prices and on terms to suit each individual pocket book. If you are in the market for a home, it will pay you to call at 302 Lonsdale Bldg. without delay.

R. M. NEWPORT,

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$1250 takes well-built, six-room house, on Forty-fourth avenue East. Terms easy.

$2350 takes beautiful home on Oneida street. Terms very easy.

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$3150 for beautiful home on upper side London road. Half cash. Modern home.

BUILDING LOTS.

From $50 to $1600. Some very fine ones, 50x140, for $250 to $400.

$850 buys the finest double corner on upper side Lincoln St. and Forty-fourth Ave. East.

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THE RUSSIANS MIGHT

have blown up their own boat by mistake—but we make no mistake when we

BLOW UP "IXL" CREAMERY BUTTER!

IT IS THE BEST!

ELKINS FOR V. P.

West Virginia Republicans Launch Strong Boom For Senator.

Senator Scott Makes Speech on Tariff and Labor.

Charleston, W. Va., April 14.—The Republican state convention, to select four delegates and four alternates-at-large to the Chicago convention, met here today. There are sharp contests over everything except the endorsement of Roosevelt for president and Senator Stephen B. Elkins for vice president. The movement for Elkins for the vice presidential nomination is a very enthusiastic one. All the delegates, those from the districts as well as those at large, go to Chicago instructed for Elkins, and there will be large delegations at Chicago from this state urging his nomination. It is stated that after this convention there will be Republicans from West Virginia attending Republican conventions in other states in the interest of Elkins. Governor White and others are said to be working to get favorable consideration for Elkins in Ohio, which is the native state of both Senators Elkins and Fairbanks.

The most bitter contest that was ever waged in the state is now in progress between Dawson and Teter for the Republican gubernatorial nomination. Although the Republicans do not nominate their state ticket until at another state convention in Wheeling, uJly 12, there is more talk among both delegates and visitors about the Dawson-Teter fight than the national convention, but the factional fight on the nomination of a state ticket has not been precipitated into the present convention.

It seems likely that Senators Elkins and Scott, Governor A. B. White and Hon. J. L. Caldwell, of Huntington, will be chosen as delegates at large.

Resolutions will be adopted in favor of Roosevelt for president and Elkins for vice-president.

The convention was called to order by Judge W. E. Glasscock of Morgantown, Senator N. B. Scott being named temporary chairman and Floyd S. Chapman, of Huntington, as temporary secretary.

Senator Scott on taking the chair made an address. He said in part:

"Having kept its promises in the past, what is the party to promise for the future? First of all, it must let well enough alone, for among the cardinal principles of the Republican party is protection to American industries. The tariff question is a clean cut, well-defined issue between the two great parties that has existed from the organization of the parties and is likely to exist as long as the parties remain. The Republican party fearlessly advocates, and has many times demonstrated the wisdom of developing the American market. It believes in maintaining a standard of living higher and more expensive than exists in any other country of the world. It believes in establishing a standard of education higher than of any other people. It believes in a standard of morals, both private and official, higher, cleaner and better than beneath any other flag. And it recognizes that if these ends are accepted then the American laborer must receive a better wage than is paid elsewhere. It recognizes that this higher wage cannot be maintained unless the product of the American laborer is safe from open competition with the product of cheaper labor. The Republican party believes that the American people are inter-dependent. It does not believe in class distinction. It does not believe it possible that capital shall prosper and labor languish. It does not believe it possible that labor can be forced out of employment and capital prosper. It maintains, and it demonstrates that the American people as a whole prosper together and suffer jointly. Therefore, the Republican party legislates for the producer.

"The Republican party does not claim that tariff schedules are sacred. The coming contest will not be between schedules; the battle will not be fought against rates of duty or certain articles, but between the policy of adjusting tariff schedules with the sole and single purpose of raising revenues as advocated by the Democratic party and the maintenance of schedules imposed with the avowed intention of protecting American labor.

"So far as is possible to look into the future the campaign of 1904 will be fought along the lines of the maintenance of a protective tariff and our present sound financial system; of the preservation of our insular possessions; of the building of an inter-oceanic canal; of a strong navy and army to uphold the dignity of our flag in any port where it may fly; and of equal rights to all citizens."

The various committees were then named and the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

At the Third congressional district Republican convention held here today, Hon. Enoch Carver of Kanawha county and Samuel Dixon of Fayette, were selected as delegates to the national convention. The alternates are Phillip Waters, colored, and Charles S. Dice. The convention endorsed Roosevelt for president and Elkins for vice-president.

GROUND FOR OUTDOOR WORK

Y. M. C. A. Makes Arrangement That Will Admit of It.

Frank Maxwell, physical director for the Duluth Y. M. C. A., after weeks of patient and persistent effort, has finally succeeded in securing control of the 75-foot lot directly west of the 25-foot building adjoining the association building on Superior street for the association. This plot of ground, which stretches back to the alley and affords considerable space, will be devoted to outdoor athletics, and during the warmer months will dishplace much of the indoor work which has been carried on through the winter.

Located adjacent to the gymnasium as it is, the officials of the association consider themselves exceptionally lucky in obtaining the owners' permission to use the lot for athletics. Work of putting the grounds in shape will be started as soon as the frost goes out of the ground. It will be necessary to expend about $150 worth of labor on the work. Whether men will be hired to perform this labor or whether the young men interested will themselves see that it is done, has not yet been decided. The athletic fund is rather short at present. As in the neighborhood of 800 athletes of more or less ability and wealth are directly interested in the move, little difficulty is anticipated in raising the required sum.

Probably a tennis court will be prepared on the lot, and arrangements will be made so that there may be pole vaulting, high and broad jumping, shot-putting, hammer-throwing, hurdling, etc. Probably a horizontal bar and other similar appliances will be placed in position in the open air.

Five of the indoor physical culture classes which have been carried on at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium under the direction of Mr. Maxwell during the winter months will be discontinued this week, after the most successful winter's work in the history of the local association. The attendance has been larger, at least double what it has ever been before, and results have been in every way more satisfactory. Especially successful were the business men's and busy men's classes, new departures in Duluth. Another new and successful class is that of the Boat club. This, together with the noon busy men's class and two or three others, will be continued six or eight weeks longer, when the outdoor work will begin. The real winter's work in the gymnasium was taken up by Director Maxwell Oct. 1.

It is said to be entirely due to the untiring and enthusiastic efforts of this popular and efficient director that the classes have been so large and uniformly successful. It has been a banner year for the gymnasium department, and a record-breaker in many ways.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Saratoga, N. Y., April 14.—Harry Y. Hill, a veteran theatrical manager, is dead at his home here as a result of a stroke of paralysis. He was 63 years old and a native of Troy.

Pittsburg, April 14.—Rev. Samuel Taggart, for many years state secretary of the Y. M. C. A. of Pennsylvania, died this morning at his residence here in his 60th year.

DIETRICH EXONERATED.

Washington, April 14.—Senator Dietrich has been exonerated from all blame in connection with postoffice patronage in Nebraska by a special committee of the senate which made an investigation of his indictment. The report was submitted to the senate today.

ANARCHIST BLOWN UP.

Infernal Machine Exploded In His Trunk.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—An anarchist named Kazanoff, stopping at the Hote Du Nord, on the Nevsky Prospect, concealed an infernal machine in his trunk. It prematurely exploded last night. Kazanoff was blown to pieces, the ceiling and windows of his room were smashed, several persons were injured and fire broke out in the hotel. The engines, however, quickly extinguished the flames. The police found no evidence of a plot. The man arrived at the hotel yesterday morning with a trunk and hand baggage. He went out in the afternoon and returned at 5 o'clock, remaining in his room thereafter.

All evidence of the anarchist's identity was destroyed in the explosion, which shattered the adjoining rooms. Among those injured was a naval cadet.

125-127 W. 2nd St.

MRS. J. H. ROBINSON will open, on **MAY FIRST,** a spacious boarding and rooming house at 125 and 127 West Second street, where she will be able, in the meantime, to meet and arrange to give careful attention to a few more wishing first-class board and room or meals.

THE ART OF DRESSING

is simplified if your selection of a tailor is a careful one. We have imported some exceptionally fine woolens for this season, and guarantee you style, fit and quality in your new spring suit or top coat.

Special values at $30, $33 and $35.

J. S. LANE, 228 West First Street.

MANAGER MISSING

E. H. Bochner, of Remington Office, Not to Be Found.

District Manager In Charge But He Maintains Silence.

E. W. Bochner, local manager for the Remington Typewriter company, has not appeared at his office for nearly a week past, and rumor has it that he has left the city for good, though not making his friends aware of the fact.

Inquiries were made today concerning him at the office, 323 West Superior street. Mr. Brown, district manager from St. Paul, was found in charge of the office. He stated that Mr. Bochner was not in the city and that he did not know where he was.

When asked as to the regularity of Mr. Bochner's relations with the company, Mr. Brown would say nothing.

"I will return to St. Paul this evening," he replied, in answer to a question as to how long he intended to remain in charge of the local office.

"Who will manage the office in future?" he was asked.

"Well, it certainly will not be closed up, but I do not know who will be placed in charge here."

"Have you any idea when Mr. Bochner will return?"

"I have not," he replied, and refused to answer any further questions in regard to the matter.

Mr. Bochner is married and resided at 16 South Nineteenth avenue east. Mrs. Bochner is employed as a teacher in the Endion school.

Mr. Bochner is claimed by some of his friends to have lost a considerable sum of money in the failure of the Commercial bank. W. M. Prindle, the trustee, stated this afternoon that he had not filed a claim for any money due him.

Call 774 Zenith Phone

And make an appointment for hair dressing, manicuring or facial massage at Miss Horrigan's Drug store, over Giddings'.

BUILDING LINE EASEMENT

City's Commission Considers East Superior Street Matter.

The commission appointed by the council to confirm the building line easement on East Superior and East First streets, held a meeting this morning and adjourned to hold its final meeting next Wednesday, when the report to the council will be prepared.

The commission was appointed to award the damages and assess the benefits accruing from the proposed building line. It is understood that there were no large damages awarded to any property owners, and the assessments on the property benefitted will therefore be small.

The building line is being established on both sides of East Superior street between Twenty-second and Twenty-sixth avenues, on the north side between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues East and on both sides of First street between Tenth and Twelfth avenues East and between Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues East.

The object of the building line is to ensure the buildings being placed a uniform distance from the street and thus prevent small stores being constructed close to the street to obstruct the view and break the regularity. It increases the value of residence property in this way.

Under the state laws the damages sustained by any of the property owners can be assessed against those benefitted by the line, and it is the duty of the commission to estimate the damages and assess them against the remaining property owners.

Japan's Wonderful Progress.

Japan within the past generation has made wonderful progress in national development. Her population is 46,000,000 and is growing rapidly. They also possess one of the most efficient fighting forces in the world. The most efficient remedy to fight disease of the stomach, liver and kidneys is the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Victory after victory has been won by its use, and for this particular reason prominent physicians always recommend it to their patients in cases of poor appetite, sleeplessness, nervousness, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, heartburn, colds, la grippe and spring fever. They know from past experience that it always cures. Won't you give it a fair trial at once? Sickly women, too, will find it invaluable as a tonic, strengthener and regulator. Thousands use it with great satisfaction. Try a bottle today.

Cass Lake Woman Dies.

Mrs. L. H. Burns, of Cass Lake, died this morning at St. Luke's hospital as the result of a tumor.

Mrs. Burns was well known in Cass Lake, and her many friends in that city have been eagerly hoping for news of her recovery. Her husband has been with her in the city during the time she has been in the hospital.

The body will be taken to Cass Lake for interment.

He Saved His Money.

Yes, he went to the

Duluth Wholesale Supply Co

And bought his Groceries at wholesale and saved his money.

YES, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PEOPLE.

Office and Sample Room—102 W. Mich. St.

CITY BRIEFS.

Why not have a covered van move you? We have them and it costs no more. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 210 West Superior street.

Parlor theater—The great Edgertons, tonight.

We are cutting thousands of roses and carnations daily and must close them out. For the balance of this week we will sell roses from 50 cents per dozen and up. Carnations 25 cents per dozen and up. Eischen Bros.

Electrolysis removes superfious hair. Margaret Kelly, over 131 West Sup. St.

Its first annual meeting will be held by the Presbyterian league of Duluth Presbytery on April 26 in the First Presbyterian church.

Are you going to move? See us. We use covered vans. It cost no more. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 210 West. Superior street.

Parlor theater—Big vaudeville show.

The meeting of the high court of the United Order of Foresters will be held in Duluth on June 7, probably at Hunter's hall. If this does not prove large enough the Armory will be used. All of the local courts and those of Superior will be in attendance.

A band of Gideons led by W. E. Chapman, of Chicago, will have charge of meeting at Star of Hope mission, at 8 o'clock this evening. Mr. Chapman will speak. There will be special music.

The Boys' club at the First Methodist church will meet at 8 o'clock this evening in the lecture room of the church.

The body of the unknown woodsman who committed suicide yesterday afternoon in the Idaho lodging rooms, will probably be buried by the county. The body still lies in the morgue at Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms. The undertakers and the coroner have been making inquiries, but have not succeeded in locating anyone who knew the dead man.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. John Shea, wife of the proprietor of the Merchants buffet, who has been ill during the winter, has joined the tent colony at Cass lake, where she will live among the pines in the open air during the spring and summer in the hope of regaining health. Mr. Shea, who has just returned from there, reports that there are a large number of invalids living in tents and that the experience is generally beneficial.

C. C. Cokefair will leave this evening for New York after spending two days in Duluth. He will meet C. A. Duncan in New York where they will be engaged for some time on business connected with the interests of the Great Northern Power company.

Mr. and Mrs. David W. Stocking and child have returned from St. Louis, Mo., where they have been visiting Mr. Stocking's parents for a few weeks.

Thomas F. McCartin's relatives in Carthage, N. Y., would like to hear from you.

Capt. Thomas Walters left this afternoon for Ishpeming.

H. C. and L. H. Walker returned today to Grand Marais.

William L. Davies, of Detroit, Mich., president of the Acme White Lead and Color works, was in the city today and was a visitor on the Duluth board of trade.

A telegram received from New York today says that Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Alsworth and family, W. W. Billson and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. George A. French and J. M. Gidding, all of Duluth, are registered at the Hotel Spalding, John H. Langton's house.

C. R. Woods, attorney of Chisholm, is at the St. Louis.

Mrs. E. Mendenhall left today for Mount Clemens, Mich.

Rev. S. P. Long, pastor of the First Methodist church, left this afternoon for Chicago.

H. J. White went to Chicago today.

J. S. Clark was one of today's Chicago passengers.

Superintendent Blanchard, of the Northern Pacific, is in St. Paul.

H. J. Kelling has gone to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Snyder, of Iron River, registered today at the St. Louis.

E. G. Nevius, the Whitoa horseman, is in the city.

THERE WILL BE NO CONTEST

Controversies Will Be Settled Before New York Convention.

Albany, N. Y., April 14.—It is understood here, that there probably will be no open contest in the state Democratic convention which will be held here next Monday. The belief is general that the controversies of various kinds will be settled before the convention meets, and that not even in the committees on resolutions and credentials will there be a struggle for control. It is also expected that there will be no attempt to unseat Hearst delegates. Former State Senator George Raines of Rochester, it is understood, has been selected as both temporary and permanent chairman.

The delegates at large probably will be David B. Hill, Edward Murphy, Jr., James W. Ridgeway of Brooklyn and Representative Bourke Cockran. The alternates named are respectively John B. Stanchfield, Norman E. Mack, Former Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle and Mayor George B. McClellan of New York.

Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader, and State Senator McCarren, will go as district delegates. Senator McCarren aspires to be national committeeman in place of Norman E. Mack.

THE SENATE AND HOUSE

Washington, April 14.—At the beginning of today's session the senate adopted a resolution authorizing the lowering of government dams in the Illinois river.

The following bills were passed:

Validating the homestead claims of certain aliens.

Granting to the state of North Dakota 640 acres of land in Dickey county, the site of the White Stone Hills battle with the Sioux Indians, to be used as a memorial park.

Providing for the disposal of unsold lots in the Fort Crawford military tract at Prairie Du Chien, Wis.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 14.—When the house convened today, the chaplain feeling referred to the catastrophe aboard the battleship Missouri yesterday.

The Philippine bill at once was taken up and further discussed.

Mr. Warnock (O.) spoke in favor of the bill.

The action of the committee on rules in denying the right to amend the bill, was severely criticised by Mr. Williams (Ill.)

The debate was closed by Mr. Cooper (Wis.) who refuted the statements that English and Belgian capitalists would construct trunk lines such as the American companies proposed.

On yeas and nay vote the bill was passed, 139 to 123.

MARRIES RUSIAN COUNT.

Washington, April 14.—Miss Eleanor Patterson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Patterson, of Chicago and Washington, and Count Joseph Gizycki of Russia were married here at noon to day.

FORTY-FIVE LOST

By the Sinking of the Torpedo Destroyer Bezstrashni.

Grand Duke Cyril Severely Burned on Neck and Legs.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—Forty-five officers and men perished on board the torpedo boat destroyer Bezstrashni, whose destruction by the Japanese was announced today.

It is confirmed that the Grand Duke Cyril's injuries consists of burns on neck and legs. A private dispatch to his father reports that the wounded officer is better. A life buoy was thrown to the grand duke by which he sustained himself in the water until picked up by one of the boats, which were lowered immediately by the other warships.

The exact character of the injuries to the Pobieda are not obtainable at this hour.

The Petropavlovsk sank two and a half minutes after striking the mine.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—A telegram from Rear Admiral Prince Ouktomsky to the emperor dated from Port Arthur at 10 a. m. today, after reiterating that the Petropavlovsk sank "in consequence of the explosion of a mine, while she was manœuvering in the Port Arthur roadstead in sight of the enemy's fleet," adds that those saved included besides Grund Duke Cyril and Captain Jakovleff, three lieutenants, two midshipmen and fifty-two sailors. The bodies of a captain, two midshipmen, a surgeon and a few sailors have been recovered.

MOST TOUCHING

Was Requiem Mass For Souls of Russian Dead.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—A requiem mass for the repose of the souls of Vice Admiral Makaroff and the other officers and the men of the Petrapavlovsk was celebrated at noon today in the admiralty church here.

The scene was touching in the extreme. Outside 20,000 people, among whom were many relatives of the sailors lost, stood with bared heads and streaming eyes while the service was in progress. Inside the beautiful white, marble church, its walls hung with militant ikons, were assembled the emperor and the imperial family, high officers of the army and navy and the entire diplomatic corps, all in full uniform and also many widows and families of the officers drowned. The galleries were crowded with Russian bluejackets. The widow of Vice Admiral Makaroff entered on the arm of the Grand Duke Constantine, followed by her son and daughter and took a place beside the imperial party. Every one present wore a band of crepe.

The emperor who wore the uniform of a captain in the navy, entered last and alone. The grief felt by him was written on his face. The empress was not present.

Just before the services began the dowager empress embraced Admiral Makaroff's widow, who sank on her knees, almost at the feet of her majesty and remained there until the end of the service.

The beautiful ceremonial of the orthodox church left no dry eye in the building. The emperor and all others present held lighted tapers. When the rector prayed for "Stepan and all the warriors who died for their country" the soft intoning of the choir singing "Christ is risen. He has overcome death," the emperor fell upon his knees. In an instant all were kneeling and sobbing, the sobs being drowned by the music of the choir. The Grand Duchess Vladimir, mother of the wounded Grand Duke Cyril, broke down completely. When the service was finished the emperor personally raised the stricken widow and kissed her hand. Then for several minutes he spoke to her consolingly, also shaking hands with her daughter and son.

ANOTHER SEVERE BLOW

Was Intelligence of Loss of Another Destroyer.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—The official bulletin this afternoon conveying the intelligence of the loss of another torpedo boat destroyer and the accidental crippling of another battleship was almost as severe a blow as the loss of the Petropavlovsk yesterday, and plunged the whole town into grief. The Russian word in the text of the official dispatch describing the accident to the Pobieda means either "mine" or "torpedo," but the qualifying very indicates something moving towards the ship. This dispatch puts an end to the idea prevailing here that there had been an engagement following the disaster to the Petropavlovsk. It is considered remarkable here that the Japanese did not take advantage of these terrible accidents to attack Port Arthur.

The Novoe Vremya this morning reproduces a lecture delivered by Admiral Makaroff in 1894 on the subject of the Victoria and Camperdown catastrophe, in which he pointed out the inherent weakness of battleships and their liability to turn turtle, even when their watertight compartments are closed, because their armor and guns make them top-heavy. After the official bulletins had been issued this afternoon, there was talk of the possibility of the destruction of the Petropavlovsk having been caused by a submarine boat, but this received little consideration in official circles.

Four candidates are now mentioned to succeed Admiral Makaroff, Vice Admiral Skrydloff, Chairman Doubassof, Rear Admiral Rojestvensky and Vice Admiral Choukunin.

URGENT NEED

Of Railroads In Philippines Is Most Apparent.

St. Louis, April 14.—The urgent need of railroads in the Philippine Islands was today described by S. Eugene De Backin, editor of a paper in Manila, who has just arrived in St. Louis.

"As an evidence of what benefit railroad construction would be to these islands, the country through which the present roads run has more than quadrupled in productive capacity in the past ten years. The Philippine islands have no highways and all the production is confined to the narrow strip of land along the navigable rivers and the seashore. This makes railroad construction doubly necessary to the proper development of the islands."

COL. MILLS CONFIRMED.

Washington, April 14.—The nomination of Col. Albert L. Mills, superintendent of the military academy at West Point, to be brigadier general was favorably acted upon today by the senate committee on military affairs.

Dr. D. W. RIESLAND

CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIAN,

Cures All Stomach Troubles.

707-708 Palladio Building.

Call or Write for Booklet.

GET YOUR SHOES REPAIRED

AT THE UP-TO-DATE SHOE SHOP.

Men's Sewed Soles 75c
Men's Nailed Soles 50c
Also Shoe Shining 5c

N. NURICK, 229 E. Sup. St.

OLD SORES CURED

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE.

Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds, All Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Tomorrow, Friday, a splendid day to pick out your SPRING CLOTHES, before the Saturday rush!

Everything and anything a woman's heart may desire in clothes.

Every style of tailored suit, coat or raincoat is represented.

The sensible street suit, the dressy calling suit known as a demi-costume, the sensible and stylish raincoat, the "jaunty" coat suit, the nobby young ladies' and misses' suit, the Eton suit or the blouse Eton suit—the very dressy costume.

The blacks, the blues, the browns, the champagnes and the fancy mixtures of many sorts are all here in almost endless variety!

THE SEPARATE SKIRTS of etamine, cheviot, of Panama cloth, of plain and fancy brilliantine or mohair, of fancy English and Scotch mixtures are all here!

The Raincoats of "shower-proof" cloth, of "cravenette," of rayne-shine cloth—in black, light or dark greys, oxfords, tans and fancy mixtures!

THE BEAUTIFUL WAISTS of china silk, of crepe de chine, of peau de chine, of taffeta, of net, of lace, of pongee, of batiste, as well as beautiful waists of linen, lawn and other cotton wash materials, are all here in profusion!

And we are ready to serve you promptly and well!

New, tasty, beautiful things — at popular prices!

La Vida CORSETS

Are manufactured from the finest obtainable materials. They are built to follow the natural lines of the figure and to accentuate nature's own graceful curves.

Each pair is filled with whalebone, full-gored and bias cut.

The range of models is so complete that any woman of any figure will find some La Vida model which will fit her as well as a custom-made garment could.

J M Gidding & Co WOMENS OUTFITTERS

"The Style Store."

SUPERIOR STREET AND FIRST AVE. WEST.

"In the Heart of the Shopping District."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A. A. Honeysett and Anna Bell Glendenning.

BIRTHS.

VERBONCEUR—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Verbonceur, of 1602 West First street, April 4.

BORSELLE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Borselle, of 417 Twentieth avenue west, April 11.

DEATHS.

BURNS—Mrs. L. H. Burns, of Cass Lake, died this morning at St. Luke's hospital, of a tumor.

JOHNSON—Mrs. Amanda Johnson, of 2106 Piedmont avenue, died at St. Luke's hospital this morning. The funeral arrangements have not yet been announced.

BUILDING PERMITS.

William Sagner, fram cottage, on Fifty-third avenue west, to cost.....$ 750

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED — FURNISHED HOUSE OR flat in the East End, for man and wife. Address B 60, Herald.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms, for light housekeeping. 426 West First street.

Crushed Oats

Mean easy work for a horse with poor teeth. Try it and watch him grow fat. We have it.

East End Feed and Grain Co.

Foot of Third Ave. East.

REMEMBER

that Saturday is the big "want" day. Get your little "ads" in early. This is a Herald advertisement. You are reading it. See? One cent a word each insertion.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.

BIG BARGAINS IN LAKESIDE HOUSES

$3800 For an eight-room modern dwelling on fine corner. House cost $5000 to build.

$3500 For seven-room house on corner lot. Stone foundation. Bath, furnace and electric light. Splendid location.

$1650 Neat six-room house on improved street. Water and sewer.

$1600 For six-room house on street railway line. City water and sewer.

$1600 For large six-room house and big lot. House in fine shape. Only $300 cash.

$2000 For seven-room house on the best street in Lakeside. A snap.

These are a few of the big bargains. We have others.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.
INSURANCE,
303 Lonsdale Building.

BURRELL & HARMON,
No. 3 So. First Ave. E.,
BOTH 'PHONES.
FURNACE HEATING EXPERTS.
Agents for Strictly First-class Furnaces.
ROOFING WORK—all kinds—Cornice and Skylights, Steel Ceilings.
Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all kinds.

PARK POINT

Store and dwelling, with full size corner lot, for sale at a bargain.

G. G. Dickerman & Co
Alworth Building.

$3000 New ten-room house, for two families. Water, sewer and bath. Electric lights up and down stairs. Stone foundation, full basement. Splendid location at West End.

$1600 Good eight-room house, full two stories, in good condition. Lot 25x140 feet. Near Lincoln Park, West End.

$1600 Nine rooms, city water. Rents $20 per month, on Piedmont avenue, West End.

$2300 Good house of eleven rooms. Lot 50x140 feet, on Fifth street, near Twentieth avenue west.

$1000 Good five-room house. Full 50-foot lot on Seventh street, near Twenty-fourth avenue west.

$2000 Corner of Twenty-third avenue west and First street.

$750 Lot on First street, near Twenty-third avenue west.

$750 Lot 50x125 feet on Huron street, near Twenty-seventh avenue west.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
'Phone 789. 409 Lonsdale Building.

Store Room For Rent.

Best location in the city. Basement in Columbus block under Gidding's store. Two fronts, Superior and Michigan streets.

A few desirable offices are still vacant. Both hot and cold water and elevator service furnished. Inquire at store or W. M. Prindle & Co.

FOR RENT.
Offices in Manhattan building. Also a large store on Michigan street. Will remodel to suit tenant.
WHITNEY WALL, Palladio bldg

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 221 West Second St.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 405-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 705 Palladio.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, 2813 West Third street. Leader of orchestra. Zenith 'phone 606.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE.

AND MASSEUR WILL GIVE MASSAGE at your home. Mrs. Thompson, care of room 16, Phoenix block.

CONFINEMENT CASES AND GENERAL nursing solicited by experienced, professional nurse. Ladies desiring massage treated at their homes. 724 East Third street.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$550 50-foot lot on Fourth street, near Seventh avenue West.

$725 Beautiful five-room cottage in good condition; one-quarter cash—Duluth Heights.

$850 Six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; two full lots; monthly payments.

$1200 100-foot corner, Eighth avenue West and Fourth street. Best bargain in the city.

We have a lot on Piedmont avenue West. Will build a house to suit purchaser and sell on monthly payments. Look this up.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A JANITOR FOR THE NEW Children's home. Apply at Mrs. L. S. Loeb, 1123 East Superior street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A FIRST-class trouser maker. M. L. Parker.

WANTED—SALESMAN TO CALL ON doctors; gilt edge proposition. Jordan, 406 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — TWO COAT AND ONE pants and vest maker. Peter Fugina, Grand Rapids, Minn.

WANTED — ONE OR TWO COAT-makers at once. Janzig, Hunter block.

WANTED—COATMAKER, 109 LAKE avenue south. Nelson & Jackson.

COMPETENT MEN AND BOYS MAY be secured gratis through employment dept. Y. M. C. A., for office, store or other work; reliable information on file regarding applicants. Zenith 'phone 70.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers in every state and county; new patent; quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

WANTED—COMPETENT MAN TAILOR for our ladies' tailoring dept. Freimuth's.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COAT MAKERS steady work. Meis.

WANTED — A GOOD RAILROAD stenographer. Address "Good," Evening Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, WORK of any kind around the house. N 46, Herald.

MARRIED MAN, WITH A SMALL family, would like job watching camp for summer. Best references. W 96, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WISHES POSITION AS stenographer. Thoroughly competent and can furnish best of references. Will leave city. J 69, Herald.

WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN WORK of any kind in the city. K 67, Herald.

COMPETENT MALE STENOGRAPHER, one years' experience, 23 years old, high school graduate, also assistant bookkeeper, wants position at once. H 35, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELING salesman, experienced and references. E 88, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY FIRST-CLASS coachman. Address 812 East Second street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS COACHMAN by single man of 30, of good habits. Experienced. E 99, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE AS CHEF COOK IN hotel or cafe, in country town; strictly sober and business. No. 111 West Second street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK BY the day. Washing, ironing or any kind of housework. Call at old St. Luke's hospital. Upstairs.

WOMAN WANTS DAY WORK, WASHing and cleaning. S 16, Herald.

EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT lady stenographer desires position. Address B 55, Herald.

WANTED BY EXPERIENCED LADY, position as stenographer. Address W 95, Herald.

WANTED—BY A COLORED WOMAN, day work. Address 24½ East First St.

WANTED — CARPETS TO BEAT AND storm windows to take off, etc. E 90, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK OF ANY kind by the day; good references. Address M 67, Herald.

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF PLAIN sewing, shirt waists, underclothes and children's clothing. Call 220 West Fourth street, upstairs.

WOMAN WANTS A PLACE TO WORK by the day, washing, ironing, scrubbing or cleaning. Address J 38, Herald office.

WOMAN WANTS DAY WORK—CLEANing, washing. E 98, Herald.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—LARGE BARN, $4 PER month. Inquire 327 East Fourth street.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. Phone 510; residence 'phone 6088. J. N. Wilson.

FURNITURE HOSPITAL.

J. UNDERWOOD, UPHOLSTERER AND chair caner. 327 East Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory. 220 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Two lots on East Superior street, the very best location, one on the upper side and one on the lower.

Five-room house in West Duluth as good as new for **$500.**

One of the best houses in West Duluth, centrally located, for **$1500**—house cost $2000 to build; also a barn on the lot.

One 6-room house and one 8-room house in West Duluth **$1050** each.

Corner Twenty-eighth avenue west and Superior street—a bargain for **$2100.**

Ten lots on Twenty-third avenue west practically at your own price.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Providence Building.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED.

First-class dressmaker, for a new store; one who can do reliable fittings. Good salary to the right one; steady employment. Address W. 90, Herald.

WANTED — AT ONCE — COMPETENT cook; good wages. Apply Mrs. John Panton, 1332 East First street.

WANTED—A SCRUB GIRL AT ST. Louis hotel.

WANTED—WHITE CHAMBERMAID. $6 per week. 217 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SEAMstress. Apply at once to superintendent, Silberstein & Bondy company.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Address 16 East Second St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR CHAMBER work and mixed work. 313 West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MARKER and sorter. Duluth Steam laundry, 16 South Fifty-seventa avenue west.

WANTED—SALESLADY FOR HOUSE furnishing department. None but experienced need apply. Manager department. Freimuth's.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid. Mrs. D. H. Costello, 3 Adams flats.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1423 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1109 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK. Apply Mrs. L. S. Loeb, 1123 East Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD CASHIER and dining room girl for restaurant. Address W 39, Herald.

WANTED—AT 10 WEST SECOND street, first-class second girl and an experienced good cook. None other need apply.

WANTED—DISHWASHER, 620 WEST Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SEAMstress. 1461 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Highest wages to good girl. 1428 East First street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply mornings at 725 East Third street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 507 West Second street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and girls, for general housework can always find reliable places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. Siebold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 226 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1210 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at Herald office between 12 and 2 o'clock.

COOKS, DINING-ROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL—2031 JEFFERson street. Call afternoons.

ATTENTION, LADIES! EARN $20 PER 100 writing short letters from copy. Address stamped envelope for particulars. Albion Specialty Co., Albion, Mich.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 183.
Old 'phone 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $100. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Brokers, 413½ W. Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith, 751.

MONEY TO LOAN — ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1707-8 West Michigan St. New phone, 318; old, 705-5.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

FOR SALE — 500 WAGONS OF ALL kinds, at L. Hammel Co.'s, 300-308 East First street.

FOR SALE—LEATHER TOP RUBBER-tired buggy for sale cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio bldg.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS SHOE shelving. Call Fifth Avenue Clothing store.

FOR SALE—THIS IS YOUR CHANCE—Closing out all framed and sheet pictures at cost at Temple Art store. 211 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—SIDEBOARD, HALL TREE and steel range, ice box. 232 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EXTENSION TABLE, ART Garland heater, oak china cupboard, No. 8 cooking stove with water front, at 13½ East Fourth street.

FOR SALE OR RENT, IN THE CITY—Horses, Red Cliff Lumber company, barn, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE — LARGE HOTEL RANGE, almost new. Duluth Stove Repair works, 217 East Superior street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THREE NICE lots and one five-room cottage, furnished, bay side. Minnesota avenue Park Point, cheap. Inquire of D. D. McInnis, 506 Palladio.

FOR SALE — NO. 3 PORTABLE HUBbard oven and counters 207 West Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP — BRAND NEW wagon. Inquire 530 West First street.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD GOODS; good chance to start housekeeping, cheap. 3810 West Third street, upstairs.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue West, city.

PIANO CASED ORGAN, $90, WORTH $135; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—TWO BUGGIES AND ONE light wagon. 412 West Third street.

HANDSOME WALNUT FINISH UPright piano, $165; almost new; sweet tone; $10 cash and $6 a month. French & Bassett

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. (Continued.)

JUST RECEIVED — A CARLOAD OF general purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE on Seventeenth street, Park Point, cheap. Inquire W. N. Tucker, 212 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—ONE OHIO STEEL RANGE nearly new; one three-burner gas stove. Call forenoons, 101 West Fifth street.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Minorcas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone, 1167. 421 East Second street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, 222 South Seventieth avenue west.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FURNITURE AND LONG LEASE 14-room flat and storerooms, all filled. Address or call 1322 West Superior street.

WANTED—PARTY WITH $2000.00 TO take half interest in a nice, clean, established business and to act as manager and treasurer. Address P. O. Box 373, Duluth.

PARTNER WANTED—I AM STARTING a chicken farm and incubating business and want a partner with $500 to take an active part in the management. I will furnish all buildings. Address Charles Ahrens, Brainerd, Minn.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT gives readings daily to ladies and gentlemen. 1813 Eleventh street, Superior, Wis. Hours, 10 to 12 and 3 to 9. Zenith, 4250.

If "two heads are better than one," so are two purses better than one. As working capital in your business two dollars are worth more than twice as much as one dollar—probably three times as much. You triple your opportunities by doubling your capital. You can get a partner—if you advertise for one.

Losing a month's rent almost doubles your taxes. If your taxes are already big enough, advertise for tenants.

Hearld want ads are better friends to shoes than to shoe dealers. They save a lot of walking.

What you want makes very little difference unless you advertise for it.

It is hard to be happy with a bad landlord. Somebody has defined a Pessimist as a man who has lived for a month with an Optimist. Some landlords are too optimistic. If yours is, find a better one through Herald want ads.

MEDICAL BATTERIES, $1 TO $80—CALL up 4617 and I will show you sample. F. B. Jordan.

FOR SALE—SIDEBOARD, HALL TREE and ice box. 232 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE LIGHT DRIVing horse for sale or trade, with or without harness and buggy; store shelving, wall case and counters; if taken at once. Zenith phone 570-C.

FOR SALE CHEAP—CONFECTIONERY and stationery store, centrally located. Address X. A., care The Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL COOK STOVE—529 East Third street.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS ARrived today, April 7. Evan Johnson, 2008 West Helm.

WALNUT ORGAN, $10; $4 CASH AND $2 a month. French & Bassett.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good; no pay. F. B. Jordan, gas engine expert, Box 93. New 'phone 4617, Duluth.

FOR SALE—$750—TWO LOTS ON SEVenth street near Tenth avenue east, with five-room house somewhat out of repair. E. D. Field Co., 204 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND LONG lease of twelve-room house; very central. E 89, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR ROOM. Purchaser can also secure room. 319 Lowell block.

LARGE OAK UPRIGHT PIANO, $185, almost new; rented for six months; fine tone and action. French & Bassett.

$1050 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE, SUITable for two families. Center of city. 217 Pittsburg avenue, first street above Fifth street, $550 for lot twenty-five feet, on Jefferson street, $350 for lot on Minnesota avenue. J. W. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—GOOD KITCHEN RANGE—10 West Second street.

USED UPRIGHT PIANO, $95; GOOD condition; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

LARGE WALNUT ORGAN, $20; $5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — $140 COLBY UPRIGHT piano, fine condition. 15 East Superior street. Room 4, upstairs.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE AND COUNter in good condition. 5714 Wadena street, West Duluth.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

PERSONAL.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's **Tansy, Pennyroyal** and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure **SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES.** Special—Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by **W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.**

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN, AGE 30, DEsires correspondence with lady of education and refinement. Box 45, Back bay, Boston, Mass.

MIDDLE-AGED WIDOW WOULD marry a good-looking man. Quite good housekeeper. Only refined men of means need answer. E 93, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND — TWO GENTS' BICYCLES. Owner can have same at P. S. Johnson's shoe shop, 508 North Fifty-fifth avenue west, by identifying and paying for this advertisement.

MOVING.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., local agents, Minneapolis, or call on the Duluth Van & Storage Co.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS. 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN. GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

BRADLEY, MODISTE,

HAS RETURNED FROM THE FASHion centers, and is prepared to do high-class dressmaking. Investigate our club plan. Phoenix block.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—All modern conveniences. Centrally located. Inquire 8 Phoenix block.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED house. Enquire Ray T. Lewis, 202 Lonsdale.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE COTtage on Park Point, suitable for winter and summer; partly furnished. Enquire of J. A. Sutton, 102 West Michigan St.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED PLEASANT six-room house, well located in East End. Address U 58, Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK HOUSE hot water heat, basement. 1510 East Fourth street. Vacant May 1. 978 Zenith 'phone.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES on Park Point for the summer. Unfurnished cottage for the summer. W. F. Leggett, 509 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN AL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT FRONT room, for gentleman only. 510 East Third street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 2220 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, LADY preferred. 601 West Third street. Upstairs.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO VERY PLEASANT unfurnished rooms, centrally located, with good bath. Address C. S., Herald.

FOR RENT — CHEAP — ONE OR TWO large rooms on second floor for storage purposes. Address J 56, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 626 West Third St.

FOR RENT—MODERN, FURNISHED room with alcove; $6 per month. 315 Eleventh avenue east.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, FURnished for housekeeping, cheap; West End. Address J 55, Herald.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of 'phone. M 100, Herald.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

FOR RENT — THREE AND FOUR rooms; new brick flats; water and light. 304-308 St. Croix avenue, John Holleran.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, WATER sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—MODERN FRONT ROOM and alcove, for light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM, light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front room. All modern conveniences. 307 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 126 E. FIRST ST.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building, Julius D. Howard & Co.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT, 20 East Fourth street, $12. Four-room flat, 302 West Fourth street, $16.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR OF house and flats, at 638 Garfield avenue. Dr. J. M. Robinson. 7 West Superior St.

SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, STEAM HEAT, strictly modern, centrally located. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Chas. A. Stark. Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS— FOUR ROOMS, $13, $14, $15. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE, 125 EAST SUPErior street. (Opposite city hall).

FOR RENT — THE FINE BRICK storeroom, 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent Bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

STORE ROOM, NO. 130 WEST MICHIgan street, suitable for commission or jobbing; 7000 square feet of floor space. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SMALL SPACE IN STORE, 3 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE, 523 West Superior street, for barber or employment office.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM IN MODERN house. Large, nicely furnished rooms. Location central. Address W 89, Herald.

TABLE BOARD—123 WEST SECOND ST.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 211 West Second street.

TABLE BOARD—10 WEST SECOND ST.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

BOARD AND ROOM, 221 W. Second St.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOMS AND board for gentleman and two sons, aged 13 and 17. East End preferred. Address U 59, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, INSTRUCTOR IN state normal school, desires board and room in private family. Address F. H., Evening Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD, SECOND-hand guitar; state price. Address C. M., 204 West Superior street.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND office partitions. J 30, Herald.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

STORAGE.

SLEIGHS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, etc. Call on Duluth Van & Storage Co.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 919 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 521 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

UPHOLSTERING.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th st. Zenith phone 1249-C. Old, 747-R.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 78, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1904. Work—Third degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evening of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 25th, 1904. Work—First degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, April 20, 1904. Work—M. M., P.M. and R.E.M. and Royal Arch degree. Joseph D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18 K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave April 19, at 7:30 p. m. Work—Drill. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall finscribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First," Tuesday, April 12. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday in every month at Kalamazoo hall. F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday, at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 411, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2809 West Helm St.; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 East Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President, Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Johie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 15th. Good time is assured. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in G. A. R. hall. Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 20.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8:00 o'clock. GEO. L. HARGRAVES, Archon; L. P. MURRAY, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

18 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

18 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1904. TWO CENTS.

JAP SUBMARINE BOAT IS BELIEVED TO HAVE SUNK THE RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP

Several of the Deadly Craft Known to Have Been In Commission.

Naval Experts Say This Explanation Is a Most Plausible One.

Russians Deny Positively That There Was a Sea Engagement.

Paris, April 15.—Information received in government quarters now establishes the fact that a naval battle occurred between the Japanese fleet, consisting of fourteen warships, and the force under the late Vice Admiral Makaroff. From this the officials strongly incline to the conclusion that the destruction of the Russian ships and the loss of the admiral resulted from a naval engagement. However, the only definite official information is that a battle occurred and it is believed that the Japanese submarine boats took part in the engagement and caused the destruction of the Russian ships.

SUBMARINE BOATS

May Have Caused Sea Disasters to Russians.

New York, April 15.—Expressions from St. Petersburg of a belief that the Japanese are using submarine boats in their Port Arthur attacks are given color by a statement credited to a retired naval officer in this city. He declares it to be the only way in which one can account for the succession of disasters met by the Russian ships.

"It is incredible," he said, "that ships which undoubtedly have charts of the mines aboard should be blown up by them. One of the first things Vice Admiral Makaroff did when he reached Port Arthur was to resurvey the harbor and locate the mines.

"What is the sense of these constant bombardments if they are not feints made in order to entice the Russian ships out? The theories that the Petropaviovsk struck her own mines or that the Japanese planted a mine during a night are untenable and we know that the Japanese have submarines.

"A United States naval officer landed at the wrong dock, apparently an unused wharf, in a Japanese town, before the war, and saw a submarine surrounded on three sides by high fences so that it was visible only from the waterside. Before he had an opportunity to examine it, Japanese soldiers on guard drove him away with fierce threats. They seemed highly indignant that he should have caught sight of the boat at all."

OFFICIAL VERSION

Of the Sinking of the Battleship Petropavlovsk.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—The Associated Press has obtained what is practically the official version of the sinking of the battleship Petropavlovsk at Port Arthur, and it clears up to a great extent the mysterious features of that vessel's destruction. This version follows:

Retiring before the advance of a superior Japanese fleet, which was not fighting its progress, the Russian squadron approached the entrance to the harbor. It was shortly after 8 o'clock in the morning, and most of the officers and members of the crew were at breakfast on the flagship. Vice Admiral Makaroff was eating breakfast in his cabin, the ward room was crowded with officers surrounding the tables. On the bridge Grand Duke Cyril, his friend, Lieut. Von Kobe, Capt. Jakovleff, commanding the vessel, and two other officers were on watch, examining the narrow entrance preparatory to entering it.

At about 8.30 o'clock there was a terrific explosion of the boilers, followed a few seconds later by a detonation from the well stored magazines.

Huge gaps were torn in the hull of the ship, and the water rushed in. The center of gravity having gone, the ship rolled on its side and sunk.

All information tends to prove that a mine was responsible for the destruction of the Petropavlovsk. So far as known not a single person between decks escaped. The steam which scalded the men on deck indicated what must have been the character of the death met by those in the engine room. The men on deck were thrown in all directions, those falling into the water swimming and grasping the wreckage, to which some of them were able to cling.

The remainder of the squadron immediately lowered small boats, and the torpedo boats steamed as quickly as possible to the rescue of the survivors.

The explosion sent Grand Duke Cyril flying across the bridge, and the base of his skull struck on an iron stanchion, but he did not lose consciousness. Believing that the ship was about to sink, he clambered hastily down its side and plunged into the water. He reached a piece of wreckage, to which he clung. The grand duke was in the water about twenty minutes before he was picked up by a torpedo boat. Lieut. Von Kobe was also found swimming, and was picked up. Jakovleff was thrown against a stanchion with such force that e was killed.

Grand Duke Cyril's injuries are severe. Besides receiving a blow on the neck, his legs were burned, and he suffered a serious shock. He was taken immediately to a hospital at Port Arthur, where his injuries were attended to. He will remain there three days, and will then be brought to St. Petersburg.

The exact number of Vice Admiral Makaroff's staff on board the Petropavlovsk when she sank is unknown, but it is thought by the admiralty to be probably fourteen or fifteen. The exact number of the crew lost is also unknown. The Petropavlovsk had a complement of about 650 men, of whom fifty-two were saved at last accounts.

DELAYED REPORT

Of Early Morning Engagement at Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, Thursday, April 14.—(Delayed in Transmission.)—An engagement occurred at 6 o'clock yesterday morning between seven Russian torpedo boats and the cruiser Bayan and Japanese vessels. The torpedo boat destroyer Bezstrashni was sunk. Five of the torpedo destroyers, with the Bayan, returned at 7 a. m.

The battleships Petropavlovsk, Pobieda and Peresviet, and the torpedo gunboat Gaydamak then put to sea.

At 9:30 a. m. a terrific explosion occurred beenath the Petropavlovsk, and the ship went down in two minutes.

The Japanese squdaron, consisting of about twenty ships, remained in sight until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The fighting between the opposing fleets of torpedo boat destroyers lasted about an hour. The Bezstrashni was surrounded by three Japanese torpedo boat destroyers and sunk. The Japanese boats then withdrew and the Japanese squadron appeared on the horizon, whereupon the Russian squadron left the roadstead, steering in the direction of the enemy's ships, which retired. Soon, however, the Japanese reappeared with a formidable force of about a score of warships. The Russian squadron returned to the roadstead and took up a position in line of battle, ready to receive the enemy.

The sudden explosion which destroyed the Petropavlovsk occurred almost immediately thereafter, and the battleship went to the bottom.

The Grand Duke Cyril, Capt. Jakovleff, the commander of the Petropavlovsk, four officers and some fifty men were saved.

The battleship Pobieda was damaged amidships and went into the inner harbor, where she anchored.

The enemy's vessels, which were formed in two divisions, disappeared in the course of the afternoon. The fresh breeze which was blowing throughout Wednesday developed into a violent gale towards night.

The division of Russian torpedo boats which put to sea on Tuesday night kept up a running fight with the enemy until early Wednesday morning, when the cruiser Bayan steamed out to aid the torpedo boat destroyer Bezstrashni which was crippled and unable to shake off the Japanese attack. The Bayan drove the enemy off, but the Bezstrashni sank at 7 a. m. The Japanese torpedo boats withdrew, but almost immediately six Japanese warships appeared on the horizon. Admiral Makaroff ordered the squadron out to meet them, and the Japanese retired, but soon almost immediately reappeared, reinforced, until the fleet consisted of sixteen or seventeen warships. The Russians put back to the roadstead and formed a battle line, when, at precisely 10 o'clock, without warning, the Petropavlovsk blew up and sank. The Pobieda received a breach amidships and retired to the inner harbor, where an examination proved that her injuries were not very serious. Besides Grand Duke Cyril, Capt. Jakvoleff and Lieut. Yakovsky, Midshipmen Sylitte, Jenish and Yakomleff were rescued. Reports as to the number of seamen saved are conflicting, one placing the number at thirty-three and another at fifty-one. They were rescued by the torpedo gunboat Gaydamak.

The cause of the destruction of the Petropavlovsky has not yet been ascertained.

VARIED STORIES

Concerning the Sinking of Battleship Petropavlovsk.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—Out of the maze of conflicting reports regarding the sequence of events leading up to the destruction of the Petropavlovsk, it is now established that Vice Admiral Makaroff, early Wednesday morning, took out his squadron to engage a weak division of six Japanese cruisers which appeared on the horizon after the Japanese torpedo boats which sank the Bezstrashni had been driven off by the Bayan. Particulars of the torpedo boat fight are still lacking. The Russian commander-in-chief pursued the Japanese cruiser division until it was reinforced by eleven battleships, when he retired into the outer roadstead, where he was drawing up in line of battle when the disaster to the Petropavlovsk occurred. The exact circumstances of the destruction of the battleship are not known. It is certain that both her boilers and magazines exploded, but it is not absolutely sure that she touched a mine, although the weight of opinion at the admiralty is that such was the case, and that, if so, it was a Russian and not a Japanese mine.

It is absolutely denied that Admiral Makaroff's ship participated in a naval engagement.

Although the papers this morning were allowed to print reports from abroad of a Japanese bombardment, if it occurred, is not admitted.

The injuries to the Pobieda are declared to be slight. The explosion which injured her took place just at the water line. The opinion expressed at the admiralty here is that it was produced by a spent Whitehead torpedo which was floating on the surface of the water and which may have been fired during the torpedo boat fight.

A story is current that Admiral Makaroff's squadron was actually in the inner harbor, when the flagship, in maneuvering, struck a mine attached to a cable chain strung across the entrance of the gullet, but this is ridiculed.

The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that twenty-eight officers were lost on board the Petropavlovsk, including Captain Vaselief, belonging to the ship, Admiral Makaroff, fourteen members of his staff, including Rear Admiral Molas, the chief of staff, and Lieut. Von Kobe, the aide-de-camp of Grand Duke Cyril.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—The naval staff has no information confirming last night's rumor that the Japanese have succeeded in blocking the entrance of the harbor of Port Arthur.

Grand Duke Cyril is being brought back to Russia by command of the emperor.

At the Vladimir palace the correspondent of the Associated Press was informed this morning of the receipt of a reassuring telegram from Liao Yang, where the Grand Duke Cyril has arrived with his brother Boris.

The admiralty authorizes the Associated Press to deny Vice Admiral Togo's claim that the Japanese sank the Petropavlovsk in a fight off Port Arthur. The officials declare positively that there was no naval engagement, excepting the torpedo boat destroyer fight, either preceding or following the loss of the flagship.

Russia has formally acceded to Japan's request, made through the United States, to allow 600 Japanese refugees and the Japanese consular staff of the

(Contiued on page 9—fifth column.)

CZAR APPOINTS VICE ADMIRAL SKRYDLOFF TO SUCCEED LATE VICE ADMIRAL MAKAROFF.

VICE ADMIRAL SKRYDLOFF.

The czar has appointed as successor to Vice Admiral Makaroff, Vice Admiral Skrydloff, telegraphing him to go direct from Sebastobol, whcre he is in command of the Black sea fleet, to Port Arthur, to assume command.

Next to Vice Admiral Makaroff, Vice Admiral Skrydloff is the most prominent officer in the Russian navy. He is regarded as an able sailor and strategist, but the tools at his disposal will be few in comparison with those in the hands of the enemy, and it is feared he will be unable to achieve much.

SUDDEN STOPPAGE OF TRAFFIC ON RUSSIAN RAILROAD SIGNIFICANT.

New York, April 15.—The train from Port Arthur did not arrive here yesterday, says a Herald dispatch from Yin Kow, under date of Thursday. The stoppage of traffic is due to the destruction of a bridge.

Yin Kow is the port of Newchwang, and the severance of the Port Arthur railway would be significant. As the Manchurian railway enters the Liao Tung peninsula there is an important bridge over the Liao river. There are numerous other bridges and culverts along the line running down to Dalney and Port Arthur.

In some places, the line runs close to the shore, where the Japanese might easily land parties or injure the line with long-distance firing.

MISSIONARY SOCIETY AWARDED MINING CLAIM AT CAPE NOME

Chicago, April 15.—By the decision of the board of arbitrators in the matter of title and proceeds of the placer mining claim "No. 9, above on Anvil creek," Cape Nome, Alaska, N. O. Hultberg, assignee for the Swedish Evangelical mission covenant of America, recovers from the White Star Mining company of Illinois, Dr. Claus W. Johnson, and Peter H. Anderson, the mining claim in dispute and proceeds to the amount of $263,686.

Peter H. Anderson, formerly a missionary for the covenant at Chinik, Alaska, is directed to pay over immediately to Mr. Hultberg, the sum of $232,200, and the White Star Mining company of Illinois and Dr. Johnson are directed to surrender to Mr. Hultberg the "No. 9" mine and the additional sum of $26,600, the net value of the output of the mine in 1903, after it was transferred to the White Star Mining company of Illinois.

Minor awards of $500, $1200 and $3750 were made. The unusual arbitration case grew out of an Alaskan gold mine staked out by Covenant missionaries in 1896.

CLOUDBURST CAUSES WRECK ON G. N.

Spokane, Wash., April 15.—The Great Northern northbound passenger train has been wrecked near La Clede, Idaho. The first reports to reach this city were that a number of persons were injured and the railroad company called six physicians and made up a special train. A second report said that no one was injured and that the coaches were all upright. The physicians were sent home, but Superintendent Kennedy and the company physician went to the scene.

St. Paul, April 15.—General Superintendent Slade of the Great Northern informed the Associated Press today that the wreck reported on the Great Northern last night was the result of a cloud burst which had caused a slide in an embankment. The engine, baggage and express cars were derailed near Wrencoe, Idaho. No one was hurt. He said the wires were down and that prevented direct communication.

FIRST OF EIGHT TO DIE, IS HANGED

Chicago, April 15.—Lewis Pesant, one of eight murderers, who have been in jail here under sentence of death, was hanged today. Next Friday is the day that has been set for the hanging of Neidermeier, Van Dine and Marx, the car barn bandits, and shortly following four men will meet a similar fate on the same scaffold. Pesant's crime was the murder of Mrs. Shilka during a robbery. He entered the woman's home while she was alone and struck her on the head with a club. Then he carried her into the garret, where he kicked and pounded her to death and secured the money he knew she had concealed in the house.

WILL NOT REDUCE FREIGHT RATES

Chicago, April 15.—Eastern traffic officials, at their meeting here, have decided not to make the customary spring reduction in rates and grain products from Chicago to the East. This will leave the tariff on domestic grain and grain products from Chicago to New York by the all-rail lines at 20 cents for 100 pounds, or 2 cents higher than last summer. On export grain from Chicago to New York the rate will be 15 cents for 100 pounds and on grain products 16½ cents.

The lake-and-rail rates will be 2 cents less than the all-rail rates. Philadelphia will continue to get a differential of 2 cents below the New York rate on grain products, and Baltimore of 3 cents, but on grain and differential to Philadelphia will be only 1 cent and to Baltimore 1½ cents.

THE BAY STATE REPUBLICAN LEADERS REFUSE TO ENDORSE RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA

Fight Made By Eugene Foss Proves Unavailing In Convention.

Buried Out of Sight In His Contest to Be Elected Delegate.

Delegates at Large Named By the State Committee Were Chosen.

Boston, April 15.—The interest of the delegates to the Republican state convention to name delegates-at-large to the national convention, centered prior to the opening of the session today in the situation created by Eugene N. Foss, who heads a movement for reciprocity with Canada. Mr. Foss, on this issue, was defeated as a candidate for congress last fall, but renewing the contest, he announced his candidacy for delegate-at-large to the Chicago convention, and insisted that reciprocity with Canada should be recognized in the state platform. Mr. Foss made his plea for a reciprocity plank yesterday, before the committee on resolutions. The result was not satisfactory to him, and he declared he would carry the matter before the convention. In this connection, also, he demanded that the Australian ballot be used in voting for delegates-at-large. Opposed to Mr. Foss on the reciprocity question are Senator Lodge and the state committee, while his opponent as candidate for delegate-at-large was Col. E. C. Benton, of Belmont.

The general feeling before the convention seemed to be that Mr. Foss would be defeated, and that the delegates-at-large, named by the state committee, Senator Lodge, Former Governor Winthrop Murray Crane, Former Governor John D. Long and Col. Benton would be chosen.

When the convention had been called to order by Major Thomas Talbot, temporary chairman, Attorney General Herbert Parker was introduced as permanent chairman. Mr. Parker made an address and then the platform was presented.

The platform declares that "our monetary system is now on such a stable and satisfactory basis, that men look back in wonder and amazement when they recall the wild vagaries and still wilder Democratic theories of 1896."

Approval of the administration of the civil service laws is expressed and the responsibilities and duties of the country toward the people of Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands are declared to have been met in the most liberal and beneficent spirit.

A free and fair ballot is demanded which it is declared to be the duty of the federal government to safeguard.

Concerning the tariff, the platform insists upon the maintenance of its principles "but," it continues, "we recognize that particular tariff shedules are neither sacred nor immutable. Rates of duty may be altered when changed conditions demand their alteration, but no revision should be undertaken unless it is clear that the benefit will more than compensate the inevitable disturbance of business which attends any revision of tariff schedules. Nor can it be safely entrusted to any other than the party of protection."

The principles of reciprocity as enunciated in the national Republican platform of 1900 are reaffirmed. On this subject the resolutions say further:

"Every effort to that end has hitherto been made by the Republican party. Reciprocity with Canada is a mere phrase until the concessions offered on one side and demanded on the other are stated in detail. No administration and no party can legislate or negotiate a mere catch word into substance. Those who demand reciprocity with Canada should furnish details if they desire action, always remembering that no trade can be a good trade unless both parties are benefited thereby."

The administration and congress are commended for having assured the construction of the Panama canal. The Sherman anti-trust law under a Republican executive has been tested and enforced "and the fact established that no condition detrimental to the public welfare can arise under a people's government that cannot be checked by constitutional legislation."

Gratification at the selection of William H. Moody as secretary of the navy is expressed and the platform in conclusion says:

"The Republicans of Massachusetts give their hearty and loyal endorsement to the administration of Theodore Roosevelt. Called to that high office under the most trying circumstances, he assumed its responsibilities and performed its duties in full accord with its best traditions. His straightforward, manly and sincere course has commanded the cordial support of all the people.

"At a time when it seemed almost as though law had ceased to be effective and legislation had reached its limit in the great coal crisis of 1902-03, actuated by pure and patriotic motives, and desirous only o fthe public good, he brought all the power of his great office and all of the strength of his vigorous manhood to the solution of that problem, and successfully invoked the principle of arbitration and mutual concession to settle the impending strike and avert general suffering among the people.

"His forceful and energetic administration of our public affairs, his wise and patriotic methods of dealing with great and difficult national problems, mark him as equal to his responsibilities and faithful to his obligations. Fearless in the discharge of his duty, with an eye single to the public welfare, the representatives of the best ideals in American manhood, he may be assured that Republican Massachusetts will give him her full confidence and support, not only in the national convention in Chicago, but in the election in November next."

With the last word of the resolutions, Eugene N. Foss arose and offered a substitute for the plank relating to Canadian reciprocity. Mr. Foss' resolution declared for closer and more advantageous trade relations with Canada, and that reciprocity relations beneficial to both countries should preferably follow the general line of the removal by both countries of the duties on national products of each and such mutual extensions of the free list and reductions and changes of the duties on the manufactured products of both as will give to each as low a rate of duties as is given to any other country.

In a speech in support of his resolution Mr. Foss declared that he offered it as a Republican, a manufacturer and an employer and as the representative of many hundreds of millions of capital in the commonwealth.

Messrs. Lodge, Crane, Long and Benton were elected delegates-at-large. Mr. Foss received 178 votes out of a total of 1369.

PALACE IS BURNED

Imperial Residence at Seoul Destroyed By Rebellious Koreans.

The Emperor and His Suite Succeeded In Escaping.

London, April 15.—A special dispatch from Paris received here today announces that the imperial palace at Seoul, Korea, has been destroyed by fire and that the emperor has fled.

Paris, April 15.—A cable report received at the foreign office here says that the imperial palace at Seoul, Korea, was completely destroyed by fire last night. The fire began in the evening and lasted throughout the night. Only the ruins of the palace remain. The emperor and his suite succeeded in escaping to a nearby refuge. The report does not mention any loss of life, nor does it give the cause of the fire, but the recent political unrest in the Korean capital leads to fears that the destruction of the palace was the work of the rebellious element.

NORTHERN SECURITIES DECISION IS IN FORCE.

Washington, April 15.—The mandate of the supreme court of the United States enforcing the decree of the court in the Northern Securities case was issued yesterday on the expiration of thirty days after decision was rendered.

FIRST FREIGHT TRAIN IN FOUR MONTHS.

Lewiston, April 15.—The fast freight train into Lewiston in four months arrived here today. Never, perhaps, in the history of railroading has a city been shut in so long. A passenger train got through two weeks ago, but the snow plows could not get freight trains through the drifts at that time.

RECEIVED BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, April 15.—Don Cecilio Baez, minister to the United States from Paraguay, was received by President Roosevelt at the White House today. Dr. Baez has the distinction of being the first minister of his country to be accredited to the Washington government.

FILIPINOS COMING.

Washington, April 15.—Arthur Ferguson, of this city, secretary of the Philippine commission, sailed today from Yokohama, in charge of a party of fifty of the most prominent natives of the Philippine islands for San Francisco. The party comes to study American institutions and methods.

FLOTILLA READY FOR SERVICE.

Washington, April 15.—Rear Admiral Cooper, commanding the Asiatic fleet, cabled to the navy department today from Cavite that Lieut. Chandler, commanding the torpedo boat flotilla, which arrived at that port yesterday, after a run of 12,000 miles, from Hampton roads, "reports flotilla ready for service."

WATAB RIVER DAM.

Washington, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Buckman today secured the passage of a bill authorizing the construction of a dam across the Mississippi above the mouth of the Watab river.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Peter Fralick has been appointed postmaster at Leffingwell, St. Louis county, Minn., vice C. E. Leffingwell, resigned.

SHERIDAN ARRIVES.

San Francisco, April 15.—The United States army transport Sheridan arrived today from Manila. She brought 300 members of the native constabulary and police of the Philippine islands and their band, en route to the St. Louis exposition. The Eleventh cavalry regiment also came on the Sheridan.

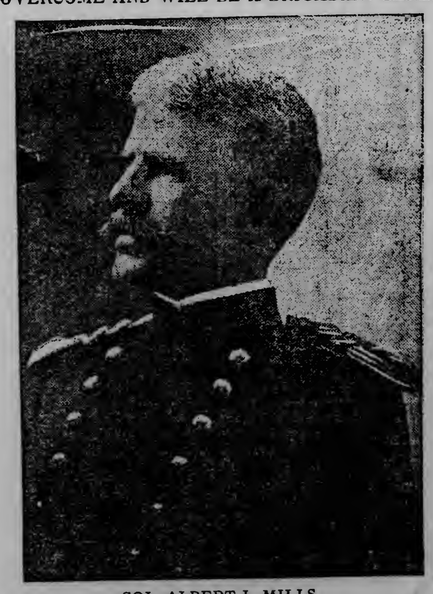
COKE OVENS TO RESUME.

Latrobe, Pa., April 15.—After being closed down since last December, the 250 ovens of the H. C. Frick company's plant at Dorothy, west of this place, will be fired up early next week.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, April 15.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Postmasters—Minnesota, Charles H. Pierce, Northfield; Francis M. Schook, Aiken. Wisconsin, Henry J. Goddard, Chippewa Falls.

OPPOSITION TO COL. ALBERT MILLS OF WEST POINT OVERCOME AND WILL BE A BRIGADIER GENERAL.



COL. ALBERT L. MILLS.

Last January the president nominated Col. Mills, superintendent of the military academy at West Point, to be a brigadier general. There was much objection expressed and the nomination was held up until Thursday, when the senate committee voted to make a favorable report.

Burrows Correct Hats

In all the approved shapes and colors in soft and stiff hats—30 styles to choose from, at—

$3.50

THE GOOD CLOTHES STORE.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

It's the unusual accomplishments in planning and assembling stock that distinguish one store from another—that make one store better than another—that makes this store the best of all.

Our $1.90 Hats....

In the latest correct styles—superior lots in all popular shapes, colors and dimensions—qualities that others ask $2.50 for; here—

$1.90

Men's Spring Suits—Top Coats

If ever a stock was perfect—or if human effort, intelligently directed and financially backed, can achieve perfection, then indeed is this stock perfect. In every grade of Suits and Top Coats which we handle—(and we commence where true merit begins and only end where genius rests and talent tires)—we show the highest order of excellence possible at the price. Prices range

From $10 to $35

—with the widest variety and—perhaps—the best values between the two extremes. The styles, however, are quite as CORRECT in the $10.00 grade as they are in the $35.00. The difference, of course, lies in the quality of the goods and trimmings. Perfection of fit is to be found in every size. There's no proper style absent from this parade of elegance—no correct — dependable and fashionable weave missing. We cordially invite the most critical men to view the grand enmassment of style and cloth in Men's Suits and Top Coats.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

Parents of boys (and the more critical the better) are respectfully invited to visit this important department and see for themselves the cream of all the novelties created in this country by the world's best designers—styles not to be seen elsewhere at any price, but which are here marked to sell at prices calculated to more than satisfy the most exacting.

Boys' 2-piece knee-pants suits, sizes 7 to 16, in single and double-breasted styles—Norfolk and belt suits, plaited or plain coats, in worsteds, serges, cheviots, home spuns and fancy materials, at $8.00, $6.50, $4.90, $3.95, $3.50 and $2.95.

Little Fellows' Suits, from 3 to 10 years, in Buster, Russian, Eton and sailor styles, in plain serges, tweeds, fancy worsteds and home spuns, ideal novelty garments of confined styles that cannot be found elsewhere, worth $10.00, $8.00, $7.50, $6.00 and $5.00.

Jap-an-ez suits for little fellows from 2½ to 6 years, made of fine imported materials, exclusive novel patterns, finest display we have ever made at $10.00, $8.00, $7.00 and $6.00.

Reefers of navy serge, cheviots, tan coverts and gray homespuns with emblem on sleeve, very natty garments—exclusively here at $5.00, $6.00, $8.00 and $10.00.

Rain coats for little fellows from 7 to 14 years, in oxfords and tan coverts, absolutely water-proof, worth $12.00 and $10.00.

Boys' single-breasted 2-piece dress suits, 7 to 16 years—in serges, clays, cheviots and fancy homespuns, trousers have belts of same material, worth $8.50, for $6.50.

Young men's rain coats in plain and fancy materials, mannish garments, very swagger, exceptional values at $18.

Ideal young men's suits, sizes 30 to 36, in odd and regular sizes, single or double-breasted, made of most fashionable materials, newly shaped garments—mannish appearance, special at $14.00.

Youths' long-pants suits, sizes 14 to 20 years, in plain blacks and blues, serges and fancy worsteds, single or double-breasted styles, worth to $14.00, for $10.00.

Special attention is directed to 50 styles of young men's suits, single or double-breasted, in plain and fancy materials, high-grade garments, perfect fitting, worth $12, at $8.50 and $8.00.

Boys' blue and black cheviot suits, splendidly trimmed, correctly fashioned, worth $8.50, at $5.00.

Boys' Hats, Caps and Furnishings.

Spring styles of large or small boys' soft and stiff hats—correct shapes, blacks and colors—$1.50 and 98c.

Boys' and girls' tams, medium and large shapes, plain or ornamented, new ideas—$2.50, $2.00, $1.50, 98c and 48c.

Immense assortment of boys' negligee blouses, military or Eton styles, in white and colors—$2.50, $2.00, $1.50, 98c and 48c.

Boys' and young men's shirts, new spring colorings, as well as white, cuffs attached or detached, $1.50 value, 98c.

Swell neckwear for large and small boys, in correct shapes, beautiful silks, large assortment—at 23c.

Boys' caps in Norfolk tams, golfs, Etons and auto shapes, plain or ornamented, at $1.50, 98c and 48c.

M. S. BURROWS.

IS A TOUGH PLACE

Y. M. C. A. Member Writes of City of Buenos Ayres, Argentine.

B. A. Shuman Goes From There to Rosario, Farther Inland.

Word has ben received from B. A. Shuman, secretary of the international Y. M. C. A. comittee for South America former secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., to the effect that he is about to remove from Buenos Ayres, Argentine, which he has made his field of operations for the past three years, farther up the river to Rosario, a city of 800,000 inhabitants, where he will work towards the establishment of another branch of the association.

Rosario is described as the Duluth of Argentine. Like the Zenith City it is the outlet for a vast stretch of rich wheat country, and its interests are in many ways similar to the interests of Duluth. It offers a rich field for the work of Mr. Shuman, who has met with remarkable success thus far in his South American work, having organized an association branch in Buenos Ayres, which now has a membership of over 500.

A letter from this association to members of the Duluth Y. M. C. A. thanks the latter for the backing they have given Mr. Shuman, and gives some remarkable and interesting facts relative to this South American metropolis. The letter, recently received, reads in part as follows:

"Greeting:—There are now about 500 of us down here in the Buenos Ayres association who want you men to know that we appreciate the forethought and self-sacrific on your part in making it possible for us to enjoy these privileges.

"Until this association was established there seems to have been no place where young men could get away from the corruption that exists in this city, and develop clean, wholesome characters. To be sure, there were churches, but they were for Sunday only, and in most cases for only a very short portion of that day, and the example of a few of the churches, in their ministers attending athletic sports on Sunday afternoons, and in being seen intoxicated on the streets, and selling tobaccos and liquors in their church bazaars, and holding raffles and dances in their church halls, weakened the influence of those churches that did not do these things.

"Gambling here is almost unlimited, there being one or more lottery drawings every week, and there are more places for selling lottery tickets than any other one class of business, unless it is the litle drink shops. The stationers' windows and news stands are loaded with obscene literature and pictures. Bribery and favor exists in most open and flagrant way throughout government and municipal circles. In fact, the whole fabric of society and business is so honeycombed with this corruption that one could not expect young men to build up fine, strong characters.

"The country itself seems to be one of the richest if not the richest nation in the world in natural resources. A most delightful climate; a soil adapted to almost any kind of vegetation; mineral and vegetable resources that are hardly equaled in any one nation in the world; a very large area of land so level that almost no grading is necessary for building railroads; a fine seacoast and navigable rivers. The country, as a nation is almost as old as the United States and in spite of all that God has done for her in heaping this wealth upon her, she is from fifty to one hundred years behind the times, and in nearly every instance the stagnation can be traced to want of character."

The local association is now laying plans for a Shuman banquet, to be held in the near future, at which prominent speakers from the outside, among them a leader from New York, will be present.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

TAMS BIXBY

Is to Remain on the Dawes Commission.

Washington, April 14.—Tams Bixby will return to the Indian Territory and his official work there as soon as congress finally disposes of the Indian appropriation bill.

At first he proposed resigning, and accepting one of several flattering offers made him by Indian Territory business men, one of them at a salary of $10,000 a year, but his friends in Washington told him he must not do it; that he had something more at stake than a big salary, and must stay with the commission until he had an opportunity to live down the impressions created by the Bonaparte report.

Mr. Bixby finally saw the force of this advice.

He had a long interview with the president a few days ago, which was entirely satisfactory. He offered to resign from the commission, but the president told him he did not want that. All he wanted was for Bixby to dispose of all stocks and other holdings in the territory which might in future give rise to criticism. It is understood Bixby agreed to do so as soon as he returns to Muskogee.

Hanan Shoes For Men.

Spring styles. M. S. BURROWS.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask F. M. Crouch.

OLD EMPLOYES ROB TRUNKS FOR YEARS.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 15.—H. Kenworthy, an American express messenger, and Harry Drake, a baggageman, running on the Big Four, between Cincinnati and Chicago, are held at central police station, on the charge of suspicion. In the presence of police officers and officers of the express company, they confessed that they had been for a year or more in the habit of robbing trunks and express packages, whenever they were together in a run. Kenworthy produced a bunch of keys which he said he used to open trunks. Suspicion was directed to him because of a woman quite recently reporting the loss of jewelry from her trunk and Kenworthy being found trying to sell a diamond ring for much less than its value.

Both men have borne excellent reputations and both have been employed nearly twenty years in their respective places. They say they cannot give any idea of the amount of property they have taken.

REIF REINSTATED.

London, April 14.—The stewards of the Jockey club have withdrawn their sentence warning Lester Reiff, the American jockey, off the turf.

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 250 boxes contain 100 Pills, 100 boxes contain 40 Pills, 50 boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN G. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn

BIG MONEY IN EGGS

Commission Men Make Handsome Profits During Winter.

Storage of Eggs Is Precarious Proposition, However.

Severad small fortunes have been made in eggs during the past winter by some of the local commission men.

Now that the winter scarcity of eggs is over and the dealers have had a chance of figuring up their profits, some of them are said to have cleared several thousand dollars in the egg business since January.

Eggs were placed in cold storage at Duluth at 15 and 16 cents per dozen. From that time on they steadily rose in price, and most of the dealers cleaned out their stocks of cold storage eggs at 25 or 26 cents, making about 10 cents a dozen on an investment of 15 cents.

"It's a very risky business, however," said one of the dealers yesterday. "I have seen the time when cold storage eggs sold in Duluth for 2 cents a dozen, when they had been bought for from 12 to 15 cents. We have to run the chance of an open winter. If the weather remains moderate during the winter the hens do not quit laying, and the consignments of fresh eggs are sufficient to supply the demand. This year, however, we happened to have an exceptionally cold winter, and there were practically no fresh eggs to be had. The consequence was that some of us cleaned up a little money on eggs."

* * *

A big drop in the price of cheese is reported this week. The market on cheese has been bullish since last July, and a stiff price has been maintained. The trade has not been buying freely on account of the high price, and the trade in cheese has been very small during the winter. During the past week or two new cheese has commenced to come in, and the bottom has fallen out of the market. Prices have dropped from 1 to 3 cents on all varieties. Full cream twins are now selling at 10 cents in place of 12½. No. 1 brick is bringing 13 in place of 14 cents, and old twins are selling at 10½ in place of 12½ cents.

* * *

Butter has also dropped off slightly during the week. Creamery prints are now selling at 25 cents in place of 26 and fancy dairies at 17 and 18 cents.

* * *

Strawberries are becoming more plentiful, and regular shipments are being received. The Louisiana and Texas crops are now on the market.

* * *

Fresh maple syrup and sugar are now plentiful. The Vermont sugar sells at 12½ cents per pound, and the Ohio at 10 cents. Syrup is worth about $1.10 per gallon, although there is some choice Vermont syrup on the market that brings $1.50.

* * *

The prices of all fruits, vegetables and poultry remain unchanged from last week. An improvement is reported in the tone of the market.

EX-MAYOR AMES IS INDICTED

Charged With Receiving Bribe—New Witnesses to Testify.

Minneapolis, April 15.—Albert A. Ames, ex-mayor of Minneapolis, was arrested yesterday afternoon on an indictment charging him with accepting a bribe Dec. 15, 1901, from Bessie Lee.

The indictment is like the others upon which he was first arraigned, but the sensational feature of this one is that the same witnesses are not depended upon. On the indictment appears the names of Lilly T. Ames, wife of Col. Fred Ames, Joseph Cohen, Frank Larrabee, Irwin Gardnes and Thomas R. Brown.

Dr. Ames pleaded not guilty and his case was set for trial May 2.

SAGE WINS SUIT.

Can Collect Bonds Against Village of Reads.

St. Paul, April 15.—By a decision handed down in the United States circuit court of appeals, Russell Sage, the New York financier, wins a victory after a long drawn out legal contest with the defunct village of Reads, Minn., which ceased to exist in 1896, while having a number of bonds outstanding, seven of which, aggregating $7000, were held by Sage.

The opinion filed by Judge Van Derventer upholds the decision of the circuit court of Minnesota in favor of Sage. The bonds which furnished the bone of contention matured between 1892 and 1900, but the village was wiped off the map by a special law in 1896. The corporate authorities of the village, however, continued to discharge their functions and contracted the debts represented by the bonds. The case has already passed through the state and federal courts.

The village was originally formed from land taken from the township of Pepin and the city of Wabasha, which are made defendants in the suit brought by Sage, and when the village was dissolved the land reverted to those corporate bodies. By the terms of the decision they will be compelled to shoulder the burden left by the village of Reads.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPH ON THE GREAT LAKES.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 15.—Communication by wireless telegraph between Buffalo and Cleveland for commercial purposes was formally opened yesterday afternoon by an exchange of greetings between Acting Mayor Haffa of Buffalo and Mayor Johnson of Cleveland. The system will be extended to Detroit and ultimately stations will be established at all the large ports on the great lakes. The tests yesterday were satisfactory, the signals passing a distance of 189 miles, without interruption.

VAN SWINDEREN ARRIVES.

New York, April 14.—Jonkher R. Van Swinderen, who succeeds Baron Gevers as minister from the Netherlands, has arrived on his way to Washington.

From Cherry-Blossom Land.

The Japanese Give Good Example.

It is a proverb of Cherry Blossom Land that a healthy stomach is the basis of all strength. Good nature is also recognized as of great importance. The Japanese as a people are remarkable for their health, endurance, patience and skill. They have a system of physical training which is universally used. It is called the Jiu Jitzu, and by this they regulate diet, bathing, clothing, breathing, muscular development and boxing. They have a philosophy that good humor is followed by good health. They try to banish worries, and believe that a cheerful view of life is a good foundation for strength. Such philosophy could well be adopted by our American people. We are apt to be too serious.

They have many sayings in Japan similar to our own. One is that "a woman is as old as she looks," but a Japanese woman's face is usually as unwrinkled as a baby's. Although the Japanese women do not usually have the well developed figures of our American women, yet they do not gather wrinkles from worry nor suffer as do our American women. What is it that makes our American women often pale, sallow-faced, with dark circles under the eyes, and very often old at forty-five when they should be in their prime? In more southern climates like Japan the women live closer to nature—they live simple, homely lives and do not worry because they cannot dress as extravagantly as their neighbors, nor do they have the ambitions and jealousies of their neighbors to contend with. They eat wholesome food and do not practice high living. To keep young a woman must keep healthy and strong. When she is run down with the pains and ills which come periodically among our womenkind, she adds years to her looks, wrinkles develop, and the woman really suffers untold agony. There is no real need for this if she will practice right living, recognize her bodily needs, practice hygiene—all of which knowledge she can obtain from some reliable medical book like Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, which can be had by sending him thirty-one cents for the cloth-bound volume, or twenty-one cents for the paper bound. Dr. R. V. Pierce, who is the founder and medical director of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, New York, says, "there is no reason why women should suffer if they will take the proper means to cure those irregularities which lead them to a miserable existence."

Women suffer in girlhood from backache, spine-ache and headaches, followed by irregularities, painful or disagreeable, and as a result diseases of the womanly organs are more common than any one but a physician in active practice could suppose. It is often the result of days of girlhood passed in overcrowded public schools, or worse, in a jail-like boarding school for young ladies. The brain is crowded, indigestible foods disturb the stomach, the body does not get healthful growth, and the undeveloped woman leaves school to plunge into social dissipations, followed only too closely by the taking up of wifely duties and responsibilities towards a husband who has only noticed her beautiful face. The woman suffering from continued nervousness, weariness, wakefulness, headache and backache, needs the advice of a physican of large experience. Perhaps the physician of the largest experience in the Diseases of Women is Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. The young wife desiring the advice of a physician is deterred therefrom by bashfulness, and so are many younger women, single women, and we should advise these to write at once to Dr. Pierce, who will treat their correspondence as strictly confidential, and give them an intelligent medical opinion of their cases without cost.

After long experience in the treatment of womanly diseases, Dr. Pierce evolved a vegetable tonic and corrective which he called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This is a purely vegetable preparation, without a particle of alcohol contained in it.

Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors and makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money of the United States for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, or Falling of Womb, which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

INSPECTS COMPANY A.

Maj. Gerlach Puts Militiamen Through the Paces.

Major William Gerlach, of Minneapolis, last night began the annual inspection of the local companies of the state militia. Company A was inspected last night and this evening Company C will go through the military maneuvers under the eye of the commanding officer. The boys put up a creditable drill last evening, and it is expected that it will be satisfactory in every way. Qualities that are examined into are general appearance, efficiency in drill and care of property.

QUEER EASTERN WORDS.

The King of Korea, in speaking of himself, uses the term Hap-mun, meaning "First gate of all the gates in the country." The words Pharaoh, Sublime Porte and Mikado, have the same meaning. Were the English language more picturesque and less practical, we should doubtless have in place of the word vitos, a compound word signifying "First food of all foods," which would be, in truth, descriptive.

PECULIAR CASE.

Divorce Action That May Cost Woman $100,000.

Kalamazoo, Mich., April 15.—Asking a divorce to establish a marriage which it is alleged by the defendant never took place, William F. Crittenden, of Vicksburg, is prosecuting a suit alleging desertion and infidelity. The case is the most peculiar ever brought to trial in Kalamazoo and involves a large Wisconsin estate. Crittenden alleges that Mrs. Zulema Plumb became his common law wife in 1899 and with her handsome daughter Nina, she lived with him one year. Then, he says, she went to Whitewater, Wis., and married John E. Pratt, a wealthy miner. Pratt died the following year leaving a $100,000 estate to his widow. The heirs claim she was legally married to Crittenden before her marriage was void. She alleges she never was married to Crittenden and never lived with him as his wife. Crittenden's suit is friendly to the heirs.

GREW LONELY.

Strangers of the Morning Married Before Nightfall.

St. Louis, Mo., April 15.—At daybreak on a railroad train Miss Gertrude Porthour, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and M. Buckley, of Detroit, Mich., met the first time. At sundown they were united in wedlock.

The bride and bridegroom, though unacquainted, occupied adjoining seats. Miss Porthour became lonely, she explained afterward. So did Buckley. The couple looked on each other and smiled. Finally Buckley observed an opportunity to address her without offending her. He did not miss his chance and she did not miss her opportunity to reply.

The conversation became warmer and warmer. The loneliness entirely departed and plans for a wedding were laid before the train reached Belleville, Ill.

HIS BACK

Given Nearly Two Square Feet of Skin.

Baltimore, Md., April 15.—One of the most wonderful skin-grafting operations in the history of surgery has been successfully accomplished at the City hospital. Charles Halleck, engineer at the trolley power house, came in contact with a feed wire on Nov. 10 last, and skin covering an area of 18 by 20 inches was torn from his back. Two brothers-in-law of Halleck volunteered to furnish skin for the operation, but both combined were not able to supply enough. Their skin, however, was placed on the wounded back in spots, and these oasis granulated in such a fashion that the whole back soon became covered with the new skin. Mr. Halleck will leave the hospital a well man.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Just ask your doctor all about it. He will tell you "It is the best blood medicine you can possibly buy."

J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Two Great Offerings of Tailored Suits at $15 and $30

$15 For ladies' all-wool cheviot suits, dressy styles, in black, blue and brown, that many stores would ask $22.50 for; Sat'd'y $15

$30 and $35 for French voile suits, so correctly tailored that you can distinguish them from others at a glance. A good tailor, to produce their equal, would charge more than double their price—tomorrow $30—$35

H. G. GROSS

Suits and Costumes—High-grade Furs,
106 West Superior Street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Beautiful Millinery

Styles which represent the highest artistic effort of the world's greatest milliners.

Another important feature of the S. & B. Co.'s millinery is that there are no two hats alike — and the prices are very reasonable.

Here are some values we mention for tomorrow:

$1.00 for children's pretty, ready-to-wear hats.

$1.95 for the new plaid braid hats for children—the most popular style now in vogue in the East. Daintily trimmed with plaid ribbons, etc.

$2.75 for chic Walking Hats for women, in the new popular braids; values such as you cannot duplicate elsewhere.

$4.25 for correct Street Hats—a splendid assortment of all the most elaborate braid creations; the newest and most desirable shapes.

$8.75 for $10.00 and $12.00 Dress Hats—Each one a model of style with that air of distinction which characterizes the work of the artist.

Why not select your spring hat tomorrow from these splendid values?

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

45 Finely Tailored Suits That Have Been Selling from $45 to $55; choice tomorrow $39.50.

McCall Fashions for May Now Ready.

"American Lady" and "Redfern" Corsets—the world's best—We are sole agents—

Curtailment begins naturally with the broken sizes, the few of a kind and the discontinued lines resulting from the past few weeks' heavy sales. Among the number you will find all sizes, although there's no two alike.

Handsomely tailored lines, with an elaborate choice of materials and silk-lined effects. If you have delayed buying here is a grand opportunity to save from $5.00 to $10.00 on your suit.

AT $16.50 AND $25.00—New tailored suits, in endless profusion of styles; every one a perfect model and worthy the S. & B. Co.'s label.

The suits at $16.50 are man-tailored costumes, made from the most desirable fabrics.

At $25.00 the line is still more comprehensive, embracing almost every conceivable weave, from the sheer materials to the heavy suitings.

$12.50 New Covert Jackets at $10.00—Made from the best quality of covert, in pleated and fitted effects, 23 inches long; satin lined and richly tailored.

At $19.50—Beautiful Coats made from extra fine quality of covert, taffeta lined, short pleated effect, scalloped velvet collar, trimmed with a dainty soutache braid, plain tailored sleeve. Compare this with any coat shown elsewhere at $22.50.

Special Selling Of Children's Coats Tomorrow!

Splendid values in these stylish garments.

At $2.75—Fine Melton Cloth Coat, double breasted, red broadcloth collar and cuffs, brass buttons—a nobby jacket—sizes 2 to 6 years.

At $4.00—Jaunty "Peter Thompson" Coat, in navy and red, regulation trimmed—sizes 6 to 14.

At $5.00—Handsome Novelty Cloth Coat, made with a fancy cape effect, piped in different colors to match goods, double breasted, brass buttons—a good $6.50 value.

Beautiful Coats in broadcloth, cheviot, pongee, white serge, taffeta and voile — all sizes — beautifully trimmed. Prices, $5.75 to $25.00.

Special Selling of Fine Neckwear for Women Tomorrow, Saturday—

75c Values 50c—
An entire table covered with all the newest and daintiest effects, in linen canvas Collars, in Persian and Bulgarian effects; fancy silk stocks, fancy collars, etc.—a beautiful selection at 50c.

$1.75 Values $1.25—
Tomorrow we offer choice of a beautiful line of dainty neckwear, including the new silk chiffon, beaded and spangled effects—a buying opportunity worthy of your attention.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WILLIAMS SCOOTS

Colored Overcoat Thief Makes Another Break For Liberty.

Gets Away From Rockpile and Runs From Pursuers.

Thomas Williams, the colored man sent up to the county jail for sixty days for stealing Sheriff Butchart's overcoat, bade a second farewell to the rock pile gang this morning, as he vaulted over the fence of the stone yard at Sixth avenue east and First street and hied himself eastward.

Williams made his first attempt about two weeks ago when seven of the stone gang suddenly dropped their tools, while working on East Superior street, and skipped out. He was recaptured by the police in Superior about two days later and returned to the county jail here.

Williams got a fairly good start this morning and ran down through the crowd that was watching the fire at C. H. Magginnis' house on East Second street. On the way down he passed a number of persons, but they paid no attention to him, merely thinking that it was somebody in a hurry to reach the fire.

His haste was made plain, however, when a special policeman out of breath and perspiring came on a run two blocks behind.

Those past whom Williams sprinted figured it out that if he had held his gait until dark he would be well over the line into Cook county, from the direction he was headed, while the guard would probably be somewhere in the vicinity of Lester Park.

Williams is considered a very bad man by the local police department, and as soon as it was known that he had escaped again, steps were taken to have every avenue watched by which he might leave the city. Williams will probably find a more difficult matter to get away from the city this time, for the reason that he is pretty well known to the officers.

When he got away he was dressed in running trim, having no overcoat, and being rather lightly clad.

Declared a Dividend.

The De Velda Drug company has just held its annual meeting, at which the former officers were all re-elected. The year just closed has been a very prosperous one, enabling the company to declare a dividend of 5 per cent. The company has been gradually extending its territory, until today the entire Northwest is covered by its representatives. The officers of the De Velda Drug company are: A. T. Ellsworth, president and manager; F. W. Densmore, secretary and treasurer, and P. S. Annecke, vice president.

DISASTROUS TRAIN WRECK

Runaway Coal Cars Crash Into Engine at Terrific Speed.

Scranton, Pa., April 15.—Three lives were lost in a disastrous railroad wreck on the Wyoming Valley division of the Erie railroad at Rock Junction, near here, today. A section of a coal train, consisting of twelve loaded cars, broke loose on the steep grade at Winmers and ran back, a distance of eleven miles, colliding with two locomotives, which were drawing another coal train up the steep grade at Rock Junction. Four of the cars jumped over both locomotives and landed on the coal cars behind. Frank Hanneford, the fireman on the first engine, was crushed to death. Thomas Kelly, the engineer, remained on the engine and was uninjured. The engineer and fireman of the second engine jumped from the cab before the crash came and escaped with slight injuries. At Elmhurst the runaway section struck and killed Thomas Ward and Samuel Treible, section men, who were working on the track. It is said that the runaway section had attained a speed of 100 miles an hour when it collided with the two locomotives. The two engines and twenty coal cars were destroyed in the wreck. The railroad's loss is estimated at about $100,000.

Low Rates to the Southwest.

On March 15, April 5 and 19 the Great Northern railway will sell one-way tickets to nearly all points in Arkansas, Colorado, Indian territory, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico at half rates plus $2. For further information call on A. Brostedt, Northern passenger agent, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

A persistent bad cold will run into consumption unless it is relieved in time. So it is with the little daily wants of the people—they grow serious if not promptly filled. You can afford, for instance, to have that house tenantless for a little while but when it continues tenantless, month after month, it becomes a serious matter. The timely want ad in The Herald ends the trouble.

Gentlemen, compare our $3.50 Shoes with other makes costing you from $5 to $7—you will be satisfied in every respect, and save yourself money. Quality, style and workmanship are responsible for the wonderful success of the Douglas $3.50 Shoes.

All the styles will be found at the

NEW DOUGLAS SHOE STORE

Torrey Bldg.

HARRY J. SNYDER, Manager.

Want to Save Money on Your Boys' and Girls' Shoes?

Begin right by coming here. You save money because you get good shoes at right prices. You save time looking for them by coming here first. A splendid assortment is awaiting you, from

$1.50 up to $3.00

WIELAND'S

Grand Removal Sale

Beginning Saturday, April 16.

I shall put on sale AT ACTUAL COST PRICE my entire stock of Men's Furnishings (white shirts and collars excepted). This sale includes all my spring and summer lines of

Underwear, Hosiery, Night Shirts and Pajamas, Cluett and Monarch Shirts, both in stiff and soft bosoms, cuffs attached and detached; **all Neckwear, Hats and Caps, Fancy Vests and House Coats, Handkerchiefs and Suspenders, Umbrellas and Canes, Gloves and Mittens.**

Do not miss this opportunity of securing a good Hat, Suit or two af Underwear, a fine tie, AT THE REGULAR WHOLESALE PRICE. These goods are all new from the best representative houses and manufacturers in America.

All Purchases Strictly Cash and No Goods Exchanged.

229 W. First St. **W. F. Siewert.** Wolvin Building

NEWLANDS SAYS

Democracy Must Seek New Issues and a New Man

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Francis G. Newlands of Nevada believes that if the Democracy is to win in the coming national campaign it must seek new issues and a new man. In discussing the situation in which the Democratic party finds itself at the present time and its prospects in the fall campaign, Senator Newlands pointed out that never since the civil war had the Northern Democracy been so weak in the senate and house as now. The contest of 1904 must be in the North and West, and the candidates, the issues and the organization must be selected with a view to victory there. As to the latter, the senator pointed out that all the older Democrats had been identified with the differences with the last two campaigns, and of late years in the Northern states the Democratic party has had no such opportunity in state administration as would bring a Northern leader into prominence. The Democratic candidate must be, therefore, a new and untried man or one prominently identified with past differences. Because of this fact it was therefore all the more important that the Democratic party should rely upon a careful training of the issues of the campaign and a thorough organization of the party.

Continuing, Mr. Newlands said that the last campaign had demonstrated that the masses of the people attached little importance to the question of imperialism, as the intense commercialism of the past decade had blunted the sensibilities and conscience of the American people. While time had vindicated the Democratic doctrine as to the quantitative theory of money, until the quantity was threatened with diminution no marked issue on the money question could be made, and, while the Democratic party would remain true to its ancient traditions of bimetallism, it must rest in abeyance as an active political issue. The tariff, he said, would again be an issue, but it was safe to say that the radical and uncompromising views of Mr. Cleveland did incalculable harm, both to the country and to the Democratic party. Free trade was a myth, and the tariff would always exist, and whatever might be its rates, it would serve as a protection to domestic industries as against foreign importations. The question was one of percentages, not of principle. The Democratic party, if in full power, could not avoid framing a tariff act which would afford fair protection to both American labor and to American capital, for the imposition of any tax upon foreign importations restrains, to that extent, foreign competition; and American labor could not receive fair wages unless American capital could be made profitable.

"The war which we must wage," he said, "must be against the swollen and exaggerated protection which yields to capital vastly more advantage than it does to labor, and which enables it to monopolize the American market at prices largely in excess of the amount necessary to pay fair wages to labor and fair interest to capital."

Senator Newlands advocated, as a means of restraining the trusts a percentage tax upon the gros annual receipts of all industrial corporations where the annual receipts exceed $500,000 or $1,000,000. Such a system could be devised, he thought, in connection with publicity of the affairs of these great industrial corporations, as to wisely regulate them and divert to the public funds the extortionate gain, and to repress monopoly and oppression. The Democratic party should promise wise, moderate and progressive action regarding labor and social questions.

"We must give the laboring men of the country to understand," he said, "that we are with them in their aspirations for the proper distribution of the profits of production, in which they share, and for better conditions of industrial and social life."

In conclusion Mr. Newlands said: "The signs of success are propitious. The country is recovering from its imperial debauch. The tendency of Republican legislation toward the creation of privileges and concentrated wealth is viewed with alarm. The Republican party itself showed its fear of the popular judgment by accepting as its candidate the only radical leader in the party, though he has been compelled to modify his utterances on questions of reform, and we have as an illustration of its weakness the factt hat, though determined to mintain its abuses, it proposes as its candidate the only man in the party who has shown my disposition to correct them. The party leaders wish the votes which he can secure, not the domestic legsilation which he favors; and this is an evidence of weakness in a popular contest.

"With the exercise of prudence and judgment in the selection of our candidates, with a clear and unequivocal statement of our purposes in the line of moderate and progressive reform, with a thorough organization of the Democracy in the senate and house, so effected as to secure consideration, deliberation and conference between the Democrats of the house and the senate upon matters of party faith and action, the Democratic party may reasonably expect success."

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal., and Return, $50.00.

April 23rd to May 1st the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, account Methodist Episcopal Conference and Grocers' Convention, to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return for $50.00, good returning until June 30th. Stopovers allowed in both directions. Tickets are first-class and good on all trains, including Lake Superior and North Coast Limited. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street

RESIDENCE BURNS

Charles H. Maginnis Loses His Home on East Second Street.

Fire Caught From Ash Barrel In the Basement.

Fire broke out shortly after ten o'clock this morning in the residence of Charles H. Maginnis, at 1020 East Second street, and when subdued by the department, an hour later, it had practically gutted the building and destroyed its contents with the exception of a few pictures removed by members of the family when they gave the alarm.

The fire is supposed to have started in an ash barrel in the basement. It proceeded to make its way between the walls and ceilings clear to the roof making a blaze that was difficult for the the fire department to get at effectively for a long time.

Mr. Maginnis estimates his loss in the neighborhood of $7000 or $8000. He had $2500 insurance on his household goods, placed through G. G. Dickerman & Co. Mr. Maginnis was of the impression that he had either $3500 or $4500 insurance placed on his house through David H. Costello's office, but Mr. Costello says the policy lapsed some time ago.

One of the losses which Mr. Maginnis regrets very much is that of a handsome collection of Oriental rugs which he bought while in the East and which arrived in Duluth yesterday, being spread on the floors for the first time last evening.

The fire department kept the flames well confined to the one building so that the adjoining houses on either side were at no time in any particular danger.

MAKES USE OF OFFICE.

Illinois Mayor Who Is Out For Business.

An example of the manner in which the holder of an office can use the office for private purposes was shown this morning at the city hall.

City Clerk Cheadle received a letter from the mayor of one of the smaller cities in Illinois, asking him to forward the names of all the men in the photography business in this city. The letter was nothing more than a well printed circular, with the mayor's name carefully stamped at the bottom. It had every appearance of a typewritten letter, unless examined closely.

At the top of the letter was the usual letter head showing that the signer of the letter was the mayor of the city from which he wrote. There was little doubt but that the letter was one of a large number that had been sent out to all the cities in the country.

"It is the custom of the city authorities to furnish information concerning civic affairs to any other city requiring it," said Mr. Cheadle. "We frequently write to other cities for information concerning ordinances which are under consideration here and already exist in other cities. But in this case there is little doubt but that the writer is using his official position to work us for information that may be of value to him in his private business. He is probably connected in some manner with the photography business and wishes to get a list of the photographers in all the large cities in the country in order that he may distribute printed matter among them.

"This is the first instance I have ever seen where this method of gaining information has been abused."

DEAD MAN IDENTIFIED.

Woodsman Who Suicided Wednesday Was Fred R. Frost

The woodsman who committed suicide Wednesday afternon in the Idaho lodging house has been identified as Fred R. Frost, who was recently employed by the Duluth Logging company in one of its camps near the Cloquet river.

Coroner Boyer discovered a sack containing Frost's effects, yesterday afternoon in the saloon belonging to Charles Engstrom at 432 West Superior street. The bartender identified Frost as the man who had left the sack.

Certain letters and papers in the sack identified the man as Fred R. Frost.

The body will be held for a day or two while the undertakers endeavor to get into communication with any friends Frost may have in this part of the country.

TO INCREASE MORTGAGE RATE.

New York, April 15.—Investigation of the sentiment in savings banks official circles has developed the fact, according to the Herald, that an increase in the mortgage rate made by every savings bank in New York is to result in the firm establishment of the higher rate at least for the remainder of the year. The prevaling rate is about 4½ per cent, with an occasional loan at 5 per cent.

PASSENGERS ON CEDRIC.

New York, April 15.—Among the passengers who arrived today on the steamer Cedric from Liverpool, were William Green, a tenor enroute to the Cincinnati musical festival; Sir Thomas G. Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific railroad; H. B. Blebyden, commissioner for India at the St. Louis exposition; Louis Vidal, the Dutch commissioner at St. Louis and the Right Hon. Thomas Sinclair, a privy counsellor for Ireland.

BOOKMAKERS INDICTED.

Chicago, April 15.—A special grand jury today returned true bills against thirty-six alleged hand bookmakers. Among those mentioned in the indictments are several who have wielded much influence in Chicago politics.

KILLED IN EXPLOSION.

New York, April 15.—One man was killed, two girls were dangerously burned and eight other persons injured by an explosion today in the dyeing establishment of William Meister, of Brooklyn. The man was the engineer.

WILL STAY ALL PROCEEDINGS.

New York, April 15.—Edwin Hawley and Frank Ray have filed a petition in the United States district court for a restraining order against Receivers Miller and Taft to stay all proceedings in the matter of the examinations growing out of the failure of D. J. Sully & Co. This motion will be heard April 18. Until a determination of this motion all proceedings in the Sully matter have been postponed.

SNOW AT GREEN BAY, WIS.

Green Bay, Wis., April 15.—The worst storm of the season is raging today. A heavy fall of snow is drifting badly. Street car and railway service is crippled.

Moneybak Taffeta.

The Long-Wearing Silk.

Foolish spending is the father of poverty. Buying "Moneybak" silk is a paying investment, because it's worth making up, and you're insured against failure.

Freimuth's

Silk Headquarters at the Head of the Lakes.

Handkerchief Bargains.

WOMEN'S INITIAL HANDKERCHIEFS—ALL PURE LINEN—sheer quality, ⅛ and ¼-inch hem—44 hand-embroidered initials, put up in fancy boxes—6 in each—regular price 29c each—Saturday, each 19c, or for the box of six..... $1.00

WOMEN'S PURE LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS—¼ AND ¼-inch hemstitched hem—regular 18c quality—special for Saturday..... 2 for 25c

Suits, Coats and Dresses

For Misses, Children and Infants.

Jaunty Styles at Special Prices.

With the same thoughtfulness that characterizes the selection of clothes for the elders, we've built up a Juvenile Ready-to-wear Department that is matchless. In looking over this collection it seems as if manufacturers had vied with one another to produce the smartest and jauntiest styles for the least money. Nobby little reefers, coats or dresses — cunningly conceived and so easily priced. Thus:

PRETTY CHILDREN'S REEFERS—OF GOOD quality tricot, with large sailor collar—prettily trimmed with white braid—blue, red and brown—sizes 2 to 6—special for Juvenile day—at..... $2.75

CHILDREN'S BOX COATS—FULL LENGTH—of silk pongee—large full cape—pretty bell sleeve and turn-up cuff, lined throughout—sizes 3 to 8—unusual value for Saturday at... $3.98

CHILDREN'S COATS OF TAFFETA SILK—full length—inverted pleat back—made with large circular cape—sizes from 3 to 10—a $6.50 value for Juvenile day..... $5.00

CHILDREN'S COATS OF FINE QUALITY serge in blue and brown—Peter Thompson effects—collar and cuffs of champagne broadcloth—prettily trimmed with gold braid—full back—exceptional value at..... $6.00

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES—OF FINE chambrays, cheviots, ginghams and English percales, dress and two-piece sailor effects—neatly trimmed in contrasting shades of self material—plaited skirts—a splendid assortment of sizes—from 4 to 14—Special value at... $1.50

CHILDREN'S SAILOR SUITS — OF FINE quality serge—in blue, brown and red—good full sailor blouse, with deep collar—yoke collar and cuffs, prettily trimmed with Hercules braid—sizes 6 to 14—our special leader at..... $2.75

GIRLS' TAILOR SUITS—TWO PIECE—ETON blouse style—novel effects, in fancy gray and blue mixtures—collar, cuffs and belt of taffeta—tailor stitched skirts trimmed with taffeta bands to match jacket—regular $12.00 values—for Saturday..... $7.50

YOUNG LADIES' PETER THOMPSON SUITS—of blue cheviot—full sailor blouse—sleeve and yoke have silk embroidered regulation emblems—cuffs and collar trimmed with white braid—large black silk tie—sizes 14 to 20—special value at..... $10.00

CRAVENETTE RAINCOATS FOR CHILdren and Misses—smart girlish garments, in oxfords and fancy mixed materials—protection for the stormiest weather with plenty of style for brightest day—sizes from 8 to 16—prices start at $8.75, then by easy stages up to..... $20.00

Informal Opening of Juvenile Millinery Saturday!

We extend a cordial invitation to all mothers and their little ones to be here Saturday, the occasion of our first informal display of spring and summer styles for juveniles. For several seasons we have been devoting more and more attention to the millinery wants of the child—and after much careful study are prepared to present at this opening display a collection of pretty conceptions in children's headwear in a broader and more varied assortment than it has ever been your pleasure to inspect. From the simple inexpensive sailor to the elaborate "baby hat" the gathering is complete. Come in Saturday and see how extensive the variety and how moderate the prices.

In connection with the juvenile display we wish to call attention to the new arrivals in women's street or walking hats. New conceptions are daily forging their way to the front in this splendid display—filling in the gaps made by the Easter selling.

Drugs; Toilet Goods

HARVEY'S DANDRUFF CURE AND HAIR tonic—cures all scalp diseases and restores natural color to hair—89c size for..... 50c

PINAUD'S TOILET WATER—IN LILAS, VIOlet, vegetal—regular 89c per bottle—Saturday..... 69c

IMPORTED BAY RUM—DOUBLE DISTilled, regular 35c size—Saturday..... 25c

QUI VIVE CREME MARQUISE—ONE OF THE finest face and toilet creams made, regular 43c size—Saturday..... 25c

BONE FILE AND NAIL CLEANER—combination—improved—regular 10c—Saturday. 5c

Fancy Stationery.

NEWEST IDEAS—SPECIALLY PRICED.

50c FANCY BOX STATIONERY AT 35c—NEW wave crest stationery—silk fibre bond—clouded effects—English madras bond and Fleur de Lis fancy box stationery—in blue and white—choice of a score or more different textures—regular 50c values, choice per box..... 35c

HEMSTITCHED FANCY BOX STATIONERY—and lace-edge effects—novelties in blue and white—special value at per box..... 45c

NOTE SIZE LINEN MADRAS—IN 1-LB PKGS.—Ward's Krash finish, splendid value at 50c—special Saturday, per lb..... 30c

(25 envelopes to match 10c.)

Shirts, Vests, Underwear and Hosiery.

FEATURES FROM THE MEN'S STORE.

OUR $1 SHIRTS—YOU'VE HEARD OF THEM, you say. Certainly, but you never heard of a better value for the money. We want every man to know of their goodness, and profit by the saving afforded. The next time you're asked to pay $1.25, even $1.50 for a negligee shirt, think of what we've told you and compare values—you buy this shirt at..... $1.00

MEN'S FANCY WASH VESTS—WE'VE A score of different designs to select from—in all the neatest dots and figures—sizes to fit all—at..... $1.50

MEN'S IMPORTED BALBRIGGAN UNDERwear—French make—spring and summer weight—all sizes to 46 inches—shirts or drawers—splendid value at each..... 50c

MEN'S FANCY HALF HOSE—OF FINE LISLE and cotton—tans, grays and black—with pretty hand-embroidered figures—newest designs—regular 50c values—Saturday Three pairs for $1.00—per pair..... 35c

Juvenile Shoes

GENEROUS SAVING.

From the infant in arms and the toddling days of babyhood, through the various stages of youth to old age, this satisfaction shoe store studies your wants; is always at your service, combining satisfaction with your pocketbook interest. These for Saturday:

CHILD'S OXFORDS—BLUCHER STYLE—buckled—sizes 2 to 5—of patent kid—a smart shoe for little tots—special value at—per pair..... $1.25

CHILDREN'S OXFORDS—OF FINE PATENT kid—Blucher style—with pretty silk ribbon ties—spring heel—new last—sizes 5½ to 8—$2.00 values at..... $1.75

CHILD'S BUTTONED OR LACED SHOES—patent kid vamp—red or blue top—sizes 2 to 5—regular price $1.25—for Saturday—per pair..... $1.00

WOMEN'S PATENT KID OXFORDS—STYLish, cool, comfortable—high Louis XIV heels—open-work tops—shiny leather, dressy shoes—the equal of any $5.00 shoe on the market—unusual value at..... $3.50

Women's Stockings

SATURDAY SPECIALS.

WOMEN'S LACE LISLE STOCKINGS—SUPErior quality—extra finish—spliced heel and toe, regular 25c value, Saturday's special..... 19c

WOMEN'S LISLE STOCKINGS — GUARANteed fast and stainless—high-spliced heel and double sole, regular 50c stockings for..... 39c

WOMEN'S COTTON STOCKINGS—HIGH-spliced heel, and toe and sole in all black or split sole—special for Saturday—.....3 pairs for $1.00—or per pair $1.00

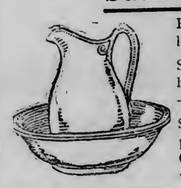
CHILDREN'S RIBBED COTTON HOSE—FAST black, fashioned feet—double knees and spliced heels—regular value ranged from 30c to 40c—all sizes 6 to 10—Saturday, per pair..... 25c

CHILDREN'S RIBBED COTTON HOSE—EXtra finish, fast black, double knees, regular 18c value, choice of sizes 6 to 9, Saturday ....Two pairs for 25c

WHITE DUCK BELTS—HAVE BLACK—gilt and silver buckles—washable—regular price 15c—Saturday special, each..... 10c

Saturday Basement Bargains,

Such as you will find only at Freimuth's.



Pitchers and Basins—like cut—per set..... 59c

Slop Jars—with cover and bail handle, worth $1.25, at—each..... 89c

Small size plain white Chambers—with cover—worth 45c—Saturday special at—each..... 29c

China Nest Eggs—worth 30c a doz—special tomorrow, doz 15c

Nickel-plated Stand Lamp—complete with 10-inch shade, worth $2.00—special, each..... $1.19

The Daylight Gas Mantle—made expressly for us by the Welsbach Company—our regular low price 25c—special tomorrow..... 19c

The American family Scales the best make—regular price $1.50—special tomorrow, each..... 98c

Solid nickel knives and forks worth $3.50 per set—special, per set— $2.48

Rome Heavy Plated Tea Kettle—the best made—sells regular at $1.25—special, each..... 98c

Hygea Shower Yokes for the bath room—worth $1.25—special for Saturday, each..... 69c

Enameled Ware—all first quality—deep Pudding Pans, Wash Basins, Pie Tins, Ladles, Spoons, etc., worth up to 25c—for Saturday's special selling..... 10c

REGARDING YOUR NEW SPRING SHOES OR OXFORDS

We have gathered for you an assortment of Shoes and Oxfords that lack nothing of being perfect. Perfect in its variety, qualities and stylishness. Prices range—

$2 TO $5 FOR LADIES

$2 TO $6 FOR MEN

See them and you will have an idea of the splendid values represented.

SOROSIS $3.50

SHOES AND OXFORDS.

The perfect-fitting and stylish shoe for women. Large shipment just received.

DR. REED'S CUSHION SHOES

"The Shoe that requires no breaking in." We have them for both ladies and gentlemen.

WIELAND'S

123 West Superior Street.

DECISIONS BY SUPREME COURT

Five Opinions In Which Lower Courts Are Affirmed.

St. Paul, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court handed down five opinions today, all of which affirms the lower court decisions. In the case of Edmund Mingo et al, appellants, against W. D. Huntington et al, the following interesting syllabus is written by Chief Justice Start:

A testator, after providing for his wife and other children, made a bequeath to his insane daughter in these words: "I further give and bequeath the sum of $1000 to my only daughter (naming her), who is now in the hospital of the insane at St. Peter, this state, said amount to be paid her on her recovery of her sanity, provided that if she does not recover her reason, or dies, then the amount to be divided equally between her three children now living." Held, that the children are only entitled to the bequest in case their mother dies before recovering her reason, and that until the possibility of her recovery is extinguished by her death, they cannot maintain an action to enforce the payment of the bequest to themselves.

Other cases decided:

Anna Kajea Johnson against John P. Linstrom, appellant, Nicollet county, affirmed. Lewis, J.

West Misaba Land company against Lillian R. Berg and Albert Berg, appellants, St. Louis county; affirmed. Lovely, J.

Gustaf Eliason against John Hermann, appellant, Chippewa county; affirmed, percuriam.

The court affirmed the order of Judge Orr of the Ramsey district court in the case of Grant Smith against the Great Northern Railroad company. Smith sued to recover damages from the company for 380 horses which died while being transported by the company from Washington state to Chicago.

The railroad company demurred to the complaint. Judge Orr dismissed the demurrer and the company appealed.

SOMETIMES IT'S THAT WAY.

One bright day last spring Miss Ida May Greencastle, of Evansville, Ind., who was visiting friends in Chicago, took a walk through Lincoln park, and while there sat down on the grass near the conservatory, says the Chicago Tribune.

A day or two later, after she had returned home, she missed a valuable breastpin she was almost certain she had worn when in the park. She hunted high and low for it, but could not find it.

A few days ago Miss Greencastle came again to Chicago on a visit to the same friends.

Tempted by the bright sunshine, she went to Lincoln park to see the animals. Moved by idle curiosity, and without any hope of finding the lost breastpin, she hunted up the spot where she had sat down when in the park a year ago, and poked around in the damp grass with the tip of her umbrella.

Something that glistened in the sunshine caught her eye, and she stooped down and picked it up.

It was a fragment of a broken pop bottle.

The Last Day of the Fire, Smoke and Water Sale at

GATELY'S

We must clean up our basement in order to let the carpenters go ahead with their work, and the balance of the stock will be closed out regardless of prices!

RARE SNAPS AT 50c.

=CASH OR CREDIT=

Chenille Table Covers, Clocks, Lace Curtains, Tapestpy Curtains, Lamps, Bibles, Mackintoshes, Etc. Come to a bonafide sale.

8 East Superior Street. DULUTH.

TAUGHT TO "SPARK"

Training School For Salvation Army Lassies and Laddies.

Only Three of These Schools In the United States.

New York, April 15.—Talk about your training schools for policemen, firemen, soldiers and sea fighters! Talk about the dangers or delights of co-education in schools and universities! In West Fourteenth street there is a training school where 100 or more young men and women, living under the same roof, are kept rigidly apart, except when called together for instruction in the art of courtship and marriage.

The rules laid down may not be carried out in the precincts of the training school. Opportunities for that are allowed elsewhere. But any violation of the rules on the part of any young man or young woman wandering in the winding pathways of the first love must be reported to the colonel in command of the courtship class, and punishment will be meted out to fit the crime.

This school of courtship is not open to everybody. The luckless swain in society who is too timid to tell his girl that he loves her, or the coy maiden who lacks the coquetry to bring such a swain to the proposing point, may find no comfort there. They must continue to rely on their own wit, the advice of friends (usually found to be worse than useless), or upon various publications which may be purchased for a nominal sum, and are edited to fit all cases. This courtship school is limited strictly to lassies and laddies of the Salvation Army, who have been chosen from local societies all over the country to become officers. None must be under 18 or over 40 years old.

There are only three of these training schools in the United States—New York, Chicago and San Francisco. They have two sessions a year, winter and summer. The winter session is now almost completed. The New York training school is the largest and the most important, because the headquarters of the Salvation Army for the United States is here. Few persons outside of the army know that it is the intention of Gen. Booth to establish a Salvation Army university in or near New York city on a very large scale. The plans have been drawn up, and a considerable sum of money raised to carry them out. In event of the general's death the project will go on just the same. It is intended to found here a university where from 5000 to 8000 students a year shall receive religious education quite as thorough as students receive at the Union Theological seminary or any other religious college. The course will last two years, whereas at the Salvation army training schools it lasts only twenty-one weeks. In this university co-education will go the limit, so to speak, but always under the strict rules that obtain in the training schools.

The courtship and matrimony course is not the only one in the trainyning school, but it is gone through as thoroughly and conscientiously as any other in the curriculum. The young men and young women are taught that courtship is quite as solemn and important a matter as marriage, and that no girl should think of entertaining feelings of love for a young man until she knows him as she knows her Bible. She may not take him off into a corner by herself and coo with him after the fashion of turtle-dove lovers the world over. Her courtship and marriage are more or less of a public matter, so far as the army is concerned. Her associate officers, particularly those high in command, have something to say about it. They make investigations, and decide whether or not any two who wish to wed are suited to each other. If not, they don't marry. For there must be no divorce. In a very few instances have couples married against the wishes of the commanding officers. Marriages with persons outside the army are prohibited. If an officer-girl marries outside the army she may go back into the ranks and wear the uniform, if she chooses, but she ceases to be an officer. So with a man.

Under the strict rules established by Gen. Booth, marriage is encouraged rather than discouraged in the Salvation Army. They have a maxim that "where one shall chase a thousand, two shall put ten thousand to flight." Husband and wife continued to work as officers even after they have set up housekeeping. They are called upon to move about from post to post all over the country a good deal, just as regular army officers are, but they get used to that.

Married officers get more wages than single officers, both men and women. To the lay mind these wages seem to call for the intervention of a walking delegate, but Salvation Army people are taught to live economically. They are extremely so in the matter of clothes, for instance. A Salvation Army husband never gets a bill for an Easter bonnet. A captain, if he is a single man, receives $8 a week, a single woman $7 a week. If they marry, about $2 a week is added in each case, making a combined income of $19 a week. But both husband and wife have to work for that, even when the children come.

Few persons realize how the Salvation Army is growing. In 1896 it required only 2000 officers to manage the local societies scattered throughout the land. In 1903 it required 3343. This year about 100 more will be required. In 1896 the Self-Denial income among the officers—little sacrifices not required of officers in the regular army—amounted to $26,369. Last year it was $84,939. In the three American training schools from 300 to 400 new officers are turned out each year to fill vacancies, as substitutes, and to create new posts. Unlike the regular army cadet at West Point, the Salvation Army cadet gets no pay while he is studying. He gets board and lodging, but that is all.

The local posts in various states select the cadets for officership, and raise the money to send them to the training schools. All east of Pittsburg are sent to New York, all in the Middle West to Chicago, and all west of the Rockies to San Francisco. There are exceptions. The army has several Swedish and Norwegian posts in the Northwest, and several Italian and German posts in the East. About 10 per cent of all the students must do their work in foreign languages. All these cadets must come to the New York school, even if from the Pacific coast. Instruction in foreign languages is given nowhere else.

The cadet must not smoke or drink. When he reaches the New York training school he gets a bed in a dormitory. Instead of having a number attached to it, as in school dormitories, for instance, he finds a platinum plate with a religious inscription upon it—"Win Souls," or "Go Straight for Souls and Go for the Worst," for instance. His trunk is stored in the cellar, just as it would be in a hotel, if he did not want it in his room. He has plenty of locker room, good baths and good meals. His barracks are as clean as any regular army barracks ever inspected, and he has to clean them himself. Everything is managed by bugle and drum call. It gets the cadet out of bed at 6:30 in the morning, and he is kept at work until taps at 10:30 at night. From 6:30 to 8 the cadets attend chapel, make their beds, get the breakfast for both the men's and the women's sections, scrub the floors and put everything in applepie order. A full-course cadet would make a good house servant. They take turns at all sorts of work. In return for the men cadets doing the cooking the women cadets wash their linen for them. In the Salvation Army training school, as everywhere, men are no use at the washtub.

From breakfast on it is a series of lectures on the Bible and examinations on Salvation Army work, based upon a schedule arranged by Lieut. Col. Chandler, who has charge of the men cadets, and Lieut. Col. Osborne, who has charge of the women. There is very little time for recreation or reading. A course in the training school means work. Even on Sundays they are sent into the slums to visit the sick or to help out some of the local posts. So far as the officers are concerned, at least, Salvation Army folk do not care for general reading. In the library at the training school there is no fiction, special class of literature has been written for the cadets—reports of big revivals, travels of missionaries, and things of that sort. Of course, every cadet studies his manual. This book contains everything pertaining to the guidance of a Salvationist's life, both spiritual and physical. It instructs him in the laws of health as well as in the laws of right living.

The cadets have terms of their own that might seem ridiculous to anybody else. A prayer service is called a "knee drill," and practice in shouting "Amen!" or "Hallelujah!" is down on the schedule as "volley firing." At meals, instead of saying grace, they kneel down and sing it, both before and after the meal.

"Saloon visiting" is another important class in which men and women cadets are mixed. It has been found by experience that women make by far the best and most successful saloon workers. Men standing at a bar will refuse a man and ask him why he doesn't work for his living. But most of them will cheerfully throw a few pennies to a woman, especially if she has a sweet voice or a pretty face. It is an undeniable fact that some men, too drunk to know what they are saying, are brusque with these women in a saloon, and sametimes say insulting things, though such conduct is "most unusual."

"In our teachings on this topic," said Col. Chandler, "we impress it upon women to keep their tempers under all circumstances. But our women are human and resent an insult as all women will. We have recruits in our ranks who have had drunken husbands to deal with, or who have led lives that put them into more or less rough-house work with men. They can take care of themselves. I know of one case where a woman took a man by the collar and the seat of his trousers, after he had insulted her, and hustled him into the street as quick as the most adept bouncer on the East Side could have done. Every other man in the place applauded her when she did it, and sent her away with a well-filled box. Of course, she reported the incident when she got to the barracks and was very penitent for losing her temper. We counsel the saloon corps to keep their tempers and pass on when a man insults them. But it is much like telling a man who knows how to use his fists to turn the other cheek when a fellow has called him a liar."

ARE YOU A DYSPEPTIC?

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will not only cure dyspepsia, indigestion and sour stomach, but strengthens the whole digestive apparatus. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure the food you eat is enjoyed. It is digested, assimilated and its nutrient properties apportioned by the blood and tissues. Health is the result. Sold by all druggists.

DIVIDE ON CHURCH LINES

Over the Removal of Roller Skating Rink.

Charles City, Iowa, April 15.—The town has been astir for some days on account of an effort by T. M. Fitzgerald to move the rink to lots in the residence portion. Residents objected to the rink being moved to the block proposed because they are Methodists and opposed to roller skating. They went before the council and had an ordinance rushed through placing the block in the fire limits. As the skating rink is a frame building, it cannot now be moved to the block in question. Fitzgerald is a prominent Catholic and his church friends have sided with him, and there is a division on Catholic and Methodist lines. Fitzgerald has erected a high board fence, which shuts off the view of residents toward the main part of the city.

CUT OFF THE ROBBER

If

COFFEE

keeps you half ill quit 10 days and use

POSTUM

and note change in health.

48 ladies' suits left for Saturday —$32.50 values for $16.50

There was enthusiasm in our Suit department yesterday. Besides all the other sales, we sold twenty-seven suits from the special purchase of the Adler & Stern Fifth Avenue, New York, samples. **The remaining suits are just as good as those we sold.** The values are so apparent in these suits it was merely a matter of having the right size to make sales. There are hardly two suits alike, so we may not have your size in the suit you like best. But the variety is so great we are sure to have something to please every taste. This is without a doubt the choicest suit bargain offered this spring, and it will be a hard matter for the season to develop another snap so great. Wise women will not wait, but will come Saturday.

$16.50

for dress and walking suits from 5th ave. N. Y., worth up to $32.50

The suits consist of fancy mixtures, Lymansville cheviots, etamines and Panama cloth and other fashionable fabrics. The colors are plain black, blue, brown, gray and tan, together with fancy mixtures in a number of nobby blends and harmonies. The styles are Etons, blouses and 24-inch hip jackets, all silk or satin lined, the sleeves, collars, shoulders, fronts and backs of the jackets being smartly trimmed; the skirts embracing all the new styles in flares, gores, pleats, tucks, bands, habit backs, etc. There's a good assortment of sizes for small, medium and large women.

The lot is one of those genuine Glass Block bargains no woman who is interested in her dresses can afford to pass by without a thorough examination—$16.50 remember, for any suit in the lot.

Black chiffon hat sale $2.50

We place on sale Saturday 200 black chiffon street hats—ready to put on for Sunday. Made of fine satin braid, beautifully trimmed with chiffon and ornaments. These hats were specially made to sell at $3.50, and if we had bought them at the regular price we'd have to get $3.50 for them. As it is we got all the maker had left—cleaned out the lot at a big reduction and you get the benefit Saturday when we put them on sale at..... **$2.50**

Children's yacht tams—The very latest. They have a vizor and a smart band across the top. Come in white, blue, red, brown and gray. They are worth $1—on sale Saturday for **65c.**

$2.95, $3.95, $4.95

for ladies' trimmed hats worth double. Come and see them.

Remnant sale wash goods on the bargain counter.

5000 yards, all good lengths for dresses and waists—all beautiful wash fabrics, actually worth 19c to 25c a yard when cut from the piece. Satin stripe tissues in white, black and colored grounds, with neat colored figures. Also embroidered Swisses in the new champagne shades, in reds, blues, greens and blacks, also worth 19c to 25c. We offer the entire lot Saturday at—

Beautiful wash goods remnants, 12½c Actually worth 19c and 25c a yard.

Apron check ginghams 4½c.

These apron checks are fully worth 7c a yard. We have 5000 yards bought before the recent advance in the price of cotton goods. Instead of taking advantage of the rise we give you the full benefit of our good buying. These are all blue, with large and small checks —you may have all you want Saturday only at, per yard..... **4½c**

The 2nd floor shoe store

Is the lightest, neatest, most comfortable shoe store in Duluth. Come in Saturday for these special values.

Ladies' $3.00 shoes in light and heavy soles. New spring goods—patent leather tips and heel foxed. Military and opera heels, all sizes and widths—special for Saturday **$2.48**

Ladies' $2.50 shoes in light or heavy weight —all sizes and widths, stylish and durable.. **$1.98**

Ladies' dongola shoes—flexible soles, patent leather tips—all sizes—good full widths—special bargain for Saturday..... **$1.29**

Boys' shoes at $1.50 worth up to $2.50—different style and leathers—solid as a rock—genuine bargains for tomorrow..... **$1.50**

Best Misses' shoes in Duluth at 98c—fine kid stock solid leather soles, all sizes, 9 to 2..... **98c**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

MEN ONLY

Will need these fixings for Sunday. The man who doesn't need to save money doesn't live in Duluth. Russell Sage says he doesn't live at all. The man doesn't live who can't save money on his furnishings at the Glass Block Store.

$2.00 hats for $1.75 — In the clothing stores they call them $3.00 hats, but they're no better than the "P. & W. Special" soft and stiff hats we sell regularly for $2.00, and we'll sell them tomorrow for **$1.75**

Men's spring-weight underwear at 50c—We offer light-weight merino, heavy and medium balbriggan, blue and white mercerized lisle—all go at..... **50c**

Men's underwear—Imported French balbriggan shirts and drawers—very superior quality..... **75c**

Men's underwear — Natural wool shirts and drawers in medium and light weights—all sizes.. **$1.00**

Men's spring neckwear—Very latest styles of London and New York creations, de Joinvilles, Imperials, Ascots, Ruffs, four-in-hands, club ties, etc. Choicest scarfs, sold for $1.00 elsewhere—for Saturday special..... **50c**

Men's negligee shirts—best weaves in cheviot, madras, French percale, zephyr and medium weights, plain and plaided —with attached or detached cuffs—prices run from $3 to **50c**

Boys' Sunday clothes.

Como and fit out your boy here if he's worth the price. We'll make the price low and easy for you.

Knee Pants—Boys' corduroy and cheviot pants, well made—worth 50c, for..... **35c**

Boys' two-piece double breasted suits in blue, black and fancy mixtures—all wool—worth up to $3.25—Saturday..... **$1.89**

Boys' Norfolk suits in all sizes—very latest materials—swell cut—from the best makers—worth $4.00—Saturday at..... **$2.98**

Boys' Buster Brown Suits with Buster Brown belts and collars, choicest goods—Saturday at $7.50, $6.50, $5.75 and..... **$4.98**

Boys' stockings— Fast black cotton stockings—heavy weight ribbed, double heels and toes—Saturday—25c, 15c and..... **10c**

Boys' new spring caps—Military, navy, college and play caps—choice of a thousand—colors blue, red, and tan with patent leather vizor..... **25c**

Boys' fancy silk suspenders and English Windsors..... **25c**

$35 IN GOLD FREE!

1st prize $20.00. 2nd prize $10.00. 3rd prize $5.00.

Tomorrow is the last day for sending in your suggestions for names for our new steel ranges and cook stoves.

Thousands of names have been sent in, but there is no limit. Send in some more. The last is as liable to win as the first. It will take several days to look over all the letters, but as soon as the names have been chosen we will announce the lucky winners.

COMMITTEE ON AWARDS.

J. A. Ferguson, W. A. McGonagle,
A. C. Weiss, Milie Bunnell,
Julius Schneider, of the Panton & White Co.

MICHIGAN STREET SUFFERS BAD LOSS

O'Brien & Knowlton Block Is Completely Gutted By Fire.

Cudahy Packing and Carpenter-Love-Caldwell Companies Lose.

The Losses.

Building	$20,000
Cudahy Packing company	12,000
Carpenter-Love-Caldwell Co.	6,000
Total	$38,000

The Insurance.

Building	$16,000
Cudahy Packing company	12,000

Fire broke out in the O'Brien & Knowlton block at Michigan street and Second avenue west shortly after 11 o'clock last evening, and almost entirely destroyed one half of the building and its contents. The loss is estimated at about $38,000, with $31,600 insurance.

The fire started in the rear of the basement, on Railroad street, near the avenue side. The flames were carried up the freight elevator shaft at the rear of the building and rapidly spread over four upper stories.

The basement and the two lower stories are occupied by the Cudahy Packing company, which has but recently completed a new cold storage plant, after having been burnt out on March 22, 1903.

The Carpenter-Love-Caldwell company, wholesale coffee merchants, occupied the two upper stories. The company was burnt out of the old stand but a few weeks ago, and had just completed the installment of a modern coffee roasting plant in this building. No expense was spared on the new machinery, and the company had one of the most complete equipments in the Northwest. The machinists quit work only a day or two ago, and the machinery is now a complete loss.

The building, which has been gutted by fire on two former occasions, is owned by the Davis Realty company, of New York and Boston. Charles P. Craig is the local repreesntative.

The blaze was discovered by Officer Nelson at 11:10 p. m. He immediately turned in the alarm. He states that when he discovered the fire only a small blaze was visible through the basement windows on the south side of the building, but the high wind fanned the flames and a few minutes later they had leaped through the roof of the building and were raging fiercely on all the floors.

The firemen were unable to throw a stream into the upper floors from the Michigan street side on account of the network of wires and cables. On the Railroad street side extension ladders were used. Two lines of hose were run up on the adjoining building by way of the fire escape to the roof. The firemen were unable to pass along the avenue between Michigan and Railroad streets on account of the intense heat and the burning fragments which were blown from the building.

For nearly an hour the several streams of water that were playing on the flames appeared to have no effect, and attempts to confine the blaze to the upper floor were unsuccessful.

Gradually, however, as the building became drenched, the flames decreased in fierceness, and were finally brought under control. The fire ceased first in the Michigan street corner, and the flames were gradually fought back to the rear of the building.

The wind carried the smoke toward the Merchants' hotel, but the guests were notified as quickly as possible that the hotel was not in danger. Some kept their presence of mind and dressed quietly but hurriedly, while others donned a few garments and rushed out into the hallway to complete their toilet. One of the guests rushed down into the hotel office with a coat and vest over his night robe, and two pairs of trousers under his arm.

In addition to the heavy wind, the fire department was handicapped in its fight. During the time the fire was just gaining headway two companies were sent to answer a false alarm from the American Exchange bank, and their services were lost for ten minutes. While the blaze was at its height the big hose connecting the fire engine stationed at First avenue west and Michigan street with hydrants burst with a loud report, and the engine was temporarily thrown out of business.

The owners of the building sustained the heaviest loss. The extent of the damage will depend largely on the amount of wall that will have to be torn down. From present indications the two upper stories at least will have to be rebuilt. A conservative estimate of the loss places it at $20,000. Insurance to the amount of $16,000 was carried.

The loss to the Cudahy Packing company is estimated at about $12,000. The storage plant was valued at $4000 and three carloads of meat, worth $2500 a car, were lost. The office fittings will complete the $12,000. The loss is fully covered by a blanket policy carried by the company on all its offices and branch houses.

The loss of the Carpenter-Love-Caldwell company is estimated at $6000 and so far as could be learned this morning there was no insurance.

The cause of the fire is a complete mystery. Mr. Craig, the agent for the building, stated this morning that he could gain no clue as to what started the blaze, or even concerning the exact spot in the building where it broke out.

The following is a list of the insurance companies carrying policies on the building, together with the amount of such policies:

Union of Philadelphia	$3000
Delaware of Philadelphia	3000
Assurance of New York	2500
German of Peoria	2500
Rochester German	2500
National Union	2500

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous—

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.

'Phone—Zenith 358.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Many Deaths Occur In Escanaba During Past Few Weeks.

Escanaba—According to records filed at the office of the Delta county clerk, there have been more than sixty deaths in Escanaba since March 1. Never in the history of the city has this record been equalled, and there are but few homes where at least one person is not ill. Half of the deaths have been due to typhoid fever, for the epidemic of which, now prevailing, impure water is held mainly responsible.

According to the monthly report of the librarian of the Escanaba public library 5017 books were loaned from that institution during the month of March. The largest number ever loaned before during any one month was in February, when the total reached was 4900. The number of readers' cards has now reached a total of 1967, the number having been increased by 123 during March.

Menominee—Considerable logging road building is projected in Menominee county. The Cedar River Land company proposes to build in the northern section of the county. The Wisconsin Land and Lumber company is figuring on a road eight miles in length, and Crawford & Sons have for some time considered the project of building from Cedar River, twenty miles towards Powers and Spalding. In all the construction of about forty miles of road is proposed. The country to be opened is for the most part entirely undeveloped.

Sault Ste. Marie—Fred Schultz, of the Soo, is the owner of an interesting relic of bygone days. Several years ago Mr. Schultz was employed in a gravel pit near Mason, Mich., and during the excavation he unearthed several feet below the surface a heavy iron hand finger ring. In place of signet or seal there were three knifed-shaped prongs and it is quite evident that the ring was used as a weapon, probably by some of the early explorers to Michigan. It bears evidence of being of foreign make and was no doubt brought to this country more than a century ago.

Grand Marais—Advices from Deputy Sheriff Knowles, of Everett, Shonohomish county, Wash., are to the effect that A. J. McPhail, who formerly resided in Grand Marais, and who last May killed a fellow saloon man in Darrington, Wash., for which he was tried, convicted and sentenced to be hung, is still in jail at Everett. He was sentenced to be hung and had until March 23 to appeal his case to the supreme court. On March 20 his attorneys filed an appeal, which will stay the proceedings for six months or more. Mr. Knowles states that McPhail is still playing the role of a crazy man, but says that he does not think it will have the effect of altering his case in any way.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings and sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

CLARK HOWELL

Expects Judge Parker to Lead the Democrats.

Atlanta, Ga., April 15.—Clark Howell, national Democratic committeeman from Georgia, when asked "Whom do you favor as the Democratic nominee for the presidency?" replied:

"It seems to be a foregone conclusion that the New York state convention will on Monday instruct for Judge Parker for president. If this is done the question of the Democratic presidential nomination will be settled, with the probability that no other name than Judge Parker's will be offered to the St. Louis convention."

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

SHINGLES Best grade of native WHITE CEDAR

Delivered to all parts of the city.

L. R. MARTIN,

517 LYCEUM BLDG Both 'phones. No. 385

A HAND out of the DARK

often comes to our aid when we least expect hope or help.

If you are one of the millions of sufferers from Nervous Debility, and the future seems gloomy and hopeless, this advertisement of

PALMO TABLETS

will seem providential.

This remedy cures the dread disease and all of its symptoms, such as dizziness, failing memory, drains, sleeplessness and varicocele.

It has cured thousands; it will cure you. "Your money back" proves our faith

50 cents a box, 12 for $5. New book, free. The S. R. Feil Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 11 West Superior street.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; 61 a box. E. P. Baron, druggist, 328 West Superior st., Duluth.

Leaders in Style and Fit

Are our nobby new spring clothes for children and our fine hand-tailored

Suits and Overcoats for Men.

$10, $12, $15, $18 and $20

Are some of the prices at which we are selling the best range of men's suits, with a guarantee behind them that is "made good" by the clothes themselves in every instance. Our ever increasing trade proves this.

C. W. ERICSON, THE CLOTHIER, 219 W. Sup. St.

DENIED BY DUNN

Statement of C. A. Smith Flatly Denied By Dunn Managers.

Frank M. Nye of Minneapolis Will Not Run For Congress.

St. Paul, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The managers of the campaign of Robert C. Dunn of Princeton deny unequivocably the statement of C. A. Smith of Minneapolis, published in the Minneapolis Journal, that the Dunn men made a proposition to the Minneapolis lumbermen to support him for the United States senate against Senator Knute Nelson in 1907, if Smith would line up for Dunn on the governorship and Joel P. Heatwole of Northfield for the senate against Senator Clapp in 1905.

Mr. Heatwole was not in the city yesterday, but one of the leading Dunn managers said regarding Mr. Smith's statement:

"Mr. Smith says that the proposition was made to him by one of his friends who is of close friend of one of the Dunn managers. I don't know what propositions were made to Mr. Smith by his friends, but I do know this, that neither Mr. Dunn nor any of his political managers ever offered to support the Minneapolis lumberman for the United States senate for any consideration. If any proposal of that kind was made it was made without the knowledge or consent of Mr. Dunn or any of the Republicans actively identified with his campaign.

"I will say further that I do not know of any friends of Mr. Smith who are also close friends of Mr. Dunn or his managers. Mr. Smith has been fighting Mr. Dunn ever since he was elected state auditor, and he is fighting him now. When Mr. Dunn was state auditor he caused an investigation of timber trespasses, which cost Mr. Smith $10,000 in a lump. Since then the Minneapolis lumberman has vigorously fought the Princeton candidate for governor, and I leave it for the public to judge why he has shown his opposition."

The statement of Mr. Smith is that the Dunn men tried to get him in a combination, in which the slate would be Dunn for governor, Heatwole for the United States senate in place of Senator Clapp and Smith for Nelson's place in 1907.

"The proposition was made to me," said Mr. Smith, "by a friend of mine who is very close to Mr. Dunn's managers, or rather to one of his managers. He outlined a program to me which he said was authorized, and would be a go, if I would only say the word. It would tie things up absolutely and nothing would break the slate. The plan was to nominate Mr. Dunn for governor, elect Mr. Heatwole to the United States senate in place of Senator Clapp and then to turn in and support me against Senator Nelson. I refused to become a party to such a program and gave him my refusal on the spot. That was the last I heard on the subject until certain papers friendly to Mr. Dunn began to accuse me of being a candidate against Senator Clapp. As soon as my attention was called to this I stated that I was not and would not be a candidate, but they kept it up and I sent word to the gentlemen who made me the proposition that if they did not let me alone and quit questioning my political good name I would have to say something to defend myself. They kept the story going and I decided that I would have to tell the truth so the public would understand my position. That is all there is to it."

* * *

Has Robert Jamison, private secretary of Governor S. R. Van Sant, cast his lot for Judge Loren W. Collins of St. Cloud?

Judge Jamison yesterday afternoon had a conference at Minneapolis with James A. Martin, Judge Collins' campaign manager, and George L. Matchan of Mineapolis, one of the leading Collins managers in Hennepin county. Judge Jamison was summoned by Martin and Matchan, who, according to reports which leaked out after the conference, explained to the private secretary of the governor that things in Minneapolis were in a bad way and that the Collins men needed the support of Jamison to carry the county.

The generally accepted opinion among the Dunn men has been that Judge Jamison was out of the fight. In case Judge Collins won the nomination, it was universally believed that Mr. Martin would be his private secretary, which pays between $6000 and $7000 a year. This belief was confirmed by the fact that Judge Jamison had recently opened a law office in Minneapolis and gave every indication of having abandoned politics at least for the present. He has repeatedly stated that he is taking no part in the governorship fight.

* * *

Frank M. Nye, of Minneapolis, yesterday announced that he is not a candidate for the congressional nomination in the Fifth district, and Hennepin county Republicans, not favorable to Loren Fletcher, are looking for another candidate. Mr. Nye, one of the best-known attorneys in Minneapolis, was considered a sure entry into the race. His withdrawal is due to the fact that the Republicans of the county could not decide on one man.

"I have hoped until very recently that there might be a successful effort made to find a candidate upon whom the Republicans could cordially unite and who could be elected without the burden and expense of two heated campaigns," said Mr. Nye. "With this in view I have allowed my name to be considered. This district is Republican and should be represented by a Republican, but unless reasonable harmony can be secured and a bitter contest at the primaries avoided, the election of the nominee whoever he may be, will be endangered. Such evidences of harmony as now appear do not warrent me in entering the race. I therefore take this opportunity to state that I am not a candidate for congress."

Senator Julius Coller, of Shakopee, one of the leading Democrats of the state, who was in St. Paul yesterday said that there is no truth in the report that he might run for the Democratic congressional nomination in the Third district.

"I have two years to serve in the senate yet," said Mr. Coller, "and besides I have no ambition to go to congress. I believe that Congressman Davis will be renominated by the Republicans and elected."

Speaking about the Democratic presidential nomination Senator Coller said:

"I am a Parker man and I believe that the New York judge will carry New York against President Roosevelt. I believe that the overwhelming sentiment in Minnesota is for Parker or a man of his stamp. I have never thought that Hearst had a show in Minnesota."

* * *

P. A. Gunders, former assistant bank examiner, who has been employed by the Dunn managers, issued a statement yesterday denying the report in the afternoon Sheaf that he had told the residents of Marshall county that Dunn would furnish "the sinews of war" to anyone who would affiliate with the Dunn campaign.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask W. C. Brown.

HEART WAS BROKEN.

Aged Father's Death Caused By Loss of Son.

New York, April 15.—The tragic end of Patrolman Hugh J. Enright, who was shot in a battle with a burglar recently has caused the death of his father-in-law, John J. Moran, 70 years old. Since the hour when Enright fell before the burglar's pistol the old man has grieved constantly. Just as he was about to take the two little grandchildren for a walk he cried to his daughter: "Hugh is calling me; I am going to meet him," and fell dead. The doctors say his heart was broken.

An extraordinary tribute to the bravery of Enright has been the raising of a benefit fund for his family, amounting to $15,-001. It has been placed in trust.

FITZSIMMONS ANE M'COY MAY FIGHT.

New York, April 15.—A match probably will be arranged within a few days between Robrt Fitzsimmons and "Kid" McCoy for a six-round battle before one of the Philadelphia clubs. Fitzsimmons has accepted the numerous challenges recently presented by McCoy's managers and has declared his readiness for six rounds within three weeks' time, at catch weights or a bout of twenty or twenty-five rounds for the middlechampionship within two months.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 7; Brooklyn, 1.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 6; Boston, 0.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 3; Chicago, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Cleveland, 6; Chicago, 1.
At St. Louis—Detroit, 7; St. Louis, 2.
At Washington—Philadelphia, 8; Washington, 3.
At New York—New York, 8; Boston, 2.

HEARST BOLTERS HOLD CONVENTION.

Trenton, N. J., April 15.—A Democratic state convention of more than 1200 delegates yesterday selected an uninstructed delegation to the national convention. About 100 supporters of W. R. Hearst for president said they had been illegally deprived of seats in the regular convention and held a second convention, nominating delegates at large and delegates from five congressional districts. The fourteen men named by the bolting convention will go to St. Louis to contest the seats of the men selected at the regular convention.

Are Your Kidneys Healthy?

Sick Kidneys Neglected Cause More Suffering and Fill More Graves Than All Other Diseases Combined.

Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney Disease and Don't Know It. Read the Case of Miss Winny Tierney, Who Was Cured by Warner's Safe Cure After Years of Agony.

"Two years ago I suffered from dizzy spells, and so often dropped off in a dead faint that I was afraid to go out alone. My head and back ached terribly. Medicine only seemed to make me worse, and nobody knew what was the matter with me. Finally I went to one of the most celebrated specialists in the West, and he told me I had an unusually bad case of uric acid poisoning caused by kidney disease allowed to run along without proper treatment, and that my only hope was to begin taking Warner's Safe Cure at once.

MISS WINNY TIERNEY.

I felt better after the first few doses. It cleansed my blood from the poisons of disease and medicine, drove the inflammation out of my kidneys and cured them and completely restored my general health and undoubtedly saved my life.

I feel as well, fresh and bright as I ever did in my life, and will never again be without a bottle of Warner's Safe Cure, the great life-giving medicine.

You may print my letter, with the hope that it will meet the eye of some one suffering as I did."—Winny Tierney, Hastings, Neb.

The dizzy and fainting spells, the backache and headache described by Miss Tierney, are never-failing symptoms of kidney disease, and unless properly treated at once with Warner's Safe Cure, uric acid poisoning will set in and Bright's disease surely follow, for when the kidneys are out of working order the poisonous waste matters clog the circulation and fill the system with deadly germs which undermine the health and cause great suffering and death.

Urinary and "female ills" are the result of weak kidneys. Doctors for over 30 years have been using Warner's Safe Cure for their own kidneys, bladder, liver and blood, and prescribing it exclusively for their patients, because of its wonderful curative qualities and its absolute purity and freedom from even the slightest trace of dangerous drugs, so common in other "so-called cures."

IF IN DOUBT, TEST YOUR URINE.

Let a glass or bottle of morning urine stand still 24 hours. If it becomes cloudy, or contains floating particles, or if a sediment forms, your kidneys have been diseased for months, and your only hope of life and health is to at once take Warner's Safe Cure, which checks inflammation, drives out all poisonous matters that have been allowed to accumulate, and cures and invigorates the kidneys. It purifies the blood, strengthens the circulation, and builds up the general health and strength as nothing else can do. Sold by all druggists or direct, 50 cts. and $1 a bottle.

Refuse substitutes and imitations. They are dangerous and will not cure. Take only Warner's Safe Cure.

Doctor's advice and medical booklet free. Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y.

"Safe" Pills move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

A HALT IS CALLED

Many Potent Obstacles to City Ownership In Chicago.

Nearly $200,000,000 Is Needed to Pay For Street Railways.

Chicago, April 15.—By a majority of 70,000 the people of Chicago have demanded municipal ownership of the street railways. Thousands of those who voted for this reform expected it to be put into effect immediately. But Chicago will be considerably older before the city owns and controls the traction utilities, for reasons which will be set out below. One great obstacle is that the city has no money to buy the valuable plants. Another equally potent obstacle is the refusal of the traction companies to sell. It would seem that these should be sufficient, but there are still other barriers in the way of the municipality taking over the railways and operating them.

For years some of the newspapers, and many reformers, have been demanding municipal ownership. The public has been wrought up to a high pitch of expectancy. It is true that the water furnished by the city is not a good argument for municipal control of the vast traction arteries, and certain lighting plants also controlled by the city do not compare favorably with the service furnished by private enterprise. But when the opportunity came, the people voted for municipal ownership of the street railways. One strong argument was that the public would be assured of better protection in strike troubles. Another was that the service would be greatly improved. Both these points were open to differences of opinion, but the proposition carried.

Advocates of the measure are confident the scheme can be carried through, but Mayor Harrison takes a pessimistic view. Following the election, he said: "Municipal ownership in our present condition is an impossibility. We have no money to take over these traction interests, and even if we had they would not sell to us. I would like some of these people who have been so insistent for municipal ownership to come in and tell me how we are to bring it about."

As opposed to this flat statement by the executive head of the city, the advocates of municipal ownership are sanguine, but none of them is prepared to give out the program to be followed. It is declared that this will come later—after the legislative committee has settled down to work. Members of this committee freely declare that, in their opinion, the city government can force the traction companies to accept the city street railway certificates. Should this prove true, it is argued that the principal obstacle to complete success will have been removed. Corporation Counsel Tolman says that while he believes the city's street railway certificates would be "as good as gold," the acceptances of them by the owners of the traction interests is quite another proposition.

Most of the lawyers and other representatives of the traction companies are out of the city, but the few who have been consulted appear to think absolute municipal ownership and operation of the Chicago street railways is still far away. One man pointed out that there must be several referenda before the provisions of the Mueller bill are legally adhered to, saying: "It was shown that by this bill—which the people adopted by a large majority last week—the first referendum concerned adoption of the law; the next would directly involve the people's adoption of the ordinance providing for public operation of the roads, which proposition, by the Mueller law, must be approved by three-fifths of the voters. Next, the people would have to vote on one of two other plans of financing the transaction—by borrowing negotiable bonds, to be approved by two-thirds of the electors voting thereon, or by the certificate plan, which requires the indorsement of a majority of the electors voting."

At a rough but fair estimate, the street railways of Chicago, elevated and surface, are worth $100,000,000. This makes no accounting of what they will be worth ten years from now. If one started out to buy them he would have to take this figure, or something closely approximating it, as a basis to work from. At the present time Chicago is at the extreme limit of her bonded indebtedness. It is difficult to borrow money, even for running expenses. Many bridges, streets and other public properties are falling into decay because the city has no money and can get no money to keep them in repair. Improvements that are well-nigh vital have to be ignored because there are no funds. Before the city could take over the street railways the Illinois legislature would be called upon to pass an act permitting the issue of bonds. The Illinois legislature has never been noted for its friendly spirit toward the city, and serious trouble might be encountered at the very outset. Even granting that such a bill could be put through, the city's financial name is not of the best, and difficulty might be experienced in disposing of the bonds at any reasonable figure.

The question of the refusal of the traction companies to sell must also be taken into account. Some of the principal trunk lines are in the hands of federal receivers and are protected by the government. It is argued that the city government, by withholding franchises, refusing protection during labor troubles, and displaying hostility in numerous ways, could make it so unpleasant and unprofitable for the companies that they would be forced to sell. Some of the lines have franchises running many years, and, unless forced to do so, will not sell except at a profit. But all these arguments amount to nothing until the city finds some source of reevnue or some method of raising the money to buy.

For the present a committee has been appointed by the street car lines now operating without a franchise to secure legislation from the council permitting them to operate under special license until such time as the city shall take over and operate the systems. There is a disposition among the reformers and those shouting for municipal ownership not to grant any franchises in the future and only to issue licenses that may be revoked at the pleasure of the mayor and council.

There are employed by the various traction companies a round total of about 18,000 persons. The majority of these are men in the train service, and they are as well or better paid than men in similar service in other cities. There is a fear that if municipal ownership becomes a fact, the employes of the traction lines will have to pay more attention to politics and less to their professions in order to be assured of employment. That it would be a tremendous political power no one questions. The great majority of these men are thoroughly organized, and the civil service rules would hardly stand in the way if the administration saw fit to make of the street railway service a solid political phalanx. This is one of the unpleasant possibilities of municipal ownership—at least in Chicago.

A glance at the propositions of some of the principal street railway systems of Chicago, their resources, estimated value (actual property) and the estimate that would likely be put upon them by appraisers in the event Chicago undertakes to buy them, will show what the voters have remanded by a majority of 70,000. Chicago is a city of great things, but here are some figures that will require overnight thought before it is just plain where the money is coming from:

The Chicago City Railway company was organized under a special charter by the legislature of Illinois in 1859. Its authorized capital stock is $19,000,000, of which $18,000,000 was issued. There are no outstanding bonds. The entire outstanding issue was paid at maturity, July 1, 1901, by an issue of $4,500,000 new capital stock. Dividends were paid in March, June, September and December, 1902, at the rate of 2¼ per cent quarterly. The franchises have from time to time been enlarged by the city council. The gross earnings in 1902 were $6,413,-181 and a total of 183,891,361 passengers were carried. This company has a total mileage of 218.71, of which 183.96 is electric, the remainder cable. The percentage of net earnings to the capital stock (figures of 1902) was 10.54.

The Chicago Consolidated Traction company was organized Feb. 11, 1899, with capital stock, authorized, of $15,000,-000. All this is outstanding in par value shares of $100 each. The company issued bonds for $6,700,000, due Dec. 1, 1937, bearing 4½ per cent. In addition, the company assumed the bonded indebtedness of the following constituent companies:

North Side Electric company, $155,000, at 6 per cent.

Chicago Electric Transit company, $1,097,000, at 6 per cent.

North Chicago Electric, $868,000, at 6 per cent.

Evanston Electric company, $130,000, at 6 per cent.

Cicero and Proviso Electric company, $44,000, at 6 per cent.

Ogden Street Railway company, $750,-000, at 6 per cent.

Making a total bonded indebtedness of $11,950,000. The Consolidated company also carries, as fixed charges, interest on 6 per cent of the $670,000 bond issuue of the hicago North Shore Street Railway company and interest on the $650,000 capital stock of the same company at 6 per cent. Both these are guaranteed by the North hicago Electric Railway company. The seven electric lines taken over by the consolidated were at that time under the control of the Yerkes interest. The total mileage (figures of 1902) was 205.71. The company owns three large power houses, and the total assets are $21,349,852.46.

Late in 1889 negotiations were begun for the transfer of a majority of the Consolidated traction stock to the Chicago Union Traction company, and were completed in 1900. The Consolidated Traction company gave the Chicago Union company $6,750,000 50-year 4½ per cent gold bonds, secured on all its property and rights. The Chicago Union Traction company guarantees the principal and interest, and agrees not to mortgage any of its property as long as these bonds are outstanding. In return the Consolidated company is granted the right for fifty years to run its cars over the various lines of the Union Traction company, reaching the heart of the city, and to retain for itself 77 per cent of the fares collected over such lines.

The Chicago General Railway company was incorporated Oct. 21, 1893, to purchase lines in Cook county. Its capital stock authorized was $10,000,000, of which $772,000 was issued. Of this, $272,350 is involved in litigation. This company also issued bonds for $1,437,500. Its ordinances contain unusual privileges of great value. It may run its trolley cars over all tracks in the city by lease or contract and cross all streets where property may be condemned. It owns twenty-six miles of track. In 1894 the General company leased the West and South Towns Street Railway companies, subsequently acquiring all this property by deed, and also obtained the right to operate over many other lines. The financial history of this company has been involved in litigation. It went into the hands of a receiver in 1900. A year later a bill was filed to foreclose two mortgages, and a new receiver was appointed in 1903.

The Chicago Union Traction company was organized May 24, 1899, under the laws of Illinois. Its capital stock was $12,000,000, preferred cumulative 5 per cent and $20,000,000 common stock, all of which is outstanding. This company owns 297.03 miles and leases and controls 205.71 in addition. The value of this property (figures of 1902) was $47,224,833. Then there is the Calumet Electric Street Railway company, which has a capital stock of $5,000,000, full paid, and operates 80 miles of track in the extreme south end of the city. Owing to the failure in 1896 of the National bank of Illinois, this company was placed in the hands of a receiver.

There are also the elevated railroads, the combined capital stock of which amounts to nearly $80,000,000, and the Union Elevated Loop company, with a trifle over three miles of track in the very heart of the city, but of immense value. All the outlying elevated lines use this loop, paying rental to the Union Loop company.

Thus it will be seen that before Chicago even begins to talk about municipal ownership, there is a little matter of $100,000,000 or $200,000,000 to be accounted for. The details of management, the swinging into political lines of the army of employes, the giving of better service to the public, all these may be laid aside until Chicago finds enough money to meet her current, hand-to-mouth expenses. When this serious question has been solved, it will be time to take up the matter of buying the vast traction properties. Viewed from the most optimistic standpoint, it is likely to be some time before the city of Chicago gives to the world a working example of municipal ownership on a large scale. The franchises of the principal trunk lines expired in July last, but the owners will continue to operate their cars. They do not expect the city to assume management—not at least for several months.

Meanwhile the impatient public, which has howled and voted for municipal ownership, will make life miserable for the authorities. Many of them were under the impression that the city would take over the car lines the day following the election. From present indications, they will have an opportunity to vote on many other public questions before the operatives on the street railways bear the stamp and brand of the city hall. Chicago has demanded municipal ownership. Mayor Harrison says "It is impossible. You will have to show me how we are to bring it about."

Hanan Shoes For Women.
Spring styles. M. S. BURROWS.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Senator Frye has introduced a bill providing for the retirement of letter carriers who have reached the age of 65 years and who have served for thirty-five years. The bill gives the carriers retired pay at 80 per cent of the salaries they were receiving at the time of retirement.

Aurelio Herrera, of California, knocked out "Kid" Farmer, of Chicago, at Chicago Thursday night in the first round of what was to have been a six-round contest.

John Bennett, a negro, was electrocuted at Columbus, Friday morning for the murder of his wife at Obrilin, Ohio, last December.

C. P. Dewey and Chauncey Dewey have pleaded guilty in the United States district court to the fencing of government land in Rawlins and contiguous counties. Tacy were each fined $50 and court costs and a sentence of one day in the Shawnee county jail. The trouble arising over the fencing of these lands had much to do with the bringing about of the Berry feud and killing.

GOOD CLOTHES

If you know a man who wants the best suit he ever bought in his life for

$10.00, $12.00, $15.00 or $20.00

send him around and there will be something doing at this store at once. If you don't know of such a man, what do you say to coming yourself.

Our assortments of suits in Cheviots, Scotches, Cassimeres, Homespuns, Worsteds and Serges is well worth coming to see. The tailoring is exceptional. It's more—it's elegant. Collar and lapel hand finished, hand made button holes, seams welted and stitched. It's wonderful how we can crowd so much style and tailoring into so little money. We are surprised at it ourselves and we think you'll be, come see.

321 West Sup. St., Duluth. **EAGLE CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE** 321 West. Sup. St., Duluth.

Agents for the Kauffman Hand Tailored Clothing.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Shown By Reports to the International Merchantile Agency.

New York, April 15.—Special dispatches to the International Mercantile agency report a continuance of favorable trade conditions in most centers of the country. Unseasonable weather is still restricting business in certain parts of the South and West. This has been specially noticeable in wholesale dry goods, where the movement has been delayed, although sales in general average up to last year, in some sections even surpassing the 1903 total.

While seeding throughout the Northwest has been retarded by a late spring the season is not sufficiently far advanced to warrant any definite predictions concerning crop prospects. The St. Paul district reports a fairly good outlook with chances of greatly improved prospects as soon as good weather permits the farmer to go on with his work.

Collections in some lines are behind a year ago. This applies especially where trade has been retarded by the late spring or peculiar vicissitudes.

Improvements in iron have been thoroughly sustained. Pittsburg district reports volume of business likely to equal last year's record. Consumptive demand is alone governing the market.

WRESTLING MATCHES

McCauley Defeats Jack Munro; Schollein Bests Parker.

St. Paul, April 15.—Jack Munro, the heavyweight pugilist, was defeated in a wrestling bout with Jim McCauley, of St. Paul, last night. McCauley won the first fall in 11½ minutes; Munro took the second in 17 minutes, while the local man took the deciding fall in 8 minutes. Munro was in splendid physical condition, but was apparently a novice at wrestling.

Baltimore, April 15.—Gus Schollen, "Americus" of Baltimore, last night defeated Harvey Parker, the 245-pound world's champion wrestler, in two straight falls.

THE merchants who sell Gordon Hats appreciate the value of the returning customer, the value of growing business.

Gordon Hats, soft or stiff, $3.00.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

WEST END BARGAIN GUIDE

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

Build up the West End by patronizing them.

Department Store.
Johnson & Moc, 2102-8 W. Superior st.

Jewelry and Watchmaking.
T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.
O. G. Hulberg, 1925 W. Superior st.

Knitting Mills.
Nelson Bros., 2103 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Superior st.

Installment House Furnishings.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, New 'Phone 424

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.
A. J. Landgren, 1627 W. Superior st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson, 2017-19 W. Superior st.

Flour and Feed.
Helmer Jentoft, 2014-16 W. First st.

Furniture and Stoves.
C. Lavick, 2021 West Superior street.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

ON TRIP TO SIBERIA

William F. Guenther of Milwaukee Has Begun Long Journey.

To Set Up American Harvesting Machines In Siberia.

Milwaukee, April 15.—William F. Guenthler, of Milwaukee, started on a long journey yesterday morning. Mr. Guenther is bound for the interior of Siberia, about 9000 miles from Milwaukee, in the interests of the Milwaukee division of the International Harvester company. He will sail from New York for London on Saturday next. In London he will meet the representatives of the company. From London Mr. Guenther will either go by way of the Baltic sea to Windau or Rega, and from there into the interior, or from London to Hamburg, Berlin, Warsaw and Moscow by rail.

This is not Mr. Guenther's first trip abroad, as he has been in European Russia and Siberia. He is an expert harvester machine man. Mr. Guenther says Siberia is entirely an agricultural country, there being no factories there, and all the land belongs to the government so many acres being rented to each farmer. The crop last year, according to Mr. Guenther, was gigantic and not near enough machines were on hand to handle it. The object of his going there is to instruct the Siberians in the use of the machines and put them up.

Mr. Guenther will proceed to Omsk, Siberia, and from there to Ob, making his headquarters, very likely, in Barnaul. His destination is about 3000 miles from St. Petersburg. Mr. Guenther has several long journeys by teams in prospect, although river transportation is good. Small river steamers, with fairly good accommodations, make trips up and down the Siberian rivers.

The Milwaukeean will be gone about six months. He estimates that it will take him twenty-six days to reach his destination in the czar's country. Mr. Guenther will keep in touch with the rest of the world. He has ordered the Wisconsin sent to his address in Siberia, although from past experience he knows that much of the news will be blotted out when it reaches the Russian frontier. All papers are examined by the czar's officials, and articles concerning Russia unsuitable to the officials, are blotted with black ink, rewrapped and sent on. Mr. Guenther fears that much of the war news in the Wisconsin will be "inked." The Russians know less about their own country than anyone else, according to Mr. Guenther.

The Russian government is very strict in regard to passports. Upon arriving at the Russian frontier Mr. Guenther's credentials will be examined, and if found O. K. will be recommended, and at every hotel the papers must be turned over, the police making daily rounds, to keep track of all strangers.

Mr. Guenther says the railroad in Siberia has one standard of time, and every village has its own standard, sometimes a difference of several hours occurring.

Mr. Guenther does not speak Russian, but has command of English and German. He came here from Waupun, Wis., two years ago.

IMPROVEMENT OF CITY'S BEAUTY

Prof. Routzahn Talks to Small Audience at High School.

Professor Routzahn's lecture on "Civic Improvement" at the high school hall last night was only fairly well attended. This is the third occasion of the kind which has been had in Duluth through the Commercial club's efforts, and while the interest is thought to be increasing, the fact that the opening was an unpleasant one is supposed to have deterred many who would otherwise have attended the lecture last night. The other two lectures were by a representative of the National Cash Register company, of Dayton, Ohio, who have a model factory which has attracted attention all over the country, and Albert Kelsey, president of the architectural league of America, who is also prominent in public work in Philadelphia.

Referring to Mr. Kelsey, Mr. Routzahn said last night that no one who goes to the Louisiana purchase exposition at St. Louis this summer should fail to look at the Model City which Mr. Kelsey has prepared. He has studied the question of municipal perfection in all its phases and was sent to various places in this country and Europe to get data and ideas for his work.

Mr. Routzahn in his talk last night spoke of what the individual may do to improve a city by working on his own premises, by keeping the grounds in good, orderly condition, decorating the fences with vines if fences are necessary, especially in the back yards, or by changing from wood to wire fences.

He exhibited by stereopticon views the remarkable difference that can be made on residence premises by anyone willing to take the trouble, the expense attached to the improvement being very slight, the principal item being the time and effort of personal work.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask E. E. Baker.

THE SHOOTING OF LINCOLN

Witnessed By Wisconsin Man Who Has Interesting Reminder.

Fond du Lac, Wis., April 15.—The thirty-ninth anniversary of the assassination of President Lincoln by James Wilkes Booth at the Ford theater, Washington, D. C., occurred yesterday.

"There are few people alive now who can truthfully say they were in the theater building at the time of the murder of our martyred president," said Doc Aubery at the Palmer house, as he pointed to a reminder of that catastrophe which hung on the wall among a hundred other keepsakes.

"It is the original program of the theater, which I saved myself. I happened to be up from the army that day, and, in company with Ed Russell and Dan Field, who is now living at Montpelier, Vt., we went to Ford's theater. Between the first and second act of the play, entitled "Our American Cousin," a man was seen to step into Mr. Lincoln's private box. A pistol shot rang out. With that Booth, for it was he, drew a knife, and with a tragic effect hissed the immortal words, 'Sic Semper Tyrannis.' Then he leaped to the stage floor and, leaving the audience behind him paralyzed, as it were, he escaped. Yes, that was an awful night at Washington."

Before daylight next morning, says Mr. Aubery, a description of the man had been printed on handbills. These bills offered $30,000 for Booth's capture, and one of them has been preserved by Mr. Aubery. The description of Booth is given this way:

"Height, 5 ft. 7 in.; hair, black, thick and full; no beard or appearance of one, cheeks red on jaw, face moderately full, 22 or 23 years of age, color of eyes not known, but prominent, brow not heavy but rather round, complexion healthy, straight and well formed, medium-sized mouth, small lips, thin upper lip, which protrudes when talks, chin prominent and pointed, hands soft, and fingers tapering, broad shoulders, strong looking in general, manner not gentlemanly but vulgar. Clad in overcoat, double-breasted, mixed pink and gray, pockets inside and one on breast, with lapels, pants black common stuff, new heavy boots, voice inclined to be tenor." It was signed "L. C. Baker, colonel and agent for war department."

OLD MYSTERY CLEARED.

Case of David Helser, Who Disappeared In 1853.

Huntington, Ind., April 15.—The mystery of the disappearance from this city in 1853 of David Helser, has been cleared away. About that time he, with his wife and one son, Andrew W. Helser, lived in a log cabin house in Clearcreek township. Helser left for California, and since that time had not been heard from until a few months ago. It was supposed he had died on the plains. In time his wife secured a divorce and married another, Robert Hullibarger, who died while in the civil war. Later she died.

The son, now employed by the Illinois Central railroad, at Chicago, early this year, learned through railroad friends of a man named Helser, living near Redding, Cal. Correspondence was opened and it was learned that the two were father and son. A visit followed and the son was warmly welcomed. The father had prospered in California and now owns gold lands and oyster beds on the Pacific coast. He gave his son a controlling interest in 120 acres of gold-bearing land, and the son will move his family and live near the home of his father, who is seventy-five years old, and has a family in California.

The Store that Saves you Money

The Famous

SATURDAY BARGAINS:

200 prs Ladies' $2.50 new style—spring shape—shoes; patent leather, vici kid and velour calf; all sizes, Saturday special—

$1.98

10 new styles Ladies' shoes for spring wear, made of vici kid, heavy or light sole, kid tip or patent leather, made to sell at $2.00 a pair—Saturday special—

$1.48

Misses' Shoes.

100 prs Misses' shoes, vici kid, velour calf shoes, made with good stout soles and low flat heels; regular price $2, Saturday special—

$1.48

Extra Special—A Misses' and Little Gents' vici kid box and satin calf shoe, all leather, warranted to give satisfaction; Saturday special—

98c

Boys' Shoes.

150 pairs Boys' and Youths' $2.00 shoes, made of good wearing box and soo calf; solid, serviceable soles, sizes up to 5½; Saturday special—

$1.48

The Famous

111 W. Superior St.

MAKAROFF IN WISCONSIN

Spent Winter of 1896 Inspecting Ice Crushers on Lakes.

Kewaunee, Wis., April 15.—Vice Admiral Makaroff, killed in the naval battle at Port Arthur, visited Kewaunee in 1896. He was sent to this country to inspect the ice-crushing boats on the great lakes. He spent much time at St. Ignace, Mich, and made the trip across the lake in the carferry Ann Arbor No. 1. He traveled under an assumed name and his purpose was kept a secret.

After an exhaustive research he returned to Russia and superintended the building of the ice-crusher Ermack, put in commission on the Baltic sea. He gained the name of "Ice Crusher" Makaroff.

AN ANCIENT BIBLE.

German Bible That Is 275 Years Old.

Paragon, Ind., April 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Leininger, of Paragon, have a German bible that is 275 years old, which has been owned and read by five generations in the United States, and perhaps two in Germany. It is printed on fine linen paper, and is fairly well preserved. The edges of the leaves have changed color, but the printing and illustrations are distinct. The original binding was worn out over a century ago, and the book was sent back to Germany by Mrs. Leininger's great-grandfather, to be rebound. It was first brought to America by Mrs. Leininger's great-great-grandfather, who, with a small colony, came from Strasburg, Germany, and settled at Robesonia, Pa. They established a Lutheran church, the house being a large structure of stone, which is standing today. Mrs. Leininger was converted in that house of worship fifty-five years ago.

The old bible is to be given to this old church at Mr. Leininger's death. He will be buried at Robesonia, and the Bible will be taken there with his body. The text for the funeral sermon is to be taken from this aged volume.

Mrs. Leininger is to be buried in Miami county. She is seventy years old, and he is sixty-two. They are first cousins.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds } **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER** Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

Gray-Tallant Co

The Gage hats have won a world prestige for style and originality of design. We have them in every new shape.

Gray-Tallant Co

Spring Suits at Two Special Prices!

These are the most important reductions on new suits that it is reasonable to suppose will be made during the selling season. They come from the broken lines—styles where the selling was so fast that sizes are already gone. Every garment is selected from our regular stock and has met the Gray-Tallant Co. requirements before it was accepted. Had this offer come from a random purchase we could not be half so sure of your satisfaction. The suits are picked here and there from styles selling up to $35.00 and are grouped in two enticing lots—thus:

Suits up to $35.00 tailored and trimmed in the finest manner. They are of rich qualities of broadcloths, cheviots and fancy mixtures made in the styles that have sold most freely this season up to $30.00 and $35.00. Women who are in touch with the new fashions called them the best in the city at the original prices. All these will be priced tomorrow at the uniform price of---------- **$25.00**

Suits up to $25.00 in all the staple and new materials in plain and manwear weaves. Have the new sleeves and are made with every style detail of the season. There is not a suit in Duluth at the price that can compare with them. You will agree with us after you have compared the "bargains" advertised elsewhere with these unmatchable suits priced regularly up to $18.50, $20.00, $22.50 and $25.00 and tomorrow offered at one price---------- **$16.50**

Cravenette Coats—Long coats for women are the proper wear this season. These rain coats are simply dressy looking long coats rendered waterproof. This double attractiveness accounts for the eager way women are buying them. We have them at all prices. Our $12.50 coat is better than $15.00 coats elsewhere. As good as sold elsewhere at $12.50, here at ---------- **$9.50**

The Boxbay "Never-Tear" Silk.

A lining, skirting and waist silk, that will not tear, split or stretch. That can be washed and still retain its silk beauty. Very strong and absolutely pure dye. Has just enough body to give the gown the proper effect when used as lining or for drop skirts. Wear is guaranteed. This famous quality of silk is sold exclusively by us at 58c a yard for the 20-inch width and $1.00 for the 36-inch. This week it is on sale at the special prices of 50c and $1.00 a yard. You will like it—everybody does.

50c **50c**

See the unique display in the show window. He can't tear it—it is Boxbay.

For Children.

The most serviceable of goods for children's dresses, full yard wide, in green, brown, blue and red colors, splendid qualities, regular 35c values, tomorrow, the yd

26 cents

Ribbons.

We put on sale tomorrow an assortment of ribbons from 1 inch to 3 inches in width, selling regularly from 5c to 25c at from 2½c to 12½c a yard—your choice tomorrow at

Half Price

That is one of the reasons of the popularity of our shoes. There is another—the first time you try them on you will realize it—*fit*. No better $3.50 shoe made than the popular Belmar at $3.00. For fine footwear the Gray Bros. $4.00 shoe equals the best $5.00 shoe to be had.

WOMEN'S SLIPPERS with two or three straps, patent and kid vamps. We have just received a large shipment of them-- **98c**

PATENT COLT OXFORDS—Something entirely new—with flexible soles—a handsome assortment of stylish low shoes, worth $2.00—on sale tomorrow at---------- **$1.50**

CHILDREN'S SPRING SHOES in button or lace styles with either heavy or light soles—sizes 6 to 11—much less here than elsewhere—Saturday ---------- **89c**

HIGH TOP BICYCLE BOOTS of fine kid—for women. The regular price is $3.00 and they are worth it—lucky buyers Saturday have them at only---------- **$1.98**

BOYS' CALFSKIN SHOES, solid soles and soft tops—good for all sorts of weather and all kinds of wear and romping sports. Special tomorrow at ---------- **$1.25**

WOMEN'S STORM RUBBERS—They are first quality—no seconds, new and fresh. The kind that sell everyday at 65c—on sale tomorrow for just one day at---------- **50c**

Remnants of Table Linen.

A table full of remnants left from our three-day sale, including many different widths and weights in our snow white specials — half bleached, silver bleached and unbleached damask at greatly reduced prices for Saturday.

Mercerized Skirts

BLACK SKIRTS with three small ruffles full width, a very good skirt reasonably priced at---------**98c**

BLACK SKIRTS with deep flounce and with stylish new flare, nicely bound—will prove to be very satisfactory—at----------**$1.50**

FINE Quality of mercerized skirts with deep accordeon pleated flounce or small ruffles, full width—a $2.50 value for ---------**$1.98**

BLACK MOREEN Skirts with a wide accordeon pleated flounce and extra dust ruffle—has the correct flare—price----------**$4.50**

Snaps in Men's Furnishings.

There is something new coming in every day—fresh, nobby styles. It's the up-to-the-minute styles and the G.-T. Co. prices that make the men's store different.

FANCY UNDERWEAR — Jersey ribbed and silk trimmed in just the right weight for spring—never sells for less than 50c—all sizes Saturday at---------- **39c**

COLORED SHIRTS — With stiff bosoms, in neat stripes and figures, well made and full fashioned. Every day 75c values, at the men's department tomorrow------- **39c**

MEN'S SUSPENDERS—With kid or calf skin ends and lisle or web backs, in stripes or figured patterns, new goods, worth 25c and 35c, **19c**

JUST ARRIVED—Twenty different lines of men's and boys' colored negligee shirts in stripes, figures and steel gray effects, some with two separate collars and cuffs. You will probably find some new patterns here tomorrow that you will want at once, for they are a handsome collection of dress aiders—priced at 75c and---------- **50c**

OTHER NEW SHIRTS in madras, cheviots and percales in the most stylish patterns possible and perfectly fast colors—tomorrow at $1.00, $1.25 and---------- **$1.50**

Hosiery and Underwear Specials.

By purchasing your spring supply of underwear and hosiery here tomorrow it is possible to accomplish money saving of a kind that cannot be promised later on, for these prices are made to focus your attention on the splendid qualities of the new wear.

LADIES' UNION SUITS—Light weight—of fine ribbed cotton—high neck, long sleeves—ankle length — neck hand crocheted trimmed—half open front—spring weight—$1.00 qualities---------- **69c**

FINE LISLE PANTS—Women's Umbrella Pants—pure white—fancy lace trimmed—extra wide and having a yoke band—during this sale you may have them at the exceptionally low price of ---------- **50c**

COTTON VESTS—High neck— long sleeves — neatly crocheted neck and front—cream white—a regular spring weight—pants to match—50c qualities—tomorrow, only---------- **43c**

AN EXTRA SPECIAL — Women's fine ribbed lisle vests—white, blue and ecru—silk tape trimming—"Forest Mills" make—were slightly soiled by being on a table—50c quality—Saturday at ---------- **29c**

GAUZE LISLE HOSE—Half lace with fancy embroidered fronts of various colors — full fashioned — our regular 75c quality — special selling price for Saturday, only---------- **59c**

COTTON HOSIERY—High spliced heels — double soles —elastic tops—fast black—a splendid quality, which we sell regularly at 25c—extra special price for Saturday, only---------- **15c**

SEAMLESS HOSIERY, 10c—a fast black spring weight cotton hose—a splendid value at 15c—until Saturday night you may have them at the exceptionally low price of---------- **10c**

FANCY HOSIERY—An extra special for this sale — qualities we sold regularly at 39c and 50c the pair— Saturday at---------- **19c**

HOOSIER POET TELLS

Of His Writing "Leonainie," Credited to Poe.

Indianapolis, April 15.—"It was a mistake due to the folly of my youth that I ever wrote that poem, and God knows I have suffered for it," said James Whitcomb Riley, with a sigh, when he consented to make a statement as to the authorship of "Leonainie," the poem which Alfred Russell Wallace caused to be published in the Fortnightly Review, crediting it to Poe and giving the circumstances of the find.

"It was about eighteen years ago," Mr. Riley said, "and at that time I was working on the Anderson Democrat. A lot of us got to talking one day about critics, and I said that some of my poems were just as good as other poets, but I could not sell them because no one knew who I was.

Riley then told the story of writing the poem and of having it published in a Kokomo paper with a story to the effect that it had been found in an old book. The poem was copied and widely discussed. When proof was demanded a young man named Richards was employed to write in it the fly-leaf of an old dictionary. He wrote with a quill pen and with diluted ink to make it look old, and it was almost a perfect imitation of Poe's handwriting. The old dictionary is now owned by Paul Lemperly, of Cleveland, Ohio.

"When the truth came out," continued Mr. Riley, "I lost my position on the Anderson Democrat. No paper would even print my explanation of the affair. The memory of that time still stands out as one of the saddest experiences in my life and one that I can never outlive. There is nothing for me to do but to acknowledge that I wrote it, as I do, but that does not stand, as I once denied being the author. I wrote it, but I did not. I did not write it, but I did, and am a liar anyway you put it."

IRON WORKS TO RESUME.

Philadelphia, April 15.—Active preparations are in progress for the resumption of work at the Pencoyd Iron Works in this city. The extensive plant is controlled by the United States Steel corporation and has been practically idle for several weeks. It is expected that all departments will be again in operation by April 25.—Among the contracts said to have been obtained by the management is one for fifteen bridges for the Imeprial railroad of Japan.

SHOOTS HIS WIFE.

Philadelphia, April 15.—Frederick Schafe, aged 32 years, committed suicide today after shooting his wife, Mary. She will recover.

FAST TRAIN WITHDRAWN.

Chicago, April 15.—The Rock Island system has announced its withdrawal of the fast California train, the Golden State limited, and the last train will leave Chicago today. During the summer the Rock Island's California service will consist of a daily train by way of the El Paso route, carrying standard and tourist sleepers and dining cars through to Los Angeles and San Francisco, also a daily train, Chicago to San Francisco, by way of Colorado.

A spring tonic for the children. Give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. See them thrive, grow, eat and sleep. The children's doctor. 35 cents, tea or tablet form.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

The North-Western Line's Homeseekers' Rates.

On April 19th the "North-Western Line" will sell "Home-seekers" tickets at one fare plus $2.00 to points in North-western, Western, South-western, Southern and South-eastern states. Tickets limited to 21 days for return trip. On same date will sell one way tickets at very low rates to points in South-western states. For full information call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.
D. A. BLAKENEY, City Ticket Agent.

Homeseekers' Rates to Southwest.

On the 1st and 3rd Tuesday during February, March and April, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to points in Southwest Arizona, Texas, Kansas, Louisiana and many other points at one fare, plus $2.00, for the round trip. Tickets good twenty days from date of sale. For full information and tickets, call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., and Return $50.

From April 23 to May 1st inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles and return at $50.00.

Final return limit June 30th, 1904.

On April 26th, train leaving Duluth at 1:00 p. m. will make connections at St. Paul with Special Tourist car running through without change. Fare in this car, $6.75. Car runs via Denver and Salt Lake City.

For full information, call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to Dec 1, 1904.

For the above occasion "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets at the following rates:

Season tickets, $32.50, on sale April 15 to Nov. 15, final limit December 15.

Sixty day tickets $27.10, on sale April 25 to November 20, limit 60 days.

Ten day tickets $24.40, on sale April 27 to November 30, limit 19 days.

Children of five and under twelve years of age, half the above rates. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Facts You Ought to Know.

1 Season tickets St. Paul or Minneapolis to St. Louis and return $25.50—Sixty-day ticket $21.35—Ten-day ticket $19.20.
2 Fair opens about May 1st, and closes December 1st.
3 Five daily trains to Chicago, each making close connections with St. Louis trains.
4 No extra charge to go via Chicago.
5 Tickets good on the Fast Mail and Pioneer Limited electric-lighted trains.
6 Full information about rates, routes and accommodations will be cheerfully furnished on application to,
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A.,
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.,
St. Paul, Minn.

ON THE FIELD OF BULL RUN

The Army Will Have Its Sham Battles Next Fall.

New York, April 15.—Bull Run's historic battlefield has been selected as the place where the autumn military maneuvers are to be held. These are to take place during fifteen days in September and are to be on a scale much larger than ever before attempted in the East.

It is planned to assemble there 10,000 of the regulars, the division including infantry, artillery and cavalry. Letters addressed to the governors of twenty-two states have been mailed, inviting participation on the part of the militia of those states. The letters explain that the pending appropriation will meet the expenses of no more than 18,000 guardsmen, and that it is desired to fill the contingent on the basis of relative strength. The government is to bear all the expense of transportation and subsistence and to give regular army pay to all militia officers and men during the period of the maneuvers.

Although marking the first conflict of the civil war, and later the scene of another battle, bloodier and more dramatic than was the first, the field of Bull Run—or Manassas—as they call it in the South, is not a park or government reservation like Gettysburg and Chickamauga.

The old battlefield, which extends ten miles in one direction and five in another, is in private hands. The owners are farmers and from these the government has obtained a lease for the period covered by the maneuvers. The general plan is to have some high rank officer of the army command the regulars and assign others of high rank to the command of the guardsmen. The two will then meet as opposing forces, with umpires to judge the result. Gen. Corbin, as commander of the division of the Atlantic, will be in general command.

The states which have been invited to send guardsmen are Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Texas.

SPRING HATS. | SPRING NECKWEAR.

Only Two Buttons..

Here's a novelty in Suits which is likely to please a good many who like the latest things, if they're good things. It's called the straight front, two button varsity, quite a long name, but it will take a good many more words than that to give you any idea of the snappy style. Words won't do it; better let us show you the suit. It is Hart, Schaffner & Marx made, if you see yourself in it as others see you, the sight will satisfy you.

The largest showing of Wilson Brothers and Vogue Shirts, both in soft and stiff bosom in the city, price from

$1 to $2.50

Copyright 1904 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Best Boys' Clothing.....

In Duluth is what you get in the Crescent make. We have them and they are as durable as they are handsome.

$5 Knee pant suits made up in all the new styles suitable for the different ages — Nobby new mixtures, plain blue and black that are tailored to wear for **$5**

In long pant suits there is nothing so swell as one of the Crescent Suits—if you see the line you will want one. We have them from ***$10 to $20.***

Boys' Top Coats from ***$5 to $10.***

WE CLOTHE THE BOY FROM HEAD TO FOOT.

Kenney & Anker

409-411 W. Superior Street, DULUTH.

CRAZY MAN RAIDS HOTEL

Maniac Makes Desperate Fight In New York Hostelry.

New York, April 15.—A man of unusually powerful build entered the corridor of the Fifth Avenue hotel Wednesday night and addressed several strangers seated there. His actions were so peculiar that two porters asked him to leave.

"I've as much right here as anybody else," he shouted, seizing one of the porters and throwing him over his head. He grabbed the other and hurled him across the corridor as if he had been an infant. Two more husky porters went to aid their companions and a bell boy brought a policeman.

Swish! Bang! went the intruder's fists, and each time he struck out a porter landed good and hard full length on the floor. The policeman fared no better. As soon as he came within reach of the huge fists, down he went on the broad of his back.

The four porters and the policeman wrestled back and forth across the corridor, encouraging each other with shouts and occasionally being knocked down by a swish of air from the big man's fists. The clerk sent a call to the West Thirteenth street station for aid and a patrol wagon with four policemen clanged up. When the four additional policemen arrived there were nine men engaged against one, and he gave them all they could do. After fifteen minutes more struggling he was finally hard and fast and carried to the police station. The prisoner had no sooner been carried in the door than he wrested himself free of the ropes and made a fierce attack on his captors. Policeman after policeman ran down stairs to help their comrades, until sixteen of them were wrestling with him.

The giant hurled them this way and that and some of them were badly bruised by his fists and the kicks he dealt. He also butted with his head in a most effective manner.

Police Capt. Cottrell at last succeeded in tying his legs and arms with a stout rope. In this way he was taken to the back room, where he compelled the policemen to loose their hold, and it took them another five minutes of wrestling before they could turn him on his back. Landed at last in a cell, the muscular stranger said he was Patrick Mooney.

An ambulance surgeon from Bellevue declared the man a raving maniac.

BIBLE COURSE FAVORED

For Introduction In the Secondary Schools.

Chicago, April 15.—Plans looking to the introduction of Bible study in secondary schools may have a deeper knowledge of the Scriptures, are included in a symposium to appear in the May number of the Biblical World, a university of Chicago publication. The appearance of the article will follow closely Dr. Oliver J. Thatcher's recent sarcastic comment upon the lack of Bible reading displayed by his class of university of Chicago undergraduates.

The scheme is given an affirmative vote by six educators of national repute, while Dr. Andrew F. West takes a negative view. Some of the opinions expressed follow:

Dean Harry Pratt Judson, university of Chicago—Bible teaching in the schools should be as thorough as teaching in Latin or chemistry. The old-fashioned Sunday school methods dabbled in Scripture study with a species of benevolent imbecility which is in part responsible for the present neglect of Old Testament and New. Such methods may well be relegated to the dust heap.

Dr. Andrew F. West, Princeton university—The loss of power over the lives of men of the Bible is really deplorable, especially when revealed by the growing ignorance of college students in regard to Biblical literature and history. It will never be cured by accepting Bible study as an entrances credit. It must be cured of the source—in the home.

President W. H. P. Faunce, Brown university; Professor W. F. Slocum, Colorado college; Dr. William J. Tucker, Dartmouth college; President Henry Churchill King, Oberlin and President W. Thompson, Ohio state university, also favor the plan.

Northwestern university professors do not agree on just how well versed college students are in the Bible. Professor John A. Scott thinks they are more familiar with the Bible than with the writings of any author, while Professor George A. Coe and Dr. A. W. Patten think the students grossly ignorant of the book.

Burrows' Regent $3.50 Shoes

For men and women, equal to most $5.00 shoes. Every leather, every style. Sold only by M. S. BURROWS.

AN APRIL SNOW STORM.

Milwaukee, April 15.—Wisconsin and Upper Michigan had quite a heavy snow storm for April after midnight. The greatest fall, according to weather bureau reports, was five inches at Green Bay. In the northwest section of the state four inches is reported, while Milwaukee had two inches. Clear weather is promised for tonight.

van Houten's Cocoa

A perfect beverage—rich in nitrogenous elements.

Best & Goes Farthest

GOOD WORK GOES ON

Another Handsome Building to Replace Bowery Frame Structures.

East End Livery Property Bought By Fitger Company.

J. D. Zlen and Samuel Loeb, two well known local wholesale liquor dealers, will erect a modern brick store and hotel building costing in the neighborhood of $25,000, at the southeast corner of Superior street and Sixth avenue West.

The plans for the new structure are now being prepared by Architect J. J. Wagenstein and will very soon be in the hands of the contractors for figures. The work on the building is to begin by July 15, and it is to be completed, ready for occupancy by October 1 next. There will be two stores on Superior street and the upper stories will be used for hotel purposes. One of the stores is already under lease.

The building will have a frontage of 50 feet on Superior street, replacing the old brick one-story saloon buildings now occupying the property. It will be 60 feet deep, adjoining on the rear, Mr. Zlen's Michigan street property.

The erection of this modern new store and hotel building furnishes still further evidence of the passing of the Bowery with its row of old one and two-story brick or frame buildings. It is this class of buildings that are being built right along which is doing more to crowd the Bowery out than any crusade that has ever been undertaken against that part of the city.

Beginning with the Metropolitan opera house building between Sixth and Seventh avenue West, and following with the successive new modern buildings at the southwest corner of Seventh avenue West and Superior street, the improvement to the Dickerman building from Michigan street through to Superior street between Fifth and Sixth avenues, the handsome new store building of S. I. Levine now going up on the upper side of Superior street between Sixth and Seventh avenues West, the proposed improvement of the northwest corner of the street and Sixth avenue West, with a $60,000 hotel by Ribenack Bros., the proposed improvement of the northeast corner by the Hamm Brewing company, and the improvement planned by Frank Suech in the way of a modern store and hotel building on 50 feet of frontage between Fifth and Sixth avenues West, the total cost of the improvements made in the former Bowery district within the past two or three years will aggregate several hundred thousand dollars.

* * *

The old East End livery barn property at the corner of Seventh avenue East and Superior street has been sold by F. L. Buell to the Fitger Brewing company, the deed going on record yesterday afternoon. The consideration was $7300.

Rumors have been afloat at various times that the property was soon to be improved, but Mr. Anneke, of the brewing company, says that no decision has yet been reached as to future improvements.

The purchase of the corner property across the street, and in proximity of the brewing company's plant, will give ample room should it be found necessary to increase the capacity of the brewery in the future.

Over a year there was a rumor that the old barn was to be torn down and that Mr. Buell would erect some modern brick flats on the site, but the sale of the property to the Brewing company makes this proposed improvement out of the question.

Dr. Reinhart, Dentist

wishes to announce that he will occupy rooms 2, 3 and 8, Banning Block, corner Second avenue W. and Superior St., after May first.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Michigan College of Mines Glee and Mandolin club.
METROPOLITAN—Myrkle-Harder company in "The Secret Dispatch."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, "Parsifal."

MYRKLE-HARDER COMPANY.

"The Sleeping City" was given its second performance last night at the Metropolitan theater, and pleased a large audience. Tonight and tomorrow matinee and evening, the stirring military play, "The Secret Dispatch" will be presented. The scene is laid in Tennessee and Missouri, during the late civil war, and is from the pen of David Higgins. He is the same author that wrote the other enormous successes, "At Pine Ridge" and "Up York State." The specialties will be changed tonight and the Myrkle-Harder company will continue its past efforts to please the patrons of this popular play house.

"PARSIFAL"

Dick Ferris, who will present "Parsifal" the great music drama at the Lyceum for four performances commencing next Monday evening in the city. Concerning the drama he says:

"I certainly take a great deal of pride in this production, for I was the first to make a dramatic presentation of this great music drama, Richard Wagner's greatest work. You know it is not often that a man can go to a city that it as near like a home to one as it can be without his living there all the time, and Duluth is that to me, and there offer to the public a company numbering 100 people, carrying two carloads of scenery, and traveling by special train, but that is what I do with "Parsifal." It is something on the order of "Ben Hur," being a religious musical spectacular drama, but the story 'Parsifal' teaches is much prettier than that of "Ben Hur." Mr. Ferris returns to Minneapolis tonight, but will return with the company Monday.

A Perfect $2.50 Shoe

For men and women is the Burrows' "Wear Well." Made direct to our order of selected leathers.

M. S. BURROWS.

FAIR DATE FIXED

St. Louis County Exhibition Will Be From Aug. 15 to 20.

Committee Named to Prepare Program For the Week.

At a meeting of the St. Louis County Fair association, held last night, at the Commercial club rooms, it was decided that the fair should be held the coming fall from August 15 to 20, inclusive. Harry Annis, Dr. McKay, Secretary S. E. Peachey and R. P. Dowse were appointed a committee with full power to arrange the complete program for the events of the week. This committee will meet next Monday evening to map out a program, and will make their report at another meeting of the association to be held at the Commercial club rooms next Thursday evening.

"The fair and preliminary arrangements, together with various means for raising the necessary funds for pushing it, were informally discussed last night, but as two men of the board were absent no formal action was taken in anything except the appointing of the committee. Probably an effort will be made to get the public affairs committee of the Commercial club interested in the matter sufficiently to enlist its services in assisting to make the fair a success.

Gets the Land.

In a decision filed yesterday the register and receiver of the Duluth land office sustained William J. Wallace in his contest against the state for possession of the southeast quarter, 31-64-17, claimed to be swamp.

Offer was made by the contestant to show by oral testimony that all of the forty acres, except five, was high and dry. This was denied by the officials, who held that the field notes alone could prove the character of the tract. The field notes were introduced in evidence and they showed the land to be high and dry and not available to the state under the swamp land grant.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask H. E. Gooch.

MISS POTTER'S PECULIAR ACT

Tries to Get Marriage License Without Man's Knowledge.

With the declaration that God had commanded her to marry a prominent young business man, Miss Charlotte J. Potter, whose father is janitor of the Oneota Methodist church, attempted to get a marriage license from the clerk of court's office. That she did not succeed in getting the document is probably due to her strange statement for Deputy Clerk Leidel, to whom she applied supposed the application was regular and all right up to that time.

As soon as she mentioned the intervention of Providence in her affairs, Mr. Leidel became suspicious and excusing himself for a moment called up the young man by 'phone and questioned him as to his approaching marriage. The latter denied any intention of marrying Miss Potter and declared that he only had a passing acquaintance with her.

Miss Potter was about to leave the office with the license when Deputy Clerk Leidel called her back and making the excuse that something had been omitted from it he obtained possession of the document and then told the young lady that it would be impossible to issue it last evening for the reason that the special ink used for licenses had been spilled and the clerk would have to wait until he got some more. She accepted this explanation and left the office without the document.

She told Mr. Leidel that arrangements had been made for the wedding between 8 and 9 o'clock last evening.

The young man whom she was determined should be the groom made haste to consult his attorney and together they visited the district clerk's office to take steps to prevent any further attempt on Miss Potter's part to secure another license.

J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court, said this morning that care is exercised by the deputies in the issuance of marriage licenses to know that the proceedings are regular, but there are times when everything appears to be all right and the clerk has no apparent right to institute inquiries, especially when the parties making application are put under oath.

"Of course," says Mr. Johnson, "when there is anything as in this case, to cause us to think everything is not all right, we shall take the best steps to inquire into the matter."

Miss Potter's action is regarded as very strange. She is a member of the Oneota Methodist church and bears a spotless reputation.

Back of many a shrewd business deal, that's being put through as you read this, lies the brain-clearing, wit-sharpening breakfast of "FORCE."

Sunny Jim

The good of "FORCE" is that it helps you to think better and work better.
It is worth more than other foods because there is so much more good thinking and working stuff in every box.

Seven Minutes From Down Town—Ten Minutes From West Duluth.
RIGHT IN THE LOW RENT DISTRICT.

Johnson & Moe
THE West End Big Department Store

SPRING SUITS FOR WOMEN!

BEAUTIFUL SPRING SUITS—in cheviots—colors blue and black—suits trimmed with mohair braid..... **$12.50**

STYLISH MAN-TAILORED SUITS—in cheviots—colors blue and black—gilt braid and buttons—coats have Eton effects with separate belt..... **$15.00**

HANDSOME SUITS—in blue and black cheviots—coats with tight-fitting back—trimmed with white and black braid—the prices.....$18.00 and **$16.50**

MANY BEAUTIFUL SUITS— in broadcloths and cheviots — colors brown and black— these suits are handsomely made and good value at $22.50 and **$17.50**

All Suits Silk Lined.

SMART DRESSERS never leave this store without being satisfied—a complete assortment of dressy suits in voile—colors gray and brown — your choice for .....$27.50, $32.50 and **$35.00**

All Suits Silk Lined.

CHEVIOT SUITS — in blues and black—coats made with drop yoke and have silk straps and buttons, yours for..... **$25.00**

BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS— coats made with the military effect and trimmed with white felt and gilt buttons—these suits are very popular this year. **$27.50**

A SUPERB LINE OF SUITS are being shown by us this spring, and you have hundreds of styles from which to choose. Many pretty pattern suits are now in stock, ranging in price from ..... $28.00 to **$30.00**

WE ARE ALSO SHOWING the most complete line of silk coats in Duluth. These coats are very popular and we have marked them within the reach of all. If you want something light and dressy as well as stylish we would advise you to call. Prices range from $8.98, $10, $12.50, $15 and $17.50.

IF IT IS A WALKING SKIRT you wish to purchase, call and see ours—a complete line carried in blues, black, browns and tans—our Suit department is the best lighted in the city and every courtesy is extended our guests and customers. The prices on these walking skirts range from $2.98 to **$12.00**

No matter in which part of the city you live—north, south, east or west—don't fail to come to our store and get prices. All cars transfer, over 300 cars pass our doors daily.

GIRL FOUND BY FATHER

She Had Grown to Womanhood and Was Married.

Minneapolis, April 15.—J. H. Stern, a well-to-do North Dakota business man, has found the daughter whom he lost twenty-one years ago. She was happily wed and living in Minneapolis. The young woman and her newly acquired husband were welcomed with open arms by the fond parent, who insisted upon taking them back to the family home, where daughter and parents are making up for the lost years.

Twenty-one years ago in a St. Paul hospital, a baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Stern. For reasons best known to themselves the parents wished to travel in foreign lands at once. They left the babe, whom they christened Mary Stern, in the hospital, having paid her board for two months, and took their leave.

They did not return for four months, and then it was to find the baby gone. Upon inquiry they learned that the hospital authorities had believed the baby abandoned, and with full authority, had taken her to an orphans' home. At the home the superintendent said the child had been adopted by a respectable family, but on account of the parents' neglect the name and residence of the family could not be divulged. Every effort to secure the desired information failed, and the parents went home childless.

Years passed and two other children were born to the Sterns, but both died. This gave redoubled energy to the father, who had never ceased to seek for his lost child.

At last, not long ago, Mr. Stern consulted with George Brundage, formerly a Hennepin county deputy sheriff, told the detective of his quest, and that he was willing to spend his all to find the child. An examination of the court adoption records and private conferences with the employes at the home finally revealed the fact that little Mary Stern had been taken with another orphan to Winona. Following this clue, Mr. Brundage finally discovered a Polish family into which the little Stern girl had been adopted, and where she had been reared.

A few days later Brundage found a married lady in Minneapolis, who showed a remarkable resemblance to Mr. Stern. Then he brought the two together and easily convinced them of their relationship.

END OF STRIKE

Of Miners at Red Lodge Is In Sight.

St. Paul, April 15.—A special to the Dispatch from Helena, Mont., says: As a result of negotiations which have been in progress for some time between President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, and General Manager Horn of the Northern Pacific, who still has supervision of that company's coal properties at Red Lodge, an end to the strike of coal miners is in sight. Six hundred men, it is said, will return to work in a few days. The terms of settlement have not been announced.

Found to Be Deranged.

Charles V. Nelson, the young farmer from Spirit Lake who attempted to run away with a Northern Pacific locomotive at Carlton, while mentally unbalanced, has been committed to the state asylum at Fergus Falls, by order of Probate Judge Middlecoff. Nelson had a severe attack of pneumonia last winter, and the fever is said to have left him with his mind in a deranged condition. His delusion takes the form that he has an important mission to perform regarding the operation of trains. Nelson will be taken to the state asylum today.

MEN RETURN TO WORK.

New York, April 15.—A strike inaugurated two weeks ago by the elevator constructors' union has ended in the acceptance of an arbitration plan and the men have returned to work. The constructors demand an advance in wages from $4.25 to $5.25 a day.

TRAFFIC POOL IS PREDICTED

Director of a Northwestern Line Looks Into Future.

New York, April 15.—A director of one of the Northwestern lines not immediately concerned in the matter before the court at St. Paul, makes the following comment on the events of the month in the Northwest:

"In any case the supreme court decision has led to a pretty muddle. It looked at one moment as though it had set the world back three or four years and undone at one word the work that has made an old man out of J. J. Hill and a physical wreck out of E. H. Harriman.

"You ask me what is to be the ultimate result; it is going to be that Hill and Harriman and every other big system in the West and Northwest will be in a gigantic traffic pool—that's all. Legalized, why not? If people who own railroads want to abstain from interfering with other people who own railroads why should they not do it? Of course it won't be perpetual. A gentlemen's agreement is only good as long as all the gentlemen stay honest. But there will be inducements to stay honest. All the important interests in the Northwest are now represented on more than one railroad board. In time that movement will go further. They will be so inextricably interrelated that what injures one will injure all and what helps one will help all. They will conspire together to do business. There will be a community of development in the Northwest and the Middle West. Great Northern will build towns in the north country, Union Pacific in the center, etc.

"In the course of time, an enlightened congress will devise laws to rule the railroads. They won't be designed to meet the needs fifteen years ago, when the Sherman law was made, but they will be designed to give the people protection from iniquitous methods and manners and to give the railroads protection from iniquitous restrictions — that is, restrictions that at the same time restrict the country. That is going to be the lesson of this suit and its outcome.

"Canadian roads will never own Great Northern or any other trunk line from the Twin Cities to Seattle. If it did, the flag of the United States would be as scarce in the harbors of Japan and China ten years from now as it is today. The future of the Harriman system is the trade of the Orient. Great Northern in the hands of Canadian Pacific could kill all transcontinental trade on all American lines so far as export and import business goes."

MASSACHUSETTS

Is Strongly In Favor of Reciprocity.

Boston, April 15.—Henry M. Whitney, president of the Boston chamber of commerce, who has been the chief advocate of Canadian reciprocity at the state house hearings in the past week again presented his views on the subject when the guest of the Boston Life Underwriters' association Wednesday night.

Mr. Whitney declared that the trade of New England was in a serious condition, due to the Westward movement of speculation and manufacturing interests and the comparatively heavy railroad transportation rates.

The offset to this tendency was to be found, he said, in reciprocal trade relations with Canada. New England farmers had produced nothing that would be brought here from Canada, and the fishing industry of Gloucester would be vastly improved.

The speaker said that, although it was absolutely Republican, the party of Massachusetts would lend a deaf ear to any request for trade relief, yet the fact that he had only a few hours before received a petition signed by 37,000 voters, calling for Canadian reciprocity, seemed to demonstrate the sentiment of the state was strongly in favor of a movement that would bring about the opening of the doors of trade.

MAGNET DRAWS NAIL

Which Had Been Swallowed By an Infant.

Salt Lake, Utah, April 15.—A nail was drawn from a point close to the heart of Louise Cherry, aged 16 months, by means of an electro-magnet yesterday. The child swallowed the nail two weeks ago.

Experiments on a dog showed it impossible to extract the nail by ordinary instruments. A long curved piece of steel, attached to a powerful electro-magnet, was pushed down the windpipe. As soon as the current was turned on the nail became attached to it and was withdrawn.

A forlorn, hopeless, melancholy face drives your friends away. For a bright, sparkling, sunny face use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablet form.

CHIEF OF CREEK INDIANS

Is to Marry a Pretty St. Louis Girl.

St. Louis, Mo., April 15.—Gen. Pleasant Porter, chief of the Creek Nation and one of the wealthiest and most prominent Indians in the United States, has been accepting congratulations since his arrival from the Indian territory yesterday on his engagement to a beautiful St. Louis girl. Gen. Porter is a widower, about 55 years old, and has two grown daughters. The name of the young woman is withheld for the present, as Gen. Porter says he prefers the announcement to come from her family. It is expected that the announcement will be made in a few days.

GOOD FOR CHILDREN.

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of Cough, Croup and La-Grippe because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take and it good alike for young and old. Sold by all druggists.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

BROCKTON SHOES
FOR MEN.

Sold at the Eagle Clothing and Shoe House 321 W. Superior St., Duluth.

Sold at the Eagle Clothing and Shoe House 321 W. Superior St., Duluth.

Price within reach of all. Every pair guaranteed.

BROCKTON SHOE CO., 321 W. Superior St. Duluth.

Bobert Budden in charge of department.

You Can Save Money

By Letting Us Make Your Clothes.

All Our Spring and Summer Styles Now In!

Latest style, fit and finish equal to any $35 Suit or Overcoat—our price

SUIT OR OVERCOAT

MADE TO ORDER

NO MORE. **$15** NO LESS.

Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

Scotland Woolen Mills Co.,

Duluth Store—109 West Superior Street.

E. HELPERIN, Manager.

WEST DULUTH

A permanent organization of the West Duluth Democratic club was perfected at a meeting held last evening at Carlson's hall. Officers were elected as follows: William Kern, president; James Sullivan, vice president; John C. Anderson, secretary; Thomas Ultican, treasurer.

In spite of the inclemency of the weather the attendance at the meeting was large and much enthusiasm was manifested in the move to organize the club, which starts out with a membership only a little below the fifty mark.

A membership committee of three was appointed to look after getting additional names enrolled.

A set of by-laws was also appointed, with instructions to report at the next meeting. The club will meet regularly every Thursday evening at Carlson's hall, on Grand avenue.

The matter of Democratic appointments to city positions was taken up and a committee of five appointed to wait on Mayor Cullum for the purpose of informing him of the club's endorsement of certain West Duluth candidates for city offices under the present administration.

Club members intend to make the organization a permanent affair, and state that they will turn their attention to national politics in the near future, probably at the meeting next Thursday evening. When this matter is taken up, it is said that either Hearst or Parker, probably the latter, will be endorsed as a fitting candidate for the presidential chair. A majority vote will decide the matter one way or the other and members said this morning that there was no way of telling at this early date just who would be endorsed.

The meeting last evening was a harmonious one. The majority of those attending were representative business men of this end of the city.

IS RECOVERING.

Lizzie Buckley, a woman who has gained considerable local notoriety, is now recovering from a severe illness at the Red Cross hospital. She was arrested Monday evening, and it is said that she was then suffering from a severe attack of delirium tremens. She has caused the local police a good deal of trouble in the past, and was last fall committed to the Fergus Falls hospital for the insane, later being sent to the poor house. Shortly after her release from that institution she was again picked up by the police and placed in the hospital.

ARM BADLY INJURED.

William Havron, employed at the Zenith blast furnace, while at his work yesterday met with an accident which resulted in serious injury to his arm. While engaged in adjusting a pulley his arm became entangled in the belt, and before it could be loosened was crushed from the elbow to the wrist. He was taken to the Red Cross hospital, where the attending physician stated that amputatin would not be necessary. Havron is only 18 years of age.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

M. Jacoby has returned from a short business trip to the Twin Cities.

New fancy negligee shirts, $1.00, $1.50.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Euclid lodge, A. F. and A. M., conferred the third degree on a class of candidates at a special meeting last night. Officers of the grand lodge were present to assist in the event. After the business of the meeting was transacted a banquet was served.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

Hugh Blaine, formerly superintendent for the Lesure Lumber company, intends to leave for the, Pacific coast early next week to establish himself in business. Mrs. Blaine will visit relatives in the East during the summer and will join her husband in the fall.

New patent leather shoes $3.50 and $5.00.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Miss Etta Spohn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Spohn, 401 Fifty-fifth avenue west, is ill at her home.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

P. C. Dunn returned to Hibbing yesterday after spending a week with his family in West Duluth.

Stetson, Blake and Gordon Hats, new blocks.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Clement Clemenson, of Dubuque, Iowa, is a guest at the home of West Duluth relatives.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

No business of particular importance is scheduled to come up at the regular meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club this evening.

Beautiful sailor, Norfolk, Russian, blouse and 3-piece suits, $1.95 to $5.95.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Charles Delvitz, of Fifty-eighth avenue west, left for St. Paul yesterday.

Frank Swanson has returned to West Duluth from a business trip to Ashland, Wis.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone, 3070.

WILL STAND ON MERITS

Washington, April 15.—Hereafter clerks in first and second-class postoffices will not be promoted on the bars recommendation of postmasters. Postmasters will be required to send in the list of employes recommended for promotions, as heretofore, but before a list from any office is approved the department will examine the record of each man on the list. This examination will be with reference to the clerk's efficiency, and the date of his last promotion. The examination of the larger postoffices of the country by inspectors within the last year revealed the fact that in many offices promotions have not gone by merit, but by favoritism. It was alleged that in the New York office promotions were sold and in many offices the inspectors assert, irregular practices were followed. The evidence gathered shows that clerks whose record for efficiency was first-class had been passed over two or three times in succession, and the other clerks who had political pulls or were special favorites of the postmaster were regularly promoted. The department says all this business must stop.

The postoffice bill appropriates $500,000 for the promotion of clerks in grades below $1100 in the first and second-class offices. This means that 5000 clerks will each receive an additonal $100 July 1. The first assistant postmaster general is now sending letters to postmasters indicating about how many promotions they will be entitled to, and asking for a list of names. As each list reaches the department the individual record of every man proposed for promotion will be examined, briefed, and in the end efficiency, length of service and rapidity of promotion in the past will be considered.

Last summer, the attention of the civil service commission was called to the favoritism that was being shown in some of the larger offices by postmasters in recommending men for promotion. The commission seemed to think that postmasters were technically violating the civil service law, but nothing was done. The investigations by the inspectors showed so conclusively that favoritism was being practiced that the department decided to review every list sent in.

The amount appropriated for promotions is smaller than for several years past. Last year it was $1,500,000. During the last four years about $4,000,000 has been utilized in promotions, and in view of the fact that the average salary of clerks in first and second-class offices has been raised from $700 to about $800 within the past four years, both senate and house decided that fewer promotions should be authorized at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

A LOSING TIP

On Coppers Was Given By Spirits to Boston Woman.

Her Faith Was Shattered When the Dividends Ceased.

Boston, Mass., April 15.—Mrs. Adelaide E. Simmons, a widow, of 297 Huntington avenue, was three years ago an ardent believer in spiritual manifestations and for some time was a regular attendant at the Boston Spiritualist Temple. Today, she alleges, her faith in spiritualism is shattered, and all through a little transaction in copper stocks.

As an aftermath of her loss of faith, a suit was entered by her in the Middlesex court at East Cambridge, yesterday, by which she seeks to recover $3000, the purchase price of 300 shares of Sedalia Copper company stock, which she secured from John Q. A. Whittemore of 20 Albany street, Cambridgeport, in 1901.

She contends she was induced to make the purchase by the Rev. Fred A. Wiggin, a well known leader of Spiritualists in Boston. Mr. Wiggin emphatically denies almost every specific statement made by Mrs. Simmons and contends that he personally used no influence upon her.

The events which culminated in this suit, as related by Mrs. Simmons, began with her visit to the Rev. Mr. Wiggin for consolation and advice after the death of her husband three years ago. She alleges that Mr. Wiggin went into trances, being under the control of the spirit of McCullough, the famous actor.

Through the materialization of the spirit of her husband by Mr. Wiggin she held several conferences with him and was advised to purchase the Sedalia stock. Mr. Wiggin introduced her to Mr. Whittemore and later she purchased the stock at $10 a share. For six months thereafter she received dividends of $20 a month. Suddenly the dividends stopped and she was told the company was raising money to build a new smelter.

Mr. Wiggin, she alleges, had told her Mr. Whittemore was a good man and president of the Onset Bay Spiritualists, that he was a reliable man and had a fine mine, the stock of which could only be secured through Mr. Whittemore himself.

"He told me," continued Mrs. Simmons, "my husband's spirit had said, 'It is well for you to do this.' Mr. Wiggin said he would see if he couldn't get a little of the stock for me, which I agreed to take.

"I afterward visited Mr. Whittemore at his office and at his home in Brighton. We became quite friendly, and I asked his advice about certain stocks, more particularly about United States Steel stock. I have a letter from him advising me not to buy United States Steel, as the planets were not right. Both he and his brother assured me when I purchased the Sedalia stock that at any time I needed the money they would take the stock back.

"When the dividends ceased, I demanded my original capital and Mr. Whittemore objected to returning my money. I inquired of my broker regarding Sedalia stock and he told me it had never been on the market for more than $4 a share. Last year I took the case up and was going to push it but about that time Mr. Whittemore invited my brother and myself to his house and said he would take the stock back but he has never done so. I held back on the prosecution, but, finally, being urged by my brother, I determined to push the case.

Mr. Wiggin was seen by a Herald reporter at the close of a service in the Spiritualist Temple last night.

"I know Mrs. Simmons and I know Mr. Whittemore. I am no medium, and I do not give private sittings. This church is a regularly established church and all meetings are held here.

"Mr. Wiggin," he continued, "never introduced Mrs. Simmons to Mr. Whittemore, nor ever suggested that she buy Sedalia Copper company stock. Mrs. Simmons probably bought the stock because of the opportunities it offered for an investment.

"Mr. Whittemore is an upright, honest man and he never committed a dishonest act. Mrs. Simmons probably did not tell you that about a month ago she entered suit in the same matter against me and the case was never tried in court but judgment was entered for the defendant."

COLON WILL BE TOTAL LOSS.

San Francisco, April 15.—It is deemed improbable that the Pacific Mail liner Colon will ever leave the beach, near Acajulta, on which she was driven to save her from foundering. She will probably be a total loss.

MESSENGER ARRESTED.

Chicago, April 15.—Arthur S. Aplin, a messenger in the employ of the American Express company in Cleveland, and now wanted on a charge of embezzlement, was arrested here today.

PROTEST AGAINST WAR.

New York, April 15.—Serious demonstrations against the war is reported in Kharkoff, according to a World's dispatch from Vienna. Kharkoff is the center of the densest population in Russia.

SPECIALS

On Little Folks' Shoes For Saturday!

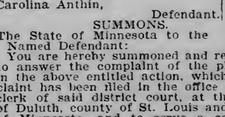
We have gone through our Children's Department and picked out the following odds and ends. These are all good grades and good styles—and have **cut the prices almost in two.** Read these items. We mean just what we say!

Boys' box calf and storm calf Shoes—extra stout, some are high cut, "the kind that never wear out"—all sizes in this lot—$2.50 and $2.00 grades, pair **$1.50**

Little Gents' Shoes—wax and box calf—sizes 9 to 13½—single and double soles—$1.35 and $1.25 grades at, per pair **$1.00**

Children's fine kid and calf Shoes—lace and button, light and heavy soles—sizes 8½ to 11—$1.75 and $1.50 grades, pair **$1.00**

Misses' fine kid and calf lace Shoes—light and heavy soles—sizes 11½ to 2, $2.25 and $2 grades, **$1.50**



PHILLIPS & CO

JAP SUBMARINE BOAT IS BELIEVED TO HAVE SUNK THE RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP

(Continued from page 1.)

island of Sakhalin to return to Japan. They will be taken off in a neutral ship, which will be arranged for by the Washington authorities.

NO NAVAL ENGAGEMENT

Occurred Off Port Arthur According to Russians.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—Rear Admiral Uri's statement that Vice Admiral Togo's fleet was responsible for the sinking of the battleship Petropavlovsk at Port Arthur is officially denied at St. Petersburg. A member of the general staff informs the Associated Press that the advices received do not show that a naval engagement took place, unless the cornering and sinking of the destroyer Bezstrashni can be so denominated.

The destroyer and four consorts were outside scouting during the night. The Bezstrashni lagged behind and became lost in the mist. When day broke she tried to creep in along the coast, but was discovered, cut off, overpowered and sunk, only five of her crew escaping. The fate of the other members of the crew is unknown, although it is believed some of them may have been captured.

That the Petropavlovsk was blown up by a mine placed at the entrance of the harbor to prevent the blocking of the channel is the opinion entertained by the general staff. It is true that the vessel sank in full view of Vice Admiral Togo's fleet, which was seen on the horizon, but her loss, it is said, was not caused through the agency of that fleet. There is a disposition, however, to raise a controversy as to whether the explosion occurred inside or outside the battleship, similar to the controversy which followed the destruction of the United States battleship Maine, in Havana harbor. The fact many of the wounded, including Grand Duke Cyril, were badly burned, seems to support the theory of an internal explosion.

The first dispatch received from Rear Admiral Grigorevitch, commandant at Port Arthur distinctly said that the ship struck a mine, but Rear Admiral Prince Ouktomsky's telegram refers only to an explosion.

Grand Duke Boris, who saw the disaster from Golden Hill, in a telegram to his father, Grand Duke Vladimir, described how the ship listed, at the same time being enveloped in flame and smoke, and then turned turtle and sank in two and a half minutes.

The appearance of smoke, or steam, and fire was explained to the Associated Press by a member of the general staff, who said:

"The ship may have touched a mine forward, under her whitehead torpedo magazine, resulting in a second explosion; or, if she touched the mine amidships, her boilers may have been exploded. Either hypothesis would account for the appearance of fire, smoke or steam. I believe it certain that the Petropavlovsk, as well as the Pebleda, struck mines laid to protect the entrance to the channel. It is difficult to imagine how the mines drifted, as they were heavily weighted.

"The entrance to the channel is narrow, but it was known to the commanders by the bearings. It is possible the ships may have been carried by a strong tide into the mine fields."

When the attention of this member of the general staff was called to the Japanese assertion that mines had been laid by their torpedo boats, he remarked laconically:

"I do not believe it."

GRAND DUKE CYRIL

Tells Story of Narrow Escape From Death.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—A telegram from Grand Duke Boris to Grand Duke Vladimir, dated at Liao Yang yesterday, gives Grand Duke Cyril's account of his escape from death in the disaster to the Petropavlovsk. According to his story, Cyril fell at the moment of the explosion to the port side of the bridge and from there he lowered himself to the deck.

He was then swept away by an immense wave and sank to a considerable depth, but succeeded in regaining the surface. By his own efforts he caught a floating fragment of the Petropavlovsk's steam launch, to which he clung for about ten minutes, when he was picked up by the destroyer Bezshumi. The telegram adds that Cyril's aide-de-camp, Lieut. Von Kube, perished.

JAKOVLEFF IMPROVING.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—The wife of Capt. Jakovleff, the commander of the Russian battleship Petropavlovsk, has received a telegram from Rear Admiral Grigorovitch, the commandant at Port Arthur, saying that her husband is wounded in the head and that several of his ribs are broken. He was unconscious until yesterday, but is improving.

Lieut. Jenish, who is one of the officers of the Petropavlovsk who was saved, lost his father when the warship Roosalka sank in the Baltic eleven years ago.

CHINESE CONCILIATORY.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—A dispatch to the Vestnik from Harbin, dated yesterday, says that the Pekin government is showing a more conciliatory spirit, and that the local Chinese authorities are posting neutrality proclamations daily. The rich Chinese, the dispatch continues, fear the approach of the Japanese. The price of food in Harbin is rising and the value of the rouble is falling.

BALFOUR'S WAR RECORD.

Fourteen Wars Costing Over Three Billion Dollars.

Since the Unionist party came into power in the summer of 1886 they seem to have engaged their countrymen in at least fourteen wars and military expeditions, says the London Speaker. It is an atrocious and bloodthirsty record, of which an empire of savages might be proud, but of which a kingdom that stood among civilized powers for peace, freedom and justice must be eternally ashamed. We believe that from a financial point of view there is only one period of similar length in British history which has been so disastrous. Certainly so much British treasure has not been spent in war in any nine years since the battle of Waterloo. Perhaps the simplest way of stating the effect of this incessant warfare upon material interests is by saying that it has reduced the price of consols from 114 to 85, and has increased the national debt from 635 to 798 millions, or, to put it in another way, we have spent on war the accumulated savings of the thirty years from 1868, when Mr. Gladstone came to the helm, till 1898, when Sir Michael Hicks-Beach made his first raid on the sinking fund.

1. There have been two wars in Ashanti. In the first (1895-96), 1000 British and 1000 native troops were engaged at a cost of £192,000. In the second (1900), 4000 native troops were employed for nine months, at a cost of £428,000.

2. In 1896 and 1897 the Chartered company made three native wars. In the first, against the Matabeles (1896), 670 British, 2143 colonial and 5129 native troops were engaged for nine months; in the second (1896), in Mashonaland, 570 British aid 1550 colonial troops were engaged for and and a half months, and in 1897, also in Mashonaland, 650 colonial and 120 native troops were engaged for ten months. The cost of the three expeditions was £2,886,907 4s., according to figures supplied by the British South Africa company.

3. In 1896-99, in the Soudan, 7300 British and 12,500 native troops were employed for nine months, at a cost of £2,415,000.

4. In 1897-98, on the Northwest frontier of India, 15,000 British and 37,000 native troops were engaged for eight months, at a cost of £2,500,000. This, like other punitive expeditions, was conducted with special ferocity, native villages being burned and fruit trees cut down.

5. In the South African war (1899-1902), 365,000 British and 82,000 colonial troops were engaged. The war lasted two years and eight months. The total cost, according to a return of April, 1903, was £211,000,000, including interest on war debt, but since then £6,500,000 have been added, which brings up the official estimate to £217,500,000. Thi sum, however, is certainly not final.

6. In 1900-01 we were involved in a very expensive expedition to China, in which the European troops murdered defenceless Chinamen wholesale, and looted "like burglars or Boxers." The affair had cost £6,010,000, according to the official return of April 29, 1903; but the supplementary army estimates which have been issued during the last fortnight demand a further trifle of £650,000 from the long suffering taxpayers, and so bring up the total to £6,660,000.

7. Last year's official return of military expeditions requires to be supplemented by five more adventures—Venezuela, Kano, Aden, Somaliland and Tibet. The two last, and far the more serious, are still with us and are involving a heavy expenditure which cannot be measured accurately, but certainly runs to several hundred thousand pounds every month.

Making a far too moderate allowance for the cost of winding up outstanding charges and concluding the operations that are now being conducted, we should say that the Unionist government during its less than nine years of office has been responsible for an expenditure of at least £250,000,000 on war alone, while it has also run through about £400,000,000 in the way of "normal" or peace expenditure on soldiers, sailors, battleships, barracks and forts.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask F. M. Crouch.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—The mortgagor is Bert F. Gilbert. The mortgagee is C. W. Collins. The mortgage bears date of September 17th, 1903, was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on September 18th, 1903, at 1 p. m., in Book 163 of Mortgages, page 617, and was thereafter assigned by said mortgagee to W. S. Telford. There is now due on said mortgage the sum of $170.00.

Notice is given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises situated in the said county, to-wit: The south half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-seven (27), of township fifty-two (52), north of range fifteen (15), west of the Fourth principal meridian, according to the government survey.

Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 9th day of May, 1904, to satisfy said debt, the taxes, if any, and costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Duluth, Minnesota, March 17th, 1904.
W. S. TELFORD,
Assignee.
No. 101 Torrey bldg., Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-18-25-April 1-8-15-22-29-1904.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. ST. LOUIS County.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
John Anthin, Plaintiff,
against
Carolina Anthin, Defendant.
SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis, within thirty days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

Dated March 4, A. D. 1904.
JNO. JENSWOLD, JR.,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
307 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-25-April-1-8-15-22-29-1904.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 31st, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of William F. Norton, Jr., deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of William F. Norton, Jr., deceased, late of Coronado Beach, state of California, being granted to George W. Norton and John W. Barr, Jr.;

It is ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, That the 11th day of July, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m. at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county of St. Louis.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 31st day of March, A. D. 1904.
By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Executors.
Duluth Evening Herald—April-1-8-15-1904.

GREAT SALVAGE SALE

OPENS AT

OLSON, JOHNSON & CO.'S

10 Garfield Avenue.

Tomorrow, Saturday April 16

Men's Clothing, Boots and Shoes, and Gent's Furnishing Goods

Can be had at about 30 cents on the dollar. You want to be there as the sale lasts but a short time.

OLSON, JOHNSON & CO.,

10 Garfield Ave., Clarendon Hotel Block.

Two Independent Markets

IN WEST DULUTH,

One on Grand Avenue and one on Raleigh Street.

You all know what quality of meat we are selling. Did you see our attractive show window in the Grand Avenue Market? We are selling meats as cheap now as at any time this winter. Both Phones at our Grand Avenue Market.

Here are some of our prices for tomorrow.

Porterhouse steak	15c	Veal Roast	12½c, 10c
Sirloin steak	15c	Veal Chops	15c, 12½c
Round steak	12½c	Veal Stew	10c, 8c
Shoulder steak	10c	Breakfast sausage	12½c
Rib Roast	15c, 12½c	Sausage meat	10c
Beef Roast	10c, 8c	Bologna, Head Cheese, Liver and Blood Sausage, 3 lbs for 25c	10c
Boiling Beef	8c, 7c, 5c		
Pork loin—whole or half	10c	Salt Pork	10c
Pork steak	10c	Canned Beef	8c, 5c
Pork Roast	10c		

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Ave. W.

Crockery, Woodenware, Tinware, Hardware!

The crockery and housefurnishing department is better equipped than ever to supply your every housefurnishing need. A complete stock at surprisingly low prices. The purchasing here of these little needfuls will be greatly to your benefit. Come see!

Special sale of Rogers' Silver Plated Ware.

Fancy pattern Tea Spoons—set of six—for— **98c.**

Fancy pattern Dessert Spoons—set of six—for— **$1.58**

Plain Tea Spoons—set of six—for— **78c.**

Plain Dessert Spoons—set of six—for— **$1.38.**

Beaded edge Tea Spoons—set of six—for— **88c.**

Beaded edge Dessert Spoons—set of six—for— **$1.48.**

Butter Knives—a few odd ones—for, each— **38c.**

8 Dwt. Knives and Forks—set of six—for— **$1.58.**

12 Dwt. Knives and Forks—set of six—for— **$2.48.**

Any Stove in the Store
$1 Down and $1 a Week
Buck's Famous Make.
Cook Stoves $9.50 up
Steel Ranges $22.50 up

Everything for the Home Sold on Easy Monthly Payments.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END

Only TEN DAYS MORE and The Hub Clothing Co. will be NO MORE!

We Positively Retire From Business May 1st.

OPEN EVENINGS

Now is your opportunity to buy MEN'S, BOYS' AND LITTLE GENTS' CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, SHOES AND FURNISHING GOODS—So come at once.

Men's Fine Suits.

MEN'S SUITS—600 all wool cheviots, black, blue and fancy colorings; single breasted; regular $10.00 suits—go now at **$4.50**

MEN'S SUITS—400 men's all wool suits; black, blue, light and dark color; regular $12.00 suits—go now at **$6.75**

200 MEN'S SUITS, made of American mill worsteds, serges and thibets; very handsome garments; regular $15.00 and $16.00 suits,—at **$7.50**

400 MEN'S DRESS SUITS—Fancy cassimeres, Black and blue serges and unfinished weaves; regular $20 and $22 suits—go now at **$9.50**

600 HAND-TAILORED MEN'S SUITS—Fancy worsteds, black clay, in sack or frock; regular $25.00 suits—go now at **$12.00**

300 MEN'S FINE SUITS, elegantly lined, sewed with silk, hand padded shoulders; hair cloth front, hand-made button holes, in every way a tailored garment; regular $30.00 suit—go now at **$14.00**

Men's Fine Trousers.

500 pairs union-made Pants, elegantly tailored, neat patterns; worth $4.00 to $5.00—go now at **$2.98**

200 pairs men's fancy stripe Pants, in neat effects; worth $3.00 to $4.00—go now at **$1.75**

200 pairs men's all-wool Pants, light colors, worth $3.00—go now at **$1.40**

Men's Stylish Hats.

MEN'S HATS—Our entire stock of new and nobby styles—all go now at half price—$1.00 hats for **50c**

A large assortment of $2.50 Hats go now at **$1.25**

All our Soft and Stiff Hats, former price $3.00—your choice **$1.50**

Your choice of any $4.00 Hat in the store for **$2.00**

Men's Overcoats.

We have about 5000 snappy, up-to-date Overcoats, which we will sell at less than one-half price. Here is an opportunity for you to lay away a good overcoat for next winter. Rockefeller says buy your sleighs in the summer time and your wagons in the winter time.

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS that we always sold at $10.00 to $12.00—go now at **$4.25**

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS that we always sold at $15.00—go now at **$6.75**

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS that we always sold at $20.00—go now at **$8.50**

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS that we always sold at $25.00 and $30.00—go now at **$11.83**

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS that we always sold at $8.00—go now at **$3.25**

Men's and Boys' Shoes

2000 pairs Ralston Health Shoes, in all the latest styles; sold all over the world at $4.00—go now at **$3.00**

1800 pairs The Hub Special Shoes, all styles to select from; regular $4.00 shoes—go now at **$2.75**

1200 pairs Monarch $3.00 Shoes—this is the best $3.00 Shoe in the world—they go now at **$2.00**

BIG CUT IN BOYS' SHOES—ALL GO AT LESS THAN COST.

Young Men's Suits.

YOUNG MEN'S DRESS SUITS—Fancy worsted and imported vicunas; single breasted, sizes 31 to 36; worth $20.00—go now at **$9.50**

250 YOUNG MEN'S SUITS, in fancy stripes, Scotch mixtures; single and double breasted; worth $15.00—go now at **$6.75**

300 YOUNG MEN'S SUITS in novelty patterns, black and blue; well made; were $10.00—go now at **$4.75**

YOUNG MEN'S SPRING TOP COATS—60 of the newest shades in English coverts and whipcords, silk and serge lined and Skinner's satin sleeves; all small sizes; will fit small-sized men; worth $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00—go now at, choice **$6.50**

Men's Underwear.

200 dozen Men's Underwear, in wool, cotton and heavy fleece-lined—go now at **39c**

89 dozen Men's Balbriggan Underwear; 75c kind—go now at **39c**

35 dozen Men's extra fine Silk Underwear, summer weight; worth $2.50 each—go now at **$1.00**

Our entire stock of fine wool Underwear, from the best mills in this country—all go at HALF PRICE.

Little Gents' Suits.

LITTLE GENTS' SUITS—The finest imported woolens, in fancy weaves, well made up; $6.50 suits—go now at **$3.25**

LITTLE GENTS' SERGE SUITS—All the latest patterns, in wool, fancy Scotch cheviots or cassimeres; $5.00 suits—go now at **$2.25**

300 LITTLE GENTS' SUITS, in fancy and plaid colors, well made; $2.50 and $3.00 suits—go now at **$1.00**

SAILOR SUITS—Twelve styles in all-wool serges, unfinished worsteds and cheviots, trimmed with silk braid to match, 3 to 10 years; $8.00 and $6.00 suits—go now at **$2.50**

BOYS' WASH SUITS—300 Mother's Friend make wash suits, neat patterns and guaranteed fast colors—go now at .....

HALF PRICE

BOYS' WASH WAISTS—the 25c kind go now at **9c**

BOYS' 15c LINEN COLLARS, in all styles and sizes—go now at **5c**

We have about a $2000 stock of Gloves and Mittens on hand and all will go at BIG REDUCTIONS.

Men's Furnishings.

500 dozen—All our 15c and 25c Collars, in all styles and sizes—go now at **8c**

100 dozen Men's Neckwear—$1.00 and $1.50 kind, in Tecks, Four-in-Hands and Puffs—go now at **50c**

60 dozen Men's Neckwear, the 75c kind—go now at **39c**

85 dozen Men's Silk Neckwear, 50c values—go now at **19c**

200 dozen Men's Hose, all colors, in wool, cashmere and cotton, 25c kind—go now at **19c**

95 dozen Men's fancy Hose, in silk and silk wool, 75c and $1.00 kind—go now at **39c**

125 dozen Men's Cotton Hose, in black, brown and red; 15c kind—go now at **8c**

175 dozen Men's fine Suspenders, 75c kind—go now at **39c**

68 dozen Men's Suspenders; 25c, 35c and 50c kind—go now at **19c**

Men's Monarch Dress Shirts, in white and fancy colors; $1.00 kind—go now at **69c**

Cluett's Dress Shirts, in stiff and negligee; $1.50 kind—go now at **$1.05**

Cluett's best Dress Shirts, in stiff and negligee; the $2.00 kind—go now at **$1.40**

Men's fancy Dress Shirts, in stiff and soft bosom, 75c kind—go now at **39c**

Men's Working Shirts; the 50c kind—go now at **25c**

Men's extra nice Night Gowns; $1.50 kind—go now at **63c**

All our Bar, Barbers', Cooks' and Waiters' Coats go at GREAT REDUCTIONS.

MERCHANTS IN NEED OF STORE FIXTURES! Here is an opportunity to get up-to-date fixtures at a great sacrifice. Store Shelving; Shoe Shelving and Track Ladder; 1 Large Street Show Case; 15 10-foot Show Cases; 2 Hardwood Hat Wall Cases; 2 Umbrella Cases; 1 Elegant Hardwood Office; 1 Large Safe; 50 Tables; Wax Figures; Men's and Boys' Forms; Window, Counter and Shelve Nickel Display Fixtures.

107 West Superior Street.

The Hub ONE PRICE

107 West Superior Street.

THIS GIGANTIC SALE MUST END MAY 1st.

NONE OF GUN CREW LEFT TO TELL CAUSE OF MISSOURI EXPLOSION

Pensacola Fla., April 15.—The court of inquiry to examine into the cause of the explosion on the battleship Missouri, Wednesday, in which thirty-two officers and men lost their lives, reconvened on the battleship today, after an adjournment yesterday, to attend the funeral services. Admiral Coughlan of the Caribbean squadron is president of the court, and the members of the court have been selected as far as possible from vessels of other squadrons. It is not expected, however, by those who are familiar with the circumstances that the court will recommend any proceedings in the case, inasmuch as those who are presumed to be at fault in the case were the turret officers, and they were killed by the explosion. The bodies of the victims are being sent away as fast as their relatives make requests for them. There are no developments today except bringing to light the disappearance of W. Boughard, a seaman, who was in the turret. The two seamen who were on the after deck say they saw a man's body blown through the hole in the top of the turret and into the gulf. In the excitement of the moment they made no effort to recover the body, but rushed to fire quarters when they were sounded. The real cause of the explosion probably never will be known, and only theories as to the cause can be accepted by the naval officials, as none of the turret crew survived.

BELIEVES IT HIGH

Traction Company Will Appeal From 1903 Assessed Valuation.

Papers Being Prepared—Is Policy of Lowry Interests.

The Duluth-Superior Traction company will appeal through district court of this county from it assessed valuation for the year 1903. The papers have not yet been filed but they are being prepared by the company's attorney, T. S. Wood.

It is understood that the action of the traction company here is in line with that of the Lowry interests in the Twin Cities, where appeals from the assesed valuation of the Twin City Rapid Transit company's property are to be made through the district court of Hennepin and Ramsay counties.

The local valuation on street railway lines was only increased about $100,000 over that of 1902, to which amount the state board of equalization is said to have added $141,000.

The valuation of the Twin City Rapid Transit company's property, however, was increased something like $2,000,000 or $3,666,000.

SHELL FOR BOAT CLUB

Specifications of New Craft Being Built By Davy.

W. H. Davy, of Cambridge, Mass., who is making the new eight-oared shell for the Duluth boat club, is expected to ship it in about a week. The boat will cost about $350 at the factory and the expense of shipment to Duluth is expected to be upward of $50. Part will come by express and part by freight.

The boat will weigh about 138 pounds and is expected to be heavy enough to support a weighty crew, it being estimated that an average weight of 175 pounds per man will not be too much for the machine. This will mean a total of 1400 pounds of oarsmen. The boat will be 23-inch beam, 10-inches deep and 60 feet long, rigged with Kearns fittings, with adjustable rests for shoes, and rigged for starboard stroke.

The maker, Davy, is one of the most famous in the world, and assures the purchasers that the craft will be light, fast and stiff. He built 10 eight-oar and 16 four-oar boats last year and looks for about as brisk a season this year. The expense of the boat is being borne by about three members of the boat club who are anxious to see Madison beaten by the Zenith City boys.

MOULDERS' STRIKE.

Sharon, Pa., April 15.—Five hundred molders at the American Steel Foundries company's plant here struck for the restoration of last years scale.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

INVITATION TO BIG FAIR.

Tawney Offers Resolution For Congress to Accept.

Washington, April 15.—Representative Tawney of Minnesota today introduced a resolution, accepting on behalf of the fifty-eighth congress the invitation of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company to attend the opening ceremonies of the exposition on April 30 next. The resolution authorizes the president pro tem of the senate and the speaker of the house to appoint a joint committee of ten senators and fifteen members of the house to attend the ceremonies and represent congress.

Siewert Will Move.

An unusual opportunity is presented by William P. Siewert, of the Wolvin building, to buy new spring furnishings at exactly cost price, preparatory to the firm's moving into its new quarters.

It will pay you to examine the W. L. Douglas shoes, and see for yourself that they are just as good in every way as those for which you have been paying $5 to $7. For style, comfort, and service, they cannot be surpassed by custom-made shoes.

FOR SALE BY

SUFFEL & CO. 13 W. Superior St.

FLEE OVER LINE

Criminals Operate In Duluth and Jump to Superior.

Two Hold-Up Artists Captured There After Robbing Man Here.

The vicinity of the Wisconsin state line has seldom proved more annoying to the local police authorities than it did last night.

Henry Warner complained to the police last evening that he had been held up and robbed of $10 in a Bowery saloon. The act was committed about 6 o'clock in the evening. The two men who committed the deed simply pinioned his arms and went through his pockets, securing a $10 bill. They then walked out of the saloon and took a car for Superior.

Warner notified the police of his loss as quickly as possible, but the men had fled.

From the description given by Warner, the police identified the men as William Wall and Pat Egan.

The Superior police made a search of that city at the request of Chief Troyer, and the two men were located and placed under arrest.

It is not known yet whether or not they will come to Duluth and stand trial without extradition papers. The men are said to be "wise ones," and are prepared to take advantage of any legal technicalities that may help them out of the difficulty.

If they refuse to come without extradition papers, the police will have to have the papers drawn up and sent to the governor of the state for his signature. The robbery of which the two men are suspected was so openly committed that the police are anxious to run down the offenders and make examples of them.

A third alleged criminal also found refuge in Superior last night. He was accused of having stolen a pair of woman's shoes. He also fled to Superior and was located by the police there and placed under arrest, awaiting instructions from the local department.

Had it not been for the state line, all three prisoners could have been brought to Duluth last evening and would have been arraigned in the municipal court this morning to answer the charges against them.

The police, however, are determined to bring them back whether they will come willingly or not, as unless such cases are prosecuted the petty thieves think they can ply their vocation in this city, then take refuge over the Wisconsin line and escape their punishment.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask B. E. Baker.

J. M. Gidding In New York.

Women shoppers will be interested in a letter sent from New York by J. M. Gidding, of the firm of J. M. Gidding & Co., who is now there, telling of some very advantageous purchases in women's and misses' tailored suits and coats which he was able to make. On account of unfavorable weather conditions throughout the country, buyers there were not any too plentiful, with the result that prominent New York makers were willing to make important concessions to get business. Mr. Gidding writes that many lines have already been expressed out and will be ready for Saturday's buyers, and that the values are the most important that have been offered Duluth women in some time. Mr. Gidding's ability to get values is too well known among Duluth women to need any questioning, and it is safe to say that in this instance it will be no exception to the rule.

STACK & CO.

17 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Bedding Supplies Priced very low for Saturday

—Sheets, Pillow Cases, Bed Pillows, Bed Spreads, Etc., offered at extraordinary low prices:—

Pillow Cases—full size, soft finish, heavy and durable, worth regularly 12½ each—for tomorrow **10c**

Bed Sheets—full size, heavy bleached sheets—torn and ironed, these goods are of the best quality—each **39c**

Pillow Cases extra heavy—size 36x45—soft finish, the desirable kind—each **12½c**

Brown Sheets—full size, extra heavy sheeting, the regular 55c value—Saturday each **45c**

Bed Pillows filled with good quality feathers free from odor, full weight—worth 59c each **48c**

Pillow Cases—good standard make, full size, soft finish, well made—25c value each **15c**

Bleached Sheets—extra quality, full size, torn and ironed, regular 59c quality—each **50c**

Bed Spreads extra heavy crochet spread, Marseilles pattern, double bed size—each **$1.25**

Waistings everybody's looking for—Handsome Silk Ginghams, Oxfords and Mercerized Cloths at one-fourth off regular price.

19c per yard—20 styles Oxford waistings, in an entirely new line—fancy striped and mottled effects, worth 35c per yard.

22½c per yard for Silk Ginghams in dainty checks and stripes, elegant assortment, worth regularly per yd 30c.

48c per yard for handsome cream and black brilliantine, 38 inches wide, also other fancy weaves at same price.

19c per yard for white Mercerized Waistings in striped and dotted effects, these are materials other stores sell at 25c.

Brown sheeting 2¼ yards wide, heavy regular 25c quality **20c**

Apron Ginghams Best standard apron gingham—per yard **5c**

Fringed Towels Large size, knotted fringe—30c quality **19c**

Sateen Under'skts Heavy mercerized sateen underskirts, worth $1.50—each **$1**

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

'Αρετή'

This is Greek To Everyone—

It Means Goodness

This is not "Greek" to anyone who knows the best of baking. It means goodness in biscuit, crackers and wafers. It is the famous trade mark of the National Biscuit Company and it appears in red and white on each end of the air tight packages containing their products, as a guarantee of excellence, quality, freshness and purity. Two examples of this goodness are SOCIAL TEA BISCUIT, the ever popular dessert accompaniment, and BUTTER THIN BISCUIT, a unique little biscuit in much favor with those who want "something different." Both are sold in air tight packages bearing the above trade mark.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

ARMLESS MAN

Expert With Camera, Using His Feet to Operate It.

Develops His Plates and Makes His Own Pictures.

Kansas City, April 15.—C. P. Tripp, the armless man, is a camera fiend. It is not one of those who press the button and let some one else do the rest, for he does all his work himself, from the selection of his subjects to the mounting of his prints. He focues his camera and operates it, develops his plates and makes his own pictures. And he does it all with his feet.

"It is not photography to snap the shutter and send your films to a gallery," he says. "Any one can do that. There is art in selecting a subject, and in getting the right lights and shades, but you never can learn how to get them unless you do the rest of the work. That is the only way to find out the cause of your mistakes. A man who only snaps the shutter is no more a photographer than a man who sends a roast of beef home is a cook."

Tripp has gone about photography systematically, both in his subjects and in his way of keeping his plates, films and pictures. He has a series of photographs of places made famous by association of Robert Burns; another dealing with the birthplace and present home of Andrew Carnegie; a third showing scenes of the chief events in the life of Joan of Arc; a fourth devoted to localities of the wonderful mythical deeds of William Tell, and others descriptive of the customs and costumes of Brittany, Alsace-Lorraine, Holland and Hungary.

In his home in Wichita, Kan., he has a photographic library, in which he keeps his films and pictures, and all are so indexed and filed that he can lay his hand—or rather his foot—on any one in a minute. His index also contains notes of the date on which the photograph was taken, and of any special conditions.

The camera that Tripp generally uses is of the foldign variety, and he seldom goes out without it. It takes a picture three and a half inches square. That size, he says, just fits English magic lantern slides, of which he has made many, and is large enough to give a good enlargement, if the picture deserves it. Then the small camera is most convenient for him, which is a consideration, since he has to operate it with his feet. It is a film camera.

When Tripp goes out on a photographing expedition he has his camera mounted on a tripod. Sometimes he has company, sometimes he goes alone. When he has a companion the problem of transportation is easily solved. When the is alone the camera, with tripod attached, is swung from his shoulders. His shoes are heavily built slippers, which he can kick off or put on with a movement of the foot. His socks are made on the model of half-mitts and leave his toes bare.

When he wants to take a picture, he kicks off one shoe and with the partly denuded foot sets the camera in position. Then, standing on one foot, he works the shutter with the great toe of the other. When he uses the camera without the tripod he finds it necessary to take off both shoes and sit down, and on such occasions the ground serves as a seat, unless a rock or some other slight elevation is at hand. With the toes of the left foot he grasps the little platform that extends to hold the bellows, and using the heel of his right to steady the machine, he works the lever with the big toe of the same foot.

There are no false or hesitating movements of those feet or toes, for they are trained to as great dexterity as the hands and fingers of other persons.

When it comes to the developing of plates and the finishing of pictures, Tripp prefers a low table, but he can work on the floor. He finds, he says, no more difficulty, as far as he can tell, than other persons in picking up films and holding them to the light to see how far the process of development nas gone and in washing them. He has his different dishes of chemical solutions beside him, and it is the work of only a moment to shift from one to the other.

The chief difficulty of the armless photographer is in finding the same chemical solutions for his work. "When I am at home," he says, "I have stock solutions, so that I know just how they are going to act, but in traveling it is different. You can not get the same preparations in the East as in the West. In fact, you hardly can get the same solution twice from one druggist. But when you mix them yourself you know they are right."

Tripp never tires of talking about the pictures he took in Europe, and he tells with interest of some he got of a band of Romany gypsies in Hungary.

"The men seemed to be away on a foraging expedition," he said, "and there were only women and children. The children were dressed in any way or not at all. Some had clothes for one part of the body and some for another. One little fellow wore a cutaway coat and a plug hat. I got them to let me take their pictures by giving them some money. The way the women carry their babies was new to me, too. They keep them in baskets, not like the Indian women do in America, but in ordinary baskets. They tie the basket to the end of a stick and put it over their shoulders and let the baby sit up."

In getting photographs relating to Joan of Arc,, Tripp considers himself exceptionally fortunate, in that he was permitted to copy with his camera famous paintings which are hung in the museum devoted to the memory of Orleans.

SUMMER RHEUMATISM

The idea that Rheumatism is strictly a winter disease, that comes from exposure or cold, is wrong; a spell of indigestion, torpidity of the liver, inactive state of the kidneys, or sudden cooling of the body when over-heated, being frequent causes of an attack. Rheumatism is due to an over-acid condition of the blood and bad circulation. As it flows through the body the blood deposits an acrid corrosive sediment in the joints and muscles, and the circulation grows sluggish because of the constant accumulation of acid impurities, and when the system is in such condition Rheumatism is liable to come out at any time, winter or summer. It is hastened and provoked by exposure to cold, damp air, sudden cooling of the body when over-heated, a bad spell of indigestion, or anything that is calculated to further derange and depress the system; but these are only exciting and not the real cause of Rheumatism. It is in the blood, and when this vital fluid becomes overcharged with the acid impurities and is running riot in the veins, an attack is sure to come, whether in summer time or the cold, bleak days of winter. You are a slave to pain as long as the blood is tainted with acid. Liniments and plasters are helpful and useful, but it takes something more than rubbing and blistering to drive away this demon of pain.

SSS

S. S. S. goes to the seat of the trouble, enters the circulation, neutralizes and filters out of the blood the acid poisons. It enriches and strengthens the weak, diseased blood; the general health improves under its tonic effect, and when rich, pure blood begins to circulate through the stiff joints and sore, tender muscles, pains and aches vanish, and the longed-for relief comes to the nervous, pain-tortured sufferers. S. S. S. contains no minerals, but is guaranteed purely vegetable. Write us if in need of medical advice, which is given without charge. Our book on Rheumatism, telling of the different forms and varieties of this pain-racking disease, is mailed free.

NO USE FOR CRUTCHES.

I had an attack of Sciatic Rheumatism in its worst form. The pain was so intense I became completely prostrated. Having heard S. S. S. recommended for Rheumatism, I decided to give it a trial, and after I had taken a few bottles I was able to hobble around on crutches, and very soon had no use for them at all. S. S. S. having cured me sound and well. All the distressing pains have left me, my appetite has returned, and I am happy to be again restored to perfect health.

MRS. JAMES KELL,
901 U. St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

VIGOROUS FIGHT

To Be Waged By Republicans In the Coming Campaign.

Practical Certainty of Parker's Nomination Causes Activity.

Washington, April 15.—Notwithstanding the fact that the administration leaders have announced that under no circumstances would the next Republican national convention take any steps toward rehabilitating the Iowa idea in regard to the tariff, that the party intended to stand pat on the present tariff law with no equivocation, and that tariff reform and reciprocity which the high protectionists designate as free trade in disguise, had been put aside for a more convenient season, the American Protective tariff league evidently does not propose to accept any promises, but will continue its campaign in favor of a high protective tariff until the Republican convention completes its work.

The league has secured the addresses of all the delegates and alternates elected to the national convention, and proposes to send to them all the tariff literature that it publishes from time to time. Wilbur F. Wakeman, the secretary of this organization, is making a personal canvass of the first voters in every congressional district, and he claims to have the most complete list of these young men that has ever been prepared prior to a presidential election. He is keeping in constant touch with these first voters and is sending to them earnest appeals to vote the Republican ticket at the coming election, and by so doing secure a continuation of the present prosperous conditions that, according to him, have been made possible by the high protective tariff.

Secretary Wakeman thinks this sort of argument will gain the Republicans thousands of voters. There is every indication here that the Republicans propose to put up a red hot campaign. The practical certainty of the nomination by the Democrats of Judge Alton B. Parker has moved the Republicans to unwonted early activities. The president knows enough of conditions in New York state to realize that it is not a year for his party to take any chances, but that in order to win they will have to put up a vigorous campaign from now on.

The president is playing politics for all it is worth, and he expects the big chieftains of his party to follow his lead. A sop has been thrown to the old soldiers by the special service pension order, that was attacked so sharply by Representative Bourke Cockran in the house last Saturday. The Republican leaders, even those who think the official who issued the order went beyond his constitutional rights as an executive officer of the administration, are of the opinion that it will capture the old soldiers' vote for their party. Corporal Tanner, ex-tax commissioner of Brooklyn, and one of the most successful stump orators of the Republican party, has been pulled aboard the administration band wagon by his appointment to a fat official position in this city. He will be expected to hustle among the veterans and fire their hearts in favor of the flag and an appropriation.

Boquets of all sorts have been thrown to the German-American brethren by the administration, and these thrifty and hard-headed citizens are counted on to fall in line for the G. O. P., as they did in 1896 and 1900.

The Hebrews, it is believed by President Roosevelt's friends, ought to be pleased and satisfied by the course pursued by the present administration in connection with the Kishineff massacres in Russia, and the subsequent acts that have been taken to insure protection to the Jews in that country.

The Republican leaders believe that a portion of the labor vote has been captured for President Roosevelt by his adjustment of the coal strike, and that the adverse comments occasioned by his stand in favor of the open door in government shops have been more than offset by the former incident. Organized labor has received another pat upon the back in the decision of Attorney General Knox that it will not be necessary to have further legislation to exclude the Chinese on the expiration of the present treaty with China in December of this year. An exclusive order, it is thought, will keep the bars up against the yellow peril.

Up to date no special effort seems to have been made by the president or his friends to conciliate the Irish-American voters. In fact, several men who have been for years holding office here and who are prominent in the Irish societies are now outside the breast-works. These men are starting all the opposition to Roosevelt that they can, and as their influence is wide they are apt to make trouble for the president before the campaign is over. It is predicted by leading Republicans here that before the campaign is well under way President Roosevelt will do something to appease the Irish-American malcontents, thus bringing into line all the several elements among the voters.

Constant conferences between the president and leading Republicans of the senate and house are being held at the White House, and it is said that plans of the most extensive kind are being matured for the coming campaign. Vigorous work in all the doubtful states will be taken up as soon as the question of the chairman of the national committee is disposed of. Governor Odell is puzzling the Republican leaders at Washington, and is causing them no end of worry. They cannot understand some of his recent actions, and they comment severely upon the speech made by ex-Governor Black here last week at the banquet of the Periodical Publishers' association. They regard his remarks as a covert and adroit attack on the president, and are of the opinion that Representative Littauer, who is a close personal friend of ex-Governor Black and who accompanied him to the banquet, is to a certain extent responsible for the speech. They say that Littauer is bitter against the president and that he has taken every opportunity to lambaste him since Mr. Roosevelt declined to accord to the boss of Gloversville the vindication that he demanded at the time his conduct in connection with the army glove contracts came under criticism.

President Roosevelt is well aware that he has made many enemies during the time that he has been occupant of the White House and that these men will strain every nerve to encompass his defeat. Therefore, he tells his friends that the Republicans will have no walkover this year, and that it behooves them to take off their coats and put up the fight of their lives.

Spring Fashions for Men

Copyright 1904 by the makers of MICHAELS-STERN FINE CLOTHING
MICHAELS, STERN & CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Our splendid showing of New Spring Clothing for Men and Young Men is just another step toward fixing our CLOTHING SUPREMACY still more firmly in the minds of the clothes-buying public.

MEN'S SUITS,
YOUNG MEN'S SUITS,
TOP COATS,
CRAVENETTES,
$10, $15, $20, $25

STYLISH SPRING HATS,

$1.50, $2, $3, $3.50 and $5

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

GIRL WHO DIED HAS REVIVED

Signs of Life Discovered When Embalming Was Begun.

Ottawa, Ohio, April 15.—One of the most remarkable cases ever brought to the attention of the officials of Putnam county has been reported. According to the eye-witnesses who made the presentation of facts, a young woman died last Sunday afternoon and Tuesday returned to life. The funeral that had been arranged for her has been indefinitely postponed. The report was made to the county coroner and he has gone to the scene of the alleged resurrection.

Last Sunday afternoon the eighteen-year-old daughter of Jacob Warnimont, a farmer residing near Miller City, died. The young woman was a universal favorite in the community and the news of her death was the cause of deep grief. Many went to the house to offer their condolences to the parents, but they could not be comforted.

Arrangements were made for the funeral after a reputable physician had signed the certificate of death, and a permit to bury the girl's body in the family burying ground was issued. A minister was engaged to preach the funeral service Wednesday.

Tuesday afternoon the undertaker arrived from Ottawa to prepare the body for the shroud. When he was about to begin the work of embalming the supposed corpse he was astounded to observe unmistakable signs of life in the young woman. The lips became moist, the cheeks that bore the pallor of death began to color with the blush of returning animation and the fingers twitched. The undertaker stood back dazed and aghast at the thought that he had all but begun to embalm the living, but soon recovered sufficiently to notify the members of the family, who rushed into the room to verify his story that the girl still lived. They were overcome with joy to find that she was alive.

Coroner Scheibley, of Ottawa, went to Miller City to annul the burial permit, and no word has been received from there to indicate that the girl may not fully recover. The cause of her illness and apparent death is not known here.

MADNESS ENDS WITH DEATH

Teacher Became Mentally Unbalanced After Seeing Pupils Whipped.

Evansville, Ind., April 15.—Driven insane because she stood by and saw her thirty-one pupils whipped in the schoolroom Miss Bertha Montgomery died Tuesday night in the asylum, to which she had been sent. She was the daughter of Virgil Montgomery, of Owensville, and was a student in the Owensville high school. Six weeks ago one of the teachers in the school, Miss Martin, was taken ill and asked Miss Montgomery to take her place. She consented, but was unable to control the scholars.

Miss Montgomery called in Principal T. B. Lasile, who, after lecturing the pupils several times, decided to whip the whole lot. Lasile called in the teachers of the building to witness the whipping and Miss Montgomery was among them. In the morning he lined up the 16 boys in the room, and, aided by Assistant Principal E. B. Boren, gave the boys a severe flogging. In the afternoon the girls were whipped.

The next day Miss Montgomery began to act strangely and physicians were called in. She was adjudged insane and brought to the asylum here and had grown constantly worse ever since.

According to Superintendent Laughlin, of the Southern Insane hospital, her death was caused by spinal meningitis.

There is a petition signed by 100 citizens in circulation at Owensville asking that Lasile be not employed for another term and feeling against him is growing. He is a minister in the Baptist church and has been connected with the Owensville schools for a number of years.

A CURE FOR HEADACHE.

headache, billiousness or a dull, drowsy headache, billiousness or a dull, drowsy feeling should take one or two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers night and morning. While they cleanse the system they strengthen and rebuild it by their tonic effect upon the liver and bowels. Sold by all druggists.

Wiggle-Stick

(Patented)

Laundry Blue

At All Grocers

Won't Freeze
Won't Break
Won't Spill
Won't Spot Clothes

Costs 10 Cents, Equals 20 Cents worth of any other kind of bluing

Wiggle-Stick is a stick of soluble blue in a filter bag inside a perforated wooden tube, through which the water flows and dissolves the color as needed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
Wiggle-Stick around in the water.
Manufactured only by
THE LAUNDRY BLUE COMPANY, Chicago

HORSE WOULD NOT FORGET

His Early Street Car Training and Antonio Mourns.

New York, April 15.—Antonio Ferratti, of 118 Mulberry street, better known as "The Passionate Antonio," on account of the fervor with which he grinds "Hiawatha" and "Bedelia" from his street piano, has met with a sad misfortune. His sole means of livelihood—the piano—has been ruined forever by the eccentricity of a horse which he purchased to drag the instrument through the streets. The horse is dead, too, and that augments Antonio's grief.

Antonio is well known and beloved by the children of the Tenderloin. Every morning, rain or shine, he has appeared in the Thirties with his piano and held up to his listeners "Hiawatha" and "Bedelia" as patterns of melodious perfection.

But two weeks ago, Antonio failed to arrive. He had been siezed with a pain in his right arm, known to the guild as 'the organ grinder's cramp." While thus incapacitated he was seized with a great idea. He would exchange his old, hard grinding piano for one of the new kind that work easily and would purchase a horse to drag the instrument through the streets. He accomplished both ambitions, and he led the horse and the automatic piano up to Thirty-fourth street, where he proceeded to gladden the Tenderloin with melody.

A conductor on an east-bound Thirty-fourth street car signaled one bell for "stop." The piano-cart horse was then trotting across Broadway. At the one-bell signal it stopped short. Antonio coaxed and wheedled, kicked and swore but the horse would not budge until the car conductor struck two bells. Then the horse went off with a start, only to stop again at the sound of one bell from a Broadway car. Then Antonio knew the truth; he had bought an old car-horse.

After some explanation a policeman arranged to have the blockade raised by all the waiting cars striking two bells at once. This was done, and the result was startling.

Clang! Bang!

The old horse gave a snort and bolted across Thirty-fourth street. The piano came in violent contact with an elevated pillar. The mechanism was let loose and presently the queer turnout was dashing past the astonished Waldorf-Astoria to the gay strains of "Bedelia."

SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

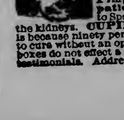
"I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron, of Wilton Junction, Iowa. "My joints were stiff and gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been thoroughly cured. Have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble for many months. It is certainly a most wonderful liniment." For sale by all druggists.

MOVING and STORAGE

The Old Reliable

Duluth Van Co.,

210 West Superior St. Phones 492.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

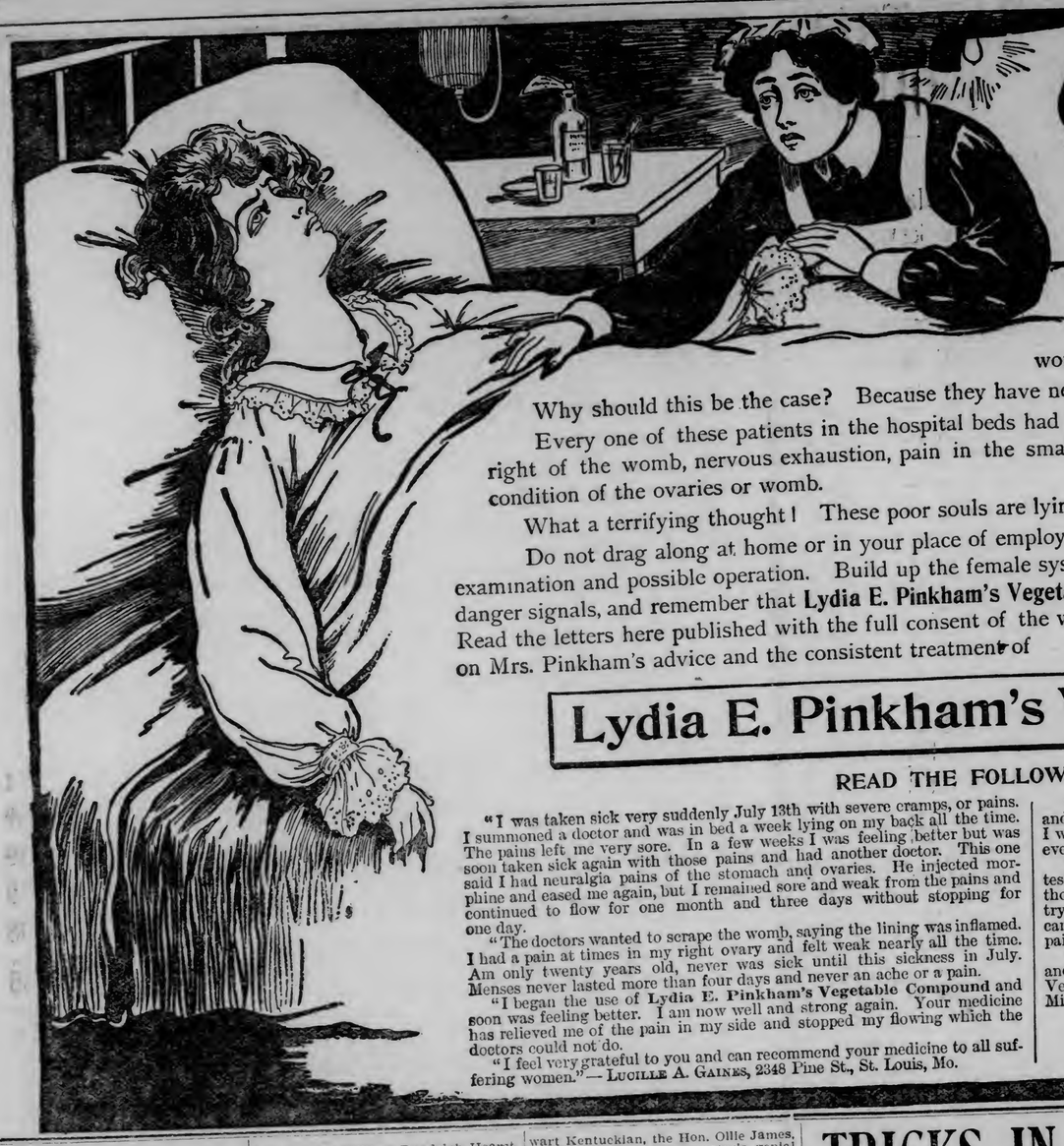
This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Pains in the Back, Headache, Dizziness, Loss of Sexual Power, Failing Memory, Bad Blood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Lack of Energy, Unfitness to marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele, and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prematurity, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores. The reason sufferers are not cured by doctors is because ninety per cent. are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5,000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes do not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box; six for $5.00 by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials. Address DA VOL MEDICINE CO., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

DIED IN SNOW STORM.

Terrible Experience of a Man Who Disobeyed Instructions.

This is early for a severe snow storm and while the case in question was no doubt of last year it shows exactly what may happen at any time when one disobeys the precepts of good sense. When a person uses Cupidene for lost manhood it cleanses the whole system and removes every detrimental substance even the nicotine of tobacco. There is no remedy on earth that comes as near being a tobacco cure as Cupidene for it makes your will power strong and restores lost manhood to its wonted perfection. Cupidene is sold at $1.00 per box, 6 for $5.00, by Max Wirth. Sent by mail in plain pack-



Operations Avoided

Hospitals in our great cities are sad places to visit. Three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls.

Why should this be the case? Because they have neglected themselves.

Every one of these patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at the left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back. All of these things are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb.

What a terrifying thought! These poor souls are lying there on those hospital beds awaiting a fearful operation.

Do not drag along at home or in your place of employment until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an examination and possible operation. Build up the female system, cure the derangements which have signified themselves by danger signals, and remember that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has saved thousands of women from the hospital. Read the letters here published with the full consent of the writers, and see how they escaped the knife by a faithful reliance on Mrs. Pinkham's advice and the consistent treatment of

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

READ THE FOLLOWING LETTERS:

"I was taken sick very suddenly July 13th with severe cramps, or pains. I summoned a doctor and was in bed a week lying on my back all the time. The pains left me very sore. In a few weeks I was feeling better but was soon taken sick again with those pains and had another doctor. This one said I had neuralgia pains of the stomach and ovaries. He injected morphine and eased me again, but I remained sore and weak from the pains and continued to flow for one month and three days without stopping for one day.

"The doctors wanted to scrape the womb, saying the lining was inflamed. I had a pain at times in my right ovary and felt weak nearly all the time. Am only twenty years old, never was sick until this sickness in July. Menses never lasted more than four days and never an ache or a pain.

"I began the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and soon was feeling better. I am now well and strong again. Your medicine has relieved me of the pain in my side and stopped my flowing which the doctors could not do.

"I feel very grateful to you and can recommend your medicine to all suffering women."—LUCILLE A. GAINES, 2348 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

"I suffered with female trouble for over eight years, had womb trouble and painful menstruation. Have been under the care of doctors who said I would have to submit to an operation before I could be cured. I suffered everything.

"One day I picked up a paper and noticed your advertisement and a testimonial from a friend I knew, stating your medicine had cured her so I thought I would try it. I told my husband I would give up all doctors and try your medicine. I began using your medicine just two months ago and cannot say enough on its praise. Menstruation comes freely now without pain.

"**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has brought health, joy and happiness to me. My advice to all suffering women is to try your Vegetable Compound."—MRS. FRED MCNAUGHTON, Box 401, Breckenridge, Minn.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

HEARST IS MERE BOY

In Appearance and Action and Says Little In Congress.

Is Fond of Friends Calling at His Princely Home.

Washington, April 15.—Of all the presidential "Perhapses" William Randolph Hearst is decidedly the most diffident. However sensationally he may be translated into yellow journalese, the youngster from New York with the big, baby blue eyes who would like to wag the government after the next eletcion is at soul reserved and unobstrusive, as shy in fact as the girl that one reads about but never meets outside of a printed page. There's scarce a man in congress who keeps his seat as modestly as "Willie" Hearst. He sits still like a good boy, is never on his feet and seldom chirps. He figures in the Record only "along the lines," as country newspapers say, of strict routine. He shrinks into his shell unconsciously, giving a peep of the true himself to only the meagerest few. No man on the Democratic side of the house is said to be so devoid of intimates as William Randolph Hearst. Even his colleagues from his own state know him but superficially. In spite of al the bluster and the blow and the racket in the country over him, Mr. Hearst, deep down in his heart, is just a big, bashful, blue-eyed boy with a clever capacity for taking good advice. He makes a pleasant, cordial host at his new home on Lafayette square recently vacated by Secretary Root, where the Hearst dynasty before very long will blithely begin.

Mr. Hearst is fond of having all his friends come to the house to meet his pretty young wife. She is usually surrounded by her sister, Mrs. Tovey, the duplicate of her in youth and comeliness. To lend prestige and eclat to the young establishment, Mrs. Hearst mere has been bestowing her presence upon her son and daughter-in-law considerably of late, sowing entire compatibility with the blooming young wife. Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, who has just returned from a visit from every possible part of the earth, declares Ceylon to be a record breaker in point of charm. The facial resemblance is often remarked by those in the gallery on the Democratic side of the house between Representative William Randolph Hearst, of New York, and Representative Swagar Sherley, of Kentucky, both fair, with strong, clear-cut features. Mr. Sherley boldly challenges fate in congressional directory by having the legend "bachelor" in parentheses inserted after his name, a unique incident in the book. His colleagues are chary of committing themselves as to their domestic state, in giving biographical data. The "unmarried" that Hon. Ollie James, of Kentucky, confessed to when the information was demanded of him by the publisher has been delightfully a misfit since December, though the "was never married" of Mr. Southall of Virginia, a unique admission in the volume, is still forlornly applicable.

The lookers-on in congress are entertained by the obvious physical resemblance between many couples of the members. Senator Bailey of Texas, provides a type of personal pulchritude that sometimes causes confusion of identities. Representative Claude Kitchen of North Carolina, and the stalwart Kentucklan, the Hon. Ollie James, are both built on the senator's genial generous plan. Texas and Kentucky encore each other in the facial type that belongs equally to Representative William Robert Smith and to Representative Frank Hopkins. Representatives Croft, of South Carolina, and Badger, of Ohio, unconsciously do the two Dromlnos stunts, while the "Gold Dust Twins" are not in it in similarity with Robertson, of Arkansas, and Watson of Indiana. Mr. Miller, of Kansas, and Mr. Lewis of Georgia, are the proverbial two peas in a pod. Representative Sims, of Tennessee, finds his magnified counterpart in the handsome new secretary of war, plus a few distinct Clevelandesque touches.

As the congressional session winds swiftly to its close, Cupid, the energetic urchin, is making the most of the little time left before the pretty daughters of senators and representatives are irremediably scattered. More than one couple under suspicion all winter have recently confessed the soft impeachment, and there are many more to follow. There's been especial havoc among congressional secretaries, with the return of the robins. All true secretaries are endowed with knightly souls. Among the spring announcements is the engagement of Miss Mamie Latimer, daughter of the rugged and forceful senator from South Carolina, and Mr. L. Martin Heard, of Georgia, the marriage to take place in the idea of June. Miss Latimer is one of the daintiest and most picturesque of all the congressional lassies. She is marvelously fair, with a torrent of red-gold hair and a poetic way of wearing her clothes. She has been a graceful figure at all the smart functions of the winter. Just on the tip of the tongue, it is said, is the announcement of the betrothal of a beautiful Tennessee girl in congressional circles to a distinguished young engineer from Philadelphia now stationed in Washington. Further indications are that there is soon to be a "general pair," in congressional parlance, between Texas and North Carolina, sentimentally speaking, and that Kentucky and Mississippi are mutually "takin' notice," and this isn't half.

A distinctively delightfully "salon" in Washington all winter that smacked of the old world in grace and intellectuality has been brought to a period by the death of Burton Harrison, the distinguished husband of the presiding genius, the authoress. This couple, of equal personal prominence, and parents of the wealthy young Congressman Buron Harrison, of New York, were as romantically devoted as in the days of their courtship in old Virginia, when "Constance Carey" was the belle and the beauty of Richmond, and Burton Harrison secretary to the president of the Confederate states. He was born in New Orleans and brought up variously in Mississippi, Kentucky and at Yale. Mrs. Harrison, who, like most writers at the capital, is engaged on a novel of Washington life, shares with the beautiful Mrs. Van Rensselaer Cruger the double eclat of ultra smartness and ultra literariness. There are hordes of worshippers at both shrines. There is a genial old-fashioned warmth to Mrs. Harrison's sweet Southern manners—no affectation nor pose. That she is woman enough to remember that she was once a beauty is evidenced in the still pretty coquetry of her dress and the sweep of the big picture hats that all winter have adorned her light hair. "Come to see me, my child, any morning," Mrs. Harrison said blithely to a newspaper girl. "Your dear mother and I were happy young creatures together in old Richmond. Come let's talk it all over."

BEST COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN.

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by all druggists.

TRICKS IN FINANCE

Thomas W. Lawson Tells How the Public Is Robbed.

Gigantic Deals Without the Scratch of a Pen.

New York, April 14.—"Henry H. Rogers and I have had deals aggregating $100,000,000 between us in the past nine years. One of these deals showed $46,000,000 profits. No writing ever passed between us in any of these deals."

This extraordinary statement by Thomas W. Lawson on the stand before Judge Barker at Boston in the "Gad case" led the Boston correspondent of the New York World to question Mr. Lawson about the methods of "high finance," and the interview was not only granted, but carefully revised by the copper king before it was published.

Mr. Lawson declared that no record was made if the nature of the transactions was illegal. A record of many of their transactions would not endure the light of day. If the joint operators in these deals worked them out in the light of day the law would call a halt before they were completed, or if completed, the law would compel restitution.

"I have in my box at this minute," he said, "a certain block of 10,000 shares of stock which represents about $500,000 profit. It is the property of a certain associate of mine. He is not worth, all told, over $1,500,000 to $2,000,000. And yet his only chance of his getting this stock in case of my death is that when a certain envelope is opened instructions will be found on the inside to send to him. He has no writing, and from the very nature of his connection with the project he can have none until it is finished and he receives the stock, and yet I believe this transaction is in every way as square and honest as each $99,000,000 in every $100,000,000 of business transacted in Wall street.

"I testified the other day, and it is therefore no secret, that two years after the transaction I learned from the late William L. Elkins (a Standard Oil magnate and director of the Pennsylvania railroad) that Mr. Rogers had been handed $1,000,000 worth of New England Gas and Coke stock, to be handed to me. I could give you scores of instances of this kind if I were at liberty to do it.

"How do I account for it—this tremendous confidence financiers place in the honor and honesty of their associates, when in the ordinary walk of business life every one demands a receipt?

"I answer, Rot! Bosh! The wholesale financier's word is no more sacred, no better, than the ordinary businessman's. It's simply a matter of policy with the wholesale modern financier. He can't do business any other way, from the very nature of the business.

"As society and the law are constituted, it it an absolute impossibility for a few men to make $46,000,000 profit legally. Such transactions show upon their face that, first, the $46,000,000 must have belonged to the public, the people; and, second, that this sum was taken away from the people by a handful of men—how?

"Clearly not by going to the people and showing them that they were to part with $46,000,000 for the benefit of the few men who were afterward found in possession of it. So that it must have been taken away from them without, in one sense, their knowing they were parting with it, and this could only be done by what we may call a trick in finance.

"As a matter of policy, high financiers engaged in an affair of this kind have to depend each on the other's word. The reason is not that one wants to trust the other, but because he has to. If they put their agreement in writing and made a record that could be taken to court they couldn't get the $46,000,000.

"At this minute Mr. Rogers is holding quite large sums of this kind of money belonging to me. One single amount, a profit of a certain joint transaction, is about $2,000,000, and now that we have had this row on we may be obliged to call in the courts to pass on this phase of modern finance."

Mr. Lawson would not take time to explain how he could sue Mr. Rogers for $2,000,000 and get it, in the given circumstances.

For the Repair of physical **Wear and Tear**

men seek a pure tonical stimulant

Hunter Baltimore Rye

on account of its age, purity, flavor, satisfies all needs.

Physicians recommend and prescribe it.

Sold at all first-class cafes and by jobbers. WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Woodsmen Confined All Night In Tree By Wolves.

Ontonagon—Sitting all night in a tree, tired, hungry and almost benumbed from the cold, with a pack of wolves under them, is the experience which befell Frank and Robert Anderson, of Wausau, Wis., in the woods south of Sidnaw. The Andersons are making their headquarters in Ontonagon while looking after their timber interests in this section. Their camp was a small tent. In the middle of the afternoon they heard wolves howling in the distance, but paid no attention to them, keeping on with their work. Shortly before 6 o'clock, as it was growing dark and as they were making their way toward their camp, almost a dozen of the ravenous animals made an attack upon them.

Except for the small axes used by lumberjacks the men were unarmed, and they hastily sought refuge in a tree. They supposed the wolves would make off shortly, but the animals were exceptionally hungry, for they kept up the vigil all night long, occasionally making desperate efforts to reach the besieged men. At daybreak the wolves made off.

Ironwood—The city authorities are advised that the appellate division of the New York supreme court has affirmed the judgment dismissing the counterclaim of the receiver for Coffin & Stanton, of New York, in his suit against the city. The receiver sought to recover $25,000 paid by Coffin & Stanton in part settlement for Ironwood's old issue of $150,000 worth of bonds, sold to the firm shortly before the failure some years ago, it being the contention that the creditors of Coffin & Stanton were entitled to the money. The decision terminates the litigation in the New York courts, but a separate suit, also asking the return of the money, is pending in the federal courts. This was brought by the holders of the bonds and was recently argued in the United States court at Cincinnati.

Iron Mountain—The Iron Mountain Cooperative society is one of the few concerns of that kind in the Upper Peninsula which have kept above water and are making disbursements to stockholders. An annual dividend of 6 per cent has just been declared.

Escanaba—Following the example of Rev. S. M. Gilchriese, who is conducting an anti-saloon crusade at Negaunee, Rev. E. M. Johnson, of Daggett, Menominee county, has caused the arrest of four liquor dealers and threatens other prosecutions.

Manistique—The Beattie company, a fish concern which has been operating on the east side of Lake Michigan, purposes to enter the field at Manistique, putting two tugs in commission. It is looking for warehouse and docking facilities.

Sault Ste. Marie—Charles Ahearn, Thomas Gliff and John Quinn were arrested under indictments charging them with running gambling places.

St. Ignace—The birth of a twenty-five pound baby in the home of a shingle weaver named Jenney, is reported. However, the child lived but a brief time, and the mother died shortly after.

Munising—The veneer works established at Grand Marais some months ago has been sold to William Chandler of Sault Ste. Marie.

CHOKED BY BOLOGNA.

Sioux Falls, S. D., April 14.—Rena Johnson, the 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson, well-known resident of this city, is dead as the result of a chunk of bologna lodging in her windpipe.

PRIEST FOR 69 YEARS.

Rev. Father Dandurand Celebrates Ninety-First Birthday.

Winnipeg, Man., April 14.—Very Rev. Father Dandurand is celebrating his 91st birthday. He is hale and hearty and attends to his duties as chaplain of the Hospice Tache as well as ever. He has been a priest for sixty-nine years, and it is said he is the oldest priest in Canada and the oldest Oblate father in the world.

Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface is on his way to Europe, having left here for Montreal, where he will meet Very Rev. Father Lacombe, who will accompany him. It is their intention to attend the meeting of the Oblate Fathers in Paris on May 11. From there they will go to Jerusalem and will also visit the pope.

TURKISH TROPHIES

ALL TURKISH TOBACCO CIGARETTES

10 for 10c.

Biggest Seller in the World.

FREE New Pictures 25 dainty maids of as many nations, each holding her country's emblem. Full of snap and go, the finest set of pictures we have ever issued—you know what that means. Full set free for 60 Trophies coupons.

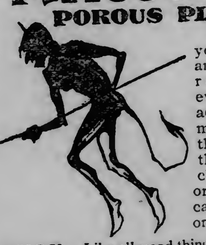
Anargyros NEW YORK

RHEUMATISM IN THE JOINTS

The best treatment is to cut an Allcock's Porous Plaster size and shape required and apply to part affected. There's nothing that will give such complete relief.

For **Sprains** or to take the **Stiffness** or **Soreness** out of over-worked muscles and make them strong and supple, nothing equals the genuine

Allcock's POROUS PLASTERS



For over 55 years the standard external remedy for every kind of ache or pain, no matter whether the trouble is in the back, side, chest or limbs, or whether it is caused by a cold or over-exertion.

CAUTION—Like all good things Allcock's Porous Plasters have been imitated, but it is in appearance only that the imitation resembles Allcock's. None have the healing, strengthening and pain-relieving properties contained in the Allcock's. Furthermore, Allcock's Plasters are **absolutely safe** as they do not contain belladonna, opium or any poison whatever.

Always insist on having the genuine.

Special offerings at the Van Guard tomorrow. Our prices will tell. Read, clothing buyers, read!

Men's Suits and Overcoats.

All the latest styles and nobbiest patterns can be found here at prices lower than any other store in Duluth. Come and be convinced.

$8.00 and $10.00 suits go Saturday at $4.75.

$12 suits go Saturday at $6.75.

$14 suits go Saturday at $8.75.

$16 suits go Saturday at $11.75.

$18 and $20 suits go Saturday at $14.75.

Boys' Clothing.

Boys' two-piece Suits, in black and blue, knee pants, ages 8 to 16 years; worth $2.50—at **$1.20**

Boys' Suits, plain and fancy colors and stripes, with straps; worth $3.00 : in cashmere and worsted—ages 8 to 14 years **$1.65**

Blue serge all-wool Suits, ages 8 to 16 years—worth $8—go at ... **$3.75**

Youths' three-piece Suits, in all the leading colors, latest styles and the best of fabrics: ages 14 to 20 years—worth $12—go at... **$4.75**

A full line of barbers', bartenders' and waiters' jackets at 25 PER CENT OFF.

Everything marked in plain figures. One price to all, at—

Shoe Department.

We call attention to our handsome line of Men's Shoes and Oxfords. These are in patent leather, colt skin, vici kid, box and kangaroo calf—only **$2.25**

$2.50 and $3.00 Shoes go at **$2.00**

$2.00 and $2.25 Shoes go at **$1.50**

18-in. top Cruising Boots, worth $5.00; the best calf skin—at this sale .. **$3.18**

$1.50 and $1.75 Work Shoes at **99c**

Cooks' and Waiters' Aprons, best grade; worth 35c—at **21c**

Lyon Brand Shirts — the best $1.25 and $1.50 shirt in the market—Saturday at the Van Guard **89c**

Saturday Collar Bargain — All our 15c Collars—Saturday, at **9c**

Three for **25c**

Men's Pants. Special.

$1.75 values at 98c

$2.00 values at $1.39

$2.50 values at $1.69

$3.00 values at $1.98

$4.50 and $5.00 trousers... $2.98

A complete line of men's furnishing goods, hats and caps at ONE-THIRD OFF.

The Van Guard Clothing Co.

407 W. Superior St., Next to Am. Express Co.

IRON ORE PRICE

Great Interest In the Pool Meeting Next Tuesday.

Attitude of Independent Producers Matter of Much Concern.

Pig iron has been bought on the side this year by the United States Steel corporation, despite the fact that its furnaces are now very busy. It is said that the purchases have reached 1,500,000 tons, and some of the individual mine owners are feeling pretty good over the fact, as they consider it a good omen of stiff prices for the ore which they will get out.

The United States Steel corporation is said to have very low stock piles, lower than usual for this time of year, as the winter digging was not pushed as fast as usual owing to the slump in the steel market toward the latter part of last year and the belief that the market this year would not justify heavy production or shipments.

Usually the winter work is kept going to be prepared for early commencement of shipping, and fast shipment at that, but this season is already possibly a month behind on navigation, which, together with the light stocks on hand caused by expectation of a dull market, would cripple the corporation very decidedly in case the steel market should be unexpectedly good. The corporation shipments last year were 13,197,670 and in 1902 15,305,643 tons.

While last year was expected to be as good a year as the year before, and ore was shipped with corresponding rapidity, the latter part of the shipping season was curtailed owing to depressed conditions in the steel situation. As stated some time since in The Herald, the corporation now has about 85 per cent of its furnaces in operation, which is a good average for a busy season, and if this keeps up, together with the corporation buying outside its own mills, and ore not piled up as fast as it might be used, the independents would be decidedly glad.

The meeting of the ore pool is to be held next Tuesday at New York and the result will be watched with interest. The corporation belongs to the pool, and represents about as large an interest as the rest of the membership combined. It is said to favor the organization to keep itself from being subjected to continual war from the independents, but predictions have been rife this spring that the pool will dissolve at the meeting, which has been postponed on two different occasions, ostensibly on account of important members being unable to attend.

The coming meeting is the customary spring gathering for settling the price of ore, and whether the independents have anything up their sleeve by which they can make the corporation shiver is being speculated on quite a good deal.

HAD TRIAL ENOUGH

Lakesiders Think They Should Have Change In Service.

Demonstrated Sufficiently That Present Run Will Not Do.

It is now two weeks since the new schedule went into effect on the West Duluth and Lakeside street car lines, but Lakesiders say that as far as their section of the city is concerned there has been no improvement whatever over the irregular and unsatisfactory service of the first two or three days. They want a change, and want it bad.

The objections are against the present service, and those making them express it as being their belief that Lakeside will never get satisfaction from it as long as the cars run through from West Duluth. They ask that the old schedule be again put in force, even though by doing this it is necessary to revert to the use of the old-style cars. They think it has been sufficiently demonstrated that the present arrangement will not do.

With the cars coming way through from West Duluth as they do they are crowded when passing through the business district, particularly at noon and late in the afternoon, frequently preventing Lakeside people from boarding them at all. The cars may be almost free of passengers by the time they reach Twentieth avenue east, and then run clear through to the end of the line with only one or two passengers on board, but that does not relieve the situation any for those who wish to get on in the down town district.

It is claimed that catching a car at Lakeside to come to Duluth is little better than a lottery, for they do not run on chedule time, but are very irregular. This fact is also said to be due to the long run, and is pointed out as another reason for going back to the old run, with the old schedule. With the cars running only to Eighth avenue west, as formerly, they were not often loaded while passing through town with any other than Lakeside people. This is not true under present conditions, for the Lig double-truckers have nearly five miles in which to pick up passengers, instead of a few blocks, as was the case with the Lakeside cars before the new schedule was put into effect.

Lakesiders find it next to impossible to come to theaters or entertainments or to keep appointments with any certainty in the evening. The cars get thrown off their schedules with the rush at supper time, and after that do not regain anything like their right running time until late at night.

One of the Greatest Bargain Sales Ever Before Offered in Duluth At Duluth Consignment Store tomor'w

We receive large shipments of merchandise daily, and our store is overloaded with goods and in order to make room in our store, and to raise cash, we are going to offer to the public of Duluth for tomorrow our entire stock **consisting of Dry Goods, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishings and a full line of Shoes at a discount of 40c and 50c off on every dollar's worth of goods you buy from us tomorrow.**

Read These Prices! It Will Do You Good!

Velvet—500 yds good velvet—for tomorrow's special, yd 19c

Fine Silk—one lot—at per yard 29c

Colored Lawn—1000 yds—for tomorrow only, a yard... 4½c

Silk Ribbon—per yard 1c

White Pocket Handkerchiefs—each 2c

Ladies' Kimonas—each 39c

Lace Curtains—2½ yards long, fine patterns, a pair... 39c

Fancy Pillow Shams—at 29c

Ladies' Muslin Night Gowns—fancy trimmed, at 48c

Ladies' Underskirts—white muslin, each 48c

White Muslin Pants—per pair 19c

Children's Stockings—per pair 9c

Lace Stockings—good value at 25c—per pair 12c

Ladies' White Lawn Waists—at 49c

Ladies' Summer Undervests—at 9c

Girls' Fancy Dresses—ready to wear—at 98c

Ladies' Wrappers—each 69c

Infant's Fancy Stockings—per pair 6c

Boys' Knee Pants—per pair 19c

Boys' Fancy Caps—each 19c

Boys' Suits—We have now in stock, 600 boys' suits, in every style and make—if your boys needs a suit, we are positive we can suit you in quality and price.

75c Boys' 2-piece Suits—in good patterns, at 98c

100 Boys' Norfolk Suits—in all wool, at $1.69

One lot Boys' 3-piece Suits—in cheviots—at.. $2.19

Boys' School Shoes—double sole—Goodyear welt—a big bargain at—per pair 98c

Children's Shoes—per pair 69c

One lot of Girls' Shoes—sizes up to 11—extra fine quality—regular price $1.50, at 98c

Ladies' Fancy Shoes—in up-to-date styles, a pair. $1.69

A full line of Men's Shoes—every style and make, at prices to suit you all.

Men's Pants—per pair 69c

Men's Pants—black union worsted—per pair 78c

Men's fancy color Summer Pants—$2.00 values—for tomorrow—per pair 98c

Corduroy Pants—per pair $1.39

Men's All-Wool Pants—fancy worsted, reg. $4.50. $2.79

Men's Summer Caps—each 19c

400 Men's Suits—in different patterns—your choice of any suit in the house at 50 per cent off.

Men's Black Sateen Overshirts—at each 24c

$1.50 Sateen Overshirts—each 69c

Men's Overshirts—with ties, fancy light colors 39c

Men's Underwear—at 19c

Men's Felt Hats—all styles, $2 values, at 98c

Men's White Ribbed Underwear—medium weight—75c a garment—this sale, a garment. 39c

Don't miss this opportunity and be on time tomorrow for this great bargain sale. It will be money saved in your pocket by attending this sale.

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.

No. 19 East Superior Street.

WERE LOOKING FOR TROUBLE

Testimony Begins In the Big Boarding House Row.

"I can lick any four Swedes."

Such was the statement made by Jack Lefevre, a Frenchman, in the Hazelwood Park hotel Monday night, and it precipitated a general roughhouse, according to the testimony of George Perry, the son of the proprietor of the boarding house.

The nine boarders at the hotel who were claimed to have been mixed up in the affray are on trial for disorderly conduct in the municipal court this afternoon before Judge Gearhart.

"I saw Lefevre and George Young coming up the avenue," said Perry in giving his testimony, "and I saw they were pretty full. I went out and told them they had better not come in or there would be a row, but they said they were paying $4 a week for their board and were going to come in if they wanted to. They went in, and then I heard Charley Peterson ask Lefevre if he said he could lick any four Swedes in the house. Lefevre said that he did say so, and that he could do it, and told them to come on. Then they all pitched into Young and Lefevre and there was a general mix-up. Young got out the side door, but they got Lefevre down. Then I heard one of them say that he had had enough, and they picked him up."

Lefevre is still in the Red Cross hospital a badly battered man. He and Young are also under arrest for disorderly conduct and will be given a hearing later.

The present trial promises to consume the greater part of the afternoon.

FISHER'S STATEMENT

Gives Version of Assault on Faubister.

E. L. Fisher in a communication to The Herald, states his side of the recent affair that resulted in an investigation before the board of public works. The board now has the matter under consideration and will decide within a day or two whether or not Mr. Fisher will be retained as foreman of the chain gang. Mr. Fisher says:

"There has been a good deal said in regard to an incident that happened several evenings since. I was walking along with my wife and a friend and his wife. We were minding our own business, when suddenly a stranger walked up and spoke to my wife. It is unnecessary to say what happened, I leave it to any liberal minded man to say if he would not have acted as quickly on the impulse of the moment when his wife was concerned. When it finally developed that no harm was meant in stopping the ladies, I apologized, as any gentleman would. I was later acquitted by the court. I now come to the main point. The Woodmen took the matter up and appeared before the board of public works to secure my discharge. I want it understood that I am not squealing, but when a man or body of men will carry a matter of this kind to such an extent in the face of extenuating circumstances, I want to put the matter before the public and let it judge as to my own honest intentions.

"I have been accused of being sore because I was not engaged as prompter for their dance. This is absurd for the reason that it is well known that I was engaged and acted as prompter for the Trainmen at the Spalding. Words cannot express my feelings in this matter."

DON'T FORGET CHILDREN

THRIVE WONDERFULLY ON

Grape-Nuts and Cream.

"THERE'S A REASON."

NEWSBOYS SUSPECTED.

Thought to Have Stolen Iowa Woman's Purse.

Two newsboys, whose names are unknown, are believed to have stolen a pocketbook from Mrs. Sterritt of Iowa, who arrived in the city this morning to visit friends.

As Mrs. Sterritt was walking up Fifth avenue west from the union depot, two newsboys followed her and asked permission to carry her grip. She said she was only going one block and could carry it herself. She walked into the Lyceum drug store to wait for a car, and the two boys followed her in. She paid no attention to them, but laid down her grip and a small hand satchel she carried, while she was examining the time table and waiting for a car.

When she picked up her satchel again her purse was missing from it.

It contained one $20 gold certificate, two silver dollars and some small change. There was also a lock box key and some papers.

Mrs. Sterritt notified the police of the matter. They arrested two boys this morning, who tallied with the description given by her, but she stated they were not the boys, and they were released.

Public Affairs Committee.

This evening the public affairs committee of the Commercial club will hold its meeting at the club rooms. The various outstanding sub-committees will make their reports and the finance committee will also submit a definite report and plan for public funds for public work of the city.

Secretary Barnes in his call for the meeting says "It is believed that the plan proposed will be neither burdensome nor objectionable and it is desirable that every member of the public affairs committee be present for its discussion at this meeting." The committe numbers over forty members.

There are good business chances open for the right men. Do you want to be in on the ground floor? Why spend your time in running about, looking for a position when The Herald's Want Columns will do the work for you?

Svea-Normanna Singing Contest!

For Carlson Trophy, at

Lyceum Sunday After'n

April 17. Assistance—Flaaten's Orchestra and E. W. Prophet, baritone.

Box office opens Saturday morning.

THE OLDEST LOCOMOTIVE.

The locomotive "Pioneer," which was built in Boston in 1851, and which is the property of the Cumberland Valley railroad, has been boxed up for shipment to the St. Louis exposition, says the Philadelphia Record.

The veteran engine bears the numoer "13," but during the fifteen years it was in service it was never in a wreck. It is a queer-looking machine, when placed beside the giant locomotives of the present day. The tender forms a part of the locomotive itself, and the old-fashioned smokestack in its diminutiveness adds to its uniqueness. Wood was used as a fuel. It not long ago made a trip over the road and attained a 20-mile-per-hour speed.

Some of the old inhabitants recall to mind incidents of the engine's early appearance on the road. On seeing the "steam devil" passing over the iron rails in the days before the war the inhabitants rushed out all along the road, some mystified, others astonished, and in general the people took a holiday.

It took considerable time to transport this locomotive from Boston to its own roadbed. It was first brought by rail, then by canal, and finally by being placed on a large road wagon drawn by a team of horses, it was drawn up to the tracks on which it was placed.

The road over which this locomotive runs was commenced in 1833 and was completed in about two years. It was on this road, so it is claimed, that the first sleeping car was run. It was built in Philadelphia and made its first trip in the latter part of 1837. Two-thirds of the car was composed of sleeping compartments. The sleeper continued in service until 1848, when it was discontinued on account of the opening of the Pennsylvania railroad from Harrisburg to Pittsburg, Pa.

The conductors of the trains in those days were somewhat lax. One Maj. McCarthy being a good violin player, became a popular conductor, for after the collection of fares he would play on the instrument, tell stories, crack jokes and otherwise amuse the passengers.

DRINK.

A Dodge City bootlegger admits that he made most of the stuff he sold as whisky, says the Kansas City Star. His formula was: One gallon of alcohol, two gallons of water, one pound of prunes, half pound of tobacco and one ounce of glycerine. Boil the prunes and squeeze the juice out, and mix the same with the tobacco, and thoroughly mix "This," he says proudly, "makes a fine drink, and is warranted to do the work."

Spring is here. You want to start the business season right and you will do so if you use The Herald Want Columns. Thousands have tried them and are satisfied with results.

ROOSEVELT'S FATE.

How the Superstitious Show He Will Be Lucky.

A distinguished Roman Catholic clergyman in this city recently charged that superstitions are taking hold of more people every year, and that believers in palmistry, mesmerism, hypnotism, clairvoyance, astrology, mantalogy and all sorts of divination are to be found among the most intellectual as well as among the most ignorant, says the New York Press. Young women go to him in the confessional to ask if it is wrong for them to attend spiritualistic seances, or to call in fortune tellers to augurate at teas or vaticinate at family parties.

The palmist just now appears to hold his own, but the smart symbolist, with the harmony of numbers to support his claims, is advancing rapidly to the front with an interpretation of his art that fascinates all who seriously consult him.

Incidentally, this man—he has a studio in a downtown skyscraper—has taken the trouble to read in digits the probable fate of President Roosevelt. The process is kulte simple as he explains it, but the chief feature is the interpretation of the symbols. That is a matter requiring expertness.

"The system of all who read the future of individuals by numbers is the same in foundation; but some have carried out the development to a greater degree than others," says this modern Pythian oracle. "Everyone of us goes back to Ppthagoras for the influential principles, and none can lay claim to invention of basic theories. No. 1 must mean Unity, therefore Deity, because it has no parts. No. 2 is Diversity, therefore Disorder—the principle of Strife and all Evil. No. 3 is Perfect Harmony—or the union of Unity and Diversity. No. 4 is Perfection; it is the first square—2 by 2 equal 4. No. 5 represents the wounds in Christ—in hands, in feet and in side. It is the Black Magician, and represents Nature and Art. No. 6 is the Great Builder; it represents the days when heaven was made, the earth and all besides. It is also Justice, Perfect Harmony and the Resurrection—the ability to rise above all. No. 7 is the climateric number in all diseases; the Savior spake seven words from the accursed tree. No. 8 is the Beatitudes. No. 9 is the Heavenly orders—Justice, Judgment, Revelation. No. 10 is the Commandments given to man, writ by the hand Divine. No. 11 represents the faithful left after the Traitor's fall. The great Trinity of numbers is 8, 9 and 11.

"Now, as to President Roosevelt's fate by numbers:

Spell the full name, setting down opposite each letter its symbol. For convenience the alphabet is divided into three degrees, the first two containing nine letters each and the third eight, and each degree begins with the figure 1. Thus: T 2-h 8-e 5-o 6-d 4-o 6-r 9-e 5: The sum of all the numbers is 45, which add to obtain the digits gives 3. In the same way Roosevelt gives the digit 5. The president's birthday, following the same plan, gives 11 (month of October), 9 digit of 27, day of birth), and 22 (sum of birth year, 1858).

"We have now these numbers—9, 5, 11, 9 and 22. Eleven and 22 are never added for their digits. Both are in the great Trinity of numbers, 22 being merely 11 in its physical form, and stand unchanged.

"Now as to the interpretation: Any person with 8, 9, 11 or 22 among his numbers is a favorite of Fortune. Not even his warmest friend will deny that Col. Roosevelt has been a favorite of Fortune; and by the concord he will continue to be. The dibit of his concord is 11, thus: Add 9, 5, 11, 9 and 22, which equals 56, and the digit of 56 is 11.

"His name and birth numbers making the concord 9, 5, 11, 9, 22, and the concord digit another 11, may be thus interpreted: President Roosevelt is a man of extraordinary judgment, there being two nines in his concord, and his judgment is tempered by an exalted sense of justice. He is the embodiment of revelation—the immediate consequence of something real and not phenomenal.

"The 5 in his concord shows that he has enemies that are ready to crucify him, but they are not numerous and he will surely overcome them. They will wound him, but his political shrewdness is more than a match for all their thrusts, for he is sustained and supported by infallible judgment and by two of the great trinity of numbers—9 and 11; and further still by the additional 11, which is his leading number, and by the 22, another physical form of 11.

"I never saw a finer concord. The president should feel quite happy under its beneficent influences.

"The number 11, as I have told you, represents the faithful left after the Traitor's fall. It is not necessary to mention the name of the Traitor who will fall.

"As to the convention: The concord of 'Chicago, June 21, 1904,' is 1, 6, 3, 5, which interpreted mean (1) that he will create a sentiment of unity among the delegates; (6) that the record he has made will enable him to rise above all opposition and restore perfect harmony: (3) that there will be perfect peace in the Republican ranks, diversity and unity joining hands amicably; (5) that his magic as a politician will complete his triumph. Again: The digit of the Chicago concord is 6, which further indicates ability to overcome all obstacles.

"Just for fun, let's see what is the concord of Marcus Alonzo Hanna, September 24, 1837. The numbers are 3, 11, 2, 9, 6 and 1. Now, any person having either 8, 9 or 11 will find that he is in accord with anyone who has in his concord either of the others.

"Mr. Roosevelt has in his concord both 9 and 11—two of the great trinity; therefore Senator Hanna, to be in perfect accord with him, should have the other number, 8.

"But, most singular to relate, there is no 8 in Senator Hanna's concord! But there are the same two numbers in the great trinity that we find in the president's concord—the numbers 9 and 11. We are bound to judge from this that Senator Hanna is no friend of Mr. Roosevelt, or that he at least is not in accord with him. The symbols plainly indicate it.

"The 3 in Hanna's concord indicates the union of unity and diversity. The 2 is diversity, which means that he is bound to create disorder—the principle of strife and all evil. But in the end all will be perfect harmony. As 5 is Hanna's leading number, it is indicated that he will be pretty badly wounded in the contest, but his other numbers, 11, 9 and 6, show that he will pull through gracefully on the tail of Roosevelt's kite and probably enter the latter's cabinet as secretary of state, Col. Hay desiring retirement."

VALUABLE STAMPS.

Sale of Collection of South African Issues.

There has just been sold in London to a firm of stamp experts doing business there and in this city, says the New York Sun, a collection which has been twenty-one years in the making. It contained the stamps of only a single little republic, the Transvaal in South Africa, through all its many changes, but it is supposed to be as nearly perfect as a stamp collection ever was. It brought nearly $20,000, a record price.

E. J. Nankivell made the collection, and has made a good thing out of it, chiefly because a great demand has sprung up for the rarer stamps since the Transvaal became a British colony. There have been so many political changes in the country that its stamps form a sort of historic record of thirty-five years.

The first and most sought for group in the lot is that issued by the first South African republic between 1863 and 1877. The plates for these were made in Gutzrow, Germany, and the first supply was sent to the Transvaal with the plates.

In 1870, when this supply was all used up, a Boer, Mr. Viljoen of Pretoria, printed a fresh lot. These lasted two years, and then a Mr. Borrius at Potchefstrom did a little more stamp printing.

In September, 1874, penny and sixpenny stamps were printed for the Boer government by a Mr. Davis of Marizburg. These are noteworthy because they were the first to be perforated for use in the republic. After this a Stamp commission took charge of the printing till the first British occupation in July, 1877.

The British seized all the stamps of the republic remaining in the postoffice and printed over them "V. R. Transvaal," the V. R. above the name of the state. The printers worked under some pressure, so naturally there were a few errors.

A famous one is a penny red on blue with the name of the state spelled "Transveal." The stamps with these errors are so rare that experts value them at from $250 to $500 apiece.

There were other errors, all of importance now to the philatelist. One shows the overprint inverted on the stamps. A rare print of one of these is valued at $600.

There are only two specimens known. One is in the Nankivell collection, the other in the Tapling collection, which, arranged in fine cabinets, is on view in the British Museum.

In 1878 the British introduced a new set of Transvaal stamps in denominations from a half penny to two shillings each. They are not rare, and were still in use in 1882, when the Boers got their country back and held it till 1900.

They took some of the British stamps and overprinted them "Em Penny," using them temporarily while a new set was being made. This time they had the plates made in Holland. The various sets made from these Dutch plates, with a few provisionals used during shortage of supplies, lasted them till the republic fell in June of 1900.

Then came the stamps of the second British occupation. The British military authorities took some of the current stamps and overprinted them "V. R. I." These were issued in Pretoria in June, 1900.

In the following March, 1901, the overprint was altered to "E. R. I.." for the new king, Edward VII. Finally, in April, 1902, the present set with the king's head on them was issued.

The South African stamps, on account of these many changes, are becoming notable. Several fine collections are in the hands of members of the Philatelic society of London, which is now preparing a pamphlet on the South African stamps.

This collection, which may probably be divided, is now in seven volumes, a glance through which shows the political changes in the country at once.

The Herald want ads reflect human needs as they exist in the present hour—so they are interesting reading. by using the Want Columns of The Herald.

TO SAVE MOVING

over 60000 rolls of Wall Paper we make these special prices never before equalled in this city—

Papers selling regularly at 10c for 3c per roll,
Papers selling regularly at 12c for 5c per roll,
Papers selling regularly at 15c for 7½c per roll,
Papers selling regularly at 20c for 10c per roll,
Papers selling regularly at 25c for 12½c per roll.

Special Patterns and Colorings—

Selling regularly at 30c for 15c per roll,
Selling regularly at 40c for 20c per roll.

Over 500 new patterns—everything up to date in style and color. If you use wall paper you can't afford to miss this sale.

H. A. HALL & CO., 16 E. Superior St.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg, First St., Op. P. O. Square.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126.

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EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
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Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

THE SENATE SHOULD ACT NOW.

A demand that the United States senate act at once in the case of Senator Burton, of Kansas, without waiting for the development of a technicality or a review of his case by the higher courts, is not confined to any one party. The Omaha Bee, a staunch Republican paper, says:

"There is no question that Burton was justly convicted. The evidence against him was clear and conclusive. Such being the case it would seem to be the plain and imperative duty of the United States senate, having due regard for its honor and dignity, to expel Burton without delay. The state of Kansas is entitled to have two representatives on the floor of the national senate. The conviction and sentence of Burton deprives it of one, and the state should be allowed to fill the vacancy without unnecessary delay."

This is but one of many similar opinions from Republican sources. While it is true that every citizen is entitled to the right of appeal and all the protection that is afforded by the law and the courts, the fact remains that Burton has been convicted, largely by his own testimony, of accepting a bribe and an offense against decency and morality, and no matter if he should escape punishment through some defect in the law the fact of his moral guilt is established. In such case it would appear to be the duty of the senate to act immediately and to declare his seat vacant.

It is not an important matter that the state of Kansas is deprived of the services of one senator, because any state that will send such a man to the senate after knowing the manner of man he was might be deprived of all representation without injury to the people of the state or those of the Union. But the fact that he is a convicted felon under sentence of fine and imprisonment is an all-important reason why the senate should purge itself of his presence and association without delay.

It may be pleaded in extenuation that there are other senators as bad as he. That may be and undoubtedly is true, but they have not been convicted of wrong-doing, and it would seem to be the privilege and a duty of the decent members of that body to show to the world that they will not countenance bribery and corruption in any of its members once the fact is established beyond dispute, as in the case of this Kansas senator.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Speaking of the success of the Marquette lighting plant under municipal control, the Mining Journal of that city speaks a few words of warning to other cities that is not out of place and worthy of careful thought. After stating that the success of the enterprise is largely a result of cheap water power generated in a stream near by, the Journal continues:

"The Marquette plant could doubtless be made to pay without the water power, but its returns would be by no means as excellent. Then the plant has been managed, for the most part, well and economically. It has been kept out of politics, and has never been a source of graft for hungry heelers. Municipal plants are rarely as well looked after as has been the fortunate lot of the lighting system in Marquette. The success attained here is, the fact remains, exceptional rather than the rule, a condition reflecting all the more credit on the city and the men who have been responsible for the plant's upbuilding. Nevertheless cities and towns contemplating municipal service should not become too greatly enamored with Marquette's success. They should pay a due amount of attention to the pitiable failures in other cities."

The Journal's warning is further demonstration of the fact that the success of any kind of government depends upon the character of men chosen to fill the different offices. That there are many failures in municipal operation of public utilities, because of a lack of intelligent and honest official direction, is undoubtedly true, but it is equally true that where honesty and competency have prevailed the percentage of failure has been very light.

In this connection it will no doubt be of general interest to learn the results of municipal operation of street railways in an English city. In an official report just made by Walter C. Hamm, United States consul at Hull, England, describing the operations of the electric street railway system there, which is the property of the city, Mr. Hamm makes some rather important statements concerning the financial side of musicipal operation.

The tramway system there is superior in many respects to that existing in almost any American city, writes this official. The cars are double-deckers and the fare is 1d (2 cents) on all lines and for all distances. The financial results of this low-fare system are equally interesting. During the latest twelve months reported on, there were ten miles of double track, or twenty miles of single track, in operation. The gross income is about $445,000; the cost of operation was about $233,000. This left a gross profit of $212,000, and, deducting interest on the investment and the sinking fund, a net profit of $122,000, or an average of about $12,000 a mile of double track, which went into the city treasury.

The wages paid look low to an American. Motormen receive from $6.75 to $8.50 a week, and conductors from $5 to $6.50 a week. But it must be remembered, he says, that the house rents and some kinds of provisions are lower in England than in most American cities. This difference might make it necesary to add $2 a week to the wages of Hull motormen and conductors when comparing them with the wages of the same class of American workingmen. But as the total wages paid on the whole system was a little less than the net profits, after deducting interest and sinking fund, it is evident that wages could be doubled and still a small profit be shown. All the employes are of an excellent class—fully equal in intelligence and efficiency to those employed on any street car line. A day's work consists of ten hours, the cars being run from 5 a. m. to 11:30 p. m. The speed varies in different parts of the city, the maximum being twelve miles an hour. The overhead trolley is used. The length of track is being constantly added to and all the leading streets will soon have car lines.

This is no doubt an unbiased report, and while it shows that the people of Hull are enjoying the privilege of riding at a very low fare, it must be remembered that it is perhaps more difficult for the average person to earn 2 cents in England than for an American to earn 5 cents. So in the matter of fares the conditions there and here are about equal. Yet the benefits to the city and to the taxpayers by municipal conrol are at once manifest.

A BREACH OF COURTESY.

Among the letters of regret at being unable to attend the Iroquois club banquet at Chicago this week was one from William J. Bryan. A Chicago paper states this letter, although given to the press, was not read to the guests at the banquet. A letter from Grover Cleveland was read and was received with cheers. Why was this letter read to the assemblage and Mr. Bryan's letter suppressed? An explanation seems to be due from the management of the Iroquois club. Mr. Bryan received an invitation to the banquet. He found it impossible to accept and sent a letter of regret. Common courtesy demanded that it be publicly read, as was Mr. Cleveland's letter. Many Democrats do not agree with Mr. Bryan's attitude at this time in regard to the framing of a platform and the nomination of a presidential ticket at the St. Louis convention, but he is the undoubted leader of a large section of the Democratic party, has twice been the candidate of the party for president, and is entitled to respect at the hands of a club which claims to be a Democratic organization.

The managers of the Iroquois club made a serious mistake, to say the least, when they failed to read Mr. Bryan's letter to the banqueters. It was a breach of common courtesy to a distinguished Democrat.

RESTRAINING OFFENDERS.

As well for the warning of private individuals as peace officers who mistakenly consider it their duty not only to prevent infractions of the law, but to punish the offenders, The Herald calls attention to a recent case of the kind in Minneapolis.

Andrew Janowitz, whose wife had obtained a divorce from him, frequently went to her home in a drunken condition and threatened her with bodily harm. On Sunday last he gained admittance by force, and a quarrel ensued, the divorced husband again making serious threats. The woman cried for help and one Mosswitz, her relative, and Harzey, his roommate, went to her assistance. They beat the husband into insensibility and then threw him in the back yard. He was later found in the alley and taken to the hospital, where he died early Wednesday morning as a result of his beating. The physicians say he was struck by some heavy, sharp instrument, probably a hatchet. As a result the men who administered the punishment must stand trial for manslaughter.

It may be said that the man deserved what he got, and that may be true. There are wretches in this world who make a living hell on earth for the women they have sworn to honor and protect, and who, if they had their just deserts, would be drawn and quartered. But it should not be forgotten that there is a law for the punishment of such as these and that the welfare of society demands that the law and the courts shall provide the punishment.

The individual or the officer who witnesses an infraction of the law has a right to prevent or stop it, but he has no right to use more force than is necessary to accomplish that object. When that is done the offender should be turned over to the authorities for punishment. That is the only plan that is both safe and just. The other course leads to mob violence and anarchy.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

A Milwaukee mail carrier was convicted of destroying a lot of 1-cent literature to avoid the work of delivering it. As might be inferred, it was the senders, not those for whom the missives were intended, that made the complaint, however.

* * *

It is possible that the Japanese laid some of the mines that the Russian boats find so frequently. If the Russians laid all of them it is somewhat singular that so many boats have been unable to avoid them.

* * *

"It's just as we anticipated. That Canon Henson has a book to sell," remarks a contemporary. Well, if he has, some editors might read it with profit to themselves. The same editor who wrote the above in quotation marks said in a previous number of his paper that Canon Henson made an attack upon the Bible. He did nothing of the kind. He attacked certain things in the Bible which he said were "puerile lies," but he also said that the Bible must continue to be, as in the past, our best moral and religious guide. In other words he would winnow the truth from the falsehood and base all religion upon the former. Is that so bad? If it is bad, why do not these demagogic commentators criticise the exclusion of the apocalypse from the covers of the New Eestament?

* * *

The Buffalo Express says it would be unjust to put the public into possession of all the knowledge that the government may glean in regard to the trusts. "There are trade secrets," is says, "which should be protected." Just so. Such trade secrets, for instance, as are exposed by Lincoln J. Steffens in McClure's Magazine. In the case of the meat combine the secrets that should not be exposed are: "How beef is poisoned by preservatives;" "how delicious potted ham is made of diseased hog belly;" "how edible canned corned beef is prepared from lumpy-jawed cattle," and "how to make lard without hogs," and "butter without cream." The public can have no interest in these things. All it is entitled to know is how the packing houses manage to sell meat so cheap and keep their heads above water.

* * *

Secretary Taft having declared in an address before the Hamilton club in Chicago that the Declaration of Independence is an "impossible dogma" and a mere "rhetorical phrase," it may as well be cut out of our future calculations. For Secretary Taft is going to maintain an imperial government in the Philippines and Porto Rico, whether the American people will or no.

* * *

Now that ex-Mayor Ames' relatives have turned against him his cup of bitterness must be full to overflowing. The fact that Fred Ames, ex-chief of police, is applying for a pardon at the same time that his wife is appearing as a witness against the ex-mayor, would indicate that it is a case of dog eat dog. There is a fair chance that the whole truth will come out at the doctor's next trial, when the public will have a better opportunity to lay the blame where it actually belongs.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Willard Shirley, of Hill City, Minn., was at the Spalding yesterday, having come here to visit his daughter Hazel, who is lying ill at St. Luke's hospital. Mr. Shirley was formerly manager of the Hill City Lumber company, and is going west to assume a similar position with the Moyie Lumber company, of Moyie, B. C.

* * *

H. W. Shadle, of St. Paul, representing the Jones & Adams company, the coal firm, was here early in the week calling on some of the trade. He does not believe the coal trade is going down hill, by any means, and appears to be encouraged by the outlook.

While here he exhibited an advertising souvenir which is unique. It is a watch-charm made of a piece of hard coal, flattened and polished, with the usual gold rim. He gave one to Festus L. Bannon contracting agent of the Great Northern, and assured him that he could wear it without soiling his clothes.

"It won't rub off on a white vest, my boy, so don't be afraid to wear it," he claimed.

Bannon was a little dubious, and as a white vest is expensive for such a test he thought he would try it on a piece of white paper first. He rubbed it hard on a piece of paper, and as the paper stayed clean, he believes Mr. Shadle's assertion is true.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Campbell, of Cass Lake, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

Postoffice Inspector Nathan Noile is at the McKay from the Twin Cities, coming on one of his regular trips.

* * *

Mrs. J. C. Farmer, of McKinley, and Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Benner, of Two Harbors, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

J. Q. Haas, the St. Paul insurance adjuster, is in the city.

* * *

W. C. Gerberich, the well known conductor, brought Mrs. Gerberich over with him on his last trip from St. Paul. They returned home last night.

* * *

C. R. Woods, the Chisholm attorney, was here yesterday.

* * *

John B. Rayn is one of the well known traveling representatives of the Rock Island, who gets into this city very frequently from the Twin Cities, and as a usual thing he tries to treat the newspaper people with the courtesy for which railroad men are everywhere famous. But he has been eneavoring for some time to get even with one of them who has taken unwarranted liberties with his name, the aforesaid resulting in his friends not recognizing him in print and starting an inquiry as to whether he had resigned his position owing to political reasons, or whether he was taking a vacation and letting a substitute take care of his department.

The trouble is all owing to a paper which printed a personal mention to the effect that "J. Ryan, agent of the Rock Island, is in town." This looked somewhat as though a new man had been appointed, but it was due to a typographical error which transposed two letters of Mr. Rayn's name and thus changed him to another nationality. He insists that he is an American, born and bred, and wants the landlord of the McKay and his other friends in Duluth to assist as far as possible in maintaining the fact that he is still with the Rock Island and that his name is not Ryan, but R-a-y-n.

A man who heard this story told one of a man he once knew whose name was Sleppy. The name is a peculiar one and Lubbe at most any time to miss fire with the compositor. The result was that at different times the name appeared in print as Slippy, Sleepy and Slopp.

* * *

L. P. Rider, of New York, and H. L. White, of Buffalo, both of the lumber firm of White, Rider & Frost, Tonawanda, N. Y., are at the Spalding.

* * *

"Why don't you write up the fellows that are always 'tuhbering' around the hotel office and wanting to inspect the register when they haven't any business with it?" asked one of the hotel clerks. "They are more bother than any other thing in the business and ought to be chased off the earth. There's one fellow comes in here every day or so and sometimes several times in a day and walks up and grabs the register and looks it over just as if he expected to find someone that he knew stopping in the house. But he never asks for anyone and I don't know whether he imagines that someone he knows is coming to stay with us or what. He never speaks to us and consequently we are uninformed as to his business. I guess he thinks we are here to look at instead of wait on people.

"Then there's some chap—small man with glasses—that gets in here occasionally. I think he's a detective, not a city detective, but for one of these agencies. He looks the book over every few hours and I never saw him get anything by doing it, though he may have. Whenever any of our guests go out I notice they come back, so he don't seem to have jailed them.

"Some people who come up to see the arrivals fairly jerk the book out of the clerk's hands and the other day some chap walked up while one of the clerks was copying some of the names in a small book. The fellow jerked the register, the corner of it caught the small book out of the clerk's hand and landed it on the floor. He simply looked at the register without excusing himself for his rudeness or even acting as though he was ashamed of it in the slightest degree.

"Hotel clerks are humans, you know, and like once in a while to be decently treated the same as other people. Some of the hotels in the large cities are doing away with the registers, as important men who do not care to have their movements known frequently do not care to register, and when they don't, what's the use of anybody having their names recorded? One hotel I know of, the Hollenden, in Cleveland, is keeping the record of its guests by a card system. The guest fills out a card which has spaces on it for different records the clerk may wish to make, and this is kept behind the desk, so that the public need not know whether the man is with them or not. Anyone who wants to know if a particular man is in the house can do so by asking the clerk, and there is a transcript book kept by the office which contains the names of everybody and this could be used by anybody that the hotel wished to give access to it, such as reporters and others. I wish the system was adopted in this part of the country."

* * *

At the Spalding: L. E. Ives, Houghton; Charles Isenberg, C. H. Pugh, W. B. Walter, Dawson Bradshaw, A. L. Gerr, Minneapolis; Thomas Owens, Two Harbors; C. F. Mann, Sioux Falls; Isaac Summerfield, Cleveland; N. W. Reay, W. C. Tecron, W. J. Allen, Nelson Frank, St. Paul.

* * *

At the St. Louis: John Kieffman, Hibbing; J. B. Donohue, Marquette; Alois J. Freund, Grand Rapids, Wis.; L. Korjmon, Milwaukee; H. Schmid and wife, Iron River; N. L. Clark, Two Harbors; W. A. Shea, Eveleth; D. McTavish, E. H. Larson, G. Hirschman, A. M. Epperly, St. Paul; Albert Blixt, Cloquett; C. M. More, Eveleth; Charles C. Teare, Aitkin; F. W. Sturn, A. J. Thomas, Ely; J. S. Rayburn, Biwabik; E. P. Clark, Eveleth; Mrs. S. Gasser, Sherman, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. James Sullivan, Ashland; Mrs. Purtell, Ashland; F. J. Cox, A. H. Patnode, J. Layarus, V. E. Fegerstram, Charles Brown, Minneapolis; M. J. Gerity, Deer River; H. W. Sawyer, Sioux Falls; C. C. Poach, Marquette; P. F. Devereaux, Anoka; John Sullivan, Tower; P. C. Mitchell, Proctor; George E. Durka, Scanlon; H. A. Mills, Willow River.

* * *

At the McKay: H. A. Jones, G. W. Harriman, Minneawaukas; William Blon and wife, Oxford, Mich.; G. Jones, Proctor; George Quayle, Bayfield, J. H. Forsell, St. Paul; W. R. Shaw, Jackson, Mich.; W. O. Crooke, Minneapolis; H. E. Chapman, Chicago; John B. Harker, Chrystal Benson, Minneapolis; G. H. Durbrow, F. T. Lambert, St. Paul; A. D. Wylie, Paxton, Ill.

Seldom Combined.

Boston Herald: Attorney Folk's gubernatorial boom is making great strides out in Missouri. Attorney Folk appears to be something of a politician as well as a reformer. The two do not frequently travel under the same hat.

A Duluth Outlet Wanted.

Omaha Bee: Whether a railroad from Kansas City to Duluth by way of Omaha is a long felt want or merely a project to enrich its promoters and constructors is immaterial, providing the road shall be built in the no distant future

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 15.—It is from 8 to 24 degrees colder throughout the Northwest, the lowest temperature being 10 degrees above zero at Langdon, North Dakota, Minnedosa, and Qu'Appelle. Slightly warmer weather prevails east of the Mississippi. The barometer is abnormally high north of Montana, and low over British Columbia, Utah, Texas, and Iowa. Light falls of snow or rain occurred in northern districts and Pacific states.

The following are the minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	64	Miles City	22
Battleford	12	Minnedosa	8
Boston	32	Modena	38
Buffalo	24	Montgomery	56
Calgary	18	Moorhead	22
Charleston	60	New Orleans	60
Chicago	34	New York	30
Cincinnati	36	North Platte	20
Davenport	40	Oklahoma	54
Denver	40	Omaha	38
Detroit	30	Pittsburg	32
Dodge City	42	Port Arthur	14
Duluth	24	Portland	42
El Paso	58	Qu'Appelle	10
Galveston	70	Rapid City	20
Grand Haven	34	San Francisco	52
Helena	24	Santa Fe	42
Houghton	20	Shreveport	66
Huron	28	Spokane	46
Jacksonville	60	St. Louis	34
Kamloops	50	St. Paul	26
Kansas City	42	Sault Ste Marie	30
Knoxville	44	Swift Current	12
La Crosse	30	Washington	38
Lander	32	Williston	14
Los Angeles	54	Winnemucca	40
Medicine Hat	20	Winnipeg	14
Memphis	52		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Saturday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Generally fair tonight and Saturday. Colder tonight. Continued cold Saturday. Brisk and possibly high northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, April 15.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Threatening and colder tonight with snow in east portion. Saturday fair and continued cold.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Saturday. Colder tonight. Continued cold Saturday.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Saturday. Colder tonight.

THE PULPIT AND POLITICS.

Philadelphia Ledger: The belief of many excellent authorities has long been that morality, public as well as private, is not wholly unassociated from religion, and that it may not unreasonably or inappropriately receive now and again the serious attention of the ministers of the church. That the contrary opinion finds favor with many other excellent authorities is a well-known fact. There are few things against which some most estimable clergymen protest so earnestly as that deadly peril known as "Politics in the Pulpit." Strictly construed it is, indeed, a thing to be condemned and avoided; but it has been shrewdly suggested that it may be too strictly construed, and that the greater matter will be thereby sacrificed to the lesser one.

If a great state or city be given over to an organized force of official plunderers who obtain and hold control of the government by ballot frauds which disfranchise the good and public-spirited citizen, might not the pulpit wisely and well, without sacrificing the dignity or reverence becoming it, use its enormous power to rebuke the common wrong and to effect a reformation of the baleful public evil? If the administration of a great city is corrupt to the core and its people contented with the general corruption; if all the forms of evil doing which infest a large city flaunt themselves insolently in the common eye, degrading and demoralizing the community—if, we ask, all these public wrongs, crimes and vices exist and are protected or tolerated by official authority, may not the pulpit advisedly, providently and in strict accordance with is high mission raise its voice in thunderous denunciation, or might it not earnestly, devoutly plead with its congregations to abate evils which are as the moral death of any community in which they are left to flourish?

It appears that some such conditions obtain in the state of Missouri and the city of St. Louis, and it similarly appears that more than forty of the most prominent clergymen of that state and city, representing all sects and creeds, have united in an uncompromising appeal to the conscience of the people to deal vigorously and courageously with the evils so impressively portrayed.

St. Louis may be corrupt in a degree, but unlike that other city whose ill fame is so general, it is not "corrupt and contented;" its ministers dare to protest against its corruption and appeal to its citizens to destroy it; its pulpit is politics to the end that the cause of religion and morality shall be conserved. All things considered, the Missouri-St. Louis way seems the better way.

Mr. Cleveland Didn't Jump.

New York World: Some time ago ex-President Cleveland published an article about Panama, the canal, and the over-night republic. President Roosevelt read part of the article in a cabinet meeting. He expressed the opinion that the ex-president had used a lot of words without saying much, and after he had read it, asked suddenly:

"Did any of you gentlemen ever see a pair of leather breeches?"

Wilson, Shaw and one or two others had.

"Well, continued the president, "they are peculiar things. When they get wet they stretch out several inches, and when they dry they contract and wrinkle in a most astonishing manner.

"I remember once when I was in the West a cowboy friend of mine got his leather breeches wet. He wore them until they dried and the contraction was so great that they crooked his legs and left him standing with his knees bent.

"An Englishman, who worked on my ranch saw the cowboy standing painfully in his leather breeches and walked around him several times. Then he tapped the cowboy on the shoulder and said: 'Say, if you are going to jump, why in blazes don't you jump?'"

The President's Backbone.

"Mr. Roosevelt," says the New York Times, in commenting on Governor Van Sant's proposed war cry of "Roosevelt and Reciprocity," "is no friend of reciprocity, or, what is worse, he is a recreant friend who has abandoned the cause. When he took up the office and promised to take up the policy of McKinley he associated himself closely and ardently with the idea of reciprocity. He saw in it what his lamented predecessor had seen, a means of adjusting the protective tariff to the changed conditions and the advancing needs of a great and expanding commercial and industrial nation, but the leaders took alarm. They called him to account, and it soon became plain to them and probably to him that the price of a nomination to the presidency was retreat from the ground McKinley had announced and Roosevelt had adopted. Whatever his motive, and we do not pretend to judge his motive, the fact is that reciprocity has been dropped from the public utterances of the president, and he aspires to be the candidate of a party that will have nothing to do with it."

Time's Changes.

At one time I considered he
Was what I called "a king of men."
He greatly interested me;
I thought he was a wonder then.
I loved his dark, poetic eyes;
I gloated on his massive brow;
But, very much to my surprise,
He doesn't interest me now.

He seemed all strength and manly grace
And there was music in his voice.
The mere expression of his face
Would make my foolish heart rejoice.
'Twas long ago I felt that way,
Today I simply wonder how
Such silliness I could display.
He doesn't interest me now.

I think my age was then thirteen,
While he was thirty-five or more.
Since then some others I have seen—
Well, there is Tom I just adore.
I saw my early love last night—
So fat he could hardly bow;
And bald—Oh, he was just a sight!
He doesn't interest me now.
—Chicago News.

IN TRUST

By J. C. Plummer.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

With the companion slide closed and with an air of mystery on their bronzed countenances, Capt. Drake and his mate, Mr. Simpson, peered at a piece of paper that lay on the cabin table alongside of a canvas bag. The document contained the following words:

"Barbadoes, June 10th, 18—: Being sound in my rigging, but badly stove as to my hull, and going to pieces, I, John Funnell, of the brig Ibis, leave to my friends Abel Drake, master of the schooner Patty Clay, and Job Simpson, mate of the same craft, the sum of $500 in gold, the same to be held in trust by them for one year. If my wife, Mary Funnell, mourns my death and does not marry within that time, the money is to go to her. Is she does marry within a year the $500 is to be divided between the trustees. My wife is to know nothing of the trust.

"JOHN FUNNELL."

(Signed.)

"Ten months gone, and she's no nearer marryin' than she was the day after Funnell died," complained Capt. Drake. "Good-looking woman, too, and a thousand dollars' insurance money," mused the mate. "What's the matter with the men, I'd like to know?"

"It's a pity we're both married," remarked the skipper; "we could fix things then."

"No good talking about that," snapped the mate. "Why don't you take some likely men up to her house?"

"Didn't I take Cap'n Towles up there?" asked the skipper.

"Shucks," said the mate, scornfully; "who'd marry him?"

"There's old Pete Jobson," ruminated the skipper. "He's a widower, and all women take to widowers. Take him up there."

"I did hint it to him, but he says he hasn't done mourning for his wife," said Capt. Drake.

"You take him," insisted the mate. "He's ugly, but he's awful takin' with women, is Pete."

"I'll take him up this very night," assented the skipper, and the money and document were replaced in the captain's strong box.

When the skipper returned just before midnight, the mate asked anxiously how Peter had acted.

"Never had such a time," grumbled the captain. "Peter and the widow sat and talked about their dead husband and wife, and cried like two rainspouts. If it hadn't been for old Mrs. Quigley, I'd have foundered sure."

"Who's Mrs. Quigley?" asked Mr. Simpson.

"An old aunt of Mrs. Funnell's," replied the skipper, turning in.

"Things are brightening!" cried the skipper, two days later, as he saw from the deck of the rescue Mr. Jobson wending his way uptown. "I'll bet he's goin' to call on the widow. I'll walk up the street and see."

He returned in half an hour jubilant. He had on his long-tailed coat, and he furled his sails as soon as he came to the widow's house, and bore into the door."

he cried. "I believe the money's ours, Job."

"I told you to take Pete Jobson up," said the mate.

"You told me," gasped the skipper. "That's good, you swab. Didn't I mention Peter?"

Regularly, Peter Jobson, after work was over, put on his long-tailed coat and solemnly wended his way to Widow Funnell's house, while the two trustees hugged themselves and counted over the money.

Then one morning, Peter Jobson, master stevedore, started in to haul the Patty Clay with their joint and general cargo.

"I saw you last night at the Seamen's Bethel with Widow Funnell and her aunt," said Capt. Drake.

"Yes," replied Mr. Jobson, solemnly. "She's a very fine Christian woman."

"She is indeed, Peter assented the skipper. "She seems very fond of you," captain. "She seems very fond of you."

Mr. Jobson shook his head bashfully. In the gratefulness of their hearts, the two officers of the Patty Clay took care that Mr. Jobson should not suffer with thirst. In fact, the good liquor seemed to come out of the old man's eyes in tears as he spoke of his departed wife.

"Never mind, Peter," said the mate; "I know a woman who'll make Mrs. Jobson. No. 2."

But Mr. Jobson only shook his head and sighed.

Finally the hatches of the schooner were battened down, and Capt. Drake was about to go up to the custom house to clear her.

"Good-by, captain," said Mr. Jobson, feelingly. "I'm obliged to you."

"What for?" inquired the skipper.

"For takin' me to see Widow Funnell," explained the old man. "I read in the Good Book that it's not good for man to be alone."

"Well?" said the skipper, shuddering with eagerness.

"I'm goin' to marry agin."

"The widow?" gasped the delighted skipper.

"Surely; a month from yesterday."

Capt. Drake vaulted over the rail of the schooner like a deer and tumbled into the cabin.

"It's all right, Job," he panted. "Peter's going to marry the widow a month from yesterday."

Mr. Simpson smiled broadly.

"We'll divide the money when we get back," said he, "and it'll only take about forty days to run to Porto Reek and back."

"My money goes into a schooner," remarked the skipper.

"And mine into bank," said the mate. "But we really ought to give the couple a present. We come out away ahead on the matter."

"By gum, so we ought," exclaimed the skipper. "Come uptown with me, and we'll get comething."

Accordingly, the two trustees spent $40 for a gaudily covered lounge, which they ordered sent to the bride-to-be's house just twenty-eight days from date of purchase date, accompanied with their card.

Just thirty-nine days had elapsed when the Patty Clay passed in the capes on her return voyage from Porto Rico, and when the pilot came on board Capt. Drake asked if Pete Jobson was well.

"Married his second wife," said the pilot, grinning. "A widow, too."

Capt. Drake chuckled.

When the schooner tied up at the wharf the two trustees beheld Mr. Peter Jobson calmly superintending the unloading of a bark, and the exuberant skipper leaped ashore.

"Cangratulate you, Pete," said he, wringing the old stevedore's hand.

"Thank you and Mr. Simpson for the furnitoor," responded Mr. Jobson. "It was very pretty, too. I didn't expect it."

"You got a good woman, Pete," said the skipper. "She made Funnell a good wife."

"Funnell," repeated Mr. Jobson. "I didn't marry Mrs. Funnell. I married her aunt, Widow Quigley."

It was several minutes before the words made their way through the parched throat of the skipper, and when they did come they chocked the old stevedore.

That evening two mariners were figuring in the cabin of the Patty Clay. "Counth' drinks and that infernal lounge, we're $ir loser," snarled the skipper. "If anyone ever says trust money to me—"

The mate swore heartfully.

The Judge Parker Platform.

Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin (Rep.): The wisest leaders want to make the platform simple and strong, without reference to new-fangled theories. Their intention is to denounce the Roosevelt administration for its extravagance and waste of the public money, and for its service pension order which will take at least $6,000,000 annually out of the treasury by the simple flat of the president. This they severely denounce as a gross usurpation of the power of congress over appropriations from the treasury. This is expected to be their strongest card in New York, Connecticut and New Jersey. The wisest Republicans think Roosevelt committed a grave mistake in issuing the order. Bourke Cochran's speech against the president's order is producing a sensation throughout the country, because tens of thousands believe that the order was a violation of the constitution, which must be the supreme law of the land. From the givings-out, it appears that Cleveland has yielded considerably on the tariff question, and that the declaration "Tariff for revenue only" will not be in the Democratic platform. A great effort will be made to carry New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, with their fifty-eight electoral votes, for Parker. If all the Southern states should vote for Parker the contest may be close and doubtful. The truth is, President Roosevelt must walk warily for the next five months, else he will lose votes which would carry him into the presidency. A month ago it did not seem possible for the Democrats to unite on a single presidential candidate. It now looks very probable that they can unite, and already their leading journals are booming Parker as the "farmer jurist."

WITH THE WITS.

New York World: They were having a lovers' quarrel.

"You are false," he hissed; "false as—as the bottom of a strawberry box."

Both knew the last word had been said.

Buffalo Express: "Jones, the cashier, is in serious financial difficulty."

"What's he doing about it?"

"Well, just at present he's giving it absent treatment."

Atlanta Constitution: "Dar's two sad sights in dis worl'," says a sabie philosopher. "One is Riches tryin' to palm off po', en de yuther is Poverty on dress parade."

Baltimore American: Naggsby — What did he leave to charity?

Waggsby—He left it the biggest job it ever tackled—that of covering his multitude of sins.

St. Louis Star: Teacher—Johnnie, a despot is a ruler that's greatly feared. Give a sentence containing the word.

Johnnie—Me teacher swatted me wid his despot.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Sad leap year for Whimperly."

"How so?"

"Promised to marry the little Moffitt girl and then found out that the rich Gimbleton widow wanted him."

Philadelphia Press: "Sonny," said the good old man, "I'm surprised that you should tease that cat in that way."

"Why," replied the bad boy, pausing in his inhuman work, "do yer know any better way?"

All idle men of every kind
Might soon be worth their salt
If they could good employment find
As well as they find fault.
—Philadelphia Ledger.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A woman is never too old to think some people don't suspect it.

When a woman doesn't nag her husband it is a sign she hasn't married him yet.

All that anybody needs to break into society is a gold drill with a diamond point.

Generally a man's savings bank account stands in the name if his wife's dressmaker.

His Better Half Acre.

Memphis Commercial Appeal: The marriage of Miss Mary H. Acre to Capt. John D. Hell, of Topeka, Kans., suggests interesting possibilities. She not only becomes Mary Hell, but she also becomes Hell's H. Acre.

Planting a Tree.

What does he plant who plants a tree?
He plants a friend of sun and sky;
He plants the flag of breezes free;
The shaft of beauty towering high;
He plants a home to heaven anigh
For song and mother-croon of bird.
In hushed and happy twilight heard—
The treble of heaven's harmony—
These things he plants who plants a tree.

What does he plant who plants a tree?
He plants cool rain and tender rain,
And seed and bud of days to be,
And years that fade and flush again;
He plants the glory of the plain;
He plants the forest's heritage;
The harvest of the coming age;
The joy that unborn eyes shall see—
These things he plants who plants a tree.

What does he plant who plants a tree?
He plants, in sap and leaves and wood,
In love of home and love of loyalty,
And far-cast thought of civil good—
His blessing on the neighborhood,
Who in the hollow of his hand
Holds all the future of our land—
A nation's growth from sea to sea
Stirs in his heart who plants a tree.
—RICHARD WATSON GILDER.

The Bike Didn't Fit.

New York Press: "I want to see about getting a servant," said the married-looking man to the clerk of an uptown intelligence office.

"Where is the girl we sent you?"

"Gone."

"Well, just tell me what qualities are needed and I'll see if I can get somebody who will suit. You'd like a good cook, of course?"

"I suppose so."

"And some one with skill as a launderess?"

"It wouldn't be a bad idea."

"Look here! Suppose you give me an exact description of the kind of girl you want instead of letting me do the guessing."

"Let me see," was the pensive rejoinder. "You'd better send one who is about 5 feet 4 inches high, weight in the neighborhood of a hundred and thirty pounds, and—rather short-waisted."

The clerk gave a gasp of astonishment, and then add-d:

"Would you mind telling me what you discharged the last girl for?"

"We didn't discharge her," he said sadly. "She left. My wife's bicycle wouldn't fit her."

Pointers By Pease.

Anoka Union: Three term candidates should be ousted.

Mr. Dunn is on the run, and the white flag appears in the distance.

Better for the people if the Republican majority in Minnesota could be written in four figures.

The Republican state central committee should keep in the background at the next state convention, and the delegates allowed to transact the business.

Twenty-five seventh district Republican editors who met at the recent convention at Ortonville, adopted a resolution recommending that only actual newspaper men be allowed membership in the Minnesota editorial association. Things are working right.

AMUSEMENTS

GLEE CLUB CONCERT
LYCEUM THEATER.
TONIGHT.
Michigan College of Mines Glee and Mandolin Club.
Benefit of furnishing fund Duluth Children's Home Society.
Popular prices—50c, 75c

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Manager.
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, WEDNESDAY MATINEE.
Dick Ferris' Grand Production of
PARSIFAL
100 People in Cast. Special Orchestra. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00—Matinee Wednesday, 25c, 50c and 75c. "It's Better Than a Sermon."

METROPOLITAN THEATER
THE MYRKLE-HARDER COMPANY
TONIGHT:
The Secret Dispatch
10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Matinee 10c and 25c.
NEW AND PLEASING VAUDEVILLE.

ONE CENT LOWER

Lack of Buying Power Causes Sharp Decline In Wheat.

Crop News Unfavorable But Do Not Develop Buyers.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 15.—Wheat closed about a cent lower today although in the first half hour the market was firmer. Bad crop reports continued to come in from all of the wheat growing sections, but buying orders did not follow them and the market fell away after the first spirt. Local exporters received some bids from abroad, but they were on the basis of prices that prevailed before the last bulge and were out of line. Eastern millers show no desire for wheat.

The Liverpool market closed ½d higher on futures and unchanged to ½d lower on spot wheat, while London was ¼d lower to ½d higher. Both English and French country markets are quiet. Argentine reports the market there dull with the export demand light. Arrivals from the iterior are light. Paris closed unchanged. Berlin ⅝c lower and Buda Pest ⅝c lower.

Snow's crop report says: "The week brings no material change in the wheat situation. Lack of growing weather renders definite statements of condition impractical, but evidence of winter killing in the Ohio valley grows clearer. Missouri and Eastern Kansas and Nebraska show fair promise, but in the greater part of Oklahoma and in Kansas west of the central counties soaking rains are needed. the moisture so far being barely sufficient to supply the current need. In this section should warm weather be experienced ahead of liberal rain fall, crop deterioration will be rapid. Spring wheat seedling has been delayed and the season is becoming a little late. Oats seeding is making good progress west of the Missouri river, but in the area east of the Mississippi river. There is yet ample time, however, to seed the large acreage which is contemplated."

The modern Miller has this to say: "The weather this week has been unseasonably cold retarding growth of the wheat plant. No change in the general condition of winter wheat crop is indicated, but in some sections of Ohio valley north of the Ohio river there are numerous complaints of backward conditions and poor prospects south of Ohio river to the good as it is also in Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska. Reports from Oklahoma are less encouraging. There is need of warmer weather throughout the entire winter wheat belt east of the Rocky mountains. Prospects on the Pacific coast are excellent."

The Duluth market closed 1c lower for both May and July. Minneapolis ⅞c lower May and ¾c on July. Chicago ⅞c lower on May and ⅞-⅞c on July and New York ¼c lower on May and ¾c on July.

Bradstreet reported American clearances of wheat for the week of 1,213,355 bus, against 1,884,370 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 18 cars against 14 last year, and at Minneapolis 113 against 94 a year ago, making a total for the Northwest of 131 against 108 a year ago. Chicago received 22. Winnipeg receipts were 117 against 123 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 2,272,251 bus, last year 256,877 bus. Shipments 292,023 bus., last year 336,811 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 141,527 bus. Argentine shipments this week were 3,320,000 bus, against 3,368,000 bus, last week and 2,216,000 bus, last year. The supply in the chief ports of Argentine is 5,112,000 bus., against 5,888,000 bus, last week and 4,660,000 bus, a year ago. India's shipments this week aggregated 1,221,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ½d lower.

In the Chicago market May corn closed 1⅜c lower. May oats closed ⅛-⅜c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 2,211,115 bus, last year 2,141,790 bus. Shipments, 1,896,000 bus, last year, 654,891 bus. Clearances of corn were 173,185 bus. Argentine shipments this week were 437,000 bus, against 736,000 bus last week and 144,000 bus last year. The visible supply in Argentine is 501,000 bus, against 742,000 bus a year ago. Bradstreet reported American clearances this week of 983,359 bus, against 1,328,987 bus last week.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was extremely dull, in the May option not more than two or three trades were recorded the whole morning. The opening bid was unchanged at 93⅝c and the market worked between 94⅛c bid and 93⅝c, closing at the latter price, a loss of ⅛c from yesterday. July was a little more active, but very slow. Its high point was 94½c, which was 5c up from yesterday, and it closed at 93⅝c, the low point for the day, and 1c lower than yesterday. The Septemberoption follow to 89½c.

Cash offerings were light and prices continued on the same basis. May price for No. 1 northern and 2½c under for No. 2.

Flax was very dull and May closed unchanged from yesterday. July was ⅛c lower and September and October ¼c lower. Cash flax advanced 4c as compared with May, closing 5c under. Flax shipments from Argentine this week were 2,625,000 bus, against 1,512,000 bus last week and 1,656,000 bus last year.

Rye had an advance of 1c and oats were up ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 94½c; No. 1 northern, 93½c; No. 2 northern, 90½c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 94½c; No. 1 northern, 93½c; No. 2 northern, 90½c; macaroni, No. 1, 85c; No. 2, 85c; May, 93⅝c; July, 93⅝c; September, 89½c. Flax, in store, $1.15½; to arrive, $1.15½; May, $1.16; July, $1.17½; October, $1.15½. Oats, on track, 39½c; to arrive, 39½c. Rye, to arrive, 68½c; on track, 68½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat 18, last year 14, barley 2, flax 21, last year 11.

Receipts—Wheat, 11,664; oats, 1855; barley, 3800; flax, 31,928.

Shipments—Wheat, 1645.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Weather Conditions Continue Bullish Sentiment In Wheat.

Chicago, April 15.—Predictions of freezing weather in Kansas and other sections of the Southwest together with continued reports of unfavorable weather in the Northwest caused a bullish sentiment in the wheat market today. The fact that there was very little wheat offering in the face of a good demand emphasized the strength. July opened a shade to ⅛@⅜c higher at 87⅝c@87¾c. The price advanced to 88¼c, receded to 88c and then rallied to 88⅛c. Receipts at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth today were 152 cars against 202 cars last week and 174 cars a year ago.

The market turned weak later in the day on realizing sales. A feeling was prevalent among traders that the damage reports had been considerably overdone. Outside markets were also weak and helped to depress prices here. The close was practically at the low point, July being down 5⅝@⅝c at 87c, after the price had touched 88⅛.

Light offerings and sympathy with the strength in wheat caused firmness in corn. The trading was confined principally to commission houses and pit traders. July opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 50@50⅛c. The market touched 50¾c, but sold off to 50¼c. Receipts 83 cars with 41 of contract grade.

Liquidation by the leading long, together with the decline in wheat caused weakness in the corn during the latter part of the session. July declined to 50⅝@50c, closing at 50c, a net loss for the day of ⅜c.

Oats were strong on unfavorable weather and small receipts. Offerings were light. Covering by shorts aided the strength. July opened unchanged at 37⅜c, but advanced to 38⅛c. The market receded to 37¾c, but then went to 38⅛c. Receipts were 57 cars.

Provisions were a little easier in sympathy with a small decline in hog prices at the yards. July pork opened 5c lower at $12.45, rallying to $12.47½. Lard was 2½c lower and July, 2½c lower. July, steadying at $6.80. Ribs were off 2½c at $6.55 for July.

Close: Wheat—May, 92⅜c; July, 87c; old, 88¼c; September, 87⅝@87¾c; old, 83½@83¾c. Corn—April, 51½c; May, 52¼c; July, 50c; September, 49¾c; December, 44¾c. Oats—April, 38⅛c; May, 38¼c; July, 35¾@36c; September, 30½c. Pork—May, $12.17½; July, $12.37½. Lard—May, $6.57½; July, $6.75; September, $6.85. Ribs, $6.37½; July, $6.55@6.52½; September, $6.65. Ryo—May, 72@73c; July, 69@70c. Flax—Cash, May, $1.16; Southwestern, $1.08; May, $1.09. Timothy—April, $2.85. Clover—April, $10.75. Barley—Cash, 39@55c. Cash wheat—2 hard, 93½@96c; 3 hard, 89@95c; 1 northern, 96@$1.00; 2 northern, 90@98c; 3 spring, 85@98c. Corn—2, 52@53c; 3, 49@52c. Oats—2, 37@37½c; 3, 38½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	....93¾A	95	93⅜	95¾
High	....94⅛B	95½	94	96¾
Low	....92⅞B	93⅞	92¾	95¾
Close	....93⅜B	94⅝	93⅜	96¼
Close 11th	.93⅜	95-1/8	93⅝	96¼
July—				
Open	.... 87⅝	95	88	92¾
High	.... 88¼	96⅝	88¼	93⅝
Low	.... 87⅛	94	87⅛-87	91¾
Close	.... 87⅞B	94⅞	87A	91¾
Close 11th	.88⅜	96	87⅝-¾	92¾

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	....39¼@39⅜	53½@53⅝	$12.25
High	.... 39⅜	53⅝	12.37
Low	.... 38⅝	52⅝	12.17
Close	.... 38¾	52¾	12.17

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 15.—Wheat—Spot, dull, 1 California, 6s 7d; futures steady, May, 6s 5¾d; July, 6s 5¾d; September, nominal. Corn—Spot American mixed, new, quiet, 3s 2½d; American mixed old, steady, 4s 7d; futures quiet; May, 4s 4¼d; July, nominal.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 15.—Closes: Wheat—May, 96c; July, 91⅜c; September, 86¾c. Corn—May, 56¼c; July, 54⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 15.—Close: Wheat—May, 94⅜c; July, 94¼c; September, 83½c. On track, No. 1 hard, 96¾c; No. 1 northern, 95⅜c; No. 2 northern, 92⅝c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Chicago Record-Herald: There was no change in the crop news yesterday. It was bad from Indiana and Ohio. It was bad from the Southwest. There was a good deal from the Northwest about delayed seeding. Kansas and Missouri had not a drop of rain. There was a prediction of colder weather and snows from Minnesota and Dakota. Even Missouri, concerning which every one had been optimistic, was reporting late sown wheat turning out disappointingly and being plowed up. The crop news over a vast area was all of one tenor. There was a decided impression upon speculators that prices are usually loath to accept spring crop complaints, but there was one incongruity about the situation that everyone acknowledged—the western and southeastern senders of crop complaints were not sending buying orders for wheat. Such buying of wheat as was done was by professionals, largely by the shorts who were made uncomfortable by the news and who preferred to take their contracts back rather than to risk further delay. A fear of the situation all day was the northwestern strength. Duluth and Minneapolis did better than Chicago. The fears of a late season seemed to make more of an impression up there than the crop news from all directions made at Chicago. The popular purchase on the news yesterday was the September and its discount under July at 1 to 2c compared with 5 compared with May. September has made the best advance here, 3½c.

State Statistician Johnson, of Indiana, is quoted as saying: "Few counties in the state will harvest even a fair crop. Not over 35 to 60 per cent."

There was a somewhat different tone in the corn market yesterday. It did not seem to need support. The professional element was not so bearish. Armour took May corn occasionally, but there was evidently Armour selling of July. Everybody takes it for granted now that the Armour line of May corn is being increased rather than decreased. Furthermore, brokers are taking the cash corn in the pit each day for Armour and are taking it in considerable volume.

* * *

W. B. Snow, Chicago: Talk of lateness of season is being overdone. Spring wheat seeding in southern Minnesota and South Dakota has already made good progress. It is a little slow in North Dakota but no one need worry for two weeks yet.

* * *

Pringle, Fitch & Rankin, Chicago: A wire from Kansas City says—"Our traveling representative returned today from a trip through the northern half of Kansas. The east half of that section the wheat looks fine, but small, acreage in western half looks critical. Commencing at Salina and going west to the state line conditions grow more critical. West of Ellis can't expect over 50 per cent of a crop, also 25 per cent decreased acreage in western part of the state. Elevators along the lines are empty, not over three per cent of old crop left. Kansas mills reserves very low. One mill that always carries 40,000 bushels into the new crop now has 13,000 bushels. Their traveling representative covered the Union Pacific from Salina west and bought 240 bushels when he expected to buy enough to make up their reserve to 40,000 bushels. They were bidding 2c over Kansas City cash price for No. 2 and accepting No. 3 and No. 4 at 1c scale discount."

* * *

Following from Hon. R. P. Roblin, of Winnipeg: "Have just returned from a trip through the country. I have been in business twenty-seven years and never saw conditions so unfavorable at this time of year. The ground is covered with snow and the ground is frozen as hard as last January. With the very best of conditions from now on we cannot commence seeding before two weeks and if the weather continues this way it may be the first of June. It is certainly disheartening for the farmers here."

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Wheat is about lc lower. There was a continuation of bad crop reports from the winter wheat section, but apparently to any extent by buying orders. Volume of business was small and the weakness was largely the result of selling by tired local traders. Aside from crop reports there was nothing special in the way of news. Kansas City reported 25,000 bushels cash wheat worked to go to Minneapolis. For the time being we would stick to the bull side, but would buy on the weak spots only.

Corn—There was open selling by the bull leaders in May and the weakness in wheat helped along the selling. Cash business generally prevailed throughout the West. Argentine advices indicate the crop has been gathered in pretty good condition. We are inclined to feel friendly to July corn and would buy it on the breaks.

Oats—There was an early advance due to disposition on the part of the local traders to cover. Lack in sympathy with wheat in corn the advance was all lost. We do not believe it will do any harm to buy oats on the weak spots.

Provisions—Volume of business was light and local in character. The pit mood is bearish and there is a disposition on the part of the local interests to resell the stuff covered on the bulge. The market is likely to hesitate for some time, but unless conditions change materially we shall not be surprised to see prices rally from present level.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: An excellent judge of wheat wires us as follows: "The Santa Fe is in favored territory for crop prospects this year. Their line in Texas is perfect. Indian territory a good section, while Oklahoma indicates 90 per cent as a minimum and favorable weather conditions would increase this on their line. Kansas is less favorable and needs rain badly. Talked with Templin; he puts the whole state at 75 per cent with favorable weather, but must have rains. Their line profitable acreage. I find the Kansas wheat situation about as below: Line drawn north and south through Hutchinson, Kans., eastward, total being age about equally divided, total being in round figures 6,500,000 acres. Last year the territory east of Hutchinson averaged 13 bus, while territory west on same line included 19 bus. Difference, because of lack of moisture in the western section, the conditions practically reversed and the final outcome is a question of rains from this time on. They are ample the state could easily grow 90,000,000 or more, for the wheat is not dead, but growth retarded, but in the eastern half where we are especially concerning it looks to me like 50,000,000 or 60,000,000 bus is a reasonable estimate."

* * *

B. E. Baker's grain letter: Wheat—The market was strong on a renewal of the previous day's advance regarding the sensational character of the damage done to the winter wheat in the Ohio valley. Weakness in the end was caused chiefly by the attempt by bull operators to realize profits on purchases made the day before. Our own news on the crop situation was such as to encourage the buying of wheat and especially at the prices for the future now on the market. We favor selling at such heavy discounts. The reaction in the price today does not change the crop conditions which are bad. Many reports of rain fall during the day failed to make any impression upon the market as an urgent borrower of money. Norfolk is the latest addition to the list and it is said that Baltimore & Ohio is trying to make arrangements for a 60 sized loan. It is quite possible that the advance in the dividend rate on Reading second preferred may have been for the purpose of helping the holding companies of which Baltimore & Ohio is one.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: There is nothing to put the market down with money easy and no really bad developments in sight for the next month or two we should get a good trading market for the rest of this month, with stocks a buy on reactions.

* * *

Waldorf to B. E. Baker: Comment on the market tonight reflects discouragement over the narrowness of speculation, the professional character of the dealings and the persistent indifference of the public. Some traders, bearish for the pull, looked for a rally this morning, but when it failed to appear they turned sellers and these offerings with the sales of larger operators who are ranger on the short side, were too much for the small buying power. Two of the largest houses on the street were offered twelve months' money at 3¾ per cent. The offer, however, in both instances was refused. From that it is argued that the difficulty the manipulators for a rise in the stock market have to contend with is the striking apathy of the public, and the belief is fast gaining ground that this unfortunate feature will obtain for some time to comt. With the approaching presidential election and the growing fear that the struggle for the control of Northern Pacific may end inopen warfare between the giants of finance, outsiders and investors, in the judgment of unbiased critics will maintain its present attitude for weeks to come until the uncertainties are over. The bear party seemed to direct its efforts chiefly again to Pennsylvania and United States Steel preferred and Copper, and will, it is said, push its campaign vigorously. The banking interests were said to be doing little if anything on the bull side, and are believed to be waiting for the court to give its decision in the Harriman intervention suit before taking a definite position.

* * *

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Speculative sentiment is mixed over the result of yesterday's comparatively heavy selling and the indications point to an irregular market today with heaviness in the early trading and some recovery in the later dealings. The lay on the part of circuit court of St. Paul in rendering a decision in the Securities case has continued the uncertainty and Jacob Schiff's interview elliminates all idea of any competitive buying in Union Pacific, aside from the March foreign trade returns there is nothing unfavorable to justify selling stocks and it looks as if the larger interest was encouraging the creation of a new short interest preparatory to another upward movement. With stocks concentrated in strong hands, money abundant at low rates and with general business conditions approving there is little in the side of the party operating for lower prices and we consider the market to be a good purchase on any further moderate reactions. We continue bullish on St. Paul, Atchison, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, the tractions and Sugar.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Our market opened fairly firm. There was a better demand for stocks in the loan crowd. This would indicate that the recent decline was caused by short selling and not liquidation. The railroad group showed slight recession after the opening, but under the lead of Wabash preferred which was by far the most active issue advanced, and the general market closed practically unchanged from yesterday. Money continues very cheap and in plentiful supply. Think stocks can be purchased on declines, but advise accepting moderate profits.

B. E. BAKER, STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.

307 Board of Trade. Private Wires. 318 St. Louis Hotel Bldg.

MEMBERS:

Chicago Board of Trade. Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce. Duluth Board of Trade.

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Grain - Provisions - Stocks

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Private Wires to all Markets.

ADVANCE IN ERIE

Was the Chief Feature of the Stock Market.

Closing Was Inert and Near Thursday Night's Level.

New York, April 15.—Opening prices of stocks generally showed no decided change today from last night and many of the most prominent stocks opened at last night's quotations. The volume of business was very small. A feature of the market was the transfer of 2500 shares of Wabash preferred at 38¾ and 39½ compared with 38½ last night. Consolidated Gas rose 1½.

Spirited selling followed and intervals of inanition and substantial fractional losses were scored throughout. The Westerns, Pacifics and Pennsylvania group led the line under large offerings. Liquidations of the rubber goods stocks cost the common 3 points and the preferred 2½. United States Rubber preferred, Tennessee Coal, Metropolitan Street Railway and Chicago Great Western preferred B were also a point or more lower and Consolidated Gas lost its rise.

The market hardened in the second hour, some stocks rising higher than the opening. Erie and Wabash preferred were in demand. Trading became very dull and prices yielded slightly. Consolidated Gas rose 2 over last night. Brooklyn Union Gas lost 2½. Northwestern and Pacific Mail 2 and Delaware & Hudson and Tennessee 1 point or over. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Erie continued to advance and gained a point despite the complete absence of speculative interest elsewhere. Aside Goods rallied 2 points from the lowest. Virginia-Carolina Chemical fell 1¼.

Dealings in Erie monopolized the limited trading for a time or until a demand for other prominent stocks was fostered by its steady absorption. St. Paul, Union Pacific and the Pennsylvania stocks livened up and sold higher than any time previously. Price movements in general were trivial and the buying spasmodic.

The advance in Erie halted and prices fell back a small fraction. Trading became stagnant. Consolidated Gas reached 3¾ and Norfolk & Western preferred lost 1¼. The closing was inert and near to last night's level.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	49⅜	48⅞	49¼
American Sugar	127½	126¾	127⅜
Anaconda	74	72	73
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe.	75⅜	73	75⅜
do pfd	93½	93¼	93⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	79⅝	79¼	79½
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	46⅝	45⅝	46½
Canadian Pacific	116⅜	116⅜	116⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	32⅝	32⅜	32½
Chicago Great Western	16⅜	16½	16⅜
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	145¼	144⅝	144⅞
Chic. Rock Island & P	23¾	23¼	23¾
Rock Island pfd	83¼	83¼	83½
Colorado Fuel & Iron	31¼	31¼	31¼
Erie	27½	26¾	27¼
Erie common	130⅜	130⅜	130½
Illinois Central	138¾	138¾	138¾
Louisville & Nashville	142	142	142
Manhattan Elevated	113⅞	113	113⅜
Metropolitan St. Ry	7⅛	7	7⅛
Mexican Central	61⅝	61⅜	61⅝
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	93½	92⅞	93½
Missouri Pacific	117	116⅝	117
New York Central	58⅜	57⅞	58
Norfolk & Western	118¾	117¾	118
Pennsylvania	96⅜	96¼	96⅜
People's Gas	103	102¾	103
Reading	45¼	44⅝	45
Republic Steel and Iron	7¼	7¼	7¼
Southern Pacific	49⅝	49⅜	49⅝
Southern Railway	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
Tennessee Coal & Iron	89½	85½	88¾
Texas Pacific	24½	24½	24½
Union Pacific	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜
U. S. Leather	7⅞	7	7⅛
U. S. Steel	11⅞	11¼	11¾
do pfd	69⅝	61¾	61½
Wabash	29¼	28⅝	29
Wisconsin Central	18⅝	18¼	18¼
do pfd	41	40⅝	40⅝
Northern Securities, 98 bid, 98⅜ asked.			

The total sales were 255,200 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: Public apathy, poor railroad earnings and lack of investment buying are beginning to tell against prices and it seems more and more probable that the high point on this movement was reached last Monday, and that from now on the tendency will be steadily downward. I strongly favor selling stocks on every rally. It is rare that a day now passes without some railroad appearing in the market as an urgent borrower of money. Norfolk is the latest addition to the list and it is said that Baltimore & Ohio is trying to make arrangements for a 60 sized loan. It is quite possible that the advance in the dividend rate on Reading second preferred may have been for the purpose of helping the holding companies of which Baltimore & Ohio is one.

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EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.

DEALERS IN

STOCKS—GRAIN—PROVISIONS

MAIN OFFICE

Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Branch Office: 320 Board of Trade Building, Duluth.

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The attitude of the traders seems to be wholly responsible for this reaction, as there is no depressing news with prices 2 to 4 points from the highest. The market is getting extremely dull, which may mean the liquidation is about over. On the other hand the buying is by no means aggresive and the market is about as likely to go one way as the other. Foreign quotations made a gain for the day. All trading advices were dull on the metal. Amalgamated Copper is acting exactly like the rest of the New Lork list, showing no special strength in sympathy with the improved metal market. Other coppers are dull and steady.

* * *

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 15.—Close: Money on call, easy, 1¼@1½ per cent; closing bid, 1¼ per cent; offered at 1½ per cent. Time loans, easy and dull; sixty and ninety days, 2½@3 per cent; six months, 3½@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.35 for demand, and at $4.85@4.85.10 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85¼ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84¾@4. Bar silver, 52⅝c. Mexican dollars, 42c. Bonds, government, steady; railroads, irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES

Washington, April 15.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $221,146,211; gold, $111,698,832; silver, $18,140,259; United States notes, $5,293,503; treasury notes of 1890, $94,254; national bank notes, $1,237,343; total receipts in a day, $1,676,458; total receipts this month, $21,169,247; total receipts this year, $431,251,996; total expenditures this day, $1,830,000; total expenditures this month, $22,000,000; total expenditures this year, $455,153,334; deposits in national banks, $168,405,072.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 15.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 10@6 points and further slight gains during the first few minutes on buying promoted by rather better cables and expectations of active New Orleans bull support following yesterday's reports of a big spot business and the formation of a new bull clique. This, however, local bulls were disappointed. Instead of buying New Orleans appeared to be selling higher and the Southern markets showed weakness which before noon depressed to well under last night's figures under continued hammering by the local bear leader. After declining to about 11.70 for May and 11.23 for July, losses of from 10 to 11 points, the market was rallied slightly by covering.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 15 points higher. Middling uplands, 11.40; middling gulf, 14.65. Sales, 3400 bales. Futures closed steady; April, 11.18; May, 11.24; June, 11.35; July, 11.46; August, 11.55; September, 11.42; October, 11.30; November, 11.09; December, 11.67; January, 11.69.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 15.—Cattle—Receipts 2000. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5@5.90; poor to medium, $3.60@4.90; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.25; cows, $2@4.40; heifers, $2.25@5.00; canners, $2@2.50; bulls, $2@4.10; calves, $2.25@4.85; Texas fed steers, $4@4.00.

Hogs—Receipts today, 16,000; tomorrow, 12,000. Market mostly 5c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.10@5.25; good to choice heavy, $5.20@5.35; rough heavy, $5.05@5.20; light, $4.85@5.20; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.25. Sheep—Receipts 500. Steady; lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.65; fair to choice mixed, $2.50@4.60; western sheep, $4.90@5.30; native lambs, $4@5.55; western lambs, $5.75@6.50; clipped western lambs, $4.50@5.75.

CIGAR STORE PARALYSIS.

A nice loking woman walked into one of the Broadway stores of the tobacco octopus the other night and asked to see some of the store's best cigars, says the New York Sun. The clerk handed out a dozen boxes.

While the new patron was taking a dry whiff of each 15 men lined up along the counter to make various purchases. They might just as well have been wooden Indians as far as the one clerk was concerned. But just about the time the entire line began to display a nervous desire to get away, the fair one selected a 12-cent cigar with a bright band, and asked the customer next in line if he didn't think it was a good one.

"I've been smoking 30 years and couldn't have selected a better one myself," he replied gallantly.

"Then will you please wrap this one up?" she said, tendering the clerk a twenty-dollar bill.

It took the clerk five minutes to change the bill, and then he tripped on an empty cigar box and dropped all the coin. It was finally handed to the prchaser. When she had her hand on the door knob she thought of the coupons. She turned back.

"Don't you give trading stamps with cigars?" she asked sweetly, whereupon the clerk thrust a quarter's worth of coupons into her hand.

"It does beat 'ell how dead easy a lady can paralyze a cigar store," said one of the men in the line when he finally got the package of tobacco for which he had waited 20 minutes.

GROWING SHARE

Of the United States In the Commerce of Japan.

This Country the Largest Customer of the Mikado's Kingdom.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The rapidly growing share of the United States in the commerce of Japan is illustrated by a statement just prepared by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics. This statement is compiled from an official document of the Japanese government, just received, entitled "Financial and Economical Annual of Japan." It shows the commerce of Japan with the principal countries of the world for a long term of years, ending with 1902, while from another document, just received, the bureau is able to obtain figures of the commerce of Japan with the United States, the United Kingdom, China and India for the calendar year 1903.

These tables show that the United States is the largest customer of Japan. The value of exports from Japan to her most important customers in 1902 was: To Germany, 4,737,000 yen (yen—49.8 cents); Italy, 13,287,000 yen; British India, 13,337,000 yen; Great Britain, 17,346,000 yen; Hongkong, 25,876,000 yen; France, 27,283,000 yen; China, 46,838,000 yen, and to the United States, 80,223,000 yen. Thus the United States takes as much of the products of Japan as all of Europe and nearly twice as much as China Japan's second largest customer. In 1903 the figures were: To the United States, 82,725,000 yen; to China, 64,996,000 yen; to Great Britain, 16,544,000 yen; to India, 8,085,00 yen, and to all other countries, 117,152,000 yen.

In imports the United States stood second in 1902, and at the end of 1903 was but $1,227,000 below Great Britain, which still holds the lead. For 1902, the latest year for which the import figures of Japan are available with reference to all countries, the imports from leading countries, stated in the order of magnitude, were: From British India, 50,997,000 yen; from Great Britain, 50,364,000 yen; from the United States, 48,653,000 yen; China, 40,591,000 yen; Germany, 25,813,000 yen; and from France, 4,748,000 yen. In 1903 the imports from the four principal countries were: From India, 70,095,000 yen; from Great Britain, 48,737,000 yen; from the United States, 46,273,000 yen, and from China, 45,458,000 yen.

The feature of this official statement which is of especial interest in its relation to the growth of American exports to Japan is the fact that the United States has made much more rapid gains in the imports of Japan than any of her principal rivals. Comparing conditions in 1902 with those of 1890, for example, the United States shows a gain from 6,874,000 yen in 1890 to 48,653,000 in 1902, while the figures of imports from Great Britain are, in 1890, 26,619,000, and in 1902, 50,364,000 yen, from Germany, in 1890, 6,357,000 yen, and in 1902, 25,813,000 yen; from China, in 1890, 8,850,000 yen, and in 1902, 40,591,000 yen, and from British India, in 1890, 8,911,000 yen, and in 1902, 50,977,000 yen.

Considering only the five principal countries from which Japan's chief importations are obtained the United States has made much greater gains than any of the others. It will also be seen from these figures that the chief rivalry for the class of merchandise for which the United States is seeking a market in Japan is between the United States and the United Kingdom, the class of goods imported into Japan from China being chiefly non-competitive so far as relates to the United States, while in the case of India the sole competitive article is cotton, of which Japan takes freely from India in years of large supplies in that country, owing to the fact that prices of Indian cotton are lower than those of cotton from the United States.

This is especially true of the year 1903, when prices in the United States were extremely high and resulted in a reduction of about 50 million pounds in the exportation of American cotton to Japan and a reduction of nearly five million dollars in the value of raw cotton exported to that country from the United States. But for this incident it is probable that the United States would, at the end of 1903, have considerably exceeded the United Kingdom in the Japanese statement of imports by countries.

That the rate of growth during a term of years has been much more rapid in imports from the United States than from the United Kingdom will be seen from an examination of the table which follows, which shows the value of imports into Japan from the United States and the United Kingdom, respectively, and the share which such imports formed of the total importations into Japan in each year from 1881 to 1903. It will be seen that in 1881 the United States supplied but 5.72 per cent of the imports of Japan and the United Kingdom 52.57 per cent; while in 1903 the United States supplied 14.6 per cent of Japan's total imports and the United Kingdom 15.4 per cent. Thus the share of Japan's imports supplied by the United States increased from 5.72 per cent to 14.6 per cent, while that of the United Kingdom fell from 52.6 to 15.4 per cent.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, bushel	1 50		
Shallots	75	@	85
Radish, hothouse	65	@	75

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	25		
Dairies, fancy	17	@	18
Packing stock	12		

EGGS.

Fresh	18		

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	10		
Twins, full cream, old	10½		
Full cream, young America	15	@	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	14		
Limberger, full cream, cheese	13		
Primost	7		

HONEY.

New fancy, white clover	15		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12½		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 50		
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25		

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Almonds	16		
Mixed nuts	12		

FRUITS.

THREATEN DEATH

To Newspaper Correspondents Who Send Wireless Telegraph Messages.

Persistent Rumors of Death of Grand Duke Cyril Denied.

Washington, April 15.—The Russian government has given notice that newspaper correspondents using wireless telegraphy will be treated as spies and shot.

STARTLING RUMOR.

Great Britain Said to Have Loaned Submarine Boat.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—It is said that the Petropavlovsk was blown up by a submarine boat furnished to Japan by Great Britain. In furtherance of this idea it is pointed out that the British parliament has granted permission for Indian troops to cruise the frontier of Thibet, which naturally means only that Great Britain is preparing to aid her ally by advancing upon Central Asia.

But such talk finds no echo in responsible quarters, where, indeed, it is remarkable how calm and confident the officials are that a change of fortune will take place as soon as the land operations begin in earnest.

The prevailing belief here is that the Japanese will take advantage of the situation to push matters and make a renewed attack on Port Arthur, with the object of sealing the entrance to the port, or considering the Russian fleet to be practically immobilized by its inferiority, proceed with landing troops at the head of the gulf of Liao Tung.

It would not be surprising if the Japanese attempted to invest the fortress of Port Arthur by land.

The latest reports are to the effect that the Japanese fleet is still in sight from Golden hill.

Gen. Kuropatkin is concentrating his second line of defense between Mukden and Liao Yang. He will have 120,000 men there.

GRAND DUKE BETTER.

Rumors of His Death Are Positively Denied.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—Persistent rumors are circulating that Grand Duke Cyril is dead, but the correspondent of the Associated Press cannot secure any confirmation. On the contrary, Lieut. Gen. Prince Galitzine, master of the Grand Duke Vladimir's household, is the Associated Press's authority for the statement that the telegram received this morning reported the condition of Grand Duke Cyril as being better.

6:38 p. m.—This evening Prince Galitzine repeated his assurance to the Associated Press that the Grand Duke Cyril was better and that he was with his brother, Boris, at the headquarters at Liao Yang. His fever had almost disappeared.

The admiralty has received official information that Verestchagin, the celebrated painter of battle scenes, was among those lost by the sinking of the Petropavlovsk.

The fate of Nicholas T. Kravtchenko, the well-known Russian literary man, who was acting as correspondent of the Associated Press at Port Arthur, is still unknown. It is possible that he left Port Arthur prior to the disaster of Wednesday.

Paris, April 15.—The Temps correspondent at St. Petersburg, repeating the unconfirmed rumor that Grand Duke Cyril is dead, adds that the grand duke was about to leave the Petropavlovsk with Admiral Makaroff's orders to the commander of the shore batteries when the explosion which destroyed the battleship occurred.

JAPANESE TROOPS SICK.

Tien Tsin, April 15.—It is asserted here that the reason of the delay in the movements of the Japanese army in Korea is that over 12 per cent of the troops are suffering from a malignant sickness, described as being a species of Beri-Beri.

SERVICE FOR MAKAROFF.

Paris, April 15.—An impressive funeral service in memory of Vice Admiral Makaroff and the other victims of the Petropavlovsk disaster was celebrated at the Russian church this morning.

BUT TWO UNDAMAGED SHIPS.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—There are now only two undamaged battleships—the Peresviet and the Sevastopol—in the harbor at Port Arthur, but some of the damaged vessels have been repaired.

JAKOVIEFF VERY LOW.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—Capt. Jakovieff is still alive, but his condition is critical.

Viceroy Alexieff, who was at Mukden when the disaster occurred, proceeded promptly to Port Arthur to personally assume temporary command of the naval forces there, and reached his destination last night. His presence is expected to put an end to the demoralization there.

JAPS PLACED MINES.

Kobe, Japan, April 15.—It is asserted in naval circles here that the Japanese arranged to lay thirty mines at the entrance of Port Arthur and then entice the Russians out. The mines were placed in position and Port Arthur was bombarded April 13. Several Russian ships besides the Petropavlovsk were damaged.

SERVICE ON ERMAK.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—A requiem service was held today on board the ice-breaker Ermak for the repose of the souls of Vice Admiral Makaroff and Capt. Vasilief, formerly commander of the Ermak, who also perished in the disaster to the Petropavlovsk. Several hundred persons were present.

TRAMPS INJURED BY WATER TANK.

Marshalltown, Iowa, April 15.—A storage reservoir at Story City, 40 miles northwest of here, has collapsed. The tank containing 1400 barrels of water, fell on the city jail, which was completely demolished. Three tramps in the jail were badly injured. The property damage amounts to several thousand dollars.

CITY BRIEFS.

Why not have a covered van move you? We have them and it costs no more. Duluth Van and Storage, 210 West Superior street.

Parlor theater—The great Edgertons, tonight.

We are cutting thousands of roses and carnations daily and must close them out. For the balance of this week we will sell roses from 50 cents per dozen and up. Carnations 25 cents per dozen and up. Elschen Bros.

Tramps and hoboes who use the cars and cabooses standing on the railroad tracks for sleeping places are apt to land in police headquarters in future. John Duggan, James Quinn and George Gilhart were arrested last evening by Special Detective Stanley of the Northern Pacific railroad, on the charge of trespass. When arraigned in the municipal court this morning, they pleaded guilty to the charge, and were fined $7 each with the alternative of spending five days in the county jail.

"What Is Your Ideal?" will be the subject of a lecture before the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday afternoon next at 3:30 p. m. to be delivered by Rev. H. O. Hannum, formerly of Boston.

Are you going to move? See us. We use covered vans. It cost no more. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 210 West. Superior street.

Parlor theater—Big vaudeville show.

Congressman Bede has forwarded several sacks of garden seeds to the Boston & Duluth Farm Land company for free distribution among the farmers in the vicinity of Duluth.

Gideons Chapman and Harker will conduct the meeting at Star of Hope Mission again this evening. All are cordially invited to come and hear them. Mrs. Bagley will sing.

The funeral of Mrs. Amanda Johnson will be held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the Swedish Lutheran church, and interment will be made in London road cemetery.

J. M. Gidding, of the firm of J. M. Gidding & Co., in announcement on page 17 of this paper tells some very important news to women who expect to buy wearing apparel tomorrow.

About forty members of the Michigan College of Mines Glee and Mandolin club arrived this afternoon for the concert at the Lyceum this evening. They were due at 11:15 a. m., but their train was over an hour late. They lost no time in reaching the Spalding, where they ate a hearty dinner.

PERSONAL.

A. T. Elsworth, of the DeVelda Drug company, has returned from a business trip to Chicago, Louisville and St. Louis.

L. H. Burns, a prominent business man of Cass Lake, returned home this morning with the remains of Mrs. Burns, who died in a local hospital after a lingering illness. The burial will take place at Cass Lake.

Mrs. Selma Oswald, formerly of this city, is visiting Mrs. John Schwirtz, at Twenty-sixth avenue east.

After the inspection at the Third Regiment armory this evening, Maj. Gerlach will take the night train for St. Paul.

H. L. Wambacher has gone to Sherry, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Edwards left today for La Crosse.

A. B. Siewert starts this evening for New York.

J. H. Upham, Jr., goes to Detroit this evening.

This afternoon Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Robinson left for Chicago.

O. D. Wheeler, of St. Paul, advertising representative of the Northern Pacific, was here today, having come up to attend the funeral in Superior of his niece, Miss Burr.

A. E. McManus returned this morning from Arizona whehere he has secured for himself and associates the famous Pickaway group of mines in the Pinal creek district, Yampai county, Ariz. It was inadvertently stated in The Herald a few days ago that the property had been purchased for L. C. Shattuck, of Bisbee, Ariz. Mr. McManus brought back with him a quantity of ore from the Pickaway and other mines. He declines to give any details of the transaction.

Miss Horrigan's Drug Store.
Patent medicines, toilet articles, perfumes.

OFFICERS KILLED.

Stabbed By Moros In Lake Lanao District.

Manila, April 15.—Captain David P. Wheeler and Corporal Percy Heyvel, of the Twenty-second infantry, while reconnoitering the Moro works along the Tarraca river in the lake Lanao district of the island of Mindanao, April 11, were stabbed in the abdomen. Captain Wheeler died at Marawi, April 13. Corporal Heyvel is fatally wounded.

BELDAME WINS RACE.

New York, April 15.—Beldame won the Carter handicap at Aqueduct today. Peter Paul was second and Wotan third. Time, 1:27.

GERMAN NOBLE SENTENCED.

Milwaukee, April 15.—Fritz Idle Von Ingelheim, who claims to be a scion of one of the oldest noble families of Germany, and himself heir to immense estates and a noble title, son of a cabinet officer under Emperor William I, was sentenced to three years and six months in state's prison today for forgery by Judge Brazee. Von Ingelheim attributes his downfall to gambling and intoxicants.

Miss Horrigan's Drug Store.
Expert manicuring, artistic hair dressing.

SAT ON THE PRUNE PIE.

Cincinnati Commercial Tribune: "Get over and give room!"

"I won't. I've paid for a seat, and I'm going to have it."

The first speaker was a woman weighing perhaps two hundred pounds, who had entered a street railway car.

The second speaker was a mild-appearing little woman, half-hidden beneath a pile of bundles.

Her eyes snapped with rage when the big woman told her to move over.

"I'll put my pie where I want to," she declared, slamming a nice fat prune pie down on the seat beside her.

"All right," gurgled the big woman, as she dropped down on the pie with a crash that made the motorman look around.

Prune juice flew in all directions, the little woman shrieked with dismay and anger, and the big woman gazed about with an air of triumph.

"You've spoiled my pie!" and the little woman shook her fist in the face of the big woman.

"Out upon you and your pie," growled the big woman, getting red in the face. "Just remember I am doing the sitting, and if I want to sit on a pie, that's my business. Call your old pie crushed fruit glace and let it go at that."

The little woman sputtered so hard that the conductor came in to see what the trouble was.

He rubbed his eyes and retreated when the big woman snapped at him:

"Say, don't you mix in this funeral."

The little woman started to speak, but was cecked by the big woman, who shouted:

"You just shut up and stay shut, I am a lady, any spot or place on the face of the earth and if I want to sit on a pie, that's my business."

The passengers were discreetly silent.

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.

SENATE PASSES THE CANAL BILL

Panama Measure Goes Through After Long Debate.

Washington, April 15.—The senate has passed the Panama canal bill.

When the last section of the bill, that providing for a government depository in the canal zone was reached, Mr. Aldrich moved it be stricken out, saying that the committee on finance was of opinion that it should not be retained, notwithstanding the recommendation of the secretary of the treasury. Mr. Morgan congratulated Mr. Aldrich upon the motion, at the same time expressing his surprise. "I am astonished at the senator's boldness in venturing upon a course not endorsed by an executive department," he said, "but I hail it as an indication of the return to the verility manifested by the senate in its earlier days." (Laughter).

Mr. Hale, upon the suggestion of Messrs. Aldrich and Hopkins, withdrew his amendment requiring that men, supplies, etc, be shipped to the isthmus in American vessels. Mr. Aldrich suggested that as the condition of the Panama ports was such that they could not be controlled by the United States, it would be difficult to enforce the provision.

Mr. Hale gave notice that at the next session of congress he would renew his efforts to secure the enactment of the provision, but consented not to press it at the present time.

It also was suggested that the McComas amendment extending the coastwise laws to the business with Panama be withdrawn, and Mr. Morgan made this suggestion the basis of a speech in which he said that unless the United States should take complete possession of the canal zone it could not adequately regulate such matters as the admission of supplies or men to be used on the canal. Mr. Spooner took issue with this view, contending that the United States would have as much right to regulate these matters as if the canal were entirely within the limits of this country. He argued that under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty the United States has the right to apply its coastwise laws to vessels passing through the canal, although he intimated that in the debate on that treaty in executive session some senators had taken a contrary view.

Mr. Spooner also made reply to Mr. Morgan's contention that unnecessary delay was being exercised in the payment of the $10,000,000 to the goverament of Panama for the canal concession, saying in effect that it was the intention that the concession should be paid for when the canal property was acquired.

Mr. Spooner spoke in favor of an amendment proposed by Mr. Morgan that the pardoning power rested in the governor instead of in the commission. He moved also that a new section be added, providing that all salaries or other compensation fixed by the commission shall be subject to the approval of the president.

"You think if the commission should fix salaries too low the president may raise them?" asked Mr. Hale.

"I should state it just the reverse," said Mr. Spooner. I believe the president should maintain a strict review of all accounts."

The amendment was adopted, as well as a number of others, requiring morrigid accounting to the president by members of the comission. Mr. Bacon offered an amendment at the end of the first section of the bill, providing that "the payment of $10,000,000 to Panama provided for in article 14 of the treaty shall be made in lieu of the indefinite appropriation made in the third section of the act of June 28, 1902, and is hereby appropriated." The amendment was adopted after an explanation that this would clear away all doubt as to the authority to make the payment.

Mr. Morgan made a final speech against the bill and when he ceased speaking at 3:25 p. m., and in less than a minute afterwards the bill was passed. There was no division. Immediately after the passage of the canal bill, the sundry civil appropriation bill was taken up and the reading of the amendments begun.

ST. PETERSBURG TODAY.

Scenes at Russia's Capital in War Time.

Above the snow-whitened Place of St. Isaac the great cathedral rears its enormous bulk of gray and green granite and marble, with the gilded dome blazing in the sunlight. Its outlines are picked out, wherever snow can lie, in white. Snow marks the straight lines of the base, the marble cornice and frieze and the circle of marble columns which ascend to carry the great golden dome, says the London Mail.

Down below, over the smooth snow, the sledges glide swiftly, noiselessly by. At the end of one perspective of painted houses the slender golden pinnacle of Peter the Great's Admiralty shoots a tongue of flame aloft. At the end of another perspective the curious cupolas of a great church float like balloons in the sky. The Bolshoia Morskaia, the Bond street of St. Petersburg, is full of life and movement. Pavements are thronged with men in astrakhan coats and caps, ladies in sable and fox. In the roadway a double stream of sleighs, driven by shaggy haired izvostchiks in caps like ladies' muffs and huge padded coats wrapped round and round them and secured by embroidered waist belts. Down the middle of the street, with great shouting to clear the way, comes at the furious pace of a fire engine the private sleigh, drawn by two magnificent horses, of some great nobleman. The driver, with beard and hair curled and oiled, and a three-cornered hat of fur, is leaning forward with outstretched arms like a Roman charioteer, gripping the blue silk covered reins taut in both hands. Over the horses' quarters a blue silk netting is spread to screen the lady in the richly sables who occupies the sleigh from the flying snow flung up by the horses' hoofs.

Through the archway which leads from the Morskala into the Great Place before the Winter palace comes the sound of an approaching cheer.

Instantly police officers in long gray coats appear from nowhere, the traffic in the roadway draws to one side, the people on the pavement stop and face toward the road, a sleigh conveying a distinguished looking officer, who looks keenly about, and whom all the suddenly materialized police salute, dashes up; then, after an interval, a sleigh magnificently horsed, with the driver in the bright scarlet and gold lace livery of the court.

Officers salute, the people raise their hats, and the empress bows and smiles. Another sleigh follows, the little procession turns into the Nevsky Prospekt, and, taking the center of the broad avenue, is gone like a flash on its way to the Anitchkoff palace, where is a gathering of great ladies interested in the Red Cross organization. The swarms of police disappear as quickly as they appeared; the unobtrusively dressed men in the line of royal carriage was passing showed indications of official responsibilities mingle once more with the crowd.

Down on the broad quay alongside the Neva, where the palace fronts and many of the great houses are, the heavy carriages of ambassadors race along at what seems more than motor car speed. A detachment of soldiers in queer, tall brass helmets that look more ecclesiastical than military marches by; people are out taking the afternoon constitutional—in furs and goloshes, of course, and the men mostly in uniform, for nearly every one wears uniform of some sort. Not only soldiers, but students, officials, all sorts of people, wear uniforms. Even a ladies' school, out walking two by two along the quay, has its distinctive uniform. The river is a broad white snow plain, upon which dark groups of men with horses and sleighs are engaged in digging out huge blocks of ice. The Neva is frozen nearly two feet deep, and heavy wagons are crossing it by the tracks which supplement the long spanned bridges.

On the other side the semi-Oriental spires and minarets of the fortress of

SATURDAY'S MARKET BASKET

The First Avenue Grocery,

J. H. O'LEARY & CO.,
17 FIRST AVENUE WEST.
Old 1258—PHONES—1069 New

SATURDAY BARGAINS

AT DULUTH'S NEW POPULAR-PRICED GROCERY.

Dairy Butter, Prints, lb., 18c
Fancy Dairy, per lb 20c
Bulk Creamery, per lb 25c
Creamery, 5-lb. Jars, lb 22c
Lard, strictly pure, lb 9c
Honey, pure white clover, per lb 10c and 12½c
Apples, Baldwins, Spies 50c

SHOULDER HAMS, per lb....9¢
SOAP—good washing soap—per box..... $1.85

WAX BEANS, SPINACH, GREEN BEANS, NEW BEETS, GREEN PEAS, NEW TURNIPS, CAULIFLOW'R, PARSLEY, CELERY, MINT,
Everything in the Market in Fresh Fruits and Vegetables at Rock-bottom Prices.

STRAWBERRIES—per box...10¢ (Ripe and Sweet.)
PREPARED MUSTARD—another shipment of that J. & S. Prepared Mustard, in pint and quart Mason jars—Be sure to get some tomorrow at..... 10¢ and 15¢
MACARONI—per lb..... 6¢
TEA—a fancy Jap, worth 50c—tomorrow, per lb..... 30¢
COLUMBIA CATSUP — regular 25c size, per bottle..... 20¢
MATCHES—reg. 5c size..... 4¢
SALERATUS—10c pkg for.... 5¢
TOILET PAPER—reg. 5c size. 3¢
ORANGES—sweet, juicy, navels—per doz..... 15¢ AND UP

SHIPPING ORDERS
Promptly attended to. Terms—One-fourth of estimated value with order, balance when goods are received. We GUARANTEE to save you money on every order sent us.

MEAT SPECIALS!

Swift's Premium Hams 14c
Swift's Winchester " 12½c
Swift's Premium Bacon 18c
Swift's Premium Round Steak 12½c
Swift's Premium Boiling Beef . . . 4c
Pot Roasts 10c, 8c
Pork Loins 10c

T. W. McAuley & Co.

Bridgeman & Russell Building.
Zenith phone 666—Duluth phone 662.

Peter-Paul give a curious sensation of strangeness and novelty to the scene.

But you look a mile up the river, and instead of gilt minarets and cupolas you see a little forest of tall, straight, ugly factory chimney stacks belching dense black smoke. This juxtaposition and contrast of the Orient and Occident confronts you whichever way you turn. Along the Nevsky you come upon a row of hand-some steel frame, stone faced shops, so light and so lofty that you almost fancy you are in New York. And ten yards further there is a shop built of wood, the entrance to which is down a short flight of awkward steps, and you almost wonder whether you are not back in the eighteenth century. The front of one shop is nearly all plate glass; the front of the next is covered with colored paintings of the goods on sale for the information of the large proportion of people who are unable to read. Here you see a ten and bread-and-butter shop, all marble and gilt and electric light, and across the way is a dim bazaar, where priceless goods and the tawdriest rubbish are to be found in little recesses that serve as stores, where the proprietors, and where the smallest bargain is not struck without much haggling and gesticulating.

In one street you are as far west as Broadway, and around the corner you are as far east as Damascus. People dine at a restaurant with walls of inlaid marble, where, with great pomp and circumstance, they catch you your selected fish alive from the glass tank in which it swims, serve it on a silver dish and charge prices that would make the Carlton envious; then the same people go out into the street and haggle for five copeks in the price of a sledge fare.

DEATHS.

CHARS—Mrs. Mary Chars, of 4726 West Sixth street, died this morning at St. Mary's hospital of tuberculosis. The body will be shipped to Michigamme, Mich., for burial.

THORS—Mrs. Martin Thors, of 4726 West Sixth street, died at St. Mary's hospital, at 5:20 a. m. today, after a long illness. Mrs. Thors leaves a husband, who will accompany the remains, tomorrow, to Michigamme, Mich., decedent's old home, where the interment will take place.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED — FURNISHED HOUSE OR flat in the East End, for man and wife. Address B 60, Herald.

enced agents to call on trade. Enquire encedagents to call on trade. Enquire at 200 Alworth building.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND-HAND lumber wagon cheap. 15 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH conveniences. 705 West Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, family of two. Best wages. Apply 15 East Superior street. Ask for Mrs. O'Leary.

D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery, 15 E. Superior St.

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention Both 'Phones 199.

Celery, Lettuce, Radishes, Onions, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Asparagus, Egg Plant. NEW Squash, Turnips, Beets, Carrots, Spinach, Green Peppers, Parsley, Mint, Green Peas, Wax Beans, Spanish Onions, Sweet Potatoes, Rhubarb, Etc. Strawberries that are good.

Oranges, per dozen 15c
2 dozen for 25c
Apples, good cooking apples, per peck 35c
Per bushel 95c
Radishes, 3 bunches 10c
Honey in the comb, 2 for 25c
Pure Lard, 3 lbs 25c
Sugar Cured Ham, per lb 12c
Butter, a direct shipment of fresh Dairy Butter in 5 lb. jars, each 90c
Butter, creamery, per lb 22c
Cheese, Wisconsin full cream, per lb 10c
Brick Cheese, per lb 10c
Sour Pickles, per gallon 25c
Sweet Pickles, per quart 15c
Sweet Pickles, per gallon 50c

Rice, special for Saturday and all next week—
Broken Rice, per lb 4c
28 lbs $1.00
A good Jap Rice, per lb 5c
25c lbs $1.00
A choice Carolina Head Rice per lb 7c
15 lbs $1.00
These are good values.

Get our prices on Gallon Goods in dozen lots. We can save you money.
Gallon Can Plums, each 35c
Maple Syrup, per gallon 50c
Crackers by the box, per lb 6c
10 lb. boxes Imported Figs, each 75c
Tea, a good tea, 3 lbs $1.00
Macaroni, per lb 7c
Mince Meat in bulk, per lb 7c
Soap, 12 bars for 25c
Catsup, per gallon 40c
Table Sauce, per gallon 75c
Navy Beans, 10 lbs 35c
Ask to see our Fancy Prunes at, per lb 6c

DO YOU

Take Your Milk and Cream in Bottles?

If you don't you'd better try it once and you will never want your milk brought into your house in old dirty cans again. The bottles not only keep the milk perfectly clean, but are convenient receptacles for the milk and cream while in the house.

PRIMUS BUTTER

Churned every day, even in the winter.

EGGS are getting cheaper now and are strictly fresh.

The BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.
Both 'Phones, 352.
16 West First Street,
13 East Superior Street.

A. ANDERSON

Wishes to announce to his friends and the public generally that he has opened an—

Independent Meat Market

at 411 East Fourth St.

A carload of fine steers just arrived.

A few Prices for Saturday.

Round Steak, per lb 11c
Choice Rib Roast 10 and 12½c
Pot Roast 8 and 10c
Veal Leg 9c
Veal Front 7c
Try some of our home made Pork Sausage, only 10c

Rathbun's

29 E. Superior St. Phone 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

SATURDAY SPECIALTIES

In Which Absolute Purity Is Made the Leading Feature.

DAKOTA TABLE BUTTER—fresh shipment—per lb— 25 cents.
DRUMMOND'S HONEY-CURED HAMS—sweet and delicious—per lb— 12½ cents
DRUMMOND'S SUGAR-CURED BACON—per lb— 13 cents
FRESH SHIPMENT OF KOSHER SAUSAGES.
LOUISIANA STRAWBERRIES fresh express shipment at the RIGHT PRICES.
EGGS—strictly new-laid—per doz 19 cents.
CHEESE—Herkimer County full cream, rich and tasty, a lb 16 cents.
COFFEE—Success Brand—Java and Mocha—is the best value in the city—3-lb can—85 cents.
JERSEY SWEET POTATOES—six pounds for—25 cents.
FINNAN HADDIE—The Ideal breakfast dish—a lb 10 cents.

NAVEL ORANGES—sweet, juicy
Small size, 25 for 25¢
Med. size, per doz 25¢
Large size, per doz 35¢
Florida Oranges and Grape Fruit.

SCOTCH PASTRY GOODS—made by an expert baker—
Abernathy Biscuits, doz 15¢
Scotch Short Bread, a cake 15¢
Scotch Fruit Cakes, doz 25¢
Scotch Mutton Pies, each 6¢
Sweet Milk Scones, a doz 15¢
French Buns, per doz 15¢
Scotch Gingerbread, doz 15¢
PURE LARD—leaf rendered, a lb 9 cents.
LAUNDRY SOAP—10 bars— 25 cents.
VEGETABLES—3 cans for— 25 cents.
CORN, PEAS, TOMATOES—2 cans Superlative brand for— 25 cents.

SUNDRIES.
Cocoanut—2 lbs for 25¢
Rutabagas—per peck 20¢
Carrots—per peck 30¢
Leaf Lettuce, 3 buches 10¢
Green Onions—3 bunches 10¢
Radish, 3 bunches for 10¢
Codfish—2-lb bricks 15¢
Pieplant—per lb 5¢
Ripe Tomatoes—2 lbs for 25¢

Every Delicacy the Market Affords In Green Vegetables at Popular Prices.

RATHBUN'S 29 East Superior St.

$8 $8 No extra charge for PAINLESS EXTRACTING.
Gold crowns (22k) $7.00
Gold Fillings up from $1.50
Porcelain Crowns $5.00
Alloy Fillings, up from 75c
We have the largest dental practice in Duluth because we give you the best and guarantee our work.
JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists, Zenith 'phone 168. Bell 'phone 1389-M.
Mesaba Block—409 West Superior Street.

VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best quality wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

TAFFY 8c a lb.

SMITH & MARKUS
110 W. Superior St.
TOMO'ROW

J. A. GROCHOWSKI

Dealer in
MEATS
104 West Fourth Street.

Armour's Gold Band Hams, per lb 14c
Armour's No. 1 Hams, per lb 13c
Armour's No. 1 Bacon, per lb 15c
Swift's Premium Ham, per lb 13c
Swift's Premium Bacon, per lb 17c
Best Roast Beef, per lb— 10c, 12½, 15c
Rump Roast Beef, per lb 12½c
Pot Roast, per lb 8c to 10c
Sirloin, per lb 15c
Porterhouse, per lb 18c
Pork Loins, per lb 11c
Lamb Stew, per lb 5c and 8c
Home-Made Jellies, per glass 10c
Mrs. Lee's Banner Coffee, per lb 25c
Just as good as any 40c coffee on the market.

GASSER'S MARKET

Always the Best, Always the cheapest.

Pork Loins, whole, per lb 11c
Pork Shoulders, per lb 8c
Spare Ribs, 3-lbs for 25c
Hams, per lb 13c
Pot Roast, per lb 8-10c
Round Steak, per lb 12½c
Boiling Beef, per lb 5c
Milk Lamb, hindquarter $1.25
Milk Lamb, forequarter 75c
Lamb Stew, lb 5c
Dry Salt Pork, lb 10c
Hamburg Steak, lb 10c
Bologna, 3 lbs for 25c
Liver Sausage, 3 lbs for 25c
Poultry in Abundance.

Secure the best obtainable results from your BREADMAKING—
Avoid all complaints of poor bread. Insist upon having
COMMANDER
Flour from your grocer.
Mfd. by GREGORY, COOK & COMPANY, DULUTH.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

With November blasts blowing and early winter snow flying, one on the outside could little imagine the beauty of the scene in the dancing hall of the Spalding, where the annual charity ball of the Progress club was being held. In a charity function it is hard for one to reconcile cause and effect. Charity brings to mind thoughts of poverty and the lack of the necessities of life, but in the brilliance of the ball, with its bright lights, gay music and beautiful gowns, the other picture will not remain real. The affair last evening was the second annual charity ball of the club and was a delightful affair.

The Ladies' Aid society of Temple Emanuel will receive the proceeds for their charitable work. No attempt at elaborate decoration was made, but a few graceful palms were placed at the lower end of the hall, where punch was served. La Brosse played a delightful program of music, and the floor was crowded at no time so that dancing was uncomfortable. The floor committee consisted of Messrs. D. G. Loewns, M. Freimuth, L. S. Levy, S. Y. Josephs, M. W. Rosenberger. Among those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames:

G. W. Waite,	B. Silberstein,
J. H. Satler,	V. Kohn,
C. Polinski,	Harrington,
David Casnir,	J. Abrahamson,
A. Gingold,	M. Hirschfield,
L. Polinski,	L. S. Loeb,
L. Neuman,	I. Freimuth,
M. Rastriner,	P. H. Levy,
H. Josephs,	W. Glomberg,
G. A. Klein,	K. Marcus,
M. S. Cook,	Q. Oreck.
M. S. Levy,	
Mesdames:	
J. M. Gidding,	Bondy.
Beresford,	
Misses:	
Irene Silberstein,	Clara Shapiro of
Elsie Silberstein,	Eveleth.
C. Mondschine,	Esther Levy,
Rosalie Rocklin,	Estelle Levy,
Ben Casnir,	Abrahamson,
Helgerin,	Metter.
May Levy,	Karon, of Superior.
Irvine,	Edith Karon, of
Krojanker,	Superior,
Cook,	LeRoy,
Cook,	Gidding,
Satler.	
Messrs:	
Gittelson,	Hirsch,
Josephs,	Guelette,
Irvine,	J. Cook,
E. Helperin,	M. Rosendahl,
M. Klein,	H. Kohn,
Zaik,	Lynott,
L. Freimuth,	Carroll,
M. Freimuth.	Boyle,
S. Levy,	Antribus,
H. Levy,	Ginder,
D. Loewus,	Rosenberger.

The Saturday Club.

The last regular meeting of the Saturday club will be devoted to the history of Holland from 1647 to the present time, with Mrs. Henry S. Ely as leader. The following is the program for the day:

"Golden Age of Frederick Henry".. Mrs. Downs.
"Political Changes from 1647"..... Mrs. Lectra.
"Queen Wilhelmina" ..... Miss Abbott.
"Universities and General Education"..... Mrs. Denfeld.
"Colonial Acquisition" ..... Mrs. Waugh.
"Dutch and Quaker Colonies in America" ..... Mrs. Paddack.
"Our Past Relations With Holland and What She Has Done For Us" ..... General discussion.

"News from Countries" will be the subject for current events, with Mrs. H. S. Paddack as leader.

IN HOME'S INTEREST.

Concert of Michigan College of Mines Glee Club.

With the coming of the Houghton School of Mines Glee and Mandolin clubs this evening to the Lyceum interest is renewed in the object for which the club is brought here, to aid in the furnishing of the new Children's home. The fine new building on the corner of Fifteenth avenue East and Fifth street designed for the permanent location of the home is fast nearing completion. It has been built by the people of the city and is one of the public institutions of which they may well feel proud.

The building is planned for the best care with the least work for the large family of children that will occupy it. The rooms are admirably arranged for their purpose and are to be furnished with plain substantial furniture. Provision will be made in the dormtories for sixty-four children and in the night nurseries there will be beds for half as many infants. The complete outfit that is planned for one child was shown in the window of Panton & White company's store for some days and attracted no little attention. This outfit costs twenty-five dollars and as there are sixty-four to be provided for that department alone it means that a good deal of money must still be raised.

A great part of the furniture has been provided for and still there is much needed. The reception room, the night nursery, the day nursery, the two sick wards, the matron's rooms have been completely furnished by individuals or societies. The committee upon the furnishing of the home consists of Mrs. J. H. Crowley, Mrs. John G. Williams and Mrs. T. F. Cole.

In bringing the Glee and Mandolin clubs here for the entertainment the board has secured a sort of entertainment that appeals to very many people, and this particular organization is spoken of very highly. In spite of the fact that many other things are going on this evening there will doubtless be a large number at the Lyceum.

SACRED CONCERT.

Annual Event of High School Musical Society.

The annual sacred concert given by the Musical society of the high school will be held this evening at the Assembly hall of the school. This concert is always looked forward to with a great deal of interest.

As usual the most of the program will be given by the chorus under A. F. M. Custance's direction and here is heard some of the best chorus work that is done in the city. The soloists will be Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward, Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd, H. G. Gearhart and J. R. Martin. Two of Mr. Custance's new compositions will be sung this evening for the first time in Duluth.

The program is as follows:

Chorus—"Praise the Lord, O My Soul" ..... R. Smart
Chorus.
Tenor solo—"Remember Now Thy Creator" ..... Custance
J. R. Martin.
Chorus—"By Babylon's Wave". Gounod
Chorus.
'Cello solo—"Largo" ..... Handel
Mrs. Geist-Erd.
Anthem—"The Story of the Cross" ..... Custance
Chorus.
Solo—"Hear Ye, O Israel" .... D. Buck
Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward.
Anthem—"There is a Blessed Home" ..... J. C. Marks
Chorus.
Quartet—"Light at the Twilight Hour" ..... Custance
Mrs. Custance, Mrs. Holcomb, W. Clelland, C. Applehagen.
Solo—"The Prophetic Song" ..... Horatio Parker
H. G. Gearhart.
Anthem—"Blessed Be the God and Father" ..... S. S. Wesley
Chorus.
Festival—"Te Deum" in F.....Shucy
Choir of St. Paul's church.
Chorus—"Ring Out, Wild Bells" .. Gounod
Chorus.

A. F. M. Custance Director.

A GOLDEN WEDDING.

Celebration For Judge and Mrs. W. C. Williston.

Red Wing, Minn., April 15.—One of the largest and most brilliant social affairs ever held in this city was the golden wedding anniversary celebration of Judge and Mrs. W. C. Williston at the Masonic hall. Several hundred guests were present, some coming from Chicago, Cleveland, Minneapolis, St. Paul and other places. Receiving were representatives of three generations, the bride and bridegroom of fifty years, their daughters, Mrs. J. H. Rich, of this city, and Mrs. L. G. Phelps, of Chicago, and their grandchildren, Miss Dorothea Rich and Miss Frances Phelps.

Assisting in receiving were Mrs. W. C. Krise, Mrs. H. A. Willard, Mrs. C. A. Betcher, Mrs. Edwin Foot and Miss Anna Wilkinson. The floral decorations were magnificent. The tables in the dining room were gorgeously decorated with banks of daffodils and ferns.

Judge Williston was born in Cheroth, S. C., June 22, 1830. As a young man he moved to Geauga county, Ohio, and in 1855 was admitted to the bar. There he met the young woman who became his wife. Coming West in 1857, they reached Red Wing on June 1. Mr. Williston served in the civil war with honor, being commissioned captain of Company G, Seventh infantry, Minnesota volunteers.

Returning from the war, he resumed his law business in this city. In 1873 and 1874 he served as representative in the legislature and in 1876 and 1877 as senator. He was city attorney, a member of the board of corrections and charities, and held other positions of trust and honor, winning the full confidence of the people. On Feb. 1, 1901, he was appointed judge of the district court to succeed Judge Murdock, and has been re-elected each time since.

WEDDING AT BIWABIK.

Miss Pearl Vaughn and Aron I. Nettleblad.

Biwabik, Minn., April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stearns was the scene of a very pretty wedding Tuesday evening, when Pearl Magdalene Vaughn became the wife of Aaron I. Nettleblad, of Duluth, Rev. Marsh, of Eveleth, performing the ceremony. The bride and groom, with Mr. and Mrs. Stearns as attendants, marched in to the strains of the "Lohengrin" wedding march, played by Miss Lottie Stultz, and stood in an arch of cedar with horseshoe hanging from the center for good luck. The bride was becomingly gowned in dove-colored crepe de chine, trimmed with white embroidered chiffon, and carried bride's roses. The bride's going-away gown was navy blue cheviot.

The house was beautifully decorated with cut flowers and potted plants. A dainty lunch was served to thirty of the bride's intimate friends, Mrs. Kenney and Miss Trevena assisting Mrs. Stearns in serving. Each guest was presented with a bouquet of English violets and lilies of the valley, tied with white ribbon, by the bride. The bride leaves Biwabik with her many friends wishing her every happiness and success. Mr. Nettleblad is a popular young business man of Duluth.

Events of Interest.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. J. Q. A. Crosby and Mrs. N. A. Clark entertained at a beautiful card reception at Mrs. Crosby's home, 2608 East Superior street. The rooms were beautifully decorated in American beauties, Easter lilies and the early spring flowers. The score cards also bore daintily painted flowers. Six-handed euchre was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. J. B. Richards, Mrs. Fred Kugler and Mrs. William Craig.

• • •

The annual meeting of the Guild of St. Luke's Episcopal church was held yesterday afternoon and the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. E. G. Swanstrom; vice president, Mrs. F. E. Adams; secretary, Mrs. G. F. Ayers, and treasurer, Mrs. F. C. Marshall. The reports of the retiring officers were given.

• • •

This evening the Junior Assembly will entertain at its second dancing party of the season at the Temple dancing hall. The club consists of about thirty of the younger society men, and their last dance was a most enjoyable affair, and those that are to be their guests this evening are looking forward to a delightful evening.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. A. A. Warfield and son, of Benidji, are visiting her mother, Mrs. E. R. Jefferson, of Second avenue west.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. McNiernay, who have ben the guests of Miss Murray, of 1532 East First street, left last evening on their return to their home at San Francisco. Mrs. McNiernay is well known in Duluth as Miss Springer, who often visited here.

A. T. Ellsworth and daughter, Miss Vivienne, of 704 West Second street, have returned from a trip to Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville. They were away for two weeks.

New York, N. Y.
April 12, 1904.

To the Evening Herald, Duluth:

Will you please say in your Friday night's Herald that I have made some very advantageous purchases of Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Coats of cloth--in plain colors and mixtures--of all taffeta--in black, blue, brown and champagne. Also some very beautiful models in fancy effects of mohair and Brilliantine in plain colors--black, navy, brown and champagne. Also some fancy effects in the pin stripes and checks in the prevailing shades.

These styles are absolutely exclusively confined to us and will not be shown by any other house at the Head of the Lakes. Designed and made by the best makers in the land.

On account of the quiet market in New York--brought about by unseasonable weather throughout the country, I was able to pick up many lines at much below their regular prices--have shipped them on by express.

AMONG THE LINES SHIPPED OUT BY EXPRESS ARE MANY STYLES ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR SMALL WOMEN AND MISSES. Have also shipped on some Girls' Coats 8 to 14--in many styles and in a variety of cloths.

We have no hesitancy in saying that the values offered have never been equaled in Duluth for first class merchandise.

J M Gidding & Co
WOMENS OUTFITTERS

EXTRA VALUES IN..... **CHINA SILK WAISTS**

We place on special sale tomorrow an elegant and complete line of the season's newest styles of China Silk Waists.

For $2.75 A beautiful white China Silk Waist, handsomely trimmed, worth regular $4.00.

For $3.25 A Waist that cannot be bought elsewhere for less than $5.00.

Included in this sale will be a handsome line of $10 and $12 Silk Waists for **$6.00, $7.00 and $8.00**

Handsome Tailored Suits

Stunning styles in all the favorite materials, that appeal to those desiring "something different." A splendid lot of Skirts at

$4 and $5

will be shown for the first time tomorrow.

Trimmed Hats at $4

Prominent among our new spring creations are our Trimmed Hats at $4 and $5. They are made in the very newest shapes; trimmed with the best materials, according to correct fashion decrees for the new season. Fully equal in appearance and value to many hats sold at $8, $9 and $10. A special lot for tomorrow's sale, including several styles never before shown at **$3.50, $4,$5**

The Largest Assortment of Tailored and Ready-to-wear Hats in the City.

GRAY'S SPECIALTY STORE FOR WOMEN, **20 W. Superior St.**

A PREMIUM PLACED

On Self-Reliance In These Modern Strenuous Times.

Methods of Larger Concerns In Picking College Graduates.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 15.—"Does a college education pay?" is a question of the deepest concern both to business men and college students in these days of strenuous competition. Does a young man improve himself by a college course to warrant the investment of four of the best years of his life?

The University of Michigan, supported as it is by the taxpayers of the state, has always stood for practical education. Even the literary department, with its course in higher commercial education, insurance, forestry, etc., offers a technical, "bread and butter" training for the student.

In spite of the university's practical course, many of its graduates are far from being suited for practical work. For example, the engineering department, which is enjoying such a boom these days, and which is probably the most practical school in the country, is largely theoretical in its instruction. Whether a graduate of the engineering department is able or not to step into a good position, depends largely upon himself.

The engineering department of the university is continually receiving letters from large outside concerns, asking the faculty to recommend graduates of the department. The demand for capable engineering graduates is larger than the supply.

In view of the present discussion of the value of a college training for business men, it is interesting to note the methods by which the larger concerns of the country pick college graduates for employment. A graduate of last year's engineering class recently applied for a position in a $15,000,000 construction company. In reply he received a very courteous letter containing the question blank to be filled out.

Some of these questions were "warm members." For example:

1. Are you married or expecting to be soon?
2. What is your age, weight, height, complexion, nationality?
3. How is your health, past and present?
4. What are your habits, tastes, ideals, ambitions?
5. What is your disposition and temper?
6. What has been your practical experience in engineering work?
7. What has been your practical experience with machinery, tools, or implements?
8. Have you had experience in any kind of manual work? Have you a trade, and if so, what?
9. What experience have you had in supervision or "bossing?"
10. Why did you take a college course?
11. What is your father's occupation?
12. Have you ever worked for wages? Doing what?
13. What have you contributed toward the expense of your education?
14. Do you want work or opportunity; i. e., have you debts or obligations to meet for which you must sacrifice the future for the present, or are you in a position to begin at the bottom, and receive promotion as you gain experience and find your work?
15. If convenient, enclose unmounted photograph, and with an essay equivalent to one typewritten page upon one of the following: "Assistant vs. Principal;" "The Art of Self-Advancement;" "Obedience vs. Initiative as a Basis for Compensation." "The Art of Executive as a Basis of Valuation," "Egotism," "Vanity vs. Self-reliance, a Factor of Success," "Tabulation and Graphic Expressions in Practical Life."

In commenting upon these questions, the letter read: "Some of the subjects may strike you as decidedly personal, even as being none of our business; but you must remember that beginners almost invariably represent an investment—sometimes a long-time investment, sometimes a bad one. We have no use, as some concerns have, for beginners as cheap labor. We take on a few each year, try to secure only the best, and then feel a personal disappointment in failure. Applications are confidential. So far as you can prevent it, let no mock modesty, on the one hand, nor egotistical vanity, on the other hand, enter into what should be a plain, manly statement of your candid opinions."

This method of choosing college graduates is not peculiar to this company. Concerns all over the country are adopting the system for their protection. When the applicant for a job has finished answering the above question blank, he feels uncomfortably like an open book; but his prospective employers know their man.

Judging from these searching questions employers are putting a premium of self-reliance nowadays. The student who puts himself through college will usually stand a better chance of employment than the youth who is entirely dependent upon "papa's checks" for his income.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Former Bottineau Postmaster Finishes His Term In Jail.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Charles F. Lucht, who was a postmaster in Bottineau county, was released from custody in Devils Lake after serving a term in jail on the conviction of embezzling government funds. He was also fined, but took the pauper's oath.

Judge Steele of Minneapolis will not prosecute the forgery cases against C. F. Merry, the Dickinson insurance promoter in jail in Moorhead. Merry is rejoicing over the fact. He is still in jail on the charge of soliciting insurance and collecting premiums for a company not authorized to do business in Minnesota.

The Red river is rising a little as a result of the big snow. The water went up more than a foot yesterday. There had been absolutely no fear of a flood prior to the last snow storm and there may be none yet.

J. A. Davis fell fifteen feet and landed across a radiator. His arm was broken.

Grand Forks—Judge J. M. Cochrane of the supreme court has signed an order for a writ of mandamus, directed against Judge Lauder and Judge Glaspell, requiring them to appear before the full court at Bismarck, April 26, and there show cause why they should not dispose of the case of the state against George E. Moody, sheriff of Richland county.

Attorney General Frich started an action against Sheriff Moody several weeks ago to remove him from office on the grounds of misconduct and malfeasance in office.

The case was set for a hearing before Judge Lauder at Wahpeton, Tuesday, and Judge Glaspell of Jamestown was called in to try it. Judge Glaspell held that the district court did not have jurisdiction to remove an official in a civil action. Edward Engerud of Fargo appeared for the state, and upon the ruling of Judge Glaspell applied to Judge Cochrane for an order for a writ of mandamus.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—After testimony had commenced Judge Carland granted a motion asking for the dismissal of the case of Katie S. Bowen vs. the Illinois Central on the ground that the railroad was not liable because the man acting as its agent shot and killed another person.

Mrs. Bowen sought to recover damages of $20,000 because her husband, Frank Bowen, was shot and killed in February of last year by Henry A. Steagald, who was then agent for the railroad company at Benclare. It is said an appeal will be taken.

Arthur Black Horse, an Indian, pleaded guilty to introducing liquor in the Rosebud reservation, and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary and fined $100.

John Metcalf pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with horse stealing on the Rosebud reservation and was sentenced to imprisonment in the Lawrence county jail for thirty days.

William P. Hays, indicted on a charge of robbing the officers' dwelling of Fort Meade, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to a term of three months.

Canton—An insane Indian who escaped from the asylum in this city is reported to have been found at Hartford. He was recently brought here from the Sisseton reservation.

Pierre—Articles of incorporation have been filed for the National Farmers' exchange, with South Dakota headquarters at Pierre and offices in Chicago, and a capital of $50,000,000.

Capts. Hewland and Sands thoroughly inspected the state arsenal, the main object being to find in what shape the different companies are for duty in case it should be necessary to call them out. Capt. Howland was much pleased with the boys of Troop B, and said he wished that the regular service could secure such a class of men.

State Superintendent Nash has prepared and sent out a pamphlet on the benefits of Arbor day, which contains the outline of a program.

Duluth Dancing Academy
Axa Bldg., 221-223 West Superior St.

Prof. Ourat will open a spring term for adult beginners, Tuesday, April 19th. Class will meet Tuesdays and Fridays thereafter.

VICTIMS IDENTIFIED.

Navy Department Places Two of Missouri's Dead.

Washington, April 15.—The following announcement was made today at the navy department:

"The B. J. Mulligan, victim of the Missouri disaster named in the dispatch of April 13, whose name could not be found on the records of the bureau, has been identified as John Joseph Mulligan, landsman, of Providence, R. I.

"The W. J. Bogard named in the dispatch, whose name could not be found on the records, has been identified as William Joseph Bongard, of Brooklyn, N. Y. This man was blown overboard and the body has not been recovered."

ODD DECREE

Obtained From Court By North Carolina Girl.

Raleigh, N. C., April 15.—Miss Nancy Johnston, daughter of Brig. Gen. R. B. Johnston, of the Confederate army, whose fiance died shortly before they were to be married, has secured a court decree allowing her to call herself Mrs. J. E. Avery, her fiance's name.

ROADS REORGANIZE.

Southern Pacific Companies Hold Annual Meetings.

San Francisco, April 15.—A number of the railroads controlled by the Southern Pacific company of Kentucky have held their annual meetings in this city and reorganized for the year. The Central Pacific Railroad company, which is rapidly winding up its affairs, elected officers and directors.

The Central Pacific Railway company, of Salt Lake, re-elected a new board of directors in Salt Lake, and will, it is expected, re-elect its old board of officers.

The Southern Pacific Railroad company elected officers and directors.

A. K. Vandeventer was appointed assistant treasurer and W. Alexander Miller assistant secretary, both with headquarters in New York city.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures big colds, too, down to the very verge of consumption.

REMEMBER

that Saturday is the big "want" day. Get your little "ads" in early. This is a Herald advertisement. You are reading it. See? One cent a word each insertion.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

GEO. H. CROSBY OFFERS FINE **BARGAINS** IN **LAKESIDE HOUSES.**

$4500 buys 160x140 lot on upper side of London road. Eight room house and all modern. Terms reasonable.

$2350 takes beautiful home on Oneida street. Terms very easy.

$2400 takes house on Grand avenue and large lots. Terms easy.

$3150 for beautiful home on upper side London road. Half cash. Modern home.

BUILDING LOTS.

From $50 to $1600. Some very fine ones, 50x140, for $350 to $900.

$850 buys the finest double corner on upper side McCulloch St.

$1650 and Forty-fourth Ave. East. buys 160x400, lower side of London road, near Forty-second avenue East.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg.,
Fire insurance in strongest companies.

Store Room For Rent.

Best location in the city. Basement in Columbus block under Gidding's store. Two fronts, Superior and Michigan streets.

A few desirable offices are still vacant. Both hot and cold water and elevator service furnished. Inquire at store or W. M. Prindle & Co.

$7500 —Will buy house, with city water and sewer, lot 75x140 feet. 424 West Second street.

$5500 —For house, 22 West Fifth street—lot 100x140 feet.

$12,000 —131 East Second St., modern house and barn, 125 feet front on Second street.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First National Bank Building.

FOR RENT.

Offices in Manhattan building. Also a large store on Michigan street. Will remodel to suit tenant.

WHITNEY WALL, Palladio bldg

$1500 Takes new six-room house on Sixth street, near Seventh avenue east.

$2300 Takes two houses and lot on Sixth street, near Fifth avenue east.

$1800 Takes fine lot on East First near Twenty-first avenue east.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

$3200 for a 9-room house—all modern improvements. Centrally located—easy terms.

H. A. WING & CO.
210 Palladio Building.

LITTLE & NOLTE DULUTH, MINN. **BONDS and LOANS**

A SNAP

$2500 Beautiful, well-located lot in Endion Division, 50x140, with nine-room dwelling thereon. Must be sold at once.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

$550 Buys a cottage on Duluth Heights, $50 cash, $10 monthly.
$1600 Buys nine-room house, right down town. A snap.
$3000 buys seven-room house, water and sewer on East Third street.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans,
300 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 338.

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

New Building. Modern in every particular. 210-212 W. Superior St. **COOK'S European Hotel** R. J. Cook, Manager.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$550 50-foot lot on Fourth street, near Seventh avenue West.
$725 Beautiful five-room cottage in good condition; one-quarter cash —Duluth Heights.
$850 Six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; two full lots; monthly payments.
$1200 100-foot corner, Eighth avenue West and Fourth street. Best bargain in the city.

We have a lot on Piedmont avenue West. Will build a house to suit purchaser and sell on monthly payments. Look this up.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY — Able-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED ITALIAN laborers for section work for Montana and Washington. Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A FIRST-class trouser maker. M. L. Parker.

WANTED—SALESMAN TO CALL ON doctors; silt edge proposition. Jordan, 406 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — ONE OR TWO COAT-makers, at once. Janzig, Hunter block.

COMPETENT MEN AND BOYS MAY be secured gratis through employment dept. Y. M. C. A., for office, store or other work; reliable information on file regarding applicants. Zenith 'phone 70.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers in every state and county; new patent; quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

WANTED—COMPETENT MAN TAILOR for our ladies' tailoring dept. Freimuth's.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COAT MAKERS steady work. Meis.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

POSITION WANTED AS ASSISTANT bookkeeper, office clerk or collector; can furnish best of references. Address J. J., Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WANT CAMP TO watch where there is good ground to plant potatoes. Address N 56, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man, as collecter on salary or commission. Can give security. Address B 56, Herald office.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, WORK of any kind around the house. N 43, Herald.

MARRIED MAN, WITH A SMALL family, would like job watching camp for summer. Best references. W 96, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WISHES POSITION AS stenographer. Thoroughly competent and can furnish best of references. Will leave city. J 69, Herald.

WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN WORK of any kind in the city. K 67, Herald.

COMPETENT MALE STENOGRAPHER, one years' experience, 22 years old, high school graduate, also assistant bookkeeper, wants position at once. L 36, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELLING salesman, experienced and references. E 88, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE AS CHEF COOK IN hotel or cafe, in country town; strictly sober and business. No. 111 West Second street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE CARE OF boarding or lodging house in or out of town. Address 115 South Fifty-eighth avenue south, West Duluth.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG woman in first-class place as dining-room girl or chamber work; experienced. Miss Byrnlee Van Cleve, 401 East Fourth street, City.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK BY the day. Washing, ironing or any kind of housework. Call at old St. Luke's hospital. Upstairs.

WOMAN WANTS DAY WORK, WASHing and cleaning. S 16, Herald.

EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT lady stenographer desires position. Address B 55, Herald.

WANTED BY EXPERIENCED LADY, positon as stenographer. Address W 95, Herald.

WANTED — CARPETS TO BEAT AND storm windows to take off, etc. E 90, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK OF ANY kind by the day; good references. Address M 67, Herald.

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF PLAIN sewing, shirt waists, underclothes and children's clothing. Call 220 West Fourth street, upstairs.

WOMAN WANTS A PLACE TO WORK by the day, washing, ironing, scrubbing or cleaning. Address J 38, Herald office.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—LARGE BARN, $1 PER month. Inquire 327 East Fourth street.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St

ASSAYER.

E. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 707 Palladio.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, 2813 West Third street. Leader of orchestra. Zenith 'phone 695.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Two lots on East Superior street, the very best location, one on the upper side and one on the lower.

Five-room house in West Duluth as good as new for **$500.**

One of the best houses in West Duluth, centrally located, for **$1500**—house cost $2000 to build; also a barn on the lot.

One 6-room house and one 8-room house in West Duluth **$1050** each.

Corner Twenty-eighth avenue west and Superior street—a bargain for **$2100.**

Ten lots on Twenty-third avenue west practically at your own price.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Providence Building.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED.

First-class dressmaker, for a new store; one who can do reliable fittings. Good salary to the right one; steady employment. Address W, 90, Herald.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS KITCHEN girl. 30 West Second street.

WANTED — STRONG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Mrs. P. F. Knowlton, 616 East Sixth street.

WANTED — WOMAN TO DO JANITOR work by the week. Inquire W. H. Longstreet, Lyceum theater.

PLACES FOR GIRLS FREE—THIRTY girls for private family cooks, second girls, nurse girls, waitresses and laundry girls and girls for general housework. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED — DININGROOM GIRL — 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in housekeeping. 205 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — AT ONCE — COMPETENT cook; good wages. Apply Mrs. John Panton, 1532 East First street.

WANTED—A SCRUB GIRL AT ST. Louis hotel.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid. Mrs. D. H. Costello, 5 Adams flats.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1423 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1109 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK. APply Mrs. L. S. Loeb, 1123 East Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD CASHIER and dining room girl for restaurant. Address W 91, Herald.

WANTED—AT 10 WEST SECOND street, first-class second girl and an experienced good cook. None other need apply.

WANTED—DISHWASHER, 629 WEST Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Highest wages to good girl. 1428 East First street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 507 West Second street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and girls, for general housework can always find reliable places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. Siebold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 226 East Third street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at Herald office between 12 and 2 o'clock.

COOKS, DINING-ROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL—2031 JEFFERson street. Call afternoons.

ATTENTION, LADIES! EARN $20 PER 100 writing short letters from copy. Address stamped envelope for particulars. Albion Specialty Co., Albion, Mich.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883. Old 'phone 1385-M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $100. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Brokers, 413½ W. Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick, confidential. Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith, 751.

MONEY TO LOAN — ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. Phone 510; residence 'phone 6088. J. N. Wilson.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

FOR SALE — 500 WAGONS OF ALL kinds, at L. Hammel Co.'s, 300-308 East First street.

FOR SALE—LEATHER TOP RUBBER-tired buggy for sale cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio bldg.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS SHOE shelving. Call Fifth Avenue Clothing store.

FOR SALE—THIS IS YOUR CHANCE—Closing out all framed and sheet pictures at cost at Temple Art store. 211 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—SIDEBOARD, HALL TREE and steel range, ice box. 232 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EXTENSION TABLE, ART Garland heater, oak china cupboard, No. 8 cooking stove with water front, at 1314 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE OR RENT, IN THE CITY—Horses, Red Cliff Lumber company, barn, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE—FOUR COUNTERS, ONE gas range and square top piano at a bargain. 1722 West Superior street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THREE NICE lots and one five-room cottage, furnished, bay side, Minnesota avenue Park Point, cheap. Inquire of D. D. McInnis, 506 Palladio.

FOR SALE — NO. 3 PORTABLE HUBbard oven and counters 207 West Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP — BRAND NEW wagon. Inquire 520 West First street.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freehing, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue West, city.

PIANO CASED ORGAN, $90, WORTH $125; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—TWO BUGGIES AND ONE light wagon. 412 West Third street.

HANDSOME WALNUT FINISH UPright piano, $165; almost new; sweet tone; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett

FOR SALE — PRACTICALLY NEW steel range, with pipe and water connections, complete, at less than wholesale price. Enquire 122 Twelfth avenue east.

MEDICAL BATTERIES, $4 TO $80—CALL up 4617 and I will show you sample. F. B. Jordan.

FOR SALE—SIDEBOARD, HALL TREE and ice box. 232 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE LIGHT DRIVing horse for sale or trade, with or without harness and buggy; store shelving, wall case and counters; if taken at once. Zenith phone 570-C.

FOR SALE—ONLY NEWSPAPER AND job plant in town of 2000 inhabitants. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. W. 16, Herald.

FOR SALE—A GOOD SEVEN-ROOM house, lot 50x159 feet, only five blocks from the high school. For further information address "H. P. B.," Box 4, Underwood, Minn.

FOR SALE CHEAP—CONFECTIONERY and stationery store, centrally located. Address X. A., care The Herald.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, STORE FIXtures, show cases, etc. Hub Clothing company.

FOR SALE—SMALL COOK STOVE—529 East Third street.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS ARrived today, April 7. Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm.

WALNUT ORGAN, $10; $4 CASH AND $2 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—$750—TWO LOTS ON SEVenth street near Tenth avenue east, with five-room house somewhat out of repair. E. D. Field Co., 204 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR ROOM. Purchaser can also secure room. 319 Lowell block.

LARGE OAK UPRIGHT PIANO, $185, almost new; rented for six months; fine tone and action. French & Bassett.

$1650 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE, SUITable for two families. Center of city. 217 Pittsburg avenue. first street above Fifth street, $550 for lot twenty-five feet, on Jefferson street. $360 for lot on Minnesota avenue. J. W. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—GOOD KITCHEN RANGE—10 West Second street.

USED UPRIGHT PIANO, $95; GOOD condition; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

LARGE WALNUT ORGAN, $20; $5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — $110 COLBY UPRIGHT piano, fine condition. 15 East Superior street. Room 4, upstairs.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

JUST RECEIVED — A CARLOAD OF general purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE on Seventeenth street, Park Point, cheap. Inquire W. N. Tucker, 212 West Michigan street.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Minorcas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone, 1107. 421 East Second street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT. 222 South Seventieth avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOMS AND board for gentleman and two sons, aged 13 and 17. East End preferred. Address U 59, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, INSTRUCTOR IN state normal school, desires board and room in private family. Address F. H., Evening Herald.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1707-S West Michigan St. New phone, 318; old, 705-S.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED — PARTNER FOR HALF INterest in an Edison moving picture machine and stereopticon outfit, with the latest slides of the Russo-Japanese war, all complete, ready to take from express office, costing $250. A good money-making outfit. Address E. W., Box 433, Hibbing, Minn.

FURNITURE AND LONG LEASE 14-room flat and storerooms, all filled. Address or call 1322 West Superior street.

WANTED—PARTY WITH $2,000.00 TO take half interest in a nice, clean, established business and to act as manager and treasurer. Address P. O. Box 573, Duluth.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK. 124 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON. Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT gives readings daily to ladies and gentlemen. 1813 Eleventh street, Superior, Wis. Hours, 10 to 12 and 3 to 9. Zenith, 4250.

PERSONAL.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN, AGE 30, DEsires correspondence with lady of education and refinement. Box 45, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

THOMAS F. McCARTIN'S RELATIVES in Carthage, N. Y., would like to hear from you.

MIDDLE-AGED WIDOW WOULD marry a good-looking man. Quite good housekeeper. Only refined men of means need answer. E 75, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—THIS MORNING—POCKETBOOK containing $20 bill, some silver and small change, between depot and Lyceum. Reward if left at Herald office.

FOUND — TWO GENTS' BICYCLES. Owner can have same at P. S. Johnson's shoe shop, 508 North Fifty-fifth avenue west, by identifying and paying for this advertisement.

MOVING.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., local agents, Minneapolis, or call on the Duluth Van & Storage Co.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

BRADLEY, MODISTE,

HAS RETURNED FROM THE FASHion centers, and is prepared to do high-class dressmaking. Investigate our club plan. Phoenix block.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

FURNITURE HOSPITAL.

J. UNDERWOOD, UPHOLSTERER AND chair caner. 327 East Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT. TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE.

AND MASSEUR WILL GIVE MASSAGE at your home. Mrs. Thompson, care of room 16, Phoenix block.

CONFINEMENT CASES AND GENERal nursing solicited by experienced, professional nurse. Ladies desiring massage treated at their homes. 724 East Third street.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

STORAGE.

SLEIGHS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, etc. Call on Duluth Van & Storage Co.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 919 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

OLD CLOTHES.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR MEN'S OLD clothes. A. Winer, 11 North Fifth avenue west. Zenith 'phone 1248.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND office partitions. J 30, Herald.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — 9-ROOM HOUSE. Inquire Silberstein & Bondy's store.

FOR RENT—MODERN 6-ROOM HOUSE, $26. 607 West Third street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—All modern conveniences. Centrally located. Inquire 8 Phoenix block.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED house. Enquire Ray T. Lewis, 202 Lonsdale.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED COTTAGE seven rooms, Park Point, for summer or year. W. L. Jackson, 502 Burrows' bldg.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE COTtage on Park Point, suitable for winter and summer; partly furnished. Enquire of J. A. Sutton, 102 West Michigan St.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED PLEASANT six-room house, well located in East End. Address U 58, Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES on Park Point for the summer. Unfurnished cottage for the summer. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 802.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month, 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN AL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS. CALL at 226 West Third street.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms with barn, $4 per month. 14 South Sixty-first avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR lady or couple, 18 Tenth avenue east. Call mornings and evenings.

FOR RENT NICELY FURNISHED room for gentleman only, with bath and gas. 103 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, 624 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ONE NEWLY FURnished room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Modern conveniences. 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT—PARTLY FURNISHED three-room ground floor, modern, for light housekeeping. M. C., Herald.

FOR RENT—NICE FRONT ROOM—713 West Third street.

FOR RENT, REASONABLE—ONE FURnished and one unfurnished room. 427 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS—16 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT FRONT room, for gentleman only. 510 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. LADY preferred. 601 West Third street. Upstairs.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — CHEAP — ONE OR TWO large rooms on second floor for storage purposes. Address J 56, Herald.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, FURnished for housekeeping, cheap; West End. Address J 55, Herald.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of 'phone. M 100, Herald.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

FOR RENT — THREE AND FOUR rooms; new brick flats; water and light. 204-208 St. Croix avenue, John Holleran.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, WATER sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—MODERN FRONT ROOM and alcove, for light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM, light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front room. All modern conveniences. 307 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 126 E. FIRST ST.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — 4-ROOM FLAT. 302 WEST Fourth street, $16.

FOR RENT — MODERN FLAT OF four rooms, partly furnished, $20. 1412 Jefferson street. Zenith phone 1462.

FOR RENT — CENTRALLY LOCATED 6-room flat; modern conveniences. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM FLAT IN WEST End; modern conveniences. Water furnished. $13 per month. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM FLAT, FIRST floor. Porcelain tub and gas. Possession May 1. Call at 811 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Chas. A. Stark, Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS— FOUR ROOMS, $13; $14, $15. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — THE FINE BRICK storeroom, 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent Bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

STORE ROOM, NO. 130 WEST MICHIgan street, suitable for commission or jobbing. 7000 square feet of floor space. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SMALL SPACE IN STORE, 3 West Superior street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICE LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD AT the Ralston.

TABLE BOARD—123 WEST SECOND ST.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 211 West Second street.

TABLE BOARD—10 WEST SECOND ST.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

BOARD AND ROOM, 231 W. Second St.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TO RENT — A 15-ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished. Possession desired in the fall. O 91, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 669; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, mgr., 623 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

UPHOLSTERING.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th st. Zenith phone 1249-C. Old, 741-R.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1904. Work—Third degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evening of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 25th, 1904. Work—First degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, April 20, at 8 p. m. Work—M. M. P. M. and Royal Arch degree. Joseph D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18 K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave April 19, at 7:30 p. m. Work—Drill. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall inscribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Muevold, financier, 2113½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Ehlke, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First," and "Second" Tuesday, April 19. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday in every month at Kalamazoo hall. F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday, at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 411, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2309 West Helm St.; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 East Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President, Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Johie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 15th. Good time is assured. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 20.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8:00 o'clock. GEO. L. HARGRAVES, Archon; L. F. MURRAY, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

24 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

STARTLING BUT UNCONFIRMED RUMORS OF FURTHER DISASTER HEARD AT ST. PETERSBURG

Late Report Says Big Battleship Sevastopol Has Been Lost.

Togo Tells Tokio He Mined Harbor and Enticed the Russians Out.

Ceaseless Bombardment of Port Arthur Friday Fails of Results.

St. Petersburg, April 16, 7:02 p. m.—A report has gained wide currency here that the battleship Sevastopol at Port Arthur has been lost, but at this hour the Associated Press is authoritatively informed the government has received no advices intimating that such a disaster has occurred. On the contrary, the latest account received here was to the effect that the Sevastopol was unharmed.

Tokio, April 16, 9:30 p. m.—Admiral Togo reports that in the attack on Port Arthur on Tuesday night the Japanese sunk mines at midnight and at 5 in the morning drew the Russian ships out fifteen miles from the port. The Petropavlovsk struck a Japanese mine and was sunk.

Port Arthur, April 16.—At 6 o'clock yesterday morning, a small Japanese squadron appeared on the horizon and soon drew off, but at about 10 o'clock a hostile fleet, numbering twenty-three vessels, were again sighted. They formed in two divisions, one taking up a position behind Cape Liao Tung shelling the shore and the Tiger peninsula, while the other bombarded the Golden Hill and other batteries from a point opposite the roadstead. The fire was continued intermittently until 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The Russian ships replied with an indirect fire and made good practice, one shot damaging a Japanese cruiser. According to some reports, two Japanese ships were injured. There was no damage done to the forts or the town. Some Chinese were killed and a few Chinese and Russians were wounded.

LONDON RUMOR

Of Russians Trapping and Killing Many Japs.

London, April 16.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Standard sends a rumor to the effect that Vice Admiral Togo's fleet escorted a Japanese landing of troops to the westward of the Yalu river. When 12,000 men had been landed, the Russian troops, which were lying concealed, suddenly attacked them, driving them back to the ships with heavy losses in men and guns.

GRAND DUKE VLADIMIR

Believes Petropavlovsk Was Sunk By Submarine Boat.

Paris, April 16.—The Matin's St. Petersburg correspondent sends an interview which he had with the Grand Duke Vladimir, in which, after giving the details of a telegram from Grand Duke Cyril, Vladimir said:

"Here we all believe that the catastrophe to the Petropavlovsk was caused by a Japanese submarine vessel. It must have been a submarine that discharged a torpedo which, striking the battleship near the engine room, caused an explosion of the boilers. We knew that the Japanese had two submarine vessels, but we could not imagine that they would be mad enough to send such little boats so far from the fleet, or that they would even risk them at the entrance of Port Arthur harbor. The submarine which effected the destruction of the battleship must certainly have sunk."

Asked whether any other theory was possible, the grand duke replied: "The coincidence that the Petropavlovsk and the Pobieda were struck simultaneously seems to confirme the submarine theory, but it is not impossible that the mines laid down by the Russians or by the Japanese during their last attack drifted to the entrance of the port, owing to the strong current."

In conclusion, the grand duke said: "Grand Duke Cyril himself sent the grand duchess a reassuring telegram this morning."

JAPANESE SPIES

Arrested on the Line of Manchurian Railroad.

Harbin, Manchuria, April 16.—Two Japanese officers of the general staff have arrived here under strict escort, having been arrested by the railroad guard eighteen miles from this place. They were dressed as Thibetan Lamas. In attempting to escape they forsook their tents, in which were found sixty pounds of high explosives, a fuse, a string of keys to unscrew railroad nuts, etc. They evidently intended to blow up the bridge over the Nonni river near Fulladi. The prisoners displayed great coolness, confessing that it was their intention to destroy the bridge.

AGAIN BOMBARDS.

Togo Follows Up His Advantage at Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—That Vice Admiral Togo has not given up hope of further damaging the Russian ships now that there is little possibility of their again going to sea, is shown by his bombardment of Port Arthur yesterday. Unquestionably Togo is aware of the effect of his previous bombardment, and the fact that he has repeated it indicates to the officers here that he believes there is a good chance of a projectile hitting a target. In order to drop a shell into the harbor or city a high angle fire is necessary. This is the reason the Japanese squadrons took up a position at Liao Tishan. Other bombardments were from the same point, which at the time did not seem to be within the range of the Russian batteries. It is not known whether the new guns which have been installed at Port Arthur command this point, but it is certain that Togo's ships escaped without material damage. The abandonment of Vice Admiral Makaroff's policy of taking the fleet to the outer roads to return the Japanese fire is shown in the report of Viceroy Alexieff that his ships fired over the hills.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—A telegram from Admiral Alexieff from Port Arthur to the emperor says that from 9:15 o'clock yesterday morning to midday the Japanese fleet in two divisions bombarded the fortress and the town alternately from the Liao Tishan promontory, firing 185 projectiles.

The Russian squadron, including the battleship Pobieda, replied from the anchorage by full salvoes of fire. The batteries also participated. The losses on land were seven Chinese killed and five soldiers and three Chinese wounded. The Russian warships sustained no damage and there was no loss of life on them.

TORPEDO BOAT BATTLE.

Six Japanese Craft Surrounded the Russian Boats.

London, April 16.—A dispatch to the Central News from Port Arthur, dated yesterday, gives the following account of the mid-week fighting:

"Late Wednesday night eight torpedo boats put to sea to scout. At about 5:30 the next morning, when the flotilla was returning, two boats, the Strashni and the Smyeli, were overhauled by the ships of the enemy, which had been cruising in the neighborhood, but out of range of the guns of the fortress. The Strashni and the Smyeli were attacked by six Japanese torpedo boats, which were covered by four cruisers and two battleships. During the firing a Japanese shell struck the torpedo room of the Strashni. There was a severe explosion and the boat was completely wrecked. The other torpedo boats turned back and the Strashni, and the armored cruiser Bayan also came to help the Russian torpedo boats. The Japanese fire was concentrated on the Bayan, which picked up five of the Strashni's crew and then covered the withdrawal of the rest of the flotilla, which reached the harbor safely. On the arrival of the flotilla Vice Admiral Makaroff left the harbor with the battleships Petropavlovsk, Poltava and Pobieda and the protected cruisers Askold, Diana and Novik, and attacked the Japanese fleet. The latter began to retire, whereupon the Russian battleships returned towards the harbor. On their way back the explosion occurred on board the Petropavlovsk, which sank in two minutes. Seventy-five members of her crew were picked up, but the rest, about 525 men, perished. Verestochagin, the painter, who was on board the Petropavlovsk, perished. This afternoon the bodies recovered after the explosion were interred."

St. Petersburg, April 16.—An official correction has been issued, according to which it was the torpedo boat destroyer Strashni, and not the Bezstrashni, which became separated from the rest of the fleet in the early morning of Wednesday last and was sunk by the Japanese torpedo boat destroyers.

WITHOUT RESULTS

Was the Bombardment of Port Arthur on Thursday.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—No further details have been received of yesterday's bombardment of Port Arthur, except that it was practically without results so far as injury to the ships or fortifications is concerned. The loss of life was insignificant.

The mystery of the sinking of the battleship Petropavlovsk has not been cleared up. That she touched a mine placed by Japanese torpedo boats during the night is not officially admitted, but there is a growing disposition in unofficial quarters to accept this as possibly being the true explanation. That the mine was laid by a ruse of the Japanese is generally believed, although some speculation is indulged in which may almost be described as fantastic. For example, the possibility of the introduction of an infernal machine into the coal bunkers is advanced as an explanation of the explosion, which undoubtedly occurred on board the battleship. The only thing affirmed with absolute certainty is that it was not a Japanese shell, as no fighting was in progress. All the papers scout the theory of the destruction of the Petropavlovsk having been caused by a submarine boat, except the Novoe Vremya, which indignantly rejects the idea that Vice Admiral Makaroff committed suicide by being blown up by one of his own mines, contending that both the Petropavlovsk and Pobieda were struck by torpedoes fired from submarine boats, affirming its conviction that the two new Japanese cruisers, which appeared with the fleet for the first time on this occasion, brought with them a couple of English or American submarine boats, and hinting that they might have been manned by British sailors.

There is considerable criticism at the meagerness of the official dispatches, some of the papers strongly appealing to the emperor for full, complete information, saying the empire and people are ready to make sacrifices, and are strong enough to accept any news, even the worst, adding that the emperor's subjects desire something more than a repetition of Gen. Souvorouf's famous telegram, sent during the Turco-Russian war, reading:

"Ismaila lies at the feet of your majesty."

The Novosti complains especially at the absence of newspaper telegrams from the numerous correspondents at the front, arguing that it will weaken popular interest in the war, resulting in cutting down the stream of contributions to the war fund.

REJECTED BY THE MEN.

New York, April 16.—A proposition by the interurban rapid transit lessee of the Manhattan Elevated lines, to found a pension system for its employes has been rejected by the men.

BLIND PIGS RAIDED

St. Paul Midway District Gets a Severe Shaking Up.

Raids Were Planned By a Committee of Citizens.

St. Paul, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—A raid upon the blind pigs in the Midway district by six deputy sheriffs, assisted by a committee of citizens, resulted in the arrest of six persons and the confiscation of two dray loads of liquor. The persons arrested were as follows: John Seymour, 1931 West University avenue; A. Alton, Park hotel, 2225 West University avenue; C. A. Monchow, 1956 West University avenue; Matt Yowey, 2119 West University avenue; Charles Faughan, 2162 West University avenue; Mary De Franchy, 1932 West University avenue.

The place of Thomas Warburton, Snelling and University, was raided, but Warburton escaped. The liquors were seized.

The raid was planned by a committee of citizens consisting of D. W. Doty, David Morgan, F. W. Russell, A. O. Robertson, Rev. John Frickberg, Charles Cramm, Frank Moore, H. A. Campbell and Professor George Innis. The warrants were sworn out on complaint of David Morgan after a conference of the committee and County Attorney Thomas R. Kane, and with the approval of Municipal Judge Finehout. The committee spent considerable time previous to the conference visiting the various places and collecting evidence at first hands against the proprietors.

VICEROY ALEXIEFF TAKES COMMAND OF THE RUSSIAN FLEET.

VICEROY ALEXIEFF.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—Viceroy Alexieff took over the command of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur this afternoon and raised his flag on board the battleship Sebastopol.

A. N. CLELAND SUCCEEDS FEE

Appointed General Passenger Agent of the Northern Pacific.

St. Paul, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The announcement was made today that Alexander M. Cleland had been appointed general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific railroad; to succeed Charles S. Fee, who resigned to become passenger traffic manager for the Harriman system. Mr. Cleland had been for three years assistant general passenger agent to Mr. Fee, and his promotion follows the established rule of the Northern Pacific in advancing its worthy employes whenever possible. Mr. Cleland was at one time connected with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul ticket office, in the Union station in Chicago. He succeeded A. L. Craig as assistant general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific when the latter became general passenger agent of the Oregon Short line.

BEDE'S BILL

For Lighthouse Tender Added to Appropriation Bill.

Washington, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The bill which Representative Bede introduced providing for a steam lighthouse tender for service on Lake Superior, to be used by the inspector of the Eleventh district, has been inserted in the sundry civil appropriation bill by the senate as an amendment and agreed to. The amendment appropriates $75,000 for the new vessel and provides that its total cost shall not exceed $140,000.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Gilbert Pederson has been appointed postmaster at Oye, Wadena county, Minn., vice John Olson, resigned.

PANAMA APPOINTMENTS.

Panama, April 16.—The following appointments are announced: Ex-Governor Obaldia, to be minister of Panama at Washington; Senor Pablo Arosemena, to be Panama's minister to Europe, residing at Paris.

EXPLOSION OF OIL

In Texas Refinery Causes Loss of Half a Million.

Top of Agitater Blown One Hundred Feet In Air.

Beaumont, Tex., April 16.—An explosion of No. 5 agitater at the No. 3 refinery of the Gulf Refining company at Port Arthur, Texas, has resulted in an almost total loss by fire of the refinery and a financial loss of nearly $500,000. Three men were injured, one seriously, while fighting flames. The refinery where the higher grades of oil are refined, was destroyed.

The fire is still burning and at no time has it been under control. The efforts of the fire fighters are centered in an heroic attempt to save about 3500 barrels filled with kerosene, which are in grave danger of exploding. When the agitater exploded it blew the top over 100 feet in the air and scattered burning oil over about ten acres of land, buildings and machinery. Instantly the entire area burst into flames, which have been burning steadily ever since. Three 37,000 barrel tanks have blown their tops off and are burning. Flames from them shoot into the air 200 feet. The injured are: Jack Boneless, suffocated, will die; two negroes, hit on head by falling pipes.

The No. 3 refinery of the Gulf Refining company is the largest independent refinery in the world, and the largest of any character in Texas. It is capitalized at $1,000,000.

CHICAGOANS MARRY IN LONDON.

London, April 16.—At St. George's curch, Hanover Square, tis afternoon, John C. King, of Chicago, was married to Bertha, daughter of Henry Dibblee of Chicago. William R. Farquahar was best man. Secretary Henry White, of the United States embassy. Mrs. White and a number of American and English friends were present in the church and afterwards at the breakfast at Claridges. They included Captain and Mrs. James, Mrs. Farquahar and Miss Peck, of Chicago.

FOUR YEARS FOR M'GARRY.

Allegan, Mich., April 16.—Thomas F. McGarry, a prominent attorney convicted of bribing Former City Attorney Lant K. Salsbury and turning over to him the boodle fund in the Lake Michigan water deal, was today sentenced to four years in the state reformatory at Ionia. McGarry's conviction was recently affirmed by the state supreme court. He is the first of the men arrested as a result of the water deal to be sentenced.

FREIGHT WAR ENDED.

New York, April 16.—An agreement has been reached which puts an end to the freight rate war on traffic from New York to St. Louis and Missouri river points. Hereafter it is announced all the parties in interest will work in harmony in maintaining schedules. The agreement brought about through arbitration has been concluded between the Mallory steamship line, the Mobile & Ohio railroad and the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad company.

DESPERATE CONVICT, TRAILED TO THE EARTH, KILLS HIMSELF TO AVOID CERTAIN CAPTURE

Ray Fahey Ends His Life In a Field After Being Severely Wounded.

He Was One of Fourteen Who Broke Jail at Folsom, Cal., Last Summer.

Sheriff Utilized Automobiles and Bicycles In Running Him Down.

New York, April 16.—Ray Fahey, one of the leaders of the Folsom prison outbreak, has killed himself after a desperate battle with a pursuing posse, according to an American special from Hanford, Cal. The battle with the escaped convicts took place in an open field. The pursuit was conducted by Sheriff Buckner, who followed the man in an automobile.

Fahey was one of the fourteen who broke jail at Folstom last July. He is the second of the fugitives to take his own life after finding it impossible to get away. Constable Bernstein of Hanford noticed Fahey at the railway station. He accosted Fahey and attempted to arrest him as a vagrant. Fahey drew a revolver and Bernstein called for help. Meanwhile Fahey fled. A posse, headed by Sheriff Buckner, was hurriedly organized and took after the convict on bicycles and in automobiles.

Two miles from Hanford Fahey was seen in an open field. He turned and fired on the officers, and then the entire posse shot and wounded him in the legs. As he fell the convict put his revolver to his head and fired a shot that caused instant death.

The escape in which Fahey figured was one of the most sensational in the history of California. With thirteen fellow convicts, he forced his way to freedom by killing one of the guards and taking the warden of the prison along as a shield. The militia was called out and for several weeks the hunt was on. Two militiamen were killed. One convict committed suicide and four were captured.

GREAT FLEET OF OIL STEAMERS IS TO PLY THE GREAT LAKES

Chicago, April 16.—The Chronicle says: A fleet of oil steamers with special docking facilities at all important ports on the great lakes and an immense wharf at Whiting, Ind., for the expeditious handling of the oil vessels, are improvements now being placed in service by the Standard Oil company. The purpose is to lessen the shipment of oil by rail and avoid the anti-rebate laws.

Five vessels of the oil fleet already have been constructed and will make their first trip this season. As many more will be ready to be put in service by the opening of next season. These steamers are ingenious structures of steel divided into compartments to prevent injury from the churning of the oil. They were built at a cost of $250,000 each. Each is a great floating oil tank constructed something on the whaleback order and holds more than a whole train of oil cars.

The oil fleet is to apply between Chicago or Whiting, and all the principal great lake ports and will travel even as far as New York. As the steamers are all owned by the Standard Oil company they will reduce to the minimum the cost of transporting oil between Chicago and Eastern points and the company will be nearly independent of the railroads. The oil with which the vessels are to be loaded is pumped from Ohio through pipe lines thus avoiding the freight charges on the raw material for the 200 miles from Lima to Whiting, where is the Standard Oil company's largest plant and the world's largest oil refinery.

The oil steamers are the first ever operated on the great lakes. By the steamer route oil can be carried from Chicago to Buffalo at a cost of about 5 cents a barrel.

TRUSTED EMPLOYE ROBS BANK IN MOST MYSTERIOUS MANNER

New York, April 16.—Reports of a defalcation by an employe of the Chemical National bank, one of the largest financial institutions here, have been cleared up by a statement from Cashier Francis Halpin. It is to the effect that a trusted man whom he names, disappeared ten days ago after faithfully serving the bank for twenty-two years and that investigation of his accounts discloses that there are "out of proof" to the extent of $22,538.97. The missing man was a clerk in the check department.

The case contains some peculiar features, inasmuch as he did not handle any money or securities, but was employed only in the department mentioned. His duties were, with others, to take the checks brought in from the morning's clearances, etc., verify them, and enter them in day books, from which the amounts were entered in the ledgers. Precisely how the abstractions were made is something of a mystery, for the bank officials, while discovering the failure of his books to "prove" by more than $22,000, have been unable to discover any vouchers missing.

The operations extended over a period of several months, and that he was able to conceal them for so long a period is thought remarkable.

The clerk reported ill and was told to go home. A day or two later, his wife says, he went out and failed to return. The loss to the Chemical National is trivial, but the method of the alleged embezzler has caused the officials much trouble, as the checks pass through many hands and collusion among the clerks would, they say, have been out of the question.

PETITION TO REMOVE BRYAN DENIED

New Haven, Conn., April 16.—A decision denying in effect the application for the removal of William J. Bryan as executor of the estate of the late Philo S. Bennett, was rendered today by Judge Cleaveland in the probate court. The application was brought by counsel for Mrs. Grace Imogene Bennett, the widow and other residuary legatees on the ground that Mr. Bryan was acting contrary to the interests of the estate. The decision sustains a demurrer filed by Mr. Bryan's counsel and practically denies the application, as far as the probate court is concerned. The matter will now go to the higher court on appeal.

MARINES SAVE AMERICAN LEGATION AT SEOUL FROM BURNING.

UNITED STATES LEGATION AT SEOUL, KOREA.

During the burning of the imperial palace at Seoul, on Thursday night, the American legation was in great danger. Under the direction of Minister Allen, the American marines formed a bucket brigade and the buildings were saved.

KOREAN EMPEROR IS SAID TO BE NERVOUS

Upset By Destruction of His Palace ---Says Other Palace Is Haunted.

Seoul, Korea, April 16.—The emperor received in audience last evening the members of the diplomatic corps. The emperor had apparently recovered from the shock caused by the burning of the palace and was calm, making inquiries as to the health of the ladies of the legations, etc. His intimates report that he is still nervous, however. Many Koreans believe that the burning of the palace has a political significance, in that it will force the emperor to return to the Kyong Bok palace, in the outskirts of the city, where the queen was assassinated in 1895, and from which the emperor fled to the Russian legation. The emperor, however, refuses to return, claiming that the palace is haunted by the murdered queen. He prefers to remain in the imperial library, in the Kluseiken building, where he took refuge during the fire, until the palace is rebuilt. The electric plant, which was totally destroyed, together with thousands of dollars' worth of instruments and machinery, will be reinstalled.

The heaps of smoldering ruins are being guarded by a cordon of vigilant soldiers, stationed one foot and a half apart, around the palace walls. The superstitious populace is excited and depressed over the fire, regarding it as an evil portent. The fire furnished a wonderful spectacle. The steep mountains about the city were lighted up as though it were day. Hurrying crowds of frantic Koreans and Japanese troops arrived on the scene in double quick time.

There was extreme fear for the American legation for a time. American marines formed a bucket brigade, and United States Minister Allen took extreme precaution to prevent the flames reaching the legation. All the Korean government records and accounts were lost, together with much treasure. The loss is estimated at $3,000,000.

Gen. Harachi, the commissioner of the Japanese forces here, has established a censorate at his headquarters at Seoul, and will also probably establish a similar bureau at Chemulpo, Korea, which is more convenient than Nagasaki, Japan, where dispatches have up to the present been censored.

Keep Clean and Well!

BARGAINS FOR TONIGHT

A 35c Tooth Brush and a 25c Tube of Bensolyptus Tooth Paste for..... **37c**

SOAPS.	Reg. price.	Our price.
Colgate's La France Rose	25c	19c
Colgate's Turkish Bath	10c	doz 60c
Colgate's English Process Elder Flower	10c	3 for 25c
Brown Windsor	10c	3 for 25c
Honey	10c	3 for 25c
Glycerine	10c	3 for 25c
Turtle Oil	10c	3 for 25c
KUGLER'S KLOVER KREAM	25c	17c
4711 French Glycerine	15c	2 for 25c
Munyon's Witch Hazel	35c	20c
Transparent Glycerine (342)	10c	4 for 25c
Olive Transparent Glycerine	25c	19c

TO INTRODUCE the finest and best OLIVE OIL, made by our old citizen, W. B. Nichols, of the Sunset Ranch, of California, we offer:

Pint bottles, regular price 75c, for..... **55c**
Quart bottles, regular price $1.50, for.. **$1.10**

	Reg. price.	Our price.
"Keep Clean" Hair Brush	$1.00	69c
Ideal Hair Brush	$1.00	79c
Ideal Hair Brush	75c	65c

"KLEEN WELL" RUBBER SPONGES.

	Reg. price.	Our price.
"Kleen Well" Rubber Sponges—No. 3	75c	50c
"Kleen Well" Rubber Sponges—No. 4	$1.00	75c
"Kleen Well" Rubber Sponges—No. 5	$1.25	$1.00
"Kleen Well" Rubber Sponges—No. 6	$1.75	$1.35
"Kleen Well" Rubber Sponges—No. 7	$2.50	$2.00

GEORGE B. HURD & CO.'S FINEST STATIONERY IN PROFUSION.

	Reg. price.	Our price.
KUGLER'S EGG SHAMPOO	60c	25c
KUGLER'S KLOVER KREAM	25c	17c
Monique's Hair Tonic for dandruff	50c	37c
Japonica Cream Flesh Food	50c	37c
Witch Hazel Cold Cream	25c	17c
Belladonna and Capsicum Plasters	25c	13c
KUGLER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS	25c	13c
Carbolic Salve	25c	13c
Pain Killer	25c	13c
Noal's Ease 'Em for tired feet	25c	17c
Magic Liniment	50c	37c
Prima Tonic (Malt and Hops)	25c	17c
Fisher's Root Beer Extract	25c	10c
Stewart's Sarsaparilla Comp., best spring tonic	$1.00	59c
Emulsion Cod Liver Oil, for coughs, colds, consumption	$1.00	59c
Dyspepsia Tablets	$1.00	59c
Thymo-Lyptol (better than Listerine) pints	$1.00	59c
Thymo-Lyptol, half pints	50c	31c
Bug-Boug, (for bedbugs, roaches, lice), pints	50c	37c
White's Naphtholium (the greatest disinfectant), pts	50c	37c
Rubber Gloves	$1.25	79c

ICE CREAM SODA.

Our Prescription department is the Best in the Northwest. Our goods are the best and our prices are right.

KUGLER, Your Druggist,

108 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Insane Woman Dies on Her Way to Asylum.

Marquette—Mrs. John Holman, an insane woman, en route for the Newberry asylum in charge of Sheriff Stiles, of Menominee county, dropped dead at the depot here last evening from heart disease.

Menominee—At the regular monthly meeting of the Menominee County Medical association the milk supply of Menominee and Marinette was discussed.

It was claimed that the milk supply of the Twin Cities is contaminated and that the dealers and the buyers alike are responsible for the condition, the former not following sanitary methods and the latter not taking sufficient precautions. The sentiment of the meeting was in favor of the cities appointing a milk inspector.

The largest reunion of old soldiers ever held in the upper peninsula will be held in Menominee in August under the auspices of the Lyon post, G. A. R., of this city.

TWO BROTHERS DROWNED.

Were Bringing Home a Sailboat Just Purchased.

Erie, Pa., April 16.—Roy and Claire Stowe, brothers, aged respectively 20 and 22, and sons of N. J. Stowe, of Moorehead Hill, located eleven miles east of this city, purchased a sailboat yesterday at Northeast and started in it for their home, a distance of five miles. Not arriving at the hour expected, an alarm was given, and the whole neighborhood turned out to search for the men and boat. All night long, during a terrible rain, followed by a heavy snow storm, the beach was patrolled between Moorhead and Northeast. Today the dead bodies of the brothers were washed ashore directly opposite their home.

DEGREE OF HONOR.

Members of Progress lodge No. 6 are requested to meet at Mrs. H. Smith's, No. 2527 West Second street, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our late Sister, Jennie Morton, held at Grace Methodist church at 3 p. m. All Degree of Honor and A. O. U. W. members are invited to join us in paying this last tribute of respect to our departed sister.

MRS. J. S. GROVER, C. of H.
MRS. M. PEER, Recorder.

MURDERER CAUGHT.

Unknown Man Killed One and Wounded Another.

Denver, April 16.—An unknown man shot and killed a man named Schowitz, and seriously wounded Dr. Baughman and another man, near Rollinsville, a station on the Moffat road, west of this city. Dr. Baughman had been called to attend Schowitz, and with several others later started in pursuit of Schowitz's assailant. As they came upon him the fugitive opened fire upon them. He was captured and placed in jail. Schowitz expired before the pursuing party returned. Threats of lynching the murderer are heard.

Spring is here. You want to start the business season right and you will do so if you use The Herald Want Columns. Thousands have tried them and are satisfied with results.

We are at 222 W. Superior St. to stay

Paints and Oils

Varnish Remover.

If you have any piece of furniture that is marred, we can tell you how to make it good as new at very small expense.

Base Ball Goods and Fishing Tackle.

NORTHERN Hardware Co.,

222 W. Superior St.

We are at this location to stay.

DISTRICT SESSION

Methodist Conference at Lester Park Church Next Week.

Opening Sermon By Rev. J. W. Powell—The Full Program.

Next Tuesday and Wednesday the Duluth district conference of the Methodist church will be held at the Lester Park Methodist church. The officers for the district are: Presiding elder, Rev. E. C. Clemans; secretary, Rev. W. E. J. Gratz. Rev. Charles Fox Davis is pastor of the Lester Park church. The following program will be observed in the services for the two days:

TUESDAY.

7:30 p. m.—Devotional service, conducted by Rev. W. E. J. Gratz, Princeton.

8—Sermon by Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., Endion.

WEDNESDAY.

Morning session:

8:30—Devotional service, conducted by Rev. C. H. Blake, Hibbing.

9—Business session.

10—Paper, "Temptations Peculiar to the Ministry," Rev. G. E. Pickard, Two Harbors.

Discussion opened by Rev. R. A. Sanderson, Ely.

11—Address, "The Needs of Duluth District," Rev. E. C. Clemans, presiding elder.

Afternoon session:

1:45—Devotional service, conducted by Rev. E. M. Catheart, Virginia.

2—Paper, "Institutional Methods," Rev. R. J. Taylor, Eveleth.

Discussion opened by Rev. J. A. Geer, Chisholm.

2:45—Paper, "Shall We Abolish the Sunday school or Use It in the Training of the Child?" Rev. E. K. Copper, Oneota.

Discussion opened by Rev. J. W. Robinson, Grace church.

3:30—Paper—"Books That a Preacher Ought to Know," Rev. C. F. Davis, Lester Park.

Discussion opened by Rev. A. B. Calder, Proctorknott.

4:15—Paper—"Some Things the General Conference Ought to Do," Rev. J. C. Hartley, Asbury.

Discussion opened by Rev. Henry Logan, Cloquet.

Evening session:

7:30—Praise service, conducted by Mr. Arthur E. Brown, Lester Park.

8—Platform meeting, Rev. C. F. Davis, Lester Park, presiding. Ten-minute addresses on "Methodism in the Twentieth Century."

"Methodist History," Rev. R. A. Saunderson.

"Methodist Doctrine and Polity." Rev. John W. Powell, Jr.

"Methodism and American Problems," Rev. G. E. Pickard.

"Methodism and World Problems," Rev. E. C. Clemans.

Brief address by Rev. Robert Forbes, D. D.

NOVEL MOTOR TRAIN

May Soon Revolutionize Rural Transportation.

"Steam waggons," with two "g's," please—for the transportation of heavy loads over ordinary roads, have become well established on the other side. There are numerous companies in England that build and own such engines and make a business of contract hauling, says the Brooklyn Eagle. In this country, however, it is a comparatively new proposition. Of course, America has the automobile in every possible shape, and the automobile truck and delivery wagon is a familiar and natural outgrowth of the automobile pleasure vehicle.

It is in the West and South that the "road engine" and the "automobile team" are going to be chiefly valuable, and in the West and South they are already being put to uses undreamed of in the more settled regions of the Eastern and Middle states. The West and South are realizing that in this way loads can be moved which neither horse nor mule can carry, and districts reached where the railway cannot reach, and grades climbed which neither horse nor railway can climb. Thus, ores can be brought from inaccessible mines; lumber from distant logging camps; broken stone and brick, lime, cement and other heavy freight from perhaps distant cities or railroad stations, or even the uncounted acres of a great Western wheat farm plowed, or new land broken and regions that were so inaccessible as to be practically useless can be easily and economically reached.

Probably the most picturesque use to which the automobile train is likely to be put is in establishing a rapid transit system for Death Valley. A Glendale engineering company has been rather specializing on the automobile train idea, and is constructing for a Western company a train which will go into Death Valley and bring out the almost inexhaustible deposits of borax that exist there. Heretofore the crude borax that is mined in Death Valley has been transported 100 miles by mule team to Ivanpah, a small town on the Santa Fe road. The 100 miles lies across the Mojave desert, the most arid, dreary portion of the United States, and quite the hottest. It is practically without water. A few rivulets tumble down from the mountains when the snow melts, but the water is at once lapped up by the thirsty soil. What pools there are are alkali pools, deadly to drink, and with the water at a temperature in summer hot enough to boil eggs. If by chance you don't like your eggs boiled, you can frequently cook them in whatever way your fancy dictates without the use of water, as the summer temperature of Death Valley reaches 130 and 140 degrees in the shade—and there isn't any shade at that.

No one in these regions can remember that there ever was any rain there. There is no vegetation except scattered bunches of greasewood and sagebrush. There is no animal life, even rattlesnakes avoid Death Valley. There is really nothing there that anyone wants but borax—oh, the gold! There is gold-bearing sand in certain portions of of the Mojave desert considered to be worth from $5 to $20 a ton, but heretofore it has been regarded as valueless because of the difficulties of transportation. With rapid transit established it may be found to be well worth the trouble of getting it out. The present methods of transportation involve a 20-mule team in charge of four drivers. It takes them a week to make the trip from the mines to Ivanpah, and they can only bring ten tons at a time, because they have to carry provisions and water for men and mules. The return trip is made almost as heavily loaded because they have to take back provisions and water to the men who live in the desert to work the mines. The heat makes frequent stops necessary, and a trip is rarely made without the loss of one or more mules.

It is expected that the motor train which is now being built will consist of seven cars of fifteen tons capacity each, that is, a train of 105 tons capacity. It is claimed that it can be managed by four men, two engineers and two assistants, or two train crews of two men each, that one may relieve the other when it is exhausted and in need of sleep. So the auto train will do in one day the work of 1200 mules and 240 drivers, and moreover it will do a good deal toward making life for the exiled workmen in Death Valley approximately worth living.

The train will cost about $30,000. The purchasing company has been sufficiently assured of its probable success to build a macadam roadway for it at a cost of $100,000. They expect to save the $100,000 in men and mules within the first year; and to have a system of transportation that will meet their needs as fully as a railway would, which it would cost $800,000 to build.

The train itself presents some unique features—features that have been tried and proved separately, but have never before been tried in combination. The engine is simply a movable power plant. It is equipped with two 3-cylinder 75-horse power gasoline engines, running at the rate of 300 revolutions a minute. The two engines are put in with the double purpose of getting more power while both are running and of being able to make the run at reduced speed should one break down. Nearly all the apparatus having to do with the motive power is duplicated for the same reason, since repairs on the road across the desert would be practically impossible. The engines have a direct connection with a 100-kilowatt dynamo of 220 volts. There is also a steering apparatus and a Westinghouse air brake. The controller, which looks not unlike the controller on the average trolley car, not only regulates speed by putting on or shutting off power, but has connection with brakes on every car in the train. Another thing that is necessary for the desert trip is a cooling apparatus for the water for the jackets in the engines, and for this cooling coils and fans are provided.

Every trailer car is a motor car in itself, utilizing the power made by the engine. The current is transmitted from car to car along a coupling engine. Each car has two motors—for speed, and, as already set forth, to prevent an actual breakdown in case of accident, and each car practically drives itself, the power coming from movable power plant instead of a stationary one. The engine does some pulling, but not enough to transport the whole train. It is in this that the automobile train differs from the traction engine and its train. The trail cars are worked train fashion, but they are drived largely by their own motors. The front wheels are like those of an ordinary wagon, having a coupling tongue and a fifth wheel, which enables them to make sharp turns. Each car weighs 9000 pounds, with a carying capacity of fifteen tons. The yare built entirely of metal on what is known as the side dumping plan, with floors rising to a peak in the middle so that their load can be easily and quickly discharged.

The weight of a loaded train would not be far from 125 tons, and a traction engine powerful enough to drag that weight over the 100-mile desert trip would have to weigh over 60,000 pounds, while the motor engine used on this train weighs only 10,000 pounds. The engines happen to be gasoline engines on this trip because of the difficulty of getting water and the scarcity of fuel. In a region of a different character, where fuel and water were plenty, steam could be used to greater advantage. The cargo which is at present transported at the cost of about 15 cents a ton a mile, will be carried at the rate of about 4 cents a ton a mile.

The company has in its foundry at present an "experimental" train which is shortly to be shipped up to Massey station, Canada, to be used to carry ore from some mines in the region of the gerat lakes. Down in South Carolina is another train that carries phosphate forty miles along the beach before it comes to a road at all. But it is this Death Valley train that people are watching with the greatest interest. If it solves the transportation problem there it will probably solve the same problem anywhere else, for nowhere are the difficulties greater. Contingent on its success, the company has more orders than it can fill in three years.

CHOICE FIRST MORTGAGE

LOANS FOR SALE

VARIOUS AMOUNTS.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO

Lonsdale Building.

CASSATT, GENTLEMAN FARMER.

A. J. Cassatt, the president of the Pennsylvania railroad has a stock farm on the outskirts of Philadelphia, and at a recent dinner of the Philadelphia Clover club a friend of the eminent railroader told this story, which is repeated in Collier's Weekly: "Mr. Cassatt has a fine stock farm, and he runs it on a businesslike basis. Sometimes he makes money out of it. Last year he bought a pig for $27, fed it forty bushels of corn at $1 a bushel, and then sold it for $31.40.

"'I made $4.50 out of that pig,' he said to me the day after the animal was taken away.

"'But,' said I, 'how about the forty bushels of corn at $1 a bushel that you fed him?'

"'Oh,' said Mr. Cassatt, 'I didn't expect to make anything on the corn.'"

Crushed Oats

Mean easy work for a horse with poor teeth. Try it and watch him grow fat. We have it.

East End Feed and Grain Co.

Foot of Third Ave. East.

When You Think of Flour—Think of Buying

COMMANDER FLOUR!

You want the most and best bread possible every time there is baking done—COMMANDER is the flour to buy.

For Sale By All Grocers.

Manufactured by Gregory, Cook & Co., Duluth, Minn.

THE FAIR

PEDERSON BROS. Corner Tower and Broadway

SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN

SALE DAY, TUESDAY, April 19

Remnants and Sample Pieces of Dress Goods.

We still have a fine assortment of fine black and colored suitings, waistings and skirtings in half and three-quarter yard lengths, many of them are alike, enough to make a full suit, skirt or waist—a good opportunity to buy dress goods cheap.

Per piece only **10c**

SAMPLE PIECES OF CARPETS—A small quantity of wool ingrain carpet samples, fine for rugs—they are a yard square, on sale Tuesday for **30c**

ANOTHER LOT of fine Tapestry Carpet pieces—there are not many of them, but they are very good and for rugs they are all right—Tuesday's sale price..... **50c**

LACE CURTAIN CORNERS—A sample line of lace curtains, these are the corners that are shown in selling curtains and are fine for making sash curtains—Tuesday's sale price per piece **25c**

UNDERWEAR—for men, women and children, in medium weight, just the thing for wear now, there are garments in this lot worth up to $1.00—for this closing out sale they will be only..... **25c**

MILLINERY— A most satisfactory opening was our millinery opening, for many ladies were supplied with rich and stylish hats at a very low price, considering the style and quality given. Ladies looking for a right tailor-made hat are asked to look at our stock before buying.

SAMPLES OF BLANKETS—In the soft downy kinds and buttonhole stitched edges, splendid for making fancy bed coverings, many of them alike—per piece..... **3c**

EMBROIDERIES—A lot of white embroideries and edge insertions, the regular price of these is 5c a yard, for this sale on Tuesday, they will be per yard only..... **1c**

BRAIDS AND FANCY TRIMMINGS—In all colors and styles—a great variety of designs and kinds—worth up to 10c a yard, sale price a yard **c1**

GILT BRAIDS AND NOVELTY TRIMMINGS—No trouble to match any dress here in fancy trimmings, and at such low prices—trimmings worth up to 25c a yard, for..... **2c**

WASH GOODS—Our line of fancy cotton wash skirtings and waistings cannot be beat for style, elegance and low prices.

Ginghams .....7c, 10c and 12½c.
Suitings ..... 15c and 25c

See our extra fine line of white mercerized Waistings—per yard.....50c, 35c and **25c**

BLEACHED MUSLIN—36-inch bleached muslin will be on sale Tuesday—7c a yard is the regular price for such muslin—they come in lengths from 3 to 6 yards, and Tuesday they will be—per yard only..... **5c**

REMNANTS OF BLANKETS in soft cotton—these are ends and pieces of blankets and useful for many things—per piece..... **5c**

EIDERDOWN—Black, pink, old rose and green eiderdown for babies' cloaks and ladies' dressing sacques, worth 50c a yd—special low price **25c**

NECKWEAR—for ladies—a lot of fancy turnover collars—also stock and tab collars and four-in-hand ties, your choice on Tuesday for..... **5c**

WAISTS—A table full of fine waists for ladies, this is a grand good lot of stylish waists, many of them worth up to $2.50 each—for Tuesday's sale they will be only..... **$1.25**

WRAPPERS—A lot of Flannelette Wrappers will be on sale Tuesday: they sold during the past season for $1.25 and $1.50 each for this sale—they will be only..... **75c**

POCKET BOOKS—A sample line of pocket books and purses, worth up to 25c each—sale price only..... **5c**

CHATELAIN BAGS AND WRIST BAGS—A manufacturer's sample line of good bags will be on sale Tuesday for each..... **25c**

REMNANTS OF WOOL FLANNELS—in navy blue, gray and red—these are sample pieces of all-wool shirting and skirting flannels, many of them are alike—per piece..... **3c**

TIN AND GRANITEWARE—This department is overflowing with all kinds of kitchen utensils in granite and tinware, from the little much-needed things to the large kinds of flour bins, wash boilers, etc., and best of all the prices are such that our trade in these goods is fine.

BED SPREADS—A lot of very nice spreads will be on sale Tuesday; these are worth from 85c to $1.00 each; for Tuesday's sale they will be only **65c**

REMNANTS OF LACE CURTAINS— A lot of sample pieces and ends of lace curtains, good for making sash curtains, etc., a new lot will be on sale Tuesday for..... **15c**

LINEN DOILIES AND NAPKINS—A sample lot of fringed and plain linen napkins and doilies will be on sale Tuesday; many different kinds and sizes—all one price, each..... **5c**

TURKEY-RED BOOKS—A lot of sample books of turkey red damask and also linen damask, fine for children's napkins and such like, 2 books for **5c**

BELTING—Fancy pleated Satin Belting in black—also black elastic belting, worth up to 25c a yard—sale price Tuesday per yard..... **5c**

BELT BUCKLES—A sample lot of fancy belt buckles, worth up to 20c each, for..... **5c**

LADIES' SKIRTS—A little lot of ladies' walking skirts in Oxford gray and black—this is a very choice line of new walking skirts and worth $3.00 each—sale price on Tuesday..... **$2.00**

CORSETS—Ladies' black, white and gray corsets—worth up to $1.00 each—sale price on Tuesday only..... **35c**

UMBRELLAS—A good time to buy an umbrella is now, for at the head of the lakes we have many spring showers, and a good strong useful thing such as the umbrellas we will show on Tuesday, would be a good thing to own, sale price only **60c**

TAMS AND CAPS—A sample line of fine headgear for the boys and girls—caps in this lot worth up to 75c each—sale price..... **25c**

PILLOW TOPS—A small lot of fancy pillow tops will be on sale Tuesday—they are worth 15c—sale price..... **5c**

PILLOW-TOP BACKS—A lot of misprints in fancy pillow tops—just the thing for backs of pillows sale price only..... **2c**

LACE TIDIES—More of those square lace tidies on sale Tuesday for..... **2c**

INFANTS' COATS—A little lot of infants' fancy embroidered cashmere coats at.....HALF PRICE

Infants' Cashmere Hoods, worth 25c, for.....5c
Infants' Woolen Bootees, worth 25c, for.....10c

WE PAY CAR FARE ONE WAY ON ALL $2.50 PURCHASES. BOTH WAYS ON ALL $5.00 PURCHASES.

REALTY MARKET IS BRIGHTENING

(Continued from page 11.)

for houses is about as great in one section of the city as another. A West End man relates the following incident that well illustrates the present conditions. He says his wife was cleaning house this week and removed the curtains from the front windows for two days. During that interval thirty people called at the front door to inquire if the place would be for rent.

* * *

Bids will be opened at the office of J. J. Wangenstein, at 3 o'clock Monday afternoon, for the new Masonic Temple that will be erected at the southeast corner of Second street and Lake avenue, at a cost of $100,000.

* * *

The Improvement Bulletin says: A member of the board of county commissioners at Duluth recommends the erection of sanitary flats or buildings for the proper accommodation of poor families where ordinary conveniences can be had at nominal rent. The demand is not confined to Duluth, but applies to other sections. It would seem as though the board of health could take action to help matters along. If the buildings now used are so unsanitary, action by the board would cut off the revenue accruing therefrom, and this would doubtless lead to the required improvements. One thing which should not be overlooked is that the proper use of sanitary buildings must be educated into people. Much of the damage occurring to buildings results from abuse arising from ignorance and indifference on the part of tenants.

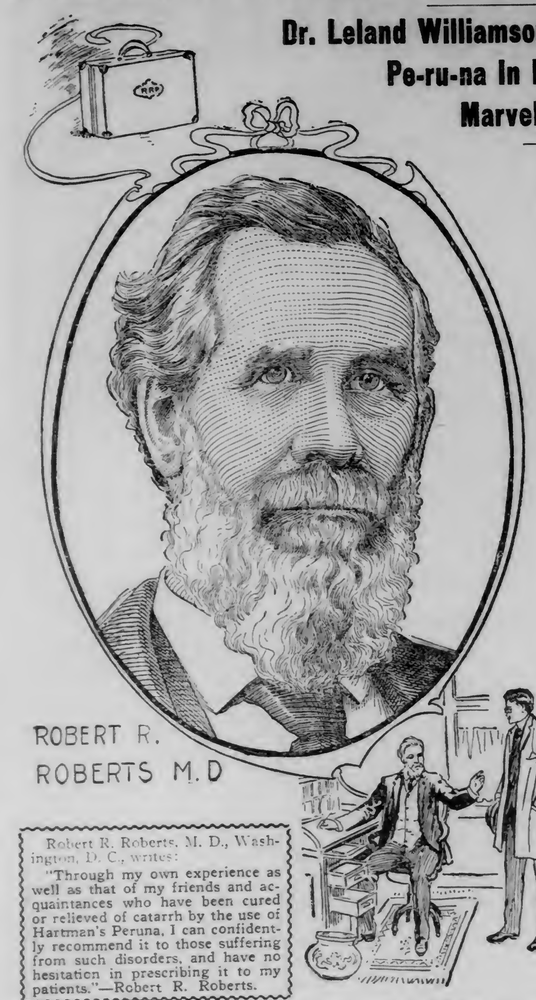
Transfers for the week were as follows:

Matti Matalamaki et ux to John Ketola, northerly 29 feet of southerly 60 feet of lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 72, Virginia	$	500
Joseph Karl to E. M. Fowler et al, lot 4, block 10, Eveleth		1
Charles E. Pigott to Ida Johnson, east 22 feet of lot 1, block 28, Virginia		1
Frederick L. Schoening et ux to George R. Reed, lot 17 and westerly 20 feet of lot 19, block 128, Duluth proper, Third division		1,100
Edward Johnson to J. H. McWhister, lot 39, block 32, Eveleth		1,000
P. G. Hanson et ux to Carl O. Swenson, ne¼ se¼, section 19-52-17		200
Sarah Hanford et ux to David H. Anderson, northerly 35 feet of southerly 70 feet of lots 46 and 48, West Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division		2,400
John O. Johnson to Joseph Belanger, lots 5 and 6, block 38, West Duluth, First division		550
Emma H. S. Mills et mar to John G. Ross, pat of lot 7, block 45, Endion		1,650
Albert H. Kent et al to Louis Nelson, northerly 37½ feet of lot 7, block 22, Endion		1,500
Harry E. Walbank to Fred Heidel, lot 5, block 3, Walbank's Third street re-arrangement		525
J. G. Scarlett to William A. McLaren, lots 4 and 5, block 52, Portland		1,800
William L. Barber et ux to Benjamin Milavetz, lots 26 and 27, block 26, Virginia		1,600
Henry B. Bartholdi to Mary Mueller, lot 4, block 88, Portland division		1,000
Sarah Mosher to Esther M. Hoad, e½ lot 27, block 118, Duluth proper, Second division		1
Security Bank of Minnesota to Arthur E. Hammond, e½ se¼, section 23-51-20		350
Rufus E. Thayer et ux to Stephen W. Jones, southerly 65 feet of lot 1, block 94, Endion division		1,500
Isaac W. Johnson et ux to Charles E. Pigott, east 22 feet of lot 1, block 28, Virginia		299
F. L. Buell to Fitger Brewing Co., lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, block 10, Portland division		7,300
Louis D. Cyr et al to Louisa V. Cyr und. 1-6 of lands in section 25-62-13; und. ⅙ of lands in sections 7 and 8, township 61-14; in section 17-61-14; undiveded 4-18 of lands in section 35-63-13		700
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Joseph Karl, lot 33, block 30, Eveleth		1
Joseph Karl et al to August Perry, same		800
Andrew Sandquist et al to W. J. Murray, lot 10, block 37, Eveleth		500
Same to Gust Johnson, lot 19, block 22, Eveleth		500
Duluth Mining and Investment company to Joseph Karl, lot 4, block 10, Eveleth		125
Mary Delconer to Catherine Sidden, lot 5, block 3, Spalding's addition		1
Northwestern Improvement company to Reese and Duluth Farm Land company, nw¼ ne¼, section 29-49-15		70
Leon E. Lum to F. L. Buell, lots 5 to 11, block 10, Portland division		1
Harford L. Billson to same, same		500
James Fitzgerald to West Duluth Land company, lot 28, block 126, West Duluth, Fifth division		1
Minnesota Saving Fund & Investment company to Alfred Kjellin, lot 2, block 4, Duluth Heights, Fifth division		475
Alfred Kjellin to William Stewart, same		150
A. McPherson et al to Patrick A. Smith, timber on sw¼ sw¼ section 10, nw¼ nw¼ and s½ nw¼, section 15-63-19		1,500
Jul Dahlbock to Christian Dahlbeck, lot 5, block 31, Dodges addition		100
Zenith Cedar company to Charlotte A. Cox, part of lot 66 East Sixth street, Duluth Proper, First division (metes and bounds)		3,000
Frances E. Quayle et al to G. A. Wieland, lot 13 block 3, Highland Park addition		1 600
J. E. Smith et mar to A. J. Gilman, lots 342, 344, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth		314
August Peterson et al to Antony Konoczny, lot 2 of McDougall's sub-division of block 95, Duluth Proper, Second division		2,100
John M. Longvent et al to M. H. Pearce, lot 6, block 11, Hibbing		250
To same, lot 5, block 11, Hibbing		250
Marcia A. Scott to Dennis Hogan, lots 11 and 12, block 53, Biwabik		75
State of Minnesota to Eastern Railway of Minnesota, right-of-way over n½ nw¼ section 8-57-20		34
Elice H. Martin to Elizabeth Martin, east 35 feet of lot 313, Myers' rearrangement of block 127, Duluth Proper, Second division		1
Thomas Martin et al to Alice Martin, same		1
John E. Paulson et ux to Brooks-Scanlon Lumber Co., timber on nw¼, nw¼ ne¼ and nw¼ sw¼, section 9-51-15		4,275
Payal Iron Co. to Mary Sharp, lot 26, block 1, Eveleth		200
Ole Jackson to Asa T. Lyons, southerly 50 feet sw½ of lot 10, East Second street, Duluth Proper, First division		1
Rhoda Bennett et mar to Elizabeth Bennett, lot 1, block 35, Biwabik		1
B. N. Johnson et ux to John E. Paulson, nw¼, nw¼ ne¼ and nw¼ sw¼, section 9-51-15		1,250
Wm. E. Richardson et ux to Chas. H. Merritt, lot 8, re-arrangement of block 15, Highland Park addition		1
N. E. Johnson, admr., to Ole Dahlsten, w½ lot 18, Myers re-arrangement block 70, Duluth Proper, Second division		550
D. E. Case to B. A. Stevenson, lot 1, block 1, Highland Park; lot 7, block 4, New Endion		1
Asa T. Lyons to George R. Nordgren, southerly 50 feet of w½ of lot 10, East Second street, Duluth Proper, First division		600
Bertha A. Stevenson et mar to Delbert E. Case, east 15 feet of northerly 70 feet of lot 6, block 23, Endion		3,200
F. H. Burnett et ux to Jennie E. Smith, lots 342 and 344, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth		800
C. P. Maginnis et ux to W. H. Cook, s½ se¼, section 22-61-18		459
Linas G. Fuller et ux to Frank Shebat; lot 10 and w½ lot 9, block 40, Eveleth		1,200
Joseph Hill et ux to Wm. Despardin, lot 8, block 26, Ely		900
South Side Realty Co. to John Shogren, lots 7 and 8, block 86, Virginia		200
Simon Johnson et ux to Lottie Paulson, part of lots 1 and 2, block 1, F. & C.'s re-arrangement of block 56, Duluth Proper, Third division		1,900
Bertha Moe et mar to Angus C. McDermott, lot 3, block 128, Portland		1,600
Wm. E. Stalnaker et ux to C. H. Merritt, lot 8, re-arrangement of block 15, Highland Park addition,		825
F. L. Buell to Charles Skog, sw¼ se¼ section 1-50-16		460
D. E. Case to B. A. Stevens, lot 7, block 4, New Endion; lot 7, block 1, Highland Park addition		1,800
W. G. Close et ux to Dottie M. Power, lot 4, block 9, Hibbing		6,600
Wm. Horkan et ux to Otto E. Johnson et al, part of lot 3, section 21-51-13, (metes and bounds)		150
Francis O'Meiss et ux to Walla Forsland, lot 5, block 26, Walbank's addition		250
Adella M. Marvin to Anton Moe, lot 14, block 111, Portland divison		700
Ed Edholm et ux to August Kurkala, s½ se¼, section 17-57-18		1,000
Chas. Bochd et ux to Jerry C. Murphy, lot 6, block 35, Eveleth		435
Edward G. Pake to Thomas Doyle, lots 1 and 2, block 32, West Duluth, First divisio		3,500
W. E. Hunt to Chas. Engstrom, lot 26, block 12, Hibbing		150
Morris O'Meara et al to Geo. Daziel, lot 11, block 85, Oneota		102
West Duluth Land Co. to Jas. Fitzgerald, lots 27, 28, block 126, West Duluth, Fifth division		650
Same to same, lot 7, block 159, West Duluth, Fifth division		325

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask D. O'Leary.

PROMINENT PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE PE-RU-NA.

Dr. Leland Williamson, of Arkansas, Has Used Pe-ru-na In His Practice With Marvelous Results.



HE SAYS:
"Pe-ru-na is a Fine Spring Tonic, Is a Good Strengthening Tonic and Blood Purifier."

Dr. Leland Williamson, Yorktown, Ark., writes:

"Having used Peruna both personally and having prescribed it for my patients for many years, I thought it would not be out of place to write you a few lines of my experience with the same.

"I have taken Peruna as a tonic and catarrh remedy, and have used it in my practice **with always the same results, benefit to the patient.** It tones up and strengthens the various organs of the body, heals the catarrhal mucous membranes, and is a benefit to suffering humanity. **It is a fine spring tonic,** and a splendid remedy **to ward off the distressing effects of la grippe,** and a good tonic after pneumonia or malarial fever—in fact, an all-round tonic and builder.

"It is a splendid remedy for **weakly, broken-down women,** and a remedy that should be used by anyone needing a good strengthening tonic and blood purifier.

"I could say much more, but anyone needing such a remedy a trial will convince them of its true merits."—Leland Williamson, M. D.

Robert R. Roberts, M. D., Washington, D. C., writes:

"Through my own experience as well as that of my friends and acquaintances who have been cured or relieved of catarrh by the use of Hartman's Peruna, I can confidently recommend it to those suffering from such disorders, and have no hesitation in prescribing it to my patients."—Robert R. Roberts.

A CONSTANTLY increasing number of physicians prescribe Peruna in their regular practice. It has proven its merits so thoroughly that even the doctors have overcome their prejudice against so-called patent medicines and recommend it to their patients.

Peruna occupies a unique position in medical science. It is the only internal systemic catarrh remedy known to the medical profession today. Catarrh, as every one will admit, is the cause of one-half the diseases which afflict mankind. Catarrh and catarrhal diseases afflict one-half the people of the United States.

Catarrh May Invade Any Organ of the Body.

Catarrh may invade any organ of the body, may destroy any function of the body. It most commonly attacks the head, nose and throat, but thousands upon thousands of cases of catarrh of the lungs, stomach, kidneys, bladder, and other pelvic organs have been cured by Peruna.

Peruna is able to cure catarrh wherever it may be located by its direct action upon the mucous membranes. Catarrh means inflamed mucous membranes. Peruna acts at once to cleanse and invigorate the catarrhal condition of the mucous membrane no matter where it may occur in the body. Its action is the same on the mucous lining of the bowels. It cures the catarrhal inflammation wherever it may occur.

Dr. M. C. Gee's Experience.

Dr. M. C. Gee is one of the physicians who endorse Peruna. In a letter written from 53 Jones street, San Francisco, Cal., he says:

"There is a general objection on the part of the practicing physician to advocate patent medicines. But when any one medicine cures hundreds of people, it demonstrates its own value and does not need the endorsement of the profession.

"Peruna has performed so many wonderful cures in San Francisco that I am convinced that it is a valuable remedy. I have frequently advised its use for women, as I find it insures regular and painless menstruation, cures luecorrhoea and ovarian troubles and builds up the entire system. I also consider it one of the finest catarrh remedies I know of. I heartily endorse your medicine."—M. C. Gee, M. D.

Especially During Warm Weather Do the Symptoms of Female Weakness Make Themselves Apparent.

Women are especially liable to pelvic catarrh, female weakness, as it is commonly called. Especially in the first few weeks of warm weather do the disagreeable symptoms of female weakness make themselves apparent. In crisp, cold weather chronic sufferers with pelvic catarrh do not feel so persistently the debilitating effects of the drain upon the system, but at the approach of summer with its lassitude and tired feelings, the sufferer with pelvic catarrh feels the need of a strengthening tonic.

Peruna is not only the best spring tonic for such cases, but if persisted in will effect a complete cure. Write for a copy of "Health and Beauty," written especially for women by Dr. Hartman. If you want to read of some cases also, write for a copy of "Facts and Faces." That will surely convince you that our claims are valid.

Mrs. E. M. Merald, 128 W. 28th street, Indianapolis, Ind., member of A. D. Streight Circle of the Ladies of the G. A. R., writes:

"I am today enjoying perfect health, thanks to Peruna. For nearly four years I suffered with ovarian troubles. The doctor insisted on an operation as the only chance to get well, but I had always dreaded an operation and strongly objected. My husband felt disheartened as well as I, and when a friendly druggist advised him to bring me a bottle of Peruna he did so, and I started to use it. In a short time my health began to increase. Within eighteen months I was like another being—in splendid health."

We say Peruna cures catarrh. The people say Peruna cures catarrh. Prominent men and women all over the United States from Maine to California, do not hesitate to come out in public print to say that Peruna is what it is recommended to be, an internal, systemic catarrh remedy that cures catarrh wherever it may be located.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

MUSICAL SOCIETY.

Annual Sacred Concert Draws Large Audience.

Music lovers completely filled the large Assembly hall at the High School last evening, the occasion being the annual sacred concert of the High School Musical society. The affair was given under the direction of A. F. M. Custance, and the society was assisted by H. G. Gearhart, J. R. Martin, C. O. Applehagen, William Clelland, Claude H. Hare, Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd, Mrs. A. F. M. Custance, Miss Alice Cooley, Miss Ethelyn Abbott, Miss Cora Hilliard and Mrs. Burt Holcomb.

The program consisted entirely of sacred music, rendered in a manner to delight the appreciative audience. The choruses were particularly good. Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd thrilled her hearers with an exquisite rendition of Handel's "Largo" on the 'cello, to a piano accompaniment by M. E. Oberndorfer, who played in a masterly manner. The soprano solo, "Hear Ye, Israel," as sung by Miss Emily Ellis Woodward, gave much pleasure. All of the individual work was performed with a rare degree of excellence. Mr. Hare and Mr. Clelland sang a duet, "My Faith Looks Up to Thee," in a pleasing manner. Both possess very fine voices, Mr. Hare a baritone and Mr. Clelland a high tenor. The bass solo, "The Prophet Song," as given by H. G. Gearhart, was sung with much feeling.

GRADUATES LOOMING UP.

Two Are Pleasantly Heard From This Week.

It is always very pleasing as well as highly gratifying to hear good news about any of the school's graduates. Victor Rakowsky is now in the city, having completed his course at the Houghton School of Mines in two and a half years. Mr. Rakowsky graduated from the high school with the class of 1901. He has had several very advantageous offers, and expects to leave soon for Baraboo, Wis., where he will take up his work.

The Independent of Elko, Nevada, has the following to say of Henry Davis, who graduated from the school in last year's class. He made a very high record while here, standing fourth in his class, and being one of the five honor pupils:

"A telegram from Dr. Stubbs this afternoon stated that Henry F. D. Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Davis, of Elko, stood first in the competitive examination for the Annapolis cadetship, held last week, with Merl Schillerstrom, of Elko, second. This gives Davis the appointment with Schillerstrom as alternate. Mr. Davis made an excellent record in the examination and won the coveted position with honor. While Mr. Schillerstrom did not do as well, his examination showed that he has pluck and energy, two qualities that are sure to bring success. The Independent congratulates the young men and wishes them the utmost success in their future careers."

School Notes.

The Agassiz club held its regular biweekly meeting yesterday afternoon in the biological laboratory. Mr. Ulrich gave a very interesting and instructive talk on caves and cave animals.

Spelling lessons are being given regularly twice a week, every Tuesday and Thursday morning. New spelling books have been distributed among the pupils. They contain a large number of homonyms, or words which are alike, or nearly alike in sound, but different in meaning. They also contain many words, which, by pronounciation, or by incorrect accent or association, are confounded with one another. In order to properly understand the correct use and pronunciation of these words, a careful study of the dictionary is necessitated.

Quite a "strong" disturbance occurred in room 205 during the fifth period Thursday. One of the chemistry students made a mixture called hydrogen sulphide, and letting it loose in the room during the English recitation, drove the whole class out. Hydrogen sulphide is an exceedingly strong gas, and gives forth an odor that can best be described by comparing it to that of rotten eggs.

It was first planned to give the junior-senior reception Wednesday, June 22, but as the hall of the Spalding cannot be engaged for that date it will likely be given Friday, June 17, which comes a week before the close of school.

DEGREE of HONOR, No. 99

All members of Zenith lodge No. 99, Degree of Honor, A. O. U. W., are requested to meet at the hall of Fidelity lodge, 105, in Kalamazoo building, Sunday, April 17, at 1 p. m. sharp, to attend the funeral of our late Sister, Louise Firoved.

HATTIE EBNER, C. of H.
JULIA ORCHARD, Recorder.

MINNESOTA SOCIETY

Of New York Holds Its Annual Banquet.

New York, April 16.—The annual dinner of the Minnesota society was held last night at Sherry's and the following officers were elected: President, W. R. Merriam; vice presidents, W. H. Clough, T. F. Oaks, George McNair and W. E. Winter; secretary, W. E. Newell.

Capt. Henry A. Castle of St. Paul, one of the speakers, said that Minnesota, Iowa, the Dakotas and Michigan are the states that are rapidly taking the place of the New England states in educating and developing the country. "The Modern Athens will be at Minneapolis," he said, "and the future metropolis of the country at Puget Sound." Others who spoke were A. C. Davis, J. J. Parker, Alvan W. Keck, T. F. Oaks, and Charles A. Moore.

Change of Firm.

Robert H. Haire, successor to Haire & Sandmann, Palladio Block Cigar store. Having purchased all interests of Henry Sandmann in above business, I shall in the future as in the past handle all the popular brands of high grade cigars, tobaccos, pipes and smokers' articles. Trusting to merit a continuance of your valued patronage, I am, yours respectfully,

ROBERT H. HAIRE,
Palladio Block Cigar Store,
403 West Superior street.

Tenders.

Tenders on the new presbytery of the Rev. Oblate Fathers, will be received until Tuesday evening, 19th inst., at their residence, 10 Eleventh avenue west.

Contractors figuring on the new church are requested to call on the architect on Monday, 18th inst., at the same place, as some important alterations have been made.

D. GUILLET, Pastor.

To have and to hold

A Good Match, that won't sputter or lose its head and spot your carpet or bombard your face with sputtering fragments, is now being made on the new machines. It is better—far better—than any match you have ever used—and local dealers have agreed to charge no excess, notwithstanding that one box of these matches will last longer than two boxes of the old quality. Ask for the Doll House Match and pay 5c. **Save your carpets** by using

STANDARD SIZE

DOLL HOUSE
"BEST TEST"
MATCH

UNION MATCH COMPANY, Duluth

LONGEST FLAME

Pay 5 Cents

BOYS MAKE HIT

Bright Young Speakers Develop at Y. M. C. A. Junior Banquet.

Two Hundred Lads Feast and Have Merry Time.

"Women are good. They are either good for something or good for nothing."

Such was the summary of the character of the gentler sex as given by Harold Cant in speaking to the toast to the ladies at the annual banquet of the junior Y. M. C. A. last evening, and it brought to a close a speech which made one of the hits of the evening. The result of his sixteen years of experience was delivered in a manner that would have done credit to his father on the bench, and he kept the audience in a roar of laughter.

From this general axiom he deduced the fact that the ladies present must be good for something since they had prepared such a delightful repast.

His conclusion was seconded by every boy in the room, and their actions here witness to the fact, for seldom did a banquet disappear with such quiet celerity as did the one last evening.

The ladies were mostly mothers and sisters of te boys present, and they thought they knew what an average boy could consume, but they nearly missed their guess. They prepared for 225 boys, and although there were only about 195 present, the ladies in charge of the kitchen had some anxious moments lest they should run short of provisions.

The grand climax to the general good time was reached when Harold, familiarly known as "Casey" Cant developed such unguessed prowess as an after dinner speaker.

The other three boys who spoke also did well, and as Toastmaster Miller said, the older speakers had to look to their laurels.

Ray Fenton spoke to the toast on "Our Gymnasium." "The gymnasium," he said " is the great attraction to a new boy joining the Y. M. C. A. We have a right to be proud of our 'gym.' It is the best in the city, not excepting the one we left on Superior street."

He closed his speech with a short original poem on the gymnasium boy, which was received with enthusiasm by the boys present.

Charles McLennan responded to the toast on "The Boys' Department." "Few of us realize as we sit here that this is one of the seven buildings devoted to the junior work in this country," he said. "It is also the third largest building of this kind in the country, and we should be proud of the progress we have made during the past year. The credit for it is largely due to our secretary Mr. McLeod." This was the signal for three cheers and a tiger for the secretary, ending with the old familiar yell, "He's all right."

Russell McLean responded to the toast on "Our Sunday Meeting" and did it in good shape.

"I have prepared something that I call a sermon," he said in opening, "but you will probably think it one huge joke." His joke was a good one, nevertheless, and he set forth the work accomplished by the Sunday meeting in plain forcible language.

Here are some conclusions arrived at by Dr. Bowden as the result of his visit to the boys' camp last summer, where he had an excellent opportunity to apply his medical knowledge to the study of boys' characteristics. He gave these conclusions in his toast to "Our Summer Camp."

"Boys like porridge for breakfast."

"Scotch boys like two dishes."

"Long boys linger longest at the table."

"Boys like blueberry pie."

"When there is chicken for dinner and the boys have to wait for the second table, they generally get necks and legs."

Dr. Bowden's speech was filled with allusions to events which had happened at the camp, and which outsiders could only guess at, but they kept the boys in a continual roar of laughter.

Oscar Mitchell and John Miller forgot a score or more of their years and entered into the spirit of the occasion as well as the boys themselves.

Secretary Bevis and State Secretary Peck addressed the boys in a more serious vein, but they were listened to no less attentively. They impressed upon the boys the importance of the Y. M. C. A. work, and how it might assist them to the attainment of a manly and successful career.

"If you save a man," said Secretary Bevis, "you save a wreck on the sands of life to render succor to others."

Secretary McLeod was called upon by the toastmaster at the close of the regular program, and he made a brief address thanking the boys for their assistance in the work.

The Y. M. C. A. orchestra rendered several selections during the course of the evening, and C. Warren and Frank Beaupre told some good dialect stories. H. H. Stone also gave some numbers on the musical glasses that were much appreciated.

FINE COLLEGE CLUB.

Michigan School Pleases a Small Audience.

That a night on which many other affairs were taking place was chosen for the appearance of the Michigan College of Mines Glee and Mandolin clubs in this city, was most unfortunate both for the charity which the proceeds of the entertainment were to aid and for those who were forced to miss the treat of listening to one of the best glee clubs that has been here.

A small audience listened to the concert last evening at the Lyceum, but the efforts of the young men were much appreciated. The Glee club appeared in several numbers and every one was greatly enjoyed. The voices blend beautifully and the harmonies in the different selections were clear and fine. The first number, "The Way of the World," by Denza, was particularly good, and "The Sword of Ferrara" was a stirring number. "Nursery Rhymes," by A. F. M. Custance, of this city, was heard with interest by the audience, and the nonsensical verses were well sung. "Emmaleen," by the club, with a tenor solo by Mr. Perrault, was sung with zest and many smiles. The last number, "My Own United States," with a tenor solo by Mr. Furbeck and both clubs, was a fine number. The Glee club appeared also in a medley of college songs that was amusing, and "Trubador's Serenade," by Wagner, and "Love's Old Sweet Song," by Halcomb.

The soloist of the evening was Mr. Pomeroy, who sang "The Indifferent Mariner," by Bullard, in a pleasing baritone voice. Messrs. Furbeck, Perrault, Pomeroy and Van Syke appeared in a quartet number, "Catastrophes," by Parks. An instrumental duet on the mandolin and guitar by Messrs. Douglas and Forbes was good, and Messrs. Downing and Douglas played a banjo duet with a few stunts such as fingering on one instrument and playing on the other.

The Mandolin club appeared in "Assembly March," by Paul Eno; "The Dance of the Skeletons," by Allen; "Starlight Serenade," and "The Pixies," and they were all well played.

Sherlock Holmes' Opinion.

Mr. William Gillette says of Orangeine: "Wonderful. The only certain headache cure with permanently good after effects."

It pays to advertise in The Herald—ask I. Freimuth.

Lives of great men all remind us
We should flood our stores with light,
And departing, leave behind us
Something over which to fight.

BIG FORTUNES BELONG TO THE WELL LIGHTED. LET US HELP YOU TO WINONE.

DuluthGeneral Electric Co.
216 West Superior Street.

AUTOMATIC NUMBERING MACHINES, PROTECTOGRAPHS AND ALL KINDS OF CHECK PUNCHES, TICKET PUNCHES, ETC.

Consolidated Stamp and Printing Company,
323 W. First St., Duluth.

THREE-CORNERED ATHLETIC MEET

Plans For High School Track Events Participated In By Duluth, Ashland and Ironwood Progressing Well—Good Baseball Team But Poor Outlook For Schedule—Musical Society's Sacred Concert.

The plans for the three-cornered track meet between Ironwood, Ashland and Duluth are progresing very favorably. Coach Church has received letters from both Ashland and Ironwood and they express themselves as being very well impressed with the idea.

The only darwback, so far as can be seen at the present time, is that the schools cannot come to any satisfactory agreement on the financial side of the affair. The terms which Ironwood proposed were really unreasonable. They said they would come provided Duluth would pay the expenses of fifteen men, which in view of the fact that the school here would have to take large chances on the weather and of drawing a good crowd, and also considering the condition of the association's treasury, would be impossible. The best plan which has thus far been suggested and the one which seems to be the fairest is that each team pay its own expenses and then divide the gate receipts, giving the visiting teams the larger share, since their expenses are much greater.

It is proposed to hold the meet on or about June first. Ashland seems to be the place preferred for the meet as it lies midway between Duluth and Ironwood, but if this arrangement is impossible it will likely be held at Duluth.

* * *

Even though the plans for the final field day do not materialize, a preliminary inter-class meet will be held at the driving park some time during the latter part of May. There is a strong rivalry between the classes and a very close and interesting contest is certain to result. The men who make the best showing in this will be the ones selected to represent the school in the final meet is arranged.

Coach Church said last week that he thought it would be a good idea for a few of the schools in the northern part of the state to form some kind of a league and have an annual track meet. Track athletics would be brought under uniform rules and a regular schedule laid out. Ashland is enthusiastic over the idea and he thought that Superior and Ironwood would also favor it.

* * *

In order to secure more funds for the treasury it was decided at the last meeting of the athletic association to assess each member of the association twenty-five cents per school year, and also collect twenty-five per cent of the guaranty fund. All the money thus raised, excepting the twenty dollars which the association borrowed from the clases will be given to Mr. Church to help pay him for the services which he rendered during the football season.

Thus far the coach has not received anything for last season's work. This state of affairs is not considered right. Mr. Church came with the understanding that he was to be paid extra for the time spent in training the football eleven as well as the other athletic teams of the school. He turned out in all kinds of weather, rain or shine; and the highly gratifying results which he obtained show that he worked hard and faithfully and with a thorough and full understanding of the game. In previous years the coach had received from $250 to $275 for the work of the football season alone. Mr. Church has done not only the football training, but is also training the men for their baseball and track work.

The prospects for a good baseball team are much better than the prospects for a good schedule. The men are out practicin gevery day and are rapidly rounding into shape. A number of members of last year's team are in school, and are again trying for their old positions. There is also an abundance of good new material from which to choose in order to fill the vacancies made by those who have graduated or left the school.

Owing to the poor condition of the finances the chances for a good schedule are not very bright. Manager Wilcutts has written to most of the other schools in the state, and also to a few in the upper peninsula, asking for outside games. But in every case the reply is invariably the same—expenses would be too heavy and they cannot afford the risk.

* * *

The outlook for next year's football team, however, is of the best. Coach Church says that he likes Duluth and expects to be here, and most all the members of last season's eleven will also be back. The season should close with a snug sum in the treasury. St. Cloud owes the school a game at St. Cloud, as do most all the small outside teams. The game with Ironwood will be one of the big games and will be played in Duluth. It should draw a large crowd, and as Ironwood will pay $75 of its own expenses, it should be a money-maker, and, provided the weather is fair, a game with Minneapolis Central would be sure to draw a record-breaking crowd and add a large sum to the treasury.

Worth Reading

"The Road to Wellville"

Miniature copy in each pkg. of POSTUM and GRAPE-NUTS.

DROP

A Postal FOR This Book FREE

Your health is your greatest blessing. Guard it as your life. Find out the truth about yourself, whether you are sick or well. Learn how to get well and keep well—and how to get well should you become ill. Poor health is the result of your failure to obey nature's laws. How can you obey these laws unless you know what they are? Do you suffer from headaches? Is your appetite poor? Do you lay awake at night? Are you nervous and irritable? Then you are on the down-road to poor health. Get on the up-road. Dr. McLean's book tells you how to regain lost health or to retain the health you have.

Dr J. H. McLean has prepared many remedies to help those who suffer. One of them is

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

This remedy reaches the organs that are most susceptible to disease; the organs that must be kept in good working condition to secure good health for you. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm puts these organs in good order and keeps them so; makes them throw off disease germs; relieves untold suffering; brings health and strength to those who use it. At all druggists. $1.00 the bottle.

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous—

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.
'Phone—Zenith 358.

POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

Friends of Gubernatorial Candidates Hustling In St. Louis County.

County Auditor Halden Not Likely to Be Opposed—Labor League Will Be a Factor at Grand Rapids—C. A Smith of Minneapolis Has Created Stir By Dunn Managers Offering to Support Him For United States Senator.

Both sides in the governorship claim to be doing nothing, at least nothing for publication, and the people that are hustling the most breathlessly are the very ones who say to the inquiring ones, "Just please keep my name out of this, will you?"

The Dunn campaigners continue to waft literature from 319 Lonsdale building, where W. C. Sargent has a shoulder to the wheel, while Surveyor General of Logs Simon Clark, A. P. Cook and others of the Collins' camp, say no headquarters are yet selected for their side, and they incidentally "wish you'd keep me out of this."

It is an interesting matter for thought to wonder what is going to become of the Scandinavian vote in the convention. C. A. Smith, of Minneapolis, having taken an active interest in the Collins' side, will no doubt influence a large percentage of this element, and H. B. Knudsen and Dr. Eklund who are influential locally in this direction have thrown their fortunes with the Collinsites.

• • •

Locally the organization of neither side has been perfected, as far as can be learned. The Collinsites are anxious for Dr. Eklund to take the county chairmanship and have offered it to him with all sorts of pleadings and assurances, but the doctor has as yet failed to accept. It is asserted that he will surely be on the county committee if he does not take the chair.

The Dunn people say they will have an organization perfected all over the county very shortly, maybe week after next, and Mr. Sargent is looked upon as chairman of the work, assisted by Guy A. Eaton and William Getty. The latter went to Iowa early in the week and Collector of the Port Willcuts, who is looked on as one of the most interesting figures in the proceedings, owing to his "unbiased" interest, went down to his old home in Indiana. So these two are out of the scene of action for a few days at least.

If Collins gets the governorship chair it is assumed that Simon Clark will stay where he is for the surveyor-generalship of logs is a highly desirable position and probably the only thing that Mr. Clark would want, for he is a canny Scotchman and goes after the best there is when he goes after anything. If Dunn is elected it is believed that Eaton or Getty will be entirely willing to accept the office. They are the trio who are standing strictly together in the present situation.

The Collins side continues to claim several county officers as for their man, either openly or aside, and do not admit for a moment that there is any chance in the status of the issue so far as that particular. They still claim that Sheriff Butchart, Treasurer Whipple, Auditor Halden and Clerk of Courts Johnson are doing missionary work in behalf of Judge Collins.

• • •

One county official is in a fair way to get a renomination—and that will be equivalent to a re-election—without a struggle. This is Auditor Odin Halden. There has been some talk now and then of possible opponents, but none develop, and as time goes on the probability becomes less. Mr. Halden has made a record in the office that has become known far beyond the confines of his own county, and no one seems to care to bump up against that reputation. Throughout the county he stands high with the people, and if he does have opposition, it will take the strongest kind of a candidate to give him even a close race.

Andrew Miller has declared his intention of running for the senate in this district at the next legislative nominations. J. R. Randall and Ray T. Lewis were the members the last time, Miller having remained out of it. He represented his district in the senate two terms prior to the last legislature. He has declared himself for Senator Clapp, the same as have the others, who are out for the places again. Capt. Lewis is not making as much of a campaign these days as he used to in the days he was mayor, at least his friends claim he does not want any office badly enough to scrap about it. But he is popular among a large class of people, who would be glad to see him re-enter the senate chamber whether a fight is made or not.

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At Grand Rapids the Labor league will probably be a factor in the next elections. It is practically a Democratic organization, including all nationalities, and the president is William Witzel. The Democrats in that neighborhood suffered considerably by the withdrawal of Dr. George C. Gilbert from their ranks to the Republicans. He was Democratic state committeeman last election. It will be interesting to watch and see if there are any more similar defections. The Democrats are pretty well organized in the town, but outside through Itasca county they have little following. The rural districts are so rough, being without roads, that an organizer would have to go on foot and pack whatever he might want to have with him on the journey. For such work it would require an organizer to give a good deal of time, and a paid man. As the Democrats have not very much money in the treasury, it is likely that not much will be done outside, at least not for the present.

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Matt Spang, deputy sheriff of Itasca county, is being prominently mentioned by the Democratic workers of that section for auditor to succeed E. J. Farrell. Some of the Democrats are continually harping on the allegation that Farrell is not as faithful as he might be, and want to see him declared out of the rank and file. They assert that he has played into the hands of the Republicans continually. This is reminiful of the fact that while the Democrats of that county have for some time in the past been well organized and proportionately successful, they have had several doses that were pretty hard to swallow. One of these was the defection of Dr. George C. Gilbert, state committeeman last election, his departure from the Democratic ranks to ally himself with the Republicans being an interesting move to everybody. The interest was a little bit different on one side than on the other, however, as the Democrats were shocked and the Republicans glorified. Another jolt that the Democrats have been getting is the acquirement by the Republicans of their campaign plans, and they are anxious to locate the leak.

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Republican State Committeeman Dykeman of Breckenridge, speaking of Duluth as a convention city says:

"The northern part of the state has made rapid progress in the last few years, and it is no more than fair that the regular state convention should be held in that section once in a while. There has been a feeling in the past that Duluth is off by itself, that it is not a part of Minnesota. This would be eradicated if more political conventions were held there. Personally I have never been in Duluth and would be glad to go there for the convention. The people in the southern part of the state should be willing to pay additional car fare once in a while."

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While it is as yet early on county candidates, W. C. Sargent for sheriff and William Getty for auditor are already mentioned. The former says that it is too early to discuss his own case, and that several different things might happen before its time to start the shrievalty race. Victor Johnson, of the Burrows store, who has attained considerable popularity in labor circles and served some of those organizations in an official capacity, has also been mentioned for sheriff. The avowed candidates are Deputy Sheriff W. J. Bates and John T. Armstead.

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E. D. Parmalee, of the Republic Iron mines at Virginia, who is said to aspire to the legislature, has been frequently in town of late, and whether he comes down for political tips is not known definitely. But he is pretty well liked among those who know him, and is pretty sure of his fair share of support if he decides on going after the office.

HOTEL SPALDING

West 43rd St., Just Off Broadway

NEW YORK.

Transient and Family Hotel.
Absolutely Fireproof. 300 Rooms. 200 Baths.
All rooms lighted by natural light.
Holland Cafe. Palm Garden.
Louis XVI Restaurant.
MUSIC NOON AND EVENINGS.
3 blocks from Grand Central Station.
3 passenger elevators.
Center of theater and business district.
Running ice water in all apartments.
Complete in every detail.

John H. Langton
Formerly of Duluth, MANAGER.

SMITH HAS DOCUMENTS

To Prove Offer In Regard to Senatorship.

St. Paul, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge Loren W. Collins of St. Cloud stated yesterday that C. A. Smith of Minneapolis has affidavits and documents to prove his statement made Thursday that a man close to one of the Dunn managers solicited him to enter a combination to put Joel P. Heatwole in Senator Clapp's seat in the United States senate. Joel P. Heatwole, who returned last night from Northfield, branded the statement of Mr. Smith as untrue and defied the Collins men to prove it.

"The statement of Mr. Smith is absolutely true," said Judge Collins yesterday. "He is ready to prove it as soon as the Dunn men deny it. When the truth is made known, it will be found that the deal started pretty close to Mr. Dunn."

"I defy any of the Collins' men to prove the statement of C. A. Smith of Minneapolis," said Mr. Heatwole. "The story is an absolute falsehood. I will say further that I have absolute proof that Judge Collins has laid plans to capture Senator Knute Nelson's place in the senate."

Judge Collins, who called at the state capitol yesterday, said he was never more confident of carrying Hennepin county, in which the Dunn men say they have made rapid gains during the last few days.

"If I don't carry Hennepin against Mr. Dunn three to one, I'll confess that I know nothing about the political situation in any county in the state," said Judge Collins. "I never felt more sanguine in my life. I have gained in weight and improved in health since I got into the fight. I believe that in a short time I shall have to take something to keep from getting too fat.

"I do not mean to boast, but I am thoroughly satisfied with the progress that I am making all over the state. We are gaining new accessions every day. Some of this progress is being made in Mr. Dunn's own district."

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Senator F. H. Peterson of Moorhead, who was in the city yesterday consulting with the state board of drainage regarding the construction of new ditches in Clay county, said that the Republicans of that county are interested principally in the candidacy of W. B. Douglas for the supreme bench, and are taking very little interest in the gubernatorial contest.

"I am satisfied that the Ninth congressional district will be almost unanimous for Douglas for justice of the supreme court," said Senator Peterson, "but I cannot say what attitude the district will take toward the other candidates for places on the ticket. Presumably Ira B. Mills of Moorhead, is a candidate for a renomination as railroad and warehouse commissioner, and Ezra G. Valentine of Breckenridge has announced his candidacy for the same place."

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O. J. Wing, of Kenyon, one of the leading Republicans of Goodhue county and a strong supporter of Robert C. Dunn, of Princeton, is confident that the Princeton candidate will get a majority of the delegates of the county. Red Wing, he says, is almost unanimous for Dunn, and the former state auditor has many friends among the farmers in the county.

"Judge Collins perhaps is in the lead in Zumbrota," said Mr. Wing, "and he has friends in Kenyon who believe that he will carry the county."

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Secretary of State P. E. Hanson denies the story printed in a Minneapolis paper that he offered to divide the Meeker county delegation between Dunn and Collins. Mr. Hanson says that he does not pretend to carry the county in his vest pocket, but that if Dunn does not carry the county he will not get any in the state.

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Senator H. F. Barker, of Cambridge, was in the city yesterday. He is a strong supporter of Robert C. Dunn and believes that the Princeton candidate will carry the Eighth congressional district.

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Mortimer H. Boutelle, of Minneapolis, one of the foremost attorneys of the Fifth congressional district, is being urged to get in the race for the Republican nomination for congressman against Loren Fletcher. Mr. Boutelle was mentioned some time ago, but promptly refused to consider the matter. The talk of him is being revived, now that Frank M. Nye is out of the race. W. W. Heffelfinger, district delegate to the Republican national convention, Fred B. Snyder, A. H. Hall, John M. Rees and Judge H. D. Dickinson are also mentioned in this connection.

ONE LADY'S RECOMMENDATION SOLD FIFTY BOXES OF CHAMBERLAIN'S STOMACH AND LIVER TABLETS.

I have, I believe, sold fifty boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets on the recommendation of one lady here, who first bought a box of them about a year ago. She never tires of telling her neighbors and friends about the good qualities of these Tablets—P. M. Shore, druggist, Rochester, Ind. The pleasant purgative effect of these Tablets makes them a favorite with ladies everywhere. For sale by all druggists.

BE SURE AND ATTEND

the Grand Opening Dance at

LINCOLN PAVILLION HALL

on Tuesday night, April 19, 1904. Good music by Blewett's full orchestra. Tickets, 50 cents. Ladies free.

EXCELLENT GUNNERY

Displayed By Seamen on the Gunboat Petrel.

San Francisco, April 16.—The gunboat Petrel, under command of Capt. Tappan, has arrived in port from Panama. While there the Petrel had target practice, making a record of 1:34 hits per gun per minute on a target with her old style six-inch or gravity return guns, the showing being probably the best in the navy considering the guns.

On her way up the coast the Petrel discovered a shoal, some miles northwest of Magdalena bay, showing a depth of only ten fathoms, where more than 300 fathoms are shown on the hydrographic charts.

After a brief stay here the Petrel will proceed to the far northern coast for a summer's cruise in the Arctic.

GORDON GLOVES are like the wonderful "One Hoss Shay"—they never split or rip or wear in spots.

They wear and wear and wear till they wear out all at once. $1.50.

100 Doses For One Dollar

Economy in medicine must be measured by two things—cost and effect. It cannot be measured by either alone. It is greatest in that medicine that does the most for the money—that radically and permanently cures at the least expense. That medicine is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, cures pimples, eczema and all eruptions, tired, languid feelings, loss of appetite and general debility.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it reliable and giving perfect satisfaction. It takes away that tired feeling, gives energy and puts the blood in good condition." MISS EFFIE COLOSNE, 1335 10th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

THE LABOR WORLD

Many Classes of Work Will Be Delayed This Spring.

Indications Point to Busy Season For Building Trade.

Duluth labor unions will meet the coming weeks as follows:

Lumber pilers, Sunday evening at Victor's hall, West Duluth.

Stone masons, Monday evening, in the Axel block.

Tug firemen and linemen, Monday eevning, in the Hunter block.

Building Trades' council, Monday evening, in Kalamazoo block.

Painters, decorators and paperhangers, Tuesday evening, in the Kalamazoo block.

Carpenters, Tuesday evening, in Kalamazoo building.

Leather workers, Wednesday evening, in Kalamazoo block.

Cigarmakers, Wednesday evening, in Kalamazoo block.

Electrical workers, Thursday evening, at 221 West Superior street.

Stationary engineers, Thursday evening, at 31 West Superior street.

Federated Trades' assembly, Friday evening, in the Kalamazoo block.

Lathers, Friday evening, in Kalamazoo block.

Bakers and confectioners, Saturday evening, at 18 West Superior street.

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Many classes of work will be delayed several weeks this spring owing to the severe winter just passed. No employment can be found on the lake boats or docks until the opening of navigation, and most of the sawmill work will be slow in getting started.

The West Duluth sawmills will not commence operations this year until about May 10, the season being delayed almost a month by the severe weather of the past few months. Not a mill in West Duluth is running at present, while a year ago every plant was in operation.

Although a heavy cut was made by the lumber companies during the winter, the weather having been excellent for logging, it is said that most of the local mills will run only one shift this summer. Last year the St. Louis mill ran throughout the winter months, while this season the company does not expect to start work until the early part of May. It ran late in the season, however. The bay is still frozen throughout and no satisfactory work can be done until the ice breaks up and is floated away.

Street, sewer and similar classes of work are also being delayed by the late spring, and keeping many men in an enforced state of idleness. A longshoreman confided to a friend the other day that he was dead broke, as were most of his brother workers, and that they expected to remain in this sad state until the opening of navigation.

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Indications point to a busy season for the building trades. Several new blocks are now in the course of construction in different parts of the city, and others will be started as soon as circumstaces will permit. It is predicted that this summer will be a record breaker in the number of houses built in Duluth, and this means employment for several unions.

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A big smoker was held last Tuesday evening by the Machinists' union. Representatives were present from Two Harbors, Proctorknott and Superior.

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Two new union men are now located at the city hall. Alfred McCallam is secretary to the mayor, and Samuel Kleiley is deputy building inspector.

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Duluth barbers appear to be of a modest and retiring disposition this year, according to a Minneapolis paper, which has the following to say concerning the vacancies on the state barber's board:

"The St. Paul barbers have succeeded in landing G. H. Becker on the barbers' state examining board. Minnesota barbers are perfectly satisfied with Mr. Hitzger. He is a personal friend of Governor Van Sant. Now comes Minneapolis with a candidate. Duluth is not represented on the board, and the union men of the state are wondering if the Duluth barbers are still on earth. According to rumors here, the Minneapolis barbers' union, No. 61, is trying to secure the appointment of a member of the local union to the vacancy on the state board of barbers' examiners. William Hamblin has been recommended for the place. Mr. Hamblin is regarded as eminently qualified for the duties of the position."

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It is said that all hope of organizing a cobblers' union in Duluth has been abandoned. The cobblers themselves did not appear to take up with the idea with any degree of enthusiasm.

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J. K. Robinson has been elected as a delegate to represent the local Cooks' and Waiters' union at the twelfth annual convention of the International Hotel and Restaurant Employes' Protective association, to be held at Rochester, N. Y., May 9.

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At its last regular meeting the Painters', Decorators' and Paperhangers' union elected E. S. Cromroy as business agent to look after the business end of its affairs.

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J. K. Robinson, of St. Louis, Mo., general organizer for the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' International Alliance and Bartenders' International league of America, made the statement when he was in the city recently that an attempt was to be made to reorganize the local bartenders' union, which recently disbanded because of lack of interest in the organization on the part of the members.

San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., and Return $50.

From April 23 to May 1st inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles and return at $50.00.

Final return limit June 30th, 1904.

On April 26th, train leaving Duluth at 4:00 p. m. will make connections at St. Paul with Special Tourist car running through without change. Fare in this car, $6.75. Car runs via Denver and Salt Lake City.

For full information, call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

LET EVERY MAN AFFLICTED WITH **VARICOCELE** READ CAREFULLY WHAT FOLLOWS:

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

ADVANTAGE OF MY METHOD OF CURING VARICOCELE.

My treatment is absolutely painless and devoid of danger; no anaesthetic is given.

The cure is permanent. I have treated thousands of the most aggravated cases without a single failure or recurrence.

You are under the care of a reliable specialist, that is acknowledged authority in the treatment of men, and whose superior method of treatment is nowhere else obtainable in America.

You are not subjected to the dangerous experiments of antiquated treatments which you are liable to receive at the hands of incompetent and inexperienced doctors. Varicocele is a very serious and delicate disease, and necessarily requires skilled, expert treatment. I am treating many cases daily, and have gained a national reputation as being successful in the treatment of Varicocele and its results — Nervous Debility and Lost Health.

I Also Cure to Stay Cured

Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Nervous Debility

and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted the best years of my life. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes?

STRICTURE.

It matters not how long you have suffered from Stricture or how many different doctors have disappointed you. I will cure you just as certain as you come to me for treatment. I will not do it by cutting or dilating. My treatment is entirely original with me and perfectly harmless. It completely dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction of the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the vital organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

BLOOD POISON.

Specific Blood Poison was for ages supposed to be incurable. This ancient idea still exists in the minds of many physicians, who continue to salivate their patients with potash, mercury and other dangerous mineral mixtures, which, instead of forcing the disease out of the system, drives it deeper in, where it lies dormant for a time, and then breaks out again in the form of some frightful skin, blood or bone disease. I cure Specific Blood Poison to stay cured forever. I challenge the medical world for a case in any stage that I cannot positively cure, never to return, in from sixty to ninety days. My treatment for this disease is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It is purely vegetable in composition and perfectly harmless in effect.

NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY.

Men, many of you are now reaping the result of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and you will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all vital diseases, is never on the standstill. With it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. I have treated so many cases of this kind that I am as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by me and you will never again be bothered with emissions, drains, prematureness, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or pleasure. My treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy, happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

ASSOCIATE DISEASES.

In curing a disease of any kind I never fail to remove all reflex complications. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to a perfectly healthful condition. If it is Contagious Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system. If it is Impotency, the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a premature decline of physical and mental power are totally removed and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood. Hence all resulting ills and reflex complications which may be properly termed associate diseases, and which, in fact, are often more serious than the original ailment that gives rise to them—all, I say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Most cases can be treated successfully at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at my office, write me a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Address all communications to

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays: 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

MEN'S FASHIONS FOR SPRING

Four striking novelties mark men's spring fashions. They are:

Gray derby hats.

Walking gloves of a chamois-yellow undressed kid.

Sack coats almost as long as frock coats.

The absolute disappearance of the padded shoulder

These novelties, which come to America by way of London, promise to be popular. One class of men—the men who belong to six or seven clubs and do no work—will take them up because they are London fashions. Another class of men—the men of taste—will take them up because they are a pleasant change. A third class—the men who do not worry about their clothes—will take them up because outfitters recommend them

Indeed, though, these new fashions recommend themselves. After four or five years of short, tight sack coats, a long and loose coat for a change is welcome, and after four of five years of shoulders ridiculously padded, a sloping shoulder in harmony with the figure pleases the eye. The pearl gray derby hat and the pale yellow gloves speak for themselves. Fresh, clean, cheerful, springlike, they are singularly appropriate to the spring.

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Shirts for the spring are of a fine French percale, and their bosoms are plaited in narrow plaits. Shoes are light and shapely, with the toe somewhat pointed. Overcoats are of two kinds—a tight coat, with a velvet collar, reaching to the knees; or a loose raglan of similar length, with a collar of cloth. In ties, there are the bow, the puff and the four-in-hand, the preferable color being a solid purple.

In the morning, for business; in the afternoon, for a wedding or a tea; in the evening, for a formal function where women are present, the man of taste will dress this spring like this:

In the morning—A loose sack suit of gray or brown or blue; a pearl gray derby hat; pale yellow gloves of chamois; shoes, either high or low, of black calfskin or of tan; a bow or a four-in-hand tie of bright silk; a colored shirt of fine, crisp percale, with a plaited bosom; a turndown collar of medium height, or a standing collar with wing tips.

In the afternoon—A frock coat of soft, rough gray or black cloth reaching to the knees; buttoned patent leather shoes, with perhaps white tops, or with white or gray gaiters; a rather small silk hat, with a close brim; a puff tie of pale silk, fastened with a gold pin; a standing collar; a waistcoat of white linen; striped trousers well creased; gray gloves.

In the evening—A silk hat; a coat with tails reaching to the knees; a white waistcoat; a shirt with a plain, dull bosom that fastens with two pearl buttons; a standing collar or one with twin tips; a very small tie arranged in butterfly form; silk stockings; patent leather slippers of the kind called "pumps;" heavy white gloves.

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Taking, first, the morning costume, the details of the coat would be: That its shoulders slope and contain no padding; that it be very long, with a long vent, or slit, up the middle seam of the back; that, if it be single-breasted, the front be rounded off very shantly. This coat should have a handkerchief pocket at the left breast. It should be worn with only the lowest, or the two lower buttons fastened. Its distinctive features should be its sloping and unpadded shoulders, its extreme length and its long vent up the middle back seam.

The trousers of the morning suit are cut this spring in a nice mean between bagginess and tightness. If they are worn rolled up ath the bottom they should be pressed so, in order that the roll may be snug and neat. They should always be of the same cloth as the coat. A sack coat, no matter what its color—no matter is it be a black sack coat—should not be worn with striped trousers or with any other trousers that do not match it.

The waistcoat should be single-breasted, and it should be worn with the last button unfastened. The shirt should be colored—blue or pale brown—with a white colar and white cuffs. The tie, a bow or a four-in-hand, should be fresh and bright—solid hues are fashionable for ties this spring—purples or browns or blues. The shoes should not by any chance be of patent leather, for patent leather is reserved for the afternoon and the evening. Of black calfskin or of tan, well polished, they should have slight soles and the toe should taper. The pearl gray hat—an importation from London, where everyone is wearing it—should have a low crown and a brim tightly curled. The pale yellow chamois leather gloves—another London importation—should fit very loosely, and there is no reason why they should not always look spotless and fresh, for these gloves wash as well as shirts or handkerchiefs.

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In frock coats for the afternoon a novelty is being introduced by certain very fashionable tailors. These men are cutting the front of the frock coat so that it stands apart and will not button; only at the waistband does it meet, here a loop of braided silk holding it together. It is claimed that this coat gives to the figure an effect of grace—that it causes the chest to look full and the waist slender. Lawrence d'Orsay, the English actor, wears one of these coats.

The trousers worn with the frock are narrower than those worn with the sack coat. They should be very neatly creased, and they should never be rolled up. Their pattern may be a stripe or a modest check.

For the afternoon the shirt should be, of course, plain white. The collar should be a standing one, with the points slightly bent over, and the cravat—a puff or a four-in-hand—should be of some rich, heavy, delicately colored silk. The shoes of patent leather should button rather than lace, and there is no objection to their having tops of white duck or tan-colored cloth, though it is not likely that any save rich men will wear shoes with such tops—they cost too much.

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The most radical change in evening clothes is the hat. The opera hat of dull, corded silk is not to be worn at all this spring—its place is to be altogether usurped by the glossy silk hat. The sloping shoulders of the evening coat are to contain no padding, and the coat tails are to fall quite to the knees. The shirt and its studs, or buttons, are to be plain. The waistcoat is to have a very wide, full opening, and, if it be a single-breasted, it is to be cut away from the lowest button in the form of an inverted V. The trousers are to have a silk strap down the outside seam. The dancing shoes, or pumps, of patent leather are to be ornamented only with a small, plain bow of black silk, but in the silk stockings more latitude is allowed. Black stockings with red or gold clocks, bright red stockings, open-work stockings—these were to be seen abundantly during the winter at the opera in New York, and the haberdashers say that they will be very popular from now on.

The most correct spring overcoat is very severe, very plain, very tight. It is made of a soft, unfinished, pepper-and-salt or gray fabric, and it has a collar of black velvet. It reaches to the knees; the shoulders have not a shadow of wadding; the three seams down the back are not strapped; up the middle seam a vent runs.

Another spring overcoat is a modernized raglan—a short, loose raglan, with a new seam at the top of the shoulder as well as with the usual odd seams on each side of the shoulder, and with a new seam also down the middle of the back. These added seams improve the raglan; they make it hang better, and they give to the soulders a more shapely effect.

Pocket handkerchiefs for the spring are colored rather than white. They come from Uarls; they cost $1.00 apiece; they are made of fashionable hues are corn color, mauve and pale blue.

The fashianable hair-dressers say that the hair should be worn very long on the top, and short and trim at the back and sides. It should be parted far over on the left.

The fashionable buttonhole flower is the ragged robin.

The fashionable walking stick is of English ash.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

TURBINE

A CLUETT COLLAR

QUARTER EACH, QUARTER SIZES

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.

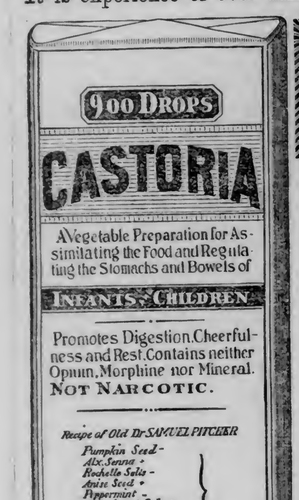
MAKERS OF CLUETT AND MONARCH SHIRTS

A Thoughtless Druggist.

ONLY a thoughtless druggist would offer a preparation without the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher when Castoria is called for; the "delicate, faint and flickering light" that joins baby's life to its devoted parents being too sacred, to the self-respecting druggist, to be trifled with.

For over thirty years Mr. Fletcher has given, and still gives, his personal attention to the preparation of Castoria. It has won the confidence of mothers and physicians everywhere—never harmed the tiniest babe. This cannot be said of Imitations, Counterfeits and the "Just-as-good" rot.

The thoughtless druggist only offers the counterfeit because of a few pennies more profit. Any new preparation can be but an experiment, and they are experiments—mere guess work—irrespective of what their sponsors may say for them. It is experience of over thirty years, against wild and injudicious experiment.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST, NEW YORK CITY.

AT NEGAUNEE.

Appointive Offices Filled By the City Council.

Negaunee, Mich., April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the first meeting of the new city council held Thursday afternoon in the assembly room at the city building the appointive offices were filled by the aldermen, as follows: Marshal, Thomas Gubbie; city attorney, Theodore A. Thoren; assessor, Thomas M. Wells; superintendent of the water works, Alfred Belstrom; street commissioner, Fred Roberts; superintendent of electric light, Timothy Gaffney; health officer, Dr. Goodnew; police officers, Fred Zimmerman, A. Lavelle, Harry Bath and Alfred Williamson; first engineer water works, Oscar Larson, second engineer, William Westemeyer; fireman, Charles Just; trimmer, John Allen; chief of fire department, Robert J. Jackson; No. 1 hose driver, Jerry Bennett, No. 2 hose driver, Charles McComber; janitor city building, Michael Curley; librarian, S. Wellet.

W. F. Kranz and Miss Lottie Brown were married Thursday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown in Snow street, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Dr. Smith.

Is Not Sufficient.

A rather peculiar case was decided by the Duluth land office officials yesterday, who held that verbal authorization for homestead entry, given by another party than the one who served as a soldier in the civil war, is not a sufficient basis upon which to perfect such a claim.

Edgar A. Collin, of Duluth, offered an additional homestead application upon an assignment made by Louis Jacquot, who, it was claimed, made a soldier's additional homestead entry at the St. Croix, Wis., land office in 1869, based upon service in the civil war. The entry, however, was made by his brother-in-law upon Jacquot's verbal authorization.

WHEN YOU DRINK

a cool, foaming glass of "MOOSE BRAND BEER" it goes just to the right spot. There is nothing more satisfying as a thirst quencher, nothing more invigorating, nothing to surpass it as a healthful, summer beverage. It is pure beer. Special care taken in the brewing and bottling.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
Either Phone No. 241.

CITY OFFICERS

Of Ishpeming Appointed By the Council.

Ishpeming, Mich., April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following appointments were made by the city council Thursday afternoon: Marshal, Edward Fandrew; deputy marshal, E. Trevarrow; police officers, Patrick Collins, Nicholas Swanson, E. Laret; Thomas Mitchell and Edward Honkala; city attorney, W. T. Potter; health officer, W. S. Picotte; poundmaster, Mike Tasson; janitor of city building, John Davis; city engineer, Phillip Pepin; engineer of the fire department, Mike Cashen.

NOTICE, A. O. U. W.

All members of Fidelity lodge No. 105, A. O. U. W., are requested to assemble at Kalamazoo hall, Sunday, April 17, at 1 p. m. sharp, to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Flroved, wife of our respected Brother, C. G. Flroved.

Funeral from Stewart's undertaking rooms, at 2 o'clock. Service at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 2:30. All members of the A. O. U. W. are invited to attend.

Yours in C. H. & P.,
C. H. JOHNSON, M. W.
W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

Birthday Party.

In honor of her 15th birthday, Miss Claire Green entertained delightfully Wednesday evening at her home, 1417 East Third street. Pit was played and an informal program of music and recitations was given. The prizes were won by Miss Margaret Turner and Oza Root.

Those present were: Misses Eleanor Warner, Marguerite McGregor, Eleanor Reichert, Edna Green, Winnie Hanson, Margaret Turner, Luella Wardell, Irene Wardell, Masters Cecil Day, Carl Scott, William Haig, Oliver Grettum, Harold Campbell, Donald Warner, Roy Bridgeman, Robert Mars, Oza Root, Walter Green.

Birthday Surprise.

A. D. MacIntyre, of 513 First avenue west, was agreeably surprised Thursday evening by a party of friends in honor of his 35th birthday. A handsome cut glass wine decanter was presented to him with congratulatory remarks. Those who planned the surprise were: Mr. and Mrs. W. F. MacPherson, Mr. and Mrs. Josef Lonegren, Mr. and Mrs. H. Bridgeman, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Kalmbach, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Lane, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Miles, of Superior; Mrs. E. Kimball, Mrs. H. Miller, Messrs. Shubael F. White, John T. Dow and Ronald J. Smith.

BETTER SERVICE PROMISED.

Cass Lake, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—For some time past, the residents of the towns along the Bemidji and Sauk Center division of the Great Northern railway have been petitioning the railroad company to put on a night train each way from Bemidji to Sauk Center. The answer to the petition was to the effect that the company would put on the desired service when "business was better." However, it is learned that the company has decide to put on the trains the first of August.

"Jeppe Paa Bjerget"

The Norwegian play, will be given at

COLUMBIA HALL,
29th Avenue West,
Tuesday, April 12. Tickets 35c.

Donations to Home.

Donations to Home for March, 1904, were as follows: Mrs. Stone, Mrs. Murray, milk; Mrs. W. White, oatmeal; Mrs. Henry Taylor, box of oranges, Mrs. Eyster, Mrs. A. J. Cook, Mrs. Cotton Mrs. Homer Collins, clothing; a friend, apple butter; the Elks, sandwiches and bread, the Woodmen, sandwiches, cookies and cake; Mrs. Webster, doughnuts; S. M. Pendergast, toys; Masters John Panton and Dale McAlpine, 27 cents; Mrs. J. B. Adams, $10; Mrs. Redman, magazines and bedding.

FABLE OF THE LOVE-SICK KING.

And there was a certain great king who lay dying of grief, for her he loved was gone from him forever, writes Edwin Hadden, in the Smart Set. All day long he lay on his couch of rose-leaves, and courtiers washed away the tears, and poured them from golden vases on the grave of the one he loved.

And the flocks died, and the peasants starved, for it was decreed that none should do else but weep for the dead. And, the nation being near unto ruin, the wise ones held counsel, but no relief could they find for their desperate need; till at length spoke an humble shepherd, saying:

"In the valley where my sheep wander and eat the sweet young grass and the tender herbs, a certain great Physician dwells. I pray he be brought that he cure the king."

Now, though hope was small, couriers traveled swiftly the wild mountains, where the brooks sing always and are clear as a maiden's eye, and the rocks pierce the earth like battlements of giant castles hidden below, till at length they came to the physician, and, when he had heard their tale, he washed his hands and went straightway with them.

And when the physician had arrived at the court of the king, the people fell on their knees, and begged him to save them from destruction.

Then the physician said: "Oh, king, put by thy grief."

And the King said: "It may not be, for the one I love is dead."

"Put by thy grief," the physician said, "and thou shalt see the one thou lovest."

And the king sprang up, and the physician commanded a certain great mirror to be brought, and ordered the king to look therein.

And the king gazed, and behold! it was himself he saw.

Dr. D. W. RIESLAND
CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIAN,
Cures All Stomach Troubles.
707-708 Palladio Building.
Call or Write for Booklet.

PUBLIC AFFAIRS COMMITTEE MEETS

Many Matters of Timely Interest Brought Before Body.

Plans For Raising Money Given Considerable Discussion.

Reports from its various sub-committees were heard by the public affairs committee of the Commercial club at a meeting held in the reading room of the club last night, at which Chairman T. W. Hugo presided.

George H. Crosby outlined the plan of the finance committee for raising a fund for the purpose of taking care of public movements such as advertising the city, and looking after the business men's contribution to fairs and festivals. The idea of the committee is to make an assessment on those who will cooperate with the plan of raising a certain sum for the year, which will be all those persons will be asked to contribute. The money will be collected at a certain percentage every little while, just as needed, it being decided to make an assessment of 25 per cent at the time a business man signs an agreement to contribute. At present the committee believes that $15,000 would be adequate for the year.

President McGonagle said that the idea of making the fund general was to relieve merchants and other contributors from continual solicitation during the year from various sources for tickets, benefits and other enterprises which thrive on the liberality of the business men. By the plan proposed the contributor gets such matters off his mind for a year, and can refer all who come to him for money to the Commercial club's committee. An agreement has been drawn up between the committee and contributors which binds the committee to call for installments of the promised money at such intervals as it may be needed, and then only. The plan is expected to result in less money spent for such purposes, as the committee can attend to such matters more readily than the various individuals, and do so on a business plan.

P. A. Patrick moved to prepare a statement to the interests who would be called on for money, explaining the object, which would prepare them for the call of the solicitors of the committee, and sign the names of the committee's forty members to it. The motion prevailed. Mr. Crosby said one of the local banks had volunteered to collect the money gratis as fast as it was called for, which would relieve that end of the work.

Chairman Hugo called attention to the need of immediate work, as the busiest season in the city would begin May 1, and there would need to be some money on hand for that time, so that hard work would be requisite in the next two weeks.

* * *

Owing to the work which would be required of the committee, when some of the business men would not be able to spare the time for, Mr. Silvey moved that a committee of two from each sub-committee be appointed by the chairman to consider getting a good man to do some of the detail work, a man experienced in taking care of public movements and promoting such enterprises. He said he had seen various local organizations fail in the past twelve or fifteen years and he did not want to see the committee undertake the work on the part of the individuals. His motion prevailed.

* * *

Rev. R. J. Mooney reported progress on the question of garbage removal. As to lighting the piers a reduced figure had been secured from the light company and an $800 appropriation secured from the council.

* * *

Bishop McGolrick reported progress in endeavoring to get improved street railway service. He said that Mr. Mendenhall fell in with the committee's spirit in the matter with suspicious readiness, but insisted he was sincere, so that better service is hoped for by fall.

* * *

Mr. Silberstein said the city fire limits were found to extend to Third avenue on the east, and the committee believed Fourth avenue would be better.

* * *

On question of changing the schedule of the steamer North West, Capt. Potter said the company could not practically change owing to the necessity of making Cleveland, Detroit, St. Clair flats, Sault and Portage canal all in the daytime. It has to wait for connections at Buffalo, also to make repairs there for both the boats. By keeping the boat up to a schedule of eighteen miles an hour it might be possible to get there at a more satisfactory time, he said, but if the boat ever lost time on this high pressure schedule it would be practically impossible to make it up again. The boat will get in this year about 8 o'clock and leave about 10.

* * *

Secretary Eva said he had received a letter from Ferndale, Minn., saying that Smith Bros., of that place, were contemplating putting a flat building on their lot in Duluth. Another letter had been received from an outside property owner signifying willingness to sell his holdings here. These were all the letters received on the subject of improving vacant property belonging to non-resident owners.

* * *

Frank Crassweller said there was nothing to report on the question of removing questionable advertising. The chairman said C. A. Marshall, of the bill posting company, had told him such signs were controlled by outside people, so he concluded it would be better not to disturb home methods of advertising, but go after the outsiders, through the medium of the owners of the land on which the advertisements are found.

* * *

The secretary said a committee of three from the cigarmakers' union had called at the club and stated their indorsement of the proposed campaign against objectionable signs.

* * *

On rates for the Democratic convention Julius H. Barnes said the committee had been unable to get a better rate than one fare for the round trip plus 50 cents. As to a special train the railroads would not run one for a lump sum, but required a minimum guarantee and one fare plus 50 cents for each passenger. The proposition had been to run the train under the auspices of the Commercial club and have a dining car which would furnish lunch at the club's expense. Mr. McGonagle said that this rate was as low as any general passenger agent dare quote, but believed that if a committee of chief patriots of the leading political parties would wait on the executive officers of the railroads and the king sprang up, and the physician commanded a certain great mirror to be brought, and ordered the king to look therein.

And the king gazed, and behold! it was himself he saw.

* * *

Capt. McDougall outlined a plan for advertising the city at the World's Fair by means of dodgers and 300,000 cards with pictures of Duluth. An endeavor will be made to get this advertising done through the mining division. Pictures of Duluth's schools will be exhibited with a statement that the state has the largest school fund of any, and that Duluth's great share is largely from the mining interests.

There will be made a plaster cast of a man 10 feet high, to show mine products. The figure will be of staff coated with mineral products and will cost about $400.

* * *

Simon Clark wanted to know who owned the land at the foot of Garfield avenue, which is seen from the approach from the Wisconsin side. He said the condition of the squatters' premises there is very filthy. A suggestion was made that possibly some railroad companies owned land there. E. C. Blanchard, superintendent of the Northern Pacific, said his company owned none of it.

Mc. McGonagle said he thought that if the committee would work through a movement to provide a play grounds for the children, especially those of the school down there, it would reflect more credit on that body than any one thing it could do at this time. He suggested that the principal of the school be consulted as to what land is necessary, and the price, if for sale, and ascertain if it would not be possible for the committee and the school board in harmony to do something in the matter. The committee, he said, could get the land and the children would do the work of getting it sodded and flowered.

Bishop McGolrick praised the principal of the school highly for her work and said she was a model woman. His visits to the school had led him to observe conditions there and the efforts of the principal and he was in favor of seeing the state of things improved.

J. L. Washburn explained the condition of the school. He stated that owing to weather conditions most of the year it was impossible to have the children outside the building owing to their physical welfare, as it might not be dangerous to let them play outside excepting for a very brief period each school term. The principal there, he said, had introduced a plan of physical exercise indoors each morning and afternoon to take the place of the customary outdoor recess.

"The principal there is more than a teacher, she's a practical missionary," said he. "She's introduced some industrial features, such as basket weaving, into the school and some of the little ones do remarkable work. The school board has bought the materials for them to work with, and she has seen that the money obtained by the sale of the goods has gone to the ones who made the articles."

* * *

The chairman noted an offer from C. P. Gibson, publisher of the 1904 souvenir of Duluth, of copies of the souvenir with spaces in which the Commercial club could print whatever advertising it chose. Consideration was deferred.

* * *

A letter was read from President House of the Iron Range road, on the subject of summer facilities for travel on that line. He said in the letter that no steps were advisable in the matter just now.

Mr. Patrick gave it as his opinion that if the right effort was made to get public sentiment before the railroad company it could be made to see the matter differently. During a certain part of the year there was a class of travel in this district which were used to pretty good accommodations, and many of the trains were frequently crowded with passengers, the majority being laborers in a more or less dilapidated condition. It was decided to keep the transportation committee at work on the subject.

WEST DULUTH

At its meeting in the rooms over the Western State bank last night the West Duluth Commercial club voted to recommend that the city dock which it is proposed to construct in West Duluth be located at the foot of Ramsey street. It was argued that this site would be better than either of the other two proposed, for the reason that it would best suit the commercial interests of the city, and make it more convenient for the freight boats to take on and discharge cargoes, besides being about as conveniently located for passengers as the others.

A committee consisting of N. C. Hendricks, Ransom Metcalfe and P. H. Martin was appointed to investigate the matter of getting the city authorities to look after the planting of trees along West Duluth streets, charging the expense of the work to the owners of the abutting property, as was done in the West End a few years ago. It is thought that this plan will give better satisfaction than any other, for the reason that it will insure more uniformity and regularity in the placing of the trees than would otherwise be the case.

A committee consisting of Richard Schell, Edward Dormedy and O. G. Olson was appointed to confer with the officials of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, relative to getting a decent passenger and freight depot placed at the head of Fifty-seventh avenue west, which now has nothing in the shape of a station except a small box of a place, a remodeled tool house, which has never given satisfaction as a passenger station. It is said that freight other than carload lots cannot be shipped from this depot at all under existing conditions, making it hard on West Duluth merchants who wish to bid for Proctorknott and the range trade. Especially is this true in the summer time, when perishable produce must be shipped to the market daily.

H. H. Phelps, Ransom Metcalfe and P. H. Martin were appointed a committee to find out the sentiments of legislative candidates on the proposition to bond the city for the purpose of raising funds for the construction or purchase of an electric light plant, to be owned and operated by itself. This committee, with the others, will report at the next meeting of the club. The club favors the proposition.

A resolution to the effect that the city stand the cost of constructing a sidewalk to the Missabe tracks from the end of the present walk on Fifty-seventh avenue west was passed. A strip of walk about one block in length is required.

WOMEN'S CONGRESS.

Entertainment a Conspicuous Success and Well Attended.

The "Women's Congress" held at the Great Eastern hall last evening under the auspices of the West Duluth Congregational church attracted a large audience and was a pronounced success. Each woman in the entertainment represented a senator, and each was dressed in a garb appropriate to the states they were supposed to be from. Their speeches were as funny as was intended, and were enthusiastically received by the audience. The recitations by Miss Lella Sparks, Miss Eva Sawyer, Miss May Fisher and Mrs. G. E. Budd were particularly good, as were the songs by Misses Alma Brotherton, Lottie Fargo, Ada Mallory and the Jewell-Adams quartet.

The cast of characters in the congress was as follows: President of senate, Mrs. Sparks; clerk of senate, Mrs. Keeler; sergeant-at-arms, Eva Sawyer; senators, Miss Charlotte Mallory, Mrs. H. Merriman, Mrs. Swangie, Mrs. Logan, Miss Lottie Fargo, Miss E. Jacoby, Miss Tena Weddell, Miss Alice Bailey, Mrs. C. R. Keyes, Mrs. Bowen, Miss Helser, Mrs. R. E. Moore, Miss Maude Fisher, Mrs. J. C. Cox, Miss May Fisher, Miss Phoebe Bailey, Miss Felt, Mrs. Fargo.

READ
"The Road to Wellville."
Miniature copy in each package of POSTUM and GRAPE-NUTS.

ENTHUSIASM.

The Word Itself Comes From "Theost," Meaning Good.

It May Be Called the Most God-Like Quality of Human Nature.

There is genuine enthusiasm back of every great personality and back of every great achievement. It implies the capacity to believe and to try. Enthusiasm took Christopher Columbus across the ocean, Napoleon over the Alps and John Brown to his death. Every great discovery that adds to our wealth and comfort now is the effect of some man's enthusiasm. To enthusiasm we owe sewing machines, steam boats, locomotives, electrical inventions, spinning machinery, X-Ray, radium, chemistry and medicine. It is enthusiasm that continues to perfect these inventions. Enthusiasm is a quality of the mind. Its essence is mental vitality. In some it is naturally abundant. Good health is a great essential. Enthusiasm, like all other good qualities, depends on health principally. It depends on the way we control our minds, our thoughts and our mental attitudes. We can not all be statesmen, orators, great inventors or liberators of the people or pioneers in the scientific world. The lack of enthusiasm explains the lack of success in thousands and millions of us. No wonder the hospitals and aylums for homeless children are filled with thousands and thousands of poor, hopeless, sad-eyed, languid, sickly children, men and women. In these cases, their lack, the parents' lack are enthusiasm, enthusiasm of perseverence. Perseverence means to succeed. To succeed means to rid one's surrounding of that disagreeable element. It means to the sick, to the languid, to the aenemic, a cure; to the poor, to the wandering and to the homeless, it means a home. Be hopeful, be optimistic, be determined to succeed and success will come. It comes oftentimes to those who least expect it. It does not come to those who are easily guided by disinterested parties. It does not come to those who do not persevere. Every great discoverer is the all-important. Individual localities have individual enthusiasts. The people of Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Wisconsin and the Middle West have in themselves an enthusiast in the person of Dr. Rea, a specialist of unusual ability, a specialist who is an enthusiast, who has added to the discoveries of scientific treatments, who has added to the world with his cures the names of thousands of people and who is not lacking of a sympathetic ear. His cures are wonderful. His greatest discovery is his hypodermic injection cure for cancer. His next most important cure is that for consumption, his next but not least, is his cure by absorption for blindness. Other important ones are his cure for rheumatism, diseases of women and men and chronic diseases. H. C. Pierson of Fort Madison, writes: "Dr. Rea, you cured my wife, eight years ago, of asthma. She has not had a sign of it since until, a week ago, she caught a bad cold and it affects her lungs. Now send her something for this."

W. C. Hurd, Dominion City, Canada, writes: "My varicocele is gone, only a little of the other trouble yet. A little more treatment will fix me."

Ernest Moore, Gladstone, N. D., writes: "Dr. Rea, it is with pleasure that I write you that I am entirely cured. I doctored with different doctors. They all said nothing but an operation would cure me. I spent many dark days doctoring. My disease was appendicitis, as you know. Publish my name and ask others to write to me and I will answer."

W. F. Hathaway, 85 Nesbert street, Newark, N. J., says: "Dr. Rea, after suffering for thirty years, I have found no treatment equal to yours. I write you these few lines to speak of the excellency of your treatment and I think it but due you."

Dr. O. Caldwell, Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.: "Dr. Rea, I have cured three patients already with your hypodermic injection cure for cancer."

Dr. J. E. Doran, Minneapolis, Minn., uses and indorses Dr. Rea's wonderful cure for cancer.

Rasmussen Paulson, Baldwin, Wis., says Dr. Rea cured him of a cancer of the stomach in three injections.

Miss Ella M. Wood, a trained nurse, Grand avenue, Chicago, writes: "Dr. Rea, when are you coming to Chicago? I have three patients that I want you to treat for cancer."

Mrs. Christ Wethal, 321 Halifax street, West Duluth, Minn., cured of cross eyes in five minutes.

Mrs. Alexander Swanson, Oakes, N. D., cured of bad cancer of the face. Had had it cut out and it came back. Three of Dr. Rea's injection treatments cured her.

S. M. Moore, Gladstone, N. D., writes: "Dr. Rea, you cured my son over a year ago. I have another sick boy and want you to doctor him."

Fred L. Dicker, Gilby, N. D., cured of disease of the kidney. Was very bad. A few months' treatment completely cured him.

Mrs. Maurice Miller, Beaver, Minn., cured of epilepsy.

Mrs. N. C. Olson, East Grand Forks, Minn., cured of big knee, varicose vein and rheumatism.

O. H. Larson, Bue, N. D., cured of chronic rheumatism.

Miss Emma Geving, McIntosh, Minn., cured of consumption.

W. H. Nulph, Wyndmere, N. D., cured of cancer of the face in two treatments.

Martha Willhelm, Rt. No. 5, Minneapolis, Minn., cured of long standing epilepsy.

Joe McGowan, St. Anthony Park, Minn., cured of gall stones of the liver. Doctors said he would die. Dr. Rea cured him in three months.

Charles Grondysee, Slayton, Minn., cured of consumption by Dr. Doran with Dr. Rea's celebrated cure for consumption.

Mrs. Nels Carlson, Buffalo, Minn., cured of large cancer of the breast. Cured by the hypodermic injection plan discovered by Dr. Rea. There is no failing with this treatment.

Dr. Rea, the noted specialist, will make his sixtieth visit to Duluth, at the Hotel Spalding, April 23rd from 9 a. m., until 3 p. m. One day only. This visit of Dr. Rea will give his many patients a chance to consult him close to their homes. Consultation and examination to those interested $1.00.

AT THE CHURCHES.

Services and Sermon Subjects For Sunday.

At Oneota Methodist Episcopal church, corner Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, Rev. E. K. Copper, the pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. The theme of the morning sermon will be "Blessings Changed to Curses," and the evening topic, "The Evolution of a Sinner." Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. and Epworth league at 7 p. m.

* * *

Services will be held in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. Adolph Salverson, pastor.

* * *

At the Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, there will be Sunday school at 10:30 a. m., and evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m. The subject of the sermon will be "One Person's Power." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

* * *

Plymouth Congregational church, church, Fifty-fourth avenue west and Bristol street, Rev. H. W. Johnson, pastor. Morning service, 10:30. Subject, "Oneness in Christ." Evening service, 7:30. Subject, "Life's Greatest Mistake." Sunday school at 12. Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30.

* * *

At the Swedish Baptist church there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The Sunday school meets at 12 m. Missionary G. Nygren will preach in the morning. In the evening the Swedish Christian church will join, when Editor Rev. Heimer, of Minneapolis, will deliver the sermon, and Missionary Miss Agnes Ostergren leads the song service. The choir will also give some selections.

* * *

At the Proctor M. E. church, Mrs. La Tourney and Mrs. Gilbert will speak on the work of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society. Mrs. Gilbert will sing. Services will begin at 11 a. m. Epworth league service will be held at 7 p. m. Evening service at 8 o'clock, will be followed by communion service.

* * *

At the Asbury M. E. church, Rev. J. C. Hartley, the pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "The Vine and its Branches." Sunday school will meet at 11:45 a. m. and Junior league at 3 p. m. Epworth league will meet at 6:45 p. m. with Miss Loretta Smith as leader. At 7:30 p. m. Miss Annie E. Robbins, a national lecturer and organizer of the W. C. T. U., will speak.

* * *

There will be services conducted by the pastor, Rev. O. M. Saevig, in the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Wadena street, Sunday evening at 7:45 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m.

* * *

West Duluth Baptist church, Arthur J. Hoag pastor. Topics for tomorrow—10:30 a. m., "In His Steps;" 7:45 p. m., "God's Answer to the Doubter." Sunday school at 12 m. B. Y. P. U. at 7 p. m.

* * *

Rev. Clinton W. Lowrie, of Cloquet, brother of the pastor, W. J. Lowrie, will preach in the Westminster Presbyterian church Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. His subject will be "The Tragedy of the Soul."

BALL SEASON TO OPEN.

Te amateur baseball season will be opened tomorrow afternoon, when the regular West Duluth team and the Second avenue aggregation will meet on the diamond at the foot of Fifty-second avenue west. This will be the first game to be played in Duluth this year.

The Fifty-second avenue grounds, being very sandy, are in fair condition, and a good exhibition is looked for. These two teams played a game last summer and it took eleven innings to decide it. The final score stood 5 to 6, in favor of Second avenue, but it is claimed the result would have been different had it not been for the fact that some of the regular West Duluth team's best men were playing with the victors.

STRUCK BY STREET CAR.

A team and wagon belonging to William Chesney was struck by a street car on the Grand avenue line shortly after 11 o'clock this morning, the accident occurring in the vicinity of Fifty-sixth avenue west. The wagon was badly smashed and the driver, John Brayden, who is only sixteen years of age, was cut and bruised about the face. No bones were broken and it is not thought that his injuries will result seriously. Although one of the horses was knocked off its feet by the shock of the collision, it was only slightly hurt.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Maud Lovelace and Clement Clementson were married last evening at the residence of the bride's mother, 503 North Fifty-ninth avenue west, Rev. W. J. Lowrie officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Clementson will remove to Dubuque, Ia., shortly where they will take up their permanent residence.

New fancy negligee shirts, $1.00, $1.50.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Arnold Johnson came down from Tower yesterday.

New patent leather shoes $3.50 and $5.00.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

W. Lovelace left for the range on a business trip last evening.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

Stetson, Blake and Gordon Hats, new blocks.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

P. Gilbert has returned from Hawthorne, Wis., where he has been engaged during the winter months getting out ties by contract.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

Mr. and Mrs. William Clark arrived in the city yesterday from Milwaukee, to visit at the home of Mr. Clark's mother, Mrs. Sarah Clark.

Chapter 59, West Duluth Masons is busy this afternoon conferring the degrees on a class of candidates from the range. The ceremonies will not be completed before midnight, it is expected.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

Beautiful sailor, Norfolk, Russian, blouse and 3-piece suits, $1.95 to $5.95.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Dr. Burnside offers several houses for sale, ranging from $700 to $1700.

The headquarters of the superintendent of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, J. W. Kreitter, will be moved Monday from the Wolvin building to Proctorknott. Mr. Kreitter and two or three clerks will have their offices at that point in the future instead of in Duluth.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone, 3070.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Charles A. Marshall.

THE EVENING HERALD
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE.

It is expected that the New York state convention, to be held next week, will instruct the delegates to the Democratic national convention to vote for Judge Alton B. Parker as the nominee for president of the United States. Should this expectation be realized, as now appears to be almost a certainly, the Democrats of other states who have been awaiting the action of New York will not hesitate to follow the lead of the Empire state. Massachusetts has already declared in favor of the nomination of Richard Olney, who was one of the greatest secretaries of state that this country has seen, but it is understood that after one or two complimentary votes for Mr. Olney, the Bay state delegation will swing into line for Parker. The South will be for any conservative candidate whom New York wants—and that means Parker. The attitude of the Southern Democrats has been clearly expressed by Clark Howell, national committeeman from Georgia, in these words: "It seems to be a foregone conclusion that the New York state convention will on Monday instruct for Judge Parker for president. If this is done the question of the Democratic presidential nomination will be settled, with the probability that no other name than Judge Parker's will be offered to the St. Louis convention." This is not unlikely to prove correct. The Parker boom is spreading so rapidly that all other candidates may be dropped long before the national convention meets. Such pivotal states as Indiana and New Jersey will be in the Parker column. Hearst has been overwhelmingly defeated in the primaries already held in Indiana, where Hon. Thomas Taggart, frequently mentioned as the next Democratic national chairman, is leading the Parker forces. New Jersey, where Hearst was badly beaten, has sent an uninstructed delegation that will naturally vote for the New York candidate. Kentucky has surrendered to Parker, and even Kansas, which gave Hearst a complimentary resolution, will not vote for him at St. Louis.

An attempt has been made to create the impression that Judge Parker is not acceptable to those who are known as Bryan men. The most enthusiastic supporters of Judge Parker in New York and Indiana, as well as in other states, are Democrats who fought hard to elect Mr. Bryan. National Committeeman Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, who was one of Mr. Bryan's closest political friends, is a strong advocate of Parker's nomination, as is National Committeeman "Tom" Taggart of Indiana, whose earnest work in behalf of Mr. Bryan in the last two presidential campaigns is known to every Democratic leader. Judge Parker's own standing in the party, as far as regularity is concerned, is thoroughly established. He voted for Mr. Bryan in 1896 and 1900. When Judge Parker, in 1897, came before the people of New York, inquiry was made as to his regularity in 1896. The question then raised was then answered. The reply he made at that time was as follows:

> New York, Sept. 20, 1897.—Hon. Elliott Danforth, chairman of the Democratic state committee: My Dear Danforth—It was entirely right for you to bring to my attention the question which the sincere friends of Mr. Bryan are pressing upon you. I can say to you frankly and sincerely that you can assure them that I voted for the last national nominees of the Democratic party, as I have voted for all regular Democratic nominees since I had a vote. Yours very sincerely, ALTON B. PARKER.

That this answer was satisfactory to the voters of the Empire state was proven by the plurality of 60,889 in the year immediately following the Republican landslide with a quarter of a million plurality. It is unnecesary for Judge Parker to say more now than then. And while thus entitled to support of all Bryan men on the ground of regularity, Judge Parker has the additional advantage of attracting the support of all factions of the party and of the independent voters, without whose votes no Democrat can be elected to the presidency, he has held aloof from party contentions on the demand of high judicial duties. His party record is unblemished by bolting or sulking, yet as a judge he has held himself free from partisan bias and entanglements. A typical Democrat, believing in all the party's great principles and loyal to all its popular traditions, sound and conservative, Judge Parker, at this juncture in the history of the republic, is an ideal candidate for president. The choice of the New York Democrats, who feel confident that he can unite the party and win the thirty-nine electoral votes of the Empire state, and of the other states that will furnish the Democratic votes in the electoral college, Judge Parker should be the choice of every Minnesota Democrat who hopes for the success of his party in the coming campaign.

MORE THAN MONEY NEEDED.

The reason that William R. Hearst is entitled to the credit of possessing large ability because of his financial success in the publication of metropolitan newspapers, which success has been attained in spite of his possession of unlimited capital, rather than as a consequence thereof, is shown in the failure of Frank A. Munsey to attain success in that field after two and a half years of strenuous effort.

Munsey had made a great record as a publisher of magazines and had acquired an independent fortune as a result. His magazine business is still a very profitable one. But some time ago he got the notion into his head that he could make an equal success in the daily newspaper field. As a starter he purchased the New York Daily News, at the time a moderately successful publication, and started in with a great flare of trumpets, announcing his ultimate intention of establishing a chain of dailes that would reach from one end of the country to the other. Munsey now announces that within a month he will sever his connection entirely with the News, and in explaining his failure to make the paper a success, said:

"I have resorted to every expedient I knew to make the paper successful, but I have been met with the remarkable proposition that at each fresh expenditure of considerable money the circulation, instead of increasing, has decreased. I do not care to run a newspaper along the lines which once made the News successful, and consequently I am going to leave."

This should serve to disabuse the minds of many people of the idea that success in the publication of daily papers is assured by the possession of unlimited capital. Munsey was possessed of plenty of money; money that he had made himself, and yet he acknowledged defeat, although his money was acquired by his ability as a publisher in another field.

Success in the daily newspaper field requires the ability to discern the requirements of a constituency and to fill those requirements. That is all. But that taxes the ablest minds, and all the millions in the world cannot make a success where that ability is lacking.

NEW ZEALAND'S PROSPERITY.

In a series of articles on the Socialistic government of New Zealand, published in contemporary newspapers, Professor Frank Parsons of the Boston law college makes a very good showing of the benefits derived from these reforms by the country as well as the people. A recent article mentions, among others, the following measures that have been for some time in operation:

Life, accident and fire insurance at cost by the state.

Postoffice savings banks.

Public ownership of railways.

Old-age pensions for the veterans of labor, as well as for the veterans of war.

State operation of coal mines to hold down the coal trust.

Abolition of the contract system in the construction of public works, thus doubling wages in many cases.

In spite of free and frequent predictions of disaster and failure that would surely follow the adoption of these measures, Professor Parsons asserts that nothing of the kind has happened, and that as a result of these things, New Zealand is today the richest country in the world per capita, both labor and capital being prosperous, and that there is no desire on the part of any class to return to former conditions.

To many people who do not thoroughly understand their import, socialism and paternalism in government affairs have always appeared as a great bugaboo, which would effectually abolish initiative and individual effort and reduce everybody to a dead level of mediocrity. The experience of New Zealand has certainly furnished evidence that these fears are groundless.

It is shown that the capitalists there have discovered that just as it pays to care for and improve the machinery employed in production, so it pays even better to care for and improve the laborers employed in production. The experience of the United States in competing industrially with other countries also proves that well-paid labor is the cheapest labor in the end, because thereby the production per capita is so largely increased that the American manufacturer can afford to compete with and undersell the employers of lower-priced labor in other countries.

There is a well-founded belief in the public mind today that the great railroad magnates and captains of industry are but paving the way for future conditions in the United States similar to those now existing in New Zealand. They are teaching the public by practical example the great benefits to be derived from combination and cooperation, and while they naturally take the lion's share for themselves, this fact will lead the people all the more quickly to see the need of nationalizing such industries as are based upon monopoly so that there may be a more equal division of the benefits.

That "social unrest" is the prevailing condition of the American mind is evident. This feeling finds expression in innumerable ways. The cause is not far to seek. A knowledge of industrial conditions is slowly finding its way to the masses. When the people fully realize the great benefits to be derived from co-operation they will adopt that plan.

FOOD ADULTERATION.

There is no subject of more vital interest to the people of the United States than the matter of food, medicine and liquor adulteration, and yet because of the insidious and secret character of the evil it is one that has received but comparatively little attention.

A paragraph appearing on this page yesterday called attention to some "trade secrets" in the preparation of meat foods in answer to the assertion of a Buffalo paper that such secrets should be kept from general public knowledge. There may be readers who think that The Herald's strictures were rather severe, but there is plenty of evidence sustaining every charge therein implied.

Nearly all of the states have on their statute books what are known as pure food laws, but many of them are ineffective. There is a law on the statute books of the United States preventing the importation of impure food, drugs, liquors, etc., that has been there many years and there is a bill now before the senate extending the provisions of this act to cover interstate commerce.

On March 29, Senator Heyburn of Idaho introduced a resolution instructing the secretary of agriculture to report to the senate all investigations of adulterated foods, drugs and liquors. Speaking in support of that resolution the senator said:

"The question is one that affects the people in their daily home life. It affects their health, their happiness, and the safety of their lives. There is no enemy so dangerous as the one which attacks the health of the people or threatens their life through subtle means of deception and fraud in articles of daily food or daily necessities of life.

"The people who are nearest to the sick, who know most about this question, are the physicians of the country. I have here petitions from practically all of the medical organizations of the United States and from practically every state in the Union. They say in these petitions and in the letters which I have to present to the senate that they can not with certainty any longer write a prescription with full confidence that it is going to have the results they desire attained. They say medicines are adulterated to such an extent that if they write a prescription which provides for a certain proportion or combination of drugs, because one of the drugs contains more or less of the substance which they seek to incorporate into the prescription than it should contain their prescription may have exactly the opposite effect from that which it was intended to have.

"You will find from an examination of Bulletin No. 66, published by the department of agriculture, that more than half of the food that you eat is injuriously adulterated and about half of the other half is misbranded."

During the progress of his address Senator Heyburn was asked by Senator Stewart if the bill was intended to be confined to drugs and medicines. Upon being assured that it would cover foods as well, Senator Stewart said:

"Nearly all the people are sick on account of adulterated foods.

"I was going to say that the bill ought to be so framed as to reach the general subject of ptomaine poisoning. That poison is generated in the beef that is killed in one place and scattered over the country. The physicians now call it acute colic, acute indigestion, heart failure, etc. I have seen how people act when they have been affected by ptomaine poison. I have seen them on the streets and in the hotels, going around complaining as to their condition.

"I think it is important that the people should at an early day know how generally they are being poisoned by beef being killed in one place, kept for months and years, and then sent over the country gathering ptomaine poison, which the people all over the country eat every day. That is a thing that should be investigated."

Yet in the face of all these facts we find newspapers actually advocating the prevention of such "trade secrets" being made public. There is no greater crime against the people than is committed by the perpetrators of these adulterations, and efficient laws to prevent should not only be passed but they should be stringently enforced.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Capt. Hobson does not find politics quite as easy as girls.

* * *

Because Governor Garvin of Rhode Island called on Tom Johnson at Cleveland on his way to attend the Iroquois club banquet at Chicago, the story is in circulation that Garvin is to be a dark horse candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination, and that Johnson will support him. In that event he would probably continue to be a dark horse.

* * *

The Hon. Bourke Cockran makes the positive statement that Mr. Cleveland "is the only Democrat that can be elected." Some people may think that this statement will return to plague him when he goes on the stump as an advocate of the election of the nominee. But it will not. The people will have forgotten it by that time. It is doubtful if he will even remember it himself.

* * *

Many people who object to the destruction of birds, on the ground that it is cruel, do not care a continental how many mosquitos are killed.

* * *

What will mean man think of next? In a New York theater the following notice is posted: "Old ladies who fear they will take cold need not remove their hats." Such a sign as that would remove a hat from a bald head.

* * *

While it may be denied that J. Pierpont Morgan has earned a vacation, a great many purchasers of industrial stocks ought to be glad when he takes one.

* * *

Those Lakesiders are again worrying about their car service. Tut, tut! Why not take life easy and admire the beauties of nature as we pass? What is a cold dinner compared with an ample opportunity to view the beautiful landscape on one side and the harmonious icescape on the other. This hustle and bustle and worry is damaging to the health, and injurious to digestion.

* * *

The S. S. Kentucky is in dry dock, so there's nothing in a name.

TALKS WITH THE STATE PRESS.

The Minneapolis Journal is gradually getting squared around so that it can rally to the support of Roosevelt and "stand-patism" without a seeming desertion of its stand for tariff revision and reciprocity. In a recent issue the Journal said:

> It must be conceded that the "stand-patters" have the ball just now, but this is a case in which time is an element. Just now the Republican party nowhere appears to be ready to tackle the tariff question. It is laid aside until after the presidential election. But there is every reason to believe that this is only a temporary arrangement; that the Republicans, not only in Minnesota, but of the West generally, are determined that, with the election out of the way, the leaders of their party shall pay some heed to the tariff reform sentiment within it, and that this matter shall have a fair hearing at the next session.

What a reasonable conclusion! There is no more chance for tariff reduction in the next congress if the Republicans win than there is for a snowball in the infernal regions. And the Journal knows it. The party is irrevocably committed to the "stand pat" attitude no matter how much Roosevelt, the Republican voters and the Journal might desire the contrary policy.

* * *

> Personally the Union man does not care a farthing over his defeat as a national convention delegate, but he does care to have the Republicans of Anoka so coldly turned down.

Editor Pease makes this tearful remark. Poor, dear, Republicans of Anoka county, how our torn and lacerated heart bleeds for thee.

* * *

The Red Wing Republican has an editorial headed: "Bankers, the City Is Yours." That may be true, but what is the use of making the matter so public?

HOTEL GOSSIP

Major William Gerlach, after the inspection of the national guard at the Armory last night, took a train for his home in St. Paul. He said the inspection was a fine one in every respect.

"It was excellent, and the whole program of the evening highly creditable," he said. "The battalion drill, guard mount and band inspection were splendid, and I hope you will say in your paper that it is a very nice thing for your city to provide the national guard with quarters such as it has. There are other cities that might do it that do not take the interest in it that Duluth does, and it speaks well for you."

* * *

Edward Zinn insists that he is not an Irishman, and that he never had anyone suspect him of being a native of the land of peat and blarney until he struck Duluth last week. Mr. Zinn is a traveling man who hails from New York and when he got to Duluth Friday he put up at the Spalding where he was assigned to room 208. He was not feeling very well in the evening, so retired early, hoping that he would be feeling better in the morning and able to do business with his accustomed vigor. He had just settled himself for the night when he heard a knock at the door. As he had no engagement and did not want any, save with Morpheus, he thought he would play possum. So he lay quiet, hoping the disturber would walk away in peace, or be seized with apoplexy or something that would take his attention from the door to No. 208. But the knocker became insistent and finally Zinn replied to the knock.

"I want to see you," yelled the intruder, in rough tones.

"Who are you?"

"Never mind. I'm onto you. Open up."

"What is it? Who are you?"

"You're Mike Reilly and I want to see you."

"Well, you get another guess. I am not Mike Reilly and I don't want to see you."

Parleying only aggravated the case, for the stranger would not leave, so Zinn arose and went to the door, afraid every minute that he would get pneumonia or something, owing to his fragile raiment.

He found the visitor to be a young man who said he had been out with some friends, for whom he was looking, and from information he had been given, was led to believe that one of the crowd that he was seeking had registered under an assumed name, taken room 208 and gone to bed. Since the incident Mr. Zinn has been wondering if the incident was a joke on him or the stranger, or both, for he fears that maybe some practical joking friend of his own may have made a double play by putting the youth on a false trail.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Davis and Ernest S. Erdman were among Carlton people here yesterday. They were guests of the St. Louis.

* * *

Mrs. William Scriven and Miss Dolly Scriven, of Aitken, breakfasted this morning at the St. Louis.

* * *

On a windy morning a few days since a well-to-do lumberman who was stopping at a hostelry on Superior street had an experience with old Boreas that will not slip his mind for some moons to come. He was in town for a good time, and He was having it. Incidental to this good time he acquired a new hat, a soft article of magnificent dimensions and a bentle hue that attracted all the girls.

While walking around in the morning in addition with the hat on, answering inquiries about it and accepting congratulations on its size and beauty, he became pretty well in the humor for irrigating his food area, and invited all hands to the bar. During the course of the drinking he admitted that the hat had retarded him just six dollars in the financial race and that he was not a bit ashamed of the fact.

They all joked him about the high price of his headgear, and began referring to it as a "lid," "skypiece," "rainshed," "tent," "balloon," and others equally undignified. He finally got tired of the chaffing and said he would shake the crowd, the finally did so, and started out the front door, not anticipating the strong wind which was then in full sway. It caught the magnificent hat and lifted it as it would a feather.

It was a sort of whirlwind and handled that has as though the hat had its own ideas and other geometrical feats, in the meantime going surely and steadily upward, while its owner looked after it in dismay. After it had gone as far as it pleased it took a sudden course sideways and disappeared on the roof.

The owner hurried into the hotel and offered a reward of a dollar for anyone who would get his property for him, and a porter was dispatched to the top of the house, where he found the beautiful hat lying in a sloppy gathering of snow and mud, right side down with care. He rescued it and took it down to the office and got his dollar.

The owner was assured that the hat originally landed on top of a chimney and stuck there until poked off with a stick when it fell into the dirt. This was by way of crediting the hat with unusual intelligence. It being claimed that the hat knew the mud puddle was there and intendeavoring to avoid it chose the chimney for a landing place. The owner was inclined to doubt the intelligence side of the argument, although he believed that the hat did land on the chimney.

The friends of the story claim, however, that considerable intelligence ought to be found in any six dollar hat. As it stands so far as learned the hat cost nearly ten dollars, six originally, one for the rescue and possibly two or more for cleaning, although the last amount has not been settled. Not that the owner is hard up, but the hat man is behind with work and has not been able to do the job.

P. S. This is the clerk's story, and the reporter disclaims all credit.

* * *

At the Spalding: A. E. Pfremmer, Mrs. O. B. Warren, Hibbing; Mrs. Van Noistand Merrill, Wis.; F. W. Ferguson, W. B. Moon, E. Buckey, Chicago; T. J. Golden, Rochester; S. R. Kirby and wife, Hibbing; A. S. Farnam, La Crosse; A. B. Lowrie, Detroit; H. M. Smith; F. M. Barnard, W. G. Gangelhoff, W. S. Mathews, J. Julian McGill, E. B. Rogers, A. W. Van Hofften, Minneapolis; W. H. Powell, Milwaukee; George Bancroft, Cincinnati; Miss Farmer, Hibbing; G. W. Davis, Detroit; William Bourgoin, Weser, Idaho; J. F. Geuber, St. Paul; W. P. Bacon, Boston.

At the St. Louis: J. S. Ingersoll, St. Paul; Fred W. Radcliffe, Minneapolis; L. W. Hoffman, Green Bay; John oGebel, Boston; F. J. Armen, Green Bay, O. F. Wissler, Minneapolis; Joseph Backus, Martin Nelson, P. R. Vail, Ely; Elmer Harris, Hibbing; E. E. Capps, C. W. Slocum, A. F. McDermott, Minneapolis; P. L. and R. R. Murkland, Boston; C. M. Erskine, Cloquet; F. L. Berry, F. T. Sullivan, H. W. Cary, St. Paul; J. W. Allyan, H. W. Cary, St. Paul; J. W. A. Courtemanche, Montreal; M. LeNevius, Winona; George Munford, Two Harbors; E. J. Stuerwald, Two Harbors; C. L. Judd, Saginaw; W. F. Stapleford, Milwaukee; A. T. Sullivan, St. Paul; Patrick McClory, Eveleth; P. Lavell, J. A. Ryan, Nick Costello, Marquette; Walter Grover, Ashland; H. V. Wyman, B. I. Waldo, Iron River; J. B. Kehl, Chippewa Falls; H. W. Sly, St. Paul; P. F. Deveraux, Anoka; C. M. Stewart, Kelsey; J. F. O'Brien, Cloquet; E. C. Humes, Fargo, N. D.; S. S. Quinn, Alcorn; G. O. Henning, Hibbing; J. H. Chishoim, Cloquet; F. H. Ryers, St. Paul; F. E. Ignace; P. J. McCann, St. Paul; F. E. Little, Minneapolis; O. E. Erickson; M. E. Roche, Alpena, Mich.; G. F. Weishons, Stillwater; J. S. Donohue, Marquette.

At the McKay: W. G. Carlton, Grand Rapids; Charles O. Gilrain, Davenport; W. J. Jolly, Tower; T. E. Thomas, C. F. Albrecht, Minneapolis; J. W. Whiting, Escanaba; F. C. Whitney, Hibbing; Floyd Townsend and wife, Tower; John Lundberg, Two Harbors; Sim Colpe and wife, Bennson; James Carrall, Hilbert, Wis.; Charles V. Ellis, Winton.

IT WAS A FAMOUS VICTORY.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: There is a nursery rhyme to the effect that the king of France once had a hundred thousand men, he marched them up to the top of a hill—then marched them down again. The attorney general of the state with two distinguished aides has just completed almost as martial and equally as effective a campaign against the Northern Securities company. As the smoke of yesterday's decision lifts, Gen. Douglas, Gen. Munn and Gen. Wilson are visible not at the crest but at the bottom of the hill.

A glance at the struggle reveals the following salient facts: The state's suit was originally brought in the district court of Ramsey county. The Securities company removed the case from the state court to the United States circuit court on the ground that the complaint alleged not only the violation of the state law but of the national anti-trust act. The attorneys for the state did not move to have the case remanded to the state court, but stipulated with the attorneys of the Securities company that if the latter would put in an appearance for the Securities company, they would not move to remand. The Northern Securities company stipulated that in the event of the case being remanded by the United States court to the state court, the appearance of the Northern Securities company should be withdrawn, that all proceedings in the case, including the taking of evidence, should go for nothing, and that the case should stand just where it was when the summons and complaint were served and before the answer was filed, leaving the Northern Securities company the right to move to dismiss the service upon it and the action against it on the ground that it was a foreign corporation, without property in the state and not subject to the jurisdiction o fthe latter's courts.

Upon the argument of the case in the appeal to the supreme court that court questioned the attorneys for the state upon the subject of the right to take the appeal and the right to take the removal. The state subsequently submitted to the court a brief upon the subject of removal and contended that the case was properly removed.

The United tSates supreme court yesterday did not pass upon the merits of the case, nor did it review or reverse Judge Lochren's diclsion, but it did decide that the case was not removable and remanded it to the state court. The practical result is that all that has been done in the case by the state, since the service of the summons and complaint, has gone for nothing. All the money expended for special counsel and for the taking of testimony has been without value. The case now stands just as it was when the summons and complaint was served, with the Northern Securities company having the right to move to dismiss the service on the ground that it is a foreign corporation nothing will have been accomplished. It it should appear and answer none of the evidence taken in the case, owing to the stipulation entered into by the state's attorneys, can be considered unless the parties so stipulate, which in all probability they will not do.

So after two years the case is just where it was when the complaint was served. The state, however, isn't just where it was—it is out $25,000. Experience is said to be valuable and it would be interesting to know at just what amount the state board would now appraise this $25,000 investment. It is a comforting thought, however, to believe that while the state has not received any benefit from this appropriation, that the money did a great deal of personal good. Two years of fruitless effort, of theatric claims, of political posing and thousands of dollars spent without avail, can be summed up in that well-known line: "The mountains labored and brought forth a mouse."

GOOD-BYE, MR. HEARST!

Louisville Courier-Journal: The Courier-Journal was first among the newspapers of the country to decline the policy of disdainful silence with which the appearance of Mr. Hearst as a pretender to the Democratic presidential nomination was to be ignored and belittled by the ground and lofty tumblers of the spread-eagle press. It was at the same time prompt to stigmatize the assaults upon his character and habits. The truth is that Mr. Hearst's private antecedents have been no worse at their worst, but on the contrary in many ways much better, than those of the average young millionaire; whilst it remains perennially true that personal abuse, though founded on fact, is a two-edged sword and of doubtful efficacy even when skillfully used.

The occasion did not require, or justify, methods so drastic. We contented ourselves with pronouncing the suggestion of Mr. Hearst preposterous except as a clever scheme of advertising; in the character of a serious claim to public consideration, as a kind of insanity. All that has happened verifies these impressions. They were indeed at the outset, based upon the surmise that, if Mr. Hearst were a person of real ability and merit, if he possessed any sense of the fitness of things and the actualities of the situation, he would not commit himself to a program doomed in advance not only to failure, but to ignominy.

It was safe to assume that the nomination could not be bought, like a bill of goods, directly out of hand—but, in case it could be, as the result of moribund party conditions—an election was out of the question. In the end, Mr. Hearst would have both the outlay and the discredit for his pains. Under the circumstances surrounding him, therefore, what would a sane man, having a fortune and a seat in congress, but no record in public life that might be clearly called his own, proceed to do to give his unusual opportunities their best fruition? Assuredly, he would not announce himself a candidate for president of the United States, and, instead of taking the field himself, send out a body of fiscal agents to buy up the various state delegations to the national convention. He would not make public proclamation of his purpose. He would not put his heart on exhibition. Such things indicate the workings of an unsound mind, if not a depraved nature, and those who knew the father and mother of this young man, refuse to believe the son of George and Phebe Hearst is pervert. Yet in pursuing these phantoms of a disordered fancy, he deliberately invokes the rays of a searchlight into matters, which, however defensible may be the facts, cannot be explained without that which a sensitive and sane man would regard in many ways humiliating. There is bound to be a screw loose somewhere.

The Hearst newspapers, in spite of their grotesque features, have been conductd with a certain logical, if reprehensible, force. They preach a certain consistent gospel and sometimes they preach it with eloquence and power. Unfortunately for Mr. Hearst's pretensions, this gospel is not Democracy. It is Socialism. How much Mr. Hearst has to do with the actual editing, the thinking and the writing, nobody can tell because nobody is permitted to know Mr. Hearst. He is personally a stranger on the floor of the house of which he is a member. He is personally a stranger to the social life and in the busy marts of the city which he calls his home. He has no official training in public affairs; no visible aptitude for political intercourse; no distinct individuality outside his checkbook. That such a man should propose himself for president of the United States and spend great sums of money in the work of organizing a campaign resting solely upon money, can be—if not the shrewd advertising scheme of a Barnum or a Munyon—the emanation of a distempered mind. Such a bubble was bound to burst. Every one must see that it has burst.

The Courier-Journal, which has only good will, certainly no ill will, for Mr. Hearst, was not at the outset impressed by a movement, of whose impendency it had been long advised, and, as it has progressed, we have seen no reason to change our opinion with regard to it. It never had any real vitality. At one time it looked as though by the aid of Mr. Hearst's money, Mr. Bryan might be able to secure a third of the convention. The most sanguine friends of the Nebraskan begin to realize that this hope is now quite dissipated. If Mr. Hearst's name goes before the convention and he gets more than a hundred votes we shall be greatly surprised. A vote for Mr. Hearst implies too much and will prove too retroactive to tempt many even of the more insensible and mercenary of those who are in politics for what they expect of its emoluments; because no one can give such an aspirant for such a place except that he has his money in his pocket.

The Democratic party is not yet a marketable quantity, nor will its delegates in the next national convention be chopped off like mutton cutlets by the hand of any butcher wielding a cleaver of gold. The Hearst papers have had a world of advertising. But Mr. Hearst has given his career such a black eye, has inflicted such a wound upon his higher ambitions, if he has any, as he will not be able to outlive in a generation, even should he later along show himself a man of approved ability and signal merit. We are entirely sincere in saying that we could have wished him better things.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: When a man never wants to go fishing it is a sign that he has given up drinking.

The nice thing about girls' fitting schools is that they don't know too much when they come out.

A girl calls it mighty clever of her to send flowers to herself to make the girl next door sick with envy.

A woman has an idea that a man ought to like the froth of his beer best because it looks so much like a real lace trimming.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 16.—Temperatures are colder in Rocky mountain districts, central and southern states, the line of freezing weather extending westward through the Ohio valley, Missouri, Kansas and Colorado and thence northward. Killing frosts occurred at Kansas City, and other places in Kansas this morning. The barometer is high over the Dakotas this morning and low over British Columbia, Utah and off the north Atlantic coast, with a heavy storm prevailing in the latter district, New York city experiencing a 72-mile per hour wind last night. Light falls of snow or rain occurred to the eastward of the Mississippi river and in the far West and Northwest.

The following are the minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	44	Medicine Hat	20
Battleford	18	Memphis	36
Bismarck	16	Miles City	26
Boston	32	Milwaukee	20
Buffalo	26	Minnedosa	10
Calgary	18	Modena	34
Charleston	64	Montgomery	62
Chicago	22	Moorhead	16
Cincinnati	32	New Orleans	60
Davenport	24	New York	42
Denver	26	North Platte	22
Detroit	22	Oklahoma	36
Dodge City	28	Omaha	24
Duluth	16	Pittsburg	32
Edmonton	22	Port Arthur	14
El Paso	50	Portland	48
Escanaba	16	Qu'Appelle	12
Galveston	70	Rapid City	16
Green Bay	14	San Francisco	52
Havre	22	Santa Fe	34
Helena	16	Shreveport	62
Houghton	18	Spokane	32
Huron	14	St. Louis	32
Jacksonville	64	St. Paul	20
Kamloops	42	Sault Ste. Marie	14
Kansas City	30	Swift Current	12
Knoxville	40	Washington	48
La Crosse	24	Williston	16
Lander	22	Winnemucca	50
Los Angeles	48	Winnipeg	16
Marquette	20		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Fair tonight and probably Sunday. Rising temperature. Fresh northerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, April 16.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Fair and continued cold tonight. Sunday fair with slowly rising temperature.

Minnesota—Fair tonight probably followed by unsettled weather Sunday. Slowly rising temperature.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight. Increasing cloudiness Sunday. Moderating temperature.

SATURDAY NIGHT TALK

The City Beautiful.

Signs multiply that the cities of this land are more and more disposed to think seriously and act wisely in behalf of their outward adornment. Washington, the capital, has been a model and inspiration in this particular, and the whole country takes just pride in its spacious boulevards, lovely parks and noble architecture, and hopes to see improvements go on until it is "par excellence" the city beautiful of this country. The recent appointment of a representative commission to consider the beautifying of New York city is significant. Fifty years ago such a proposition would not have been even broached, and prominent citizens would not have been willing to give their time and energy to further it.

But with the advance of civilization, with the increasing general appreciation of beauty, our cities are coming to see what the next forward step should be. To build and fill great warehouses and elevators, to erect here and there a skyscraper in total disregard of architectural uniformity, to leave ugly bill boards with flaming advertisements in close proximity to handsome blocks is now seen to be a defiance of the just demands of beauty and of order. The plague spots must in time go, the noisome tenement houses in which men, women and little children are crowded must come down. The water front must be attractive and not dingy, so that the first impressions of persons landing shall be agreeable. Even the factories, railway stations and the necessary industrial plants of the city must wherever possible be beautified with vines, flowerbeds and shrubbery.

All this will come slowly, of course, but the trend of civilization is surely that way. It means also the growth of democracy. Time was when owners of elegant residences caresd little about the appearance of the city generally. But pride in individual ownership tb being supplemented by a sense of civic responsibility, and the rich man is learning that he cannot wall himself away in his magnificent estate while a quarter or a half a mile away there is some slum reeking with corruption and contagion. We all rise and fall together, as President Roosevelt in one form or another is continually saying. There cannot long be health and happiness at the court end of the town if at the other end of the town there are poverty, want, filth and misery.

This tendency means also a realization that beauty is quite as much an asset of a city as are its chambers of commerce and its humming factories. There is an increasing number of people in this country who are largely influenced in their choice of a home by the relative attractiveness of different places. Money which a city spends for parks and for adornment is by no means to be credited to the charity account. It is a wise investment. In Victor Hugo's story, "Les Miserables," the genial bishop is represented as fondly tending in his leisure hours a garden plot, and, when a chance visitor expresses surprise that one devoted to the church and to good works should so employ himself, the wise prelate replies, "The beautiful is also useful." We in America, where practical and utilitarian ideas have so long held sway, need to grasp the great truth that the eye, the ear and the higher faculties of man demand nourishment day by day just as much as does the stomach.

The realm of beauty and the realm of truth and goodness lie close together, nay, intersect one another. The more in wise ways we beautify our American cities, the better type of citizenship we shall produce. Clean cities, plenty of breathing places, opportunity to look upon beautiful pictures and works of art, sanitary dwellings, make for character. The effect upon children, for instance, of wholesome and attractive surroundings in their school life, their home life and when at play is almost incalculable. You cannot make a city really beautiful without making it better.

The Bible opens with a description of a garden, but it ends with a wondrous picture of a city resplendent with precious stones and into which nothing enters that defileth. The movement of humanity through the ages has been toward this city of God whose citizens of all classes and ranks feel the common instincts of brotherhood and whose outward adornments typify the goodness, the truth and the unselfish love of all its inhabitants.

THE PARSON.

TO SERVE AGAIN

W. A. McGonagle Is Re-Elected President of Commercial Club.

New Vice President But Other Officers All Re-Elected.

The first meeting of the new directors elected last Wednesday was held by the Commercial club at 1 p. m. today, resulting in the choice of the following officers: W. A. McGonagle, president; E. M. Ferguson, first vice president; Frank Crassweller, second vice president; Hubert V. Eva, secretary; Julius H. Barnes, treasurer.

The only new officers are Messrs. Ferguson and Crassweller, the others being re-elected. Mr. McGonagle, in a short talk to the board stated that it had been his desire to be relieved of the office for another year, although it had been made very pleasant for him through the hearty co-operation he had received the past year from all sources. He had been subjected to considerable pressure to serve another year by friends who desired to see the club managed as far as possible for another year by the same people that had been in authority, their belief being that it would be for the best interests of the club to have as little change in the management as possible.

He spoke hopefully of the coming year and said he hoped that it would be one to be remembered in the club's history.

A vote of thanks was passed for the retiring directors. F. A. Patrick and E. L. Mix, who had been renominated, but refused to run, for their services to the club.

NEW ISSUE OF WONDERLAND

New Edition of Northern Pacific Road's Handsome Publication.

This year's "Wonderland," the Northern Pacific's celebrated pictorial magazine, has been distributed, and is a creation of which the company and Olin D. Wheeler, the editor, may well be proud. Among the subjects treated are "The Haunts of Wild Game," "The Lignite Coal Area in North Dakota," "The Yellowstone Park," "Irrigation in the Northwest," and "The Travels of Lewis and Clark."

On the last named subject there is information which is especially interesting, as the Lewis and Clark exposition is to be commemorated the coming year at Portland by a pretentious exposition, one of the best ever held in the far West, which makes a treatment of the subject in Mr. Wheeler's attractive style pertinent at this time. Mr. Wheeler is something of an explorer himself, and penetrated the wilds of the Western country in the primitive way before the Northern Pacific road was completed to the Pacific coast. He is having published by the Putnams, of New York, a book in two volumes, entitled "The Trail of Lewis and Clark, 1804-1904," which will be awaited with interest by anyone interested in the history of the West. The edition will be issued from the standpoint of one who, in studying the subject, has visited many of the places and tribes made memorable by Lewis and Clark, has followed trails and forded streams and climbed mountains, accompanied by photographers, in the very places that Lewis and Clark traveled and camped. The work will illustrate from photographs and especially prepared maps and paintings, and describe the changes of a century.

The article on irrigation is very extensive and interesting and contains a number of illustrations calculated to make those who see them want to go to the irrigation country and sample some of the good things produced in that region. Potatoes, fields, stock, farm and village buildings are all pictured in a homely style that puts one in mind to visit the farm for a while.

One article treats of the greatest park in the world in a comprehensive way, such as to give desirable information to those unfamiliar with the attractive features of the Yellowstone, while another treats of the Northern Pacific's famous train, the "North Coast Limited," which was the first train to get through the last heavy blockade in Montana.

Japan's Wonderful Progress.

Japan within the past generation has made wonderful progress in national development. Her population is 46,000,000 and is growing rapidly. They also possess one of the most efficient fighting forces in the world. The most efficient remedy to fight disease of the stomach, liver and kidneys is the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Victory after victory has been won by its use, and for this particular reason prominent physicians always recommend it to their patients in cases of poor appetite, sleeplessness, nervousness, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, heartburn, colds, la grippe and spring fever. They know from past experience that it always cures. Won't you give it a fair trial at once? Sickly women, too, will find it invaluable as a tonic, strengthener and regulator. Thousands use it with great satisfaction. Try a bottle today.

MAYOR OF WASHTA, IA., SERIOUSLY WOUNDED.

St. Paul, April 16.—A Sioux City, Iowa, special to the Dispatch says: Mayor John Bunn, of Washta, Iowa, was perhaps fatally shot by Harry Thompson, a well digger, whom the mayor had ordered placed under arrest for disorderly conduct. Marshal Wilcox attempted to make the arrest but Thompson resisted and escaped. He then procured a revolver and hunted up the mayor and fired three shots at him, one of which took effect in Mayor Bunn's neck. A mob of 100 men attempted to lynch Thompson but Sheriff Hogan, who took charge of him, got his prisoner on board a train and escaped.

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GREAT WESTERN CONSTRUCTION COMPANY,
Contractors and Builders.
317 LYCEUM BLDG., DULUTH

TIME WAS HIS DOWNFALL.

Stealing Watch Lands Leander Rutta In Jail.

Time was money to Leander Rutta.

Leander is claimed to have swiped a watch, and then to have attempted to dispose of it to an innocent and unsuspecting saloonkeeper. But he chose the wrong saloonkeeper, and the dispenser of liquid refreshment summoned a guardian of the peace to take Leander in charge.

The story of his downfall is brief but sad. Thursday evening he is claimed to have wandered down Paradise alley and to have entered one of the resorts. He saw a tiny gold watch which was lying around without an owner and he is alleged to have picked it up and vamoosed.

"What do I get for the jewelry?" asked Leander of a Lake avenue saloonkeeper.

"Where'd you get it?" asked the drink dispenser, sizing up the tiny lady's watch and the stalwart lumberman, and thinking they didn't hitch.

"My poor dead mother gave it to me on her deathbed."

"Just to save time," said the jocular proprietor, who had a soul above ordinary business cares, "you can go and tell that story to the judge." and he beckoned to Patrolman Weber who was passing.

The owner of the watch has identified her property.

Leander was arraigned on the charge of petty larceny this morning, but said he did not do it.

Thrown From Horse.

W. M. Jeffery, auditor of the Oliver Iron Mining company, was thrown from his horse while attempting to mount him his morning, and severely bruised. The accident occurred near Mr. Jeffery's home on Twenty-first avenue. While it is not expected to result seriously Mr. Jeffery's injuries were sufficient to keep him from the office. The horse is a new one which the owner has been attempting to get properly saddle broke.

Two Are Paroled.

Probate Judge Middlecoff has received word from Superintendent Welch, of the state insane asylum, of the parole from that institution of William Searle and Matt Anderson, both of whom were committed from this county.

Searle was committed June 25, 1902. He had previously made a murderous assault on his niece. He had a habit of talking to himself and of wandering about the streets at night. His examination showed that his insanity came on by spells.

Anderson was committed June 4, 1902. He threatened to kill his family. Anderson's examination showed that he had before had attacks of insanity, and at one time was in a hospital for over a year.

Charged With Robbery.

Pat Egan and William Wall, the two men who are claimed to have robbed William Dalley in a Bowery saloon Thursday night, have been locked up in police headquarters.

They fled to Superior after the alleged robbery, but Egan was brought back last night and William Wall this morning. They were arraigned in the municipal court on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree, and pleaded not guilty. Their hearing was set for Tuesday at 10 a. m.

The two men are claimed to have pinioned Dalley's arms and removed a $10 bill from his pocket.

Fisher Resigns.

E. L. Fisher has put an end to all the discussion created by the investigation of the board of public works into the affair which took place a week ago Monday night at the close of the dance given by the Woodmen, by tendering his resignation as foreman of the chain gang.

The Woodmen claimed that his assault on James Faubister was without provocation, and they prosecuted the matter vigorously with the result that Mr. Fisher claimed that he thought Faubister was insulting his wife.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

La Crosse, Wis., April 16.—Capt. V. A. Bigelow, one of the pioneer steamboat men of the Upper Mississippi and former owner of the Jessie B., Warsaw, Eclipse and other boats, is dead, aged 69 years.

Philadelphia, April 16.—Capt. Robert Linden, formerly superintendent of police of this city, and a famous detective, died at his home here last night of pneumonia after a month's illness. He was 69 years old. He was instrumental in breaking up the notorious Molly McGuire gang.

New York, April 16.—Henry Hobart Porter, for many years commissioner of charities and corrections, is dead at his home on Long Island. He was a close friend of Samuel J. Tilden.

London, April 16.—Samuel Smiles, LL.D., soldier, journalist and railroad man, is dead.

BURTON SECLUDED.

Has Been In St. Louis For Several Days.

St. Louis, April 16.—It was learned today that United States Senator J. R. Burton, of Kansas, recently convicted in the United States district court for accepting money for the use of his influence to prevent the issuance of a fraud order against the Rialto Grain & Securities company, has been in St. Louis in strict seclusion at the Terminal hotel since Wednesday.

His presence was learned today when he went to the ticket window and made inquiry regarding the time of leaving for his home in Abilene, Kan. He said he would depart tonight.

Senator Burton refused to discuss his case in any manner whatever.

DIVORCES IN DAKOTA

Secured By Iowans Not Recognized In Hawkeye State.

Des Moines, April 16.—Justice Weaver, of the supreme court, in a decision today does not recognize divorces granted in Dakota to Iowans who go to the Northern prairie land for legal separation. In the case of Beeman vs. Beeman, it is held that the husband must pay to his wife one-third of his fortune amassed since the decree of divorce was granted. Mrs. Beeman will receive about $30,000. The case is of unusual interest for the reason that such a decision invalidates many divorces granted Iowans. Under it residence in either of the Dakotas for the statutory period is not satisfactory evidence of a bona fide change of residence.

It pays to advertise in The Herald—ask I. Freimuth.

TO OPPOSE JAPS

Russians Have Twenty Thousand Troops on the Yalu.

Expect to Stop the Japanese Invasion of Manchuria.

Tokio, April 16.—Private advices from Korea confirm the reported massing of twenty thousand Russian troops on the right bank of the Yalu river, with the object of opposing the Japanese invasion of Manchuria. Although it is unknown when and where the Japanese will attempt a crossing of the Yalu, it is still believed that when ready they will force a passage without serious loss.

RUSSIANS MORE PLEASED

Than Formerly With Anglo-French Agreement.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—The papers here, which since the Anglo-French agreement have been distracted first by the holidays and then by the stirring events of the last few days, are now discussing it significantly and in a friendly fashion, finding therein promise of better relations with Great Britain and a new and heavy blow to German prestige, the plan for German hegemony having been already upset by the Russo-Austrian and Franco-Italian agreements. The Russ says:

"For France and perhaps for all Europe, the Anglo-French agreement is a turning point. France was being drawn toward Germany against her will. Emperor William has made it one of the principal tasks of his life to reconcile France to her fate, but besides the Berlin road there is one other open, namely, the London road. French statesmen had long anticipated the moment when they would have to choose between them. Germany is now abandoned to involuntary isolation. France has left her irrevocably. Her complete isolation will now depend upon Russia. If the latter concludes an agreement with Great Britain, Germany's position will be critical. The prospect is so pleasing to Great Britain that she will scarcely place unacceptable conditions before Russia. Great Britain knows that her agreement with France will become friendship if Russia desires to join the call-tion. Germany understands that the Anglo-French agreement will not weaken the dual alliance which it simply supplements."

STRONGLY FORTIFIED.

Position Occupied By Russians on the Yalu.

Seoul, April 16.—No battle has been fought at Wiju. The Russians occupy strongly-fortified positions at Chiu Tien Cheng, on the Manchuria side of the river and about ten miles north of Antung, and on Tiger hill, a rocky promontory jutting out into the Yalu river. The Japanese forces and batteries are screened behind the hill between the river and Wiju.

A recent dispatch from Liao Yang said the Russian intrenchments on the Yalu had been completed. The center of the line of fortified positions is at Antung. The right flank rests at Tatung Kao, about twenty-five miles southwest of Antung and the left at Chiu Tien Cheng. It has been reported that there are about 20,000 Russians composed of infantry, cavalry and artillery at Antung ready to oppose the Japanese if they attempt to cross the river, and a recent dispatch from Tokio says it was known there that the Russians were in force on the Manchurian side of the Yalu.

The major force of the first Japanese army to land in Korea is near Wiju, according to a dispatch from Korea, and the Japanese are said to be landing at Chulson, near the mouth of the Yalu. There have been frequent skirmishes between Russian and Japanese troops in the vicinity of Wiju during the last week.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—A number of foreign ambassadors, acting under instructions, have extended to Russia the condolences of their governments on the Petropavlovsk disaster. Ambassador McCormack did not receive any instructions, but he took occasion to express to Foreign Minister Lamsdorff his personal sympathy with the bereavement of the families of those lost on the ship.

OLD BOILERS BLEW UP.

Admiralty's Explanation of Petropavlovsk Disaster.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—One of the highest authorities at the admiralty makes the following statement to the Associated Press:

You can deny with absolute assurance the reports that the enemy was in any way responsible for the disaster to the Petropavlovsk. Admiral Makaroff never left the harbor without dragging for mines. We believe the Petropavlovsk's boilers blew up. They were of the old Scotch type. We also consider it quite likely that an unexploded Whitehead torpedo caused the Pobieda's injury, as the explosion occurred just at her water line.

Vice Admiral Skrydloff's appointment to command the naval forces at Port Arthur has been received with great satisfaction by both the navy and the public. He is a great favorite with the jackies, who have a song about him. Skrydloff is considered to be one of the ablest seamen and strategists in the Russian navy. He is the natural successor of Makaroff, whose comrade he was during the Turco-Russian war, both distinguishing themselves. The papers unanimously commend the selection in the highest terms.

The Novosti, reviewing the naval situation, argues that there is no cause for despair, the ships left at Port Arthur and Vladivostock still constituting what Capt. Mahan calls "a fleet in being," which leaves the Japanese not free to act. The first two brigades of the nine Siberian rifle brigades have been ordered to be converted into nine divisions, increasing their numerical strength to about 100,000 men.

The Russ prints a sensational telegram from Moscow, saying its correspondent has noticed during the last three days that the Chinese are hurriedly leaving the city, owing, it is resaid, to orders received from China. The report is ridiculed at the Chinese legation here, where it is said that the relations between China and Russia are good, the last cause of friction, regarding the Japanese instructors with the Chinese army, having been satisfactorily removed, as set forth in these dispatches April 14.

"Williams" latest machine motor at Kelly Hardware.

WORST STORM OF THE SEASON

Is Raging In the Adirondacks Country In New York.

Glens Falls, N. Y., April 16.—The whole Adirondacks country today is in the grasp of a blizzard which for severity has not been equaled during the past winter. From ten to fifteen inches of snow fell during the night. The country roads are blocked and traffic on steam and electric lines in this section is delayed.

Schenectady, N. Y., April 16.—A driving snow storm prevailed throughout this section today. All trains on the New York Central from the West were one to two hours late, and the local trolley service was badly hampered. The sleighing was as good as any time in the winter. It has been thirteen years since a snow storm of this severity has been experienced as late as this in April.

Rochester, N. Y., April 16.—A fierce blizzard raged all night here, blocking car lines and making it almost impossible for teams to wade through the drifts. [illegible] of snow fell. The temperature remains low today.

HULL NOT INJURED.

The Battleship Missouri Is In Good Condition.

Washington, April 16.—Rear Admiral Chief of the bureau of navigation today received a telegram from Chief Naval Constructor Capps, who recently was ordered to Pensacola to inspect and report upon the condition of the battleship Missouri as affected by her recent collision with the Illinois and also by the more recent disastrous powder explosion in her aft gun turret. Rear Admiral Capps states that the hull of the ship was not injured by either accident and that the vessel is in good condition outside of the local damage to the electrical apparatus in the after turret, which naturally interferes with the proper operation of the guns in that turret. Although he does not say so, it is assumed by the officers at the department that the insulation of all the wires in the turret was destroyed by the intense heat of the explosion.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL

Will Be Reported to the Senate on Monday.

Washington, April 16.—The senate committee on commerce today considered the river and harbor appropriation bill and it is expected the committee will be ready to report on Monday.

Among the amendments approved by the committee is that which authorizes the making of contracts during 1905 for the improvement of the Mississippi river to the extent of $1,000,000 out of the appropriation made for 1906. No new items of improvement were favored by the committee, but new surveys which have already been acted upon favorably by the senate in the form of resolutions were approved.

TO REVISE PENSION LAWS.

Washington, April 16.—Senator McCumber introduced a bill today providing for the appointment by the president of a commision of three persons to revise the pension laws and report to the next session of congress.

THOUSANDS OF SHEEP DEAD.

Glendive, Mont., April 16.—The melting snows have disclosed thousands of dead sheep on the ranges. The loss by the winter snows, while not unusually heavy, is serious. Hundreds of men are skinning the sheep and burning the remains to prevent an epidemic.

WOULD KILL LOUBET.

Marseilles, April 16.—Three Italians named Giovanni, Carziole and Romini, have been arrested for an alleged conspiracy to kill President Loubet during the president's visit to Italy.

UNITED STATES LEADS.

London, April 16.—In today's parliamentary papers, the secretary of the admiralty says the total tonnage of battleships now building and projected, is as follows: The United States, 296,180; Great Britain, 187,000; Russia, 125,270; Germany, 166,976.

CHURCH DYNAMITED.

Evansville, Ind., April 16.—The Evening Lights church, at Blackburn, has been dynamited. A dynamite stick in an iron tube placed under the front end of the building, exploded, tearing out one end of the church. No one was killed, but several were hurt in the panic.

FOR SALE.

We have 3600 acres of land in Douglas county, Wis., that we can sell at a bargain.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
303 Lonsdale Building.

IF YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS LUNCH

Any time during the day, or after the theater, pay us a visit. Chinese and American dishes served. Everything imported from China. The finest Chinese restaurant in the Northwest.

203½ W. SUPERIOR ST.

Facts You Ought to Know.

1 Season tickets St. Paul or Minneapolis to St. Louis and return $25.50—Sixty-day ticket $21.35—Ten-day ticket $19.20.
2 Fair opens about May 1st, and closes December 1st.
3 Five daily trains to Chicago, each making close connections with St. Louis trains.
4 No extra charge to go via Chicago.
5 Tickets good on the Fast Mail and Pioneer Limited electric-lighted trains.
6 Full information about rates, routes and accommodations will be cheerfully furnished on application to,
W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A.,
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE INDIAN BILL

For Sale of Ceded Lands Is Strongly Opposed.

Modification of Agreement With Dakota Indians Asked.

Washington, April 16.—When the senate met today Mr. Morgan called up and addressed the senate on his resolution for the discharge of the committee on interoceanic canal from consideration of the resolution calling on the attorney general for information relative to the contract for the transfer of the Panama canal.

Mr. Gorman made a plea for the favorable consideration of the resolution, saying it was only fair that the country should be informed as to the details of the transaction.

Before a vote could be taken, Mr. Hale presented a partial report of the conference committee on the naval appropriation bill. The report was agreed to and a further conference requested.

A roll call was ordered on Mr. Morgan's motion and it was lost—ayes 17, noes 38, a party vote.

The bill providing for a modification of the agreement with the Devils Lake reservation Indians in North Dakota so as to permit the sale of the lands ceded at $4.50 per acre and requiring settlers to pay the aggregate sum the Indians shall receive for the entire property was taken up.

There are five other similar bills before the senate affecting other reservations, all of them are opposed by Mr. Dubois and other senators, on the ground that the policy of requiring payment in this manner is a reversal of the settled policy of the government.

Mr. Dubois antagonized the Devils Lake bill, and presented an amendment fixing the minimum price at $2.50 per acre and permitting entries under the homestead law.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 16.—On convening the house today began the consideration of legislation affecting the District of Columbia, fourteen bills being on the calendar.

Among the bills passed was one to incorporate "the American cross of honor."

The lack of interest in district legislation and the consequent hum of conversation on the floor resulted in several sharp reprimands from Speaker Cannon. On one occasions the speaker wielded the gavel vigorously and declared with emphasis that he was trying to hear himself "make a noise," but could not.

Mr. Maddox (Ga.) becoming impatient at the disorder moved facetitiously "that if the gentlemen from Wisconsin (Mr. Babcock) has any other district bills that they be all considered as passed en bloc."

This motion was not taken seriously by the speaker.

At 1:45 consideration of the general deficiency bill was resumed.

Mr. Benton (Mo.) outlined the position of the Democratic party in opposition to the recent executive order making age the evidence of pensionable disability.

FEARS FOR GLAZENAPP

They May Possibly Be Annihilated By the Heroros.

Berlin, April 16.—Colonial circles have been greatly concerned about the Glazenapp column since the report of the battle at Okaharui, German Southwest Africa, which was received at Berlin March 19, as a large party, probably 2000 of the Hereros, defeated at the battle of Onganjira, retreated in the direction where Glazenapp was last heard of. It is feared that his small column of about 350 men have been annihilated by a superior force of the enemy.

Up to a late hour today no details had been received from the scene of the battle of Okatumba, although a dispatch had anxiously been awaited throughout the day.

Among the killed at Okatumba was Captain Von Bagenski.

The recent severe losses in officers and privates, together with the fact that large masses of Hereros are still under arms and capable of resisting German artillery attacks for hours, have created the impression here that a mistake made originally in sending too small a force to Africa. The newspapers now say that the emperor was right when he proposed to send 6000 men under the command of a general. Unfortunately, it is added, the colonial and military authorities caused different counsels to prevail.

BOTKIN SENTENCE POSTPONED.

San Francisco, April 16.—Superior Judge Cook today postponed for two weeks the formal sentence of imprisonment for life of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin for the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning. The delay was granted to afford time for the preparation of a transcript of exceptions made by the defense, which will be used as a basis for a motion for a new trial at the time sentence is imposed.

WORK WILL BE PUSHED.

Philadelphia, April 16.—President Cassat, of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, stated today that the report emanating from Toledo to the effect that orders had been issued to stop all construction on the lines of the company west of Pittsburg, is absolutely untrue. On the contrary, it is said, it is important to the company that the work be pushed through to completion during the present year.

MELLEN SENTENCED.

Denver, April 16.—Herbert F. Mellen was today sentenced to the state penitentiary for a term of four to five years for embezzlement of funds of the International Trust company, of which he was teller. The amount embezzled is estimated to be between $10,000 and $30,000. Mellen was one of the most prominent society and club men in the city.

REACH PARTIAL AGREEMENT.

Washington, April 16.—Conferees on the naval appropriation bill reached a partial agreement today. A disagreement was announced on nearly all of the important amendments.

Duluth Dancing Academy
Axa Bldg., 221-223 West Superior St.

Prof. Ourat will open a spring term for adult beginners, Tuesday, April 19th. Class will meet Tuesdays and Fridays thereafter.

SHIP BADLY HOODOOED

From the Very Day of Its Launching.

A deep and dark mystery is being discussed in these days wherever veterans of the sea gather along South street, says the New York Press. The hoodoo ship Helen Brewer, after a career almost unparalleled in its misfortunes, is officially reported as "missing," which means that all hope for her safety is gone, and that in all likelihood the waters of the ocean have closed over her and all on board.

An uncanny story is told by the most superstitious of the veteran tars of a ghost with a grievance that steadily stalked the ill-fated ship. Despite the scoffing of the landlubbers, these expert spinners of yarns have launched the theory that the Helen Brewer must at last have been boarded by the implacable spirit. While her owners, of course, refuse to pay any attention to this and the other weird stories that are going the rounds, they freely admit that the vessel was strangely unlucky from the day she was launched, and that they never expect to see again either the ship or the persons who sailed on her.

The files of the Maritime Exchange show that the Helen Brewer sailed from Sourabaya, Java, on March 6 last with a cargo of sugar that was sold in this city prior to her arrival. Under ordinary circumstances she should have made the trip in four months, which would have brought her to the Delaware breakwater, where she was to have waited for further orders, some time in July.

The vessel was owned by Charles Brewer & Co., of Boston, whose New York office is at No. 18 Broadway. She was commanded by Capt. William Mahney, a Nova Scotian, who had been in the employ of the firm in various capacities for more than twenty years. The captain's wife sailed with him, and the ship was manned by a crew of eighteen.

The Helen Brewer was a sailing ship of 1500 tons. She seems to have been born, so to speak, under an unlucky star, her misfortunes beginning soon after she was launched in 1882 in a shipyard at Port Glasgow, Scotland. While she was lying alongside a quay taking on ballast preparatory to her maiden trip across the Atlantic, she turned turtle without a moment's warning.

Several thousand pounds were spent in the legal fight that followed this first mishap. It took the British Marine Salvage company seventeen days to raise the ship. Charles Brewer & Co. contended that she had not in reality been delivered by the builders, and that therefore the builders were responsible for the damages. The case was fought through the courts for several years and finally decided in favor of the builders.

Following this significant beginning of her career, the Helen Brewer soon became famous for getting into mischief that made her thoroughly acquainted with wreckers, speculative tugs and other nautical doctors that are fond of bleeding their patient, and which earned for her the reputation of being hoodooed. Her encounters with piers and river craft were many and disastrous, but she reached the championship class in the harbor of Shanghai, where she proceeded to tackle and place hors de combat a full-fledged warship.

This was in 1898, when France, in describing her most formidable cruisers, used to refer to the Jean Bart among others. One bright summer's morning the Helen Brewer got up sail in Shanghai harbor to begin a voyage to this port. The Jean Bart was in the way, and although she was a steel twin-screw warship with protected decks 3.94 inches thick, the Helen Brewer displayed not the least hesitation in running into her. The crash not only damaged the cruiser's hull and one of her big guns, but carried away one of her big funnels and injured the forward military mast so badly that it never could be used again. It was a gala day for the sailing vessel, but she did not herself get away with a whole skin, for her bow was destroyed and she sustained other injuries that compelled her to take to the drydock.

When she was once more in a condition to brave the seas the Helen Brewer indulged in a few minor accidents, and then comes the incident that forms the basis for the ghost story that now is thrilling South street. It was while she was plowing turbulent seas in the South Atlantic that Martin Petersen, one of the crew, was lost from the main royalyard. Now, it is not unusual by any means for a sailor to be drowned by falling from aloft while making or furling sails, and his memory ordinarily dies with the selling of his effects before the mast a few days later, but in connection with the death of Petersen there were circumstances that have kept his memory green.

The yarn spinners of South street, with dismal shakes of their heads, say it was Petersen's watch below when he was ordered aloft by a mate who was not overfond of him, and that this is sufficient to account for the fact, sworn to by any number of truthful and unimaginative sailormen, that when he dropped into the boiling sea, never again to be seen in the flesh, his ghost arose from the waves and began the stalking that was to last as long as the ship lasted.

Scores of able-bodied tars who sailed in the Helen Brewer after Petersen went of the yardarm saw the ghost sauntering along in the wake of the ship; at least, so it is said in South street. Apparently the ghost was seen oftenest when the nights were blackest, but it also was repeatedly seen when phosphorescent waves were running high, as well as on nights when the moon bathed the ocean in liquid light. Time and time again, so it is said, quartermasters and sailors were driven forward in terror because they happened to catch a glimpse of the spectre stalking on behind.

South street even has a theory to account for the apparent inability of the ghost to clamber over the taffrail. With child-like simplicity the old tars hold that Petersen's spectre had to await an appointed time; that, like the Wandering Jew, it was ordained that he should follow in the wake of the ship until he had expiated some sin committed in life. Released from this cruse, the veteran tars suppose, the spirit finally was able to board the vessel, which, they think, would readily account for the failure of the Helen Brewer to reach port.

Truth compels the statement that the more matter-of-fact sea folk who have heard this finely spun theory do not place much confidence in it, and are inclined to point to the fact that the Helen Brewer just before beginning the voyage that is likely never to end, with her usual luck, went aground at Sourabaya and was floated leaking. She made temporary repairs and proceeded, and the inference is that after getting clear of port she foundered with all hands, thus bringing to a consistent close the career that had begun so unfortunately.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

DIRE DISTRESS

It Is Near at Hand to Hundreds of Duluth Readers.

Don't neglect an aching back.
Backache is the kidneys' cry for help.
Neglect hurrying to their aid
Means that urinary troubles follow quickly
Dire disaster, diabetes, Brights' disease.
Profit by a Duluth citizen's experience.

Mr. J. S. Tomlin, lather, 53 Duluth Heights, says: "For two years I suffered severely from kidney complaint. Towards the last I got so bad that very frequently I was obliged to lay off for days at a time and my back and loins were so painful that I could not work. The kidney secretions were very frequent, distressing and annoying. I could not find a comfortable position to rest in at night, was constantly changing my position, and in the morning rose thoroughly worn out. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, I procured a box and began to use them. I commenced to improve right away, and in a short time I felt as well as ever, and from that until now, several months ago, I have worked steadily without a single symptom of my old trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box.
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other.

GIANT LOCOMOTIVES.

The monster locomotives, the largest in the world are in process of construction at the Baldwin works, says the Philadelphia Ledger. Each will be capable of pulling a greater weight than ever before accomplished by a single locomotive.

These machines are part of an order for fifty placed by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad company, and the work of construction is being rushed for an early delivery. It is expected that this locomotive will prove the beginning of an epoch in railroad freighting which may result in the abolition of thousands of smaller and weaker engines of this and other countries.

They are the product of a theory that one gigantic locomotive, having the power of two of the present average type, can be operated more cheaply than two small ones.

The ten locomotives will be able to pull 60,000 tons of dead weight on a level grade. If the first-class armored steel battleships Vermont, Connecticut, Kansas and Ohio were placed upon wheels on a level track it is safe to say that they could be pulled across the continent by the ten locomotives. A string of fifteen or twenty of the ordinary type of freight engines would be required to pull a similar weight.

The weight of each engine complete will be about 280,000 pounds, and that of the tender about 200,000 pounds. Their speed will be much greater than that of freight locomotives now used in pulling the ore trains of the Santa Fe road, and their cost will probably be at least a third more than that of the best freight engine now on the road.

From the time the first cast was made until the first shipments shall start over the rails for the Southwest, fifty days will have elapsed. A force of about 18,000 men assist in the construction of each of these engines, the thousands of pieces of iron and steel being directly handled by at least half that number.

Although of the same width of the smaller engines and adapted to the same tracks, the new type is much longer and higher than the others, and when placed beside one of the old style locomotives the latter appears a pygmy indeed. The most distinguishing features beside the size are tandem cylinders and the immense driving wheels. The high-pressure cylinders are placed well forward, and just back of them are the low pressures. A man of average height standing beside one of the great driving wheels would not reach to the top rim, for each of the drivers is about eighteen feet in circumference. There are five pairs of drivers, and in the extreme front of the engine is a pair of pony wheels.

Before leaving the Baldwin shops the ten great locomotives will probably be inspected by representatives of several of the Eastern railroads.

The other forty locomotives will be of the balanced compound type, similar in many respects to the French engines. The drivers will be 70 inches in diameter and the cylinders 15 and 25 inches, with a 26-inch piston stroke. They are designed to attain a speed of eighty miles and hour, and will be used exclusively for passenger trains. Each will weigh about 320,000 pounds, including the tender. Shipment of these will begin in April and the last will leave the shops in May.

While work on these engines is rapidly progressing, a rush order for twelve locomotives from the Japanese government is being pushed with all the expedition possible. They are for the military roads in Korea, and will be started for the seat of war early next month. Six of the engines are of the standard gauge and six of narrow gauge.

Owing to the fact that Russian locomotive plants are small concerns, it is thought by many railroad men that a large order for locomotives may at any time be placed with an American plant by the Russian government. Officials of the Baldwin company said yesterday that they had received no order yet, nor to their knowledge had any other American firm.

Vice President Gross of the American Locomotive company, of Dunkirk, N. Y., was in this city last week. He said that while the Russian government has forbidden the importation of locomotives, it is only as a protective measure and not because of a tariff, and that if the government should require any large addition to its motive power, bids from outside firms would undoubtedly be called for.

He Saved His Money.

Yes, he went to the

Duluth Wholesale Supply Co

And bought his Groceries at wholesale and saved his money.

YES, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PEOPLE.

Office and Sample Room—102 W. Mich. St.

GET YOUR SHOES REPAIRED
AT THE UP-TO-DATE SHOE SHOP.
Men's Sewed Soles 75c
Men's Nailed Soles 50c
Also Shoe Shining 5c
N. NURICK, 229 E. Sup. St.

OFFICIAL CALL

Delegates to Democratic Convention Meeting Number 1009.

Ninety-Two From Eighth District—County Conventions June 11.

Copies of the official call for the Democratic state convention, which will be held in Duluth on June 22, have been received in this city.

The call for the convention is issued by the state Democratic central committee, and announces that the object of the convention is to elect four delegates-at-large and eighteen district delegates, with alternates for the same, to the national convention to be held in St. Louis.

The basis of representation at the state convention is one delegate for every 150 votes that were cast for Bryan in 1900. In addition to these delegates, each county has three delegates-at-large, with the exception of St. Louis, Ramsey and Hennepin, which have five. This will make a total of 1009 delegates, who will be in the city on June 22.

Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis counties will of course have the largest representations. Hennepin will have 102 delegates, Ramsey 78 and St. Louis 36. The other counties having over 20 delegates are as follows: Stearns, 31; Winona, 26; Otter Tail, 25; and Polk, 20.

The Eighth congressional district will have 92 delegates at the convention, as follows:

St. Louis	36
Pine	8
Anoka	7
Carlton	6
Isanti	6
Aitkin	5
Lake	5
Mille Lacs	5
Cook	4
Kennabic	—
Total	92

The delegates to the state convention will be chosen at the county conventions, which are called for June 11.

From the above list it will be seen that forty-seven votes will carry the Eighth district. The district delegates to the national convention will be elected by the districts themselves, and forty-seven votes will, therefore, be sufficient to elect the two delegates from the Eighth. Lake, Carlton and St. Louis have forty-seven delegates, and if they unite on any two candidates, their election is assured.

A prominent local Democrat, who says he is for neither Hearst nor Parker, but for some strong Democrat who represents the Bryan principles, gives his view of the situation in the state as follows:

"From present indications it appears to me that the Hearst supporters are stronger in the Fifth, Sixth, Eighth and Ninth districts than they are in the other five. Any initiative in the support of Hearst will probably originate in one of these four districts, while in the other five the Parker men claim to be in the ascendency."

NOT AT THIS SESSION

No Action on Timber and Stone Act Likely.

According to advices received by prominent Duluth men relative to the proposed repeal of the stone and timber act, nothing will be done during the present session of congress.

This morning, State Senator T. M. Pugh, who communicated with Congressman James T. McCleary to urge him to work against the repeal, received the following letter, dated Washington, April 12:

"Hon. T. M. Pugh, Duluth, Minn.: My dear Mr. Pugh,—Your telegram of the 8th in opposition to the repeal of the Timber and Stone Act reached me in due season. In reply I would say that there seems to be quite a difference of opinion as to what is best for the public interest, but I am inclined to think that, by reason of these differences of opinion, if nothing else, it is more than likely that nothing will be done at this session of congress along that line.. Cordially yours,

"J. T. McCLEARY."

Partially Covered.

Charles H. Maginnis, whose home at 1020 East Second street was burned yesterday morning estimates the loss on the building at $6000, with insurance amounting to $3500, in the Home Insurance company. Yesterday Mr. Maginnis said he thought he had insurance on the house placed with David H. Costello, but it afterward developed that it had been placed through another office and Mr. Costello had nothing to do with it.

The loss on the furniture was covered partially by an insurance of $2500, placed through the office of G. G. Dieterman.

125-127 W. 2nd St.

MRS. J. H. ROBINSON will open, on **MAY FIRST,** a spacious boarding and rooming house at 125 and 127 West Second street, where she will be able, in the meantime, to meet and arrange to give careful attention to a few more wishing first-class board and room or meals.

AFRAID OF ESTELLE.

Park Pointers Fear It May Get Contract.

Uneasiness is being shown by a large number of the Park Point residents over the council's delay in awarding the contract for the ferry service the coming season, or part of the season, as the case may be, and it has been rumored that the reason that the contract was not awarded the steamer Carrington at the last council meeting was that another attempt would be made to put the old steamer Estelle back on the service. Any hint of this kind is sufficient to put the Park Pointers up in arms, and protests loud and deep are being heard at every hand against the Estelle. It is being alleged that the bid for the service by Napoleon Grignon was made with the idea of using the Estelle again, had he been successful in getting the contract. Mr. Grignon obtained control of the Estelle some time ago.

Missionary Union.

The quarterly meeting of the Missionary union will be held at the First Baptist church Tuesday afternoon, April 19. Following is the program:

2:30—Devotional exercises.
Mrs. J. H. Thomas.
3:00—Minutes of the last meeting.
Report of Baptist society.
Mrs. S. C. Davis.
The Jew.
Mrs. Risdon.
3:30—China's needs and opportunities.
George Warner.
Roll call.
Solo.
4:00—Work among the Scandinavians.
Miss Agnes Ostergren.

Dr. Reinhart, Dentist

wishes to announce that he will occupy rooms 2, 3 and 8, Banning Block, corner Second avenue W. and Superior St., after May first.

TO BUILD A TEPEE.

The tepee or wigwam is the home of the Indian.

Pronounce it tea-pea; take two portions of tea and one of pea and you have it about right, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Before the coming of the white man to America the Indian chopped down his tepee poles with a stone ax; with a stone-pointed arrow he killed the animals from which he took the hides to cast over the poles; and he sewed the skins together with needles made out of bone. Nowadays he cuts the poles with a steel ax; animals being scarce, he makes his covers with cotton cloth. And there is another way the Indian makes the covering of his wigwam—an old way, too, it is. He weaves a thick matting of grass and laps this around the poles.

Here I've been saying "he" all the time. "It's not he at all who does the work; it is she. The Indian women, the squaws, build the homes.

How do they begin? The poles cut, they take four of them, lay them on the ground and three or four feet from the small ends tie them together. The poles are about twenty-four feet long. These they stand up and spread out so that they will not fall over. Then into the "Vs" at the top they place the skins, canvas or mats. Before they tighten the cover by spreading the poles further apart the squaws take little sticks and "button" it together. Along one side of the cover are holes; on the other are tied small cords in a loop. The loops are put through the holes, and there you are.

Two things are yet lacking—the door and the chimney. But these are simple things to make. The door is just a piece of cloth which fits over a hole left in the cover—a hole so low that one has to stoop when he goes into the tepee. The chimney is just two flaps at the top of the cover. Why these flaps? They serve to make a draught, for if the wind were allowed to blow down into the tepee it would keep the Indian's house full of smoke. The squaws fasten two more poles—outside of the cover—to these flaps, one pole to each, so when it blows they can move the flaps about and keep out the wind.

Beside a stream or close to a lake the Indian always builds his home. He wants water nearby for his family and for his ponies. Then, where the Indians live the waters abound with fish, of which the red man is very fond. So it chances to be the luck of the Indian small boy to grow up close to where he can cast his hook for the minnow or throw stones at the birds.

In shape the tepee looks like a dunce cap. It can be put up or taken down quickly. Indians, always on the lookout for war, are ever ready to move. In just a few minutes two squaws can strip off the tepee cover. It takes no time to tear down the poles and hitch a pony to them. Then, loading the few things they have onto pack ponies, the family is ready to go. They can get their wigwams up and down with almost the ease that a snail goes into and comes out of its shell.

And you would wonder at the comfort of a tepee. In the summer time the covering can be rolled up at the bottom so as not to check a breeze. When it rains, the skin or matting tepee sheds water like a duck's back. Even the canvas cover leaks but little when heavy showers fall upon it. And how warm, even in mid-winter, just a little fire will keep the wigwam warm.

Within the sheltering folds of the tepee lives the Indain family. In the morning ere the squaws, awakened by the lark's song, take the steel and flint and start the fire. Over it they hang the pot and by its side they place the bake pan, the Indians having taken on these conveniences of civilization. A young girl goes to the river near by and brings back water. From a tepee pole the Indian mother takes down a hunk of venison and puts it in the vessel to boil. The oldest daughter finds flour in a grass sack near the door and kneads the dough. A bag of roots is brought forth. The father rolls a cigarette and, lighting it, adds to the smoke of the fire. Around the skin, of a buffalo, perhaps, all gather to partake of the morning meal.

The wigwam serves then as kitchen, pantry, smoke house and dining room. It is also the wardrobe and bureau; for within it the brave stores his war bonnet and the squaw keeps her party dress of buckeskin. It is nursery, too; no room is set apart for the papoose and its maid. The ponies graze on the meadows without, but inside his tepee the Indian casts his bridle and saddle.

There are good business chances open for the right men. Do you want to be in on the ground floor? Why spend your time in running about, looking for a position when The Herald's Want Columns will do the work for you?

To **Duluth Savings Bank,**
216 W. Superior St.,
Duluth, Minn.

Where your money will earn

3% INTEREST 3%

Compounded Twice Yearly, on all Deposits of One Dollar and Upwards.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS FROM 6 TO 8.

IMPORTANT BIDS

City Will Receive a Large Bunch Next Monday.

East Superior Street Improvement Chief In Interest.

Some warm fights are expected Monday morning over a number of contracts which are to be let by the board of public works. Six of the most important contracts of the year will be let at that time, and will be sent to the council Monday night for confirmation.

The most important is the contract for the East Superior pavement. Bids have been submitted for tar and slate macadam, creosote blocks, sheet asphalt and cedar blocks, and they will be opened Monday morning by the board. Under the city charter the board is authorized to let all contracts, but under the amended charter the council must choose the material. The board therefore, may either award the contract to the lowest bidder on whatever material it sees fit and send the contract up to the council for confirmation, or it may send up the different bids and ask for the expression of the opinion of the council as to which material should be selected. The latter course will probably be taken, although the result arrived at will be the same. The contract will doubtless not be approved by the council until a week from Monday night, in order that the property owners may have an opportunity to get together, examine the different bids and select the kind of pavement they wish.

Contracts for the sprinkling in six of the eleven sprinkling districts of the city will be awarded Monday morning. The other five sprinkling districts are being held up pending the completion of certain improvements now in progress.

Contracts for all the plank walks to be laid during the year will be let. The city has been divided into two districts this year, the boundary line being at Twelfth avenue west. Separate bids have been called for in the two districts, but should the same bidder happen to be the lowest in each district the two contracts will be awarded to him.

A contract will be awarded for the construction of all the walks that are to be laid during the year.

The board this year will use about 250,000 feet of lumber and it has decided to award the contract for the whole amount at once, as it can be secured cheaper in this manner. The bids for this will also be opened Monday.

The contract for the paving of First avenue east is also to be awarded. Specifications for sandstone blocks only have been prepared, and the only bids submitted will be for this material.

CITY BRIEFS.

Why not have a covered van move you? We have them and it costs no more. Duluth Van and Storage, 210 West Superior street.

Parlor theater—The great Edgertons, tonight.

E. M. Porter, paper cleaning, 19 East 4th.

Articles of incorporation of the Bovey company, of Hibbing, were filed this morning with the county register of deeds. The incorporators are E. J. Longyear, F. G. Jewett and M. E. Pearce. The capital stock is $20,000 and the company purposes to do a general real estate business and explore for iron ore.

In the divorce action started by George C. Armstrong against Emma Bell Armstrong, the court this morning directed Mr. Armstrong to pay his wife $100 suit money. Of this amount $50 is to be paid before April 25, and the remainder by May 2 next. Both parties were present in court this morning when the order was made.

Bert N. Wheeler will address the boys' meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. The meeting is open for boys over 14 years old. The program will include a flute solo by L. Stunt, a violin solo by Thomas Culbertson, and a vocal solo by Miss Hernbach.

Are you going to move? See us. We use covered vans. It cost no more. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 210 West Superior street.

Parlor theater—Big vaudeville show.

Mrs. J. E. Watts, wife of the ex-president of the bricklayers' union, has purchased a home at Sixth avenue east and Fifth street.

William Haberman, of the town of Missabe, brought a pelt of a large timber wolf to the county auditor's office this morning and received the state and county bounty of $15.

C. J. M. Gilding returned today from a business trip to New York, which he made in just a week's time, but which was ample to allow him to close some business deals that will be of interest to the ladies of Duluth later on.

On another page of The Herald today is published a picture of a fine catch of trout made yesterday morning in Lester river. They were caught by Willie Mackie, a Lester Park carrier of The Herald. They were caught under the railroad bridge between 5 and 6 o'clock in the morning. Ten were steelheads and one a brook trout and the largest measured 15½ inches in length.

Miss Annie A. Robbins, formerly chief nurse United States Army hospitals, will speak this evening at the Star of Hope mission, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "Our Soldiers at Home and Abroad," as seen by herself both in Cuba and Manilla. Friends of the W. C. T. U. are specially invited to attend this meeting. There will be special music.

"Jeppe pan Bjerget" is the name of a Norwegian play which will be played next Tuesday evening in Columbia hall, West End. The title role is played by Anton Sammess, of Minneapolis. Last Sunday the play was given in Superior to a crowded house, and the press of that city speak in high terms of the fine performance.

Staff Captain and Mrs. Soderholm, of Minneapolis, will lead the meetings Sunday at the Salvation Army hall, Seventeenth avenue West and Superior street, at 11 o'clock a. m., 3:30 p. m. and 8 p. m. This evening there will be a festival at the hall in honor of Staff Captain and Mrs. Soderholm, who are in the near future to make a trip to Sweden. It will be in the nature of a farewell reception to the officers.

Mrs. J. R. Olsen entertained about 25 young people at her home, 2629 West Fourth street, last Tuesday evening, in honor of Misses Olive and Dora Olsen.

The second number of the Great Northern bulletin has been issued by General Agent Brostedt.

On Monday the Duluth-Superior passenger association will have an election at 11 a. m. at the Spalding, the meeting having deferred from last Monday. F. L. Bacon will probably be nominated for president. He is now secretary under Mart Adson, president, who will retire. A. J. Perrin, city passenger agent of the South Shore at Superior and A. Brodstedt, agent of the Great Northern, are rivals for the secretaryship.

Railroad offices are preparing to move. The Wisconsin Central will transfer early next week from the Spalding to the Lyceum building and the South Shore office will move to the Wisconsin's old place. Two weeks from today the Omaha will go from the Mesaba block to the Lonsdale, thus putting it a block farther east than any of the city offices are now, but than the Omaha wants a corner office, such as are now occupied by the Great Northern, St. Paul and Northern Pacific.

Bert Fesler has moved his law office from the Palladio building to the First National bank building. He and Wilson G. Crosby will jointly occupy rooms 602 to 605 of the First National bank building.

Deputy United States Marshal George J. Mallory, on his recent trip to Walker, arrested Dennis Ryan and John Anderson, charged with selling liquor or introducing it on the Leech Lake Indian reservation. They are now lodged in the St. Louis county jail and will be held to the next federal grand jury at Duluth. James Davis, a bartender at Walker, is under $1000 bonds for selling liquor to the Indians.

T. S. Thompson, formerly president of the Duluth Sunday School association, arrived in the city this morning. He will speak at the Bethel branch Sunday evening, Rev. Henry A. Leaty, assistant pastor of the First Presbyterian church, will speak at the Lake avenue Bethel Sunday evening.

Mrs. Emma Johnson has started suit for divorce from Samuel Johnson. In her complaint, filed by F. A. Teall, yesterday, she alleges that Johnson married her in Duluth, November, 1901, when she was but 18 years old, and deserted her a few days after the marriage. She claims that a child was born to her fifteen months ago, for which she has been the sole means of support. A hearing of the case will be held April 20, at which time Johnson, who resides in Rock Island, Ill., is expected to be present.

Transfers of two judgments obtained for personal injuries were recorded in the clerk of district court's office yesterday. W. L. Keefe has purchased for $1 and other considerations the $5000 judgment rendered Mark Kline against the Minnesota Iron company for injuries alleged to have been received at Eveleth in April, 1903. He has purchased the judgment of Jens Jensen against the Commodore Mining company and E. D. McNeill, for $2500, that being the amount of the judgment.

A. J. Kelley and G. Palmberg have secured an attachment on a quantity of saw logs owned by Andrew Nelson, near Birch station on the alleged grounds that the latter owes them $2513 for labor performed. The two men claim they cut and hauled the logs out to the railway, but when they demanded their wages the money was not forthcoming.

PERSONAL.

W. H. Northmore, general agent for the White Line Transportation company, left last evening for Chicago and Milwaukee.

G. H. Nichols, C. M. Phillips, J. L. Cromwell and W. E. Wicks, returned this morning from Minneapolis, where they have been attending a meeting of the Knights of Pythias lodge.

Miss Jeanie Freymar, of Ashland, Wis., is the guest of Miss Claire Schinlaub for a few days.

Mrs. Royal H. Benton, of New York city, is here visiting her sister Mrs. Edward Thompson, of East Fifth street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Marshall will leave this evening for a California trip.

F. J. Goulder goes tonight to Portland, Ore.

C. W. Bridenthal has gone to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Zlen leave today for an extended European trip.

W. S. Matthews, district passenger agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis at Des Moines, and A. L. Eidemiller, traveling passenger agent of the Burlington at St. Paul, were among arrivals today.

A. Austrian, a Chicagoan interested in copper mining, is at the Spalding.

Dr. E. S. P. Long, pastor of the First M. E. church, returned this morning from Chicago.

SCHEME WORKED WELL.

Two gypsy women, alleged fortune tellers, made a raid on several wholesale houses on Jefferson avenue, during the week, and carried away two big bandana handkerchiefs filled with coin of all denominations, says the Detroit News.

One of the women is considerably past her prime and slightly lame, while the other is younger and more playful, has a sly on her left eye and wears startling blue beads. Both affect gaudy headgear, and their faces and hands reflect no saponaceous familiarity. They invaded 95 Jefferson avenue and took by surprise Cliff Starkweather, a commission merchant, and Ben Hustis, the macaroni man.

"Give me a silver dollar and I'll tell your fortune free," said the elder woman, cornering Cliff. "It won't cost nothing." Cliff produced a dollar and the woman hastily crossed his palm with it, tied a piece of yarn around his hand and told him to say "Go away bad luck—come on good luck," showing him how to make the accompanying gestures, which included a wild swing of the arms and other acrobatic feats. Then she told him to put the coin against his teeth. While Cliff was inserting the dollar in his mouth, the Gipsy girl was going through the same process with Ben, who had loaned her a quarter for that purpose.

"Your luck will be good now," said the Gipsies, as they suddenly grabbed the money and ran away to work somebody else.

A persistent bad cold will run into consumption unless it is relieved in time. So it is with the little daily wants of the people—they grow serious if not promptly filled. You can afford, for instance, to have that house tenantless for a little while but when it continues month after month, it becomes a serious matter. The timely want ad in The Herald ends the trouble.

BIRTHS.

HOLMERUD—A son was born to Erick Holmerud, of 614 East Sixth street, April 4.

DEATHS.

MORTON—Mrs. Jennie Morton, wife of James Morton, of 2531 West First street, died at 1 a. m. this morning of bright's disease and other complications, age 39 years. She leaves, beside her husband, a daughter, Lizzie, 20 years of age. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock from the residence. Services at Grace M. E. church at 4 o'clock. Body will be taken to Owen Sound, Ont., for burial, leaving on the South Shore train at 6:20 p. m.

BUILDING PERMITS.

A. C. Weiss, alterations to dwelling on Superior street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth avenues east, to cost	$ 4,000
Ansure Mat, frame dwelling at 805 East Sixth street, to cost	2,000
John Schafer, addition to frame dwelling on oFurth street, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenues west, to cost	500

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—ONE ROAN HORSE, 1100 pounds, also Stanhope buggy. Victor Huot.

ROOM AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

FOR SALE.

A block of 16 lots in West End at a bargain if taken at once.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
303 Lonsdale Building.

BUY MEN AND WOMEN.

Description of a Slave Market of Today.

A crowd of penniless idlers, to whom admittance is denied, clamors outside the heavy door, while the city "rats" fight for the privilege of holding the mules of wealthy citizens, who are arriving in large numbers in response to the report that the household of a great wazeer, recently disgraced, will be offered for sale. Portly Moors from the city, country Moors, who goast less costly garments, but ride mules of easy pace and heavy price; one or two high officials—all classes of the wealthy, to be brief, are arriving raidly, for the market will open in a quarter of an hour, and bidding will be brisk.

We pass the portals unchallenged, and the market stands revealed—an open place of bare, dry ground, hemmed around with tapia walls, dust-colored, crumbling, ruinous. Something like an arcade stretches across the center of the ground from one side to the other of the market, rooness now and broken down, just as the outer wall itself, or the sheds like cattle pens that are built all around it.

On the ground by the side of the human cattle-pens the wealthy patrons of the market seat themselves at their ease, arrange their robes in leisurely fashion, and start to chat as though the place were a smoking room of a club. Water carriers (lean half-naked men from the Sus) sprinkle the thirsty ground, that the tramp of slaves and auctioneers may not raise too much dust. As they go about their work with the apathy and indifference born of long experience, I have a curious reminder of the Spanish bullring, to which the slave market bears some remote resemblance; the gathering of spectators, the watering of the ground, the sense of excitement, all strengthen the impression.

Within their sheds the slaves are shrinking, huddled together. They will not face the light until the market opens. The crowd at the entrance parts to the right and left to admit twelve grave men wearing white turbans and jellablas. They are the delals, or auctioneers, and the sale is about to begin.

Slowly and impressively the delals advance in a line to the center of the slave market, almost up to the arcade where the wealthy buyers sit expectant. Then the head auctioneer lifts up his voice and—oh, hideous mockery of it all!—he prays. With downcast eyes and outspread hands he prays fervently. He recites the glory of Allah the One, who made the heaven above and the earth beneath, the sea and all that is therein; his hearers and the buyers say amen. Then he calls upon Sidi bel Abbas, patron saint of Marrakesh, friend of buyers and sellers, imploring the saints to bless the market and all who buy and sell therein, granting them plenty and length of days. And to these prayers, uttered with an intensity of emotion quite Mohammedan, the listeners say amen. Only to unbelievers, to men who have never known, or knowing, have rejected, Isham, is there ought infamous in the approaching business, and unbelievers may pass unnoticed.

Prayers are over, the last amen is said, the delals separate, each one going to the pens he presides over and calling upon their people to come forth. Obedient to the summons, the slaves face the light; the sheds are emptied, and there are a few noisy moments bewildering to the novice, in which the auctioneers place their goods in line, rearrange dresses, give children to the charge of adults, sort out men and women according to their age, and value, and prepare for the promenade. The slaves will march round and round the circle of buyers, led by the auctioneers, who will proclaim the latest bid offered, and hand over any one of his charges to an intending purchaser, that he may make his examination before raising the price.

In the procession now gathering for the first parade five, if not six, of the seven ages are represented. There are old men and old women who cannot walk upright, however the delal may urge; others of middle age, with years of active service before them; young men full of vigor and youth, fit for the fields; young women—moving, for once unveiled, yet unrebuked, before the faces of men—and children of every age—from babies, who will be sold with their mothers, to girls and boys on the threshold of manhood and womanhood. All are dressed in bright colors and displayed to the best advantage, that the hearts of the bidders may be moved and their purses opened widely.

"It will be a fine sale," says my neighbor, a handsome, dignified Moor from one of the Atlas villages, who had chosen his place before I had reached the market. "There must be well-nigh forty slaves."

Now each delal has his people sorted out, and the procession begins. Followed by his bargains, he marches round and round the market. Some of the slaves are absolutely free from emotion of any sort. Others feel their position.

I think that the most sensitive must come from the household of the unfortunate Sidi Abdesalam, who was reputed to be a good master. Forced from the home where perhaps they were born, or at least lived a long time, these poor human chattels do not know what master will take them now, and whether they will be well or badly used. He can gratify any passion at their expense, even to the extent of torturing them to death, and the law will not step in. Small wonder if they shrink or if the black visage seems to take some tint of ashen gray when a buyer whose face is an open defiance to all the Ten Commandments calls upon the delal to halt, and picking one out as though she had been one of a flock of sheep, examines teeth and muscles, and questions her and the delal very closely about past history and present health.

I learn that the delal's commission is 2½ per cent on the purchase-price, and there is a government tax of 5 per cent. Slaves are sold under a warranty, and are returned if they have not been properly described by the auctioneer. Bids must not be advanced by less than a Moorish dollar—that is, about three shillings—at a time, and when a sale is concluded a deposit is paid at once, and the balance on or after the following day. Thin slaves will not fetch as much as fat ones, for corpulence by the Moor is regarded as the outward and visible sign of health and prosperity.

The attractive women and strong men have been sold, and have realized good prices; the old people are in little or no demand; but the auctioneers will persist until closing-time. Up and down tramp the unhappy creatures nobody wants, burdens to themselves and their owners, the useless or nearly useless men and women whose life has been slavery as far as they can remember. Scarred and bent by taskmasters and tasks, they make a pathetic picture, and it is impossible to avoid the knowledge that they feel the shame and humiliation of their position.

It is fair to say that auctioneers and buyers treat the slaves in a manner that is not actively unkind. They handle them just as though they were animals with a market value that ill treatment will diminish. The unsold adults and little children seem painfully tired; some of the latter can hardly keep pace with the auctioneer, until he takes them by the hand and leads them along with him. The procedure never varies. As a client beckons and points out a slave, the one selected is pushed forward for inspection, the history is briefly told, and if the bidding is raised, the auctioneer, thanking Allah, who sends good prices, hurries on his way to find one who will bid a little more. On approaching an intending purchaser the slave seizes and kisses his hand, releases it, and then stands still, generally indifferent to the rest of the proceedings.

Only four slaves remain now, and they must go back to their masters, to be sent to the market on another day, for the sun is below the horizon, the market is almost empty, and the guards will be gathering at the city gates.

Outside the market-place one country Moor of the middle class is in charge of four young boy slaves, and is telling a friend what he paid for them. I learn that their price averaged eleven pounds apiece in English currency—two hundred and eighty dollars in Moorish money—that they were all bred in Marrakesh by a dealer who keeps a large establishment of slaves as one in England might keep a stud-farm, and sells the children as they grow up.

SAVES ELECTRIC CURRENT.

In the early days of trolley building electric power was found to be so much more economical and profitable than other systems of mechanical or animal motive power that little attention was paid to the minor economies of operation, says the Philadelphia Record. Since enormous increases in capitalization have become popular these economies are receiving the attention they deserve. At present most railway companies squabble over an increase in the motorman's pay without regard to his efficiency, while, as a matter of fact, he may be wasting or saving his employers 50 per cent of his wages by the manner in which he handles his controller. A Los Angeles railway company, in order to prevent this waste of power, has equipped all the cars on the system with electric wattmeters. The inspectors on the line make a report at the end of each trip of the meter, reading the time of leaving and time of arriving. It is found that efficient motormen cover the route within schedule time with an expenditure of power of fully 25 per cent less than other men who are receiving the same wages. Records are made up at the end of each month to show individual standing, the results being reduced to power consumed per car mile. While this may seem unsatisfactory, since it takes no account of the number of passengers carried, the dead weight of the car is so much larger than the aggregate passenger load that the latter may be neglected without seriously nullifying the accuracy of the results. Power consumption means more corresponding fuel consumption at the central station, with increase in capacity, and the other expenses incidental to its plant maintenance and operation.

END OF STAMP CRAZE.

The agreement of the leading retail clothing merchants in Sioux City, to quit the use of the trading stamps, domestic or foreign, marks the end of the trading stamp craze and folly in Sioux City, says the Journal of that place. In some other lines of business there had been individual or firm banishment of the perplexing device, and the action of the clothing men will undoubtedly have prompt imitation from other merchants.

The clothing merchants are to be congratulated on their agreement. While they individually bind themselves to pay a sum of money in the event of failure to live up to the agreement, it is not within the range of probability that the treasuries of our city hospitals will be safe in looking to this compact for an asset. The clothing men are glad enough to get the relief and sufficiently convinced of the bad business of the protracted experiment not soon to turn their fingers again.

The trading stamp in Sioux City has proved expensive and in every way harmful to legitimate business. It has excited rivalries, annoying and injurious to all concerned. Both good morals and good business are against it.

It is to be hoped that the premium stamp may soon be altogether abolished from the business activities of Sioux City. It has been a fruitful means of demoralizing trade, and it has involved many merchants in loss, to the profit of no one. It has created an unhealthy competition and made of legitimate merchandising a mere gift enterprise, with a temptation strong to play even in ways not ot be approved

An ill effect of the trading stamp has been to strain relations between business men themselves. They could not be sure just what a competitor was to do, and if it has been a game of up to, and if it has been as good as can be said of it.

It is to be hoped that the departure of the trading stamp will serve to restore better feeling among men engaged in selling goods in Sioux City. It is of the greatest importance that Sioux City should be in healthy co-operation for the advancement of the wholesome and legitimate interests of the city, and their best usefulness in this regard, and their best opportunity for themselves, must rest in cordial and confident relations among themselves.

Of the trading stamp there will be but one opinion, and that is that it has been mischevious.

Good riddance.

A PAYING INSTITUTION.

Among all of Uncle Sam's projects there is no department which is proportionately, as great a source of income as the patent office, and yet, at the same time, no branch of the government owes its origin to a more beneficent purpose, says Collier's Weekly. In the earliest days of the colonies the now proverbial Yankee proclivity for invention was recognized as a possibly important factor in the improvement of conditions in the new world, and when the colonists had secured the right to enact laws for their own government this question was one of the first to be considered. President Washington, in his first address to congress, 1790, called attention to the matter and urged the expediency of giving effectual encouragement to the exertions of skill and genius in the production of new and useful inventions, and from this suggestion came the present American patent system, which, as one writer on international law has said, "is generally recognized by the most profound students of our institutions, both at home and abroad, to have contributed more than any other one thing to the pre-eminence of this country in the industrial arts and in manufactures." It is only within the archives of the patent office that one is able to obtain anything like a correct idea of the wide range of the inventive ingenuity of the American people, for up to the present time nearly 700,000 patents have been issued, while the receipts of the department ar so much greater than its expenditures that the balance in the treasury on account of the patent fund now exceeds $5,000,000.

NAVY'S SMALLEST BOOK.

Among the literary curiosities in the navy department library which appears thus far to have escaped attention is the second smallest book in Washington, says the Post. The smallest book owned by the library of congress is a child's story, published a few years ago by an Eastern firm as an oddity. It is frequently called for, more out of curiosity than for the story which it contains. In size it is less than two inches long by less than an inch in breadth, but of considerable thickness, its only merit being that it is the smallest book in Washington.

The navy library has a book almost as small and far more interesting. It is about two inches long, one and a half inches broad, and nearly one-third of an inch in thickness. It was published in London in the year 1783, and is a full and exhaustive (even thrilling) account of the sinking of a British man-of-war, the Royal George, off Spithead, in August, 1752. The binding of this remarkable book consists of two oaken boards, sections of the cabin wainscoating of the ill-fated ship. The book appears to have been purchased by some officer of the English navy at the time it appeared, who removed the original cover, saw the back, and had it rebound in the two oak slats, sawed from a section of the Royal George's cabin wall, which he obtained at the time the wreck was raised and removed from Spithead harbor. Later this singular little work appears to have fallen into the hands of an American naval officer, whether by capture during the war of 1812, or later and by more peaceful means it is hard to say. From his hands it passed to the navy library. The quaint little book is full of illustrations that are amusing by reason of their crudity and plainness, while the text, written in old-fashioned English, records what was one of the greatest sensations of the eighteenth century.

RECOVERS LOST BONE.

A Chicago correspondent relates that after nearly 40 years Jacob S. Miller, an old settler of this city, has just received a piece of bone taken from his left shoulder by the late Dr. Norman S. Teal, of Kendallville, Ind., on July 21, 1864, at the battle of Peach Tree Creek, Atlanta, Ga., when Mr. Miller was wounded. The piece of bone is about three inches long.

Although a terrific windstorm was raging at the time, the surgeon operated in the open air at night by torchlight. Dr. Teal was much gratified over his sucess, and after the war, when he lectured on surgery, he frequently exhibited the piece of bone before students.

Nearly 39 years ago Mr. Miller asked Dr. Teal for the piece of bone, but the doctor would not part with it. Dr. Teal died about five years ago, and recently his son, Dr. George A. Teal, consented to return the bone to Mr. Miller.

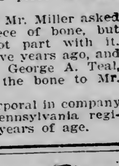
Mr. Miller was a corporal in company D, Seventy-ninth Pennsylvania regiment and is now 64 years of age.

Dr. MITCHELL

What He Has Done, What He Can Do For You.

More than 10,000 cures during the past four years prove that his method of treatment is a godsend to suffering humanity. Diseases that have baffled the skill of physicians are lost vitality, varicocele, vital weakness or nervous troubles of any kind. No matter whether caused by overwork or worry, and no matter whether you are young or old, you can be made strong and well by Dr. Mitchell's treatment. Dr. Mitchell cures cancer in less time and with less pain than by any other method. He cures all female troubles, piles, fissures, fistula, skin disease, dyspepsia, hip joint disease, consumption, catarrh, deafness, blindness, sore eyes of all kinds, constipation, neuralgia and every other disease after every other treatment fails. Mrs. Annie Harver, o fthe range, returned home cured of rheumatism, from which she had suffered everything. Her daughter was cured of hip joint disease about two years ago. Mr. Edward Logan, of the southern part of the state, who was paralyzed on one side, returned home cured. Mr. Rickins had a stiff neck and shoulder for five years, cured in three treatments. If you are sick, be sure to see Dr. Mitchell. If there is any cure for you, he can cure you. He is the only magnetic physician that has stood the test of time. Do not be deceived by would-be magnetic healers. Go to Dr. Mitchell, for he has proven himself genuine. Consultation free by bringing this advertisement. He will be glad to see all and give them his valuable advice free of charge. Call at once. 'Phone, 579.

The Greatest Skill!
The most experience—
We grind our own lenses



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PATENT LAWYERS.
Established 1863. Washington, D. C.
Our Forty-second Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE.
We have no representative in Duluth.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
John G. Ostby, applicant, to have registered the land described as follows: Lot six (6), in block sixteen (16), Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof.
Plaintiff.
vs.
Thomas O. Tweed, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein.
Defendants.
The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.
Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 8th day of April, A. D. 1904.
J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By H. A. BIEDEL, Deputy.
(Seal District Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April 9-16-23-30, May-7-14.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, April 15, 1904.
In the Matter of the Estate of Amanda Borngesser Clow, Deceased:
On receiving and filing the petition of Harvey D. Clow, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Amanda Borngessor Clow, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1901, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the husband of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted;
It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.
Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 16th day of April, A. D. 1904.
By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co. Minn.)

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c.
J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

IN HANDS OF MOB.

Trembling at the sensation of knowing that he is powerless to defend himself, Mormon Bishop's Pills will remove that feeling that you are beset by a mob of troubles. Mormon Bishop's Pills cleanse the system of the effects of lingering disease, tone the n

WILL HAVE TWO

With New Shell Boat Club Can Get Out Two Crews.

New Craft Will Be of Cedar, Differing From Old.

It will be a new sight and one well worth seeing when the Duluth Boat club gets its new shell and has practice matches in the bay of Duluth. It is for the purpose of pacemaking that the new shell described in yesterday's Herald is being secured, and not simply because the boat club needs a shell.

The club continues to posses an eight-oared shell which it has used in many notable matches. This shell is of paper and was made by Waters, the celebrated Troy manufacturer, now deceased. There was a time when the paper shell was the favorite owing to a popular theory that it was better than a wooden boat, but it is now generally acknowledged that this idea is not altogether right, and there is only one crew of note in the country which clings to the paper boat and this is the Cornell university eight.

Cedar is the material of the new eight-oared shell being bought for the Duluth boat club by a couple of its generous members and when the veteran paper craft and the new cedar one are gotten out to try the skill of the training ones it will be a memorable occasion.

"A single scull match is interesting," said a pioneer oarsman this morning, "and a match of twos is more so. It is still better when you get fours together. But when you get eights! Well, then's the time you see something well worth anyone's time, for its the climax of our matches to see eight strong men pulling for all there is in it. Everybody does not understand that it's not necessarily the strongest man that wins the race, for a man that is not so strong may be a much better man in the race than the muscular fellow. There is something about pulling your heart out in a scull match that's unlike any other thing I know of. It's great. Just wait until you see it and then find if you don't say so."

Duluth was the first city in this part of the country to have an 8-oared scull, owing to the enterprise of the Duluth Boat club. Then St. Paul took it up and it grew until the Minnesota and Winnipeg association was formed, but during the start of the Spanish-American war the organization began to waver and finally dissolved. The Lurlines, of Minneapolis, had gotten out before the war was declared. The association comprised the Minneapolis, St. Paul, Lurlines, Winnipeg, Rat Portage and Duluth clubs, and some of the greatest races in the country were held under their auspices at Lake Minnetonka. The Lafayette hotel, then owned by the Great Northern railway, was the great rendezvous for the contests. This afterward burned.

In the past couple of years there has been a revival of interest to some extent, although Winnipeg has kept pretty busy in the work continually, and has sent 4-oared crews to English regattas at Henley, Eng., several times, and there is talk of her sending an eight this year.

Among those who are training for crew work are a number of good oarsmen of the Duluth Boat club, who are exercising at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium. These include the following: J. H. Barnes, F. E. Devohn, R. F. Grant, G. E. Gibson, F. W. Heimick, Dr. G. H. Jones, G. C. Calquhoun, N. L. Leach, W. N. l'Estrange, A. J. Le Roy, W. L. McLennan, S. A. McPhail, B. M. Peyton, H. H. Peyton, A. W. Puck, W. S. Telford, C. E. Tvedt, M. A. Thompson, Elmer White and James Cargill.

From these eights will be selected to row against one another. The practical trials will be started in the bay as soon as the thaw clears the bay of floating ice and logs. It is probable that as soon as the boys get into trim they will hear from St. Paul, which has an excellent eight, one of the best in the union.

L. J. Hopkins is having built one of the serviceable racing yachts like those contracted for by C. A. Congdon, J. S. Gooch and Dr. Frank Lynam.

Ten Days' Free Treatment Offered Men.

Great Direct Method That Cures Seminal Weakness, Varicocele, Stricture, Gleet, Gonorrhoea, Unnatural Discharges, Irritation and Enlargement of the Prostate Gland, Bladder and Urinary Disorders, Without Taking Medicine into the Stomach, and in Their Own Home. It Will Be Sent Every Man Absolutely Free.

By a wonderful method, successfully used for years and now for the first time introduced to the public, it is possible for any man, no matter how bad off, to quickly regain the vigor of young manhood without taking any medicine into the stomach, and to prove that it will do

this they offer a full Ten Days' Trial Treatment absolutely free to every man sending name and address to Dr Stevens & Co., Box 1895, Columbus, Ohio. You apply it locally to the seat of the trouble, and it quickly finds its way to the desired spot, enlarging the muscles, increasing the nerve force, and giving the necessary vim and energy. The worth of science and medicine thoroughly indorses it.

It cures in wonderfully quick time, in your own home, lost vitality, emaciation, prematurity, varicocele, stricture, unnatural irritation and enlargement of the prostate gland, and all bladder and urinary disorders of men. It is the only method known to science that will electrify the body, rout wasting diseases, create vigor, warmth and force, and all this without medicine taken into the stomach, if others tell you nothing can be done for you, this will surely cure you.

Write to Dr. Stevens & Co., Columbus, Ohio box 1895. They offer Ten Days' Trial Treatment absolutely free to every man. It is no "prescription," "deposit," or "C. O. D." scheme, as this firm is too large to resort to such petty ways. In addition to the absolutely free trial treatment, they send the most complete book ever written on the Diseases of Men, telling all, and fully illustrated, with forty engravings from life. Everything is confidential and sent perfectly plain, and since they merely ask you to inquire what they have got that will cure you, we trust every gentleman reader of this paper will write them at once as above, and thus get the Ten Days' Trial Treatment and book, both absolutely free.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPH MEN PROTEST AT RUSSIA'S ORDER

Washington, April 16.—One of the principal wireless telegraph companies has filed at the state department a protest against the decree of Admiral Alexieff that newspaper correspondents using wireless telegraphy in the far East during the war shall be treated as spies. The state department has taken the protest under consideration but following the almost unbroken practice, it probably will decline to take any action on a hypothetical case. If an American citizen is arrested by the Russion officials the state department immediately will lay down a line of policy to meet this novel departure in international law. It is realized that newspaper correspondents using wireless telegraphy from the neighborhood of naval operations might unwittingly give information of great value to the enemy, whose vessels also being equipped with wireless telegraph instruments, might readily take up messages sent to a shore station.

BIG BRIDGE ON C. P. CARRIED AWAY

St. Paul, April 16.—A special to the Dispatch from Saskatoon, N. W. T., says: A flood in the Saskatchewan river has carried away the center spans of the Canadian Pacific railway bridge; the longest on the Prince Albert line and traffic will be seriously hampered for several weeks. The Saskatchewan is swollen by the waters from hundreds of tributary streams which drain the northwest prairies and is raging. This bridge is the connecting link between Saskatoon and all district towns north of the river and they are cut off entirely.

as trustee of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, whereby the New York institution becomes possessed of what, up to now, has been regarded as the most important private collection of arms and armor in the world. The price paid was $250,000.

OBJECTS TO ITS TAXES

Appeal of Duluth-Superior Traction Company Is Filed.

The Duluth-Superior Traction company, this morning, through its attorney, Thomas S. Wood, filed in district court its answer, defense and objections to the enforcement of the collection of the delinquent personal property taxes for the year 1903.

The company claims that its assessed valuation as returned to the city assessor was $265,000, that this amount was fixed by the assessor and accepted by the city and the county board of equalization.

The company alleges that the state board of equalization, without looking into or making inquiries as to the real or market value of its personal property, and without giving it an opportunity to be heard in the matter, arbitrarily raised its assessed valuation to $475,000, as a lump sum, without distributing the assessment over the property, as required by law.

The street railway company claims that such action by the state board of equalization was illegal and void, and that the subsequent attempt of the county auditor to collect personal property taxes on a basis of $475,000 valuation, instead of a valuation of $265,000, is also illegal and void.

The company claims to have offered, prior to March 1, 1903, to pay its tax in full on the amount fixed by the city assessor, but that the county treasurer refused to accept payment.

The company asks that the court fix its assessed valuation at $265,000, and that it be directed to pay over to the county treasurer $14,787.03 in taxes and penalties.

WILL PRODUCE MOYER.

Supreme Court to Pass on His Case.

Denver, April 16.—Attorney General Miller is authority for the statement that Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners will be produced before the supreme court next Thursday in accordance with the writ of habeas corpus issued by that body. He will be brought from Telluride in custody of the military authorities by whom he was imprisoned and their attorneys will resist any motion for his release on bail pending a decision in his case. Both sides profess to be desirous of obtaining from the supreme court a decision as to the rights of the government to declare martial law, imprison and deport citizens without warrant and disregard writs of the district court.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Queenstown—Arrived: Lucania, New York.

New York—Arrived Pretoria, Hamburg; Campania, Liverpool; Columbia, from Genoa.

New York, April 16.—The American Line steamship Philadelphia from Southampton is reported passing Nantucket lightship at 7:30 a. m. today.

PAYNE IS BETTER.

Washington, April 16.—A telegram received at the postoffice department from Postmaster General Payne today reports that his health has been improved by his sea trip and that he expects to get back to Washington the latter part of this month.

MINERS RETURN TO WORK.

Beaver Falls, Pa., April 16.—As a result of the meeting of the miners and operators of the Beaver Valley here last night most of the miners in this vicinity returned to work today.

BUYS ARMS AND ARMOR.

New York, April 16.—Negotiations have just been closed, says a Herald dispatch from London, between the Duc De Dino and J. Pierpont Morgan, acting

NELSON'S BILL IS REPORTED

Grants 20,000 Acres to Minnesota For Forestry Purposes.

Washington, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house committee on public lands today made a favorable report on Senator Nelson's bill providing for granting some 20,000 acres of public land to the state of Minnesota to be used for forestry purposes. The bill has been amended by the house committee so as to provide that, if the state of Minnesota should ever put these lands to any other use than that of forestry, they shall revert to the government. The measure as introduced by Senator Nelson has passed the senate.

Dan. H. Moon, of Duluth, is in Washington on a sightseeing tour.

Miss Jennie Griggs, of Virginia, Minn., was escorted to the White House this morning by Representative Bede and introduced to the president. Miss Griggs has been spending her Easter holidays visiting her uncle, O. D. Kinney, at Tarpon Springs, Fla. She leaves today to resume her studies at Smith college, Northampton, Mass.

F. B. Daugherty, of Duluth, has arrived in Washington from Tarpon Springs, Fla., where he has been spending a few weeks fishing. He will leave for home in a few days.

John H. Norton, of Duluth, gives a little dinner to the Minnesota delegation tonight. He will treat them to one of Hancock's famous fried chicken suppers.

NEW RAILROAD

To Be Built From Wyoming to Utah.

Cheyenne, Wyo., April 16.—Information has been received that the Chicago and Pacific Railroad company, a Chicago & Northwestern auxiliary concern, is preparing to build a railroad from Casper, Wyo., to Ogden, Utah.

The new road will not be a transcontinental line, because of the traffic alliance between the Northwestern and Union Pacific, but will depend on legitimate profits of the country it will develop.

The road will cross the Rockies through the South Pass and the Oregon Short line, in the vicinity of Granger, paralelling the Southern line of the Oregon Short line to Ogden. The road will penetrate the same country that the Belgo-American Drilling trust is preparing to build through.

DIVIDE PROPERTY.

Ruling In the Noted O'Connel Divorce Case.

Judge Ensign has filed findings in the divorce case of Sara Jane O'Connel against Timothy O'Connel and has granted the decree asked for. By stipulation of both parties they have divided all the personal effects, such as cattle, horses, chickens, household goods, etc., into equal parts and Mrs. O'Connel takes one part in lieu of any alimony.

The case was tried in district court during the March term and attracted some attention owing to the charges of cruelty made by Mrs. O'Connel. The couple were married in Superior, in August, 1894, and up to some time ago they kept a boarding house at Pike Lake. Mrs. O'Connel claimed she took care of the establishment and a large number of boarders without any help and that O'Connel on one occasion knocked her down with a crock, pounded and beat her, threw water over her person and put her out of the house in freezing weather.

See the "Williams" gasolene motor at Kelly's.

HUNTING RADIUM.

The United States Geological Survey will shortly issue a bulletin explaining where and under what circumstances minerals containing the elements of radium may be found. The paper will be prepared in simple language, stripped of scientific terms, so that any person with ordinary intelligence will be able, after a little study, to make experiments for finding the minerals secreting this new substance of fabulous value.

The expert of the survey who has this matter in charge has examined over 8000 different minerals in order to determine just what conditions tend to produce radium, says the Washington correspondent of the Brooklyn Eagle. He has prepared a list of all minerals which contain the new element, together with a general statement of the localities of the country in which they occur. It will appear from this list that minerals from which radium may be secured are to be found in practically every part of the United States, although they are more abundant in certain sections of the West.

Dr. Day, chief of the division of minerals, says that radium is to be found in the East and, as its market price is somewhere between $3,000,000 and $7,000,000 a pound, it behooves all owners of land bearing mineral deposits to give close attention to the details of the forthcoming official circular on the subject.

"Persons who have the fever of hunting for radium," said Dr. Day today, "ought to begin their operations by looking for uranium minerals. This is rather rare, being one of a group of substances that act as acid-producing eelments, like sulphur. It is found principally in a material called pitchblende. This has been located in considerable quantities in Colorado, South Dakota and in several other states. I have always wondered why people who are interested in this matter do not search in the Black Hills of South Dakota for pitchblende. The conditions there are just right for its occurrence and I am convinced that if it exists anywhere in the country in large quantities it is in the Black Hills. The mineral has already been developed there in a small way, but no efforts have been made to get it out on a large scale."

CONSUMPTIVE CHILDREN.

Most people think that consumption, like delirium tremens, is strictly a disease for grown-up people. They are afraid that their children may get croup or diphtheria, but they never think of their children getting consumption, says Herbert N. Casson in the Minneapolis Tribune.

The fact is that consumption kills as many people, old and young, as croup, diphtheria, whooping cough, measles, scarletina and typhoid fever taken together. And it is also true that a great many little children and even babies die of consumption or some other form of lung disease.

What are the signs of consumption in children? They are so plain that you cannot make a mistake. Pick out the boys and girls who have light hair narrow chests, stooping shoulders, thin hands and bright eyes, and you will not make many mistakes.

Very often th econsumptive child is at the head of the class. He may carry off the prizes and be very fond of study. Consumption is not like whisky—it does not deaden the brain. But all his cleverness will not add a day to his life if he is kept in a hot room with his head bent over a book.

It is tragedy when a little child dies of consumption, because a child does what it is compelled to do by its parents. A child has no independent bank account. If it is oredred to go to school it cannot go to the park instead without being sooner or later found out and punished.

We grown-up people live in a republic, but our children live under an absolute monarchy. They may have a voice sometimes, but tey have no vote. The poor little tots must obey orders even though the white hearse stands waiting at the end of the short road.

In plain English, the man or woman who does not make sure that the child gets plenty of fresh air is not fit to be a parent. As Fichte, the famous German thinker, once said: "God will forgive you if you do not give your children bread when bread is dear, but He will not forgive you if you do not give htme fresh air."

There are over 500,000 children of school age in New York City—as many as the total population of Manchester, Naples or Madrid. There are 83,000 in Manhattan alone.

If the children of New York were to move out of the city and start a city of their own, their city would be the seventh largest city in the United States.

Therefore, when we are talking about the problem of children and consumption, we are dealing with a big question. In all our large cities, but especially where the tenement house flourishes, there are thousands of children whose homes have been turned into jails and hospitals by foolish parents.

The children are kept indoors so that they wil be "safe," as if consumption were not a more terrible enemy than a troley car or a reckless teamster.

For days at a time a little child will be kept indoors until it is sickly as a wilted flower. Every week it becomes paler and more peevish. Then there is either a loss of appetite or a fever. The doctor is called in, and the shadow of the undertaker haunts the little home.

There are two things that every consumptive child must have—fresh air and plenty of good food. Of course every child ought to have both, but it is a matter of life and death with the weak-lunged children.

The best in the world is not too good for the children. No one can blame them for the slums or the trusts or the "high financiering."

Surely, in this wonderful twentieth century, which has struck the word "impossible" out of the dictionary, we ought to be able to give every child good food and a chance to breathe.

A LEAP YEAR PERIL.

The beautiful custom of showering with rice couples just married has its origin in Japan, where it is the custom in a gentle way to strew rice along the bridal pathway, the interpretation being: May your lives be prolonged with the food of the gods," an Oriental extravagance which solemnly ignores any suggestion of hyperbole. The custom as adopted in this country has evoluted, and if it keeps on evoluting will knock out any bridegroom who hasn't a skull like a black oak beetle, says the Detroit Tribune. The rice strewing of Japan, when the custom became an American exotic, took the vigorous turn of rice throwing, new couples being deluged with the pearl grains. It evoluted further and the ricing became a mild form of assault and battery, and not so awful mild, either. No longer than two months ago a brace of newly weds from Saginaw county were pelted until unable to see, and the groom was afterwards forced to fee a doctor to dig the grain out of his ears. On went the evolution till a few days ago the fool friends of a happy Massachusetts couple sand-bagged the groom on the head with a rice "blily," knocking him into insensibility. The train was held fifteen minutes for his reviving gasp, but as it did not come, the wedding trip was declared off and the injured husband conveyed to his home. It is high time to stop all this damfool business. It is leap year, and those of us who have never yet borne a daily "cross" on our manly laps are liable to be summoned any minute. If we refuse we will last at the farthest only "till the shadows are a little longer grown." If we accept, scarce will the preacher have pronounced doom upon us and our parents, if they have been spared to such old age, have exclaimed in stifled sobs, "Heaven bless you," we are hit on the head by some imbecile with a rice sling shot and the lights go out. Sdeath! Then the bell rings and the widow weeps, to afterward trick out in mourning frippery furnished at our cost and from behind the sable mask make eyes at the fellow we most despised when in life, and perhaps in six months enrich him with her dower. Tne rice idiocy must cease lest we fall on our swords. It is better to die thus than be knocked out by some block-headed son of a bad calculation with a rice bag.

The Herald want ads reflect human needs as they exist in the present hour—so they are interesting readings. by using the Want Columns of The Herald.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

New and correct styles from the most important garment makers in the East!

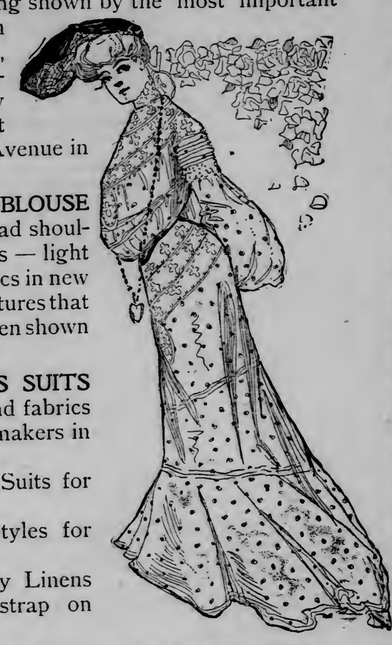
We are opening up many express shipments of New Tailored Suits

in decidedly new cloths and styles—

One of our nobby styles in Women's Coat Suits at $19.50, $22.50 and $25.00.

COSTUMES AND DRESSES—of foulard silk, of all over lace, of taffeta silk, of net—and of various spring and summer fabrics—in voiles, etamines and fancy mixtures.

BEAUTIFUL COVERT COATS—Entirely new styles in tans and olive tan—richly tailored and of very finest materials, the kinds that are being shown by the most important stores on Fifth Ave., and Broadway, Twenty Third Street and Sixth Avenue in New York.



One of our new and exclusive styles in Dresses—of net and organdie—$16.50 to $45.00.

NEW BLOUSE SUITS—Broad shouldered effects — light weight fabrics in new novelty mixtures that have not been shown here before.

MISSES' AND JUNIOR MISS SUITS—in new and handsome styles and fabrics direct from the most important makers in the East.

Sizes 4 to 12 Regulation Suits for girls, sizes 14 to 18.

4 to 12 Peter Thompson styles for girls, 14 to 18.

Serges, Mohairs and heavy Linens with emblem and regulation strap on sleeve, $7.50 to $25.

MISSES' COVERT COATS—A large and varied assortment of new styles just in from Eastern makers—a display that represents the newest effects of skilled specialists in girls' fashions.

Our Mr. Gidding, who has just returned from the East, obtained many important price concessions which will be passed on to our customers—which mothers of girls would do well to take advantage of.

Misses' Covert Coats, three-quarter length, with belt, one of the most effective new styles, $12.50 to $30.00.

Misses' Fitted Jackets, a smartly tailored, effective style, $8.50 to $25.00.

Misses' Tailor-Made Suits, blouse front and back trimmed with contrasting colors, $15 to $35.00.

Misses' Jacket Suits in light mixtures, $15 to $25.00.

Misses' Cheviot Blouse Suits in plain blue and brown, handsomely trimmed, $15 to $32.50.

Girls' Russian Dresses in blue and brown serge, $6.50 to $13.50.

Girls' New Naval Regulation Suit $11.50

No other dress for girls contains such good service, real comfort and youthful style as the naval regulation suit. Made of cheviot of a good quality; the skirt kilted; emblem on sleeve; carefully finished; it is offered at $8.75 and $11.50.

$7.50 for girls' school dresses of serviceable wool material in sailor or Russian style.

$12.50 for Junior run-about suits, in new light spring mixtures; blouse style with collarless jacket and side plaited skirt.

$15.00 for Junior blouse or Eton suits, in light novelty mixtures, collarless style, outlined with broadcloth and braids.

$17.50 for handsome Junior suits, in newest blouse style, imported mixtures and cheviots, prettily trimmed, splendidly finished.

$5.00 for misses' separate runabout skirts, in black, blue or brown cheviot, in panel effect, with foot plaits, well tailored.

$5.00, $7.50 and $10.00 for girls' smart coats, in cheviots, coverts and mixtures; box back, well tailored, neatly trimmed.

J M Gidding & Co
WOMENS OUTFITTERS

"The Style Store."

Superior St. and 1st Ave. W.—in the heart of the shopping district.

THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Had Little Rallying Power and Prices Declined.

Flax Was Dull, Sold Down But Recovered Loss.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 16.—The wheat market was heavy except for a brief period, after the opening, and it seemed to be without rallying power of any consequence. The weather map showed low temperatures for the season, but nothing approaching a cold wave. Killing frosts were reported in Kansas and Missouri. The Kansas crop report gave an acreage of 3,520,000 acres, with a condition of 83.5, against 98.8 in 1903, 74 in 1902, and 99.8 in 1901. This was taken to mean a crop of 80,660,000 bushels, if the condition is maintained. Last year's crop was 87,249,000 bushels.

The Liverpool market closed ¼@¾d lower, Berlin ⅜c lower and Buda Pest ⅝c lower.

Bradstreet estimates the world's shipments to be reported Monday at 9,600,000 bushels, of which Europe will take 8,800,000 bushels. A decrease in the quantity of breadstuffs of passage is expected.

The visible supply a year ago showed a decrease of about 3,000,000 bushels, but Monday's report is expected to show about 1,000,00 decrease.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are expected to show an increase of 50,000 bushels over last week, as compared with a decrease of almost a million a year ago.

Car receipts at Duluth were 12 cars, against 11 last year, and at Minneapolis 161, against 154 a year ago, making a total for the Northwest of 113, against 165 a year ago. Chicago received 17, against 6 a year ago. Winnipeg receipts were 112, against 181 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 221,547 bus, last year, 291,345 bus. Shipments, 159,290 bus, last year, 672,036 bus. Clearances, 242,585 bus, of wheat and flour aggregated 242,585 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d lower.

In the Chicago market May corn closed ⅜c lower. May oats closed ⅝c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 227,120 bus, last year, 215,106 bus. Shipments, 219,545 bus, last year, 639,513 bus. Clearances of corn were 64,200 bus.

In the Duluth market trading was dull. May opened unchanged at 92⅝c, advanced to 92¾c a few minutes later, and fell to 91⅞c at 10:30. It rallied to 92c at 11:20 and fell to 91¾c at 11:39. It rallied then and closed at 92c, a loss of ⅝c. July ranged between 93½c and 92c and closed ⅝c lower at 82¼c. September lost ⅝c, closing at 82⅝c.

Cash offerings were light. May price was paid for No. 1 northern and 2½c under for No. 2.

Flax was dull. May sold ⅜c down to $1.15⅝, breaking through the $1.16 price for the first time since February. It rallied then and closed unchanged at $1.16. July and October were unchanged and September lost ½. Flax stocks are expected to increase 150,000 bus this week.

Oats and rye both declined 1½c.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 93½c; No. 1 northern, 92c; No. 2 northern, 89¼c; macaroni, No. 1, 87c; No. 2, 85c; May, 92c; July, 93¾c; September, 82⅜c. Flax, in store, $1.15½; to arrive, $1.15½; May, $1.16; July, $1.17½; October, $1.18½; September, $1.18. Oats, on track, 39c; to arrive, 39c. Rye, to arrive, 68c; on track, 68c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 12; last year, 11; rye, 1; barley, 3; flax, 12; last year, 10.

Receipts—Wheat, 22,187; oats, 487; barley, 558; flax, 16,966.

Shipments—None.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 5000 bus.....$0.93
No. 2 northern, 5000 bus.....89
Macaroni wheat, 1 car, No. 1.....87

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Better Crop Conditions Gave Wheat Easier Feeling.

Chicago, April 16.—Lower cables and the Kansas crop report showing a better condition of wheat than had been anticipated, caused easier sentiment in the wheat market today. Predictions of rain in sections of Kansas where moisture is needed served to increase the depression. July opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 86⅝c to 87c. After touching 85⅜c, the price declined to 86⅝c. Receipts at Chicago, Duluth and Minneapolis today were 136 cars, against 193 cars last week and 190 cars a year ago.

The market became still weaker as the session advanced. Northwest markets were lower and there was considerable selling by Southwest houses on prospects of warm weather in that section. July declined to 86⅛c, but rallied slightly, closing at 86⅜@⅝c, a net loss for the day of ½@⅝c.

In spite of the easier tone in wheat the corn market ruled steady, due to small receipts and an improved cash demand. Offerings were light and were readily taken, the leading long being a moderate purchaser. July was ⅛c to ¼c higher at the opening at 50¾c to 50⅞c. After selling off to 49⅝c, the price steadied at 50c. Local receipts were 67 cars, with 35 of contract grade.

Long corn continued to come out throughout the remainder of the session. The demand was rather slack resulting in July declining to 49½@49⅝c. The close was at 49¾c, a loss of ¼c.

Oats were influenced by the easier tone in wheat, but there was no great selling pressure, offerings coming principally from tired holders. July opened ⅛c higher at 38¾c and sold off to 37⅝c. Local receipts were 77 cars.

Selling by pit traders due to lower prices at the yards, caused an easier feeling in provisions. July pork opened unchanged at $12.25 and sold off to $12.27½. Lard was down 2½c to 5c at $6.70 to $6.72½ for July, at the opening, but declined to $6.57½. Ribs were unchanged to 2½c lower at $6.50, and receded to $6.35 July.

Close: Wheat—May, 92¾c; July, 86⅜@⅝c; old July, 87⅝@87¾c; September, 82¾c; old September, 83¼c. Corn—April, 51c; May, 51¾c; July, 49¾c; September, 49c; December, 44⅝c. Oats—April, 37½c; July, 37¼c; September, 31⅝c. Pork—May, $12.06½; July, $12.20. Lard—May, $6.47½; July, $6.65; September, $6.77½. Ribs—May, $6.27½@.27½; July, $6.42½; September, $6.55. Rye—May, 72c; July, 69½c. Timothy — April, $2.85. Clover — April, $10.75. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.16; Southwestern, $1.08; May, $1.09. Barley—Cash, 23@57c. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 hard, 86@94c; No. 3 hard, 81@93c; No. 1 northern, 94@98c; No. 2 northern, 88@97c; No. 3 spring, 85@97c. Corn—No. 2, 52½@53c; No. 3, 50@52c. Oats—No. 2, 39c; No. 3, 38½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 16.—Wheat, spot, dull; No. 1 California, 7s; futures, quiet; May, 6s 5⅝d; July, 6s 5⅞d; September, nominal. Corn, spot, steady; American mixed, new, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures, quiet; May, 4s 3¾d; July, nominal.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	...92⅝	94⅛	82⅝	95
High	...92⅜B	94¼	92¾	95
Low	...91¾A	93¼	92	94¾
Close	...92⅜	93½	92¾	94¾@B
Close 15th	...92⅜	94⅛	92¾	95
July—				
Open	...87⅝	94¾	87¼@87	91⅝
High	...88¼	95⅜	87¾	91¾
Low	...87	93⅜	86¾	90¾
Close	...87¾B	93⅝	86⅜-½	90⅞A
Close 15th	...87⅜	94¼	87	91⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	...38¾	52⅛	$12.15
High	...39¼	52¼	12.15
Low	...37⅜	51¾	12.02
Close	...37½	51¾	12.02

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 16.—Close: Wheat—May, 93½c; July, 93⅝c; September, 84¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 95¾c; No. 1 northern, 94¾c. No. 2 northern, 92¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 16.—Close: Wheat—May, 94⅝c; July, 90¾c; September, 84⅞c. Corn—May, 55½c; July, 54⅛c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

R. E. Baker's Grain Letter: Wheat—Local holders of wheat became discouraged this morning in view of the improved weather conditions and forecasted for Sunday. The tone throughout the session was heavy with a general desire to realize. This was more pronounced in the nearby futures, which were weak relative to the September option. The tone of the news was much more pessimistic. Damage reports were not near so generous as for the past few days. The president of the Oklahoma Millers' association says: "The crop in the northern tier of counties and east of the Santa Fe will be larger than last year. In the southwest not so good. The general average will not be below 70." The Kansas state report was 5½ points higher than the government figures on practically the same acreage. Cash wheat was dull at Minneapolis and fewer mills will start up Monday than reported yesterday.

Corn—The trade in corn was light without any speculative interest. Neither the July nor the May was in demand and Armour appeared willing to sell the latter to those bidding for it. Receipts were small at 67 cars, but only 40 per cent graded contract and 75,000 bus of the same quality were transferred from private houses. The demand is very poor indeed. Our best cable mail from Liverpool nets but 40⅝c for No. 2 corn in store here.

Oats—The oat market was weak, with only a limited, local trade. Pit operators were influenced by the easier feeling in wheat and by the better weather forecast for the entire belt. Nebraska advices better indications for all the oats now seeded in that state, and reports from other sections, both east and west of the Mississippi, indicate very good progress is being made. Demand is still dead. The reports were 77 cars, one of which was standard. Fourteen cars of the same quality were transferred from private houses, but this was more than offset by the withdrawal of 45,000 bushels from store. Estimated for Monday, 110 cars.

* * *

Pringle, Fitch & Rankin, Chicago: Following from S. Bashard company, Fort Wayne, Ind.: "Wheat in our opinion is now showing the effect of winter and we wish to state that our anticipations as to the future crop of wheat will be materially lowered. We think under no conditions can now state that under no conditions can we expect over 50 per cent of a crop. Among those of the most pessimistic order the estimate is as low as 50 per cent. We talked with a number of men yesterday from within a radius of 30 miles around Fort Wayne, and we are satisfied that you cannot expect the yield of wheat to be over fifty per cent this year. This is a conservative estimate and can be relied upon. Our state report, if it were made today, would be very different from the condition reported first of the month."

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: Nothing has been done toward completing the loading of the corn cargo of the vessel awaiting No. 2 corn at the Nebraska City and National houses. Some additional corn was offered at one of the houses, but it was rejected by the officials as being too chaffy.

"I think there is 3c in buying September and selling July wheat," says Z. P. Brosseau. "I expect to see the difference between the July and September narrow to 2½@3c. If there is anything in the expectation of a loss from the bad winter wheat condition, and in the expectation of a loss from the unseasonable spring wheat conditions, these will be felt in September and October. And if there is increasing demand from abroad it will come along in the fall."

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: "The flour demand is dull just now," said B. A. Reck. "Flour buyers think that with the approach of a new crop they will be able to buy more cheaply. I think they are mistaken and believe we have seen the last of 75c wheat for a good many years. The growth of population and the increase of consumption have more than caught up with the production of wheat and the foreigners will not be able to dictate to us in this country by the amount he is willing to pay for our surplus."

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, bushel	1 50
Shallots	75 @ 85
Radish, hothouse	65 @ 75

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	25
Dairies, fancy	17 @ 18
Packing stock	12

EGGS.

Fresh	18

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	10
Twins, full cream, old	10½
Full cream, young America	15 @ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberger, full cream, cheese	13
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy, white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	12
Buckwheat, dark	14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, finer gal	1 10

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts, per doz	50
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 85
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	3 00 @ 3 25
Dates, Pard, per box	2 25
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
Floridas	4 50

VEGETABLES.

Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00
Carrots, per cwt	2 25
Turnips	1 25
Beets, per cwt	2 50
Cabbage, per cwt	4 00
Parsnips, pc 100 lbs	2 50
Best cucumbers, per doz	75 @ 1 85
Potatoes	1 10 @ 1 15

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6

DRESSED POULTRY.

Chickens	15
Hens	14½
Ducks	14
Turkeys	18
Geese	13

MEATS.

Beef	5½@ 7½
Lamb	9
Mutton	6½@ 7
Lard	7½
Pork loins	11½

CIDER.

Common juice, half bbl	3 75
Fruit juice	6 50
Duffy cider	3 25

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 16.—Butter, easy; creameries, 14@23c; dairies, 12½@21c. Eggs, steady; at mark, cases included, 16½@16¾c. Cheese—Quiet. Receipts, 1,000 boxes. State full cream, small, white and colored, fancy, September, 11@11¼c; good to prime, 9¾@10c. Eggs—Quiet. Receipts 12,171 packages. State, Pennsylvania and nearby, average finest, 18½c; do, firsts, 18c; western, storage selections, 15½@16c; western, firsts, 18c; southern, firsts, 18½c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time, April 16, 1904.

STATIONS—	State of weather	Minimum	Maximum	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Clear..	32	54	T
Campbell	Clear..	20	48	0
Crookston	Clear..	22	52	0
Detroit City	Clear..	28	52	0
Minneapolis	Clear..	29	50	0
Montevideo	Clear..	28	49	0
New Ulm	Clear..	38	50	0
Park Rapids	Clear..	28	46	0
Winnebago City	Clear..	28	51	0
Devils Lake	Clear..	28	56	0
Langdon	Clear..	30	50	0
Larimore	Clear..	24	50	0
Pembina	Clear..	28	52	0
Aneta	Clear..	26	54	0
Millbank	Clear..	24	48	.02
Mitchell	Clear..	40	50	0
Redfield	Clear..	38	48	0
Bismarck	Cloudy	34	56	0
Duluth	Clear..	29	46	0
Huron	Clear..	28	54	0
La Crosse	Clear..	36	54	.01
Moorhead	Clear..	26	46	0
Pierre	Clear..	36	54	0
St. Paul	Clear..	36	54	0
Winnipeg	Clear..	30	46	0

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note: The average maximum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Freezing weather occurred in nearly all districts this morning.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

B. E. BAKER, STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.

307 Board of Trade. Private Wires. 318 St. Louis Hotel Bldg.

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have led us to establish a SPECIAL BOND DEPARTMENT.

We own and offer, or will buy—

Government Bonds,
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Business can be done at any of our 105 Branch Offices, and delivery made from our general offices in Minneapolis through any of the 176 National and State banks which are our depositories.

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H. E. GOOCH, Correspondent,

220 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

DULLNESS RULED

In Stock Market and Drift of Prices Was Downward.

Ease of Money Market Is a Reassuring Feature.

New York, April 16.—Speculative activity in stocks has halted this week, largely influenced by the question of the Union Pacific contest to renew control of Northern Pacific and Burlington. Further large note issues by railroad corporations have dashed the hopes of an improved demand for bonds. Crop prospects have a growing influence and the winter wheat condition was unfavorable. The improvement in the iron trade was of moderate effect. Railroad earnings are lower, but the settlement of grain rates disputes was regarded with satisfaction. The ease of the money market lacks reassuring effect owing to the high interest rates on the railroad notes.

New York, April 16.—Only a few orders were in the stock market today for execution at the opening and resulted in small fractional advances. A gain of ¾ point in Northwestern and a loss of ¾ in United States Rubber preferred were the only changes worthy of note.

Secondary prices did not vary materially from the opening, speculation immediately lapsing into a rut. Except for the fluctuations in a few specialties, the dealings during the first hour were of an unimportant character. Virginia-Carolina Chemical declined 2½ and recovered about half the loss. Consolidated Gas advanced 3¼, Brooklyn Union Gas 5 and American Telephone & Telegraph 3. General Electric lost 1.

The drift of prices was to a lower level, some of the leaders getting below last night. The trading was entirely without interest. Consolidated Gas reacted 1⅞ and then rallied. Virginia-Carolina Chemical preferred dropped 6⅝ on one sale. The closing was dull and easy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	49⅝	49¼	49⅜
American Sugar	127¼	127¼	127¼
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	73¾	73¼	73⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	76⅝	75⅞	76½
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	49¾	49¼	49¼
Canadian Pacific	116⅝	116¾	116¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	32⅝	32⅜	32⅝
Chicago & Alton	37	37	37
Chicago Great Western	16¾	16⅝	16⅞
Chic, Mil. & St. Paul	145¾	144¾	144¾
Colorado Fuel & Iron	32½	32⅛	32½
Denver & Rio Grande	21½	21½	21½
D., S. S. & A. pfd	47	47	47
Illinois Central	130¾	130¾	130¾
Louisville & Nashville	108	108	108
Manhattan Elevated	142¾	142¾	142¾
Metropolitan St. Ry	112¾	113¼	112¾
Mexican Central	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
Missouri Pacific	93½	93⅝	93⅝
New York Central	117¼	117	117¼
Pennsylvania	134¾	134¾	134¾
People's Gas of Chicago	99¾	99⅜	99⅜
Reading	44⅞	44⅜	44⅝
Southern Pacific	49⅝	49½	49
Southern Railway	22	22	22
Tennessee Coal and Iron	39¾	39½	39½
Texas Pacific	23¾	23—	23⅜
Union Pacific	89½	89⅜	89⅜
United States Leather	7½	7½	7½
U. S. Steel	11⅜	11¼	11⅜
do pfd	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜
Wabash	38¼	38¼	38¼
Wisconsin Central	18¾	18¼	18¾

Northern Securities, 588¾ bid; 987¾ asked.

The total sales were 97,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: London market unchanged. There is very little to say about our market in stocks. The general situation remains unchanged. We can only repeat that we think stocks are worth the money and will ultimately sell higher.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Hardly anything worth discussing in today's market except the rapid advance in Consolidated Gas. The whole session was very dull and featureless and the bank statement though favorable had no effect. Shortly before the close prices sold off possibly due to traders evening up.

* * *

McIntyre & Marshall to Paine, Webber & Co.: The short interest has been increased materially during the last few days and we think this feature, with continued cheap money and the knowledge that the Standard Oil party is adhering to the bullish position will keep the undertone of the general market good.

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has been at a standstill today. Trading was light and professional. The tone was firm until after the bank statement and after that the market showed weakness and was rather weak at the close. The one feature was Consolidated Gas, which advanced sharply on better prospects of the gas bill becoming a law.

* * *

Randolph to Paine, Webber & Co.: In the last hour, pressure developed throughout the list, which looked a good deal like profit-taking on part of traders who are long of stocks on publication of bank statement, which was a very favorable document. The market became more active and closed weak at the lowest prices of the day, with special pressure in Union Pacific, St. Paul and Atchison.

* * *

S. T. Welch & Co.: The stock market opened about where it closed yesterday. Early trading of a rather small volume, and no feature to the market, unless it be the extreme dullness. Railroad shares were steady. Traction stocks dull and firm. The market on the whole, while very dull, is holding exceptionally firm and we believe that stocks are a purchase on all the declines.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 16.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $221,087,779; gold, $109,545,090; silver, $18,391,940; United States notes, $5,468,179; treasury notes of 1890, $117,477; national bank notes, $11,531,385; total receipts this day, $1,230,296; total receipts this month, $22,400,193; total receipts this year, $422,482,492; total expenditures this day, $1,480,060; total expenditures this month, $26,150,000; total expenditures this year, $428,633,334; deposits in national banks, $169,195,575.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 16.—Close: Money on call nominal; no loans. Time loans easy, sixty and ninety days 3¼@3½ per cent; six months, 3¾@4¼ prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers bills at $4.87.35@4.87.40 for demand and at $4.83@$4.83.10 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.81¾@84. Bar silver 53⅛; Mexican dollars, 43c. Bonds: Governments, steady; railroads, firm.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, April 16.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows: Loans, $1,043,254,100, increase $4,721,100; deposits $1,097,118,400, increase $11,666,630; circulation $35,314,200, decrease $306,600; legal tenders $72,858,200, increase $1,645,000; specie $225,-746,000, increase $5,644,600; reserve, $301,804,200, increase $7,289,600; reserve required $275,276,600, increase $2,901,400; surplus $27,304,600, increase $4,388,200; ex-United States deposits $41,352h,525, increase $4,406,775.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	49⅜	49½
Adventure	2	2⅝
Atlantic	8	8½
Allouez	4⅝	4⅞
Arcadian	39c	40c
Elm River	2	2⅛
Bingham	2⅜	2⅜
Copper Range	42	42¼
Centennial	19¾	20
Calumet & Hecla	..	409
Calumet & Pittsburg	..	35
L. S. & Pittsburg	150	160
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	4	4½
Michigan	3	6
Mohawk	41	41¾
Mayflower	56c	75c
Mercur Con	50c	51c
National	..	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	12¼	13
Osceola	67½	68½
Phoenix	1¾	2
Parrott	24	24½
Quincy	85	88
Rhode Island	90c	1.00
Santa Fe	1⅛	1⅞
Franklin	1½	..
Tamarack	95	98
Trinity	4	4¼
Tennessee Copper	20	21
Utah	33	33⅜
U. S. Mining	20½	20¾
U. S. Oil	9½	10
Victoria	3¾	3⅞
Wolverine	72	73
Wyandot	75c	1.00
Winona	6½	6⅞
Daly West	22½	22½
Greene Cons	14⅜	15
Calumet & Cochise	..	63¾
Pittsburg & Duluth	3	55
Union Land	25	3
Junction	..	30
Wolverine & Arizona	..	7½

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Its slight inclination to drag during the last 20 minutes of the session makes us think that the reaction may go further Monday, but we look for it to act as well as anything on the list. There was a practical absence of offerings of copper stocks. Lake copper is quoted an eighth of a cent lower on New York and market very quiet.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 16.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 16@17 points in old crop, while the new crop was 9 points lower to 1 point higher. The decline was due to liquidation by room longs, following disappointing cables and a bearish visible supply statement, while the steadiness on the new crop months was caused by further reports of cold weather. The forecast called for still colder weather tonight.

Cotton futures closed quiet; April, 14.02; May, 14.05; June, 14.22; July, 14.32; August, 13.76; September, 12.40; October, November, 11.70; December, 11.69; January, 11.71. Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands, 14.40; do gulf, 14.65. Sales, 1407 bales.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 16.—Cattle—Receipts 400. Nominal. Good to prime steers, $5.10@5.65; poor to medium, $3.75@5.00; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.25; cows, $1.90@4.25; heifers, $2@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2@4.10; calves, $2@6.50; Texas fed steers, $3@4.40. Hogs—Receipts today, 11,000; Monday, 30,000; slow to weak. Mixed and butchers, $5.10@5.30; good to choice heavy, $5.25@5.35; rough, heavy, $5.10@5.20; light, $5.05@5.15; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.20. Sheep —Receipts 2000. Sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.35; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.60; western sheep, $4.90@5.60; native lambs, $4@5.75; western lambs, clipped $4.50@5.75; western lambs, wooled, $5.75@6.40.

NEW PEASANT CODE.

Mr. Von Plehve, the Russian minister of the interior, lately completed the first draft of the so-called "peasant code," a new body of legislation intended to carry into effect the wishes and promises of the czar as set forth in the imperial manifesto of March 11, 1903, concerning religious liberty and administrative reform. At the time when that manifesto was promulgated the Outlook called attention to the fact that the reforms foreshadowed and partly outlined therein were little more than changes and modifications in the existing system of bureaucratic administration, and that in the decree itself there was little to indicate a serious purpose on the part of those who framed it "to furnish any relief for the evils from which the Russian people are suffering." The draft of reform legislation which now appears, as the outcome of that manifesto, seems fully to justify all that was said of it. It ignores entirely the evils pointed out by the local committees of the agricultural inquiry commission of 1902-03, such as insufficient land, high and inequitable taxation of the peasants as a class, deprivation of the legal rights enjoyed by other classes, oppressive bureaucratic control, inadequate educational facilities, restriction of the right to assemble for discussion and joint action, the passport system, the censorship of the press, etc., and confines itself almost wholly to such matters as "the definition of individual rights regarding communal lands," the "settlement of disputes between villages and between peasants and neighboring landholders," and the "discovery of means to stimulate individual enterprise, bring about the adoption of modern farming methods, and instill in the peasants respect for the laws and rights of property."

Where it touches questions of more vital importance it is distinctly conservative, if not reactionary, in tendency. It perpetuates, for example, the existing inequality between the peasant class and other classes by decreeing that "the peasants must remain entirely separate legally;" it declares that they must continue to live together in communes, or at least that the commune, as an organization, shall not be disturbed; it forbids the sale by the peasants of lands to which they are entitled and upon which they have made "redemption payments;" and it retains corporal punishment—or, in other words, flogging with whips—as a disciplinary measure applicable to peasants only. "Reforms" of this kind are merely bureaucratic remedies for bureaucratic evils, and will have little effect upon the economic condition of the class to which they specifically relate. The most urgent needs of the Russian peasant are education, freedom of movement and action, freedom from oppressive bureaucratic "regulation," immunity from degrading punishments to which men of other classes are not liable, equality before the law, and relief from a burden of taxation that is wholly beyond their strength. Give him these rights, privileges and immunities and he will take care of himself without guardians or nurses; but he never can or will prosper while he is bound to his commune, bound to his land, set apart as a member of an inferior class, deprived of legal rights that others enjoy, kept in ignorance despite his thirst for education, told what he must do and what he must not do from the cradle to the grave, and threatened with the whip merely because he has happened to be born a peasant farmer. The czar said in his manifesto of March 11 that he was "firmly resolved to satisfy immediately needs of the state that had become fully ripe." If the "peasant code" drafted by Mr. Von Plehve is the only satisfaction that the "needs" of the peasantry are to have, such needs would seem to have "ripened" in vain.

San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal., and Return, $50.00.

April 23rd to May 1st the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, account Methodist Episcopal Conference and Grocers' Convention, to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return for $50.00, good returning until June 30th. Stopovers allowed in both directions. Tickets are first-class and good on all trains, including Lake Superior and North Coast Limited. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 352 West Superior street

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to Dec 1, 1904.

For the above occasion "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets at the following rates:

Season tickets, $32.50, on sale April 15 to Nov. 15, final limit December 15.

Sixty day tickets $27.10, on sale April 25 to November 20, limit 60 days.

Ten day tickets $24.40, on sale April 27 to November 30, limit 10 days.

Children of five and under twelve years of age, half the above rates. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.

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104-105 Palladio Building.

Grain - Provisions - Stocks

Arizona Copper Stocks a Specialty

Private Wires to all Markets.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Harriet Carey Barnes, applicant to have registered the land situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows:

Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, in block 15, Harrison's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof,

Plaintiff.

vs.

The Trustees of Lafayette College, Susan M. Stryker, John D. Stryker, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 16th day of April, A. D. 1904.

J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.

By H. A. LIEDEL,
Deputy.

(Seal of Dist. Ct., St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April 16-23-30-1904.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Elijah C. Gridley and Emma E. Gridley, his wife, mortgagors, to E. W. Hale, mortgagee, bearing date November twenty-ninth (29th), 1899, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December sixth (6th), 1899, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred sixty-two (162) of Mortgages, on page one hundred ninety-four (194); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, and interest thereon.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of two thousand four hundred sixty-two ($2462.00) dollars, principal and interest;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: An undivided one-ninth interest in and to the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (S. W. ¼ of N. E. ¼), of section one (1), in township fifty-eight (58) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Fourth principal meridian, according to the government survey thereof; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1904, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, 1904.

E. W. HALE,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald—April 9-16-23-30, May 7

No better, safer, or more profitable investment can be made anywhere than Duluth

REAL ESTATE

Population increasing all the time is making land more valuable as time goes by.

If you have not decided on your location, you will find The Herald's real estate page a vast map of information.

THE HERALD IS THE REAL ESTATE DIRECTORY OF DULUTH.

50-foot lot on West Second street, near Twenty-eighth avenue—for $1325

Four lots in Helm's addition for $300 and up, according to location.

Six lots on Twenty-fourth avenue West, very cheap, have to be sold.

Double corner in Lakeside, first-class location, water and sewer in the street—price $700

80 acres in Wisconsin, buildings and improvements worth $900, close to the station—price $1300

5, 10 and 20-acre tracts close to the city.

Two acres within two blocks of the street car tracks, good for truck farm—very cheap.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Providence Building.

LAND SALE BARGAINS

The following lands will be sold cheap to close up partnership:

160 acres, township 55, range 17, near Kelsey, on the Pale Face river; excellent farming land; three acres cleared and a small house and barn.

120 acres, 50-17; good farming land with considerable hardwood timber.

160 acres, 60-14; one mile from Embarass station; easily cleared.

160 acres, 54-20; very suitable for a farm.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, block 2, Chester Park division of Duluth. Just the place for a dairy.

Also a few acre tracts within the city limits, for truck gardens.

Inquire 501 First National Bank Bldg.

FOR SALE!

Windmill and Pump, complete

MENDENHALL & HOOPES
First National Bank Bldg.

Fine seven room modern dwelling house for sale near 10th Ave. East on 3rd Street—price $3000; $2000 cash, balance three years.

R. B. KNOX & CO
Fire Insurance—Real Estate.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

PARK POINT

Store and dwelling, with full size corner lot, for sale at a bargain.

G. G. Dickerman & Co
Alworth Building.

HOUSES.

$6000 No. 18, 20 or 22 West Third street—Ten-rooms, brick, modern conveniences, three story; lots 20x140.

$4500 No. 211 West Third street—Lot 50x140. Seven rooms, stone foundation.

LOTS.

$3800 Corner Third street and Lake avenue, or Fourth street and First avenue West. Inside lots $3200.

$1600 Near Lake avenue and Third street; 25x140.

A. A. MENDENHALL

Closing Out Sale!

We have decided to close out the balance of our buildings on Duluth Heights within the next 30 days. Prices and terms will be within the reach of anyone wishing to have his own home. The following stands as an example:

$500 $50 cash, balance $10 per month, at 6 per cent interest, buys a six-room house in good condition, and lot, on improved street. We have yet a number of buildings to pick from.

Have a long list of cheap houses and lots for sale at the West End. Will here mention one:

$550 cash takes a house in good condition, containing six rooms and basement; good well and water and lot, on Eighth street, near Twenty-first avenue West.

ALFRED KJELLIN,
306 BURROWS BUILDING.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.

BIG BARGAINS IN LAKESIDE HOUSES

$3800 For an eight-room modern dwelling on fine corner. House cost $5000 to build.

$3500 For seven-room house on corner lot. Stone foundation. Bath, furnace and electric light. Splendid location.

$1650 Neat six-room house on improved street. Water and sewer.

$1600 For six-room house on street railway line. City water and sewer.

$1600 For large six-room house and big lot. House in fine shape. Only $300 cash.

$2000 For seven-room house on the best street in Lakeside. A snap.

These are a few of the big bargains. We have others.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.
INSURANCE,
303 Lonsdale Building.

BURRELL & HARMON,
No. 3 So. First Ave. E.,
BOTH 'PHONES.

FURNACE HEATING EXPERTS.

Agents for Strictly First-class Furnaces.

ROOFING WORK—all kinds—Cornice and Skylights, Steel Ceilings.

Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all kinds.

On or Before the 1st Day of May Is the Best Time to Buy a Home—

There is but a short time left

before desirable properties will be tied up for another year. You never can own a home for less money than today, if you buy one already built.

I have many splendid values in homes ranging in price from $1500 to $15,000, on most of which the purchaser can make his own terms. There is no reason why more of our citizens should not own their own homes, when they can get the kind they want at right prices and on terms to suit each individual pocket book. If you are in the market for a home, it will pay you to call at **302 Lonsdale Bldg.** without delay.

R. M. NEWPORT,
F. I. SALTER, Agent.

ON SECOND ST., EAST END, Small house and fine lot, 50 x 140, choice location. A snap—Easy Terms. Price only **$2200**

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

5% 5½% 6% MONEY TO LOAN

Penn Mutual Life Ins. Co.,
John A. Stephenson, Agent,
Providence Building.

$3000 New ten-room house, for two families. Water, sewer and bath. Electric lights up and down stairs. Stone foundation, full basement. Splendid location on West End.

$1600 Good eight-room house, full two stories, in good condition. Lot 25x140 feet. Near Lincoln Park, West End.

$1600 Nine rooms, city water. Rents $20 per month, on Piedmont avenue, West End.

$2300 Good house of eleven rooms, Lot 50x140 feet, on Fifth street, near Twentieth avenue west.

$1000 Good five-room house. Full 50-foot lot on Seventh street, near Twenty-fourth avenue west.

$2000 Corner of Twenty-third avenue west and First street.

$750 Lot on First street, near Twenty-third avenue west.

$750 Lot 50x125 feet on Huron street, near Twenty-seventh avenue west.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
'Phone 789. 400 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE.

200 acres in T. 59 N. R. 19 W. } At $2.50
40 acres in T. 52 N. R. 17 W. }
120 acres in T. 54 N. R. 19 W. } per acre
160 acres in T. 55 N. R. 19 W. }

H. W. COFFIN,
Manhattan Building.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

$2100 takes 12-room house, near Fourth street; rents for $29.00 per month.

$1900 takes six-room house on East Fifth St., near Seventh Ave.

$1000 takes house and lot on East Seventh St., near Ninth Ave.

$500 takes house and lot on Seventeenth avenue East.

C. A. JOHNSON, 515 Burrows Building.

REALTY MARKET IS BRIGHTENING

Dealers All Report Fine Week of Business and Heavy Amount of Inquiry—Building Plans Continue to Multiply and Outlook Is Fine—Some Sales of the Week.

The real estate movement in Duluth and its immediate vicinity has received a good impetus this week and activity in trades is already more apparent. Local brokers are opening up negotiations for new business with every confidence of a continued movement, and are predicting fairly lively times for the next few months.

The week has brought out even more inquiry than any for the preceding month, and the real estate men are nearly all busy. For a time the inquiry from the outside was the heavier, but lately local inquiry has taken a brace and many home seekers have been making the rounds of the realty offices looking for the best things they can get for their money.

* * *

Several parties to whom unimproved property has recently been sold have been figuring with the architects this past few days to get the probable cost of intended improvements and plans are now under way which will be submitted within the next two weeks.

* * *

One of the sales of interest closed this week was that of the old East End Livery barn property at the northwest corner of Superior street and Seventh avenue East, from F. L. Buell to the Fitger Brewing company for $7300. The property comprises some five lots, most of which are occupied by barns. It was expected that Mr. Buell would erect some modern brick flats on the site but now that the property has passed into the possession of the brewing company it is rumored that it will be utilized for some of the brewery buildings instead. The officers of the brewing company state that they have not yet formed any plans as to what improvements will be made.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck report a very busy week and have made sales including the following: A house and lot on East Seventh street from F. A. Berg to A. T. Lyons, for $1850; a house and lot on Second street to George Nordgren, for $600 and a house and lot on Ninth street to E. Buehner, for $650. Several other sales are just closing the names concerned being withheld for the present.

* * *

W. C. Sargent & Company report a good week's business including among its sales a house and lot at Sixtieth avenue East and London road to T. D. McMartin, a 5-acre and a 10-acre tract below the pumping station and three lots for improvement.

* * *

A fairly active week is reported by J. D. Howard & Company. Among its sales the company includes a farm of 100 acres in Carlton county and several local properties. J. D. Howard has just returned from an extended trip through New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, and while away heard many good words about Duluth. Mr. Howard saw several men who own unimproved property here and considerable new building will be done this season. Mr. Howard says he placed some of the stock of the Howard Investment company while on his trip, and the money will go toward building new houses here this year.

* * *

Architect A. Terryberry has completed this week the plans for John Helmer's $25,000 8-flat building which will be erected on the lower side of Second street, near Seventh avenue east. Mr. Helmer at first intended to erect a 5-story building, but the plans have been changed for a 4-story structure. It will be built of brick, with a street frontage of 45 feet and 70 feet deep. The structure will be thoroughly modern throughout, including hardwood finish, plumbing and hot water heating plant. The contract for the work will be let the first of the coming week.

Mr. Terryberry is getting out plans for a $6500 brick residence near Twenty-first avenue east and Second street, for local parties. The plans are not yet quite ready for figures.

* * *

Another important improvement to be made on Superior street at the south-east corner of Sixth avenue west, was announced this week. The improvement will consist of a modern brick store and hotel building to cost in the neighborhood of $25,000, and which will be owned by J. D. Zien and Samuel Loeb. The Superior street floor will be arranged for stores and the upper stories for a hotel. The building will have a 50-foot frontage on Superior street and will adjoin Mr. Zien's Michigan street property on the rear.

Messrs. Zein and Loeb at first planned to have a 3-story building on Superior street, but they decided yesterday to make it four stories, which, with the basement on the avenue side, to be finished off for a barber shop and a store, will give them practically a 5-story structure. The plans were drawn by J. J. Wangenstein. Work will begin on the building by July 15 and it is to be ready for occupancy by October next.

* * *

The general contract for the $65,000 hotel building to be erected by Ribenack Bros. at the northwest corner of Sixth avenue west and Superior street, has been awarded D. D. Campbell & Co., of this city, at a consideration said to be in the neighborhood of $46,000. Work on the new structure is to begin about April 20, and the construction will be pushed through the summer months so that the hotel can open early in the fall, if not sooner. The plans for the hotel were made by J. J. Wangenstein.

* * *

It is understood that plans will soon be out for an improvement of the northeast corner of Sixth avenue west and Superior street, by the Hamm Brewing company, of Minneapolis.

* * *

E. G. Pake, of West Duluth has sold to Thomas Doyle, for a consideration of $2500, a residence property on Main street between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth avenues.

* * *

Among the important range town transfers this week was that of lot 4, block 9, Hibbing, from W. G. Close to Dottie M. Power, for $6500.

* * *

D. E. Case has bought of Bertha M. Stevenson, for $3200, the east 15 feet of the northerly 70 feet of lot 6, block 22, Endion division.

* * *

The Zenith Cedar company has sold lot 6, East Sixth street, Duluth proper, First division, for $3000.

* * *

T. G. Vaughn says that more activity is apparent in West End property than before this spring. Mr. Vaughn has made, among other deals, the following sales: A property at Second street and Eighteenth avenue west, from August Peterson to Matt Koneczny, for $2100: a lot on the upper side of Fourth street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues west, from Blanche Brigham to A. Peterson, for $500; the east half of an adjoining lot from Blanche Brigham to J. Lindahl, for $560; half of a lot on Park avenue, between First and Second streets, from A. Johnson to K. McGrath, for $1700; a 35 by 90-foot lot on Twentieth avenue west, between Fourth and Fifth streets, from C. Stai to J. Hendickson, for $1700.

* * *

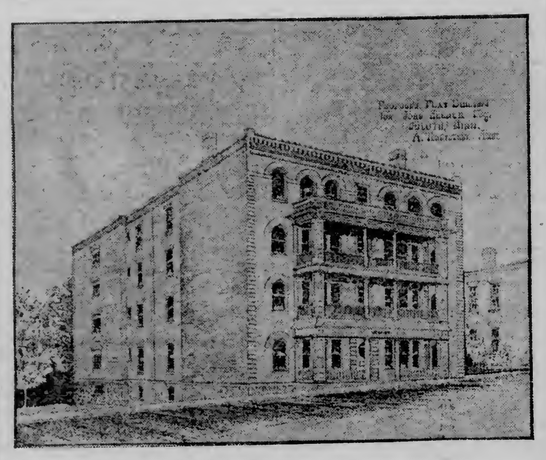
George H. Crosby reports a very satisfactory week's business, in spite of unfavorable weather, for several days. He has made the following sales: A house and lot on 803 East Sixth street, described as lot 3 block 128, Portland, from Anton Moe to outside parties, for $1600; a house and lot on Sixteenth avenue east, in block 100, Endion, from Lawrence Wanwik to John Andrews, for $2100; a modern residence, on the corner of Nineteenth avenue east and London road, to D. E. Case, for $3350; a 50-foot lot, with building, at West Michigan street, for $7000. This property was purchased by an Eastern party for investment.

Mr. Crosby has the earnest money on several other transactions, and reports an active insurance and loan business.

* * *

The rental situation presents more of a puzzle as the first of May approaches. Some of the rental agencies are taking advantage of the rush for houses and flats to pick their tenants. The demand

(Continued on page 2, fifth column.)



HELMER FLAT BUILDING.
To Be Built on East Second Street Between Sixth and Seventh Avenues—Cost $25,000—Architect A. Terryberry.

GEO. H. CROSBY OFFERS FINE BARGAINS IN LAKESIDE HOUSES.

$4500 buys 100x140 lot on upper side of London road. Eight room house and all modern. Terms reasonable.

$2350 takes beautiful home on Oneida street. Terms very easy.

$2400 takes house on Grand avenue and large lots. Terms easy.

$3150 for beautiful home on upper side London road. Half cash. Modern home.

BUILDING LOTS.

From $50 to $1600. Some very fine ones, 50x140, for $350 to $400.

$850 buys the finest double corner on upper side McCulloch St. and Forty-fourth Ave. East.

$1650 buys 100x400, lower side of London road, near Forty-second avenue East.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg.,
Fire insurance in strongest companies.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$550 50-foot lot on Fourth street, near Seventh avenue West.

$725 Beautiful five-room cottage in good condition; one-quarter cash—Duluth Heights.

$850 Six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; two full lots; monthly payments.

$1200 100-foot corner, Eighth avenue West and Fourth street. Best bargain in the city.

We have a lot on Piedmont avenue West. Will build a house to suit purchaser and sell on monthly payments. Look this up.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

FARM LANDS.

25 Cts. PER ACRE DOWN

buys your choice 40 acres, 80 acres and up to 10,000 acres, Hardwood and Clover Land near railway, streams and lakes in Park region of Minnesota.

TIMBER WILL PAY for LAND

Prospects of iron beneath. In case of death before payments are made

A FREE DEED

will be given your heirs. Terms so easy laboring men can make monthly payments. Farmers, yearly payments. Write for free illustrated booklet. Maps and terms.

ELWOOD LAND CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

5 PER and 5½ CENT MONEY TO LOAN. "On or Before"

R. M. NEWPORT,
302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. SALTER, Agent.

FOR RENT.

Dock Office and Warehouse

Foot Fifth Avenue West. Apply W. S. Moon, 305 Board of Trade Building.

5% MONEY TO LOAN

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

EAST END LOTS FOR SALE.

SUPERIOR ST.—Very fine lot near Twelfth avenue east, lower side of the street, 50x140 feet in area. Price..... $3500

EAST SECOND ST.—Double corner, all street improvements made, 100x140 feet in area. One of the choicest corners on East Second St..... $4500

EAST SECOND ST.—Lot 50x140 feet in area, in fine location. Price..... $1500

EAST FOURTH ST.—Lot 50x140 feet in area, west of Twenty-first avenue. Not far from the Normal school. Price..... $800

EAST FIFTH ST.—Corner lot on East Fifth St. Near normal schbol. Price..... $650

N. J. UPHAM CO
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

Special Bargains.

Lot 50x140, upper side boulevard, near incline road—easy terms—only $500

Ten, twenty or forty acres of fine farming land, adjoining city limits—at, per acre $25

Six fine lots in West Duluth, one block from Longfellow school $150

We have several desirable lots, centrally located, on which we will build and sell on easy payment plan. Come and see us. Costs nothing to talk it over.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Julius D. Howard & Co
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

BIG SNAPS IN HOUSES.

$1200 buys 11-room house and large grounds.

$2800 buys cozy seven-room house; Twelfth avenue East. Owner leaving the city.

$2200 buys nice seven-room house, Lake avenue.

C. H. CAULKINS & CO., 501 Palladio

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

A nine-room house, on a fine 50-foot lot, on upper side of Fourth street, near Eighth avenue West ... $1800 —on easy terms .....

A house of five rooms and two more in the basement; stone foundation; located near Lake avenue, below Second street—on easy terms $700

A four-room cottage, near Sixtieth avenue East, in good condition; good cellar, hardwood floor . $1100 in kitchen .....

A neat cottage containing six rooms, on Sixth street, near Tenth avenue East $1150

A large house on a fifty-foot lot, near Third avenue East; about 14 rooms, in good condition; rental, $20 per month $1800

An eight-room house with 25-foot lot, on Seventh street, near Second avenue East $850

A nearly new house of six rooms, well built and in good condition; some hardwood floors; also a small house on rear of lot; on Sixth St., near Portland Square $1800

A fine 50-foot lot on First street, west of Eighteenth avenue East $2200

75 feet on Third street, west of Fifteenth avenue East. A desirable residence site and CHEAPER THAN DIRT—at $2000

98x130 feet on southwest corner of Tenth avenue East and Fifth street. Can be divided into lots facing Portland Square ... $4000

50x140 feet on southwest corner of Ninth avenue East and Fourth street $2000

WANTED.

WE HAVE A CUSTOMER FOR A LARGE FURNISHED HOUSE AT THE EAST END.

MONEY TO LOAN.

SOME GOOD HOUSES FOR RENT FOR MAY FIRST.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

LITTLE & NOLTE UNDER AM. EX. BANK. INSURANCE REAL ESTATE LOANS ESTABLISHED 1886

SPECIAL BARGAINS!

$4000 will buy a 14-room house, stone foundation, furnace heat, gas, water, sewer, two bath rooms and toilets, a large attic finished and heated. Lot is 50 feet wide and 162 feet deep, extending from Superior street to Dingwall street. 16-13.

$5000 for beautiful home in Glen Avon. All thoroughly modern. Lot 100x286 feet. 29-2.

$3000 for eight-room house, on Oneida street, in Lester Park; stone foundation, full basement, hot water heat, water, sewer, bath, toilet; lot 50x140. Terms easy. 77-3.

$4500 for 209 West Third street—Nine rooms, stone foundation, water and sewer; lot 50x140. 28-3.

$50 cash, balance in monthly payments, for choice of several 50-foot lots, near Twelfth avenue West. 232-5 and 241-10.

$4800 for finely improved property on Michigan street, reaching to railway, now bearing income of over $700 per year. 48-5.

$2500 for house of seven rooms, water, sewer, bath, closet, furnace heat, electric light, near Second avenue West, on Fifth St. 59-11.

OFFICES AND HOUSES FOR RENT

FARM LANDS.

Ten-acre tract on road, near Arnold, 23 miles from Woodland line— for $200

140 acres near Grand Lake station, D. M. & N. R. R.—Buildings, some cleared, good land—at, per acre $8

160 acres good land 1½ miles from Scanlon—at $7

CITY PROPERTY.

Modern homes in East End at $3000, $3500 and $4500. Others in all parts of the city. Also choice building sites.

D. W. SCOTT,
Zenith 'phone 685.
10 MESABA BLOCK.

FOR SALE

80 acres of the finest farming land in the Northwest, adjoining a first-class county road; black soil and clay bottom; will cut 350 cords birch and maple. Located nine miles west of Carlton. This tract will be sold at once as owner will leave for California. Will give reasonable terms to right party. Address,

REAL ESTATE, Herald.

A SNAP

$2500 Beautiful, well-located lot in Endion Division, 50x140, with nine-room dwelling thereon. Must be sold at once.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

$1500 Takes new six-room house on Sixth street, near Seventh avenue east.

$2300 Takes two houses and lot on Sixth street, near Fifth avenue east.

$1800 Takes fine lot on East First near Twenty-first avenue east.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

$3200 for a 9-room house—all modern improvements. Centrally located—easy terms.

H. A. WING & CO.
210 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

Offices in Manhattan building. Also a large store on Michigan street. Will remodel to suit tenant.

WHITNEY WALL, Palladio bldg

$1200 Six-roomed house and lot. Good well. Good location, on East Fifth street.

$1750 House of eight rooms, with well; also barn. Corner lot, 50x140, on Lake avenue North.

$2400 Seven-roomed house. Water, sewer, bath, stove heat. On First street near Seventh avenue East.

$2500 Seven-room house, water, sewer, bath, stove heat. Lot 25x140. Fine location on Second street, near Tenth avenue East.

$3000 Eight-room brick house, water, sewer, bath, hot water heat. Land 23x50. Very central.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor Lonsdale Building.

$700 FOR CORNER LOT IN EAST END, SEWER IN THE STREET—MUST BE SOLD QUICK.

$3500 FOR GOOD HOUSE ON JEFFERSON STREET—NINE ROOMS, FURNACE, BATH, ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. POSSESSION MAY FIRST.

$4000 FOR LARGE, 9-ROOM HOUSE, EAST SECOND STREET—STONE FOUNDATION, WATER, ETC.

$4500 TAKES FOUR GOOD HOUSES—GOOD LOCATION, CITY WATER. ARE RENTED FOR $576 A YEAR. PAY 12 PER CENT.

OTHER BARGAINS ALL OVER THE CITY. COME AND SEE WHAT THEY ARE.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
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C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
C. H. GRAVES & CO.,

TORREY BUILDING—FIRST FLOOR.

REAL ESTATE. LOANS. INSURANCE.
REAL ESTATE. LOANS. INSURANCE.
REAL ESTATE. LOANS. INSURANCE.
REAL ESTATE. LOANS. INSURANCE.
REAL ESTATE. LOANS. INSURANCE.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.

$425 buys a lot 37½x100 feet, on Sixteenth avenue East. Look this up—it is a good location and cheap.

$700 buys a good four-room cottage, on Minnesota avenue, Park Point. Full nice lot, with trees on. A good row boat and other equipment. Look it up right away.

O. G. OLSON
413 Burrows Blk.

HERE IS A

BEAUTIFUL LOT

Only $3000. Lies perfect between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues East, on the lower side of Superior street. Sureet has all improvements such as water, sewer, gas and asphalt pavement. Full size, 50x140 feet. Come quick.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Bldg.

$1600 buys nine-room house, right down town. A bargain.

$1200 buys 100-foot corner on East Superior street.

$2850 buys seven-room house; water, sewer, gas; nice location. East End.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
309 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 333.

$8500

Fine eight-room dwelling for sale on easy terms. No. 514 East Third street. Large lot. Possession given May 1st.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309-310 Exchange Building.

5% MONEY To Loan 6%

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO First Floor Lonsdale Bldg

STORE FOR RENT!
MAY 1st.
16 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.
With Michigan St. basement and subbasement
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

BARGAINS IN FARM LANDS

40 acres of choice land, heavily timbered, one and a half miles from Alborn. A snap. Only, per acre..... $7.75

66 acres of good land, thirty miles from Duluth, four miles from depot. Country well settled. Only, per acre..... $5.00

40 acres, six miles from city limits. Only, per acre..... $20.00

Also other genuine bargains in any size. See our list before purchasing.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
Lonsdale Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

THE RENTING PROBLEM,

For such it has become in Duluth, is more easily solved through The Herald than any other way. Houses, Flats and Rooms advertised in The Herald are easily rented, because it is on this page the people look for the best locations.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! OUR MONTHLY REGULATOR never fails. Box free. Vita Co., Station A., Detroit, Mich.

LADIES! WHEN IN NEED SEND FOR free trial of our never failing remedy. Relief sure and quick. Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

RETIRED BUSINESS MAN, VERY rich, seeks good, honest, home-loving wife. Money no object. Address Mr. Lord, 202 Washington street, Chicago.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist **Chichester Chemical Co. Philada., Pa.**

PRETTY WIDOW, WORTH $5,000, INherits $75,000, beautiful home, income $5,000, wants immediately honorable, industrious husband. Address Alla, St. Nicholas hotel, Chicago.

TWO WIDOWS WOULD LIKE TO meet two gentlemen of good habits, with means. Object known—when answered. B 58, Herald.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Jarven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent post-paid in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1.

Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass

TWO YOUNG WIDOWS WOULD LIKE to meet two gentlemen, with means. Object known when answered. C 140, Herald.

MARRY—WEALTH AND BEAUTY. Marriage directory free. Pay when married. Entirely new plan. Send no money. Address I. A. Horton, Dept. 108, Tekonsha, Mich.

FREE: YOUR FORTUNE TOLD. YOU want the truth. I tell the truth. Send three 2-cent stamps and birth date. Professor True, S. 130 Dearborn, Chicago.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE! Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to positively cure **SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES.** Special—Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by **W. A. ABBETT, Druggist,** Duluth, Minn., 301 West Superior street.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN, AGE 30, DESIRES correspondence with lady of education and refinement. Box 45, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

THOMAS F. McCARTIN'S RELATIVES in Carthage, N. Y., would like to hear from you.

BOARD OFFERED.

TABLE BOARD OFFERED. 20 EAST Fourth street.

NICE LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD AT the Ralston.

TABLE BOARD—123 WEST SECOND ST.

TABLE BOARD—10 WEST SECOND ST.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

BOARD AND ROOM, 231 W. Second St.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—A 15-ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished. Possession desired in the fall. O 91, Herald.

WANTED — TO RENT — A 15-ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished. Possession desired in the fall. O 91, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM, AT 125 West Second street.

GENTLEMAN WANTS TABLE BOARD near high school. Give price and hours. Box N 39, Herald.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOMS AND board for gentleman and two sons, aged 13 and 17. East End preferred. Address U 59, Herald.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — THE FINE BRICK storeroom, 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent Bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

STORE ROOM, NO. 130 WEST MICHIgan street, suitable for commission or jobbing. 7000 square feet of floor space. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SMALL SPACE IN STORE, 3 West Superior street.

JUMBO STUMP PULLER.

CLEARING LAND with JUMBO STUMP PULLER. Send for my catalog of JUMBO, CLIMAX & CHIEF Stump Pullers before buying. Make DITCHERS, ROAD GRADERS, ROAD LEVELERS, CAPSTANS, Rec Land Cutters. C. D. Edwards, Albert Lea, Minn.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 307 Palladio.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1707-8 West Michigan St. New phone, 318; old, 705-3.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 319 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND office partitions. J 33, Herald.

Low Rates to the Southwest.

On March 15, April 5 and 19 the Great Northern railway will sell one-way tickets to nearly all points in Arkansas, Colorado, Indian territory, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico at half rates plus $2. For further information call on A. Brosted, Northern passenger agent, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.

Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

WANTED — ENERGETIC, TRUSTworthy man or woman to work in Minnesota, representing large manufacturing company. Salary $40 to $80 per month, paid weekly; expenses advanced. Address with stamp, J. H. Moore, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—MEN willing to distribute samples, tack signs, etc., at $3.00 daily. Permanent. No canvassing. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

DETECTIVES — EVERY LOCALITY, good salary, experience unnecessary. International Detective Agency, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED MEN EVERYWHERE—GOOD pay; to distribute circulars, adv. matter, tack signs, etc. No canvassing. National Adv. Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—MANAGER FOR BRANCH office we wish to locate here in Duluth. Address, with references, Morris Wholesale House, care Herald.

CAPABLE SALESMAN TO COVER Minnesota with staple line. High commissions with advance of $100.00 monthly. Permanent position to right man. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

WE PAY $20 WEEKLY AND EXPENses to men of ability to represent us. Groceries and druggist specialties; no experience required; full details upon request. Manager, 52 Dearborn, Chicago.

SALESMEN — PROFIT AND PROMOmotion—That is what Rand, McNally & Co. have to offer the best three men answering this advertisement. Our salesmen are making from $18 to $40 per week. You can do as well, for ours are the goods that sell. Apply at once, stating your age and permanent address. Rand, McNally & Co., Chicago.

TRUSTWORTHY PERSON; EACH county; to manage local business for wholesale house, $20 paid weekly; expense money advanced; position permanent; experience not essential. Manager, Como block, Chicago.

MAN TO VISIT RETAIL TRADE FOR mercantile house; salary $24 weekly; expenses advanced; previous experience unnecessary. National, Caxton, Chicago.

SALESMAN WANTED—15 PER CENT commission. The finest line of candy in the market. Dynes, 213 E. Randolph street, Chicago.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED ITALIAN laborers for section work for Montana and Washington. Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A FIRSTclass trouser maker. M. L. Parker.

CIGAR SALESMEN WANTED — EXperience unnecessary; good pay. Emanuel Co., Station "J," New York.

WANTED — ONE OR TWO COATmakers, at once. Janzig, Hunter block.

COMPETENT MEN AND BOYS MAY be secured gratis through employment dept. Y. M. C. A., for office, store or other work; reliable information on file regarding applicants. Zenith 'phone 76.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers in every state and county; new patented quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COAT MAKERS steady work. Meis.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS — $20 TO $50 WEEKLY profit. We send proof, read in dark, nameplates, numbers and signs. Send for sample. Your name on postal will do. Wright Supply Co., Englewood, Ill.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR PERPETUAL pencils. "Always sharp." Never need sharpening. Guaranteed a year. Sells to everybody everywhere, rapidly. Particulars on application, or samples, etc., for 25c. American Lead Pencil company, 45 West Fourth street, New York.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

COMPETENT MALE STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience; also assistant bookkeeper, desires position at once. H 36, Herald.

YOUNG MAN CONVERSANT WITH office duties wishes employment. Salary no object. N 55, Herald.

WANTED—WORK. STORM WINDOWS taken off, carpets beaten and laid. Any kind of work around house. C. P. Pederson, 928 East Superior street.

POSITION WANTED AS ASSISTANT bookkeeper, office clerk or collector; can furnish best of references. Address J. J., Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WANT CAMP TO watch where there is good ground to plant potatoes. Address N 56, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man, as collector on salary or commission. Can give security. Address B 56, Herald office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED lady to do work by the day, housecleaning or washing. Mrs. Steele, 1021 West Michigan street.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSITION as stenographer, or office assistant. Apply W 98, Herald.

WANTED A POSITION BY A YOUNG lady who has had six months' experience at office work. Address W 75, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE CARE OF boarding or lodging house in or out of town. Address 115 South Fifty-eighth avenue south, West Duluth.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG woman in first-class place as dining-room girl or chamber work; experienced. Miss Byrnice Van Cleve, 421 East Fourth street, City.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK BY the day. Washing, ironing or any kind of housework. Call at old St. Luke's hospital. Upstairs.

WOMAN WANTS DAY WORK, WASHing and cleaning. S 16, Herald.

EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT lady stenographer desires position. Address H 65, Herald.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—LARGE BARN. $4 PER month. Inquire 327 East Fourth street.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. M. HENricksen Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—THREE TEACHERS TO travel during vacation. Salary $21 per week and expenses; salary payable weekly and expenses advanced. Address with stamp, J. A. Alexander, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — ENERGETIC LADY TO travel in Minnesota; salary $20 weekly and all expenses, steady position to satisfactory party, references required. Address Mgr. Chapman, 211 Pontiac building, Chicago.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 105 Park terrace.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1101 East Third street.

WANTED — GOOD COOK. 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED HELP and an apprentice girl. 7 West Superior street.

LADIES: $8.00 WEEKLY, NEEDLEwork at home. Send addressed envelope for beautiful medallion free. Tenerife Lace Co., New York.

LADIES—TO DO PIECE WORK AT their homes. We furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal company, 34 E. oMnroe street, Chicago.

WANTED — STRONG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Mrs. P. F. Knowlton, 616 East Sixth street.

PLACES FOR GIRLS FREE—THIRTY girls for private family cooks, second girls, nurse girls, waitresses and laundry girls; send girls for general housework. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED — DININGROOM GIRL — 617 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in housekeeping. 206 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — AT ONCE — COMPETENT cook; good wages. Apply Mrs. John Panton, 1532 East First street.

WANTED—A SCRUB GIRL AT ST. Louis hotel.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid. Mrs. D. H. Costello, 5 Adams flats.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Highest wages to good girl. 1428 East First street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and girls, for general housework can always find reliable places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 25 East Superior street. Mrs. M. Siebold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 226 East Third street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at Herald office between 12 and 2 o'clock.

COOKS, DINING-ROOM, Dishwashers, general girls, Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

ATTENTION, LADIES! EARN $20 PER 100 writing short letters from copy. Address stamped envelope for particulars. Albion Specialty Co., Albion, Mich.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-R. Zenith 'phone 926.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883. Old 'phone 639-M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $100. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Brokers, 402½ W. Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith, 751.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Plisen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS Orders taken at 5 East Superior street. Phone 510; residence 'phone 0088. J. N. Wilson.

OLD CLOTHES.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR MEN'S OLD clothes. A. Winer, 11 N. Fifth Ave. W.

MINES AND MINING.

A BLOCK OF ARIZONA COPPER Mountain stock and quarter section Minnesota iron land for sale cheap. R. B. Higbee, Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

STORAGE.

SLEIGHS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, etc. Call on Duluth Van & Storage Co.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, 2313 West Third street. Leader of orchestra. Zenith 'phone 906.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

FOR SALE — 500 WAGONS OF ALL kinds, at L. Hammel Co.'s, 300-308 East First street.

FOR SALE—LEATHER TOP RUBBERtired buggy for sale cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio bldg.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS SHOE shelving. Call Fifth Avenue Clothing store.

FOR SALE—THIS IS YOUR CHANCE—Closing out all framed and sheet pictures at cost at Temple Art store, 211 East Superior street.

FOR SALE OR RENT, IN THE CITY—Horses. Red Cliff Lumber company, barn, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE—FOUR COUNTERS, ONE gas range and square top piano at a bargain. 1722 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—KITCHEN RANGE, BEDroom set, lounge, carpets, chairs, bookcase, dishes, etc. Call at 205 East Third street.

FOR SALE—STEEL RANGE. 232 FOURteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE including steel range, gas stove, gas heater. 414 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THREE NICE lots and one five-room cottage, furnished, bay side, Minnesota avenue Park Point, cheap. Inquire of D. D. McInnis, 505 Palladio.

FOR SALE — NO. 3 PORTABLE HUBbard oven and counters 207 West Superior street.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue West, city.

PIANO CASED ORGAN, $90, WORTH $185; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

SODA WATER PAYS LARGE PROFITS Fountains from $65 up, on easy monthly payments; little cash required. Catalogue of great bargains free. Do not delay or you may be too late. Soda Water Tanks repaired. Robt. M. Green & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good; no pay. F. B. Jordan, gas engine expert, Box 93. New 'phone 4617, Duluth.

FOR SALE — LARGE HOTEL RANGE, almost new. Duluth Stove Repair works, 217 East Superior street.

CAMPERS AND EXPLORERS BETTER look at Poirier & Nordstrom's new camp stove, nothing better. We also keep on making anything in canvas, tent awnings, packsacks, sails, anything you want. Poirier & Nordstrom, 101 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—OAK CENTER TABLE, iron bed, spring, sofa, rocking chair, Morris chair, all cheap. Enquire flat "G," Buffalo flats.

FOR SALE—TWO BUGGIES AND ONE light wagon. 412 West Third street.

HANDSOME WALNUT FINISH UPright piano, $165; almost new; sweet tone; $10 cash and $6 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — PRACTICALLY NEW steel range, with pipe and water connections, complete, at less than wholesale price. Enquire 122 Twelfth avenue east.

MEDICAL BATTERIES, $1 TO $80—CALL up 4617 and I will show you sample. F. B. Jordan.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE LIGHT DRIVing horse for sale or trade, with or without harness and buggy; store shelving, wall case and counters; if taken at once. Zenith phone 570-C.

FOR SALE—ONLY NEWSPAPER AND job plant in town of 2,000 inhabitants. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. W. 16, Herald.

FOR SALE—A GOOD SEVEN-ROOM house, lot 50x150 feet, only five blocks from the high school. For further information address "11. P. B.," Box 4, Underwood, Minn.

FOR SALE CHEAP—CONFECTIONERY and stationery store, centrally located. Address X. A., care The Herald.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, STORE FIXtures, show cases, etc. Hub Clothing company.

FOR SALE—SMALL COOK STOVE—529 East Third street.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS ARrived today, April 7. Evan Johnson, 2603 West Helm.

WALNUT ORGAN, $10; $4 CASH AND $2 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR ROOM. Purchaser can also secure room. 319 Lowell block.

LARGE OAK UPRIGHT PIANO, $185, almost new; rented for six months; fine tone and action. French & Bassett.

$1050 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE, SUITable for two families. Center of city. 217 Pittsburg avenue, first street above Fifth street, $550 for lot twenty-five feet, on Jefferson street, $200 for lot on Minnesota avenue. J. W. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—GOOD KITCHEN RANGE—10 West Second street.

USED UPRIGHT PIANO, $95; GOOD condition; $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

LARGE WALNUT ORGAN, $20; $5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — $110 COLBY UPRIGHT piano, fine condition. 15 East Superior street. Room 4, upstairs.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

JUST RECEIVED — A CARLOAD OF general purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE on Seventeenth street, Park Point, cheap. Inquire W. N. Tucker, 212 West Michigan street.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Minoreas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone, 1167. 421 East Second street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT. 222 South Seventieth avenue west.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. (Continued.)

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND LONG lease of twelve-room house; very central. E 89, Herald.

FOR SALE—FAMILY MARE, 7 YEARS old; cushion tire buggy and harness, in good condition; price $200. Call at 330 Fifty-fourth and Ramsey street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — COOK STOVE, COOKING utensils, dishes, ice box, rockers, carpets sewing machine, fruit. 3810 West Third street, upstairs.

FOR SALE GOOD HEAVY WORKING horse, cheap. Apply 2504 West Eleventh street.

FOR SALE — TWO LOTS, ANAKA street, Woodland, with barn and large chicken house. Apply Room 507 Palladio building.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, ONE DOZEN law books. 319 Fifty-eighth avenue east.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CORPORATION WHOSE PRODUCTS are handled by leading wholesale and retail dealers, want competent man to take management of branch office. Salary, $2500 per annum and commission. Energetic man should earn $6000 per annum. Must invest from $1000 to $5000 in stock of company. Unquestionable references as to ability and integrity required. Address Box 536, Madison, Wis.

CASH FOR REAL ESTATE OR BUSIness no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, X 312 Bank of Commerce Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY, SELL OR EXchange property of any kind quickly, quietly and satisfactorily, secure the services of the International Exchange, fourth floor Burrows' building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — PARTNER FOR HALF INterest in an Edison moving picture machine and stereopticon outfit, with the latest films of the Russo-Japanese war. All complete, ready to take from express office, costing $250. A good money-making outfit. Address E. W., Box 433, Hibbing, Minn.

FURNITURE AND LONG LEASE 14-room flat and storerooms, all filled, dress or call 1322 West Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT—303 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, AT 322 Devonshire street, Thirty-second avenue west, near Bryant school; newly papered and painted; $7.50 per month. International Exchange, 411 Burrows block.

FOR RENT — 4-ROOM FLAT. 302 WEST Fourth street, $16.

FOR RENT — MODERN FLAT OF four rooms, partly furnished, $30. 1412 Jefferson street. Zenith phone 466.

FOR RENT — CENTRALLY LOCATED 5-room flat; modern conveniences. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM FLAT IN WEST End; modern conveniences. Water furnished, $13 per month. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM FLAT, FIRST floor. Porcelain tub and gas. Possession May 1. Call at 811 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Chas. A. Stark, Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS— FOUR ROOMS, $13, $14, $15. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT gives readings daily to ladies and gentlemen. 1813 Eleventh street, Superior, Wis. Hours, 10 to 12 and 3 to 9. Zenith, 4250.

MOVING.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO Pacific coast points on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., local agents, Minneapolis, or call on the Duluth Van & Storage Co.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1295.

BRADLEY, MODISTE,

HAS RETURNED FROM THE FASHion centers, and is prepared to do high-class dressmaking. Investigate our club plan. Phoenix block.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTEED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

FURNITURE HOSPITAL.

J. UNDERWOOD, UPHOLSTERER AND chair caner. 327 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—PART OF PAIR OF GOLD glasses between Tenth avenue east and center of city. Finder leave C. D. Trott.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PARK POINT, THIRTYsecond street, eight-room house, unfurnished; stoves. Inquire 1018 East Third street, or Old 'phone 917.

FOR RENT—AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, furnished, bath room, hot water heat; will rent from May 1 until Nov. 1. Old telephone 421-R.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY OCCUPYing large modern house, East End, will rent entire floor to club of six or eight young men. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, if desired. X, care of Herald.

FOR RENT — 6-ROOM DETACHED house; bath room, 807½ East First St. O. C. Hartman & Co., 509 Exchange bldg.

FOR RENT — 8-ROOM HOUSE, BATH and light, including water, $26 per month. 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—NICE, MODERN, SEVENroom house in East End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT — MAY 1 — FURNISHED cottage on Park Point for the season. Address N 54, Herald.

FOR RENT — 9-ROOM HOUSE. INquire Silberstein & Bondy's store.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM 6-ROOM HOUSE. $26. 607 West Third street.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED house. Enquire Ray T. Lewis, 202 Lonsdale.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED COTTAGE seven rooms, Park Point, for summer or year. W. L. Jackson, 502 Burrows' bldg.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE COTtage on Park Point, suitable for winter and summer; partly furnished. Enquire of J. A. Sutton, 102 West Michigan St.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES on Park Point for the summer. One furnished cottage for the summer. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month, 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN AL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — TWENTY NICELY FURnished steam-heated rooms on Superior street; centrally located. Furniture and lease at a bargain. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room with alcove and bath, $8. 704 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FUHNISHED ROOM, ALL modern conveniences; both 'phones. Apply 207 West Third street.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, FOR rent; large closet, bath, nice location for one gentleman, $9 per month. 807 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH conveniences. 707 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms with barn, $4 per month. 14 South Sixty-first avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR lady or couple, 18 Tenth avenue east. Call mornings and evenings.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room for gentleman only, with bath and gas. 109 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, 624 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ONE NEWLY FURnished room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Modern conveniences. 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT—PARTLY FURNISHED three-room ground floor, modern, for light housekeeping. M. C., Herald.

FOR RENT—NICE FRONT ROOM—715 West Third street.

FOR RENT, REASONABLE—ONE FURnished and one unfurnished room. 427 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS—16 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 429 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, LADY preferred. 601 West Third street. Upstairs.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — CHEAP — ONE OR TWO large rooms on second floor for storage purposes. Address J 56, Herald.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of phone. M 100, Herald.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

FOR RENT — THREE AND FOUR rooms; new brick flats; water and light. 304-308 St. Croix avenue. John Holleran.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, WATER sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—MODERN FRONT ROOM and alcove, for light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM, light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front room. All modern conveniences. 307 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS. 126 E. FIRST ST.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory. 220 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE.

CONFINEMENT CASES AND GENERal nursing solicited by experienced, professional nurse. Ladies desiring massage treated at their homes. 724 East Third street.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1215.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

UPHOLSTERING.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th st. Zenith phone 1249-C. Old, 747-R.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1904. Work—Third degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evening of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 25th, 1904. Work—Second degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, April 20, at 3 p. m. Work—M. M., P.M. M.E.M. and Royal Arch degree. Joseph D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18 K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave April 19, at 7:30 p. m. Work—Drill. John Black, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gail financier.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murveid, chancler, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First," and "Second" Tuesday, April 19, 1904. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRAND LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday in every month at Kalamazoo hall, F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday, at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 41, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2809 West Helm St.; J. M. Reck, recording secretary, 132 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 East Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President, Marshal Hebner; vice president Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Julie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 2283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets

24 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION 2 Pages 13 to 24

SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1904.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

BEMIDJI, THE WISE OLD INDIAN

Calmly Awaiting the Coming of the "Great Spirit."

Took Prominent Part In Wars of the Chippewas Against the Sioux—Slew, Single-Handed, Ten Sioux Warriors In One Battle.

City of Bemidji Named In His Honor.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Weakened by the ravages of an unusually severe attack of la grippe against which he has been fighting for two months past, Shay-now-ish-kung (better known as "Bemidji") is at the home of his son, on Long lake, about twenty miles north of Cass Lake, at the point of death. The wise old Indian lies smoking his pipe, his face wreathed in the smile which has been perpetual with him as long as the oldest white resident on the Chippewa reservation can remember, and calmly awaits the coming of the "Great Spirit" with a stoicism that is the sole possession of the copper-colored race. "Bemidji" was taken with la grippe some three months ago, and despite the fact that he was given every care by Dr. Rodwell, the physician in charge of the Cass Lake Indians, he did not improve, and reports were frequently circulated in Cass Lake that the good old red had gone to his fathers. He was better at one time, but was later attacked by violent hiccoughing that racked his wiry frame. Now, his body considerably emaciated by the sickness, the old man takes but little nourishment, but smokes much and with but few words, is evidently awaiting the fitful, when his spirit will wend its flight to the "happy hunting ground."

Bemidji's true name is Shay-now-ish-kung, and his record has been a matter of dispute, until the writer ascertained from one of the oldest living members of the Chippewa nation, that he was 87 years old. When questioned by an interpreter as to his age, he would state that he did not know, but that he was a big young man at the time of the "falling stars" his occurrence, which was productive of great terror among all the Indians in the United States, was in 1833. Bemidji was a close personal friend of Wasgemah-ish-kunk, the aged chief of the Cass Lake Indians who died on April 12 last. The chief and Bemidji were residents of the Cass Lake reservation during the summer of 1862, when the Sioux Indians massacred a large number of whites at New Ulm. The Sioux made many overtures to the Ojibways of the Chippewa reservation to join them in wiping out of existence every white family in the state, but the sage advice of Chief Wa-ge-mah-ish-kunk and the counsellor, Bemidji, (who recommended peace) prevailed and the Cass Lake and other tribes on the Chippewa reservation positively refused to have anything to do with the uprising. Their conduct at the time and subsequently earned for them the reputation of being the most friendly Indian nation in the United States.

Bemidji is said to have taken a prominent part, in the early days of his existence, in the wars of the Chippewas against the Sioux, and it is related of him that he slew, alone and single-handed, in one battle, ten of the fiercest of the Sioux warriors. When questioned as to this statement, Bemidji would give vent to his feelings in the wide and expressive smile for which he was noted and look extremely satisfied. It is also said that he could, on more than one occasion, have been elected chief of the tribe, but that he steadfastly protested his own unworthiness and named what he termed a more fit candidate. He was possessed of a wonderful constitution, and even now, in his old age, the muscles stand out on his body like whipcords, showing that in his younger days he must have been a powerful warrior.

The city of Bemidji was named in honor of the old Indian, and it is said that he used to live, many years ago, on the land which now forms the city. He tried to get the land as an allotment, and failing in this abandoned his tribal relations and made another attempt to acquire the property as a homestead. He also failed in this, and there is a story to the effect that he was defrauded out of his rights in the premises. Be that as it may, he has for many years past lived on the banks of Bear lake, north of Cass lake, where he has a log house of his own. Here the old man made birch bark canoes, and many of the products of his handiwork have gone to remote parts of the United States. Bemidji has always been regarded as being the most efficient canoe maker of the Chippewa nation, and the tourists who come to this part of the country every summer have marveled at his skill and purchased many of his canoes and taken away with them. The old man could not speak English, at least no one has ever heard him attempt it, and the Indians maintain that he never talks the "white tongue." However he understood many words, and his expressive gestures would accomplish what was lacking in speech. Bemidji has ever been popular with his people, and his unfailing tenderness toward the little children has ever made him beloved by the "rising generation" of the Chippewas. He was a great man with a canoe, and won many races in contests with other and more powerful Indians.

Bemidji's wife died some ten years ago, and the old man has resided by himself since her death. Her grave is near the log house where Bemidji has lived, on Bear lake, and the little projectile in front of the tomb is ever kept supplied with food and herbs and tobacco, a custom of the Indians.

Bemidji has always been very friendly with the whites, and at the time of the Indian uprising at Bear Island, in the fall of 1898, his wise advice to his tribesmen kept the Cass Lake Indians closely in touch with the settlement here, and there was not a cross word ever exchanged during the entire fall between the Indians and the inhabitants of the town. Bemidji is the most popular Indian in this vicinity, and there will be universal sorrow when the old brave passes away.

BEAUTIFUL LAKE BEMIDJI, WHERE "BEMIDJI" LIVED FOR YEARS. —Photo by Morse, of Bemidji.

BEMIDJI AND CHIEFS OF CASS LAKE RESERVATION —Bemidji Sitting In Center.

Effects of Flood in Duluth

By reason of the sudden thaw of the snow on the hillsides and the fact that the lower course of Miller creek through Lincoln park was partly filled up with ice, there was a small flood in the West End district, last week, in the vicinity of the creek.

The volume of water discharged by Miller creek, inside of a few days, was very large and a number of people were visitors at the park for the purpose of watching the water come rushing and tumbling over the rocks.

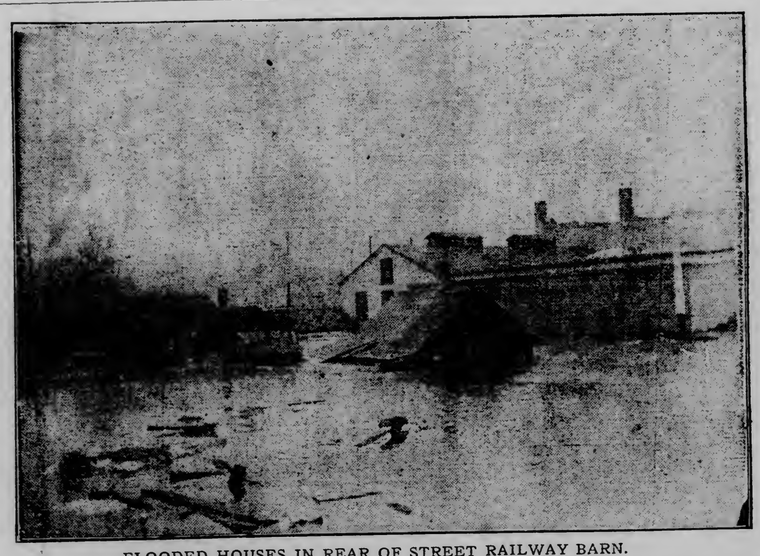
The low-lying properties near the Twenty-sixth avenue West street car barns experienced the most trouble from the excessive water supply. The lower course of the creek is narrow, and was half filled with ice, so that when so much water came down off the hills it was unable to reach the bay as fast as it came and backed up until the flats below the park were covered with several feet of water.

Back of the street car barns and on the west side of the shops there are two depressions that were very quickly filled with the back water and, as it finally began to threaten a flooding of the shops, a crew of men were set at work to throw up an embankment on the north side of First street to hold the water in its course.

On the west side of the shops there are two small houses in the depression, formerly occupied by some day laborers and their families. The people were compelled to flee as the water rose. The rise came so quickly that in less than 24 hours the water stood several feet deep in the hollow, up to the eaves of the houses and lacking a few inches of being level with the car shops and Superior street.

Since the embankment was thrown up on the north side the water has been gradually receding. The ice is now nearly gone out of the creek bed and the water has resumed its normal course.

MILLER CREEK FILLED ALMOST TO HEIGHT OF BANKS.



FLOODED HOUSES IN REAR OF STREET RAILWAY BARN.

FRONTIER LOG SCHOOL HOUSE

Not Yet a Thing of the Past In Minnesota—One Within Twenty-Five Miles of Duluth.

The old-fashioned frontier log school house is not yet a thing of the past in certain parts of Minnesota. There are still great stretches of forest-covered territory in the northern section of the state, and within the limits of this territory there are several school districts that boast of educational institutions very similar in appearance to the one in the accompanying photograph, which was taken within twenty-five miles of Duluth.

Teaching the young idea is of necessity carried on under difficulties in a log school house, for in the present advanced stage of civilization the fact that the structure is built of logs at all is in itself conclusive proof that the building is situated a good ways, anywhere from ten to fifty miles, from a railroad.

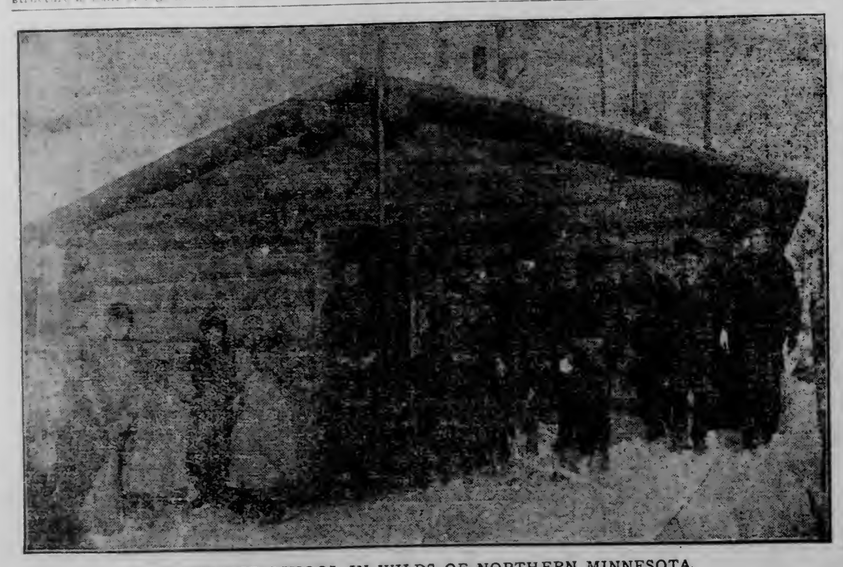
The position of "teacher" under these conditions is not an alluring one. The salary is most discouragingly small in the first place, and then the work is monotonous and the trials many and of a nature never to be met in the city schools. It is more than likely that the school marks the center of a district ten or more miles across, and most of the pupils and probably the teacher him or herself, as the case may be, have to walk long distances through the woods to get to it.

In more than one instance the total enrollment of the school is not above six or eight. A severe rain or snow storm will keep most of these away, and those who do come are sure to be late. There are those who are absent even on the nice days, but their excuses, though at times odd and often amusing, are good and must be accepted.

Jimmie is an hour late because poor Rover took after a porcupine and got his mouth stuck full of quills, and had to be taken home again before Jimmie could proceed on his way. Tommy and little sister Jennie did not come at all yesterday because, in crossing Musk Rat creek, Jennie slipped from the single slender log doing service as a bridge and fell into the water. Of course she had to be taken back home, as she was too small to go alone. Martha and Mary didn't come because they saw a lynx or wolf in the road ahead and turned back afraid. And so the excuses run.

Furniture is always scarce in the early days of a log school house. The one here pictured, when first put into use, besides the teacher's home-made table, contained only two long, rough-hewn desks, each with a rude bench, one pending in length, and the whole standing crosswise in the room. One desk was for the boys and one for the girls. There were seven of the former and five of the latter, although later the attendance gradually dwindled until, for a time, there were only two pupils. They were brothers, and if the notion happened to strike them that they wanted to go hunting on a week day, a holiday was declared, for there was nothing else for the school ma'm to do.

Getting in and out of the seats was no easy matter, for the room was small and the desks were necessarily placed close together, the boys' bench being against the end wall of the cabin. Of course this furniture is always replaced with better at a later date, but it is never anything to boast of.



DISTRICT SCHOOL IN WILDS OF NORTHERN MINNESOTA.

A FUND FOR HEROES

Carnegie Creates Endowment For Dependents and Injured Heroes.

Five Million Dollars Is Placed In Hands of a Commission.

Pittsburg, April 16.—It was made known here yesterday that Andrew Carnegie has created a fund of $5,000,000 for the benefit of "the dependents of those losing their lives in heroic efforts to save their fellowmen, or for the heroes themselves if injured only." Provision is also made for medals to be given in commemoration of heroic acts.

The endowment is to be known as "the hero fund," and consists of $5,000,000 of first collateral 5 per cent bonds of the United States Steel corporation. The trust is placed in the hands of a commission composed of the following gentlemen: W. L. Abbott, Edwin H. Anderson, W. W. Blackburn, Edward M. Bigelow, Joseph Buffington, William N. Freew, Rev. W. J. Holland, John B. Jackson, Thomas Lynch, Charles G. Mellor, T. N. Miller, Thomas Morrison, Frederick C. Perkins, Robert Pitcairn, H. Kirk Porter, James H. Reed, W. L. Scaife, William Scott, W. H. Stevenson, F. M. Wilmot, secretary.

It is learned that the scheme was conceived by Mr. Carnegie immediately after the Harwick mine disaster, when he summoned to New York Charles L. Taylor, chairman, and F. M. Wilmot, manager of the Andrew Carnegie relief fund. On this occasion Mr. Carnegie announced to Messrs. Taylor and Wilmot his intention to endow a fund for heroes, and asked that they consider the project and write him regarding it. This they did, and on March 12, just before his departure for Europe, Mr. Carnegie forwarded a letter to Mr. Taylor announcing the plan, and stating that the certificate of the bonds had been placed in his hands.

In a letter to the hero fund committee, Mr. Carnegie outlined the general scheme of the fund, which in his own words is "to place those among the peaceful vocations who have been injured in heroic efforts to save human life, in somewhat better positions peculiarly than before, until again able to work.

"In case of death, the widow and children or other dependents to be provided for—the widow until she is remarried and the children until they reach a self-supporting age. For exceptional children, exceptional grants may be made for exceptional education. Grants of sums of money may also be made to heroes or heroines as the committee thinks advisable—each case to be judged on its merits."

It is to be provided that no grant is to be continued unless it be soberly and properly used and the recipients remain respectable, well-behaved members of the community.

A medal shall be given to the hero or widow or next of kin, which shall recite the heroic deed it commemorates. The medals shall be given for the heroic act even if the does be uninjured, and also a sum of money, should the commission deem such gift desirable.

Mr. Carnegie warns the commission against the danger of interference or conflict with the pension funds for the municipal employes that exist in many cities, and urges it to act in harmony with such funds. This, as is the case with all the details of the fund's administration, is left to the commission.

The claims upon the fund for some years can not exhaust it. After years, however, pensioners will become numerous. Should the commission find, after allowing liberally for this, that a surplus will remain, it has power to make grants in case of accident (preferably where a hero has appeared) to those injured.

Foreseeing the probability that cities and employers on this continent will ultimately be placed under similar conditions to those of Britain, Germany and other European states, and required to provide against accidents to employes, the commission is empowered by a two-thirds vote to devote any surplus that may accrue to the relief of those in want caused by no fault of their own.

The field embraced by the fund is the United States and Canada and the waters thereof.

"Whenever heroism is displayed by a man or woman in saving human life, the fund applies," says Mr. Carnegie's letter. "The commission has full power to sell, invest or reinvest all funds.

The commission which will have charge of the fund met here yesterday and organized by electing Charles L. Taylor president and F. M. Wilmot secretary.

After the organization of the commission, committees to formulate rules and regulations for the operation of the fund were appointed, and a letter accepting the trust was framed and will be forwarded to Mr. Carnegie. The wish of the commission is to put the benefits of the fund into effect at the earliest possible moment.

AMERICAN GIRLS LOVE PLEA.

With a fluttering heart the beautiful girl approached the magnificent old duchess, says the Chicago Record-Herald.

"I have come," the lovely American said in low, sweet tones, "to speak to you about something that is very—very—"

"There, there, sit down," the stately dame interrupted. "Compose yourself. Won't you have something to quiet your nerves?"

"Oh, thank you, you are very kind. As you doubtless know, my father began life as a tin peddler, and my mother in her younger years had a job as dining room girl in a boarding house. But you will not let these things prejudice you against me, will you? Please say that you will overlook my family and judge me for my worth alone. I love Bertie so much. It would kill me if you were to tell me that he cannot be mine. Please—please say that you will give your consent.

"Well, if you can support him in the style to which he has been accustomed, I suppose I must yield."

"Oh, you dear, sweet old thing! I will give orders tomorrow to have the castle fitted up with modern plumbing and an elevator.

Exquisite Gowns FOR DRESSY OCCASIONS

Drawn Work Linen And Lace

Novel Summer Shape

The Bebe Hat.

The Quaint Silken Gown.

Novel Design in Voile.

The Latest in Linens

BY OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT, MIRIAM SPIER.

Surprising ideas and picturesque innovations were prominent characters at the display of "The International Dressmakers' society" in their exhibit held recently in the ballroom of the Hoffman House, New York.

Fashions were never before so elaborate and charming, and while all the new models are really old ones, they are the choicest and have just about developed looked-for exaggerations. There are many quaint features, and women who admire old-fashioned effects can make themselves look very much like their grandmothers did when they were young.

The extreme modes that were seen were like beautiful portraits taken in the early nineteenth century, and a revival of the Louis period both in color scheme and the outline.

Whole volumes could be written upon the details of each individual gown, and after a careful examination of the many exquisite costumes one might safely assert that the limitless ideas suggested proves conclusively that lavish trimmings, bright colors, touches of black and white and soft material will prevail. Skirts are fuller, sleeves larger, shoulders longer and more sloping and belts wider.

Each particular gown created so much attraction and comment that it would be hard to tell which might be the favored style. Looking upon the pretty liberties, Dame Fashion decrees plainly that women are to be more than ever individual. No really excellent model was duplicated in its smallest detail, and so numerous were the charming devices employed to obtain distinctive results that one had difficulty in following them.

Tiered skirts are to be the privilege of the woman who is tall and well proportioned, for the jupe in sections need to be carried off by good lines. Such stylos, it is natural to conclude, precede the overskirt, which in embryo are already in existence, though without the looping that once distinguished them. One skirt is in two definite sections, cut exactly alike, and the top one falling, perhaps, to the knees. At the front this jupe, which was made of French barge in a pearl gray, showed in both the top and bottom skirt, a plain apron. The upper one was fitted at the hips by pin tucks, and down the seams of the front gore went a ladder of stiff bows in violet velvet. This material, with white mull for the blouse and undersleeves, also touched up the loose bolero and former the girdle.

Sleeves were generally exceedingly elaborate, though occasionally an arm covering fairly simple was seen. In such an event, however, it was usually shown on a gown of more than common severity of line, for the least fussiness elsewhere gives excuse for picturesqueness at this point.

The sleeves of a French costume in champagne-colored cloth were looped elaborately over puffed undersleeves of white lace. Narrow ruchings of champagne-colored velvet held them into the arm and the plaits of the short, full bolero were drawn into the figure by large antique silver buttons. The quite full skirt shows only the cloth, with two deep flounces cut straight and put on with shirrings.

With cloth gowns of the most elegant nature the little turnover collar, which seems a modest detail, is still worn. Many materials shape the narrow bands, which may take as many forms, and if it is white it frequently shows embroideries in the gown color. For costumes of silk and dressier textures—chiffon, net, mousseline, etc.—the high stocks are sometimes finished with a piping of satin, velvet or panne in a contrasting color. A twist of white tulle in turn tops this, and rare is the elegantly dressed throat that does not show some bit of this becoming web. Butterfly bows of raw-edged tulle are also pinned at the back of the stock and at the front, while several of the more delicate of the French gowns show even tulle undersleeves and vests.

In the grand exhibit of elaborate and magnificent costumes it was an utter impossibility to discern between the Parisian gowns and those that were deftly designed on this side of the water. One especially stunning model, which some prominent American artiste laid claim to, was of the palest shade in tan voile. The material had a hemstitched stripe which revealed the pale green silk lining beneath in a very fetching manner. The little blouse jacket was very full, and fell over the fitted girdle both back and front. The sleeve was shirred and run over the shoulder line, the sherrings reappearing at the elbow and wrist. Little bands of inch-wide gold braid, decorated with tiny brown velvet buttons, afforded an effective trimming, and square incrustations of embroidery, which were used on the shield-shaped back, were edged likewise with this. The skirt was in double effect, the upper portion fitted with rows of shirring over the hips, and graduated tucks to about the knee, formed a heading for the deep-shirred flounce. A shallow-shaped bend of princess haircloth was used in the dron skirt to give stability to the masses of sheer material. The lower flounce was shallow in front, and considerably deeper in the back, forming a short train.

In view of the fact that trimmings on the dressier gowns are more profuse and elaborate than ever, many devices are delving by the designers. Another idea being introduced so eager to the great demand for variety. Buttons are seen in almost every instance, large and small and innumerable designs. Even buttons made of the same material as the gown and covered with a web of gold enhance some of the most attractive costumes. In each instance some minute change in the decoration of stitches on the buttons or the material makes another very pretty and new design.

Parisians have always had a reputation for wearing the right thing at the right moment, and the right thing at this particular date is to avoid sweeping the pavements with one's dress skirts and not to encumber oneself with anything like the shape of a train in other people's houses, except when one comes there as a guest to a dinner or evening party. For the smart style of dress worn at afternoon receptions the short skirt is the exception. Presumably this is to be reserved for walking and outdoor functions. Skirts strictly measured to the ground, or with a little additional length behind, are worn by those who are paying the call, while many hostesses are garbed in draperies trailing out far behind.

Great variety also exists in the more or less of fullness given to the top of the skirt. But this is not a matter that is decided in the same way. It is often one of personal appreciation, some adopting unflinchingly gathering in full and distinguishing gores, while others insist on skirts being much narrower at the top, such amplitude as they allow being gauged below the waist, so as to set to the figure, ere it takes the flowing and elegant lines with which it falls to the feet.

The first change which is conspicuously noticeable on the new full skirt is the total elimination over the hips of the hideous bulkiness which seemingly could not be done away with until further contriving by the designers. Another idea is the ingenious manner in which the full skirts are weighted at the bottom to add grace to the outline. If not weighted every costume shows either braid or velveteen binding, which gives added body to the edge that holds down the fulness of the skirt. The low, drooping effect is no longer creme de la creme of elegance; the broader shoulder prevails, with just enough of a slope to make it becoming. The lines of the bust are higher, the bolero is paramount, while the exceedingly high girdle is to be seen on almost every smart costume.

The highest development of the newest fashions in linens was depicted in many handsome and elaborate effects. In a charmingly celtic costume the linen was woven with a drawnwork stripe which closely simulated the handsome designs. The blouse was plain and unlined, sagging slightly both front and back into a deep, featherboned girdle which showed a very effective design in cluny lace was posed in cape fashion over the shoulders and used to fashion the entire sleeve, this having the familiar wrist puff and shallow wristband. The skirt was shirred to the hand with a single row of stitching, and a very bouyant circular flounce was applied knee deep, falling in very full folds to the floor. This was covered with a flounce of the lace and finished with a braid binding at the edge. Cord ends were knotted into the lace and made to form a suggestion of a fringe, adding much to the smartness of the design.

Oddly attractive was another suit of pale pink linen in a rough pebble weave which has a square pattern with French knots in black through it, forming a very piquant appearance. The short eton was pleated and hung loosely back and front over a fitted birdie, the place of a sleeve being substituted by a capelike section, this finished twith a deep lingerie ruffle. Russian guipure lace was cleverly touched up with black to correspond with the pattern linen, and edged the eton as well as forming the collar and defining the shoulder line. The skirt was fashioned with deep plaits at the waist, these being pressed their entire length to the hem, but not stitched down. The length of the skirt all round made it absolutely necessary to lift the back at one side and daintily raise the other side with three fingers, thus revealing a neatly shod foot, with the shiny black enameled leather shoe most appropriately worn, which had a hand-stitched sole, high arched instep and military heel.

The newly imported creations in millinery were successfully displayed to enthusiastic admirers. These model hats, sent as advance courliers of modes to come, are not the authoritative word on summer millinery. Ideas put forward tentatively now may later develop into popularity or be rejected as unsatisfactory, and thus first designs are experiment rather than prophecy.

They do, however, indicate in a general way what may be expected, and they serve to exhibit the new materials which will figure largely in the millinery of the coming season.

If one is to judge from the recent exhibit there is to be little radical change in hat shapes this summer. The winter favorites bob up serenely in straw and tulle and flowers, and where novelty does appear it comes in the guise of a modification of one of the accepted shapes rather than in a definitely new shape.

The dangling trimming effect at the back is one of the pronounced novelties of the new season. Paris has been experimenting with it all winter, but few Americans have taken up the long hat draperies, although the movement may be said to have originated here with the fashion of wearing chiffon veils thrown back over the hat and floating loosely in the back.

The lingerie hats, all exquisite batiste or mull or fine swiss embroideries and valenciennes lace, are lovelier than ever this season, and innumerable changes are rung upon combinations of lace and flowers. Net, plain or dotted, with large cheers, are shirred and pleated into airy broad-brimmed shapes and trimmed with flowers andz soft sliken scarfs.

Quaint effects are obtained by using embroidered and painted mousseline over broad-brimmed, low-crowned shapes, covered with plain taffeta. One model in palest lilac taffeta has its brim lined with tiny frills of valenciennes. The outside of the hat is entirely covered in white mousseline, painted in floral designs and inset with lace and a broad scarf of lilac taffeta folds round the crown and falls in loops and ends under the brim at the back.

Perfect from fashion's standpoint is a picturesque bebe hat in a very loosely woven straw of a lacey pattern, mounted over pelisse pink chiffon, this same material in ruffles lining the under brim, its folds being tacked at intervals. The upper brim is in two sections. The upper one laced to the lower with broad pink satin ribbon; this tied in a chou at the left side. Here the brim is raised a trifle and another bow rests on the hair, a narrow bandeau serving to life the shape off the face.

Another decidedly novel shape of milk-white straw, with its trimming of ruched mousseline, edged with Valenciennes, has the long ostrich plume posed under the brim and falling gracefully over the hair. The hat is fashioned upon a wire frame and a curious owl-shaped crown is suggested in the original way the ruchings are manipulated, these, too, being wired to form a split crown. Alternate layers of the straw and mousseline form both upper and under the brim, the shape flaring widely at the sides, and a becoming little dent appearing in the front.

Garden or market bunches and flower wreaths divide the honors, and there are many flower and bud fringes which are used profusely. Cockades, chou rosettes, mercury wings, cupid wings and quills are called into service for the sailor hats, and among these hats is a new sailor hat with heart-shaped crown and rolled brim very narrow at the back and wider at the sides than in front. It is exceedingly jaunty and is usually trimmed severely with a scarf and knot or rosettes, but whether it is universally becoming remains to be seen.

THE BEBE HAT.

A very loosely woven straw of a lacey pattern is mounted over pliss pink chiffon ruffling lining the under brim. Its full folds tacked at intervals. The upper brim is in two sections, the upper one laced to the lower with broad pink satin ribbon, this tied in a chou at the left side, the brim is raised a trifle, and another bow rests on the hair, a narrow bandeau serving to lift the shape off the face.

NOVEL SUMMER SHAPE.

Decidedly novel is this shape of milk-white straw, with its trimming of ruched mousseline edged with Valenciennes, and the long ostrica plume posed under the brim and falling gracefully over the hair. The hat is fashioned upon a wire frame, and a curious shaped crown is suggested in the original way the ruchings are manipulated, these, too, being wired to form a split crown. Alternate layers of the straw and mousseline form both upper and underbrim, the shape flaring widely at thes ides, and a gracefully becoming little dent appearing in front.

DRAWNWORK LINEN AND LACE.

The new linens show many handsome and elaborate effects, and in the illustration the linen is woven with a darnwork stripe which closely stimulates the handmade designs. The blouse is plain and unlined, sagging slightly both front and back into a deep featherboned girdle, which shows a marked dip in the front. A coarse but very effective design in Cluny lace is posed in cape fashion over the shoulders and used to fashion the entire sleeve, this having the familiar wrist puff and shallow wristband. The skirt is shirred to the band with a single row of stitching and a very douffant circular flounce is applied knee deep, falling in very full folds to the floor. This is covered with a braid binding at the edge. Cord ends are knotted into the lace and made to form a suggestion of a fringe, adding much to the smartness of the design.

NOVEL DESIGN IN VOILE.

There is a hemstitched stripe in this tan voile which show the pale green silk lining beneath in very fetching manner. The little blouse jacket is very full and falls over the fitted girdle both back and front. The sleeve is sarried and runs up over the shoulder line, the sherrings reappearing at the elbow and wrist. Little bands of inch-wide gold braid are decorated with tiny brown velvet buttons, affording an effective trimming, and square encrustations of embroidery, which are used on the shield-shaped back, are edged likewise like this. The skirt is in double effect, the upper portion fitted with rows of shirring over the hips, and graduated tucks between at knee length and form a heading for the deep-shirred flounce. A shallow shaped band of princess haircloth is used in the drop skirt to give stability to the masses of sheer material. Thet lower flounce is shallow in front and considerably deeper in the back, forming a short train.

HOW DR. JOHNSON PROPOSED.

Colonel T. W. Higginson has a kindly philosophical essay in the Atlantic for April on "The Aristocracy of the Dollar." It opens with Dr. Samuel Johnson's candid proposal of marriage: "He told the object of his affections that he was, in the first place, of mean extraction; that, in the second place, he had no money; and that, in the third place, he had had an uncle hanged. Not to be outdone, the lady replied as promptly that she valued no man the more or less for his parentage; that as to money, she had none herself; and that, in regard to his last point, although she had never had a near relative literally and actully hanged, she had at least twenty who deserved to be."

Spring is here. You want to start the business season right and you will do so if you use The Herald Want Columns. Thousands have tried them and are satisfied with results.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of Mother's Friend. "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

SOCIETY

One of the most charming affairs of the week was the card reception Thursday afternoon at which Mrs. John Q. A. Crosby and Mrs. N. C. Clark were hostesses, at the home of Mrs. Crosby, 2608 East Superior street. It was decidedly a spring affair, the rooms being exceedingly beautiful with a glory of spring flowers. In the music room American beauties, with deep rose red shades, made the room a glow of beauty. In the library red was also used, and in the dining room and hall tulips in their shades were dainty and spring like. Mrs. James McAuliffe sang beautifully during the afternoon, and was accompanied by Mrs. J. A. Stephenson. Six-handed euchre was played and the prizes were taken by Mrs. J. B. Richards, Mrs. Fred Kugler and Mrs. William Craig. The score cards were exquisite bits of water color, done by an Eastern artist. Flowers again appeared on the score cards, rose in kind. The invitation list included:

Mesdames:

T. McNaught,	C. W. Stilson,
G. C. Manee,	E. A. Bradley,
Tipple,	E. P. Towne,
W. W. Walker,	Sterling Smith,
J. A. Redd,	E. W. Bchanman,
William Craig,	S. R. Holden,
W. R. Spencer,	W. G. Hegardt,
A. C. Weiss,	William S. Bishop,
Harry Roberts,	J. B. Richards,
Paige Morris,	W. J. Olcott,
Walter Turle,	C. E. Judd,
Z. D. Scott,	A. H. Viele,
J. B. Weston,	Frank Burrows,
E. L. Schmeld,	Ward Ames,
Albert Baldwin,	J. A. Stephenson,
W. H. Squiers,	Robert C. Eyster,
Bert Fesler,	George S. Barnes,
J. G. Ketcham,	J. W. Lyder.,
A. E. McManus,	G. H. Crosby,
E. L. Bradley,	J. D. Titcomb,
F. W. Hargreaves,	L. W. Powell,
W. D. Bailey,	James G. Vivian,
C. A. Weyerhaeuser, of Little Falls,	A. Bousfield,
F. W. Kugler,	M. C. Hallahan,
T. D. Merrill,	A. Bailey,
S. T. Harrison,	E. Totman,
W. W. Sanford,	C. H. Thornton,
E. M. Richardson,	C. D. Thompson,
G. L. Tyler,	D. H. Costello,
George D. Swift,	James McAuliffe,
Rufus H. Draper,	Samuel Wadham,
Hans Christianson,	C. A. Stewart,
A. M. Prime,	M. B. Cullum,
C. G. Miller,	C. H. Munger,
J. G. Ketcham,	F. J. Pulford,
Daniel Waite,	James Reidy,
F. E. Lindahl,	D. H. Day,
Herbert Warren,	W. T. Bailey,

Misses:

Bishop,	Roberts,
Statham,	Graff.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. David W. Stocking and child returned during the week from a visit at St. Louis, Mo.

* * *

Mrs. E. Mendenhall left Thursday for Mount Clemens, Mich.

* * *

In honor of Miss Wolf, of Louisville, Ky., Mrs. Jackson McLaren entertained at luncheon Wednesday. The table was pretty in red carnations and ribbons and candles. Miss Marguerite Sylva, who appeared here with the Francis Wilson company, was among the guests, her name in private life being Mrs. W. D. Mann. Covers were laid for:

Mesdames:

W. D. Mann.	Herbert E. Gooch.

Misses:

Lulu Smallwood.	Searle, of Minneapolis.
Briske, of St. Paul.	
Wolf, of Louisville, Ky.,	Busbee.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Peyton left Tuesday for a visit at New York.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas H. Phillips and son returned the first of the week from an extended Southern trip and are at the Spalding.

* * *

Mrs. E. C. Blanchard, of East First street, visited with friends at Minneapolis during the week.

* * *

Mrs. Winchester is the guest of Mrs. F. N. Phelan, of East Third street.

* * *

Miss Wolf, of Louisville, Ky., is the guest of Mrs. Whitney Wall.

* * *

Mrs. E. W. Matter and Master Willard Matter returned the last of the week from Florida, where they have been since Jan. 1.

* * *

Mrs. M. R. Baldwin left the first of the week for a two-months' visit at Aberdeen, S. D.

* * *

Mrs. C. P. Craig and daughter returned Monday from an extended Eastern trip.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Miller, Jr., returned during the week from their wedding trip. They are at the Spencer home on Sixteenth avenue east.

* * *

Mrs. A. B. Wolvin returned Tuesday from Lorain, O., where she christened the large freighter, the Augustus B. Wolvin.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Eddy left Tuesday evening for New York.

* * *

Miss Murray, of 1632 East First street, spent a few days in St. Paul this week.

* * *

Miss Ellen Marcus, of Ely, visited in the city a few days this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Jones and daughter left Monday for Salt Lake City, Utah.

* * *

Mrs. A. H. Smith entertained at a charming little luncheon Wednesday afternoon at her home, 4506 London road. The color scheme was beautiful in lavender, primroses and ribbons being used in the decorations. Covers were laid for:

Mesdames:

Edgar Bradley.	William Fisher.
Frederick Hart,	S. E. Caldwell,
T. K. Hicles,	John Rockwell
E. L. Fisher,	Bradley.

Misses:

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Schneider entertained informally Wednesday evening at their home, 1424 East Second street. The guests were:

* * *

G. T. Miller.	James W. Scott.
P. G. Brown.	Mrs. H. A. Engle.
Alexander Reid.	Clinton Markell Jr.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Thompson entertained the Tionesta Cinch club Monday evening at their home, 12 East Fifth street. The prizes were won by Mrs. B. K. Walker, Mrs. Walter Craigin, J. P. Patterson and A. Erieson. Those present were:

* * *

Mesdames:	
J. P. Peterson,	B. K. Walker,
WalterCraigin,	A. Erieson.
McMillan.	
Mesdames:	B. G. Walker.
Misses:	Dora Schneider.

* * *

Wednesday evening the Young Ladies' club of Lester Park entertained at an informal dancing party at Harmonie hall at Lester. Mrs. L. D. Schenck and Mrs. W. H. Morgan were the chaperones and Blewett played. Those present were:

* * *

Misses:	
Jacques,	Lowe,
Carey,	Peasley,
Stitt,	Thorsen,
Hollinshead,	Seeley,
Flett,	Reed,
Emma Flett,	Schenck,
Blair,	Jardis.
Messrs:	
McLennan,	Hamilton,
Letteau,	Heman,
Flett,	Blair,
Wood,	Kimber.
Peasley,	Thompson,
Mann,	Thomsen.
Ferguson,	

Mrs. W. B. Blatt, of 213 South Sixteenth avenue East, left during the week for Pitsburg, where she will make her home.

* * *

Mrs. B. K. Walker, of Park Point, has as her guest, Mrs. B. G. W. Walker, of Thief River Falls.

* * *

Mrs. William Bradley, of 621 East Sixth street, entertained the East End Euchre club Wednesday afternoon.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Zein, of 131 East Second street, left today for New York and Washington, where they will visit before sailing on the 22nd on the Wilhelm der Grosse for a three months' European trip. Miss Berdle, of Milwaukee, niece of Mr. Zein, will be their guest on the trip.

* * *

The Lakeside Social club entertained at a delightful informal dancing party last Saturday evening at Harmonie hall.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. Henry Busse were delightfully surprised last Saturday evening at their home, 220 Third avenue East. Cards were the evening's amusement and the prizes were won by Mrs. Busse and H. Flynn. Mr. and Mrs. Busse will leave soon for Sault Ste Marie, where they will make their home.

* * *

The Sophmores of the high school entertained at the annual sophomore hop Saturday evening at Temple Recital hall. The affair was delightful one much enjoyed by the school people.

* * *

In the Naval Reserve ball, which was given Monday evening at the Armory, a taste of real military was felt as many uniforms, white and blue for the reserves and blue and gold for the officers with profusion of flags, gave an appearance and atmosphere to the affair that is seldom attained in Duluth. The Armory was decorated with flags and bunting of the national colors large pennants, signal service flags and union jacks were used without number. Flaaten played finely and many pretty gowns were worn. The floor committee consisted of: Lieut. Charles W. Tuttle, Ensign Paul G. Clarkson, Paymaster Fred Engles, Boatswains Mate Chester H. Tibbets, Lieut. (Junior grade) George H. Scully, Asst. Surgeon Fred J. Patton, Ensign James Wharton, Boatswains Mate John Grams.

* * *

A pleasant surprise party was given Thursday evening in honor of Fritz Claus at his home, 608 East Tenth street. Those present were:

* * *

Misses:	
Louise Kalbremer,	Hattie Somerby,
Alice Ruske,	Mattie Schleuder.
Ida Armonson,	Martha Kalbremer.
Emma Rehbein,	
Messrs:	
Vincent Shea,	Blaze,
C. Claus,	C. Behning,
Mier,	E. Behning,
Armonson,	M. Behning,
William Metter,	Albert Fleer,
Feskey,	B. Fleer.
Petis.	

A pleasant surprise party was given last Saturday evening in honor of Mrs. H. G. Hawkes at her home, 218 Twelfth avenue West. Music and cards made the evening an enjoyable one. Those present were:

* * *

Messrs. and Mesdames:	
F. Barnard, of Superior,	McNichol, Theobold,
Donegan,	
Mesdames:	
Barnard, of Superior,	M. Irwin, Wilson, of Superior
Misses:	
Dolly Barnard, of Superior,	Stress, Grace Wilson.
Messrs:	
P. Langlois, Gellneau,	D. McKenzie.

* * *

Miss May Breen, of Hibbing, visited this week with the Misses Martin, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. C. J. Petruschke, of West Duluth, returned during the week from California, where she visited the past several months.

* * *

Miss Holland left during the week for a visit at Argyle, Wis.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club will be entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. William Dalrymple, of 1517 East Superior street.

* * *

Mrs. C. W. Arthur, of Hibbing, is the guest of Mrs. Harriet Nobles, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Smith, who visited in the city some time, returned Tuesday to their home at Detroit, Mich.

* * *

Last evening the Junior Assembly entertained at an informal dancing party at Masonic Temple. This is the second in the series of dances that the club is giving. The hall was prettily decorated in red and blue, and the colors again appeared on the programs. La Brosse played. Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hare acted as chaperones. Among those present were:

Misses:	
McKenna, of Superior,	McGraw, of Superior,
Cora Helm,	of Superior,
Effie Smith,	Geneive McGraw,
Jessie Ames,	of Superior.
Elizabeth Sharvy,	Virginia Morris,
Bessie Hoopes,	Mildred Hobbs,
Winnifred Hicks,	Sattler,
Hazel Owens,	Clare Church,
Katherine Hoopes,	Buchanan,
Ames,	Isabel Meads.
Hollinshead,	Gertrude Hoopes,
Hazen,	Ashley.
Florence McGraw,	Magner.
Messrs:	
Sharvy,	Tresise,
McDonald,	McKenzie,
Lonegrin,	Wilcutts,
Hall,	Gallagher,
Swan,	McDevitt,
Brown,	McCarthy,
Michaud,	Owens,
Smith,	McNulty,
Baker,	Meads.
H. C. Dash.	Griswold.

* * *

Thursday evening the second annual charity ball of the Progress club was given, and it was one of the most delightful affairs of the week. The ball was given this year for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid society, Temple Emanuel. The party was given at the Spalding and La Brosse played a delightful program of dances. The floor committee consisted of Messrs. D. G. Loewus, M. Freimuth, L. S. Levy, S. Y. Josephs and M. Rosenberger. Among those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames:	
G. W. Waite,	B. Silberstein,
J. B. Satler,	Y. Kohn,
C. Pollinski,	Hamilton,
David Casmir,	J. Abrahamson,
A. Gingold,	M. Hirschfield,
L. Polinski,	L. S. Loeb,
L. Neuman,	L. Freimuth,
M. Kastriner,	P. H. Levy,
H. Josephs,	W. Gombaig,
G. A. Klein,	R. Marcus,
M. S. Cook,	Q. Orcck.
M. S. Levy,	
Mesdames:	
J. M. Gidding,	Bondy.
Beresford,	
Misses:	
Irene Silberstein,	Satler,
Elsie Silberstein,	Clara Shapiro, of
C. Mondschine,	Eveleth,
Bessie Rocklin,	Esther Levy,
Eva Casmir,	Estelle Levy,
Helperin,	Abrahamson,
May Levy,	Metter,
Irvine,	Karon, of Superior,
Krojanker,	LeRoy,
Cook,	Gidding.
Cook,	
Messrs:	
Gittelson,	Hirsch,
Josephs,	Oulette,
Irvine,	J. Cook,
E. Helperin,	M. Rosendahl,
M. Klein,	H. Kohn,
Zalk,	Lynott,
L. Freimuth,	Carroll,
M. Freimuth,	Boyle,
S. Levy,	Antribus,
H. Levy,	Ginder,
D. Loewus,	Rosenberger.

* * *

Tuesday the wedding of Miss Pearl Magdalene Vaughn and Aaron I. Nettleblad took place at Biwabik at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stearns. The affair was a pretty home wedding, and the ceremony as performed by Rev. Marsh, of Eveleth. The bride as goned in gray crepe de chine trimmed ith embroidered chiffon, and carried bride's roses. An informal reception followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Nettleblad will make their home in Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. John Jenswold will entertain the J. B. Culver corps' sewing bee Tuesday afternoon at her home, 5820 London road.

* * *

Mrs. A. A. Warfield and son, of Bemidji, were the guests of Mrs. E. R. Jefferson through the week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. McNiernay, who were the guests of Miss Murray, of 1632 East First street, left Thursday for their home at California.

* * *

Mrs. Mary Daley, of Minneapolis, president of the Ladies' auxiliary of the A. O. H. of Minnesota, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. D. P. McDonald, of 115 East Third street.

* * *

Mrs. W. W. Tuttle, of Lindstrom, Minn., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Handy, of 315 East Fourth street.

* * *

Mrs. George Blazing, of Grand Rapids, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Gilbert, of 427 Seventh avenue est.

* * *

At the "gentlemen's night" which is to be held Monday evening at the Young Women's Christian association, the guests will be invited to take part in a musical romance that promises to be most amusing. Delightful plans have been made for the entertainment of the members and their friends.

* * *

Miss Ethelyn Fee will return this evening from Toronto, where she has been studying music under Dr. Edward Fisher at the Toronto Conservatory of Music.

* * *

Mrs. J. F. McCarthy has invitations out for a card reception Wednesday afternoon at her home, 1116 East First street.

* * *

Miss Frisk, of St. Paul, is the guest of Mrs. Herbert E. Gooch.

* * *

Miss Ethel Farmer entertained delightfully yesterday afternoon in honor of Mrs. H. E. Gooch and Miss Frisk, of St. Paul. The rooms were decorated prettily in red, carnations being used, and the color chosen appearing on the score cards. Four-hand euchre was played, and the prizes were won by Miss Mary Bartlett and Mrs. William Rigg.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Teske and Miss Olga Metter returned yesterday from a three weeks' sojourn in Mt. Clemens, Mich. Mr. Teske is greatly improved in health as a result of taking the mineral baths.

Mrs. Capt. J. T. Johns, who is at Mt. Clemens, Mich., treating for a severe case of rheumatism, is reported to be rapidly improving in health.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

CONCENTRATED CHINESE BLUING Takes out the yellow and makes the clothes white.
IT IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.
Ask Your Grocer For It.

CLUBS AND MUSICAL.

The second artists concert of the Matinee Musicale season will be given Thursday evening of next week at the Temple Recital hall. The club wished to bring another outside artist here this year, but lost the money that was in the treasury in the bank failure last year. For the concert Thursday evening a delightful program has been arranged, and visiting and men friends of the members will be admitted to the concert, the program for which is as follows:

Saint Saens .. ..Marche Henrique
Miss Rogers, Mrs. Stephenson, Miss Simonds, Miss Clelland.
Bizet (Carmen), "Here Must the Smugglers Dwell" .. ..
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Concerto in E Flat .. ..Liszt
Miss Jack.
Orchestral accompaniment—Mrs. Stephenson.
Cantata, "Midsummer Day"..Jadassohn
Women's Chorus.
Soloists—Miss Mary Syre Bradshaw, Mrs. Mark Baldwin, Mrs. Percy Gough.
Director—Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward.
Accompanist—Mrs. Margaret McLean.

* * *

The Bishop's club will meet at the library with Miss Eva Emendorfer as leader. The club will hold three more meetings before the close of their club year.

* * *

The Matinee Musicale held its regular meeting Monday afternoon. The program was arranged by Mrs. J. N. McKindley and Mrs. Ross. Following the regular meeting a business meeting was held at which a number of changes in the constitution were suggested, which will be voted upon at the next meeting of the society. The nominations for the officers and four directors were also named.

* * *

The Saturday club held a delightful meetingt his afternoon with Mrs. Henry S. Ely as leader. The club will hold one more meeting before the close of the year.

* * *

The Beethoven club, consisting of Fred G. Bradbury, violin; Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd, 'cello; and Gemid Tonning, piano; will give the third and last chamber concert of the season next Tuesday evening. The club will play a new composition by Mr. Tonning a trio in G minor. Theodore L. Lammers will sing. The program in full is:

Gerard Tonning, op. 24.—Trio for piano violin and violoncello in G minor.
Allegro con spirito
Scherzo
Elegia (Adazio,)
Finale (allegro moderato.)
.....Beethoven Club
Wagner—Prayer from "Rienzi" ...
Theodore L. Lammers.
Gerard Tonning—(a) Nocturne .....
(b) Impromptu .....
.....Mr. Tonning
Schumann—(a) "Lolosblume" .....
(b) "Wanderlied" .....
.....Mr. Lammers
Edward Schuett, op. 54—Walzer—maerchen (Fairytales in waltz form)— .....
(a) No. 2—
(b) No. 3—(Wedding Feast.)..
.....Beethoven Club

Their tenth annual recital will be given by the pupils of Ernest Lachmund at the Lyceum April 27. The program follows:

Trio—"Husaren March".. .. ..Gurlitt
Helen Williams, Gertrude Blythe and Wayland Hall Sanford.
Duet—"Invitation to the Dance"..Weber
Georgiana Fifer.
Duet—"A Little Minstrel"... .....Sartorio
Katherine Thwing and Dorothy Thwing.
Solo—"Allegro Assai".. .. ....Beethoven
Ward Brown.
Solo—"The Chase of the Butterflies" .....Dennee
Margaret Craig.
Solo—"Rustic Dance".. .....Oesten
Gladys Porter.
Solo—"The Violet".. .....Bohm
Grace Parker.
Solo—"Firefly".. .....Kuhe
Marie Agatin.
Song—"Ave Maria," from "Cavalleria Rusticana".. .....Mascagni
Miss Harriet Nobles.
Vilolin obligato.... .. ..
Jens Flaaten.
Accompaniment, Miss Katherine Fiebiger.
Solo—Waltz for the left hand.....Foote
Helen Marble.
Solo—"March op. 27".. .....Mendelssohn
Albert Perrier.
Solo—"Prelude".. .. ..Chopin
Mildred Cleland.
Solo—"Coutre Tanz".. .....Beethoven
Eleanor Pineo.
Duet—"Country Dance" ....Nevin
Gladys Tyler and Jessie Gibson.
Duet—"Festival March".. ....Engelmann
Louise Hicks and June Carr.
Song—"Autumnal Gale".. .. ..Grief
Mrs. J. F. Walsh.
Accompaniment, Mrs. J. N. McKindley
Solo—"The Trout".. .....Schubert
Katherine Fiebiger.
Solo—"Military March".. ..Schubert-Liszt
Dorothy Nichols.
Due—"Woodnymphs Wedding March" .....Kulan
Fred Harris, John Christie, Jr., H. Roy Palmer and Nathan Kriz.
Duo—"Divertisement" .. ..Mozart
Mrs. E. Borth, Mrs. L. P. Hall Mrs. W. W. Sanford, Mrs. A. M. Lyons.
Song—"Here Must the Smugglers Dwell".. .. ..Bizet
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Accompaniment, Mrs. John Stephenson.
Duo—Finale from "Don Juan".....Mozart
Maud Kimerer, Elizabeth McDowell, Hazel Cathcart, Florence Mallman.

Svea-Normanna SINGING CONTEST
For Carlson Trophy, at
LYCEUM,
Sunday Afternoon,
April 17. Assistance—Flaaten's Orchestra and E. W. Prophet, Baritone.

NO PAIN
and perfect satisfaction when we do your work.
DON'T
make any contracts until you see Dr. Fergusson.
FREE
for 30 days, a $3.00 gold filling in every set of artificial teeth.
Dr. Fergusson,
DENTIST.
Over Gidding's Store.
First Avenue West and Superior St.

THE WORLD OF ART

New York, April 16.—In the Blakeslee galleries, in the Knickerbocker Trust building, Fifth avenue and Thirty-fourth street, there is now being exhibited a three-quarter length portrait of Madame Lamen by the old master, Paulus Moreelse. Resting lightly a hand inclosing a small red volume upon a table, Mme. Lamen is portrayed in a graceful and dignified pose. The intricate embroidery of the old-fashioned ruffles around her slender throat is finely executed, and the whole is deep and rich in tone—an excellent example in this artist's best mood.

Other noted works being shown by Mr. Blakeslee are a large canvas by Emile Van Marck, entitled "Cattle at the Pool;" a strong yet sweet portrait of Lady Anna Eliza Brydges, daughter and heiress of James the Duke of Chandos, and wife of Richard Grenville, duke of Buckingham and Chandos, by the old English master, Sir William Beechey, and an excellent though early Constable, entitled "Dedham Church," with good perspective and cloud effects.

The long missing part of one of the Purbeck marble twisted shafts from the tomb of Henry II, in Westminster Abbey, has been found in Westminster and will be refixed in its place.

There will be a double exhibition in the Knoedler galleries, No. 355 Fifth avenue, from April 18 to 23, which will consist of eight pastel-portraits by Miss Juliet Thompson, and about an equal number of paintings in oil by Ernest Longfellow, of Boston, Mass. Miss Thompson's work, thoroughly original in the handling of her crayons, displays considerable strength, and that of Longfellow includes a number of scenes along the Nile and in the rural parts of Italy, and also a good portrait of a lady as Diana. The combined collections should prove extremely interesting as well as instructive to art students and others.

The water colors by Winslow Homer now being shown by Messrs. M. Knoedler & Co., comprise scenes on the Florida coast and around Bermuda. They form an exhibition by themselves of much interest.

"Four Scenes at The Colonial," is the title of four really artistic half tone prints from the Norwood Press of Norwood, Mass. It shows a distinct advance in color printing.

The last exhibition to be held in the present quarters of the Durand-Ruel galleries, No. 389 Fifth avenue, was a collection of landscapes, mostly of scenes around the artist's studio on the Palisades on the Hudson river, by Van Dearing Perrine. At first view of these pictures reflecting the sombre shadows of the night time, or else in the dim light of the breaking day, seemed to strike the most morbid vein. A few bits of color exhibited by Mr. Perrine, however, are in a more cheerful mood.

Messrs Durand-Ruel & Sons expect to be able to move into their new galleries at No. 5 West Thirty-sixth street, about the first of May. The new quarters consist of a large double house, and promise to be most attractive externally as well as internally.

Felix Soules, the sculptor, died recently at Gers, where he was born 47 years ago. He studied under Jouffroy and Falguiere, and won the second Prix de Rome in 1887. He obtained a second, first and silver medal respectively at the salons of 1889, 1892 and 1900. To the last of these exhibitions he sent "Enlevement d'Iphigenie" and "Bacchus a la Chevre," which now belong to the state. He was one of the aritsts employed in the decoration of the Grand Palais.

David Young Cameron, Robert Brough, and J. Campbell Mitchell have been elected to the rank of associates of the Royal Scottish academy.

Miniatures brought fair prices at a recent sale in London. Some sold as follows: Henry Philip Hope, wearing a slashed black dress and a crimson cloak, standing in a landscape, after the picture by Guy Head, a large upright enamel, by Henry Bone, R. A., 12 in. by 9½ in., dated 1802, in square ormolu frame, $710; portrait of John Travell, with long brown hair, wearing armor and a lawn collar, by S. Cooper, $490; Sir Francis Baring, Bart., wearing a blue coat, yellow waistcoat and white cravat, an oval enamel, by Henry Bone, R. A., dated 1802, in square ormolu frame, $265, and portrait of a lady, a member of the Baring family, with dark brown hair, wearing a pale yellow dress and pink cloak, an oval enamel, by Henry Bone, R. A., dated 1805, $265.

H. Deacon, formerly a leading merchant of Yokohama, Japan, and of recent years in business in the Fine Arts building in Chicago, in order to confine himself solely to the sale of pearls and other gems has decided to discontinue the Oriental branch of his business. To further his desires he has ordered Thomas E. Kirby, of the American Art association, to sell at unrestricted public sale his entire collection, comprising antique and modern Chinese and Japanese porcelains, antique Korean pottery, notable specimens of pottery by the famous Japanese potters, Takimoto, Makadzu Kozan and Seifu; old bronzes, ivory carvings, a large collection of Chinese snuff bottles in agate, crystal and porcelain; cabinet and silverware; a large collection of old Japanese color prints and kakemonos, modern water colors by leading Japanese artists, European textiles, etc., etc.

This collection will be exhibited in the American Art galleries, No. 6 East Twenty-third street, from April 18 to date of sale. The sale will be held by Mr. Kirby on the afternoons of April 21, 22, 23 and 25, at 2:30 o'clock.

It has been decided to continue the exhibition of water colors by Ross Turner at Pratt institute until the end of the present month.

The American Water-Color society will hold its thirty-seventh annual exhibition at the American Art galleries, from April 30 to May 15, or possibly until the end of the month. Carlton T. Chapman, No. 58 West Fifty-seventh street, is the secretary of the society. The members of the jury are George H. McCord, Jules Guerin, George Wharton Edwards, Alexander Schilling, Arthur Parton, R. Swain Gifford, W. H. Lippincott, Percy Moran, J. C. Nicoll, R. M. Shurtleff, George H. Smillie and Thule de Thulstrup. The hanging committee is composed of J. Francis Murphy, Frederick Dielman and Walter Shirlaw.

Twenty drawings by Thackery, some in color, others in pencil and pen and ink, will be sold at auction at Sotheby's in London on April 21. They are from the collection of the late J. F. Boyes, the school-fellow and lifelong friend of Thackery.

Dr. A. S. Murray, identified for many years with the British Museum, died last week. He was born in 1841, and, after an education at Edinburgh high school and at Glasgow university, went on to Berlin to pursue his archaeological studies. He entered the British Museum in 1867 as assistant in the department of Greek and Roman antiquities, under Sir Charles Newton. He succeeded to the office of keeper of this department in 1886, and the years during which he held this post have been marked by many important reforms in the matter of the arrangement and exhibition of the antiquities under his control.

Gustave Courtois, the well-known French portrait painter, is creditably represented in the Oehme galleries No. 384 Fifth avenue, by a large ideal figure of a girl entitled "A Woman of Morocco," which was shown in the Universal exposition at Paris in 1900. Courtois has worked for many years with Dagnan-Bouveret, and his work in some degrees shows the influence of the latter.

Among other important pictures now on exhibition in the Oehme galleries are an exceptional Ziem entitled "The Golden Day on the Grand Canal, Venice," a carefully studied character character drawing, "Choosing a Bouquet," by Emile Meyer, a disciple of Vibert, and two charming landscapes by Anton Mauve, entitled "On the Coast" and "Sheep Pasture.

The next exhibition of the International Society of Sculptors, Painters and Engravers will open at the New gallery in London in January, 1905. The admissions to the exhibition just brought to a close in London numbered about 25,000.

The large and impressive collection of Italian paintings exhibited by the Ehrich galleries, No. 8 West Thirty-third street, has ben enriched by four examples representing early phases of Italian art. A small "Holy Family," by Simone Martini, and "St. Michael in Judgment," by Duccio, are both well painted and intensely interesting. A very rare and beautiful example is a painting representing the "Nativity," by Marco Basaiti, who was contemporary with Giovanni Bellini. The tender qualities of the color and the delicate rendering of the landscape make this example very attractive. The fourth addition is a "Holy Family," by Bernadino Luini which has the grace and rich qualities characteristic of all Luini's work.

Recently received paintings at the Ehrich galleries, outside the domain of Italian art, are a superb landscape and cattle scene by Crome, and a fine portrait by Sir Thomas Lawrence.

Attention is called by the authorities of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts to a projected loan exhibition of early American prints, including engravings, etchings, wood-cuts, etc., to be opened next autumn. It is at present proposed to restrict it to work produced in this country before 1820, although an earlier year will be adopted as a limit, provided enough material is available.

The success of the exhibition will depend in a great measure on its completeness. Among the early prints some are known to exist in one or two impressions only; a number of these will be represented. It is hoped that other rare early prints may come to light on this occasion. To this end, offers of loans from owners of early prints will be welcomed by the museum.

A bronze medallion of President Draper of the university of Illinois has been presented to the law college by the class of 1903.

The harp of Mary, Queen of Scots, has been bought by the Society of Antiquities of Scotland for $4500.

The following prices were obtained at a sale of paintings at Christie's in London some days ago: Sir W. Beechey, "Portrait of a Lady," $1000; Sir H. Raeburn, "Portrait of Thomas Miller, Esq.," $735; A. Ostade, "The Itinerant Musician," $3780; G. Vincent, "A Road Scene," $605; "Early English Portrait of a Lady," $525; J. Zoffany, "Scene from 'The Decoy,'" $525, and A. Canaletto, "The Courtyard of the Doge's Palace," $525.

A number of the younger painters and illustrators who formed an organization called the New York Artist's association early in the present season will hold their first exhibition and sale at the Fifth avenue Art galleries next week. Oil paintings and water colors will be exhibited and to those interested in the work of American artists the exhibition should prove attractive. It is likely that the sale will be well attended. Among the artists who will exhibit are E. V. Nadherny, Wallace Morgan, Raymond N. Hyde, Charles H. Wright, Leon A. Schafer, William Krieghoff, E. N. Dart, G. A. Coffin, G. Ryder, F. C. Drake, Winsor McCay, W. B. Cox, W. S. Barney, Foster L. Lincoln and Williard G. Bonte. The collection will be placed on exhibition on Monday, April 18, and the sale will take place on Wednesday and Thursday evenings at 8:15 o'clock.

In connection with the exhibition and sale of the works by the members of New York Artist's association Mr. Silo will exhibit and sell the contents of a private residence consisting of antique and modern furniture tapestries and bric-a-brac. This sale will take place on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday afternoons at 2:30 o'clock.

Miss Amy Otis of Philadelphia, has completed a portrait of Dr. John Quincy Adams which will shortly be exhibited.

A terminal station of an underground electric railway is the subject of the design to be drafted by competitors for the John Stewardson Memorial Scholarship in architecture of the university of Pennsylvania this year. The scholarship is worth $1000, and the successful candidate is to spend one year in travel and in the study of architecture in Europe. The final drawings must be completed by May 14th.

The competition is restricted to architects under thirty years of age residing in Pennsylvania, and the award will be made by a jury of architects from Boston, New York and other places outside the state. The scholarship was founded in 1897.

The Scholarship committee consists of Professor Warren P. Laird of the university of Pennsylvania; Frank Miles Day, Edgar V. Seeler, J. G. Rosengarten and George B. Page.

M. Dawant, the artist, has completed his picture of the great military review organized at Bethany for the czar and destined to be placed in the palace at Versailles. The picture has been placed on view in a Paris gallery.

Much interest has been shown in the current exhibition at the National Arts club of pictures by Boston artists. Among the artists represented are Messrs. Benson, Tarbell, de Camp, Prendergast, Kaula, Woodbury, Hale, Hopkinson, Hallowell, Murphy, Paxton, Cushing and others.

The death at Edinburgh is announced of D. W. Stevenson, a well known sculptor. Mr. Stevenson's work was largely of a popular character. He did "Highland Mary" for Dunoon, the statue of Tannahill for Paisley, two colossal statutes of Burns—one for Toronto, the other for Leith. He also assisted in the sculptural decoration of the Scottish National Portrait gallery.

TAKING DESPERATE CHANCES.

It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chance instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding cold and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle For sale by all druggists.

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CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea is the same Flavor as Japan—only more healthful in use—being absolutely pure and as delicious as the Famous "Salada" Black tea.
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NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
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Theatrical

THE COMING WEEK AT DULUTH THEATERS

"Parsifal" at the Lyceum on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and Florence Stone Company In "Shenandoah" Balance of Week—The Myrkle-Harder Company's Final Week at the Metropolitan.

"Parsifal" will be produced at the Lyceum Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights and Wednesday afternoon by a company of 100 people under the direction of Dick Ferris. This great drama is the talk of the theater going public now. The tremendous sensation caused by the production of Richard Wagner's great opera in New York, has extended over the country.

The drama "Parsifal" presents the story, embellished with practically all of the Wagnerian music.

Rev. G. L. Morrill, one of the leading divines of Minneapolis, had the following to say regarding "Parsifal."

"The holy grail fable says that Christ drank from this cup at the last supper. After the crucifixtion of Christ, Joseph of Arimathea went into the upper room where Christ and his disciples had taken their last supper together, and here he found the cup from which Christ had drunk. He took the cup with him to the cross where hung the soul and bears it on the wings of song far above earthly things, in an atmosphere where all is pure, ennobling and sublime."

The staging of this beautiful drama is done on a magnificent vcale, over forty hanging pieces alone being used and over 100 set pieces. The company presenting "Parsifal" numbers 100 people, not counting the special orchestra of twenty pieces. In fact Mr. Ferris has spared neither work or money to make this production one of the finest on the road today.

ITS THIRD WEEK.

Myrkle-Harder Company at the Metropolitan.

The Myrkle-Harder Stock company, one of the best popular priced attractions that has ever played in Duluth will close its successful engagement at the Metropolitan next week, presenting three entirely new and up-to-date comedy dramas. "Lost on the Pacific," an unusually strong scenic play full of funny situations and thrilling climaxes, with the scenes laid on an island in the Pacific which belongs to the Russian government, but is now under the jurisdiction of the American administration, is to be the bill Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday matinee. Thursday and Friday evenings, "Escaped from the Law," C. Walcott Ruscape from the Law," C. Walcott Russell's great dramatic comedy, will be produced. A new play that will command more than ordinary interest entitled "Why Men Sin" will be presented Friday and Saturday nights and Saturday matinee. This great play takes its plot from the famous Dreyfus case in France, which startled the whole world a few years ago.

Again next week by special request the popular favorites, Latimore and Leigh will appear in their box act, better known as the substitution cabinet mystery. Miss Donna Sol will sing new "Baby songs" which are so popular with the patrons of the Metropolitan. Kelly and Rose will be heard in new character specialties. Bruce Richardson in a new monologue and comic songs will be one of the vaudeville features. Albert Johnson will sing some beautiful illustrated songs. New and interesting moving pictures will be introduced.

LATIMORE AND LEIGH,
Those Mysterious Fellows, With the Myrkle-Harder Stock Company.

body of the Saviour, whose wounds were still bleeding. Some of the blood Joseph caught in the cup, which sacred treasure he kept.

"Joseph was the first Christian teacher who went to England. When Joseph died he left the holy grail in the keeping of his son, and he in turn to others, until finally it fell into the hands of a man who did not appreciate the great trust. He sinned and the holy grail disappeared. At this time Arthur was king of England, and he and his merry knights undertook the search for the grail. At last the good Sir Galahad, who was possessed of perfect purity, beheld it, as you who here read Tennyson's 'Idylls of the Kings' will remeber.

"Wagner made a similar story around this same fable or legend for his opera of 'Parsifal,' and called his pure and sinless hero Parsifal.

"It is but once in a decade that a great poem is written, a great picture painted or a great song sung; it is but once in a century that some great genius arises and gives to the world a work which is a trinity combining all these qualities, and which to sonorous music and impressive scene unfolds a dramatic story replete with mystic charm.

"Such a triumph is 'Parsifal' the crowning glory of the memory of the great Richard Wagner—the play that has been hailed upon two continents as the master work of that master mind, a sermon in song and story. Gurnemen have vied with the lately in singing the praises of 'Parsifal.' The lovers of music and the drama have sat in reverential awe as they drank in the strains of the music, which alternate from grave to gay, from passages attuned to the dancing of feet of flower girls to the solemn tones which peal throughout the auditorium as the devout guardian of the holy grail, in meek humbleness and contrition, perform the impressive rites of the last supper.

"Were the 'Parsifal' presented in a spirit of flippancy or with the atmosphere of the theater predominating, it would, of course, border closely upon sacrilege. But the knowledge that one is within the walls of the theater is forgotten as the mighty music uplifts

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"SHENANDOAH."

Opening Bill of Florence Stone Stock Company.

Exciting incident and stirring scenes of war will give a touch of realism to the production of "Shenandoah" by the Florence Stone Stock company for five nights, April 21, 22, 23, 25 and 26, with a matinee Saturday afternoon. Though Bronson Howard had never written another play, that he is the author of this drama would entitle him to fame among playwrights. The scene opens at Charleston, S. C., upon the eve of the bombardment of Fort Sumpter and closes in Washington a the home of General Buckthorne after peace had been declared. The second and third acts of the play deal with military maneuvers in the Shenandoah Valley. War songs are numerous during the action of the peace. The cavalry trumpet signals will be given as provided in the United States cavalry tactics and the torch signals in act three will also be strictly correct and in accordance with the signal service code. A detachment of militia and a fift and drum corp are some of the extra features contained in the production. The cast is a long one and fully fifty persons are required.

KENNEDY COMPANY

To Open Engagement at Metropolitan Soon.

The Kennedy Stock company, which will commence an engagement at the Metropolitan, April 25, headed by the comedian John J. Kennedy, who is supported by a company of thirty people, has been organized for nearly fifteen years, and the greater portion of the members have been together from five to seven years. During that time the company has produced over one hundred different plays. Seldom is these found in the theatrical profession, a company of people who have been associated with one another for so long a time.

With the average stock company, a new bill is produced each week during the engagement, at the conclusion of which the members separate to join different companies on the road, and possibly, never appear in the same cast again. With the Kennedy players, however, it is different; the members are retained from one season to the next and are constantly producing new plays. At the present time it is said that this company has a repertoire of sixty plays that can be produced properly by them with, practically speaking, no rehearsal.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

"Why Girls Leave Home" will be at the Metropolitan in May. It is played by Walter Walker, Walter Gilbert, Oscar Briggs, Ellen Boyer, Florence Weber, Anna Marie Schaeffer and others.

Edwin E. Holt will be at the Metropolitan soon, playing "The Cardinal."

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Eddie Foy Gives Surprise By Being Artistic.

New York, April 16.—There is at least one grain of wheat in the plentiful chaff of "Piff, Paff, Pouff," the new extravaganza. It is a really artistic bit of fooling. And it may seem strange to you, as it does to me, that Eddie Foy, of all men on the stage, is the actor who delivers it to the audience. Now, I agree with you that Foy is always a funny fellow, and I guess you will agree with me that his humor is commonly that of a clown in a circus. But it is surprisingly different in this thing. His character is that of an impecunious visitor at Atlantic City, who strolls by the sea waves that are sad to him because he can't raise the wind. On the beach beside the board walk, right in front of the casino, he meets an old and hard-up acquaintance. They devise a trick to fool coins out of people's pockets. Foy shall be covered up in the sand and his friend shall pretend to mold him into a reclining image, as sculpturing fakirs do at the seashore resorts. The passive man wears a sand-colored suit and when partially exposed by the bogus modeler the counterfeit is almost good enough to deceive the eye. Then, of course, I imagine the poser and make him disclose that he is alive. That has been a sure way to make folks laugh from the time of Joan E. Owen as the Wooden Indian in "Forty Winks" down to Weber and Fields as the stone giant, to Weber and Fields as the stone giant, actors in Hoop-de-Doo." The graft doesn't yield. The operators quarrel and part. Foy is thoroughly discouraged. In the manner of the vivified Galatea, who returns mournfully to her marble pedestal in Gilbert's beautiful burlesque tragedy and becomes marble again, so that tramp lays himself disconsolately in his sand heap, pulls some of it over him and becomes inanimate. And then you don't laugh so much as you look in silent admiration, for the picture is good art adroitly lighted and the curtain falls on it at the climax of an act.

An equally careful attempt at legitimacy in this play of fo-de-o-l is less successful. Stanislaus Stange, who usually writes clever librettos, has provided an uncommonly stupid one. It is so bad that during the week in and others have been cutting and slashing it industriously. He has recourse to the worn-out complication of one couple kept from wedlock by a millionaire's will, which stipulates that three other couples shall marry first. A lively legitimate actress, Alice Fischer, is employed to carry that story through the piece, and she does it in incongruous contrast with the lightness of the foolery all around her. Miss Fischer's debut in song and dance is a local wonder. The verses and music are by William Jerome and Jean Schwartz, proud authors of that "Bedalia" ballad that you have listened to and waltzed to all winter. Bodalia is a side character here and her brief appearances and disappearances are accompanied by the tune that belongs to her.

Don't get the impression that "Piff, Paff, Pouff" isn't a fetching folly show. It has one novelty sufficient to float it if there were nothing else to buoy it up. As often happens in that class of entertainment, when we have just about ceased to expect anything new in the exhibition of the comely sex, out comes a display so singular that our sleepy eyes are opened wide again and we stretch tall in our seats to stare at it. In this instance the strange thing is done well. The octet of shiny dancers are not from the rank and file. They are a separate troupe of the dud called ponies, form their uniformly small stature. They possess, besides the ordinary abilities of the singing ballet, those of acrobatic tumblers in a considerable degree.

The eight pony women appear in the short frocks of little girls. Their feet are in babyish slippers; their ankles are in socks and for the rest of the way up to their knees their legs are bare. At least, the surface purports to be skin, and what's the use of spoiling a possible illusion by assuming that it is silk. Each pony has a woman no bigger than herself in the guise of a Buster Brown boy for a partner in childish gambols on the sand. At a sufficient distance to rejuvenate the faces, the imitation of little lads and lasses is so deceptive that the bareness doesn't look wicked, but almost innocently pretty.

But that display is at the start of the show. The novelty I spoke of comes two hours later. All the light on the stage is put out. The proscenium frames a black blank. Into it come eight French clowns in the costumes of pierrots; but all are feminine for a fact, which is evident when their shapes, having been rubbed with phosphorous, become visible in a pale and ghostly illumination. Then the idea that these are celestial spooks gives way before the evidence that, if not subterranean, they come from no higher than Broadway's midway level. They pose in no stained glass attitudes, nor stand still at all, but are incessantly active imps of mischief. Some play gracefully with skipping ropes that shine. Some turn flip-flaps that make their arms and legs revolve like spokes in a luminous wheel. All are rapid in antics that look like mixed selections from ballet and circus done in fireworks.

* * *

Is Charles Hawtrey an actor? In the mimetical meaning of the word he surely is not. His manner is never varied. He has no imitative ability. He plays Hawtrey and never any one else. So I say he is not an actor. Nor is William Gillette, John Drew, Wm. H. Crane or any other male star in stage favoritism among a dozen men high in the favoritism in this country. Even Joseph Jefferson might be put into the list without injustice. I wouldn't like to discourage that rising young actor, and I am willing to concede his Rip Van Winkle's mastery of Dutch accent. There's his Caleb Plummer also to his credit as something of a mimic. But there is much difference except in clothes between Rip and Bob Acres as he gives them? Isn't it altogether his own delightful personality that constitutes his charm as a comedian? We have Hawtrey this week in "Saucy Sally," and we like him as well as we did in "A Messenger From Mars" or "The Man From Blankley's." Indeed, he is exactly the same individual—the ideal English gentleman of the London club, race course, darwing room and royal court. He has the big, beefy beauty, the easy, lazy manner and the imperurable good humor that characterize the British swell of today in contrast with the exquisite artificiality of the Beau Brummels of a hundred years ago.

As Brummel was a social chum of that prince of Wales, who became king George IV, so Hawtrey was a sportive crony of that prince of Wales who now is King Edward VII. I don't know how it has been since Albert Edward passed up from princely gayety to kingly dignity. Probably Mrs. Langtry doesn't drop ice down his back any more as his table companion nor Mrs. Potter recite verses not printed in Sunday school books. He may not be hand and glove with Hawtrey now. But when F. C. Burnand wrote "Saucy Sally" for Hawtrey they and Wales were very companionable. There was an extension of royal favor to Burnand in the shape of knighthood, but the actor chosen for such distinction was the former American and our Bronson Howard's partner-in-law, Charles Wyndham. I guess that Hawtrey was deemed too festive for knighting—unless it be another kind of nighting.

The farce of "Saucy Sally" was taken from the French by Burnand before King Edward knighted him as editor of Punch, else he wouldn't have put into it some inapreciative passages on the knighting of Tom, Dick and Harry through personal favor. He has transferred "Le Flambeau" to England for treatment. Surely there is nothing to surprise us—I mean at the theater—in the husband who divides his time between a country home with a sober wife and London chambers with a gay girl, accounting to each woman for his absences by pretending to have gone on voyages of discovery in a ship named Saucy Sally. And the presence of a mother-in-law to harass and almost expose him is not calculated to enhance Burnand's reputation as an original humorist.

However, the details are numerous, intricate and, as dealt with by Hawtrey and Fanny Brough, even a New York sophisticated first-night audience found them amusing. Again we see the extreme popularity of Ananias on the stage. Then why not Sapphira? If a man liar is so amusing, why wouldn't a woman liar be? If a husband tickles us by telling everything but the truth to his credulous wife why wouldn't we laugh at a wife who fools her husband with falsehoods? The only answer is a compliment to women. We demand a higher degree of probity in them, at least in moral matters, than we are able or, say willing, to maintain in ourselves. And women accept that view of the subject merrily when it is exploited in the theater. They think it merely funny when Hawtrey, having convinced his wife that he is off to darkest Africa, cruises instead of foggiest London. They seem to be more pleased, too, when he gets out of the mess scot free than when he seems sure to be punished.

It was just so when William Gillette, coolest and cunningest of stage liars, performed in "Too Much Johnson" a farce which he bought outright for $500 in French and turned profitably $50,000 in English. I am reminded of that piece by the similarity of its plot to that of "Saucy Sally." The husband, there; as here, told of imaginary voyages of a certain vessel until his wife and mother-in-law drove him to it; but the Englishman has to go no further than the wharf at Southampton whereas the American had to embark to Cuba, where his experiences on a plantation were very punitive.

To get back to the question which I raised: Suppose that some playwright were to reverse the sexes in a farce and give an inning to Sapphira in the game of marital duplicity? Would we think it funny when the wife, instead of the husband, strayed away from her home for a disloyal outing, returned to a fond and trustful spouse unashamed and covered her wickedness so deep with lies that he never suspected anything wrong? Indeed we would not, and well the dramatists know it.

* * *

Up against the English combination of Charles Hawtrey, F. C. Burnand and "Saucy Sally" we have in simultaneous opposition the American combination of William Collier, Richard Harding Davis and "The Dictator." And if the foreign affair has the backing of royal favor, the native affair has the equally potent backing of our own sweets. There is no denying that just as Dana Gibson has made the "Gibson girl" the accepted type of the American belle, so Davis has created the American gentlemanly standard of gentlemanliness in beaus. We get the Davis chap again in "The Dictator." Once more he is a young New Yorker, who by chance becomes an adventurer in South America. This time he is comic in his exploits so as to provide a suitable role for Collier, who is one of the few comedians who can look modest when audacious. That is to say, his cheekiness belongs apparently—probably it really does not—to the fellow he assumes to be and not to the fellow he assumes to be and not to himself. Stories are told of his self-satisfaction, but none of it is betrayed in his professional demeanor. That makes the vital difference between success and failure in the stage representation of a mendacious hero. If audiences are to accept and enjoy him he must make the excuse of good humor for his sins. It wouldn't matter that Brooke Travers is written by a genius in depiction; he would be rejected if embodied by an actor with the manner of a brush braggart. So Davis and Collier ough to feel much obliged to each other. Travers has an altercation with a cabman about an overcharge and mistakenly believes that he kills him with a accidental blow. To escape punishment as a murderer he takes to instant flight on the nearest steamship, which flight on the nearest steamship, which carries him to South America. A force of circumstances impel, almost compel, him to become a cash adventurer of the type that Davis has made his own in fiction. Travers begins by impersonating a United States consul and from that false pretense passes on to the more audacious one of figuring as a dictator i a revolution of his own make. He is accompanied by a valet, who pales and shakes in terror at each new peril, but the gobus and bluffing dictator is never feazed at any juncture. When in prison he plots, all by himself, an uprising against the picayune republic and gets control of its army of 300 men by increasing their pay to 30 cents a day. That strikes him as a good bargain, as the cost will be less than $90 for a week, which will be ample time to upset a presidency down there and set up a dictatorship. The scheme works well for a little while, but soon he is caught and sentenced to be shot. Then he rises to the occasion with a brand-new, up-to-date and scientifically progressive lie.

"There's a United States warship somewhere in these waters," he says. "I will send a wireless telegram to fetch her here to my rescue."

That is the gist of a lie which, by a fortuitous chance, turns out to be the truth. There really is a Yankee cruiser within reach of the Marconi telegraphic station and it responds to the call. Its marines rescue Ananias at the moment when the ground has a grave ready to swallow him up. Simultaneously he gets the news that the cabman wasn't killed. That lets him out of his difficulties and presumably he lives a happy liar ever afterward.

* * *

Billy B. Van will be starred in a new musical comedy next season which is to be called 'A Country Clerk." Sullivan, Harris and Woods are to manage the tour. Van will have a role similar to his familiar Patsey Bolivar creation, appearing first as a chore boy in a country grocery and later as a freak in a museum. George Totten Smith and Ren Shields will provide the libretto.

* * *

William Faversham's next play will likely be a dramatization of Hamlin Garland's popular novel, "Hesper." The dramatic version is being made by Channing Pollock, who is also reported to be at work on a play for Grace George's use next season. Mr. Pollock, for a beginner, is meeting with much success, his first effort, "The Pit," in Wilton Lackaye's hands being one of the successes of the season.

* * *

Lillian Burkhart, the vaudeville actress, who was recently divorced from her actor husband, Charles Dickson, was married again last week, to George Goldsmith, a wealthy merchant, of Los Angeles, Cal.

* * *

Like her big brother George, Josephine Cohan is to be a star next season. She will be seen in a sprightly comedy called "The Leading Lady," and supported by a big company under the management of her husband, Fred Niblo will book a tour to all the principal cities where she is a favorite. A featured member of the company will be Mlle. Marie Floubet, a Parisian singer, who has attracted attention in France for the past two or three seasons.

* * *

De Wolf Hopper's big revival of "Wang" was brought out in Philadelphia last week, and from all accounts he has made another of those solid hits. Madge Lessing, Frank Casey, Nella Bergen and other members of the big cast are credited with individual successes. The outfit comes to New York soon for an indefinite stay, which will depend upon the weather and the manner of the reception of this popular old-time comic opera.

THE FINGER RING.

Ornament That Had Significance and Power.

The perfect form of a circle which constitutes the ordinary finger ring is apt to be regarded as a mere article of adornment, more or less beautiful and elaborate, according to the taste or wealth of the owner. From the very beginning of things rings have played an important part in the affairs of men, says the Utica Observer, with no reference to their ornamental value, but as symbols of the despotic power of a ruler, the supernatural powers of the priesthood, the skill of the physician and lawyer and as a badge of the contentions of slavery and freedom. The custom of wearing them for ornament or use antedates history and belongs to the age of myth and fable. As emblems of eternity they were regarded as sacred objects, with mysterious powers of magic, of divination, of healing and of destroying wrought into their composition.

Beginning with the iron ring of Prometheus, there is scarcely a hard substance or metal which has not in some of the periods of the world's history been used in the making of these circlets. The Romans were long contented with rings of iron, but every precious metal has in turn been used in their manufacture, while their excessive luxury was shown in the great numbers owned by the wealthy. A ring of gold became a badge of Roman citizenship; a slave on receiving his freedom could only wear one of iron which was also an ordinary badge of mourning. Roman knights and senators wore rings of gold and Roman lawyers received from their clients a gift of a birthday ring, to be worn only on that day, and to part with any ring was a sign of the greatest poverty.

Far exceeding the interest of rings of metal only was the history of precious stones combined with them, and wrought into designs of rare beauty by the hands of the skilled cutter. The office of seal engraver became one of great trust and responsibility, careful records were kept by him of each design, and his life was forfeited if a reproduction was made.

Not only were these stones used for seals and signets, but many magical powers were attributed to them. The jasper led all others for healing gifts, especially if set in silver and engraved with images or figures, when it most surely preserved from drowning. A ruby restrained wrath and fury; a carbuncle was a charm against poison, the plague, and drove away evil dreams or fancies. If evil threatened the stone grew dark and evil threatened the stone grew dark and obscure until the cause was removed. An amecthyst hindered the ascension of vapors by drawing them into itself, sharpened the wits and resisted poisons.

The agate was also an antidote against poison, and gave a man good cheer against opposition and danger, like the carnelian, "which causeth him that weareth it to be of a cheerful heart, free from strife, nobly audacious and proof against witchcraft or fascinations."

The saphire possessed not only the gift of freeing from enchantments, but of healing from poisons, of loosing from prison, o fassuaging the wrath of God, of procuring men favor with princes. As preserving purity it was worn by priests, and was the gem of all others consecrated to Apollo, who was believed to give more prompt and satisfactory answers to those wearing this stone.

The opal, in spite of its many superb tints and colors, has always had a sombre odor cast over its fair fame, as, in addition to its reputation of bringing misfortune, its powers have associated it with the brotherhood of thieves, from its ability to sharpen the eyes of its owner and dim the sight of those around about him, so they can neither see nor mind what is being done. This, when added to the gift of bestowing invisibility made an opal an invaluable aid to the light-fingered gentry of thieves.

The emerald preserved purity. The jacinth procured sleep when set in a ring. Chalcedony insured victory to the wearer of it. Coral protected from the evil one. The diamond rendered a man invisible and counteracted the power of the lodestone.

The turquoise, if worn in a ring of gold, would preserve men from falls and bruises, provided the ring had been received as a gift. It also moveth when any peril is prepared to him that weareth it, and has been known to change color and grow pale if he that weareth it do grow pale or weak and, again, upon the recovery of its master, it does recover its own lovely beauty and becomes cerulous, like unto a serene heaven. It destroyed personal animosities, appeased discords between man and wife, and among the Arabs was highly valued for its talismanic qualities.

The talismanic rings belong to all ages, and were supposed to hold a charm against diseases, against the powers demons or witches, against the powers of the flames, the supposed virtue existing not in the stone alone, but in the device or magical letters inscribed upon it. The most known Basilidian gems, which were found in both Europe and Asia, represent the power of these amulets, of many of which the word Abraxos was the most engraved upon them in connection with mystical figures. The word signified not the Supreme Deity, but the 365 saints who govern the world.

We are accustomed to hear of coronation rings, of episcopal rings and of the Fisherman's ring of the pope as symbols of power and authority, but the talismanic ring of a physician, with powers of healing, is not so familiar. Yet the doctors of old carried both signets and rings, frequently wearing them upon the thumb, with their own name engraved backward and forward on the stone, or with the name of some ordinary nostrum as a charm. The material from which a ring was made had also power over different maladies. A cold could be cured by wearing a ring of iron, a headache by a leaden one and a pain in the side by a golden ring inscribed with letters from the Greek alphabet. It seems quite probable that these rings of the doctors contained aromatic waters and preservative decoctions, which they could use in the sick rooms in the same manner as the cane, which old prints represent them as carefully holding before their noses in the presence of infectious diseases. Without doubt, amulet rings for medicinal purposes were greatly in favor among ancient physicians and empires.

MISSED HIS OPPORTUNITY.

A Yankee Discovered Diamonds in South Africa.

It is not generally known even to the jewelry trade that the title of the first discoverer of diamonds in South Africa is claimed by an American, Maj. Henry E. Dorr, 60 Pemberton square, Boston, who, as early as 1859, brought from South Africa a crystal which was identified as a rough diamond.

Maj. Dorr related the following story to me, says a writer in the Jewelers' Circular-Weekly. I might say, however, that he prefaced the story with the remarks that it might sound like romance, but every word of it was true. Here it is as Maj. Dorr told it:

"In the month of February, 1853, I, being then 19 years of age, sailed from New York a passenger on board the ship Samuel Appleton, Capt. Doane, and bound for Shanghai, China. Shortly after arriving off the Cape of Good Hope, the ship encountered heavy gales from the southeast, followed by serious disaster, and we were obliged to put into Algoa Bay for repairs. The captain was ill and left the ship for good, finally returning to Boston in the bark Gemsbok, and before the Samuel Appleton proceeded upon her voyage, commanded by its first mate, Mr. Freeman, I had concluded to remain at Port Elizabeth a while and continue my voyage to China later in some other vessel.

"The country interested me much and I was not at all sorry for the opportunity to explore it which this break in my journey would afford me. Shortly after my arrival at Algoa Bay, among my newly made acquaintances was an officer of the English engineer corps. He, one day, informed me of his intention to make a trip to a town in the interior, some five or six days' journey from Port Elizabeth, and proposed that I should accompany him in his cart, but that I must return alone, as his duties would detain him in the section of the colony where we were going.

"In due time we arrived at our destination, where, after remaining a few days to explore the neighborhood for game, which was very plentiful, and also to rest the horses, I bade farewell to my friend and left the little town, which I remember to have been fragrant with the perfume of orange blossoms, and started upon my return journey.

"The vehicle upon which I traveled was a two-wheeled spring cart drawn by four horses and driven by a Malay driver. Our journey to the coast was quite a different route from the one by which he had gone, so afford me a more extended view of the country. It was without special incident until one day, at noon, while traveling through a dry watercourse, not far from a beside a dry watercourse, not far from a farm where we had obtained water for our horses. While the driver was feeding the horses and preparing my lunch, I strolled to the bank of the watercourse, and seeing that its bed was mainly composed of pebbles, large and small, I sat down among them to select a set of 'jack stones,' such as we Boston boys used in playing that game. Presently I picked up a small stone that I took to be a crystal such as I had used to break from a vein in a ledge of rocks near my home. But it differed from those I had known in that it had no fractured side. I regarded it simply as a crystal, but a very perfect one in shape, and put it in my pocket with the jack stones.

"Arrived at Port Elizabeth, I exhibited the crystal with other curios that I had collected upon my journey to my friends, with whom I was living in bachelor's quarters. Upon examining the stone, my friends were so struck with its appearance that they advised me to take it to a jeweler for an opinion. This I did. Upon informing the jeweler that I had picked up the stone in the bed of a dry watercourse in the interior, he replied that it certainly had the appearance of an uncut diamond, and that he would pronounce it to be one if diamonds had ever been found in South Africa. He examined it with care, weighed it, and approximated its value.

"This statement of the jeweler occasioned more than a little interest among my friends, but no one of us had ever seen an uncut diamond, and it seemed to us all to be such an incredible circumstance that diamonds should be found upon the disolate karoos of Cape Colony, that although we had the evidence before our eyes, no one of us seemed to fully realize it at that time.

"I know not what might have resulted from this discovery had not an accident happened soon after my return that put an end to further inquiry and a test of this stone being made by some one whom we hoped to find who was competent to make it, or at least familiar with the appearance of diamonds in their natural state. I carried the stones loose in my vest pocket, and one day I missed it. A hole was worn in the bottom of the pocket, through which it had dropped, and although I made careful search, it was never found. I then wrote a description of the locality where I found the stone and the circumstances attending the finding of it.

"During 1871-73, I resided in Europe, making my home much of the time in London. While there it was at one time my fortune to see many uncut diamonds from Cape Colony, and from its similarity to them, especially those having a faint tinge of yellow—which shade had partly deceived us at Port Elizabeth—I became deceived us at Port Elizabeth—I became positive the stone that I had found in South Africa was a bona-fide diamond, of a size approximated at between five and six carats. There was now no doubt whatever in my mind that I had discovered diamonds in Cape Colony twelve years before any one else and in a locality different from the great mines."

A CONCISE CHARGE.

During the "Reconstruction Period," says Lippincott's, a colored man was elected a justice of the peace in the backwoods of South Carolina. His first case happened to be one in which the defendants asked for trial by jury. When the testimony was in and the arguments had been concluded, the lawyers waited for the judge to proceed with his instructions to the jury. The judge seemed somewhat embarrassed. Finally one of the lawyers whispered to him and told him that it was time for him to charge the jury. Looking warily at the jury, with a grim judicial air, the judge said:

"Gentlemen uv de jury, sence dis is a very small case, I'll jes' charge y'll a dollar an' a half apiece."

PLEASED.

Secretary William H. Taft, according to The New York Times, has a friend who is a farmer near a Maine prohibition town. A stranger once went into the farmer's house, says the secretary, and asked for a glass of milk. The farmer filled a glass with whisky, milk and sugar. The stranger, after drainking the cup, handed it back and remarked:

"My Lord, what a cow!"

AMUSEMENTS AMUSEMENTS

Lyceum Theater,
C. A. MARSHALL, Manager.

Three Nights and Wednesday Matinee, Beginning Monday, April 18, 19, 20.
Dick Ferris Offers His Stupendous Production of

PARSIFAL

100 People—Two Carloads of Scenery—Special Orchestra.
Sublime, Magnificent, Better than a Sermon.

Prices—Night, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Matinee—25c, 50c, 75c.

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, April 21-22-23-25-26.
ELLIOTT AND COURTENAY ANNOUNCE

FLORENCE STONE AND HER COMPANY
Presenting Bronson Howard's Great War Drama
"SHENANDOAH"

SEE The Great Battle Scene, Gen. Sherman's Ride, Detachment of Militia.
✳ SEE Signals from Treetop Mountain, Fife and Drum Corps, This Great War Play.

PRICES—10c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinee Sat. 25c.

METROPOLITAN WEEK STARTING Monday, April 18

Positively Last Week of the Popular
Myrkle-Harder Stock Company

Presenting Three Great Successes and Six Big Vaudeville Acts, Including the Wonderful Cabinet Mystery.

Monday, Tuesday, Wed. Mat., "Lost on the Pacific" Great Sensational Russian Melo-drama.
Wednesday and Thursday—Great American Play—— "Escaped from the Law"
Friday and Satur. "Why Men Sin" Founded on the Great Captain Dreyfus Case of France.

PRICES--Night, 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c; Mat. 10c, 25c
LADIES FREE MONDAY NIGHT under the usual conditions.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
Why not keep your own hair? And get more, too? Have a clean scalp; restore the color to your gray hair.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

LATEST BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

Captain Charles A. Curtis, U. S. A., retired, has written a stirring story for boys, "Captured by the Navajos," which Harper & Brothers published on April 7.—Captain Curtis was retired from active service in 1870, for wounds received in action, and with the exception of two years has been since then continuously on duty as professor of military science and tatctics in various institutions. He has been stationed at the university of Wisconsin since 1899. "Captured by the Navajos" is a story of the lively adventures of two young sons of an army officer, who were permitted to accompany a regiment in its search for obstreperous Indians.

* * *

Is a girl the better for having been a tomboy? Miss Margery Williams is the latest novelist to take a tomboy for heroine; and the development of Fan Tasker's character through her growing love for Willis King shows what a hoyden gains and also what she loses. Fan's romance is told in "The Price of Youth" against a background of fragrant pines and "the dear folk up at the woods" to whom the book is dedicated.

* * *

April 25, Messrs. Scott-Thaw company will publish a new novel by William Sage entitled "Frenchy: The Story of a Gentleman." Mr. Sage was well known to the reading public by his successes with his previous novels, "Robert Yourney" and "The Claybournes," his latest work is the story of a French count of noble birth, the Marquis de St. Hilaire, who, by his efficient and self-sacrificing nature, best citizens. He gives up his fortune to save the honor of a friend, and thus impoverished comes to Paris for America, assuming his family name without the title. His adventures, his trials and struggles in this country form a story of an interesting and captivating kind. The end finds Frenchy happily place! and married to the right lady.

* * *

There seems to be a continued interest in the reading of anything relating to the subject of Christian Science, either for or against. The article on Christian Science by John W. Churchman in the April Atlantic has been given wide attention, and the sale of Clara Louise Burnham's two Christian Science novels continues steadily. In fact, the fifteenth edition of "The Right Princess" is just reported, and the ninth edition of "Jewel."

* * *

It sometimes happens that a book by an American author is more quickly appreciated and its merits are earlier recognized by the English public than by the people of this country. English publishers are beginning to look upon the United States as a productive source of some of the best of modern literature, and they are already keeping a sharp lookout for anything particularly strong, especially in the line of fiction, that may appear on this side of the Atlantic. Among the most recent volumes of American fiction to be taken up by an English publishing house is "The Homebuilders," by Karl Edwin Herriman, published on this side by George W. Jacobs & Co., of Philadelphia. The fact that it deals exclusively with phases of life peculiar to some of our large American cities makes the publication of an English edition of this book somewhat remarkable.

* * *

The A. Wessels company have in active preparation for publication in the early spring a book by Rufus Rockwell Wilson, entitled "New England in Letters." Mr. Wilson, who is widely and favorably known through his "Rambles in Colonial Byways" and similar works, describes a series of pilgrimages to all the noteworthy literary landmarks of the New England states, dealing with the work of each author in association with its background or environment. This method makes his book both a guide for the pilgrim and an illuminating review for the student. The result is said to be a delightful mingling of historic fact and intimate personal impression which will give "New England in Letters" a distinctive and welcome place among works of its kind. It will be profusely illustrated with photographs and pen-and-ink sketches.

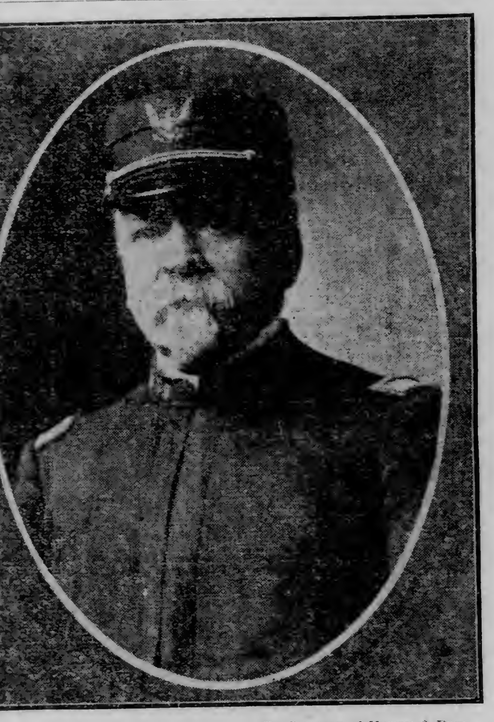
* * *

Charles W. Leadbeater, M. R. A. S., of London, England, a well known writer on Theosophical subjects, is now making a lecturing tour in the United States, unde the auspices of the Theosophical society, and will very shortly arrive in this city. He was for seven years a clergyman of the Church of England, but resigned his position in it in order to travel to India with the late Madame H. P. Blavatsky, of whom he is a devoted disciple. He is a member of the Royal Asiatic society, and has always taken the deepest interest in Oriental and mystical studies. He is now in his 57th year and has been a strict vegetarian for the last thirty years. He has the privilege of being the special friend and co-worker of Mrs. Annie Besant, the great Theosophical leader, whos lectures drew such phenomenal audiences in this country in 1897. He has written many books on Theosophical subjects, the latest of them being "The Other Side of Death," in which he gives to the world the results of twenty years of patient, laborious, scientific investigation into things unseen, and describes many of his personal experiences in occult and spiritualistic investigations. Another of his books is, "Man: Visible and Invisible," which represents an entirely novel idea —the endeavor to depict in colors the appearance to trained clairvoyant vision of the higher bodies of man. This book contains twenty-six magnificent colored plates and is quite unique.

Mr. Leadbeater has also written "An Outline of Theosophy," "Clairvoyance," "Dreams, Invisible Helpers," "The Christian Creed," "The Astral Plane," "The Devachanic Plane," and other works.

* * *

"Hope Hathaway" is the title Miss Frances Parker has chosen for her new Western story of ranch life. The C. M. Clark Publishing company reports two editions since Jan. 1 of Miss Parker's first book, "Marjie of the Lower Ranch," which has had a large sale. The young authoress is trying to make negotiations with Charlie Russell, the cowboy artist, for the illustrations to be used in "Hope Hathaway," her new book, which will be published some time in October.



—By Courtesy of Harper & Bros.

CAPT. CHARLES A. CURTIS.
Author of "Captured By The Navajos."

* * *

Gertrude Atherton's novel, "Rulers of Kings," is ready this week. The Harpers state that this story is not only abreast of the present time, but up to the minute in immediate interest. Its issues and problems are vital, and they are presented as only Mrs. Atherton can do, with force and daring. No more nationally typical story has ever been written by an American. Alert, keen, incisive, without any unnecessary adornment, her quips and sallies, sentences and paragraphs, hit the mark like bullets. In the opening sentence the startled reader is informed that the hero is the heir of $400,000,000. Given this power, and the knowledge how to use it, it will be seen at once that Mrs. Atherton has a theme worthy of her entirely fearless pen.

* * *

Robert Shackleton's new novel of Wall street and the trusts, "The Great Adventurer," contains an interesting burglar episode. In discussing this feature of the book with a friend, Mr. Shackleton admitted that his burglar was drawn from life. In the course of newspaper work he made the acquaintance of Big Jim Brady, one of the most famous bank robbers in the country, and it was Jim Brady who was the original Thetford of the book. "Brady was a remarkable man," said Shackleton. "His mind was of a kind which permitted him to see no wrong in thieving. He prided himself that he always acted as a gentleman and seemed to think that he had been a pretty good sort of citizen. During the last few years of his life he was honest, but his honesty, while sincere, was merely a concession to public prejudice for the sake of peace. I knew him well, and I've tried to put him into Thetford."

* * *

The Robinson, Luce company announces for publication in April Charles Swickard's English translation of the great Sudermann play, "The Fires of St. John," which is entitled in the original German, "Johannisfire." The play has recently been presened for the first time on the English-speaking stage by Nance O'Neil, the young American tragedienne, who is now in the third month of a series of special afternoon performances in Boston. The play is arousing fuly as much discussion as did the same author's "Magda," and is conceded by many critics to be the most brilliant work of this famous German dramatist.

* * *

There is a very pleasant quality in "How to Get the Best Out of Books," which Richard Le Gallienne has just published through the Baker & Taylor company, New York. The tasks outlined are not such as to discourage the average busy man or ambitious youth. There is a strong tendency to omit or advise the skipping of such books as other manuals insist must be read whether liked or not, and the reader is made especially comfortable by the general feeling that there are plenty of good books to read which you will enjoy to make those which you do not enjoy a waste of time. Aside from this, there is a very interesting paper on "What's the Use of Poetry," from a poet's standpoint, with a definition of poetry, too, which is sure to attract interest.

* * *

"The Yoke," Elizabeth Miller's romance of the Exodus which is being much discussed now, is in general so faithful to the Biblical record that some people have wondered why the author failed to make the Pharaoh perish with his hosts in the Red sea. It has been the traditional belief that he was lost with all his cavalry. Nowhere in the Mosaic account, however, is his death positively declared. And since the great lawgiver went into minute details of the disaster to the army, so important an incident as the drowning of the king would not have escaped his notice. In the light of this conclusion, then, the believer may read, with undisturbed faith, that the Pharaoh withdrew from the pursuit of Israel and lived long enough afterward to mismanage his kingdoms into ruin before he died. A few years ago Loret, the great French Egyptologist, came upon a mummy in the debris of a crumbling tomb. The writings buried with it bore witness to its identity. That grisl ywisp of humanity wrapped in old cerements was Meneptah, the Pharaoh of the Exodus!

* * *

It may or it may not be a tribute to the force of a new writer that the authorship of the novel of Southern life, "The Circle in the Square," recently published by A. S. Barnes & Co., which is causing so much discussion, has been usually attributed to a man. It is understood, however, that the frequent asi plym ply cm shrdlu shrd cmfw ypu ply a ralsappreliension. It is interesting also to note that much attention has been attracted by the different points of view taken by Ellen Glasgow and Baldwin Sears.

* * *

The librarians of New York state recently took a vote as to the best fifty books for a village library, among the 7895 books published in America last year. Six more were thrown in for good measure; and of the 56 books selected, 14, or 25 per cent, were published by the Macmillan company. The books selected are: "The Call of the Wild," by Jack London; Mr. Morley's "Life of Gladstone;" "A Woman's Hardy Garden," by Mrs. Helena Rutherfurd Ely; "The Heart of Rome," by F. Marion Crawford; "The Social Unrest," by John Graham Brooks; "Two Centuries of Costume in America," by Mrs. Alice Morse Earle; "A Descriptive Guide to the Best Fiction," by Earnest A. Baker; "The Mettle of the Pasture," by James Lane Allen; Sidney Lee's "Dictionary of National Biography;" "Queen Victoria: A Biography," by Sidney Lee; "Old Quebec: The Fortress of New France," by Sir Gilbert Parker and Claude G. Bryan; "People of the Whirlpool," by the author of "The Garden of a Commuter's Wife;" "Studies in Contemporary Biography," by James Bryce, and "The Care of a House," by T. M. Clark.

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The following books were published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., on Saturday, April 2: "Kwaidan," a collection of Japanese stories by Lafcadio Hearn; "The Life of William Hickling Prescott," by Rollo Ogden, editor of the New York Evening Post; "The Frontiersmen," new stories of American pioneers, by Charles Egbert Craddock; "The Fire-Bringer," a bold dramatic poem dealing with the story of Prometheus, by William Vaughn Moody; "The Views About Hamlet and Other Essays," by Albert H. Tolman, assistant professor of English literature in Chicago university, and a limited Riverside Press edition of Chaucer's "The Parlement of Foules."

* * *

Kansas, like Indiana, is rather proud of her writers; and the Kansas Historical society places in its library at Topeka a copy of every work written about Kansas or by a man who is a native of or even has been a resident of Kansas. John H. Whitson, the author of "Barbara, a Woman of the West," whose new novel, "The Rainbow Chasers," contains a picturesque story of a Kansas land boom, is a Hoosier by birth, but a loyal Kansan, because of his long residence there. During the great Western land boom, Mr. Whitson settled, in company with his father, near Garden City, in Finney county, Western Kansas; and lived there, engaged in farming and cattle raising. Mr. Whitson's descriptions of Western Kansas life are said to be as accurate as photographs. His long life on the Kansas plains made him familiar with Western life, and he has used this knowledge to even better advantage in "The Rainbow Chasers" than he did in "Barbara." Mr. Whitson's new novel, published by Little, Brown & Co., has already gone into a second edition.

* * *

In the study of "William H. Prescott" by Rollo Ogden, just published, is presented much material from letters and note books which has not previously appeared. Mr. Ogden explains that one of his objects has been to humanize the popular conception of Prescott, which has come down to us through the austerities of the earlier formal biography by George Ticknor. To bring out vividly the playful and engaging aspects of Prescott's character would doubtless have seemed to Ticknor "like taking liberties with the muse of history." After the appearance of "Ferdinand and Isabella," described as a society event, there being a great rush for copies, Prescott wrote to Ticknor: "A clergyman told me yesterday he intended to make my case —the obstacles I have encountered and overcome—the subject of a sermon. I told heim it would help to sell the book, at all events." It was Ticknor's belief that not more than two persons outside the Prescott family knew he was writing "Ferdinand and Isabella" until it was nearly completed. Mr. Ogden says: Hence, it could happen that even a near relative whom he was in the habit of meeting weekly, once urged him to undertake some serious pursuit, as a means both of happiness and social repute! At the moment, he had spent eight years on his first great work. One is reminded of the nurse who thought Darwin's health would be better if he only had something to occupy his mind.

* * *

Senator Depew, in a recent address in New York, aroused enthusiasm by glorifying the historic shrines of that great city, which include St. Paul's church, in which Washington worshiped; Fraunce's tavern, where Washington delivered his memorable farewell address; and the famous Jumel mansion. In the current issue of Leslie's Weekly these buildings are all pictured. The front page discloses one of the most curious sights in that great city, the Jewish fish market. The descriptive article regarding this interesting spot is written in the breeziest way by Miss Bertha H. Smith. A page of illustrations bears on the fierce war in the aEst; another is devoted to Uncle Sam's naval forces on guard in Panama.

* * *

A conspicuous instance of the growing tendency among magazine publishers to give to an attractive table of contents an appropriate cover, is displayed in Ainslee's Magazine for April. From a purely artistic point of view it is one of the most striking concessions to the growing public taste in this direction that has yet appeared, and is likely to make something of a sensation. It is designed by A. B. Wenzell, who decorated the New Amsterdam Theater in New York, and is coming to be recognized as one of the leading decorators of the United States. The publishers announce that the May cover will be by Alphonse Mucha, of Paris.

* * *

An authoritative article by Sir Charles Dilke on "The War in the Far East," appears in the North American Review for April. The British statesman discusses the diplomatic relations of the powers and touches upon the attitude of America towards England. "Some Revelations of the War" is another enlightening article, which takes up the position of the United States and urges an aggressive policy. In "State Monopolies of Interstate Commerce," E. Parmalee Prentice reviews state and federal legislation on the subject. "Russia's Attitude Toward Her During the Civil War," by Gen. Rush C. Hawkins, is also of timely interest. Herbert Putnam, librarian of congress, writes on "Manuscript Sources of American History." O. P. Austin, chief of the bureau of statistics contributes a paper entitled, "Is the New Immigration Dangerous to the Country?" He believes that it seems still likely to prove a net benefit to the country. Henry Loomis Nelson's article, "Industrial Liberty, Not Industrial Anarchy" protests against unwise use of power by labor unions. "The Great West and the Two Easts," by Henry E. Reed; "Religion and Religions," by the Rev. Dr. R. Heber Newton; "Anti-conteen Legislation in the Army," (second lieutenant), by Representative Littlefield; "Australia's Second Parliament," by H. H. Lusk, and "How the United States Curtails Freedom of Thought," by Ernest Crosby, are other illuminative articles. The fourth part of W. D. William Dean Howells' serial, "The Son of Royal Langbrith," appears in this number.

* * *

The difficulties involved in the building of Russia's trans-Siberian railroad are described in the current Harper's Weekly by an engineer who writes from first-hand knowledge of his subject, having made recently a professional tour of inspection of the road. He tells of the way in which the ice-railway over Lake Baikal is operated, and of the problems encountered in the construction of the line that is being built around the southern end of the lake. It is amusing to know that the komapl, is amusing to know that the komapl, one of the most serious discomforts endured by the workmen employed in the grading of the line, are nothing but the mosquitoes of the West, who are such a severe trial during six months of the year that the work is carried on under considerable difficulties.

* * *

Bert M. Bower's stories in the Argonaut are always good, and the one in the issue of April 1 is unusually so. "When the Singer Cut Across" is the title of it, and the theme is a love-affair, two cowboys being enamored of one girl. Of course, only one can win her; and which one it was, and how it was done, is set forth in very entertaining fashion by the author. The comedy vein in the story is happily carried out, and when the affair borders on a tragedy the action is quick and dramatic.

* * *

Country Life in America prints some large and remarkable photographs of wild beavers working in the deep woods. The pictures were made by a naturalist under the direction of the editors, after five years of infinite labor. Though the reproductions are large and perfect they are really enlargements from four by five photographs. Were there not indisputable evidence that they are genuine pictures of an existing colony of this vanishing animal found in Montana, many people would find it impossible to look upon them with anything but incredulity.

* * *

The Popular Magazine for April, now on sale, presents as its piece de resistance a new serial by Max Pemberton, whose previous work as a writer of adventure fiction has won for him an enviable place in literature. The story is entitled "Beatrice of Venice," and has as a scene Venice at the time when Napoleon was seeking to add it to his growing empire. It is a field particularly adapted to Mr. Pemberton's power of handling situations strong in love and romantic adventure. The number also contains a cleevr novelette by William Wallace Cook, entitled "Wanted, a Highwayman," and fourteen other fiction features.

* * *

The National Magazine for April is proof that a good stout "shake-up" sometimes does a lot of good. The National's plant at 41 West First street, Boston, burned in February. The March number had to be made all over in a dozen different shops. The offices of the National are now permanently located at 944 Dorchester avenue, Boston, but its machinery is not yet installed. Hence the making of the April number had to be scattered all over Boston—almost. And here is the application of the moral—for the April National is the most varied and readable number ever issued.

* * *

"The Case For Japan," by an American counsellor of the Japanese legation in Washington, is a timely article in the April Leslie's Monthly, and the best presentation of Japan's side in the present struggle that has been put in English. There is a brilliantly illustrated article on "Our Melancholy Pastimes," which amuses us while it makes us think, and an interesting description of "The Chance For An American Singer," with a number of portraits of the best known American singers. The first part of the story of Radisson, who was really the discoverer of the great Northwest, and an article on the workers of Coney Island, are good reading.

* * *

Theer are forty-eight signed contributions in the April Smart Set, and the fiction touches almost every theme. The novelette with which the number opens is by far the most distinctive long story this magazine has published. It is called "The Notorious Sir Charles Gratwicke," and is written by the Baroness von Hutton, whose recent novels have revealed such a wide knowledge of the world and such keen insight into human nature. The present story, the scene of which is laid in one of the picturesque inns of Switzerland, is as dramatic a piece of work as the author has ever written. The interest never flags, and the reader is carried from one breathless situation to another.

* * *

Will Carleton's Magazine, Every Where, for April, lives up to its name, in discussing many subjects of interest that have their setting in many times and places. The editor has a long poem on the "Death of Belisarius," the great Roman general, which, together with notes explanatory of the times, throws a charming light upon a bit of Roman history. Mrs. Margaret E. Sangster, who has so long been a regular contribtor to this periodical, has some very happy verse, on timely subjects; a new continued story, "A Midnight Ride," by Arthur Paterson, is begun; there is an Easter Carol—words and music—the latter by Mrs. Joseph F. Knapp; and the various departments and miscellaneous pages are full of just such short, crisp articles as people like to read.

* * *

Not one whit behind its predecessors in attractiveness and literary quality is the New England Magazine for April, and its table of contents may be truly said to be cosmopolitan in scope. A prominent place should be accorded William Howe Downes' suggestive and enlightening paper, "Boston as an Art Center." The author's interesting summary will come as a revelation to many people who have forgotten what priceless treasures of art are contained in Boston and its vicinity, and upon what varied and numerous grounds Boston bases her right to be regarded as an art center.

* * *

In addition to stories by Margaret Sutton Briscoe and Agnes M. Daulton, portraits of men of the hour and war celebrities, and the usual full interpretative record of the world's history, the April Magazine Number of the Outlook has several notable illustrated articles. These include, one on the State buildings at the St. Louis exposition, with many original drawings; a beautiful illustrated paper on "Titian's Most Intimate Friend," by Paul van Dyke; a vigorous industrial and story-telling article on "The Lumber Jack and His Job," by W. D. Hulbert, with striking photographs by Arthur Hewitt; a talk about "Some American Trees," by J. Horace McFarland, with original photographs by the author.

* * *

The April Bookman is, in many ways, the most noteworthy number of that magazine ever published. It opens with the usual chronicle and comment on the passing literary and artistic show, with numerous portraits. Then follows an article from a new point of view, by Maurice Maeterlinck, on "Universal Suffrage." Then Edwin Lefevre's paper on "The Newspaper and Wall Street," in which the relations of the principal New York papers with the financial world are carefully and interestingly told; an article on "Tastes," by F. M. Colby; a seasonable paper on "Journalism in Japan," by Yone Noguchi, the young Japanese writer; Dr. Cooper's grouping and review of the more notable recent books; a penetrating and clever review of George Bernard Shaw's work; a short biographical sketch of John Sharp Williams.

* * *

The American Boy for April presents a front cover that will attract boys, it being a striking picture of a young Indian. And who has a better right to claim to represent young America, after all, than the Indian boy. The stories in this number are "The Silver Mine," by Harriet Prescott Spofford; "The Blue Dragon," by Kirk Munroe; "Three Yankee Boys in Ireland," by the Editor, and "Arty's Guardian," by George H. Coomer. The editor in his "Just Between Ourselves" page talks of various things boys are asking about, some serious, some playful—but always interesting.

* * *

In the April Delineator is begun a series that promises to be exceedingly interesting and instructive. The title, Around the World in Eighty Pictures, is explanatory of the nature of the series to a certain extent; it gives no idea, however, of the delightful form of the narrative, which is letters from a young bride on her honeymoon to her father. The first stage of the trip is from Montreal to Vancouver, the points of interest being the quaint old Canadian cities, Montreal and Ottawa, Niagara, the wheat district of the Northwest, the Rocky Mountains, and various other features of interest on route to the Pacific. The pictures are striking and express adequately the characteristics of the great region, and interest is not lost amid a host of dry facts, for the narrative is as pleasant reading as fiction.

* * *

The Architectural Record for April is a beautiful number, the illustrations being numerous and admirable and the typographical designs evidencing much thought and good taste. The first article is a scholarly consideration by Russell Sturgis of the new architectural sculpture at St. Bartholomew's church, New York, where the figures chiselled in the frieze of the new porch have raised a flurry of discussion under the head of Realism.

* * *

"Japan Before the War," one of the leading articles in the World Today for April, is written by a resident of that country who knows whereof he speaks. It will undoubtedly increase the admiration and sympathy generally felt for the Japanese in the conduct of the war. It is a remarkable testimony to the wise self-control and fervent loyalty of that nation. "Housekeeping in Japan," by Charles Hovey Pepper, the well-known artist, gives a picturesque view of home life and quaint customs. Japanese war posters, depicting the naval battles with more vividness than perspective, and fairly dripping with patriotism, are a prominent feature of the magazine. There were received direct from Yokohama by the World Today.

* * *

One of the cleverest things in the April issue of 10 Story Book is a humorous sketch, "The Wise Mr. Holliwell," by William Hamilton Osborne. There are many other features that are interesting. A story "A Daughter of the Astecs," by Dorothy Dix, smacks of the romantic, a vein not often exploited by this gifted writer. Ex-Congressman "Buck" Hinrichsen, now often seen in the magazines, has a snappy conceit called "Sidetracking a Scandal." It shows the discomfiture of a presumptuous bank clerk who would be blaze.

* * *

In Wilshire's Magazine for April Jack London's striking sociological study, "The Tramp," is concluded. The effect of the Russo-Japanese war on Russian internal political conditions is discussed from the revolutionary standpoint by Morris Hillquit, a New York attorney, but a native Russian. The editor makes a characteristic reply to a questioner who confesses himself unable to see in the Socialist scheme an adequate answer to the question "Do you mean to credit a hod-carrier as much for two hours' work as you would Dr. Lorenz, the Vienna surgeon?"

* * *

The April Housekeeper is a special spring number, overflowing with seasonable literary features of great interest. Besides the second installment of Elliot Walker's serial, "A Rose in the Brambles," and stories and poems by Grace McElroy furs, Clinton Scollard, Edward L. Sabin, Julia Truitt Bishop and Frank Walcott Hutt, there are six pages of spring fashions in clothes, millinery and the small belongings of dress, that will interest every woman.

* * *

Most people believe that it will remain for Thomas A. Edison to give the world a flying machine that will real y fly. What he has to say on the subject in April Outing will therefore be of special interest to every reader. In no uncertain terms Mr. Edison says what he thinks of the machines of Santos Dumont and the rest. He draws some significant conclusions as to just what principle will produce the perfect airship. A new photograph of Mr Edison accompanies the article. A name hardly less famous than Edison's, that of John Burroughs, appears in Outing for the first time. In the April issnue Mr. Burroughs begins a regular department, in which he talks in his intimate way of the things that live and grow and swim and fly about us. Mr. Burrough's editorial connection with Outing is a notable one.

* * *

From an artistic as well as literary standpoint, the April Success is especially attractive. The dainty cover, by H. L. V. Parkhurst, is suggestive of the springtime. A popular feature of the magazine is the "Success Portfolio," which, in this issue, contains half-tone reproductions of the presidential and vice presidential possibilities of 1904. The photographs are a fitting accompaniment to an able article by Walter Wellman, entitled "Leading Presidential Possibilities of 1904." Cleveland Moffett, who spent several months in Paris, where, as a pupil of M. and Mme. Pierre Curie, the discoverers of radium, he familiarized himself with the wonderful product that has startled the world, has contributed an instructive article entitled "The Sense and the Nonsense About Radium."

* * *

Among the leading articles of the April number of Field and Stream the fifth paper of "Over the Andes and Down the Amazon," by Alvah D. James leader of the exploring expedition which was equipped and sent out by the magazine, may be considered the most interesting. A year ago Field and Stream's exploring party left New York for South America, to go from the Pacific over the stupendous Andes to the source of the Amazon river, and thence down the river to the Atlantic. In the April number Mr. James graphically tells of their first adventure.

* * *

John W. Churchman, M. D., opens the April Atlantic with a searching and brilliant dagonsis of Christian Science, which cannot fail to provoke discussion and to interest a wide circle of readers on whatever side they may hap of this much mooted question. George W. Alger discusses the ethics of business—the moral overstrain put upon many a man's character and principles by temptations and opportunities that are, often unnecessarily, thrust in his way. Col. Higginson continues his delightfully fresh and original reminiscences with a brilliant paper on "The Aristocracy of the Dollar," that of wealth as distinguished from that of birth, which he thinks has had its day and is dying out amongst us. H. D. Sedgwick writes piquantly upon some American portraits, contrasting "The New American Type" of face and physique with that of our forefathers, as shown in a recent exhibit of modern and seventeenth-century portraits.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Ore Tonnage This Month Showing an Increase.

Colorado Springs, Col., April 16.—If the presence in the Cripple Creek district of representatives of millions of dollars means anything, the camp is certainly holding its own in interest. During the past seven days no less than thirty capitalists have visited the district, examining properties in almost every section.

The ore tonnage so far this month is showing a decided improvement over any month's production for a long period of time, and if the preesnt rate of output is maintained the balance of the month, the production for the current month will be a record breaker. A number of the mines in the district have increased their tonnage without any especial effort. From the standpoint of development, the mines of the Cripple Creek district never looked better than at the present time. This is saying a great deal, but it means more than ever before, for the reason that the recent geological survey of the district by the government experts is just being completed, and they, more than any others, have had their eyes opened to the wonders that exist below the surface.

Three substantial dividends were paid by as many Cripple Creek mines during the week just past. The El Paso company, whose dividend rate has heretofore been one-half cent per share per month, doubled its rate and disbursed $25,600 as a result. It is thought that the increased rate will be maintained. The Mary McKinney company disbursed its regular dividend of $30,000 on April 8. The Vindicator company also ordered a dividend of $33,000, payable April 24. This is the twenty-fifth dividend paid by this company, the total amount of dividends to date being $1,126,600.

Beacon Hill territory is in great demand by scores of lessees, who are anxious to secure any kind of a block of ground in this section. The El Paso, C. K. & N. and Old Gold companies are making splendid records, while the Little May, Prince Albert and Henry Adney properties are doing well. The latest strike of importance is one in the Valley View claim of the Spar company, where a good body of ore is said to have been opened.

A forlorn, hopeless, melancholy face drives your friends away. For a bright, sparkling, sunny face use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, tea or tablet form.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Unseasonable Weather Continues a Drawback to Business.

New York, April 16.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Tardy spring weather following an unusually severe winter makes it difficult to restore satisfactory trade conditions, but it is encouraging to find at many points this unseasonable weather the only cause of complaint, and there is always hope that the early losses may be made up, at least in large measure, when the conditions become normal. In the meantime sales of dry goods are restricted and stocks in all positions from producers to consumer are larger than is desirable. Aside from the cotton states, where business is brisk, the week's dispatches indicate that early gains were maintained, but little further progress occurred. Labor controversies are still an adverse factor.

Railway earnings in the first week of April were 7.0 per cent smaller than last year.

No definite check to progress in the iron and steel industry is discerned, although it lacks uniformity, and in some departments it is difficult to find encouraging signs. In so far as pressure for immediate delivery is concerned, bar iron and steel are most prominent, making of agricultural implements being importunate. Not only is it difficult to secure delivery of bars, but shipments four weeks hence are considered prompt and some orders run up to the end of the year.

Floods at the West have made it impossible to begin much proposed structural work, and aside from supplies for repair shops the railways are still operating on a moderate scale. The ore situation remains unsettled.

Firmness and activity continue in the Chicago hide market, and foreign dry hides are held steady by the prompt absorption of arrivals. Although quotations are unchanged in the leather market, some improvement is noted. New England footwear shops have received but few supplementary fall orders from salesmen in the West, and Eastern wholesalers have ample stocks of staple lines to meet current requirements without seeking prompt delivery from manufacturers. In textile manufacturing there is no improvement.

The recent upward tendency of cotton goods has given place to a market distinctly favoring purchasers. This is usually a dull season in men's wear woolens and worsteds, and the past week has proved no exception.

Failures this week number 225 in the United States, against 212 last year and 16 in Canada, compared with 16 a year ago.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY. As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists. Price, 75 cents per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ANTHRACITE BITUMINOUS WOOD
THE UPHAM COAL COMPANY
Every facility for supplying all kinds of trade.
Lehigh Valley COAL
Zenith Telephone 485
Duluth Telephone 256
OFFICE, 410 W. SUPERIOR ST. YARD, GARFIELD AVE.

People are often judged by the Stationery they use.
Then why not use UP-TO-DATE WRITING PAPER?
We will sell it to you at reasonable prices.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY
Old 'Phone 165-R
PROMPT PRINTERS
New 'Phone 336
Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.
WRITE FOR PRICES.
Providence Bldg
4th Ave. W. and Sup. St.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED, TRY
SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN
Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Variococele, or Constipation, Stops Prematureness, Stops Nervous Twitching, of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every tissue and undeveloped organs. If you don't get decided, a cure is at hand. Restores small, weak organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 5 for $2.50; mail. A written guarantee to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.
50 CENTS
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

BROWN'S
Bronchial Troches
Quickly relieve Coughs, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung Troubles.
Contain nothing injurious.
Sold in boxes only. Avoid imitations.

THE WORK DONE BY THE DULUTH BETHEL

Great Benefit to Woodsmen, Sailors, Miners and Other Laboring Men.

The work of the Duluth Bethel society among the woodsmen and laboring men of the city, is done so quietly that it attracts but little attention from outsiders who do not happen to come into direct contrast with it.

Among the woodsmen, sailors, miners and other laboring men, however, the two Bethel buildings are familiar objects, and it would be difficult to find many of them who have not, at some time or other, availed themselves of the privileges offered by the society.

The Bethel society was incorporated in 1875. It was organized to "promote the temporal and spiritual welfare of seamen, lumbermen, railroad men, miners, etc., and their famili s, and the needy and destitute in this city and surrounding territory."

The present officers of the society are as follows: President, H. H. Hunford; vice president, Ward Ames; secretary, J. T. Blake; treasurer, L. A. Marvin. The board of directors consists of the four officers and H. M. Peyton, H. F. Greege, R. W. Mars, L. Montenhall, W. D. Edson, W. S. Moore and Page Morris.

William Asher is the superintendent of the work of the Lake avenue Bethel, J. T. Moody of the Bethel branch, and Mary E. Shannon of the Bethel home for women. Rev. W. E. Spoonts is the chaplain.

There are a number of different departments to the Bethel work. Both buildings are supplied with lunch rooms where meals are served to woodsmen and laboring men at cost. About 35,000 meals a year are served at the two restaurants, or an average of nearly 1000 a day. The branch Bethel enjoys the largest patronage in this respect, on account of its more central location.

Both restaurants have a large number of regular boarders, in addition to the host of transients, who spend a few days in the city.

Nearly 25,000 lodgers a year are accommodated in the two buildings. None of the rooms have over two beds, and in this way thieving is avoided. Under the old system there were two large rooms with about fifty beds in a room, and numerous thefts were reported.

The beds are rented for a nominal sum, and there is seldom a night that lodgers are not turned away.

The Lake avenue Bethel is also supplied with bath rooms, where a hot bath can be secured for 10 cents. Many free baths are given to those who cannot afford to pay even this small sum.

The reading room is an important and interesting feature of the work. Large, airy rooms are provided, and current numbers of magazines are kept on file for the benefit of anyone who may care to enter. Throughout the year the reading rooms are a boon to the homeless man, but especially is that the case in the winter time, when it affords him shelter and recreation. The attendance at the two reading rooms is estimated at about 100,000 a year.

The religious work is not neglected in either of the buildings. Gospel meetings are held every evening during the week in both buildings. The service consists of a short address by the chaplain or the superintendent, and the singing of a number of hymns. Men who could never be induced to enter the churches of the city are reached in this way, and the attendance at the meetings is large.

In addition to the gospel meetings, each branch has a Sunday school. Tent meetings are also held during the summer months.

One of the most interesting features of the work is the "Boys' Cadet band." It is a boys' club open to all who care to join. Every Friday evening the big dining room at the Lake avenue Bethel is cleared and the boys indulge in all kinds of indoor games, including base-ball, basket ball, and other sports. Refreshments are also served, and the boys hold a short meeting, listen to some remarks from the chaplain and sing several songs. The club has a membership of about forty, and the boys are enthusiastic concerning it.

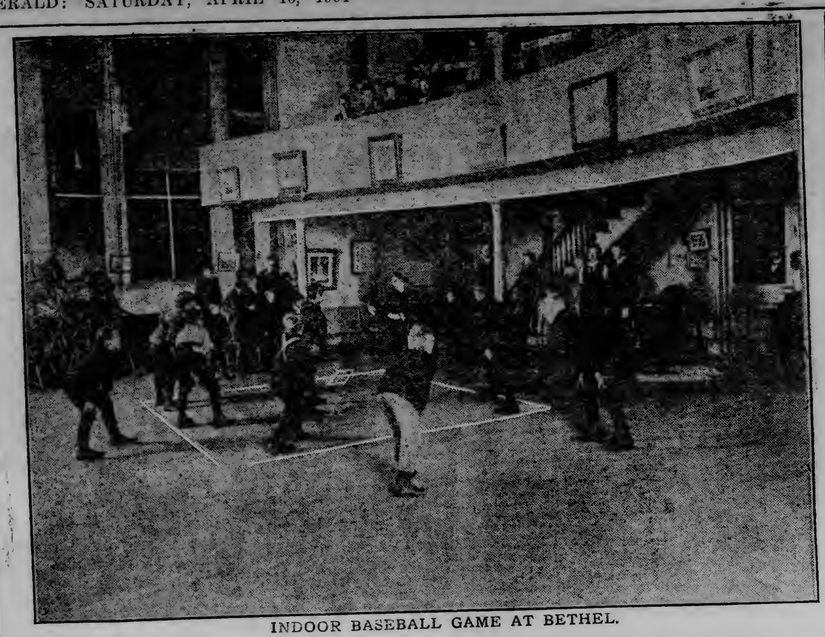
Under a separate department comes the relief work among the women, which has its headquarters at the Bethel home for women. The object of this department is "to seek those who have gone astray, and wish to forsake a life of sin; to save them by ministries of loving help; and to fit them to fill honorable positions in the community."

This work was commenced but recently, but it has made good progress, and is now one of the most important departments in the work of the society.

EMPLOYES AT LAKE AVENUE BETHEL.

BRANCH BETHEL RESTAURANT ROOM AND CORPS.
Furniture Formerly Used By a Saloon.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC OF BETHEL CHILDREN.



INDOOR BASEBALL GAME AT BETHEL.

LAKE AVENUE BETHEL READING ROOM.

THE GOSSIP OF GOTHAM

Present of a Dickie Bird Was Followed By One of a Lap Dog—Discreet Servant Then Cut Very Short Neary's Visits.

New York, April 16.—It is an established belief with experienced flat dwellers that it is injudicious to seek to know your neighbors in the same house. Mrs. Elsie Neary, of Mt. Morris Park, will indorse this belief, if her opinion is sought, but she won't detail her reasons for holding it, and it's hardly a safe topic to broach to her. Breach of the established rule, you see, led to the Nearys' troubles. Their wedded life had been happy and peaceful enough until Neary grew neighborly. Yet he has assured his friends that Mrs. N. began it. Anyhow, there was a dickie bird in it at the beginning. Mrs. Neary bought the bird. It was for her husband as a birthday remembrance. He had about as much fondness for pet birds as he had for Mrs. Neary's mamma, which was none at all, but his wife said that he was sure to be delighted with the gift, and she should have known.

NEIGHBOR PROMISED TO KEEP IT.

She told this to the neighbor across the hall, into whose hands she put the little yellow creature when it was delivered in its tiny box of pine splints. Would the neighbor kindly keep it until the other could slip out, buy a suitable gilded cage for it, and then bring it to her own apartments as a surprise for her husband? The neighbor would be only too glad to do so, and the favor was a small one, for the tiny bird repaid with a fine burst of song, and Mrs. Neary had the larger cage in hand in a few hours. But then she hinted that she'd like to have the neighbor keep the songster until the next day, and the other rising readily to this proposition, the bird and two cages were left across the hall.

There Neary saw them next day. The cages were side by side, and the neighbor seemed to be puzzling over the proper manner of transferring the bird from one to the other. The door of her dining room was wide open, and she made so dainty a picture that Neary naturally enough paused to contemplate. She, hearing the lapse in footfalls, looked up with a look that blended perplexity and invitation. If she had thought to attract him, especially through her interest in the bird, she failed. Neary had seen her about the hall, and had noted that she seemed a well-put-up little body, with a remarkably small foot and neat taste in slippers. Now that invitation smiled from her eyes, Neary became at once solicitous for the bird, though not at all for the bird's sake.

PROMISED HER A BIRD, ALSO.

It was easy to back one cage up to the other and open the tiny door, when the dickie hopped into his new home, so easy that Neary did this with his eyes on the owner of that neatly slippered foot. And she smiled no less invitation because of his success in the transference, and it was left when he ended that first call that she should have a bird.

She got it, and Neary not only procided it with a finer cage than his own bird had, but he got into the habit of dropping in to feed it. It developed before long that that bird was a frequent and slow feeder, and that in consequence of the faithfulness with which Neary oversaw the process that he spent more of his waking hours in the neighbor's flat than he did in his own. She was Ethyll Prentisse, if you please, living for the present on means left her by an elderly uncle whom she hadn't seen between the time of his death and her early childhood. He must have provided well for her, Neary thought, for she lived well and worried not. Her one servant woman was a singularly discreet person, who, if she saw anything remarkable in his carrying on an intrigue across the hall from his rightful establishment, not only had nothing to say about it, but never by so much as a look indicated that she deemed the situation irregular.

LAP DOG NEXT.

Miss Prentiss was decidedly cool to Mrs. Neary, after showing her own dickie bird, this with no explanation, of course, of where it came from, so disclosure was not endangered by intimacy between the women.

Consequently Neary's double doing went on uninterrupted and on the easy cinch plan until the discreet servant took umbrage. Neary had given to his sweetheart a lap dog, an insignificant, silky spaniel. Now just see how slight a thing will upset human affairs; the discreet servant would not air the dog regularly, and she wouldn't wash it at all. Consequently more or less of peppery comment from the possessor of the neat slipper; more, according to the servant, less according to Miss Prentiss. Enough anyway to lead the discreet one to call on Mrs. Neary, bearing not gifts, but exhibits.

Item No. 1 was a note in Neary's handwriting, very brief, unsigned, and by itself no very serious indictment. It was enough, however, to interest the wife, and her attention to Item No. 2 was ready. This was a bunch of muslin. Unfolded there was disclosed a garment that shall be nameless. What's to the point was that Neary's initials, in monogram of his wife's working, was on the front. There was two of 'em, the servant informed her, the other one now in the wash with Miss Prentisse's "dubs." For a half minute the wife alternated between white and bright pink, and then sobbed pitifully. The discreet one seemed rather disturbed by the other's distress, urged her uneasily not to take on, that men were that way, and true to the purpose of her errand, advised reprisals.

SHE SIMPLY PACKED UP.

But Mrs. Neary was no avenger. She went home to mamma without seeing her husband, leaving for him a damp note that really disturbed him, though at the same time it showed how comparatively easy was his way out of the scrape. For it was chock up with defense of himself, after some outbursts of indignation, and put all the blame on "that woman," concluding with a very illogical paragraph, the reasonable inference from which was that her greatest hurt lay in the fact that her husband should have located his other establishment "right across the hall." It all made Neary mightily ashamed of himself and he followed her up as soon as he could muster a front of contriteness. She was easy. Mamma was not, but he had bested mamma before, and he did it again. The Neary chattels were moved to an uptown quarter of the city and Neary promised faithfully to be good.

He certainly was for a while, a little while, but that bird had still to be fed, and in a month he was attending to Miss Prentisse as closely as before. His explanations of his absences from home went for about three months. Then Mrs. Neary grew uneasy. She dabbled in the discreet servant line herself, and the handmaiden she instructed to learn about her husband's doings had a very easy task, because the careless other woman hadn't thought it worth while to change her quarters. So one day's espionage had Neary dead to rights. Again the wife returned to mamma and this time she continued her inquiries, pursuing them through hired agents.

EVIDENCE WAS PLENTIFUL.

Forty-eight hours sufficed to furnish ample evidence for any legal steps she might care to take; but then, with the singular lack of logic she had displayed before, she kept her sleuths looking up the other woman's past. That was more than forty-eight-hours' stunt for any detective. Not that Miss Prentisse had covered her tracks. On the contrary, she seemed to have been quite careless in such respect, but there were so many of them and so various. To begin with, she wasn't Miss Prentisse at all, that being a name she took after being "Mrs." Sunderland, the latter most informally. Sunderland was a young fellow from the South at some period, who after making a considerable pile decided to wed. So he subsidized this other woman liberally, and she consented to drop out of his ken. From this came her later story of an uncle and an inheritance. Having ascertained that there was more of like nature in the woman's history, Mrs. Neary dismissed her detective. Then she wrote her erring husband.

She handed out to him all she knew of the woman's past, as if by so doing she could make him all the more repentant. He took the cue, and is grieving dreadfully to think he was led astray by such a woman! And he hasn't prospered particularly of late, and as her blackmail from her former lover has been about blown in her demands on his purse have been unpleasantly heavy. So through the domestic who succeeded to the former model of discretion he has imparted the news that he is getting hard up, and the prospect is that Miss Prentisse will let him go back to his wife without regret. But mamma is putting up a strenuous kick this time, and the Nearys are not yet reunited. However, she's coming 'round, he thinks, and he's urging especially that they get together and locate in some neat flat in a building where they know nobody.

A ROUNDER'S ROMANCE.

One of a frolicsome coterie of Broadway rounders is going to be married. He's one of the last men in the world of whom to expect just what he's going to do. Money sufficient, almost no business cares and hearty zest for the extremely worldly pleasures of the Broiled Lobster district, settling down doesn't seem at all in his way. For five years he has indicated this very clearly, being a provoker of the lively fun in which he and his friends almost continuously indulged. But it's truly marriage, sure enough, and his chums have learned of it through his inability, out of sheer delight in the prospect, to keep the matter under his vest. Naturally his friends are wondering that he, of all men, should get it that bad.

Aside from the feature that interests them, it is a romance to delight a schoolgirl. Five years ago this young man took typhoid in the manner so many well-to-do have it—that is, without any discoverable exposure to contamination. And he had it good and plenty. For weeks he had a night nurse and a day nurse, with calls from physicians quite as often as they possibly could be of any use. Then he reached a stage where one nurse could attend to all his needs. It was about here that he realized, though still provokingly weak and helpless that this young woman was remarkably attractive.

HIS WAYS WOULDN'T WORK.

He had come to think that he had a way with him when it came to attractive young women, and he tried it on. It was disclosed very promptly and decidedly that his way didn't go with this particular specimen, and what stirred him especially was the woman's cool and complete indifference to his attempts at such mild flirtation as might become the quarters of an invalid. With the self-composure of a society queen she ignored his leads, but only thereby stimulated his interest and really deepened it. Before he had realized that she was aware of his endeavors to interest her very especially in himself, she had informed the physician in attendance that she must seek a new assignment, giving as her reason for surrendering this job at a time when it had become easy that her patient was making love to her. The medico ascertained that she had told the truth, and replaced her with a nurse of the patient's sex. Very soon afterward he blackguarded his convalescent, whom he knew well, almost into a relapse. For the patient was enough of a gentleman to be mightily cut up when the doctor said sternly: "These young women are ladies, you should know."

ANOTHER FAILURE.

He protested, and after his full recovery renewed his approaches, though in just what manner is known only to himself and the young woman. Whatever his method, he got the chilly, and at about that time took up his somewhat pyrotechnic career about town. He hadn't failed to make plain his earnestness, however, nor had he failed altogether of an impression, though of this the young woman let him know not a thing. He was out of it with her, he believed, and in the past five years had seen her but once or twice, and then by accident, when he ran across her in Lexington avenue. It was about dusk, and she was admiring the contents of a florist's show window. Plainly she had a patient near by, for she was in her nurse's garb of blue and white striped stuff, over which she had thrown a long light coat, her get-up indicating a brief trip for fresh air after hours in the sick room.

He was very glad to see her. His eyes showed that fact to her. She wasn't so sure of her pleasure in the meeting. But he held her, even when, right in the street, he urged her to take him for her husband. Her manner indicated a certain desire to get away from him, but probably it was not very strong, for she remained until he had had time to press his suit in even a better manner than lay in the old way he once had with him.

SHE WANTED TO SAY "YES."

It would seem that five years constituted a drearier period of waiting for her than they did for him, for it was plain that she wanted to say "yes." She'd give him an answer in a few days—tomorrow. Better today, then, he argued. He had his way this time, and they two walked on in much of a mist, noisy and soiled Lexington avenue being for the time a leafy bower to them. Then, a full mile from their starting point she came to; she was "on a case," she exclaimed, and it must be time to administer certainly exactly specified drops. With the habits of care-free life on him, he urged that the deuce might take her patient, but no, she hurried back. On the following day, too, when he favored an immediate ceremony, she again interjected the duty she had toward the sick child she was attending. She hadn't let her duty to him, her patient, deter her from flying to the coop when he was ill, weak and heartsick. But it was no use, she wouldn't have that wedding inside of two months. It was just as well, for even a care-free young man running more or less loose in the tenderloin will catch up certain affairs that should have settlement prior to his wedding. Two months is ample time for that, when the principal goes in with the right spirit of determination, and has means equal to what the parties of the other part in these matters style liberality. So it should be a happy send-off, with no lingering entanglement.

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SERVICES FOR SUNDAY IN DULUTH CHURCHES

Rev. H. O. Hannum of Boston to Be Speaker at Y. M. C. A. Afternoon Meeting—Rev. W. E. Spoonts to Preach at First Presbyterian Church In Evening.

"What Is Your Ideal?" will be the subject of the address at the Y. M. C. A. at 3:30 p. m. Rev. H. O. Hannum, recently from Boston, will be the speaker and as he has not yet been heard in this city it is expected that a large audience will turn out. The popular conversational held about the lunch table at 5:15 p. m. will be led by Rev. J. W. Powell, of the Endion M. E. church.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach at the morning service on the subject "The Abiding Presence." At 8 p. m. Rev. W. E. Spoonts will preach. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—Prelude.....George Rathbone
Anthem—"Swet the Moments".....W. A. Palmer
Response—"O, Nearer Still to Thee".....Hanscom
Solo—Hosanna".....Grander
Mrs. Mark Baldwin.
Postlude.....C. B. Price

EVENING.

Organ.....
Anthem.....
Response.....
Offertory.....
Solo.....
Paul Gilbert.

Three choir consists of: Soprano, Mrs. Marik Baldwin; alto, Miss Ethel Cannon; tenor, Paul Gilbert; bass, Philip G. Brown. Organist and choir director, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning o nthe subject, "Religion and Civilization," and in the evening on the subject, "The World Pure to the Pure Heart."

At the First Methodist church Dr. S. P. Long, the pastor, will preach at 10:30 and at 7:30 o'clock. His evening sermon will be on "The General Conference." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league devotional service at 6:45 p. m. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Voluntary—"Adagio" (fifth sonata).....
Solo—"O, Jesus, Thou Art Standing".....Gullmant
Emily Ellis Woodward.
Offertory.....Cutter
Solo.....Pattison
Miss Bradshaw.
Postlude—"Scherzo" (fifth sonata).....Gullmant

EVENING.

Voluntary—"Andante".....Smart
Chorus—"Praise Ye the Father".....Gouned
Offertory—"Contemplation".....Thayer
Duet—"Lead Kindly Light".....Biedermann
Mrs. Woodward and Miss Bradshaw.
Chorus—"The Radiant Morn".....Woodward
Postlude—"Second Concerto".....Handel

Miss Wingate is the organist and the chorus is under the direction of Emily Ellis Woodward.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, Rev. S. C. Davis, pastor, services will be held at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. The musical service will be led by the chorus choir, while the anthem, "Cast Thy Bread on The Waters" at the morning services, and the offertory hymn, "There Is a Green Hill Far Away," at the evening service. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock m. and Young People's at 6:45 o'clock in the evening. Sunday school teachers' meeting will be held at 6:30 p. m. on Thursday evening, and prayer meeting at 7:45 the same evening.

* * *

Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach at the Endion Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. on "The Glory of the Cross," and at 7:30 p. m. on "Judgment." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock, and Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. H. White, the minister, will conduct morning service at 11, and Sunday school and adult study class at 12 m. Mr. White will preach on "The Vices of the Virtuous."

* * *

Services will be conducted at the First Christian church, corner of Fourth street and Seventh avenue west, by the pastor, Rev. C. R. Sine. At 10:30 a. m. the topic will be, "Satisfying the Hunger of the Multitude." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m. At the evening service at 7:30 o'clock, the topic will be, "Honoring Our Profession."

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, 922 East Superior street, regular services will be held at 10:45 a. m. the subject being "Mortals and Immortals After Death." The regular Wednesday evening testimonial meeting will be held at 8 o'clock.

* * *

At Trinity Mission, there will be holy communion at 8 a. m. and evening prayer and sermon by Bishop Morrison at 4:15 p. m. Mrs. O. G. Hunt will sing.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church, Lake avenue north and Third street, there will be services Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., conducted by Rev. D. W. Michael.

* * *

The services at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, will be as follows: Morning, "Christ a Praise of a Man;" evening, "The Shepherd's Dream."

* * *

At Grace Methodist Episcopal church, corner Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, Rev. J. W. Robinson, pastor, will conduct services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "The Voice of God;" evening, "A Talk on India." Sunday school 12:15 a. m. Epworth League day school 12:15 a. m. Epworth League 6:30 p. m. Subject, "The Transforming Power of Christ," led by R. R. Forward. Special music at both services.

* * *

At the Star of Hope mission, there will be a meeting every evening during the week at 8 o'clock. Sunday at 3 o'clock consecration meeting will be held and at 7:30 the Star of Hope praying band will meet for half an hour of prayer. At 8 o'clock there will be song and prayer service, and at 8:30 a sermon. There will be special music for the evening service.

* * *

Services at the Lakeside Presbyterian church will be conducted by the pastor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The subject for the morning sermon will be "The All Things of the Christian." Sunday school will meet at 12 m., and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

* * *

At St. Luke's Episcopal church, corner of Nineteenth avenue west and First street, morning service will be held at 10:30 a. m. and Sunday school will meet at noon. The subject of the sermon will be "Making One's Life Count." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the pastor.

* * *

At Holy Apostles Episcopal church, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, there will be Sunday school at 10:00 a. m. and evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m. The subject of the sermon will be "One Person's Power." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

* * *

Services will be held at the Second Baptist church, Twentieth avenue west and First street, at 10:45 and 7:30. The pastor Rev. J. W. Loughbridge will preach at both services. In the morning the quartet will sing "I Will Extol Thee" by Stafford, and "Rock of Ages" by Nelby Stafford, and "Rock of Ages" by Nelby Asaford. In the evening the chorus will sing "Blessed Be the Name of the Lord," by Adam. Sunday school will meet at noon and Young People's society at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

Services will be held at the Second Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., by Rev. L. L. Gorby, pastor. Sunday school will be held at 12 noon and young people's meeting at 6:45. There will be Sunday school at Bethany chapel at 2 p. m. Sunday school at Hazelwood at 2 p. m., and preaching at Hazelwood at 3 p. m.

* * *

At Oneota Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, Rev. E. K. Copper, the pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. The theme of the morning sermon will be "Blessings Changed to Curses," and the evening topic, "The Evolution of a Sinner." The Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. and the Epworth league at 7 o'clock.

* * *

At the Asbury M. E. church Rev. J. C. Hartley, the pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "The Vine and Its Branches." Sunday school will meet at 11:45 a. m. and Junior League at 3 p. m. At 6:45 p. m. the Epworth League will meet with Miss Loretta Smith as leader. At 7:30 p. m. Miss Annie E. Robbins, a national lecturer and organizer of the W. C. T. U., will speak.

* * *

At the Proctor M. E. church Mrs. La Tourney and Mrs. Gilbert will represent the work of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society. Mrs. Gilbert will sing. Service will begin at 11 o'clock. Epworth League service will be held at 7 p. m. Evening service at 8 o'clock will be followed by communion service.

* * *

Rev. A. A. Hammar will preach tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. in the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue West and First street. Sunday school will meet at 10 o'clock in the morning, with bible class for adults led by Rev. A. A. Hammar. The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society have their monthly meeting at 4 o'clock p. m., and the Young People's society will meet at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Sixth avenue East and Fifth street, Rev. O. M. O. Wee, the pastor, will conduct Norwegian Sunday school at 9 a. m., regular service at 10:30 a. m., English Sunday school at 12, and evening service at 7:45 p. m.

* * *

At the Norwegian-Danish M. E. church the pastor, Rev. H. S. Madsen, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on the subject, "A Great Question," and at 7:45 p. m. on the subject, "A Great Sinner Saved." Sunday school will meet at 12 and Epworth League at 7 p. m.

* * *

Sunday services will be held at Hope church of the Evangelical association, Fifth street and Sixth avenue East, at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m. The morning subject will be, "Kept Promises." Sunday school will be held at 10 a. m. and young people's meeting at 7:15 p. m.

* * *

Services will be held in the Norwegian Lutheran Trinity church, corner of Fifth street and Fourth avenue East, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock. Prayer meeting is held in the church every Thursday evening.

* * *

Services will be held in the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue West and Grenald street, Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, by Rev. Adolph Salveson, the pastor.

SERMONS BOILED DOWN.

Chicago Tribune: Regret cannot uproot wrong.

Labor is the salt of our lives.

Doubts make a poor refuge from duty.

It takes more than a fence to make a garden.

A shallow man usually has his soul in his skin.

Present character is a prophecy of future condition.

Man's noblest right is that of giving up his rights.

Rest is religion's opportunity for reinvigoration.

There is no clear thinking apart from clean living.

Responsibility may be quite different from righteousness.

He who loses no love for others loses all life for himself.

Nothing blinds the soul quicker than winking at sin.

Platitudes against sin are as harmful as applause for sin.

In the divine scales a dime often weighs more than a dollar.

The worst blasphemy is that of profession without practice.

God cannot blot out our past, but he can prevent its blight on the future.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Baltimore American: A minister in New York opposed to the remarriage of divorced persons, has changed his list of questions to parties applying to be married, so that now a woman cannot evade the main point by saying her husband is dead, with the mental reservation that he is dead to her. This minister will insist on dead husbands being decently buried before the widows seek for a mate, and will allow prospective brides with former spouses only an underground route to happiness.

Philadelphia Press: An Easter offering of $5,000, the amount collected at Grace Protestant Episcopal church, in Brooklyn, does not look much like hard times. The rector had asked for $3,000 to apply on the endowment fund of the church, and he was delighted to receive $30,000 more than he expected. This church is located in a part of Brooklyn where rents and incomes are giving place to business houses, and the plan is to raise a sufficient endowment to keep the church going when the rich members have removed to some other part of the city. As $25,000 has already been raised the plan will evidently succeed.

Chicago Chronicle: At Jersey City a young man recently committed suicide because a Protestant minister refused to perform the marriage ceremony which would have united him with a divorced woman. The alternative was civil marriage, to which the young man would not consent. He was a devout Christian, who regarded marriage as a sacred institution, a spiritual union which could not be undertaken upon a civil contract. The attitude of his church not only forbade him from entering upon the married state with the woman he loved, but the refusal of the minister to perform the rites carried with it an implied rebuke which his highly sensitive nature could not withstand, and he found escape from an intolerable position by taking his own life. This, it may be repeated, was an extreme case, but it serves as well as an ordinary instance to illustrate the influence of the church upon the divorce evil, which, unfortunately, is not always exerted. It is a common charge from infidels and scoffers that the power of the church is waning. If there is an apparent lack of ecclesiastical power, especially in relation to moral rather than religious questions, is it not possible that the impression is due to a failure on the part of the church to exercise its powers in this respect?

Dolightful Relief from Catarrh.—Here is one of a thousand such testimonies. The Rev. A. D. Buckley, of Buffalo, says: "I wish all to know what a blessing Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is in a case of catarrh. I was troubled with this disease for years, but the first time I used this remedy it gave most delightful relief. I now regard myself entirely cured after using it for two months."—24.

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TWO SINGING CLUBS TO COMPETE

SVEA GLEE CLUB.

NORMANNA SINGING CLUB.

C. W. Weeks and Franz Schultz, of Duluth, and G. B. Bergen, a professor in the Superior normal school, will act as a board of judges at the singing contest between the Svea Glee club and Normanna Singing society, which is to be held at the Lyceum Opera house Sunday afternoon. The two first were appointed by Mayor Cullum, at the request of the societies interested, and they, in turn, selected Mr. Bergen as a third member of the board, as is provided for in the rules governing the contest.

Each club will sing two songs in tomorrow's contest, and the best club will win on its merits alone. These four songs will be sung in the Scandinavian tongue, but they will not by any means comprise the entire program. There will be several vocal solos and a number of choruses, besides instrumental selections. After the trial for the cup the two musical organizations will combine in a grand chorus of forty voices. Flaaten's full orchestra will be in attendance. Mr. Flaaten is director in the Normanna society and director general of the National Scandinavian Singing association.

The contest will be the first of a series for a silver cup, valued at $100, donated by the firm of Carlson Bros. The conditions of the contest provide that the societies must appear in public concert in the trial for the cup and compete for it under a set of rules which have been drawn up. Before the cup can become the property of either society it must be won three times or it. One contest will be held each year.

Both of the singing societies have been in existence in Duluth for about ten years. Each has about twenty members. All are not shown in the accompanying photographs, for some of the members were not present when the pictures weer taken. N. L. Bendz, of Superior, is president of the Svea club, and A. Angvik is president of the other.

The advance sale of seats has been gratifyingly large, and it is expected that the house will be taxed to its full capacity, for the greatest of interest has been manifested in the affair. Among those who will be in attendance from out of town will be Judge J. K. Hassel, of Grand Forks, N. D., president of the Scandinavian Singing association.

OUT OF THE WIND

By Isabel Bowman Tuiley.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Peter's brows were drawn in a heavy frown and even through his tan the red of anger showed.

"There is not one of you," he was saying, with suppressed vehemence, "who really appreciates a deep, honest, enduring love if it isn't always frothing over with compliments. Words have more weight with a woman than fatefulness. A fellow who fools, but flatters her, will be able to win with her, when a poor dog of a fellow who only knows how to love her will be turned down with the cold comfort of tolerant friendship."

He was glowering across the ice cold spring, bubbling up from the mossy forefoot of the mountain, at a girl who was idly swinging a tin cup by its handle encircling her forefinger. She was dressed all in white and her blond hair curled out from under her white hat in provocative little rings, whilst her soft, appealing blue eyes were gazing at Peter with exasperating innocence and mock admiration.

"How wise you are, Peter!" she said in her fresh, sweet voice. "You really have brought the study of woman to a fine point! Your knowledge of us is profound."

The red deepened on Peter's face. "It should be profound," he growled, "from the amount of time I have wasted in studying you—"

"No time—don't the copybooks tell us? —is wasted that is well employed, and I am all sweetness and light."

"That's the trouble—you are sweet, diabolically, irresistibly sweet"—Kitty's lashes drooped to hide the smile in her eyes—"but you haven't an atom of heart—"

"But"—guilelessly—"if I had been endowed with a heart would it have been preordained to beat for you, Peter?"

Peter muttered something between his teeth. "Of course, I make no such absurd claim! But if you had a shred of feeling you would not play with a man's heart as though it was a rubber ball, for the sake of seeing how high you can knock it and how often it will rebound."

A shade of guilty expression swept over Kitty's face, but she hastened to protest. But Peter raised a silencing hand.

"I know my own experience. I have proposed to you four times"—"three" was the humble correction across the spring—"But this has been final; I shall accept Dr. Brown's offer to go abroad with him next week to study tuberculosis, and if I am not man enough to cast you out of my heart ought to be shot as a weakling" and he strode down to the lake where a yawl was drawn half up on the shore.

They had rowed across the lake from the opposite shore, where the cottage was her parents had rented for the summer, and had landed to refresh themselves at the spring. And here Peter had again laid his heart and promising future as a physician at her disposal. Heretofore he had accepted refusal with a manly dignity that had kept his pain well hidden and only left visible his dogged determination to succeed. So quiet had he been that Kitty had no realization of his wound and had half doubted its existence, and so today, instead of her usual gentle and half alluring refusal, she had pricked him on to his entire loss of self-command and an unwonted declaration of finality. Like most persons who play with fire as an amusement she had let it get beyond her control. As she gazed after him as he went to the boat she saw by the set of his shoulders that his words had not been filled with air. And then, to her amused dismay, she also saw that he was so absorbed in his own thoughts that he had pushed the yawl into the lake and was getting in himself without realizing that he was leaving her behind.

She went halfway down the path and called to him. "Peter!" she said, plaintively, "remember it is five miles walk around the lake and I don't think I am quite equal to it today."

Peter awoke with mortified consternation at his unintentional rudeness. "I beg your pardon," he stammered. "I—I wasn't thinking what I was doing."

He held the bow while she stepped in but he did not raise his hand to help her, but when she was safely settled among the cushions in the stern he got in and took up the oars without any further words. He pulled out into the lake, his white duck hat pushed down over his brows, his lips set in a straight line that betokened unalterable resolution, his eyes gazing over her head at the shore they were leaving behind; neither was there any further loitering or dallying with the oars, they were plied with a steady monotony that meant a straight and swift home getting.

Kitty, too, was silent, but her brain was not idle; she was revolving some means by which he would be compelled to be like unto his former self once more. Once broken, Kitty hoped that her power might be regained. Yet she knew Peter's resolutions were concrete—lasting—and she wondered what life would be like without Peter.

She was aroused from her meditative contemplation of the water by a quick, nervous jerk of the boat and, looking up, found that Peter was putting greater power into his stroke.

"There is a cloud coming up behind," he explained briefly. "but I think we can get across before it amounts to anything."

She glanced back over her shoulder. A black and sinister cloud, with a purplish gray edge of hail, was looming above the mountain. It had been noted by the other pleasure-seekers on the lake and boats were scurrying to shore as fast as oar or sail could take them. Half of the lake and the farther shore lay brilliant with sunshine, while the nearer shore was black with shadow. Peter gave full play to his muscle.

As they touched the edge of the sunshine it was blotted out and the wind swept down upon them with a roar of triumph. Hissing, the water rose into a white-capped sea. Up went the stern and then down into a sickening hollow, to be tossed up again in a swirl of foam.

"Get down on the floor!" Peter shouted to make himself heard.

Kitty obeyed, her face white, but her eyes unflinching. The spray cut into their faces, and with every wave swamping seemed inevitable. The cushions were caught and hurled upon the wind like brilliant flowers sporting with the gale. The muscles on Peter's temple and arms stood out like steel lines, his teeth were clenched. He had the girl to save. The thought added suppleness to his wrist, alertness to his eye. He was fighting a duel with an adversary so powerful that wariness and skill could only prevail.

Suddenly, for scarce a second, the waves dropped "to heel" and the wind lulled. The next instant both had increased with greater volume and a great billow writhed up and hung cresting, like a huge destroying hand, over the yawl's stern. The girl caught her breath and, turning, hid her face against Peter's knees. Peter knew the final test had come. They were nearing the home shore and he saw that if they could escape destruction the same foce might hurl them out of danger. To choose the right moment steeled his nerves, his oarsman's skill ready to avert catastrophe. The wave crashed down, but at the crucial moment the yawl leaped forward, only the froth and swirl boiling over the stern, crushing the seat and half filling the boat, but the tremendous rush hurled them forward onto the shore. In a flash Peter was holding out the anchor rope and bracing himself against the receding rush of water.

"Jump!" he shouted to Kitty.

She sprang out, the water up to her knees. Peter dropped the anchor behind a rock and caught her hand. "We must run for it," he said, "here comes the hail."

They rushed breathlessly up the steep incline to the cottage, but the hail caught and beat mercilessly down upon them. Panting, they dashed open the front door and with difficulty slammed it to behind them.

"Thank God!" gasped Peter, still holding her hand, "you are safe."

"Yes, thank God," she panted, "and you, Peter!"

As they stood catching their breath they dripped small lakes of water on the polished floor of the square hall.

"Get off your wet things, right away," Peter commanded, the physician asserting himself.

"All right," she answered, still speaking with difficulty, "and you go to Dan's room and get a change—he is over at the Rogers', so you will have to help yourself."

Half an hour later, Peter, dry and well groomed, in Dan's clothes, which fitted him well, stood in the hall, gazing at the cheerful fire blazing on the hearth. The ironic effect of the storm on his spirits was fast evaporating and the depression of vanished hope taking firm grip. Anger no longer strengthened his pride, although his resolution was unwavering. Ambition would take the place of love in his life, there would be no more division. He had played the foolish role of unswerving constancy, he would now be altogether a man done with play time; there was no such invigorating tonic for sentiment as hard, hard work.

With a suppressed sigh he roused himself as he heard a step on the stair. The wind and hail had not yet subsided themselves, and beat against the front door. He must perforce face Kitty as the elements cut off all escape.

And he did face Kitty. She was coming down the stairs in another white dress, soft, with lace about the neck and falling in long ruffles from the elbow sleeves. Her hair shone in fresh crinkles from its wetting, a brilliant color stained her cheeks, and her eyes —what had happed to her eyes? Peter caught his breath, puzzled, thrilled. She was not coming with her usual alertness, but slowly, pausing at each step, looking down at him half eagerly, half shyly. And when had he ever seen Kitty shy before?

He turned his gaze back to the fire, his mouth set in pain, overwhelmed with depression.

The steps stopped. "Peter," she said softly.

Peter turned. She was resting agaist the railing, a little smile touching the corners of her mouth, yet something that was not a smile in her eyes. "Peter," she repeated even more softly, leaning forward and looking directly down into his eyes, "Peter, won't you ask me again?"

And Peter asked her.

A COW AND CALF STORY.

While waiting for a train at a little station down in the country the other day, says the Chicago Record-Herald, a Chicago man overheard two farmers talking as follows: "Say, Bill, did you hear how old Hanks come it over Pete Harvey last week?" "Naw." "Pete he druv up to Bill's place, and Bill says to him: 'Come back in the barn, I want to show you a cow 'nd calf I've got fer sale.' The cow was a fine lookin' critter, and Pete bought them and started home. Next day he came and stood unally beside the big rock at the river's brink.

"He could not have told what brought him there. Yet it was the old-time associations for which his heart still yearned —thoughts of her which had remained with him through all the weary years of his imprisonment.

And finally he heard some one coming down the path to the big rock. It was Cassie. It was Cassie. He was not surprised. It seemed so natural that she should come to their old trysting place.

She knew he was there, yet she did not glance at him, but walked with her head slightly bowed, gazing at the ground.

While yet some little distance away she paused, and he saw the color come and go in her face.

"Brother Lloyd is at rome," she said, sadly. "He is very sick, and—wishes to see you."

Then she was gone.

Manning stood for many moments silently gazing up the path whence she had disappeared. Then he followed.

When he stopped upon the veranda at her home, a door was opened silently, and he entered. A servant lead him up the stairs, and he was ushered into a room where the sick man lay upon a bed. Then the door was closed behind him, and he and Lloyd Brewster were alone.

"Old man," said Brewster holding out a wasted hand, "I'm about all in, but before I am called upon to pass my credentials over to St. Peter, I want to tell you that I have been a coward too long. For four years I have walked tae streets a free man, and let you suffer for my sins. Had I any honor or manhood, I—"

"Stop!" cried Manning. "They will hear you."

"I want them to hear me," Brewster declared. "That's why I sent for you. Say Manning, old boy, what did you do it for? Why did you confess to a crime you never committed?"

Manning seated himself upon the edge of the bed and took the other's hand.

"Dear old boy," he said, "you are to be quiet now, and listen to me. You have a sister, Lloyd, whose heart would have been broken, and you have a father whose declining years would have been filled with agony and humilation which, because of his Scotch training, would have been as iron in his soul. It was because I, who had none to thus disgrace, loved that sister and respected the gray hairs of that father. For their sakes I have done what I did."

A groan escaped the sick man, and he sank upon his bed and reacaed a hand under his pillow.

"But you shall suffer this disgrace no longer, Manning," he cried, pulling a paper from its hiding place and thrusting it into the other's hand. "You are to give that to Cassie—after I am gone. She loves you, old man—and I have—written it all—all."

Exhausted, the sick man, who, in his excitement, had raisead himself upon one elbow, fell back upon his pillow, and Manning saw the death pallor spread over his face. So he hastened to summon a servant and send for Lloyd's father and Cassie.

As father and daughter entered the room and knelt by the bed, Manning stood watching them in pity, his back to a grate in which a small wood fire was burning.

"He is dead,' said the minister, finally, rising from his bended knees; he is dead, but it is well with his soul, for there is a smile upon his face."

Cassie raised her head and for an instant glanced at Manning. In her eyes was the gleam of love that pleaded to be comforted. Then she bowed her head and wept.

For many moments Manning battled with his great love for her, but the sorrow of the father, mourning one he believed to be an honest and dutiful son, and the love and respect of her brother which echoed in the woman's sobs, triumphed and Manning thrust something behind him and dropped it upon the glowing embers.

It was a paper, and as it blazed and curled in the fire, it drove the twilight from the room and seemed to rest a halo upon the marble brow of the dead.

Then the darkness, like an impenetrable barrier, settled between Manning and the woman he loved, and he stole silently from the room.

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Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask W. C. Brown.

GREATER PITY HATH NO MAN

By Edgar Welton Cooley.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daivy Story Pub. Co.)

Cassie Brewster leaned forward and plucked a violet from the grass. She gazed at it a moment, twirling the slender stem between her thumb and finger. Suddenly she turned smiling eyes to those of the man beside her.

"It seems like I have always loved you, Phil," she said.

Her eyes dropped again to the violet, which was trembling in her fingers, and she pulled the sunbonnet down over her face to hide her blushes.

They were at the big rock at the river's brink. The sunlight was falling to sleep on the quiet water.

Manning took a plain, gold ring from his pocket.

"And you will—" he began.

She held out her hand, and he placed the ring upon her finger.

"Look, Phil," the woman said, happily, "see the diamonds in the ripples out there on the rocks."

The morning papers were full of it. Lloyd Brewster, cashier of the Citizens' bank, had disappeared. His accounts showed a shortage of $10,000.

In the privacy of her chamber, Cassie Lloyd Brewster lay on a couch, dry-eyed with horror. In a room downstairs her father, Rev. Dr. Brewster, strict, stern Scotch Presbyterian that he was, walked the floor, his hands clasped behind his back, his gray locks trembling with his agitation, his lips close pressed, and a strange glimmer in his eyes.

"Not my son," he kept repeating. "No longer a son of mine."

A knock sounded suddenly. For a moment the man of God hesitated; then he threw open the door.

Philip Manning stood upon the threshold. His face was as pale as the dead's. The minister's face softened a trifle, and he held out his hand.

Ignoring the other's proffered hand, and not waiting for an invitation, Manning entered the room and glanced quickly around the apartments.

"I must see Miss Cassie at once," he said hoarsely; "I would see her in your presence."

The minister bowed, and with slow and weary steps walked to the foot of the stairs. Manning, as one in a dream, awaited her coming.

When she entered the room, he saw the deep sadness in her eyes, and a great pity illuminated his face. His heart cried out to take her in his arms, but his great love for her conquered, and he bowed his head.

"I have come," he said, presently, "to say I relinquish you from the promise to become my wife."

Her eyes dropped and her face flushed crimson.

"Do you mean, sir," her father sternly demanded, "do you mean you consider her unworthy of you because of my son —her brother's sin?

"I mean," Manning replied, calmly, "that it is I who am unworthy of her love. It is I who have sinned. Lloyd is innocent of any crime. It is I who am guilty."

"You?" Father and daughter spoke as one.

"It is I who used the money," Manning replied. "Lloyd found it out when the bank examiner came. He was responsible by reason of being cashier; but I, as his assistant, had access to the funds. The fearful thought of disgrace must have impelled him to run away. Had he remained he could easily have established his absolute innocence. So I came here to tell you. I am not willing an innocent man shall suffer for my crime, but I desired that you hear the truth from my own lips." He spoke rapidly. The perspiration stood in drops upon his forehead.

The minister recoiled from him, but the girl's eyes sought his pleadingly. In their depths he read a question, and he answered it.

"It is the truth I have spoken," he said. "From here I shall go to police headquarters and make a public statement which will clear the good name of Brewster."

"Sir," said the minister, "when you entered here you exhibited commendable courtesy. You refused to allow me to shake the hand of a common thief. For that I thank you. My daughter, you will return Mr. Manning's ring, and allow him to depart."

It was the command of a father who had always been obeyed. The simple gold ring was tremblingly slipped off a slender finger and extended toward Manning by a girl who stood with bowed head. He took it, and she ran from the room and hid herself in her chamber.

There, kneeling by the bed, her head buried on her arms, her father found her an hour later. He rested his hand softly upon her hair.

"Daughter," he said, "give thanks that your borther is no thief."

Then he went his way, and the room grew still, save for the sound of a woman sobbing.

When the judge said: "Four years at hard labor," Manning only smiled. The press called him calloused; the public held him a conscienceless scoundrel; Cassie put him out of her life.

At the close of his term, Manning returned. There was none at the station to extend him a welcome home; there were few who exchanged greetings as he walked up the street.

He did not want to pass her home, so he took a circuitous route, and stood finally beside the big rock at the river's brink.

He could not have told what brought him there. Yet it was the old-time associations for which his heart still yearned —thoughts of her which had remained with him through all the weary years of his imprisonment.

And finally he heard some one coming down the path to the big rock. It was Cassie. It was Cassie. He was not surprised. It seemed so natural that she should come to their old trysting place.

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DEAFNESS CURED.

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The True Story of the Invention of Wilson's Common Sense Ear Drums Told by Geo. H. Wilson, the Inventor.

I was deaf from infancy. Eminent doctors, surgeons and ear specialists treated me at great expense and yet did me no good. I tried all the artificial appliances that claimed to restore hearing, but they failed to benefit me in the least. I even went to the best specialists in the world, but their efforts were unavailing.

My case was pronounced incurable!

I grew desperate; my deafness tormented me. Daily I was becoming more of a recluse, avoiding the companionship of people because of the annoyance my deafness and sensitiveness caused me. Finally I began to experiment on myself, and after patient years of study, labor, and personal expense, I perfected something that I found took the place of the natural ear drums, and I called it Wilson's Common Sense Ear Drum, which I now wear day and night with perfect comfort, and do not even have to remove them when washing. No one can tell I am wearing them, as they do not show, and as they give no discomfort whatever, I scarcely know it myself.

With these drums I can now hear a whisper. I join in the general conversation and hear everything going on around me. I can hear a sermon or lecture from any part of a large church or hall. My general health is improved because of the great change my Ear Drums have made in my life. My spirits are bright and cheerful. I am a cured, changed man.

Since my fortunate discovery it is no longer necessary for any deaf person to carry a trumpet, a tube, or any other such old-fashioned makeshift. My Common Sense Ear Drum is built on the strictest scientific principles, contains no metal, wires, or strings of any kind, and is entirely new and up to date in all respects. It is so small that no one can see it when in position, yet it collects all the sound waves and focuses them against the drum head, causing you to hear naturally and perfectly. It will do this even when the natural ear drums are partially or entirely destroyed, perforated, scarred, relaxed, or thickened. It fits any ear from childhood to old age, male or female, and aside from the fact that it does not show, it never causes the least irritation, and can be used with comfort day and night without removal for any cause.

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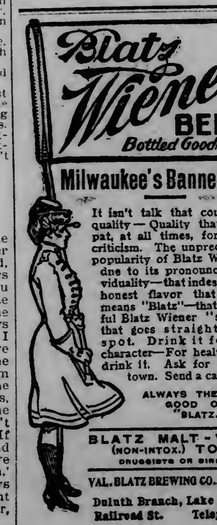
I want to place my 190-page book on deafness in the hands of every deaf person in the world. I will gladly send it free to anyone whose name and address I can get. It describes and illustrates Wilson's Common Sense Ear Drums and contains bona fide letters from numerous users in the United States, Canada, Mexico, England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, India, and the remotest islands. I have letters from people in every station of life—ministers, physicians, lawyers, merchants, society ladies, etc.—and tell the truth about the benefits to be derived from my wonderful little device. You can find the names of people in your own town and state, many whose names you know, and I am sure that all this will convince you that the cure of deafness has at last been solved by my invention.

Don't delay; write for the free book today and address my firm—The Wilson Ear Drum Co., 1850 Todd Building, Louisville, Ky., U. S. A.



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THE LATEST HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

AMATEURS TO PLAY

Great Enthusiasm Among the Non-Professional Ball Players.

Number of Possible Applicants For City League Places.

Amateur baseball is going to boom in Duluth this summer. Almost every corner lot has its team, and there are prospects of two city leagues which will play regular games two or three times a week.

A good professional team always brings out the amateurs, and Manager Van Praagh's Northern league bunch looks like a winner. The result will be a revival of interest in the game throughout the city.

The latest team to organize is composed of Lakeside players. At a meeting held during the early part of the week the club was organized under the name of the "Shamrocks." The line-up will be as follows: Manager and catcher, Walter Harris; captain and pitcher, Walter Bonham; first base, Leonard Coleman; second base, Herbert McDowell; short stop, Edward Pepper; third base, Oscar Olson; outfielders, E. Greenfield, Percy Patterson and eGorge Doell.

The Shamrocks announce that they are open for games with any amateur team at the head of the lakes. They will apply for admission to one of the leagues under consideration.

• • •

The unfavorable weather conditions have delayed any further developments in the formation of the leagues. There are at present five teams in the commercial league, as follows: Marshall-Wells, F. A. Patrick & Co., Kelly-Hewitt-Thomson, Northern Pacific and First National bank. Another meeting will be held early next week, and a sixth team may be admitted at that time.

• • •

There are any number of possible applicants for admission to the league which will be formed from the teams composing the indoor baseball league. West Duluth, Company A, The Big Duluths, Universal Millers, Great Easterns, Duluth Fashions, Eagles, Freiemuths, Duluth Heights and the Marshall-Wells independent teams will all be in the field again this year, and a league of six or eight first-class clubs can easily be formed. The plans for the league have been dormant during the week, but as son as the weather moderates they will again be taken up and the league organized. The teams will play Sunday baseball, and there will also be one or two games played each week during the season.

• • •

A team has been organized by Charles Mork, the West End merchant. The players will be picked from last year's Black Diamond team, together with some new men. The line-up will be as follows: T. Behrens, catcher; V. Fraser, first base; G. Eaton, second base; C. Nelson, short stop; C. Dennis, third base; E. Eddinger, left field; A. Cox, center field; J. Wiseman, right field; C. Clausen, pitcher. John Gram will act as manager and announces that he is open for challenges from any team in the city.

SEASON IS ENDED

Indoor Baseball League Disbands With Schedule Unfinished.

Big Duluths Head the List With Millers Second.

The Interstate Indoor Baseball league has disbanded for the season, although there remained yet three games to be played. According to the schedule arranged at the beginning of the season, the champion Big Duluth were to meet Company A at the Armory last night. The former team clearly holds title to the championship banner, however, and as interest in the indoor games, both on the part of the players and local baseball enthusiasts, has waned, it was mutually agreed that no more contests should be pulled off on the indoor diamond this season. The interest of the players is now turned towards outdoor baseball, for the opening of the outdoor season is very near.

Altogether the indoor season has been a uniformly successful one. A number of good games have been played and the attendance has been satisfactory and the receipts likewise. The best games were the three played with the Spalding official league team of Chicago, in which the locals were twice defeated.

The standing of the teams for the season puts the Big Duluths at the head and Company I of Superior at the foot. It is as follows:

	P	W	L	Pct.
Big Duluths	9	8	1	.888
Millers	10	6	4	.600
Freimuths	9	5	4	.555
Co. A	9	5	4	.445
Co. I	9	1	8	.112

A spring tonic for the children. Give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. See them thrive, grow, eat and sleep. The children's doctor. 35 cents, tea or tablet form.

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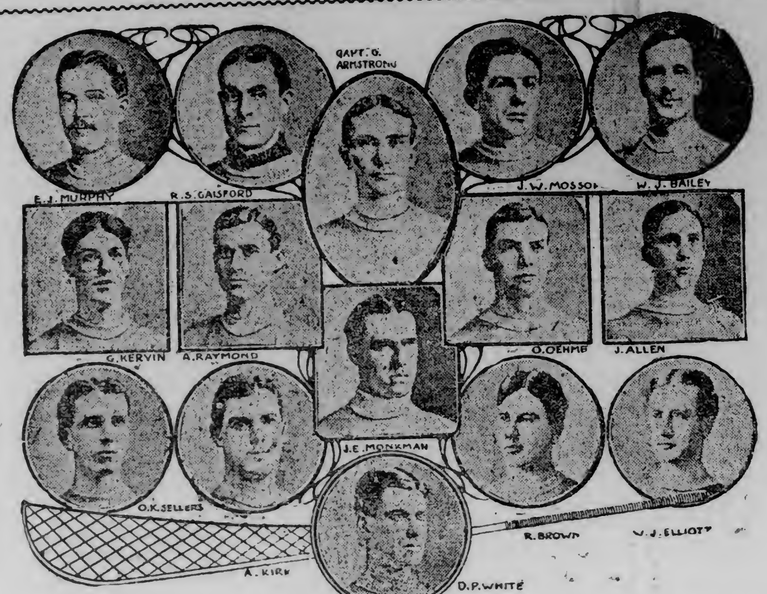
ST. PAUL LACROSSE TEAM TO MEET CANADIANS AT THE WORLD'S FAIR



The St. Paul Lacrosse club is the strongest lacrosse organization in the United States. Last year it won the championship of the western states, defeating the Chicago Lacrosse club two out of three games.

In the two games played with the Winnipeg club of Manitoba it split even, losing the first, but winning the second.

The best game the St. Paul team has ever played was against the world's champion Shamrocks of Montreal, Canada. TheCanadians beat them but only after one of the hardest battles they have ever had. The final score was 8 to 6.

The St. Paul team will represent the United States against the Canadian teams at the World's Fair at St. Louis.

ATHLETIC PARK

Amateur Athletes Think Park Board Should Provide One.

No Place Where Baseball or Other Sports Can Be Played.

Some local amateur athletes are considering the advisability of asking the board of park commissioners or the common council to establish some kind of an athletic park where summer sports could be indulged in.

At present there is not an available plot of ground in the East End or the central part of the city where any description of outdoor sport can be played. The nearest park available is the driving park or the ball grounds at Thirty-second avenue West.

One ardent athlete advocated the turning of Portland square at Tenth avenue and Fourth street into a ball park, but there would doubtless be a howl from the property owners in the vicinity, and the park board would think several times before tearing up all the improvements that have been made on this property.

Portland square is the only available piece of land owned by the park board that is conveniently located. The land that was used for the free skating rink, however, could be leased from the railroad at a very small expense, and a small outlay would level the grounds and put them in shape for any kind of outdoor sport.

"We haven't even got a corner lot where we can get up a game of 'scrub,'" said a baseball enthusiast, who works in an office all day and likes a game of baseball in the evening. "The baseball season is just commencing and lacrosse promises to become popular this year if it is given a chance. But there is no place for us to pratice. If we try to go out to the driving park it is dark before we get there.

"Duluth is one of the deadest cities for amateur sport there is in the country, and it is just because there are no grounds to practice on. Some of the boys worked like slaves to get together a good football team last fall, but they had to practice on an ash-pile, while the lacrosse team used back yards and the road. It was the same way in hockey. The boys had to play on the bay and frozen ponds or outdoor rinks. The result is that any little jerkwater town can get up teams that will beat Duluth at almost any game except baseball. There's nothing advertises a city like some good lively athletic teams, and if some public spirited citizen wants to make a good fellow of himself let him donate a good athletic field to the city."

BIG PURSES FOR JUMPERS.

Nearly $80,000 to Steeple Chasers In East.

Washington, April 16.—Nearly $80,000 in money will be distributed in stakes alone among owners of steeplechasers during the spring season and summer meetings of the present season, under the auspices of the jockey club. This amount does not indicate purses that will be hung up for overnight events in which timber toppers will start.

All of the big racing associations have provided most liberally in a financial way in the matter of stakes for the jumpers. At Morris park the estimated value of the five big fixed jumping events, together with the dates of running, are: May 5, Meadowbrook Hunters' Trial steeplechase, $1500; May 7, New York steeplechase, $2000; May 14, International steeplechase, $2500; May 21, Grand International steeplechase, $7500; and May 2, Meadowbrook Hunters' steeplechase, $1500; a total of $15,000.

The Coney Island jockey club's four jumping events to be run at the spring meeting are worth $14,500, as follows: June 2, the Inaugural, $3000; June 23, the Rockaway cup, $2500; June 25, the Beacon steeplechase, $5000; and July 4, the Independence steeplechase, $5000.

At Saratoga, the four big steeplecases will be worth $14,000. The Ballston cup, to be run on August 1, is worth $2000; the Beverwyck, to be run on August 6, $2500; the Shillelah, to be run August 13, $4500; and the North American steeplechase, August 20, $5000.

At Brighton there are four fixed events, including the Punchestown, to be run July 9, worth about $2700; the Carragh, July 16, worth $2600; the Brighton steeplechase, July 22, worth $5000, and the Aintrea steeplechase, fixed for July 30, worth $2800.

Gravesend has but three big jumping events scheduled, but they aggregate $10,500 in added money, as follows: May 30, the Empire state steeplechase, $5000; June 4, Greater New York steeplechase, $3000; and June 11, the Kensington, worth $2500.

At the five big events to be run off by the Country club at its summer meeting there is $11,000 in added money All told it will be a decidely busy summer for owners of timber toppers. Steeplechasing is becoming more and more popular with the public not from a betting standpoint but from the spectacular. Jumping races to the "once-in-a-while" race track patron are decidely more thrilling than races on the flat. As betting propositions, however, they are not popular.

MITCHELL AND JOHN L.

Have a Long Talk Over Past Glories.

Boston, April 16.—Charlie Mitchell called on John L. Sullivan a few days ago. The former boxing champion of England, who fought the old gladiator in Madison Square Garden twenty years ago, and then met the big fellow in a bare knuckle fight for the championship of the world at Chantilly, France, made a flying trip from New York purposely to see his old foe, shake him by the hand and personally offer to appear at the benefit to be given Sullivan in Boston on April 18.

It was the first time the veteran pugilists had met in years. The meeting was very cordial. John L. had not been apprised that Mitchell was coming to see him, and was taken completely by surprise. Mitchell, who is fully as entertaining as John L. himself, soon had the big fellow roaring. The visit lasted an hour. Mitchell renewed his offer to aid Sullivan in any way, and asked the big man to suggest something special that he could do at the benefit.

"I don't know whether I will be able to show myself on that date or not," said Sullivan. "That is all up to the doctor. Those guys have a way of keeping a man indoors longer than necessary, I think. I'm going to take a fall out of him when he comes 'round again, and see if I can get out and see a friend or two. Plenty of friends come to see me here, but that is not like getting around to the old places. Fitz was here last week, and Young Corbett, a fine little fellow, called on Wednesday. They are all mighty good fellows, and you can bet I appreciate it. I got a lot of friends, Charlie."

"I guess that's right," replied the former boxing champion of England, "and I am one of them."

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210 West Superior street.

WALTER CLARKSON, PITCHER AND CAPTAIN OF HARVARD BASEBALL AGGREGATION.

THE TROUT SEASON

Now Open But Cold Spring Prevents Much Sport.

Ice In Streams Which Are Usual Haunts of Fishermen.

The ban is off all the trout streams in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The season opened yesterday morning and will continue until Sept. 1.

While the law has opened the season, Nature is holding back, and there will be but little chance for good sport for two or three weeks yet. Clear skies and some green on the banks of the streams are necessary before the trout will commence to bite in good shape. Most of the streams in Northern Minnesota are still covered with ice, and fishing will be impossible until some warm April rains arrive.

This is the first season in many years that the trout streams have not been open by April 15. Down in the southern part of the state there are some trout streams open, but Knife river, Sucker river, Gooseberry, North Brule and the other north shore streams, where the sport is really worth while, are still frozen over.

A few of the old veterans who could not be scared away by any amount of adverse weather are already planning to visit the mouths of some of the trout streams in the hope of some good sport, but less enthusiastic anglers will content themselves for a few weeks yet until this broken-backed winter finally expires.

If tomorrow proves to be bright and fair is will probably attract a number of the local anglers to the nearby streams like Lester creek and the upper courses of Miller's creek.

The backward season has also prevented the pike from spawning as yet. Every ear the state game and fish commissioners collect pike eggs. The work is generally done between the dates of April 6 and April 10, but it will probably be the first of May before any can be collected this year. All the lakes in the northern part of the state are still covered with ice, and it will be at least two weeks before the pike commence spawning.

JEFFRIES NOT WORRYING

Over Outcome of His Fight With Munroe.

Chicago, April 16.—James J. Jeffries passed through Chicago this week en route for Harbin Springs, Cal., where he is to train for his championship fight with Jack Munroe. The big boiler-maker spent but a few hours in the city resting from the fatigue of the trip from New York before resuming his long transcontinental journey. He stepped off the Lake Shore limited late this afternoon and took a train for the West early in the evening.

The champion is fat and overweight. His poundage is a question that he is not discussing, and he declined to make any statement as to the weight at which he will fight Munroe.

"I am not worrying about the weight question, or any other for that matter," said Jeffries. "It makes no difference to me how much I weigh. The only thing I try to do is to get good. When I get to that stage it is a matter of indifference to me whether I weigh 240 or 190."

It is evident, however, that the big pugilist will have to take off at least a score of pounds before the Yosemite club bat-tle. He carries a good sized paunch and his cheeks are flabby. He has a suspicion of a double chin also, and looks more like a big, comfortable business man than a prize fighter. If appearances count for much he is weighing at least 250 pounds. His ring weight has been around 220 pounds in his late battles.

The exact date for the fight has not yet been agreed upon. The articles call for the latter part of May, but this and kindred questions will not be settled until after Munroe and his manager reach the coast.

There is also some doubt as to the referee for the big battle. Edward Graney is named in the articles, but since the Cornbett-Britt fight he has announced that he will officiate at no more ring battles. Jeffries is favorable to him, however, and unless there are strenuous objections from the Munroe party efforts will be made to have him reconsider his determination.

Jeffries expects to win the coming fight. He asserts that Munroe is game and anything but easy, but the champion is not worrying over the outcome.

TO BOWL IN EUROPE.

American Invasion Being Planned of Germany June 18.

New York, April 16.—A grand excursion of American bowlers is to be made to Germany this season, and plans have already been perfected for the party to sail on the Hamburg-American steamer Bulgaria on June 18. The main object of the tour is to give American bowlers an opportunity to compete in the eleventh German united bowling festivities, which will be held at Solingen from July 16 to July 22. Besides the actual competitors, many friends of the bowlers will be in the party, while several of the leading players will take their families.

The bowling delegates from this country are making the trip at the invitation of the German Bowling association, which has asked for representative competitors from America. In the bowling congress over 2000 bowlers from all parts of Germany will take part in the different events and festivities, the affair being the greatest bowling meeting in the world. A new hall, to contain twenty-seven bowling alleys, is being built for use in this festive gathering. The importance of the event, from the German standpoint, may be further judged when it is stated that the German Bowling association has appropriated nearly $18,000 for the different arrangements and the prizes.

The party sailing on the Bulgaria will land at Hamburg, and after two days' stay there, will travel to Berlin, Dresden, Leipsic, Eisennach, Cassel, Iberfeld, Dusseldorf, and then to Solingen ,where a week will be spent for the bowling celebration. After the festivities the members of the party may either visit other localities or return home, no time being fixed for the homeward journey, as the party will not return on a special steamer.

STRING OF TROUT CAUGHT FRIDAY MORNING IN LESTER RIVER.

A SHORTER SEASON

Football Year Will Be Curtailed In the East.

Tendency Toward Lessening the Strain on the Players.

New York, April 16.—Although it is too early in the year to get any definite idea of the arrangements of the leading college football committees for the coming season, it is evident that moderation will be the keynote in the sport next fall. This has been demonstrated in various ways. The suggestion that the rule of last year, preventing more than four players being behind the line between the 25-yard marks be made to apply to the whole playing field is a straw that shows which way the wind blows. The rules committee last season frankly admitted that this regulation was an experiment aimed to satisfy the demand for less mass play and more open field work. Despite the protests of a certain clique of coaches, the rule met with great favor among the spectators at the big games, and in no way detracted from the sport. In fact, so popular was the movement that there has sprung up a demand for a similar rule which shall include the entire gridiron, rather than a restricted portion of the field, and the rules committee will seriously consider the question at its meeting this month. Another indication which points to an attempt to lessen the strain upon the players at the big colleges is evident in the schedules that have been announced to date.

Harvard and Princeton are the first of the Eastern universities to give publicity to the playing schedules of the eleven for the season of 1904. In both instances the tendency to decrease the number of hard games and shorten the playing term is clearly evident. In both cases the number of games is limited to ten, and the season does not begin until Oct. 1, or within a day or so of that date. This is particularly marked in the case of Harvard, for in place of the twelve and thirteen games of other years, the Crimson eleven will line up in but ten games, and a majority of these are with minor colleges, whichwill not tax the players more than an ordinary practice contest between the 'varsity and the scrub. West Point, Dartmouth, Pennsylvania, Yale and the Indians comprise the list of games which should actually be contests in the full sense of the word. The Tigers have even an easier series of games, for apparently their hard matches will be confined to Cornell, West Point and Yale. Another feature of the schedules announced to date is the absence of midweek games. In past years it has been the custom to arrange a number of such contests for the early part of the season. This fall the case will be quite the reverse. Princeton will play but three midweek games, its opponents being Dickinson, Wesleyan and Lafayette. At Harvard but two will be played, when the Crimson meets Bowdoin and Bates.

The schedule for the Yale eleven, which is not expected to be made public for several weeks yet, is known to provide for one of the shortest seasons in the gridiron history of the New Haven university. The season will be at least one week shorter in duration than last year, and two games less will, in consequence, be played. The two big matches have been arranged as follows: Yale vs. Princeton, at Princeton, Saturday, Nov. 12, and Yale vs. Harvard, at Yale field, Saturday, Nov. 19. Manager Spalding of the Yale team is authority for the statement that no Western eleven will be numbered among Yale's gridiron foes the coming season. Arrangements are in progress for a match with Columbia in this city, with West Point at West Point and with the usual minor college elevens. The above will constitute the hard games for the Blue, and there will be no marked surprises in the footbal schedule when it appears. That a hitch has occurred in the Yale football plans is the general opinion of those who watch the situation closely each year at New Haven. The Easter vacation has begun and the football men have scattered to their homes without a head coach, a general coaching system being announced for next fall, or the playing schedule being arranged. When the season closed last November it was stated about the Yale campus that Capt. Charley Rafferty of the eleven of the past fall was likely to be named as the head coach for next year. Capt. James J. Hogan and former Capt. Rafferty decline to talk, but it is thought that the hitch has arisen because Rafferty has made other plans for next season and therefore cannot see his way to accept the position of head coach.

It is understood that great pressure is being brought to bear on him to induce him to return and take charge of the team in its field practice. It is felt that he will finally be induced to return and that within a few weeks the belated announcement will be made that he will be the field coach, that Walter Camp will be the general football advisory coach and that half a dozen former captains will be numbered among coaches who will spend several weeks with the eleven next tall. In general the same system which has governed Yale football for three years will be pursued again. A cheerful feature of the situation is the statement that Ledyard Mitchell, the punting halfback of last season, will return to college next fall for a post-graduate course and will thus be available for the team again.

WORK FOR QUAKER MEET.

Athletes of East and West to Compete.

Hard training in preparation for the Philadelphia meet on April 23 is now engrossing the attention of the college athletes of both the east and the west. Of the eastern schools nearly all will take part in the relay races and special events held under the auspices of the university of Pennsylvania. The West, however, will this year be re-

presented by only three teams, those of the universities of Michigan, Chicago, and Purdue.

Of these Michigan is expected to carry off the greater part of the honors that fall to the West. Indeed, it may be said the Michigan tracks athletes are likely to give any of the competitors, eastern or western, a hard rub in the events in which they are entered. Such men as those of the maize and blue four mile relay team, Kellogg, Perry, Coe, and Daaue, or Stone, together with Hahn, the sprinter, Rose, the weight thrower, and the middle distance men, Ramey, Hall, Harpham, and others, who want to go as a two mile team, are good for a round share of the points in any contest.

Coach Stagg of the university of Chicago has decided not to enter a relay team. Last year the Chicago four mile team finished fifth with Harvard and Columbia trailing behind. This year the midway coach has no men to enter for the four mile event.

The "century" at the Philadelphia meet this year should bring out some of the fastest work seen on the cinder path for a long time. In it there will be Hahn, Blair, Rice, Schick, of Harvard, last year's winner, and others of the eastern cracks. The rivalry will be intense. Schick will be anxious not to lose the laurels won last year. Hahn will be keen to secure revenge for his defeat at the hands of Blair in the conference meet last May, while the Chicago captain will be determined to show the easterners that he is good for a better place than the third, which was awarded him in the Penn meet last spring. Rice will make his first appearance in outdoor college meet wearing Chicago colors.

Of the Purdue team little is known.

REFEREE IS ROASTED

Young Corbett Gives Another Hard Wallop to Graney.

Will Carry a Gun Into the Ring Next Time.

New York, April 16.—Young Corbett, who arrived in New York this week, in discussing the recent decision against him in his fight with Britt, said of Referee Eddie Garney:

"It is a wonder to me Garney didn't wear a mask in that fight. The whole thing was arranged in advance—cut and dried. Why, Garney's friend, Jack Sheehan, who never bet 10 cents before in his life, put up $300 against $400 on the afternoon of the fight. There were plenty of others, too.

"If I ever get robbed like that again," Corbett went on, "the referee will never get out of the ring alive. In my country we shoot stage robbers. A stage robber is a brave man and a gentleman beside a fellow who will take advantage of a position of trust the way Garney did. Next time I fight I'll carry a six-shooter into my corner, and if I get the kind of a deal I had in 'Frisco, I'll shoot the referee dead in the ring."

While the rather bloodthirsty statement Corbett subsided.

"You must have been stung," remarked a friend.

"Twenty-seven thousand dollars," replied Corbett. "That is, my party and I came out $27,000 poorer than we would have been if the verdict had gone right. I'm not busted by any means. I've got some left—enough to travel around on and do as I please. I'm not a dead one either. I'm very much alive. I never packed the houses in my theatrical engagements the way they were packed in Boston last week.

"Why, say, Here's one on Britt. After the fight his brother Billy, who is his manager, went swelling around because Jimmy had an offer of $400 a week for ten weeks. Four hundred, it would be Jimmy joke to offer me $800, and I'm the loser.

"Are you going to fight Terry McGovern in Philadelphia?" was asked.

"No, I'm not," replied Corbett. "I'm not going to fight Terry anywhere. I've licked him twice. I don't care to waste time on him."

"How about chances for a return match with Britt?"

Young Corbett wore a look of gloom. He was of the opinion that Britt wouldn't fear any terms—making frantic efforts to arrange another match.

"Britt is a swell-headed fellow," Corbett explained. "His friends may puff him up until he gets himself convinced into the idea that he can really beat me without the referee's aid. That's my only chance."

Here Corbett suddenly displayed his generalship by turning questioner. He wanted to know why newspaper reporters always dived into the details of his private affairs instead of writing about his fighting ability.

"You fellows have printed a lot of stories about me that don't fit. First, I don't drink champagne like a millionaire. I have been taking care of myself, and I had my last drink of any kind at Saratoga last year. Then there was a lot of talk about my 'mariees' at the track. That's nonsense. I'm ahead of the racing game. I didn't owe a cent in 'Frisco when the fight came off. I didn't owe anything to the books. In fact, two bookies owed me.

"I'm going over to England on the St. Louis. I'm tired of training and fight all the time. I'm going to travel around and see things, castles and pictures and scenery. This disappointment in 'Frisco has worried me so that I want to go where I'll never hear of fighting. Every man I meet here asks me a dozen questions about my fight with Britt. I'm going to stay over there until they forget all about it."

Lacrosse Authority.

"Lacrosse; from Candidate to Team," is the latest issue in the Spalding athlete library. The author is William Schmeisser of the John Hopkins university team, the intercollegiate champions for 1902. Ronald Abercrombie, ex-captain and coach of the same team is the editor of the book.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 5; Brooklyn, 2.
At Philadelphia—Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 0.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 5; Chicago, 3.
At St. Louis—Pittsburg, 5; St. Louis, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington—Washington, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
At New York—Boston, 7; New York, 1.

The North-Western Line's Homeseekers' Rates.

On April 19th the "North-Western Line" will sell "Home-seekers" tickets at one fare plus $2.00 to points in North-western, Western, South-western, Southern and South-eastern states. Tickets limited to 21 days for return trip. On same date will sell one way tickets at very low rates to points in South-western states. For full information call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

D. A. BLAKENEY, City Ticket Agent.

THE QUEEN OF TROTTERS UNDER SADDLE

Memphis, Tenn., April 16.—Lou Dillon, queen of trotters, is taking her exercise these days in unique fashion for a harness horse. After the manner of old-time trotters the peerless little mare is being given daily work under saddle, in preparation for fast miles to be asked later on hitched to sulky or wagon. Millard Saunders, who trained the mare and engineered her sale to her present owner, C. K. G. Billings, is responsible for giving Lou Dillon her morning work in this manner. He says she possesses so much surplus energy that, fearful of her loosing some of the fire and speed in her make-up, she has been exercised the wrong way of the track in addition to being trotted and cantered under saddle. Tommy Waugh is riding Lou Dillon in her work, but Master Millard Saunders, Jr., the little son of Lou Dillon's trainer, is often entrusted with Mr. Billing's peerless property, and never has she shown inclination to run away or act in any other than a manner becoming of the queen of the harness world.

Lou Dillon will be shipped to Cleveland about May 10. She is the only one of Mr. Billings's horses here. At Cleveland she will be taken in hand for fast miles and later on she will be sent over the track at Glenwood for her first fast mile of the year. Her exhibition campaign has not been definitely decided on, but it is certain to include Readville, Cleveland, Hartford and the New York tracks, after which Lou Dillon will be sent to Lexington, and thence to Memphis. It is the intention of Saunders to send Lou Dillon against all of her records this year without the aid of any shield or runner of any kind. The little mare has never trotted behind a so-called windshield, and while she has always been preceded by a runner provided with a dirt shield and flanked by a runner as a pacemaker, she does not know what a wind shield looks like, and never will be permitted to gaze on one, according to recent statements of her owner and trainer.

KENTUCKY DERBY

At Present Fourteen High-Class Horses Are Likely Starters.

Of These, of Course, the Brown Pair Are Favorites.

Louisville, Ky., April 16.—Fourteen 3-year-olds are likely to start in the Kentucky Derby, the next big race in the West. This event will be run over the Churchill downs track May 2, and while the Cumberland prize is yet to be declared at Nashville, the Louisville race overshadows the Tennessee event in the class of its eligibles, in historic interest and money value. For these reasons the Kentucky classic is attracting attention all over the country.

Following is a list of the likely ones: Proceeds, Conjurer, Paris, Lonsdale, Batts, Prince Silverwings, Elwood, Ed Tierney, Brancas, Japan, English Lad, Dell Leath, Saul and Arab.

While all the fourteen colts mentioned above will not face the barrier, the field will be made up from this list. Proceeds and Conjured, the Brown pair, are being prepared especially for the Kentucky Derby. The same is true of English Lad, Fred Cook's grand youngster, by Requital—English Lady. It is also possible that Cook will start Dell Leath, for this Florist colt has been taking his work splendidly at Churchill downs. Clay brothers say they will start either Paris or Lonsdale, but both have been doing so well that as yet the firm has not been able to decide between them.

"Boots" Durnell is coming all the way from California to start Ellwood in the Derby, and Johnny Fay, the local bookmaker, would not miss starting Ed Tierney for any reasonable amount of money. Fay would rather win the local race than any other turf honor, because this is his home. Batts belongs to W. F. Schulte, ex-president of the New Louisville Jockey club, who has never yet seen his colors first in the historic race. Batts has been prepared all spring with the Kentucky Derby in view of his trainer and owner. Saul is a likely-looking colt that belongs to John Tevis, a young society man who has spent much money in trying to win the big race.

T. C. McDowell, the well-known Bluegrass turfman who won the Derby in 1902 with Alan-a-Dale, has written that he will try to again capture the victory with Japan, a chestnut colt by Top Gallant—The Queen's Gambit. This youngster has been taking his work so well over Mr. McDowell's private track that the Bluegrass contingent will pin their faith in his chances, and past performances have shown that Tom McDowell rarely sends a horse to the post unless he is ready for the race.

There will be two starters from Nashville, William Gerst intends to have a try at the honor with Brancas, a Knight of Ellerslie colt, and reports from Cumberland Park are to the effect that he will prove a dangerous factor in the Kentucky classic. Mr. Gerst also has Conncil, a Cayuga colt, which he will start provided he continues training as well as he has been going. Talbot Brothers, as is well known, intends to start Prince Silverwings, while M. H. Tichnor & Co. are especially preparing Arab for the race. This is the colt of Mirthful—Belle Hoyt, which the Chicago racing firm purchased from John E. Madden several weeks ago. He is reported to be in grand shape and should have an outside chance.

Besides these mentioned, there are several others which may face the barrier. There are Charley Ellison's King Croker, E. S. Gardner's Marquis De Carabas, Will T. Shafer's Triumvir and H. Ziegler's Don John. The latter was shipped East last Tuesday, but before he left Trainer Charley Hughes stated that if the colt continues to train as he has been going he would likely send him back for the Kentucky Derby.

With such an array of eligibles to select from, the talent as well as the public will have a hard time in choosing the winner of the race. From the indications there will be from seven to ten starters. The race will furnish the best betting event that has been run over the local track in years, because the chances are that nearly every starter will be well backed.

Capt. Brown's pair, because of their performances at Memphis, coupled with their races as 2-year-olds, will undoubtedly be the favorites when the first odds are posted. Conjuror, according to well-posted horsemen, is one of the best 3-year-olds shown in this section for years, and the same men affirm that Proceeds is not very far behind him.

English Lad, however, will be the choice of hundreds of turfmen hereabouts who have been watching closely the preparation which has been given this grandson of Acquittal by Trainer Billy Phillips. No very serious questions have as yet been asked of English Lad, but horsemen expect him to show some remarkable trials within the next ten days. Last Tuesday he breezed a mile in 1:45, finishing a mile and an eighth in 1:59. His mouth was wide open, he was fighting for his head throughout the journey, and at the end did not take a long breath. While the time was not fast the ease with which English Lad slipped over the ground and the absence of any signs of weariness at the end caused old turfmen who witnessed the workout to remark:

"The colt that beats that horse will win the Kentucky Derby and he'll know he has been to the races."

This voices the sentiment of every man who has watched the Cook colt in his training this spring.

By this it must not be understood that the race will be a duel between the Brown entry and English Lad. "Boots" Durnell is not bringing Elwood across the Rocky Mountains for nothing. Clay Brothers may be depended on to have a fighting chance any time they start. Tom McDowell has always deserved the confidence which has been placed in his horses by the racing public of the Bluegrass, while Fay and Schulte are going to have Edward Tierney and Batts ready if the possible happen to meet favorable conditions. Each of these is sure to receive the support of the friends of their owners.

The prospects for the coming meeting were never so bright as they are now. About 400 horses are quartered at the Downs, and long before the opening day 1000 thoroughbreds will occupy the stalls at or near the local course. Manager Price several days ago, gave up all hope of satisfying the applicants for stable room, and for more than a week the available stalls have been engaged. The best stables, however, which are racing at Memphis, and those which will come down from the Bluegrass have already been taken care of, because their owners applied for stalls in time. Horses sufficient for three meetings would be here if they could be accommodated with stable room.

GUN CLUB'S SECOND SHOOT

Competition For Panton & White Trophy—Standing of Men.

The second shoot for the Panton & White trophy will be held tomorrow afternoon at the ranges of the Duluth Gun club at Thirty-second avenue East.

Fulton is now leading in the race with a possible 48 out of 50 birds. Nelson is a close second with the score of 46 to his credit.

Good sport is looked for tomorrow, as those who fell behind in the first shoot will make a desperate effort to again get into the race.

The following is the standing in the race at the present time:

Fulton	48
Nelson	46
Field	42
Storey	40
Cap	39
Warren	38
Williams	37
Berry	30
Phil	30
Young	24

The members of the club do not shoot for the clas medals again until a week from tomorrow as the medals and the trophy are shot for on alternate Saturdays.

IT LOOKS STRONG

Van Praagh's Aggregation Appears Like a Vigorous Bunch.

Should Keep Duluth at Front of Pennant Chasers.

With the opening of spring practices less than a week away, it looks as if Managare Van Praagh was going to have the fastest, hardest hitting, sharpest fielding aggregation of pennant chasers that ever represented the Zenith City on the diamond.

The White Sox will play the Chippewa Falls team next Sunday and a number of the local fans are planning to take the trip and see them work out. If they are not found among the first division teams in the Northern league next season the big majority of the faithful in Duluth will miss their guess, and "Van" says he will be badly disapointed if they don't show the Puggers a few things about winning pennants.

One of the two new pitchers for whom the Duluth manager had strings out was announced last evening. He is Howard Savage, who twirled for the University of Wisconsin last season. The Duluth manager made him an offer some time ago. Savage is an extremely fast man and handles the ball like a veteran. He played with the Houghton team last summer and when he made his appearance as a candidate for the University team this year, he was protested against on the ground of professionalism. A long controversy ensued, of which Savage finally became tired and decided to accept Van Praagh's offer.

The Duluth team is now complete with the exception of one more pitcher for whom strings are out, but who has not been landed as yet.

Kenally, the big first baseman of the Duluth team, is said to have jumped to the Greenfield, Miss., team. He is reserved by the Duluth club from last year, but Manager Van Praagh has not yet secured his signature to a contract. It's a case of playing either outlaw ball or with Duluth this year, and Kenally can doubtless be brought to time. He has been notified to appear at Chippewa Falls on April 20, and if he fails to show up steps will be taken to force him to abide by the rules governing players.

* * *

Speculation is rife concerning the men who will brave death in the cause of the game this year, and manipulate the indicators in the Northern league contests.

Thompson, an Illinois man who has a good eye and several years' experience in minor league work, and Oldfield of Chicago, who has acted in the Chicago City league, will be two members of the trio of umpires, according to rumors which come from Grand Forks. The third member of the staff is said to be a newspaper man from Missouri.

While President Laxdal has not yet announced the names of the umpires, these three are said to be the men.

A good umpire is one of the first essentials of the game, and if the above staff is as good as represented Northern league fans need have no fear on this score.

* * *

The official schedule of the Northern league will not be made public by President Laxdal until about May 1.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Attorney E. F. Richardson, representing the Western Federation of Miners, has filed in the Colorado supreme court, an application for a writ of habeas corpus for Charles H. Moyer, president of the federation, who has been held as a prisoner by the military authorities at Telluride nearly three weeks. The petition recites the refusal of Adjt. Gen. Sherman M. Bell to obey the writ of the district court.

Immense avalanches are being caused at Hornbrook, Cal., by the bursting of a mountain lake and the Southern Pacific tracks of the Oregon & California divisions of the Southern Pacific are covered with mud and rocks for a great distance. The slide is considered the worst in recent history and probably will delay traffic forty-eight hours at the least. Ten trains are stalled as a result of the slide and fully 900 passengers are on the ground.

The first case under what is known as the safety appliance law, requiring railroads to finish and keep in repair automatic couplers was decided in the district court at Sioux Falls, S. D., Friday. The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway company confessed judgment and paid the penalty for violating the law.

Debators from the Northwestern University defeated representatives of the University of Michigan at Chicago in a discussion of the question, "Should Trades Unions Incorporate." Northwestern presented the negative side of the proposition.

A heavy snow storm swept Central and Northern New York. In Syracuse the snow is three inches deep and Oswego county reports good sleighing. Street railway traffic is affected and steam roads are working under difficulties.

Two Providence, R. I., policemen were wounded, probably mortally, by four burglars whom they surprised while at work on the East Side, the fashionable district of the city, at 2 o'clock this morning. Numerous shots were exchanged, but so far as known none of the burglars was hit. All four succeeded in making their escape.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Of Republican Congressional Campaign Announced.

Washington, April 16.—Chairman Babcock of the Republican congressional campaign committee has announced the executive committee of that body as follows: J. T. A. Hull, Iowa, chairman; H. C. Loudenslager, New Jersey; William Connell, Pennsylvania; Victor H. Metcalf, California; E. C. Burleigh, Maine; James A. Tawney, Minnesota. J. R. Mann, Illinois; Nicholas Longworth, Ohio, and George L. Lilly, Connecticut. Messrs. Tawney, Mann, Longworth and Lilly are new members.

The officers of the congressional committee, Chairman Babcock, Vice Chairman Sherman, New York, and Secretary Overstreet, Indiana, are ex-officio members of the executive committee. The indications are that headquarters will be established in Washington.

BUT ONE PENSION.

Effect of Commissioner Ware's Order Explained.

Washington, April 16.—To make clear the actual effect of the provisions of the recent age pension order of Commissioner Ware, about which a large number of inquiries are being made, the following official statement was made yesterday:

"There appears to be an impression among many of the old soldiers that allowances of pension under the 'age order' of the commissioner of pensions are in addition to pensions allowed heretofore.

"This is an erroneous idea of the order. The law prohibits the payment of more than one pension to a person for the same period, and the effect of the order on those having a pension already only will be to increase such pension up to the age limit if the pension already drawn is below that amount."

Raise the Awnings.

To the Editor of the Herald:

The letting down of the store awnings is the only sign of the return of gentle spring, and it seems an awful thing after such a winter to object to any sign of warmer weather, but could not you just manage to have the awning business regulated a little bit?

The last city administration made a noble fight against the telegraph poles and the sidewalk displays which blocked the way, and now men who are broader than they are tall can pass along the sidewalks without danger of getting wedged in between the obstructions.

But now come the men who are taller than they are broad, and they don't have to be very tall either, and they want Mayor Cullum to give them a chance on the sidewalks also. In the spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love, but if he is walking in that mood down Superior street and runs his head against an awning, his hat goes into the gutter and his thoughts into a warmer place than Duluth.

This is all wrong both in a physical and moral sense, and if you have any regard for the heads and hats of a large part of the community and of the eternal salvation of their souls, get Mayor Cullum to raise the awnings.

R. B.

Duluth, April 16.

THE AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHER

His Longings For Spring—His Pleasures and His Mistakes.

Spring is a season in which the amateur photographer takes an especial delight, perhaps on account of his enforced inactivity during the winter, perhaps because everything is new and fresh and the streams are filled with sparkling water and the sky beautiful with fleecey clouds. 'My fairy godmother predicted fair weather, sunny days and clear blue skies for me," mourns the unfortunate pasha of the comic opera. "Ah, woe is me, I should have ben a photographer."

The scope of a small camera is at best limited. Birds-eye views and others loaded with detail are unsatisfactory, because the whole is confused and often indistinct. The best pictures are those where the photographer has selected some interesting portion of a scene and taken it at close range.

It is the taking of his pictures that the true artist is revealed. A novice will walk down the street snapping everything that takes his eye, until his supply of film or plates is exhausted. Not so with the true artist. The latter feels rewarded if he secures one good picture as the result of an afternoon's expedition. But his pictures are different from those random snap-shots. They are artistic from the standpoints of choice of subject, of contrast of light and shadow, and of mechanical perfection. Once having decided upon his subject, he views it from every side until he has posed it to the best possible advantage, when he carefully times the exposure, according to the light, and if it is especially attractive, takes it twice in order to guard against any chance of failure. Moreover, he sometimes risks life and limb and camera in his efforts to obtain some view of exceptional interest, his best pictures are often secured with very little trouble.

Children in particular are good subjects, in that they are natural and do not pose except when they quaintly mimic their elders, as did the little girl who, arrayed in one of her mother's long skirts, coyly imitated the manner in which the "Duluth ladies" walked, and held their dresses, and then cast aside the borrowed garment to show the way that the "little girls walked." Another young woman of 10 willingly consented to have her portrait taken, though she demurely declared that there were lots of people on the place better looking than she. Fully as ingenious was a little child who said that she would like to have her picture taken, but that her face was dirty, and she was afraid that it would show. In one feature children are alike. They invariably insist that the photographer take out the picture and show it to them on the spot.

Be as careful as may be, mistakes are sure to happen, resulting sometimes in ludicrous effects, but generally in a disappointment. Often two views are taken on the same plate, giving a strange, rather mixed up result. The dark room is also a source of trouble. Wrong solutions are used by mistake; light leaks into the dark-room, or some equally exasperating accident occurs. An amateur of small experience pinned a whole roll of film face downward on a board to dry. The coating stuck to the surface of the wood, thus spoiling most of the pictures when he tried to take them off the following morning. Even more

THE AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHER AT WORK.

does his own developing, for that is half of the pleasure for him, since he can by skillful manipulation save many pictures the less interested commercial photographer would spoil.

In his efforts to secure interesting pictures he frequently encounters obstacles which would discourage anyone less determined in his purpose, though for him it but adds zest to the pursuit of his favorite occupation. Sometimes he is threatened with ill-treatment by people who object to be photographed, but usually the impediment is the difficulty in placing the camera in a proper position to take in everything that he wishes to include in the picture. To accomplish this he climbs high-board fences, mounts trees, poles and ladders, or takes advantage of convenient roofs of barns and houses. But while he is trying was the experience of a young man who spent an entire morning securing some views of exceptional value. He walked miles, soiled his clothes and risked his life climbing dangerous places to secure a good perspective, and brought home what he considered would be half a dozen fine pictures. But when he got in the dark room he found to his utter disgust that his plate-holders were empty and his work had been for naught.

Aside from the pleasure the possession of a camera gives to its owner and his friends, the cultivation of the faculty of picking out that which is interesting and beautiful in his surroundings becomes a source of never-ceasing delight, and develops in one latent powers of perception and observation far more than any other form of recreation.

DULUTH NEIGHBORS

(Continued from page 23.)

tors last week. J. Whitesides taking his place here. Mr. McGraw does not intend returning for some time.

Little Mildred Mandel, who has been ill with scarlet fever, is again up and around.

Jennie Moren is confined to her home with an attack of scarlet fever.

Barney Kinney, who has spent the winter in Mexico and Southern points, is expected home tonight.

K. Johnson, who spent the winter at his home in Lapeer, Mich., returned here to spend the summer.

The Biwabik teachers are arranging to attend the teachers' meeting in Hibbing.

Margaret Gleason was on the sick list this week, also Veronica O'Hara.

B. Henery, of Superior, is visiting relatives here this week.

Mrs. Collins visited Virginia friends this week.

EVELETH

Eveleth, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—James Matheson, who formerly had charge of the electric light plant at Eveleth, but who for the past six months has been employed by the Northern Electric company at Fargo, N. D., has returned to Eveleth.

Alex. McCann and family expect to leave for Spokane about May 1, which place they expect to make their future home.

E. H. Nyhus, of St. Paul, has been visiting in Eveleth for several days.

E. R. Clark left Friday for the southern part of the state.

George Schubmell returned Wednesday from Winnipeg and International Falls. He reports the latter place very lively and booming.

Franc L. Young, of Duluth, spent the latter part of the week in Eveleth.

Frank Perham, editor of the Mining News, was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

Leo Shapiro, bookkeeper at the Miners National bank, has been ill with tonsilitis the past week.

Mrs. W. E. Harwood and Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Sedgwick were in Duluth Tuesday to see "Erminie."

Robert Sibbitt, of Toronto, Canada, is visiting at the home of P. E. Dowling.

The delegation which went to Ironwood, Mich., upon t tour of inspection of school houses has decided to build a high school building at Eveleth very similar to that of the Ironwood high school.

Dr. C. W. Moore returned from St. Paul Tuesday evening.

Albert A. Angst returned Monday after a two weeks' vacation, which time he spent visiting his home in Minneapolis.

George Dormer, chief clerk of the Eveleth mines, made a business trip to Duluth Saturday.

Dr. J. V. Johnson moved his drug store into the building formerly occupied by McApline & Bemish, they having gone out of business.

Miss Anna Maline has opened a millinery shop in the room formerly occupied by the Eveleth pharmacy.

W. P. Veitch returned Monday with a carload of milch cows.

William Haehnke, of Wolf, was in the city Wednesday.

The lecture given at the M. E. church Thursday evening was a financial success. Rev. E. C. Clemens delivered the lecture on "Man His Own Paradise."

Ed. Kendler and family returned Monday from Tennessee. He has accepted a position with the Drake & Stratton company. Mr. Kendler spent the first days of the week in Hibbing.

Jacob Pentella left for Minneapolis last Monday, which place he will visit for a few days.

H. M. Hall was a Duluth visitor on Monday.

George R. Barrett, A. J. Shea and Charlie Shea were transacting business in Duluth Monday.

Mike Cronin and John Sullivan, the ice contractors of Sparta, were in Eveleth Tuesday.

George S. Shea, who has been visiting his relatives here the past winter, left Wednesday noon for his home at Nome, Alaska.

A card party was given by Miss Carrie Barrett to celebrate her birthday Monday evening. Those present were Misses Mae Trezona, Henrietta Davis, Lena Kingston, Jennie Frazier, Messrs. H. L. Helle, E. M. Cornwell, Mason Burt, Edwin Carrol, M. Kirby, Henry Talboys and R. H. Pearce.

Mr. and Mrs. Albion Strand were in Sandstone the fore part of the week.

Si Lee, landlord of the Chinese restaurant, was the center of attraction on the streets Thursday, calling at the top of his voice murder and police. His anger was caused by an intoxicated person breaking the windows, dishes and any other articles which got in line of the efforts which he sent through the air. The last seen of the Chinaman was as he followed his tormentor down street with a butcher knife.

The following ministers of the presbytery, which held its semi-annual meeting in Eveleth, were present: Revs. James Anderson, Thomas H. Cleland, D. D., S. A. Jameson, I. G. Gorby, Phd., H. B. Southerland, H. F. Gill, P. Knutson, R. A. Montgomery, S. M. Morse, J. M. Todd, C. W. Lowrie, F. E. Higgins, M. S. Axcell, H. A. Denty, W. J. Lowson, Saunders, Geo erstWg ntr htar htr htrr arr ders and George West. The elders were: John R. Hughes, F. A. Watkin, P. F. Rutherford. The following places were represented: Duluth, Barnum, Willow River, Hinckley, Pine City, Grand Rapids, Two Harbors, Ely, Virginia, Cloquet, Eveleth, Sandstone, Carlton, Thomson, Atkinson, Mora and Hibbing.

Rev. I. B. Gorby, of Duluth, was elected president. The next stated convention is to be held at Mora. The question of Y. M. C. A. was discussed and settled by the committee approving the organization for Eveleth.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Poole were Biwabik visitors Thursday.

Robert A. Sibbit, of Carleton Place, Ontario, and A. K. McLean, of Cheboygan, Mich. have been here this week on their return from Hinckley, where they investigated the manufacture of turpentine by some Russian people there. Mr. Sibbit and Mr. McLean may establish a similar plant at Carleton Place.

Miss Bessie Donnelly, of West Superior, is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. George McCormack, on Jones street.

J. C. Bradford has purchased the Jesmore residence on Jones street and will remove there at once.

Mrs. James A. Robb and children spent Sunday with Biwabik friends.

Invitations have been received here for the marriage in Virginia of Miss Abbie Edwinna Smith and Dr. Carl Victor Molmgren on Thursday, April 21. Both Miss Smith and Dr. Molmgren have many friends here who offer congratulations.

Messrs. R. M. Cornwall and H. M. Helle entertained a small company of friends in their apartments at the Hotel McNeil Saturday eevning. Mrs. Josephine Sibbit was chaperon.

The Drake & Stratton company expects to resume operations here in a very short time. One of their important contracts for the year is stripping for the Fayal mine.

The condition of little Dorothy Dowling remains critical, but there is every hope of her recovery.

Mrs. Paul Chamberlain was in Duluth on a shopping expedition Saturday.

St. Patrick's Catholic church has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state.

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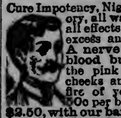

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DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

AITKIN

Aitkin, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. C. H. Marr, of Grand Rapids, is the guest of the W. B. and J. N. Marr families.

Miss Louise Lowell has returned from a visit of several months with her sister in Seattle, Wash.

H. S. Lindberg, of Ottumwa, Iowa, arrived last week to look after his tracts of land in this county.

Mrs. Klee has returned from a visit with friends in Hennettville.

J. B. Galarneault went to the Twin Cities on business Tuesday.

Mrs. George Cleary was brought here Sunday from Bemidji and is dangerously ill at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Young.

Joseph Morine, who has been managing the poorfarm, has returned from Minneapolis, where he was called by the death of his brother.

J. N. Nevers and daughter, Miss Vera, and W. Seeley, of Brainerd, spent Sunday here, the guests of N. L. Cluff and family.

W. Anstett has purchased lots on West Cedar street and is preparing to build a house.

The ladies of the Congregational church gave a sale and supper in the church parlors Tuesday evening.

The Woman's Relief corps initiated several new members last Wednesday night after which dancing and refreshments were enjoyed.

The village council has appointed F. D. Silliman as electrician to succeed L. W. Daniels, and E. O. Forswick was re-elected engineer.

Maj. Alfred Harris, of the Salvation army, gave a lecture on "Paradise of the Pacific" at the city hall Thursday evening.

Mrs. B. R. Hassman is visiting relatives in Hutchinson.

Mrs. Orlady, of Jamestown, N. D., was the guest of her cousins, Mrs. Knox and Miss Smith, last week.

Mrs. Nell Colman has returned to her home in Superior, Wis., after a visit here with father, C. O. M. Olts.

Frank Hense and wife have returned from Minneapolis.

Rev. E. M. Smith, the new rector of St. John's church, arrived with his family from the East this week and will occupy the B. Clark house on the South side.

Mrs. James Boyd, of Willow river, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Bailey.

United States Assistant Engineer Thomas Robinson, stationed at Grand Rapids, visited Aitkin last Tuesday by pay off the government snagging crew, who were camped here.

W. J. Reber visited Fertile, Minn., last week on business.

Carl Harpke, grand president of the Sons of Herman, in Minnesota, was in town last Friday conferring with some of the leading German citizens relative to organizing a lodge here.

Hon. T. R. Foley has had plans drawn for a fine new residence to be erected on the site where his present home stands which will be removed.

A son was born last Monday to Mr. and Mrs. W. Bond.

A son was born last Wednesday to Mr. and Mrs. Victor Newstrom.

Mrs. D. L. Young has returned from Hibbing.

Thomas McDonough left last week for Massachusetts.

C. P. DeLaittre visited Cloquet and Duluth last week.

George G. Freeman, a former teacher in this county, has returned from Washington and will teach at Waldeck.

F. H. Osterhout went to Minneapolis Thursday.

The Gun club's new club house is nearly completed and is located on the Jenkins farm.

John Charles, of Neoksae, Wash., arrived here recently to look after his real estate and is considering returning to Aitkin to locate.

A stack of five tons of hay near the McIntyre livery barn caught fire early last Saturday morning. The wind was blowing a gale and the department was called out to save surrounding property.

Rev. Stroehn, pastor of the Cedar Lake German Lutheran church for the coming year, has been assigned to the church at Embro, as his health will not permit his doing rural work. He departed Monday for his new field accompanied by his family.

E. M. Wallin, of Wealthwood, brought a large blue heron to town last Wednesday and while proudly displaying the bird, not knowing it was illegal to have it in his possession, he was taken to the courthouse by the game warden and fined $12.50.

The township of Haugen has voted $30.00 road bonds.

At the special township election held last week a tax levy of $725 was made for roads and bridges and a levy of $50 for general purposes. The officers elected are: Supervisors, Dr. H. C. Leonard, Benjamin Barry, William Orr; clerk, John Welten; treasurer, Frank Dutzler; assessor, Charles Hendricks; justice of peace, O. R. Welton, John Dickerson; constables, C. E. Howe, Leonard Franz. The proposition to re-train cattle was carried by a vote of 45 to 4.

The Upper Mississippi Medical association met in Aitkin Thursday afternoon. Papers were read by Dr. B. F. Valkenberg, of Long Prairie, Dr. J. P. Chance, of Royalton, and Dr. Bethlem, of this place. A banquet was held at the Hotel Pelley in the evening.

Edward Obernodle, of Arlington, who owns a large tract of timber land at Tamarack was in Aitkin last week and is making arrangements to move to Tamarack and put in a sawmill. He recently sold his mill at Arlington.

C. Curliss, who are here in charge of the interests of the C. A. Smith Lumber company in this section left for Minneapolis Monday night, the season's cut being completed. The company has secured 15,000,000 feet of logs here this winter.

Miss Susie Mearow arrived home Tuesday and is visiting her parents.

At the annual meeting of the fire department held last Wednesday night the following department officers were elected: Chief, George T. Williams; first assistant, H. W. Haugen; second assistant, H. J. Petraborg; secretary, E. P. Duffy; treasurer, Peter Larson. A committee was appointed to meet the council and ask that an appropriation be made for representation at the annual state tournament at Pipestone in June. The companies then elected the following officers: Hose company No. 1, captain, James Yates; first lieutenant, Wesley Kast; second lieutenant, Mike Hogan; secretary, F. G. Schadegg; treasurer, H. W. Haugen. Company No. 2, captain, E. P. Duffy; first lieutenant, Arthur Clough; second lieutenant, Martin Newstrom; secretary, D. E. Way; treasurer, H. J. Petraborg.

The Mississippi has been rising rapidly during the past week, but the banks are not yet full. The ice is breaking up but has not gone out.

Work with the iron drills is progressing more rapidly in this county since the snow disappeared and more drills have been ordered. The drills have crossed to the north side of the railroad, near Kimberly, and in the Deerwood district are going south. One of the mining men estimates the amount of money being spent here in prospecting now amounts to at least $150 a day.

WALKER

Walker, Minn., April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The April term of the Cass county district court will open here next Tuesday, with Judge Spooner presiding. There are twenty-nine cases on the civil calendar and a number of criminal cases to be presented to the grand jury in all of which there will probably be indictments, so that the session promises to be a pretty busy one. Chief interest is, of course, taken in the two murder charges, one against William Chounard, of Cass Lake, who killed his wife, and the other against Michael Nikolai Hill, who gave Richard Sanger a deadly blow with an ax in a lumber camp. Attorneys of Cass Lake will defend Chounard, and E. A. Kling, of Little Falls, was in Walker a few days ago and had a conference with Hill preparatory to conducting his defense.

Ole Skogen, of Pequot, was brought to the Walker hospital for an operation on his leg and on Sunday Dr. Wilcox amputated the member. Skogen had his foot frozen during the late cold spell and was taken to the Brainerd hospital where his foot was taken off. After that it was seen that his leg was affected and as it continued to grow worse he came here when another amputation was found necessary and was successfully performed.

Herbert Moffett, of Backus, is minus one of his fingers. It was injured in a sawmill so badly that he came up here to have it attended to by Dr. Wilcox amputation was necessary.

Charles Ferrell, living in the southern part of the county, lost his house by fire a short time ago, but has been provided with a new home through the good work done by his neighbors and the recently constructed telephone line proved instrumental in expediting operations. The various friends of Mr. Ferrell were all called up at the same time on the 'phone and in short order plans were discussed over the wire and it was decided to get together at once and commence a new building. Most of the neighbors had more or less lumber on hand and each brought what material he could and when thirty men got to work it did not take long to finish the job. Within a week the house was ready for occupancy.

The name of the town of Gemmell, on the proposed M. & I. extension north of Northome, has been changed to Stoner, and a postoffice has been established there. The town was platted and is owned by Mr. Stoner, county surveyor of Beltrami county.

Louis M. Shelly and Mary Manners, of Ponto Lake, were in Walker Monday and called on Clerk of Court Palmer for license to wed, and Justice of the Peace Sandberg happening to be in the court house at the time, the knot was promptly tied and the happy couple left with the good wishes of the court house officials, who had witnessed the ceremony.

Mrs. N. J. Palmer went down to Backus Wednesday to visit her son and daughter and returned Thursday.

Mrs. Rathbun has moved into the upper portion of the building occupied by Miss Bertrand, dressmaker.

The stump turpentine industry, which has been started in the vicinity of Hinckley, is being watched with considerable interest by parties here and if only half it lives to its utmost capacity, and proves successful, a plant for the extraction of turpentine from pine stumps is likely to be established here. Those who are interested in the project at Hinckley estimate that a cord of Norway pine stumps will produce twenty gallons of turpentine, forty gallons of tar and thirty bushels of charcoal.

Contracts have been awarded by Maj. Scott, Indian agent, for $8000 worth of rations for destitute Indians. Brummund & Kulander will furnish pork and tea, and C. M. Taylor & Co., will furnish flour and sugar. Both are Walker firms.

The personal property delinquent tax list has been handed over to the county treasurer by the clerk of the court and will be in the hands of the sheriff in a few days for collection. As the commissioners have specially instructed the sheriff to take prompt action it behooves those who have not yet paid and who are able to do so, to settle without further delay.

J. S. Scribner has moved his family from Backus to Walker and taken up his residence in the house he recently purchased from S. W. Usher.

M. J. Quam has bought Harry Usher's house.

S. W. and Harry Usher, having disposed of their property here, will now put into execution their long cherished plan of moving to the Pacific coast. They expect to leave the latter part of this week and will locate near Portland. Peter Jacobsen, son-in-law of S. W. Usher, is thinking of accompanying them.

A nine-pound boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Canfield last Friday afternoon. Mrs. Canfield is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Pearce, in Brainerd.

Clare Wood entertained a few of her girl friends at a birthday party Wednesday.

Mrs. Buckmaster, living near the Great Northern station, has been quite ill during the past week.

The demolition of the old Minnesota avenue bridge is now in progress and work will be pushed forward rapidly on the new structure to take its place.

S. D. Patrick, of Deer River, was in Walker Tuesday on reservation and business.

J. T. Gardner and wife, of Cass Lake, were Walker visitors Wednesday, Mrs. Gardner spending the day with Mrs. Crow.

J. S. Scribner went to Brainerd Wednesday to attend a meeting of the Crow Wing county commissioners, being engaged in proceedings for the incorporation of the village of Jenkins.

D. L. Bush is enlarging the dining room in the Lake View hotel and making other improvements in anticipation of the summer tourist business.

SPARTA

Sparta, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Thomas C. Long and Mrs. C. M. MacKenzie went to Duluth Wednesday, where they witnessed "Erminie" played.

J. S. Hopkins, of Biwabik, was in town Thursday.

Paul R. Kuehn, of Eveleth, transacted business here Wednesday.

Frank Indihar will open his saloon Saturday.

Maunice Irwin, general manager of the Northern Lumber company, of Cloquet, Minn., is in town. He has a crew of twenty-five men at work putting in the dam on Ely lake, preparatory to driving out the logs. There are about 3,000,000 feet of logs to be driven out, including the logs that have been in the lake for several years. Bonds have been given by the lumber company for payment to the government for pine should the settlers win out, which they have practically done now.

Frank Ansley, of Hibbing was in town Thursday.

James Sullivan was an Eveleth visitor Thursday.

Mary Mainz, of Biwabik, was in town Thursday.

Mrs. John A. Jutin returned from Duluth Wednesday.

George A. St. Clair, of Duluth, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

Mr. Running, of Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, was in Sparta on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Weekley, of Park Rapids, visiting with Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Beaver. Mr. Weekley expects to leave for Idaho in a few days to be absent a month.

Frank Klink is in Virginia on business.

Sam Keller and Peter Peterson were initiated into the mysteries of the Woodmen Tuesday night.

Aug. Knuttl went to Duluth Thursday.

Two drills are now being operated on the townsite working night and day shifts. The town is being thoroughly explored, and it is reported plenty of ore is being found.

The dancing up of the lake, it is reported, will flood Peterson's dance pavilion. Mr. Leilding's and William Trichvilion. Mr. Leilding's and William Trichler's residence. It is said the water will be a foot over four feet.

The many friends of John Saari are pleased to hear that he has announced his intention of become a candidate for the legislature in this district.

Thomas C. Hayden and C. G. Fulton, of the Genoa were Sparta visitors Wednesday.

The Catholic church members gave a musical entertainment, supper and dance at the village hall Wednesday evening, which was a success in every respect. The hall was filled to its utmost capacity. The program was especially well rendered. A bountiful supper served by the ladies, and dancing was then indulged in until 2 o'clock. Eighty dollars were the net receipts.

Rev. Father Bilbin celebrated mass here Sunday morning.

Rev. Taylor preached at the M. E. church Sunday returning to Eveleth Sunday evening.

George Shea departed for Alaska Thursday.

CASS LAKE

Cass Lake, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cass Lake is in a fair way to secure a public library and reading room, and a movement is well under way having that project for its ultimate purpose. About a month ago, members of the Pastime club, a local organization composed entirely of ladies, began the agitation of securing a library and reading room, and they have since associated with them a number of the ladies of the village who are not members of the club. The organization has progressed to the extent of forming the Cass Lake Library association, with the following officers: President, Mrs. E. M. Stanton; vice president, Mrs. E. L. Warren; secretary, Mrs. C. E. Battles; treasurer, Mrs. Suter. The following committes have been appointed: Constitution and by-laws, Mrs. Hartley, Mrs. Millett, Miss Olson; ways and means, Mesdames Donnelly, Judkins and Johnson; location, Mesdames Warren, Lange and King; executive, Mesdames Battles, Woodcock and Cardle; rules and regulations of reading room, Misses Berry and Johnson and Mrs. Warren; newspapers and periodicals, Mesdames Gardner, Pease and Campbell; entertainment, Mrs. J. W. Johnson, Mrs. Merrill, Miss Gardner. It has been decided to assess all members of the association the sum of 25 cents per month, during the first six months, to defray expenses.

The Cass Lake Hospital association has purchased three lots in block 5, of the property known as the Hill addition, and with in the very near future, move the hospital on the newly-acquired property. Improvements to the present building will be made at once.

S. J. Ellis, of Blackduck, was transacting business in Cass Lake on Monday, and incidentally renewing old acquaintances.

A. G. Rutledge, local editor of the Voice, went to Grand Forks, N. D., Monday night, to consult his brother, Dr. S. W. Rutledge, relative to a chronic throat trouble with which he has been afflicted during the past three years.

W. B. Smith, one of the homesteaders living on Pimush lake, was in town the first of the week, making arrangements to store a large amount of household goods, and materials for camping, etc., for several days, until the roads get in such shape that he can haul his possessions to his home. He has a fine launch, which he recently brought here from Bartlett, N. D., and which he will put on the lake between here and his home.

Miss Austin, of Bena, was a visitor in Cass Lake on Saturday last.

Dan Hanegan, Robert Jarvis, Mr. McCallum, Charles Argall and Lars Helmstadt left on Snday for their new claims, north of Lake Winnibigoshish. They state that there is a colony of 200 Finns congregated there.

G. W. Marshall, superintendent for the North Land Pine company, spent Sunday in Cass Lake with his family.

Harry Marshall, clerk at Onigum for Maj. Scott, visited in Cass Lake Sunday with his parents.

Deputy Sheriff Gibson was at Farris on Sunday last, on official business.

C. L. Sarff, a cousin of C. W. Sarff, of this place, visited in Cass Lake on Sunday last. C. L. went from here to Virginia, in the interests of James Hart & Son, of Brownsville, by whom he is employed.

Chris Christenson, who with C. R. Martin, is owner of the Bemidji News, was a visitor in Cass Lake on Monday. Mr. Christenson is also publisher of the Kelleher Journal.

E. T. Bigelow, late assistant chief of the estimating corps, was a visitor at Fosston, his old home, the first of the week.

William Grant, a tailor, who formerly resided in Cass Lake, accompanied by Harry Simcox, assistant millwright for the Red River Lumber company, and Hazel Reynolds, an employe of the same company, were here from their homes at Akeley, on Monday night.

Rev. Ulbrecht, pastor of the local German Lutheran church, has been at Fergus Falls this week, attending the annual conference of his denomination.

Mr. and Mrs. Budge went to Duluth Monday night for a visit of n few days.

Rev. Dr. Dodds and wife left on Monday night for Crookston, where there has been held during the week an important meeting of the clergy of the Crookston district of the M. E. church.

W. A. Croake, registering from Minneapolis, was a guest at the Pedford hotel on Monday last. It is hinted that he was traveling under an assumed name, and that he is a special agent from the general land office at Washington, who was delegated to investigate the conditions relative to the returning to the Cass Lake land district the land given to the Chippewa Valley road, who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. E. L. Stanton, for the past week, has left here for Minneapolis.

Maj. Scott, acting Indian agent, came up from Onigum on Saturday to pass Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. G. E. Marshall.

Mrs. Walter Davis, of the Brainerd Music company, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Maud, were in Cass Lake for several days. On Sunday evening the young lady sang several solos in the Congregational church.

Hon. J. D. Jones, register of the United States land office, returned to his post of duty last Saturday evening. Mr. Jones had been granted a thirty days' leave of absence, during which time he visited with his daughter in Knoxville, Tennessee. The trip did Mr. Jones a vast amount of good, and he is now feeling better than he has for years. All talk of his resignation is the merest gossip, and has no foundation whatever.

Mrs. J. E. Nelson and Mrs. W. D. Campbell left here on Wednesday for Duluth, where they will remain with Mrs. L. H. Burns until she shows some indications of permanent recovery.

McKINLEY

McKinley, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. W. Smith, of Mariska, is reported seriously ill, and was taken to the Budd hospital at Two Harbors on Monday.

Ed Olson transacted busines at Virginia the fore part of the week.

It is reported that the ore shipping season will open within the next ten days. Only the product of the shafts or the ore hoisted will be shipped at first, and there will be a month yet, when the ore boats begin running, before the loading from stockpiles or steam-shovel mines will be commenced, there being a considerable saving by shipping the ore direct to docks as soon as hoisted.

Mrs. D. W. Owens and son are reported on the sick list this week.

Sherman & Lee have finished their winter's ice contracts at Rivers, near Tower.

The Stephens mine expects to commence operations soon, and will be among the large shippers this season.

TOWER

Tower, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. C. M. Dalley, of St. Paul, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. D. Fuller for a week left Saturday afternoon for her home.

Mrs. L. Benson returned Saturday afternoon from a week's visit in Ely. She was accompanied home by Mrs. B. Horovitz and daughter.

Miss Helena Horovitz left Sunday for her home at Ely after a short visit here the guest of Miss Irene Benson.

Miss Angela Coffey returned to her home at Ely Saturday after a week's visit here the guest of her cousin Miss Florence Oppel.

The Ladies' Aid of the Episcopal church gave a luncheon Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Wickham. A large crowd was in attendance and a neat sum realized for the church treasury.

Mrs. S. J. P. Lackie entertained the Duchess club at her home on South Second street Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Hazel Doyle entertained a number of young friends at her home Saturday afternoon in honor of her thirteenth birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Tippet left Saturday afternoon for a week's visit with friends at Two Harbors. They are expected home this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Winchester left Tuesday morning for Virginia where they expect to reside.

Mrs. N. J. Beason entertained the Ladies' Aid of the Catholic church this afternoon.

Dr. Wunder and wife, of Soudan, were Zenith City visitors Saturday and Sunday. They returned home Monday.

The R. F. P. club was entertained Saturday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Hill.

Miss Bessie Shaeffer entertained a number of young lady friends Thursday evening at her home in honor of her thirteenth birthday. Games furnished amusement and a delicious lunch concluded a pleasant evening.

Mrs. I. Simon and children left Tuesday afternoon for Eveleth where they expect to reside. Mr. Simon remained here until Wednesday to look after the shipping of the household goods.

Mrs. John Naslund was agreeably surprised Tuesday evening by a number of lady friends. Progressive pedro was in order and the evening's entertainment was concluded with a delicious lunch and a few musical selections. All present report an excellent time. Those present were Mesdames O'Keefe, Shaeffer, Hadley, Filewood, Voss, Lackie, Murphy and Misses Mary Filewood, Mamie Murphy and Margaret McLaughlin of Ely.

Miss Ester Olson returned Saturday from a several weeks' visit with relatives at Ely and Winton.

Mrs. B. Horovitz returned to Ely Thursday evening after a several days' visit in this city, the guest of Mrs. L. Bentson.

Rev. Matson returned Monday from a few days visit to the Mesaba range.

Mrs. W. Coon and children left Thursday morning for Chicago, where they expect to visit a few days before leaving for Des Moines, Iowa.

Gust Strand came in Wednesday from the logging camp on Lake Vermilion, where he has been employed during the winter.

Miss Malville Hill entertained a few young friends Thursday afternoon in honor of her seventh birthday. Games furnished amusement and all present report an enjoyable time.

Mrs. A. D. Fuller, who has been seriously ill for the past several weeks, is reported convalescent.

N. J. Benson was in Little Fork several days this week, looking after business interests. He returned Thursday afternoon.

M. C. Woodard, of the Tower Lumber company, was a Duluth visitor Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

John Mahody went to Rice river Monday in response to news of his father's illness. Mr. Mahody's health being somewhat improved he came to this city Wednesday.

Mrs. Williams came up from Hibbing Wednesday evening to look after her property here. She returned yesterday.

Mrs. L. Bentson entertained a number of lady friends Wednesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Mrs. B. Horovitz of Ely.

Miss Addie Phillips, of Ely, who has spent the past ten days here, the guest of Miss Ada Tippet returned home Thursday evening.

G. W. Holkcom, of Ely, was here on business Thursday between trains.

Capt. Morcom returned Thursday night from a short business visit in the Zenith City.

C. N. Sanford, of the Standard Oil company, was here from Duluth Tuesday looking after the agency at this place.

John Brostrom expects to leave Monday for a short visit to the coast in search of a suitable place to move his family.

Dan Healy, the lumberman, was a visitor in our city last Saturday.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church will give a luncheon next Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. J. Jalley. Every is invited.

J. H. Sullivan was a business visitor in Duluth Monday looking after business having gone down Wednesday to prove up on a homestead.

The members of the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church are making arrangements for a social and supper to be given about May 15.

Mrs. J. N. Burgess entertained the members of the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. A. Cameron and baby came up from Biwabik Wednesday noon for a short visit with relatives. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Mary Ericson, Eastwood, Minn., who will remain here.

Dick Nicholas left Saturday for Eveleth where he has secured employment. He was accompanied to Allen Junction by Miss Marie Wedmark, who returned the same evening.

The Tower Lumber company's mill here is shut down for repairs Wednesday. It is expected that about a month's time will be needed to make the necessary repairs.

Jalmer Pearson has this week moved his family into the cottage on North Third street, which he recently purchased.

Fred Neff came down from Ely Thursday for a few days' visit with his family here.

Gust Strand, wife, and daughter left yesterday morning for a few days' visit with friends on the Mesaba range.

Johnny Grady leaves Monday for the Mesaba range where he will remain if suitable employment can be found.

Mrs. Messenger still continues seriously ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. M. Nevel.

John Purdy left Thursday noon for Ely where he visited friends, returning home today.

About twenty couples enjoyed a dancing party at the opera house last night. Messrs. Taylor & Atkins furnished the music and a pleasant time is reported by all present.

Rev. O. Hanson, of Virginia, conducted divine service at the Swedish Lutheran church last Sunday morning, returning to Virginia Monday.

The local faculty of teachers of the public schools are making arrangements for a grand ball to be given April 29 at the city opera house for the benefit of the piano fund. La Brosse orchestra of Duluth will furnish music.

CALUMET

Calumet, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the annual meeting of the Christ Episcopal church the following were elected officers: George Onsworth, senior warden; Charles Perry, junior warden; J. H. Lathrop, clerk; L. J. Sherherd, treasurer; George Jacka, Isaiah Amos, John Josey, Arthur Mernery, Joseph Biscomb and William Newton, vestrymen. The officers of St. Margaret's guild of the church have also been elected, who are the following: President, Mrs. H. H. Spalding; vice president, Mrs. George Onsworth; second vice president, Mrs. S. Daniell; treasurer, Mrs. J. Varson; secretary, Mrs. John Kilty.

Dan Holland, of Railroad street, died Friday evening of cancer of the stomach. He was 69 years of age and leaves a wife and four grown-up children. He was in the employ of the Calumet & Hecla company for 20 years and it has been claimed by some that he fired the first hole in the opening of the property. The funeral, which was a large one, was held from the Sacred Heart church Monday morning, with interment at Lakeview.

John Hancock has gone to Bisbee to locate.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Michael Raczor, a boy.

At the Calumet M. E. church parsonage the Rev. W. B. Coombs solemnized the marraige of Miss Katherine Jackson, of Delaware, and Thos. Morgan, of Phoenix.

Mat Coupish, of South Rearsarge, while stepping into an ascending skip, missed his footing and was caught between the skip and the timber. He was taken to the Tamarack hospital and it was found that his side and back were badly crushed and his arm broken. He was in extreme pain and died late Friday night. The accident occurred at the ninth level of No. 1 shaft. Coupish was 35 years of age and leaves a wife and two children in Austria. He was a member of the St. Joseph's and St. Rock's societies, the members of which attended the funeral Sunday afternoon from the St. John's Croatian church.

The Fins of Calumet have organized what will be known as the Finnish Play company. The following are the officers of the company: A. Koisthaen, president; Minnie Kangas, vice president; John Baritonen, secretary; Mary Talkala, assistant secretary; Gideyn Niemi, treasurer; Mary Mikkola, director; Samord Mustonen. The object of the society is to give plays for the benefit of the Finnish home, which is to be built this summer.

The gymnastic exhibition at the Y. M. C. A. was one of the best ever given in Calumet. The Calumet Temperance band furnished the music and about 250 witnessed the exhibition. The calesthenics drill, in which 30 young men moved as one, in the exercises, greatly pleased the spectators and elicited a hearty applause. Not only the horse work, but also the spring board high jump and the parallel bar work held the attention of the people throughout, and showed the careful training of the participants.

G. W. Hegemen, father of Mrs. A. Lincoln Shear, died late Saturday night of pneumonia. He was a native of Hudson, N. Y., and was 74 years of age. A short service was held at the house Monday by Rev. D. Stalker, after which the Rev. A. Lincoln Shear left with the body, for Hudson, N. Y., where interment will take place.

Andrew Salo and Miss Anna Palso were united in marriage Saturday evening at the home of the bride at Laurium.

Isaac Fogman, who has been attendant 13 years at the Calumet & Hecla hospital, has resigned his position and gone to Seattle, Wash., where he has bought some land.

Wednesday evening, April 20, will be the culmination of the efforts of the Young Ladies' league of the Sacred Heart church, who have been practicing for some time to give the play, "The Young Ladies' Single Blessedness Debating Society." The play will be given in two scenes at the Sacred Heart hall.

At the annual meeting of the Red Jacket council Monday evening the following appointments were made: Chief of police, Ted Trudell; night police, D. D. Murphy and Joseph Puhek; street commissioner, Alexander Ethier Sr.; attorney, J. J. McDonald; electrician, Joseph Paull; engineer, C. Pepper; assistant, James MacNamara; janitor fire hall, H. P. Larson; janitor town hall, Charles Jewett; fire warden, H. P. Larson; health officer, D. McNaughton; superintendent of sewers and water works, Phil Sheridan. Council committees, finance and ordinance, Messrs. Vivian, Wickstrom and McLean; streets, sewers and sidewalks, Knivel and McHardy; fire and water, Messrs McLean, Knivel and McHardy; building and public works, Messrs. Wickstrom, Gasperech and McLean; water board, Messrs. Trudell, Kaiser and Sheridan; board of health, Messrs. McNaughton, Trudell and Gasperech.

Adolph Golden, of Chicago, is visiting with Charles Frink, of Laurium.

Miss Lena Brouse, of Lake Linden, is the new nurse at the Northern Michigan general hospital.

A. F. Rosenburger has gone to British Columbia.

The marriage of Miss Angeline Gedda to Martin Clagne, was solemnized Tuesday morning at the St. Mary's Italian Catholic church, by the Rev. Father Molinari.

S. P. Loch has completed a deal with the owners of the Central House, whereby he will, for the next five years, manage both the Taylor and the Central house as one hotel. A hallway is being cut through over Dun Bros.' saloon, which joins the two buildings.

John McLean, for several years agent for the Metropolitan Insurance company in the locality, has gone to Marquette to take the position of assistant superintendent of that district.

Considerable interest is being manifested by the physics students at the high school just now in wireless telegraphy. Wednesday morning Prof. Golseth had one of the juniors, Roy Swinton, arrange the apparatus, and in the recitation waves were registered by the receiver placed a distance of 25 feet from the transmitter. The deciding point, however, was the experiment plainly heard and the experiment proved very successful, making more plain the Marconi system of telegraphy.

The twenty-voiced choir of the Episcopal church of the Christ Child will give the following special program of song tomorrow evening: Processional, "Praise Ye the Father;" anthem, "Christ Our Passover." Chant: gloria in excelsis, Calch Simper; Magnificat, W. Crotch; Nunc Dimittis, R. Langdon; anthem, "Christ the Lord is Risen Today," H. Hager; solo, "Blessed Are They," Dudley Buck; "Nearer to Thee," (Dudley Buck), A. E. Kneebone; Offertory anthem, "O, Be Joyful," Dudley Buck; presentation, "Let Your Light So Shine," G. C. Martin; recessional, "Come Ye Faithful." The soloists are Master Homer Fern, Miss Emma Spitz and Messis. A. E. Kneebone, Joseph F. Glasson and Joseph H. Bennett.

Mrs. Lutzen, a sprinkler in No. 2 shaft cabinet, was killed and horribly mangled by the skip somewhere between the eighteenth and the twelfth levels, late Tuesday night. He was 32 years of age and leaves a wife and family of six small children. He was a member of the N. P. L., and the lodge of Eagles.

At a meeting of the Laurium council Monday evening the following officers and committees were elected: Marshall and street commissioner, Thomas Drake; night watchmen, B. Barsanto and Kean; night watchmen, B. Barsanto and Kean; village attorney, William Wars; village attorney, William R. Oats; health officer, Dr. McQueen; members of board of health, Paul Boehm and John Stetter; members of water board, Peter Charrier, John Stetter and Thomas Drapeau; superintendent of sewers and plumbing, John Stetter; janitors and plumbing, John Stetter; janitor, James C. Miller; engineer, Frend C. Hohlew, W. H. Thielman and J. P. Mcdonald; fire warden, W. S. Smed. Bonds of the treasurer, $15,000; water secretary, $2000; clerk, $500; marshal, $500. Finance committee—Downing, Anderson and Primodig; street and alley committee—Rochm, Anderson and Mcleod; fire and water committee, McLellan; fire and water committee, McLellan; Bessalo and Frimodig; sewer and drainage—Roehm, Anderson and McLellan; special assessors—Frimodig, Bessalo and Anderson; property and buildings—Downing, Bessalo and Rochm. President pro tem, Roehm.

Martin Margarle, a timber boss at No. 2 shaft, Calumet, was struck by falling rock and received a broken arm and bruised back while at work at the forty-second level. He was taken to the Calumet & Hecla hospital.

NEW DULUTH

New Duluth, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—A party of young people from West Duluth spent a very pleasant evening at the Maccabee hall Friday. The party was given by Miss Ila Kenney and Frank Speckien.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Mahoney went to Smithville Saturday to stay until Wednesday with Mrs. Mahoney's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Brink.

Mrs. L. S. McKay and Miss Lorette McKay returned home Saturday from a two weeks' visit with Mrs. McKay's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Herbert, of Barnum.

Rev. Knudsen went to Willow River Saturday to hold services there Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Mahoney and Miss Ethel Mahoney spent Sunday with friends in West Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Domm went to Duluth Friday evening to attend a dance there.

Mrs. Frank Mehlhorn, of Stillwater, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson.

Dan Moore went to Nickerson, Saturday, to hold services Sunday.

Rev. Knudsen went to Eveleth Tuesday to attend the meeting of the Presbytery.

H. C. Dash, of Duluth, was a caller in New Duluth Sunday.

Miss Smith, Miss Wilner and Miss Miller attended teachers' meeting at the Duluth High school Saturday.

Melvin Becklinger transacted business in Duluth Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Joseph Wege and Miss Maude Wege went to Cass Lake Tuesday, to spend the summer with Mrs. Wege's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Phelps.

Martin Wedlund and Albert Anderson, of Duluth, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Olson.

Mr. and Mrs. Christensen, of Duluth, are the guests of Mr. Christensen's brother, this week.

Fred Rankin, of West Duluth, visited Mr. and Mrs. James Salter Saturday.

The Lady Maccabees gave a very pleasant surprise party at the Maccabee hall Saturday evening, for Mrs. Joseph Wege. While the ladies were having a royal time they were surprised by their husbands and friends. The evening was spent in dancing and all present report a most delightful time. Mrs. Wege was presented with a beautiful salad dish. Refreshments were served. Those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames. Otto Krueger, Charles Wills, S. S. McKay, Elias Berger, J. Duclett, C. Gustavson, J. Lockhart, Noaelll, William Milien, Joseph Wege and Joseph Rutter; Mesdames Dardis, Salter, Reindl, Knudsen, Becklinger, Bartz and Jacobson; Miss Anna Wilson, Messrs. Frank Brand, Charles Strand, Paul Sheff, Jack Lockhart, John Berger, Byron Karn, Mike Noaelll, James Salter, Frank Wacha and John Delaney.

Peter Seiler and John Seiler, of Duluth, are spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Nashcovitz.

Miss Gertrude Hanson went to Duluth Saturday to visit her sister, Mrs Billings.

Miss Sophie Olson, of Duluth, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Peter Olson.

George Gilbertson, Peter Olson and Frank Noaelll transacted business in Duluth Tuesday.

The Thompson furniture factory shut down Saturday night for a couple of weeks for repairs.

J. F. Meelh and Harry Archer, of Superior, were business callers in New Duluth Wednesday.

Miss Essie McKay went to Barnum Thursday to visit her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Herbert.

Mr. Louis Larson, chief engineer of the Duluth schools, and Captain Stevens, of Duluth, called at the Stowe school Thursday.

Mrs. I. J. Mahoney and Mrs. W. H. Miller and Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Messer spent Thursday in Duluth.

Mrs. A. D. Mahoney was elected chancellor at the meeting of the Royal Neighbors Wednesday evening.

The Lady Maccabees gave a banquet Thursday evening, after their meeting, in honor of Mrs. Frank Mehlhorn, of Stillwater.

MESABA

Mesaba, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. Wallace was in Tower on business last week.

Louie Kelling was in town from the Molman's Tuesday.

A very enjoyable time was had at a surprise party and dance given last Saturday evening for Miss Bertha Norman, it being her birthday.

Martin Wedlund and Fabien Gibeau James M. Frink and Miss Maude were out from the Molmans Sunday.

Little Harry Anderson cut two fingers very badly with a butcher knife Monday.

BEMIDJI

Bemidji, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. A. L. Bemer, of this city, is having a 45-foot keel boat built in St. Paul, with which he will make trips in the World's fair at St. Louis. The boat will be fitted up with cabins and will be capable of carrying fifteen people. The first party will leave Bemidji June 20.

W. L. Palmer has as his guest his mother, Mrs. F. L. Palmer, of Grand Rapids.

Miss Beulah Brannon is home from Minneapolis where she has been visiting for several weeks.

Dr. Merrison has returned from a business trip to Duluth and Minneapolis.

Myron and Ethel Plummer have returned to their home in Grand Rapids after a several days' visit with relatives in Bemidji.

The Bemidji string orchestra gave a dancing party Friday evening which was very enjoyable. About sixty couples were present.

Mrs. George A. Tanner, left Saturday morning for a two weeks' visit with relatives in Little Falls.

Rev. Frank Higgins and family left last Saturday morning for Minneapolis, where they will make their future home. As soon as his family are settled, Mr. Higgins will leave for the East on a lecture tour in connection with his work as missionary to the lumber camps of Northern Minnesota.

W. N. Bowser left Monday for the markets of Chicago and New York on a stock buying trip. He will be gone several weeks.

Mrs. Rowland Gilmore entertained the Ladies' guild of the Episcopal church on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. P. J. Russell and children have returned from a visit with relatives at Trayton, N. D.

A. E. Smith left this week fo Washington and Oregan.

The Ladies' Reading circle met at the home of Mrs. E. E. McDonald Monday afternoon. Mrs. Murch gave a paper on "Rockefeller" and Mrs. Marcum gave a character sketch of Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

At the regular meeting of the school board Saturday afternoon, Miss Adelia Bright was elected principal of the high school and the Misses Miller, Alice, and McLennan were elected for the primary department.

D. O'LEARY'S CASH GROCERY,

15 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

DULUTH'S ORIGINAL MAIL ORDER HOUSE

We can save you money on your Grocery Supplies—The most complete stock in Duluth, and prices always the lowest.

IN BUYING GROCERIES IN QUANTITIES, ALWAYS GET OUR PRICES

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES ALWAYS ON HAND.

We give this part of our business special attention and always quote prices that will save you money.

Oranges, choice fruit, per box $2.00
Apples, good stock, per bbl. $3.00
Dry Onions, per cwt. ---- $2.00
Potatoes, per bushel ---- $1.10
Turnips, per bushel ---- 60c
Carrots, Beets, Parsnips, Cabbage, Etc.
New Cabbage, per lb ---- 5c
Strawberries at lowest market price.

CANNED GOODS.

Corn, per dozen ---- $1.00
Tomatoes, per dozen ---- 90c
Peas, per dozen ---- 80c
All good values.
Pears, per dozen 90c, $1.10, $1.50
Plums, per dozen ---- $1.00, $1.50
Peaches, per dozen ---- $1.00, $1.25, $1.50
Apricots, per dozen ---- $1.10, $1.40, $1.60
Pumpkin, 3 lb. cans, per doz.- 85c
Baked Beans, 3 lb. cans, per dozen ---- 90c
Corn Beef, 3 lb. cans, per dozen ---- $2.25

EXTRACTS—Lemon, Vanilla, Etc., quart bottles ---- 75c
Salt, 10c sack ---- 5c
Macaroni, per lb ---- 5c

GALLON GOODS.

Apples, per dozen ---- $2.40
Apricots, per dozen ---- $4.50
Pears, per dozen ---- 3.95
Sliced Peaches, per dozen ---- $5.65
String Beans, per dozen ---- $3.35
Pumpkin, per dozen ---- $2.40
Rhubarb, per dozen ---- $2.65
Tomatoes, per dozen ---- $2.85
Catsup, each ---- 40c
Catsup in barrel, per gallon ---- 28c
Table Sauce, per gallon ---- 70c
Pickles, per gallon ---- 20c
Pickles in casks of 50 gallons, each ---- $8.75
Sweet Pickles, per gallon ---- 50c

Mince Meat in kegs, per lb ---- 6c
Coffee, per lb ---- 10c, 12c, 15c, 19c, 22c
Try our coffees and you will always buy them.

SOAP.

Swift's, per box of 100 bars- $1.85
Lana Oil Toilet Soap, per box-- 20c per dozen ---- 75c

TEA—we sell a good Jap in chests or half chests at per lb ---- 21c
Rice, broken, per lb ---- 3½c
Rice, good Jap, per lb ---- 6c
Rice, fancy Carolina, per lb ---- 7c
Hams in crates, per lb ---- 11½c
Bacon, per lb ---- 12c
Butter, all kinds and prices always right.
Navy Beans, choice stock, per bushel ---- $2.25
Navy Beans, No. 2, per bu. --$1.75

DRIED FRUIT.

The cleanest and best stock in the city.

Prunes, per lb ----3½c, 5c and 7c
Peaches, per lb ----7c, 9c and 11c
Pears, per lb ---- 7c
Apples, per lb ---- 7c

Crackers, in box lots—
Sodas, per lb ---- 5½c and 7c
Sweet Crackers, per lb ---- 8c
Cinnamon, Cloves, Allspice, Pepper, Mustard, etc. in 5 lb. boxes, per lb ---- 17c
Baking Powder, in bulk, per lb. 5c
Baking Powder, 5 lb. cans ---- 60c
Saleratus, 1 lb. packages ---- 5c
Maple Flavored Syrup, per gal. 50c

perintendent the putting in of the boilers at the plant of the Bemidji Brewing company.

H. E. Mark, of Fosston, visited Bemidji friends Tuesday.

Dr. Gilmore has returned from Crookston.

Mrs. E. J. Manley, of Waco, Mont., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. J. J. Gable.

Judge Spooner went to St. Paul Tuesday morning on business.

The Ladies' Library association gave a public opening of the library Wednesday evening. The meeting was held in the court room at the court house and was addressed by Miss Baldwin, state librarian, Miss Torrance, Mrs. Brooks, Mrs. Spooner and Mrs. Bowser composed the reception committee and Mesdames John Bailey McDonald and Murch had charge of the refreshments.

James Jurrand, manager of the Journal Press of St. Cloud, was the guest of his brother, B. J. Jurrand, Wednesday.

A son was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. Matt Phillips.

Dr. Watkins of the Missouia hospital, was the guest of Dr. Morrison Tuesday.

Father T. J. Gibbons, D. D., of St. Paul, is the guest of his parents in this city for a few days.

Rev. Allen Clarke, has gone to Sandstead near Tenstrike, to remain for several weeks.

A daughter was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. Joe La Frauze.

NEGAUNEE

Negaunee, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senior class of the local high school will not publish an annual this year as has been the custom for the past few years. The class of 1904 will consist of about twelve members. Preparations are already under way for commencement.

The first of a series of dancing lessons and private hops, which were so popular last winter, was held at Cyr's hall last night.

Andrew Erickson has rented the storerooms in the Quinn block recently vacated by Max Herschwotz, and will remove his business from its present quarters in the Shiolin block thereto.

Miss Kate Reilly is filling a vacancy in the corps of teachers at Republic, occasioned by the illness of Miss Agnes La Moon.

H. E. Atkinson, a resident of Negaunee in the early '70s, and who later resided at Michigamme, where he conducted a drug business, recently passed away at Harbor Springs, Emmet Co., Mich. He is survived by a widow and five daughters.

Miss Ida M. Argall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Argall, of this city, was married at Hancock recently to Thomas James of that city.

Morgan Conway left last Sunday evening for Chicago en route for China, where he will be employed on a diamond drill contract taken by the Sullivan Machinery company of Chicago.

News has been received here of the death by accident of Mrs. John Rosiveau, who left here last December with her husband for Morenier, Graham county, Ariz. Charles Rosweare, of this city, is a brother of the bereaved husband.

Dan Sullivan and Catherine Boyd, both of this city were married in Marquette last week.

Chief E. G. Jackson was at the Soo the early part of the week securing quarters for the Negaunee fire department at the approaching tournament.

Mrs. Hugo G. Mink and son William are visiting friends in Norway, Mich.

Willis McGuire, an employe in the Cleveland-Cliffs company's office here for some time, has gone to Bisbee, to take a position with Calumet & Arizona company.

Edward Harrington left this week for Michigamme to engage in diamond drill work for the Niagara Mining company.

The fine brownstone business block at Munising owned by Ferguson brothers, the lumber dealers, has been sold to the Munising State Bank. The consideration is not made known.

It is not unlikely that the French societies in this county will not participate in the celebration at Ironwood this year, but will celebrate here Midsummer day.

Michael Connelly, of Ishpeming, won the first place in the upper peninsula oratorical contest held at Marquette Friday evening, April 8. His subject was "The American Pioneer." John Shields, Jr., of Hancock, was awarded the second place. He spoke of "Aaron Burr." Miss Cora Oberdorf, of Stephenson, took for her subject the "Louisiana Purchase," and was ranked third.

Judge J. W. Stone has returned to his home in Marquette after a month's sojourn in the South.

Frank Sharon, who has been to Milwaukee on business for several days has returned.

Fred LaVinge, a young man about 28 years of age died last Sunday night at Escanaba, a victim of typhoid, which has been prevailing in that city for some time past owing to the poor drinking water. Mr. LaVinge was well known in this city having worked at Nikaudter's drug store, as a druggist, for about two years before removing to Escanaba. He was married to Miss Dagmar Anderson, of this city about a year ago. He was buried Wednesday morning at Escanaba. Henry Anderson, father of Mrs. LaVinge, Carrie Johnson, Olgo Anderson and a brother of the deceased, who live in Marquette, were some of the among the out-of-town attendants at the funeral.

Barney McNally, superintendent of the gas plant, is seriously ill at his residence.

At a meeting of the Finnish voters of the city held Sunday night in the Finnish Temperance society's hall it was decided to endorse Alfred Williamson for a position on the police force. A committee was appointed to advise the council of the action taken on the part of the Finnish voters.

Ed. Barabee left Wednesday night for Chicago enroute for Philadelphia to resume his work at the university. His wife will remain here for some time, visiting her father Nicholas Laughlin.

John Mallett, another of Negaunee's early settlers, has passed away. He died Monday morning, after ailing for over two years, occasioned by an injury to one of his knees. Mr. Mulvey was born at Carrick, Ireland, in 1832 and came to this country in 1851, residing first at Detroit for about a year, then coming to Upper Peninsula, where he has resided continuously for the past forty-nine years. He ranked among Negaunee's most successful business men and was engaged in taking contracts for stripping and open pit mining. He owned one of the largest and best business blocks in the city, in addition to other valuable real estate. He served several city, county and municipal offices during his life. He was representative from the Second district of Marquette county in the state legislature and was once mayor, alderman and supervisor of this city. He is survived by a wife and two brothers. The funeral was held Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock from the St. Paul's church and was very largely attended.

The Upper Peninsula Firemen's association will hold its annual tournament at the Soo this year, Aug. 9, 10, and 11. The date was decided upon at a recent meeting of the officers.

H. E. Devine, F. T. Donahoe and W. R. St. Clair, all of Ishpeming, F. B. Goodman, of Shingleton, and William Pascoe, of Republic, are among the Marquette county members of the Michigan College of Mines' class of 1904.

The several women's literary clubs of Marquette city are thinking of organizing into one club.

The annual assembly of the Lake Superior district of the Methodist church was held Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week at Ishpeming. Over 100 ministers and delegates from all parts of the north country were present. Sessions were held during the day and evening at the Division street Methodist church and were well attended by the local church-goers, as well.

The Michigan College of Mines Glee and Mandolin clubs were greeted by a large audience at the Ishpeming theater, Wednesday evening. Many from Negaunee were in attendance and extra street cars were necessary to accommodate the crowds attending the concert and the Methodist conference held at Ishpeming on the same night. The concert was for the benefit of the Ishpeming High School Athletic association, and those in attendance were highly pleased with the entertainment.

The Miners' National Bank of Ishpeming is now a member of the Michigan Bankers' association.

Mrs. Fred LaVinge, whose husband died last Sunday night as mentioned above, came up from Escanaba Thursday morning and in the future will make her home with her father, Henry Anderson.

Ernest Klein will be admitted into the dry goods firm of Rosen Bros. May 1, when it will be reorganized, the firm has been established in this city about five years. Mr. Klein has been with the concern about four years in the capacity of manager. The new firm name has not yet been decided on.

Miss Lulu Pearce and A. J. Carr, of Marquette, were married Thursday morning, and left directly for the South on a wedding trip. Miss Pearce is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Pearce, Case street.

Mrs. George Willet, of Lake Linden, is visiting friends in the city.

The new machinery for the municipal lighting station has not yet arrived. It is expected almost daily now and the improvements at the plant are expected to be completed by the latter part of May. J. H. Sanders, of the Central Construction, Oskosh, is in charge of the work.

Dr. B. J. Miller was down to Escanaba Wednesday, attending the funeral of the late Fred La Vinge.

The light and power commission of Marquette city, Wednesday, let the contract for the generator and other equipment for the lighting station to the Westinghouse Electric company.

Samuel Redfern, of the Cleveland Cliffs company, who has been in the West for four or five weeks, has returned home.

GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids, April 16.—T. J. Carroll, cashier of the First State bank of Deer River, who has been sick in the hospital here for several weeks is improving slowly and is believed to be out of danger.

Miss Alice Tyndall was entertained by twelve of her friends on Thursday evening of last week in honor of her sixteenth birthday.

Mrs. L. M. Bolter has returned from Minneapolis where she has been since the death of her sister, Mrs. W. Palutzke. The latter's little daughter returned with Mrs. Bolter and will make her home here.

Mrs. Gamache, the mother of the Rev. C. V. Gamache of Hibbing and Mrs. Stanley Isaacs, of Minneapolis, who is a Lacrosse, were guests of Mrs. W. E. Martin during the week.

The Woodmen ball which was to have been given at the village hall Thursday night, has been postponed for one week.

James Ryan, who has been arrested for embezzling money from Charles Allbee and who got away from the city marshal a few days ago, has been captured at Swan River and brought back.

The Agricultural society will hold a meeting on next Monday evening.

Mrs. D. M. Gunn is visiting in Brainerd.

John Anderson of Split Hand was adjudged insane by a probate court last Wednesday and was taken to Fergus Falls on the night train of the same day.

Superintendent of Schools Hattie F. Booth visited the schools along the road and the Rosen Lumber company last week.

The wedding of Miss Alice Pougore and William C. LaCroix, both of Deer River took place at the home of the bride's parents at Prince's Minn., on Wednesday, last. The parties are both prominent Deer River people. The bride has for two years been a school teacher in Deer River and is a sister of Mrs. Archie Stephenson and William and Robert Pourpore.

Three hoboes, Joseph Williams, William Clancey and Harry Reeves, spent Monday in the village selling cigars in box lots. Later on they got into a dispute as to the proper distribution of the swag and Clancey slashed Williams with a razor, cutting his hand badly. Clancey was sentenced by Justice McEwan to jail for thirty days and the other two were given ten days.

HIBBING

Hibbing, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joseph Zant is devoting the basement of his large hotel for club rooms. The clubhouse will have a first-class gymnasium equipment.

S. R. Kirby, cashier in the First National bank, visited Duluth on Friday.

Mrs. O. B. Warren, of Sellers street, went down to Duluth Friday, where she will visit friends for some time.

Mrs. Mulligan, of Eveleth, spent a few days in town the first of the week with old friends.

Attorney Martin Hughes visited in Ashland, Wis., his former home, during the week.

Mrs. Peter Wring entertained Miss Nellie Mahoney, of Virginia, a few days this week.

Mrs. Frank Ainsley at Hotel Superior has visiting her at present Miss Mabel Wall, of Sparta.

Arnold Caron left on Monday on a business trip to Minneapolis.

Nashwauk is making a desperate effort to have a new road made from that place to Stephenson, where connections can there be made with the road to Hibbing.

John M. Rooney, late of Cass Lake, and later still of Escanaba, Mich., is soon to leave our city and take up his abode in Superior, Wis., Mr. Rooney has been promoted by the Great Northern Railway company to train master of the Eastern section of the company's road.

Miss Rose Dorf, of Chisholm, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Rev. Carl J. Anderson, of Menominie, Wis., presiding elder of the Swedish branch of the Methodist Episcopal church, was here on Wednesday, and that evening held a public service and quarterly conference at the local church on Superior street. Rev. Gust Tapper is pastor.

Superintendent William Wearne, who opened up the Winnipeg mine last year, but has been a resident of Duluth all winter, returned with his wife to make their home here for the summer.

Thomas S. Sullivan, attorney, was a guest with friends in Duluth over Sunday.

Rev. John Truedsen, of the Swedish Lutheran church, is to be one of the speakers at the Duluth district mission, to be held in Superior, Wis., April 26 and 27.

Rev. William West, of the local Presbyterian church, attended the sessions of the Duluth presbytery held on Tuesday and Wednesday at Eveleth.

Mrs. Fred Twitchell spent Sunday with friends in Duluth.

Dr. H. Morcom, of Tower, spent Saturday in town the guest of Mr. Williams.

Mrs. George E. Wells returned on Saturday after enjoying a week with relatives in West Duluth.

Miss Annie Rowland, of Mahoning street, is spending a week visiting friends at her former home, Cass Lake.

Mrs. Daub, of Grand Rapids, Minn., is a guest of Mrs. Claude Atkinson's this week, on Mahoning street.

Superintendent E. F. Bradt, of the Leonard mine, went down to Duluth Tuesday on business.

Daniel McEachin, of the big Itasca store, was in Duluth Tuesday.

R. F. Burdie returned on Monday from an extended trip South.

Thomas F. Brady, municipal judge, is making extensive preparations in conjunction with baseball men for a first-class team. Hibbing possesses considerable good material and the citizens fully expect this year's team to come up to the average of other years.

Mrs. C. W. Arthur is spending a week visiting her friend, Mrs. Harry Williams in Duluth.

E. F. Remer and E. M. Clark, both left on Wednesday on a business trip to Duluth.

Rev. C. A. Gamache, pastor of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, on Superior street, was on Wednesday one of the speakers at Saint James church in West Duluth.

The range teachers met in convention at the high school, Friday and Saturday, April 15 and 16. All the range towns being represented. J. W. Klinker, superintendent of the local schools, and A. T. Park, county superintendent, assisted by the local teachers, did all i their power to entertain the visitors while in our city.

Jos. Kleffman, of the Lewis Mining company, went down to Duluth Friday on business for the company.

The public schools reopened on Monday after the spring vacation.

Rev. Carl D. Thompson, who delivered a lecture here last summer, will lecture here again in the near future on Socialism.

Miss Addie Van Blarcom and Mrs. Harry Thomas spent Saturday in Duluth on business.

Dr. S. S. Blackesck, of the Rood hospital staff, spent Saturday in Eveleth.

Mr. and Mrs. Corey, of Mahoning street, Miss Fitzpatrick and Miss Marshall attended the Masonic ball given at Eveleth Thursday.

Edward Brown spent a few days in Eveleth the guest of friends at the Fayal mine.

F. G. Jewett spent a day this week calling on his old friends in Duluth.

M. Pastoret, of the Pastoret Hardware company, was in Duluth this week making some spring purchases.

Mrs. J. B. Boucher, of Center street, spent a few days during the week with friends in Duluth.

S. G. Plummer, of the Pillsbury mine, transacted business in Duluth on Tuesday.

O. B. Warren, late superintendent of the old Penobscot mine, contemplates erecting in the near future a fine residence on Sellers street, opposite the residence of Superintendent W. H. Downing.

Miss Rose Karon, of Eveleth, visited with her brothers here on Monday.

Miss Ethel Bernstein left on Tuesday for her home in Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Lewis, of Buhl, visited with friends here on Monday.

TWO HARBORS

Two Harbors, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—R. H. Newell, of the Newell and Newell Land Exchange, of Carlton, Minn., was in town this week on business.

The young ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church will give a basket social next Wednesday evening, the 20th inst., in the basement of their church.

It is reported that Pitcher Ed Carey, who played with the local ball team last year, will pitch for the West Duluth team this season.

The county commissioners at their last meeting received a petition from voters of the town of Beaver Bay, asking that that township be divided. The town of Beaver Bay to include "that portion of range 8, lying and being south of the town line, which separates town 62 from 63," and the new township to be named Crystal Bay, and to include "that portion of ranges 6 and 7," lying south of the same line. Referred applications of M. McLeod and of William Hipke for liquor license. Granted Charles Anderson, of Knife River, renewal of liquor license and accepted his bond of $2000 with P. S. Anneke and F. Frerker as sureties. Account of the accumulation of more money than necessary in the county interest fund. Transferred $2300 from it to the revenue fund. Entered into contract with N. Frechero to build temorary vault at rear of Fourth avenue school building for use of county at $545. Allowed bills amounting to $1005.15. Adjourned until Tuesday, April 26, when a special meeting will be held.

The tug Edna G is being overhauled and put in condition for the season's business. The White line steamer is still frozen in at Baldwin, where she has been all winter, and will probably be refitted here also, and commence her north shore trips as soon as the lake opens.

T. A. Feiter has gone to Spokane, Wash., where he will locate.

It is rumored that the first ore hauling will be commenced the last of the month to fill the docks before the opening of navigation; the capacity of the docks being about 160,000 tons.

C. Weathers, who was employed as brakeman on the Duluth & Iron Range road last season, has moved to Sioux City, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, where he has secured a position.

Harry Symons has returned from Cumberland, Md., where he recently went to work for the Baltimore & Ohio railway. He did not like the country.

M. Peterson is enlarging his store on Cedar street.

The Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing company have let a contract to George Spurbeck for the building of a warehouse 40 by 60 feet, on the wharf at Crystal Bay, for storing their product for shipment.

Rev. H. F. Glet attended the spring meeting of the Duluth presbytery at Eveleth this week.

The lectures "Misconception of Socialism" and "Socialism Defined," by Rev. Carl D. Thompson, of Nebraska, at the Opera house Thursday and Friday evening called forth crowded houses. Mr. Thompson proved an excellent speaker and his talk created a good impression.

The shipments of pulpwood, ties and posts through here the past week has been about 100 carloads per day, but there is again a blockade at some of the paper mills and shipments will be reduced again, in consequence. Many of the small shippers have about cleaned up their stocks.

Mile 38, Colvin & but P. Drummond at Mile 36, Colvin & Cloquet Tie and Post company and Duluth Logging company, Hornby, are among those who still have a large amount to send forward.

T. McCarthy returned this week from Fulton, Ky., where he has been working during the winter. E. Evans and W. W. Edwards have resigned their positions hereand will remain at Memphis, Tenn., where they are working for the Illinois Central railway.

Conductor A. S. Alter is raising some homing pigeons and will try them this summer between the range towns and this place, taking them up when on his train and liberating them.

Landlord F. P. Lally, of the Ideal hotel and sister, Mrs. J. Kinsella, were called to Chicago this week by the illness of a relative.

The ice fields in the lake still remain unbroken, but the ice is thin along the shores. There is open water reported at Beaver Bay, thirty-five miles from here, but there are ice floes also.

The insurance companies have settled with the county for the recent court house fire, paying $5000 for the building and $1368 for the furniture destroyed.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Fitch have gone to Hot Springs, Ark., for a short vacation.

Mrs. Joseph Galarneau is reported seriously ill at her home on Third avenue.

President F. E. House, of Duluth, was in town Tuesday, looking over business matters.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway are now forwarding about thirty carloads of pulpwood and ties and 100 carloads of logs per day from off their line, but expect to reduce shipments about May 1.

F. McQuade has moved his family here from Duluth.

J. C. Towne has gone to Waldo to work a few weeks. Hans Hansen relieving him at the Duluth Siding office.

The first ball game of the season is scheduled for tomorrow, between the Retail Clerks' club and a picked team from the North Side of town.

Mrs. M. O. Aubolee is visiting with relatives in the southern part of the state.

William Adams, a log loader, well known in this section, died Friday last, at one of the Nester camps, on Gooseberry river, of heart failure. His remains were brought here and buried by the authorities, they being unable to locate any of his relatives.

G. Salverson has gone to Lakewood to work, until the opening of the ore season.

Mainly routine business occupied the attention of the village council Monday evening. Bill of $5 presented by John Strom for work at new pump house was disallowed and Mr. Strom referred to Crowley Electric company for settlement. Salary of Charles Rosen as watchman at old power plant was set at $40 per month. Request of R. F. Irwin for reinstatement as fireman at the power station was refused, it appearing that applicant was not in accord with the chief engineer, and that the present incumbents. Thomas Floothe and John McDonald were giving satisfaction. In reference to village lock-up the committee presented plans for a one-story brick building 25 by 40 feet, to contain three cells, at rear, and a corridor separating them from three rooms in front of the latter to be used as court and council chamber. A committee room, and an office for village water and light collector. It was stated that the necessary iron work for doors and windows for jail could be procured from the county at a small cost. The building to be erected on rear of village property, near Second avenue fire hall, and so arranged that a larger addition can be built any time needed. The building being a necessity as the village is without a lock-up, the committee was instructed to secure regular specifications, etc., for same, and bids for construction will soon be asked for. Bids for burning garbage ground were opened and found as follows: L. W. Anderson and Herman Anderson, $80; Charles Sodarzerg, $78; Louis Hohn, $69.75. The letting of contract was deferred until next meeting. Communication from Maj. Lansing that it had been decided to install a dynamo at the light house power plant and furnish electricity for operation of breakwater fog signal bells, current would not be required from village. Communication signed by 144 taxpayers was received, requesting that the village council reconsider its previous action, and retain Charles Rosen as village poundmaster. Owing to the financial condition of the village, resolution was adopted dispensing with the services of one policeman after April 30. Bond of A. Doherty as poundmaster was presented and accepted. Bills amounting to $168.55 were allowed, and the recorder was also instructed to pay Contractors Pastoret and Lunz $197.14, balance due on their contract for building pumping station and laying intake pipe.

Thomas Brennan is spending a few weeks visiting with relatives in Southern Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. August Tabor rejoice over the arrival of a baby girl at their home, Sunday, the 9th inst.

Lafe Mills returned this week from Indiana, where he spent the winter.

The Duluth & Iron Range checks were sent up Wednesday from Duluth to pay off their employes along the line.

The village board of health have issued notice requesting a general cleanup and have instructed their men to inform them of any failure to comply. The alleys are in exceedingly bad condition, owing to refuse thrown into them, in violation of the laws, and energetic action will be taken against those who do not clean up promptly.

At the special election held Tuesday the proposition to bond the county for $45,000 for building a new court house carried by a vote of 256 to 115. The vote by precincts being as follows: First precinct—For 26, against 5; Second precinct—For 66, against 30; Third precinct—For 49, against 26; Fourth precinct—For 59, against 23; Fifth precinct—For 29, against 44. Beaver Bay—For 8, against 1. Fall Lake—For 30, against 0. With money secured from insurance on the old building Lake county will soon have a building costing in the neighborhood of $60,000, and they have recently built a jail and sheriff's residence at a cost of over $20,000.

CHISHOLM

Chisholm, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The village council has granted the town hall free for a public reading room to be established this spring.

Lihtner's fresh grocery opened this week with an elegant display.

J. Roman, of Virginia, has bought out the Palace Clothing house of Mr. Smuckler.

On account of the teachers' convention in Hibbing school was closed Friday.

Mr. Lund of the Glen location broke his leg Thursday while handling logs.

Rev. A. Truedson, of Hibbing, preached in the M. E. church last Sunday afternoon.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock Rev. John A. Geer united in the bonds of holy matrimony Anth Yilnen and Miss Katri Kananen in the home of Mr. Wast. Many kind things have been said about Miss Parmeter, and all their friends unite in wishing them all the blessing of life.

Mrs. R. S. O'Neil went to Duluth Wednesday and returned on Thursday.

PROCTOR

Proctor, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—A benefit dance will be given by Company 1 of the Proctor fire department in the village hall on the evening of April 18. La Riske's orchestra will furnish music and W. Granger will be prompter.

The Benson brothers have gone West where they expect to locate for land, after which the Baldwin valley will return to Proctor.

William Emsley has resigned his position as janitor at the Y. M. C. A. and John Hupp has succeeded him.

A nice crowd attended the monthly Y. M. C. A. social, which was held on Tuesday evening. No program was given at this social because of various reasons but a program of sufficient length could not be arranged for.

Mr. Bevis, secretary of Duluth Y. M. C. A. addressed the audience at the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday afternoon on the subject, "The Three Most Important Decisions." Mr. Stone also of Duluth gave a few fine selections on his musical glasses at the meeting, Mr. Davis, local secretary, will speak at the regular men's meeting next Sunday on the subject "Water Does Not Cleanse."

Mrs. Wicks and Mrs. Dillon, of Duluth, are spending a couple of days in Proctor, organizing a class and looking up old members for the Rathbone Sisters. During their stay in town they paid a visit to Mrs. Gildersleeve.

Miss Dora Gilderman has had a severe attack of la grippe for the past three weeks, but is now quite well again. She will be able to resume her duties as telephone operator next week.

Rev. A. B. Calder took charge of a service at Saginaw on Wednesday evening. Marcus & Kemp has been spending a few days visiting his brother at Saginaw.

William Sturgeon has purchased two lots on the corner of Fourth street and West Side avenue and will build a confectionery store and dwelling combined.

CLOQUET

Cloquet, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charley McGuire spent Monday in Duluth.

Mesdames J. F. and M. F. Chamberlain returned Friday from a two weeks' visit with their mother at Lyndon, Wis.

Deputy Sheriff Randall, of St. Louis county, transacted business in Cloquet Tuesday.

Following are a list of city officers elected for the ensuing year: President, Stokes Wilson; trustees, William Kelly, Claus Johnson, Louis McCriblough; recorder, J. F. Ryan; treasurer, W. F. C. Gadsby; justice of the peace, William Kelly; assessor, J. E. Crain; constable, John McSweeney.

John Hotts spent Friday in Duluth.

The musical program rendered under the auspices of the Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church last Friday evening, was a very enjoyable affair.

James Haley was a Duluth caller Friday.

A number of the friends of Mrs. Peter Moody tendered her a surprise Thursday evening, in honor of her birthday; the party was held in Elm hall.

Isaac Summerfield was a Duluth caller this week.

W. H. Wilson, manager o fthe Johnson-Wentworth company, returned from Chippewa Falls, where he was called by the death of his brother, Dr. E. M. Wilson, of Portland, Ore. The funeral services were held at Chippewa Falls, and Interment took place at Eau Claire, Wis.

F. O. MsGavic, who has held the position as manager of the sales department of the Johnson-Wentworth company, will leave in a short time for California, where he will accept a like position with the lumber company of which S. S. Johnson is permanently connected.

Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Oswald are rejoicing over the arrival of a son at their home, born Saturday, April 9.

Rev. C. W. Lowrie spent part of the week at Eveleth and took part in an important meeting of the presbytery.

Mose Geraux has moved his three children to his daughter's, Mrs. Tredell, and will make his home with her.

VIRGINIA

Virginia, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Work has been commenced again on the new high school building and Contractor Donlin has a large crew at work laying brick and doing carpenter work. The first work done on the building was the putting up of the name piece, made of marble and on the face of which in large gold letters is engraved the word "Roosevelt," the school board having decided to name the new school after our president. Work will be pushed at the building with all possible haste so that active school work will be opened at the beginning of the 1905 term.

Professor Gilpin and corps of teachers were in attendance at the meeting of the Range Teachers' association yesterday. No school was held that day.

Some of the young men of the city gave a dance at the Opera house Thursday evening and a fine time is reported.

An election is being held at Aurora today and a warm time is being had. The first officers of the village were selected last December and these could have held over until April, 1905, had not a certain element become dissatisfied with the officers because they could not pull them their way on village matters, so the district court stepped in and ordered an election. Aurora is going to be a lively village from now on. There is plenty of ore and timber in its immediate vicinity to warrant a good substantial town.

Frank Anslie was over from Hibbing yesterday.

E. J. O'Rourke spent yesterday at Duluth.

Professor Cobb, of the Cloquet high school, was in the city yesterday. It is possible Mr. Cobb will be hired for next years' work at the public schools, Professor Gilpin having resigned.

There is some talk of organizing an Elks' lodge here and instituting an Elks' club among the members.

Superintendent W. J. Schultz, who has had charge of the mining operations at the Stephens mine, one of the Steel corporation's properties east of Biwabik, has resigned his position to accept a new one for the Tesora Mining company. He will have charge of the Forest mine, near Hibbing, and other company operations, with headquarters in this city.

The school board of the local district on Monday night relieved most of the teachers who now make up the corps of the local schools. Among those who will not return here next year will be Miss Zaum. Miss Beattie and Miss Lebers and Professor Gilpin, while those who will be new additions will be Misses Burg and Merritt, of St. Peter.

The Virginia Lumber company's planer is being erected at the north of the Ash mill and when complete and ready for action will be the finest plant of its kind in the Northwest. The building will be 111 by 115 feet and near it will be a power house 30 by 60 feet. The plant is being put up under the direction of Charles Haney, of the Filer-Stowell company, Milwaukee. The capacity of the planer will be 300,000 feet per two shifts and will give employment to 100 men the year around.

Ben Milavetz has purchased the dwelling of W. L. Barber, formerly conductor on the Virginia-Eveleth Missabe run. The property consists of a splendid home and two lots.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Barber will move to Detroit, Mich., next week, where they will reside in the future.

P. A. Gannon, formerly street commissioner, is quite ill at his Maple street home. He has been sick the past two weeks.

Mrs. C. E. Pigott left Thursday of last week for St. Paul, where she was called by the sickness of a sister.

Agent Lusk, of the Missabe depot here, accompanied by Mrs. Lusk, returned to the city last Saturday after spending two months traveling through the East and South.

H. Jaedecke, the cigar man, of Ishpeming, Mich., was on the range this week circulating among his customers.

A very successful dime social was held at the home of Mrs. Fanning for the benefit of the M. E. church Wednesday afternoon. The ladies will now turn their attention to the Franklin mine location next Wednesday.

J. A. Jones, of the painting firm of Jones & Sullivan, returned Monday from Ontario, where he had been to attend the funeral of his mother.

A surprise was gotten up on Mrs. Ballard at the home of Mrs. Hunnaford, on Wyoming street, Saturday afternoon last. The ladies of the M. E. church were the promoters and a very pleasant time was had. Mrs. Ballard expects to leave the city May 1 and the party was a farewell.

The Central hotel has received some needed interior repairs this week.

A. D. Coates has returned from a trip to Cleveland, where he was called last week owing to the death of his father.

The Knights of Pythias lodge will meet every Tuesday night in Backus' hall hereafter, it being decided at the meeting held there last Tuesday.

Invitations have been issued to friends to attend the marriage ceremony of Miss Abbie Smith and Dr. Matingren, at the Presbyterian church. Miss Smith is the daughter of Lanlord Smith of the Hotel Fay and has been a school teacher here the past two years, while the groom has charge of the medical department of the Steel corporation mines of the Mountain Iron district.

City Attorney Poirier will move into his new office rooms over the First National bank next Monday.

County Commissioner McInnis was over from Eveleth the fore part of the week.

About $40 was netted from the benefit basket social given by the Woodmen and Maccabees of the city for Mr. Burchell, at Hanklinson hall Wednesday evening.

Mrs. J. E. Turney was up from Proctor Tuesday and after a short visit with friends here departed for her new home at Stewart.

W. G. Laughner, conductor on the Duluth & Virginia road, spent the fore part of the week at Duluth and Superior.

Thomas R. Patterson, local manager for the Coe Commission company, was called to company headquarters at Minneapolis the fore part of the week and his friends here thought for a while that they would lose Tom, but he is back to his old position for good and as he is a favorite generally his friends rejoice.

Superintendent and Mrs. E. D. Parmelee went to Duluth Tuesday, being accompanied on their return by Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Parmelee, of Iron Mountain, Mich., who spent the week at the Parmelee home.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Mehtonen, a boy, on April 8.

Ed. Bush, of the Cole & McDonald Exploration company, had business at Duluth Tuesday.

Ben Levin, the clothier, transacted business at Duluth Saturday.

James McCurdy, of Proctor, succeeds W. L. Barber on the Missabe run between Virginia, Eveleth, Wolf, Mountain Iron and Iron Junction.

L. N. Rollins, the bookkeeper for the Missabe Car Service association, is ill at the Lenont hospital, suffering from rheumatic fever.

James Falk was over from Eveleth on Wednesday.

John A. Anderson, of Eveleth, has purchased the Santa Fe block building, next to the Garden Gate theater.

John H. Gill has returned from the Kansas oil fields, where he inspected some of the reported get-rich-quick properties.

F. Gaines returned from Duluth this week.

S. Hopkins spent Sunday with Sparta friends.

G. Clendenning attended to business matters in Stillwater last week.

Miss Clem Smith is visiting her sister, Mrs. M. McDonald this week.

J. Bradley left for Duluth Friday, where he expects to remain.

P. J. Murry left for Duluth Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Eckes visited Biwabik friends last week.

Miss Agnes Enright visited Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Enright visited Duluth last week.

Inez Graham, of Two Harbors, is ill with inflammatory rheumatism.

Miss Lillian Eyler arranged a surprise party on Miss Jennie Johnson Friday evening. The young folks had a most delightful time.

The many friends of J. B. Furtney will be glad to know he is improving as rapidly as may be hoped for. Mr. Furtney's condition was very serious for some time.

Father Bliban, of Eveleth, held services here Thursday morning. A baby from McKinley being buried here.

N. Riley, of Hersy, Wis., has returned here to spend the summer.

J. G. McGraw returned to Two Harbride having lived here since her early childhood, while Mr. Hosking has held a position with the mining companies for several years.

Messrs. Oscar Carlson, Roy Floyd and Joe Pesanento, three young men of this city, left for Hibbing Monday, where they expect to find positions.

Joseph Roy returned from his Duluth visit Monday noon.

Rev. Jay M. Swander, pastor of the Presbyterian church, left Tuesday morning for Hibbing, where he will deliver a serman before the Duluth Presbytery, which meets there this week.

Gus. Kauppl, a former merchant of Ely but lately of Virginia, has returned and will again make Ely his home. His family will follow soon.

John J. Kenner has been appointed one of the night watch on the Ely police force in room of Marcus Kolchevar, resigned. Newly elected Mayor Vail made the appointment.

Attorney J. W. Osborne was doing legal business in Tower Tuesday last.

Mrs. Ben Horovitz is spending the week in Tower, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Davis Bentson.

John Whitesides, of Duluth, accompanied by his brother James, of Ontario, Canada, arrived in Ely Monday evening for a short stay among relatives. This is James Whitesides first visit to this county and he is much pleased with the looks of the mines which he has seen for the first time.

Editor Schaefer of the Ely Miner transacted business in the Zenith City several days this week.

There was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Lindbeck on Wednesday morning last, a baby boy.

Peter O'Connor is now wearing a star on his coat night time, having been appointed in place of John Matson.

Miss Olive Gowan, of the Central school, has been on the sick list several days this week.

The 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mr

Our Young Folks Page

An Exchange of Ambitions.

BY MANNING LEMEN.

Horace Berringer lived in the city and wanted to be a farmer, and his cousin, Irwin Wright, whose home was in the country, longed to become a business man in the city. Each coveted the life of the other. They talked it all over at Christmas, and at Easter, when Irwin visited Horace in his city home, and it was the chief topic of discussion in the long summer holidays that Horace passed with the cousin on the farm.

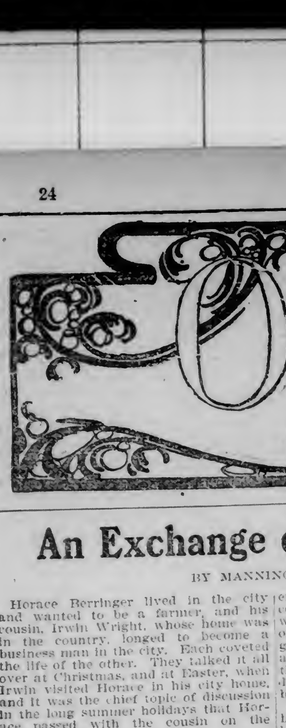
"I am afraid that we shall have to stop these visits," Mr. Berringer said one day to Mr. Wright. "Horace is my only boy and I want him to succeed me in the business. He is simply daft over the country, and how I am going to get him to settle down to the routine of the business I don't see."

"I know a better scheme than that," replied Mr. Wright. "Give the lads their way."

"Impossible," objected Mr. Berringer.

"Wait a minute. Let them change places for a year. I will cure Horace of his fancy for farming in that time or less, and I am satisfied that if Irwin is shut up in an office for a whole year he will be glad enough to come back to the country. That farm has been in the family for four generations, and I wouldn't have it pass out of the family for anything. I think the best way to prove what a good thing it is to Irwin is to separate him from it for a while."

The boys were overjoyed when they were told that they were to have a year's trial of their chosen mode of life.



"The farm for me," cried Horace. "It will be a cold day when you find me in this old town again."

"But won't you wish you were in my shoes when you see me getting rich out of the business and living the gay life of a city man?" said Irwin.

"Not a bit of it," retorted Horace, shaking his head. "I'll be too happy in the freedom of the country to envy you, poking over your old ledgers in a nasty little office. When your head aches just think of me galloping over the country, free as the birds."

"You don't seem to count on doing any work," said Irwin, grimly. "Wait until you have to milk the cows, plow the land and do the chores from dawn to dark."

It was at the close of the school year in June that the boys entered upon their new careers. They scorned to accept the offer of a vacation which their fathers made them, and declared that the change was vacation enough for them.

The summer proved a strenuous one for both boys. They began with great enthusiasm, and it seemed as if they could not do enough work. To be sure, when Horace was first called at 4 o'clock in the morning he did feel pretty grumpy, and once or twice he fell asleep again before he could get up, but the hired man shook him by the shoulder and said: "There's no place for lazy bones here; get up."

When Horace had been on the farm before he had worked, but only when he wanted to. He found it another matter to have to split wood, carry water, help with the feeding and milking, follow a plow until his feet and back ached, and rake hay in the blistering sun until he seemed on the point of expiring. There never seemed to be any let up. As soon as one thing was done there was something else that had to be done. He was so tired at night that he felt like throwing himself on the bed, without undressing. Indeed, he could have fallen down anywhere from sheer fatigue. And it seemed to him no more than five minutes from the time he went to sleep until he had to get up. He never had believed that nights could be so short. There were no fishing trips, such as he had enjoyed on previous visits, and no riding on loads of hay for a lark. It was simply one steady grind, and Horace was too weary to see whether the country looked beautiful or not. On Sundays there was not much work to do, but there was no fun to be had. He went to sleep in church, and again in the afternoon out under the trees. When he woke up he thought of the fellows in the city taking long walks together and seeing all sorts of interesting sights. He could hear the jokes, the stories and the merry laughter as they chatted. The city wasn't such a bad place after all. Why, even during the week it was more like living than this eternal farm drudgery. A fellow did not have to get up until a decent hour. He could turn over and have another nap almost any morning, and be sure that some breakfast would be served for him if he were late. Even in the office wher his cousin and father were working it was quite pleasant. It was on a river bank, and the breeze always blew in pleasatly in the summer time. The work was ridiculous summer time. He wondered how he could ever have thought otherwise. There was a whole hour at noon, and they were through at 5 o'clock on every day but Saturday, and the there was a whole half-holiday—a luxury uknown upon the farm. Things happened, too, about the office. The clerks chaffed each other pleasantly; they really were quite witty at times. Horace remembered. And out in the shops and the yards there was always some kind of excitement. Yes, that was life. Horace felt it bitterly, now that it was too late. More than once he found the tears coming against his will. He was a proud boy, however, and having made his choice, he was determined to stand by it. He would be a farmer and be miserable to the end of his days. That was the way he looked at the matter.

Meanwhile Erwin was discovering a new city to the one with which his visits had made him acquainted. When he started down town in the morning he stuck closely to the shady side of the street and looked out over he paved thoroughfares and long rows of brick and stone walls with positive disgust. He remembered how pleasant the dewy fields in the country had always seemed in the morning, and when he got to the office door he could hardly endure the thought of being shut up in such narrow quarters for the day. The long rows of figures, the everlasting handling of receipts and tags and the painstaking comparisons and records made his head ache even at night when it was all over. He was so weary when office hours were over that he did not care to seek any kind of recreation, and the only thing that he prized his half holiday on Saturday for was the opportunity it gave him to wander into the country and look at the meadows, the fields of growing grain and the cool woods. Ah! there was something worth seeing; there you could breathe freely, he said to himself, and wondering that he had been such a ninny as not to know it sooner. His chance was gone, he thought with a pang, and the farm that ought to have been his would become Horace's. He would have to stay in the office, which was little better than a grave, as long as he lived, and he would muddle the business terribly. Irwin tried his best to keep the tears back, but there were times when he simply had to let go. He knew hardly any boys of his own age in the city, and the few he had met on his visits were away for their vacations. He was a very lonely boy.

It was a hot, dusty day in the middle of September when Irwin made up his mind that he could bear his fate no longer. Work had been rushing at the office. He had blundered and the head bookkeeper and the manager had been very hard upon him. He knew it was cowardly, but he decided to surrender. He would go home and beg his father to give him a chance on the farm. There was room for him and Horace, too. He would work as a hired man if they only would take him. He wrote a note to his uncle telling him that he simply had to leave and that he never could become a business man, and then he took a train for Oakhurst, the railroad station nearest his home. Such a sense of elation as he felt when his face was turned homeward he had not experienced since the day that he started for the city with such high hopes. Then he had been weighted down with the apprehension of responsibilities and new duties. Now he was like a prisoner set free. It seemed to him that he could outrun the train and he could hardly sit still. About half way to Oakhurst the train from Oakhurst passed his. There was a wait of about ten minutes, and he got off to walk up and down and get rid of some of his impatience if possible.

Suddenly he bumped into someone, and turning to apologize, he saw, to his surprise, that it was his Cousin Horace.

"What in the name of——?" began Horace. "Well, what on earth—?" Irwin started to say.

"Where are you going?" Irwin asked, taking Horace by the arm.

"Home. Where are you going?"

"Back to the farm, and mighty glad of it. I'll make you a present of my stool in the office and my prospective millions."

"Thank you. And you can keep your farm for forty generations. No more of that for me."

"All aboard!" shouted the conductor of Horace's train, and with a hurried "Good-bye," he swung aboard.

Irwin rushed for his train and muttered: "Well, I never!"

"You will have to admit that my scheme worked well," Mr. Wright wrote to Mr. Berringer. "I am afraid that I worked poor Horace almost to death, but it was the medicine he needed."

"You are more than forgiven," Mr. Berringer wrote back. "Horace is keener about the business than I am, and he never wants to see a farm again. You treated him no worse than I did Irwin. Poor boy, he had a wretched time. I would like to make it up to him some time, but I suppose he never will forgive me."

"I will forgive anybody anything, I am so glad to be home," said Irwin when this part of the letter was read to him.

The Little Leas Make a Garden.

BY ELEANOR McCARTHY.

The little Leas were very busy gardening. Mr. Lea had assigned them each a plot and there were great discussions and consultations as to what should be planted in them.

"I shall have pansies and beans in mine," said Polly, with an eye to the useful as well as to the ornamental.

"I think sweetpeas and a rose bush and daisies would be nice," said Betty, "and I might have a few radishes."

"Stwabewwies and pinks," sang Rosemary. "I'm going to have stwabewwies and pinks in my garden."

"The strawberry plant wouldn't have any berries on them this year, pet," Mr. Lea told his youngest daughter, so she decided to have lettuce, because it would grow quickly, and peas, because they would have blooms on them and be good to eat, too. For flowers she would have her pinks and mignonette, and the gardener told her he would give her something that would be a surprise. She was not to know its name, but was to watch it grow and see if she could guess what it was.

"Oh, won't that be funny?" cried Rosemary.

There were three sets of gardening tools for the three little Leas, and in each set was a little spade, a hoe, a rake and a trowel. Each little girl, too, had a wheelbarrow and a watering can. If the gardener had not kept an eye upon them they would have dug through the earth to China, their father declared. "Now wouldn't the Chinese have been surprised if some morning, while they were at breakfast, a little trowel had come poking through under their table?" said Father Lea. But the gardner told them just how deep to dig and how much of the nice, rich loam to put in, and then he gave them the seeds to plant.

"They must be deep enough to feel that they are in a nice, warm, comfortable bed, where they can get all the food they need from the rich earth, and they must be near enough to the top to feel the sunshine drawing them up," said the gardener. He gave each of the children some roots, telling them that they were for plants that would come too slowly from the seed. Polly's roots were for "Sweet Williams." Betty's were for a rose bush and Rosemary's were for pinks. They began to show leaves in a very short time and the children could hardly wait for the blossoms. If you ever have had a garden you know how impatient you get waiting for things. Polly dug up one of her beans, and when she found that it had sprouted, she put it back in the ground and covered it up, but it was insulted and refused to grow again.

The surprise in Rosemary's garden was in the middle of the little plot, and when something green began to appear there they were all much excited. As they watched it getting plainer day by day they began to say: "What a curious shape it has!" And then one day Polly cried out: "Why, it's an 'R.'"

Sure enough, it was the letter "R." The gardener had planted the seed in that form. Moreover it was rosemary seed that he had planted, and the little green leaves that came up were the leaves of the rosemary plant.

"Rosemary for Rosemary. Isn't that funny?" laughed the children.

"I wish there was a Betty plant. Isn't there any?" asked Betty.

"No; nor a Polly plant," laughed Mrs Lea. "Just a rosemary bush!"

"Let's ask the Sickersells over to see our gardens," suggested Betty one day. So, over the border went the three little Leas to see their old friends, the Sickersells, whom they had neglected more or less since they became so enthusiastic over their gardening. Small wonder, then, that there was a perceptible coolness on the part of the Sickersells.

"You don't seem so very pleased to see us," said Polly, somewhat stiffly, to Mrs. Sickersells.

"Well, you can't blame us," put in Betty, "what with spring cleaning and getting the children's summer clothes made, to say nothing of the gardening. It's as much as we could do to get over here today."

"I didn't have any trouble getting here," said Rosemary.

But Mrs. Sickersell was not to be appeased.

"Oh, well," said Polly, loftily, "if you're mad just 'cause you haven't got any garden, why, we don't care."

"If you'd be nice and polite about it," added Betty, "we'd show you our garden, and we might even give you something out of it when the flowers are in bloom and the vegetables are good to eat."

"Oh, yes," said Rosemary, eagerly. "I'll give you and all your children beautiful things from my garden, the most beautiful you ever saw."

"Of course, it's a nicer garden than yours, Mrs. Sickersell, and you needn't say it isn't," insisted Betty.

"What's that? What's that?" piped a thin, little voice, and there, balancing himself from a swaying twig was Mr. Timbobby.

"Polly, Betty and Rosemary, how does your garden grow?" he asked, mockingly. "Maybe it's as fine as silk, but there are others. Now, you've never seen our garden, have you? Well, you had better see it before you brag about gardens."

The three little Leas stood gaping at him speechless, Rosemary with her finger in her mouth.

Some one laughed. It sounded very much like Mrs. Sickersell.

"So, now," said Mr. Timbobby, taking hold of a leaf and swinging himself lightly to the ground, "let me beg of you, Miss Lea, Miss Betty Lea and Miss Rosemary Lea, to come and see our gardens."

Mr. Timbobby parted the bushes and there were white marble steps, down which the three little Leas walked with wondering eyes. At the foot of these steps they came upon a wonderful garden. All the bluebells began to ring as they entered, and the trumpet vines blew a loud blast. Mr. Timbobby offered them some candy tuft, which they found deliciously sweet, and then the honeysuckle gave them a taste of honey. The pansies spread a velvet carpet before them and Mr. Timbobby told them not to be afraid of walking on it.

"Come in and rest awhile," suggested Mr. Timbobby, touching a huge yellow pumpkin with his wand. Instantly a little door flew open, and Polly, Betty and Rosemary went inside the pumpkin, which was a lovely golden color, and sat down on their little golden stools.

"What is that noise?" asked Betty.

"That is the hummingbird and the bumble bee singing for you," replied Mr. Timbobby. "If you are rested now, I will take you to the fruit garden. I am sure you must be hungry, and we will find something there worth eating."

The three little Leas, therefore, came out of the yellow pumpkin and followed Mr. Timbobby as he went dancing ahead and swinging his cane, while flowers sprang up on each side of him.

"Perhaps you like strawberries?" he said, pausing suddenly.

"Oh, yes, I do," replied Rosemary, eagerly.

"Well, then, help yourself," he said, pointing toward the ground, where there lay strawberries as big as apples. Rosemary took one up and bit into it. "It's sweet as sugar," she declared.

"If you climb this vine you can see my whole garden at once," said Mr. Timbobby, nimbly clambering up a grapevine, from which hung clusters of grapes each as big as a water pail. Three little Leas went up after him as fast as they could, and when they got almost to the top they did as Mr. Timbobby told them—looked at the garden below.

Such a sight! As far as they could see in every direction there were bright colored flowers and fine great big fruits and vegetables, such as they have at county fairs.

The eyes of the three little Leas grew large and round.

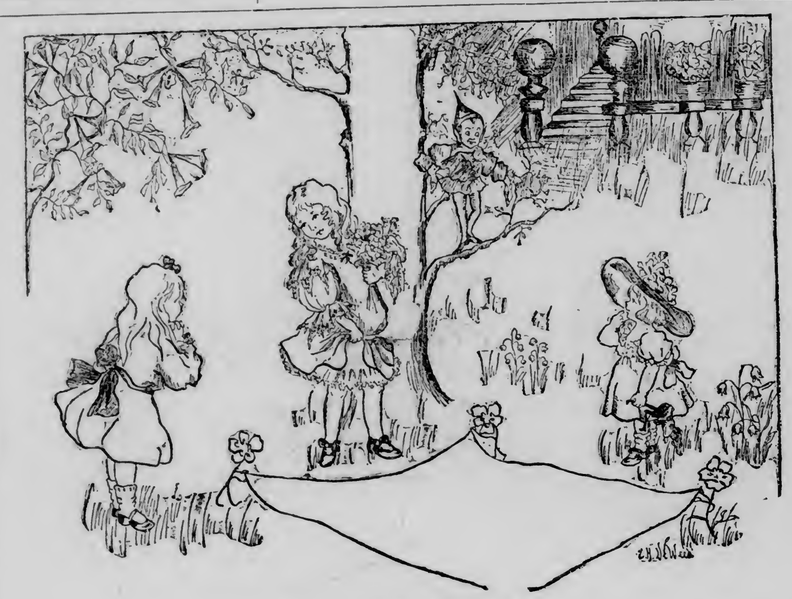
"It's a magic garden," said Polly at last.

"The world is full of magic," laughed Mr. Timbobby. "Now, if you are ready to go home, I'll send you on this vine that is just getting ready to grow. Take hold."

A vine held out a waving tendril toward them. Each of the children took hold of it, and when Mr. Timbobby gave the word it started to grow in the direction in which the Leas lived and carried them with it. And it grew and grew until it reached the Leas' piazza. Then it shook three little Leas gently off and started to grow back again.

"I wish we had seeds of that vine," said Betty.

"Well, maybe Mr. Timbobby will get them for us. We will ask him the next time we see him," replied Polly.



Mr. Timbobby Shows His Garden.

A Picture Charade.

BY ALICE LATIMER.

It was in the frivolous times of the sunny land of France.

"I am so anxious to hear all about that new game of yours, Your Majesty," said the queen to the king.

"All the players are ready," replied the king.

The monarch and his consort both thought the game a new one, for royalty is very easily deceived. In reality, it was nothing but charades, and they, you know, are as old as the hills.

The courtiers announced that the word that they were to act contained four syllables. When they first appeared they formed a tableau shown in picture No. 1. "This tableau," they said, "represents the first two syllables of the word."

After they had shown this tableau they appeared in a second one, which, they announced, repesented the last two syllables of the word. This tableau is shown in picture No. 2.

They then went out and came in again in a tableau representing the whole word, which is shown in picture No. 3.

First Two Syllables.

Third and Fourth Syllables.

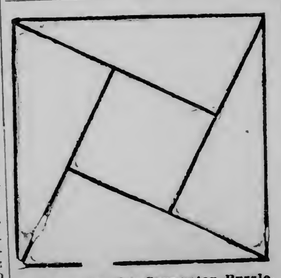
It was not so difficult for the royal pair to guess the words and the syllables, for they had the clue. I wonder if you can be as clever in guessing it.

Picture to Paint.

When the first hot days come you know it seems as if you can't get anything cold enough to drink, and as if you can't fan hard enough to get a cooling breeze, and you are so lazy you just want to lie in a hammock all day.

That is the state of mind the weather man was in when Ann visited him. This is a picture for you to paint, and I hope you will have great success with it.

Solution of last week's cut-out puzzle.



Solution to the Carpenter Puzzle.

The Wonder Fish.

Cut out and fit together and make a cunning little fish. Paste the fish on a stiff background and paint it.

14 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION MONDAY, APRIL 18, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

JAPANESE ABOUT TO LAND TROOPS NEAR PORT ARTHUR

Large Number of Transports Seen Working Their Way North.

Russians Are Impatiently Awaiting Landing of the Soldiers.

People of St. Petersburg Are Fast Recovering From Depression.

Tien Tsin, April 18.—From several sources reports have been received here saying that a Japanese fleet of over seventy transports is heading for Kin Chou, north of Port Arthur.

Fort Arthur, April 18.—Rumors are current here today that twenty Japanese transports, conveying troops, have been sighted steaming in the direction of Yin Kow. The rumors cannot be confirmed. The Russians impatiently await a Japanese landing.

GREAT ACTIVITY PREVAILS.

Russians Are Recovering From Feeling of Depression.

St. Petersburg, April 18.—The authorities here are recovering from the depression which followed the last week's disaster. They seem imbued with new and feverish energy. The greatest activity prevails. The public is more aroused than at any time since the war began and now is thirsting for revenge. Crowds gather on the streets. The Russ extra bulletin boards are constantly surrounded, although little fresh news is posted. The vivid eye witness picture of the torpedo boat fight and the Petropavlovsk disaster transmitted from a Russian correspondent of the Associated Press under date of Liao Yang, Manchuria, last night is printed here and is the talk of St. Petersburg and of officials and private circles, being the first connected account published. It also contained the first definite information that Vice Admiral Makaroff was at his post on the bridge when the explosion occurred. Besides, it put at rest all doubts as to where the ship was struck. She went down bow first, as the Victoria did and exactly as Makaroff's own model did when during a lecture which he delivered in 1894 he demonstrated the instability of heavily armored ships and the impossibility at the time of a disaster, by collision mats or otherwise, of restoring the equilibrium of such steel monsters.

The admiralty still lacks definite data as to the cause of the catastrophe, although the talk of a boiler explosion and submarine boats continues. The public shows an indisposition to accept Vice Admiral Togo's version that his mines were responsible. Members of the naval staff frankly admit that they do not know the cause of the disaster, but some of them already are inclined to admit the probability that the enemy's avowal is true.

"Perhaps the mystery will be like that of your Maine," said a member of the naval staff to the correspondent of the Associated Press. "It will take an examination of the hull to determine whether the explosion was internal or external."

The reason the naval staff was disinclined at first to accept the possibility of Togo's claim was because if true the mines were laid not only without discovery, but without even arousing the faintest suspicion. Togo's report, as telegraphed to the Russian papers, dates the loss of the Petropavlovsk as April 12, where as it occurred April 13. Togo also claims that a night attack was made on Port Arthur, April 14, which is officially denied here.

The general staff has no information in regard to the rumored appearance of Japanese transports off Yin Kow, the port of Newchwang.

A special telegram from Port Arthur says the cruiser Bayan exceeded her trial speed when she went out to the rescue of the torpedo boat destroyer Strashni.

The same dispatch reports that a Japanese cruiser was sunk adding that the cause is unknown. The Novoe Vremya publishes an expert article, showing the impossibility and futility of trying to raise the Petropavlovsk, as she lies bottom up of a depth of from twenty to thirty fathoms, and probably is broken to pieces.

A requiem mass was celebrated yesterday for the repose of the soul of Col. Agapa, who was reported to have lost his life at the time of the Petropavlovsk disaster. During the night his wife received a telegram saying he was alive but seriously injured.

The Russ discusses the suggestion of the retirement of the Russians from Port Arthur, recalling the abandonment of Moscow in 1812, and pointing outt hat Gen. Kourouroff, who recommended it, was first thought to be mad, yet it proved in the end to be the undoing of Napoleon, and also Admiral Nachimoff's advice, which was not followed, for a desperate sortie from Sebastopol with the wooden ships against the allies in 1854.

The Russ comes to the conclusion that no matter what the fate of Port Arthur may be, it will have no decisive bearing on the ultimate result of the campaign.

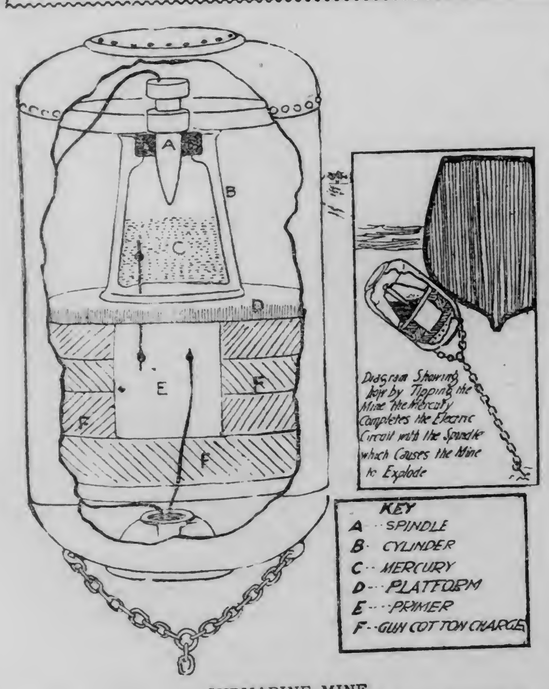
A Russian admiral who holds to the theory that a submarine boat sank the Petropavlovsk, discussing the full report of the disaster bled to the Associated Press from Liao Yang, said:

"It does not prove she struck a mine. On the contrary, it is evident from the dispatch that the Petropavlovsk was some distance off shore, where it was impossible to lay contact mines on account of the depth of the water. The signal man's story is irreconcilable with the mine theory. Like Grand Duke Cyril, he was carried down to a great depth. He said the Petropavlovsk was almost at a standstill, which would have been the most favorable position for a submarine boat."

Some of the papers which insist upon the submarine boat theory lay great stress upon the alleged statement made by one of the Cramps, of Philadelphia, who is quoted as saying the Japanese had submarine boats obtained from Great Britain. Admiral Skrydloff, the successor of Admiral Makaroff, arrived here Tuesday night. A big popular demonstration is being arranged in his honor.

The empress is suffering from influenza, which is almost epidemic here.

ONE TYPE OF MINE USED IN THE FAR EAST.



SUBMARINE MINE.

The above illustration gives an excellent idea of the workings of the deadly machines which it is claimed have done such execution to the Russian fleet. They are anchored a few feet below the surface and to run onto them means certain disaster to a ship.

CAR BARN BANDIT MAKES TWO DESPERATE ATTEMPTS TO CHEAT GALLOWS OF VICTIM

Leader Neidermeier Lies at the Point of Death.

Ate the Heads of Nearly a Hundred Matches.

Then Opened His Arteries With a Lead Pencil.

Was Discovered and Given Prompt Attention In Hospital.

Tore Open His Wounds on Return to His Cell.

He Will Be Executed on Friday If He Lives.

PETER NIEDERMEIER,
Whose Desperate Attempts to Cheat the Gallows May Prove Successful.

Chicago, April 18.—Peter Neidermier, the leader of the car barn bandits, condemned to die on the gallows Friday, made two desperate attempts at suicide today. His condition as a result is so precarious that it is feared he will not survive. Should he still be alive next Friday, he will be carried to the gallows and executed. Neidermier planned his attempted suicide carefully. First, he masticated and swallowed the heads of 75 or 100 sulphur matches. While the phosphorus was burning his stomach he sawed at the radial artery of his left wrist with a sharp-pointed lead pencil. Striking a bone in the wrist, he gave up trying to sever the artery and turned his weapon to the large veins on the outer side of his left forearm, and with jabs and a see-saw motion he lacerated the flesh and muscles of the arm and tore open the veins, leaving a large, jagged wound exposed, through which the blood gushed in streams, dyeing his bed clothing and running down over the cell floor in pools. His second attempt came after the wound had been dressed and closed by the county physician.

Neidermier was lying apparently unconscious in the hospital, under a guard's care. His right arm and hand were hidden by the bed clothing, and with hardly a discernible motion, he slipped the bandage off his left arm and, with his sharp finger nails, tore away the threads in the wound and, inserting his forefinger into the ragged hole, he worked again at the vein and sought to reach an artery. He unconsciously uttered a groan and made a convulsive movement, which attracted the attention of the physicians, nurses and guard, and on throwing back the cover lids the attendants saw with horror that Neidermier had torn away the bandages and reopened the wound. Neidermier opened his eyes and, with a leering, wan smile, exclaimed: "Let me die, Doc. Go away and let me die. You were almost too late the first time. Now why do you try to save my life?"

Neidermeier lost a large quantity of blood and was almost pulseless for a time. The most danger, however, is that the poisonous phosphorus has has burned him so severely that his life cannot be saved for its final snuffling out on the gallows. Neidermeier says he got his idea of swallowing phosphorus when a prisoner in the jail committed suicide in that manner, while Neidermeier was awaiting trial. For the last two weeks Neidermeier has been saving the matches he was able to filch and beg. He even gave up smoking to some extent so he could hoard them. In getting at the veins and arteries in his arm he first sawed three long gashes. Then he pushed the sharp end of the pencil into one so it would pass under the veins. Then he twisted the pencil around and around until the veins were burst. In doing this, the pencil was broken into several pieces. Neidermeier's first attempt at suicide was nearly successful.

Guard John Roeder, passing Neidermier's cell, saw him huddled on his cot, with a blanket drawn over his head. A moan attracted his attention, and when his attempt to arouse him proved fruitless, he summoned Jailer Whitmer and the cell was opened. Neidermier was unconscious, and his clothing and blanket were found soaked with blood, which was flowing from a ragged hole in his wrist. Other guards were summoned and he was taken to the jail hospital. The artery in his wrist was fastened. Then it was learned that he had attempted to poison himself. In his cell was found a quantity of matches from which he had eaten the heads, and Jailer Whitman said most of those probably had been smuggled to him by other prisoners. The physicians at the hospital said he had not taken enough of the poison to prove fatal, but that he is in a serious condition from loss of blood.

A close watch has been kept on the bandits since they were sentenced to be hanged to prevent an attempt to commit suicide, and even matches have been kept from them. The wound in his wrist Neidermier made with a lead pencil he was permitted to have.

A letter written by Neidermier prior to the attempt at suicide was found concealed in his cot. In the letter the writer incidentally expresses repentance of his career, and he regrets leaving the few who have loved him, but chiefly the letter is morbid glorification of the writer's courage and his loyalty to his kind in contrast with Neidermier's associate, Gustav Marx. The letter says:

"There are four reasons why I should take my own life.

"First, because of the public boast that I cannot commit suicide while I am s oclosely guarded.

"Second, that I cannot cheat the scaffold.

"Third, that they cannot say they executed me and made me pay for a crime.

"Fourth, to have another mystery for the ignorant police to solve."

The letter concludes as follows:

"It seems very pleasant to have this everlasting enjoyment of rest. I am an athelst and do not believe in any religion. PETER NEIDERMIER."

During the day Niedermier recognized those about him and consented to listen to Father Francis O'Brien of the Holy Name cathedral. He suffered intense pain. For the first time Niedermier repeated the prayers after Father O'Brien.

LANDING DEFEATED.

Russians Repulse Japanese Attempt In Korea Bay.

St. Petersburg, April 18.—An attempted landing by Japanese troops on the shores of Korea bay, between Port Arthur and the Yalu river, April 12, was frustrated by the Russians. A Japanese torpedo boat flotilla scouted the shores of the bay but was received with such a heavy fire from land batteries at Taku Shan, Ching Tai Tse, Tehanhe and Bedzino that it retired. Vice Admiral Togo's flagship then recalled nine transports which were on the way to land troops. A squadron of ten warships protecting the transports withdrew with them. The Russians have 20,000 troops concentrated at Taku Shan.

JAPANESE MOURN

For the Death of Russian Admiral Makaroff.

New York, April 18.—The extreme restraint of the Japanese rejoicing over the sinking of the Petropavlovsk is markedly in contrast with previous exhibitions of public feeling, says a World dispatch from Kobe.

"The Osaka Mamich says: While the nation rejoices the individual mourns the death under such circumstances of the distinguished and gallant Makaroff."

There was a great lantern procession at Nagoya Saturday night. One thousand white lanterns were carried in token of mourning for the dead, and those bearing the lanterns were preceded by banners inscribed:

"We sorrow unquenchably for the brave Rusian Makaroff."

The bands played funeral marches. A meeting of those in the procession was addressed by military and civil officers.

PEOPLE RETURNING.

Affairs at Ping Yang Resuming Normal Condition.

Seoul, April 18.—A dispatch from Ping Yang under yesterday's date received here at 7 o'clock this morning says that the country in the wake of the Japanese army is resuming its normal conditions. The majority of the inhabitants left their homes before the troops arrived, but are now returning. They have learned that the Japanese soldiers treat the people well, pay for their supplies and are under strict discipline. Several thousand coolies are employed carrying rice to the front at more than the customary wages. Altogether the Japanese army is giving an admirable exhibition of order and self-restraint. There is no looting or robberies, although the soldiers' rations are limited and the country is full of cattle, poultry and other provisions which might be taken.

SPORTING MEN SETTLE SUIT FOR $30,000 IN UNIQUE WAY

Pick Their Own Judges Who Hear Witnesses and the Loser Pays the Damages Awarded In Two Minutes After the Decision.

New York, April 18.—With two men well known to the sporting world as plaintiff and defendant, with two others equally well known as judges and jury, and as witnesses half a dozen other men whose faces can be seen any racing day on the bookmakers' line in the betting enclosure at the Metropolitan race tracks, there has been tried and decided a $30,000 damage suit. There will be no appeal and the judgment was paid two minutes after the verdict was announced.

Thomas McAuliffe, known about the race tracks for years, was the plaintiff in the case, and the defendant was Gottfried Walbaun, the bookmaker. Joseph Vendig and Max Blumenthal, both members of the Metropolitan Bookmakers' association, were the judges, and the court was a private room in an uptown hotel.

McAuliffe has but one arm and several months ago, while departing from the Astoria club, he walked through a half open door leading to a stairway. In his fall he was severely injured. He fell face downward, cutting his face and his neck besides, breaking several ribs. He was under medical treatment for some time.

Upon his recovery he made a demand on Walbaum for compensation for his injuries, alleging that it was the negligence of the club that caused them. Walbaum disputed this and both sides had hired attorneys to engage in a lawsuit when they met a week ago.

"I don't want the thing hanging over me for three or four years," said the defendant. "Let us settle it."

McAuliffe wanted $30,000. There was an argument over the terms and finally the plaintiff said:

"Let us leave it to the boys and do without any court. You pick one man and I'll pick another. Let them hear every thing and what they say goes."

Walbaum agreed.

In another day Vendig had been chosen by the plaintiff and Blumenthal by the defendant as judges; witnesses had been notified to be at the hotel at a certain hour and both sides began preparation.

Vendig and Blumenthal went to a room alone and called the plaintiff, defendant and witnesses one at a time. At the expiration of two and one-half hours the judges came out.

"Walbaum give him $4000," commanded one and the other nodded approval.

Without a word the defendant pulled his pocket book out, four one-thousand dollar bills were handed to McAuliffe and the case was declared closed.

U. S. LEADS WORLD IN PETROLEUM

Washington, April 18.—Geological survey statistics made public today place the world's production of petroleum in 1902 at 185,151,089 barrels. Of this the United States and Russia produced 91.44 per cent. For years Russia has led in point of production, but an increase of 19,377,732 barrels in the production of the United States in 1902 and a decrease amounting to 4,628,515 barrels in the production of Russia caused these two countries to change places, and put the United States at the head of the list.

More than double the quantity of the higher grades of refined products is obtained from the average crude petroleum produced in the United States than is obtained from Russian oil. The United States produced nearly 2.6 barrels of refined products in 1902 for every barrel produced by the rest of the world.

An engagement with the enemy is not expected immediately.

RUSSIAN SUBMARINE BOAT.

St. Petersburg, April 18.—The first of five new submarine boats building at St. Petersburg and forty wagon loads of ammunition were dispatched today to the theater of war. The submarine boat, which was sent off in sections, is elliptical in shape and fitted with an improved electrical apparatus for firing torpedoes, which it is claimed experiments have shown enormously increases the offensive power of torpedoes.

FUNERAL AT CANNES.

New York, April 18.—A funeral service has been solemnized at the Russian church in memory of Vice Admiral Makaroff and the officers and crew of the Petropavlovsk, says a Herald dispatch from Cannes.

Many prominent Russians attended, including the Grand Duchess Anastasia, Grand Duke Michael Mikhailovich and Countess Torby, with their suites; the household of Grand Duke Michael Nikolaivich, and others.

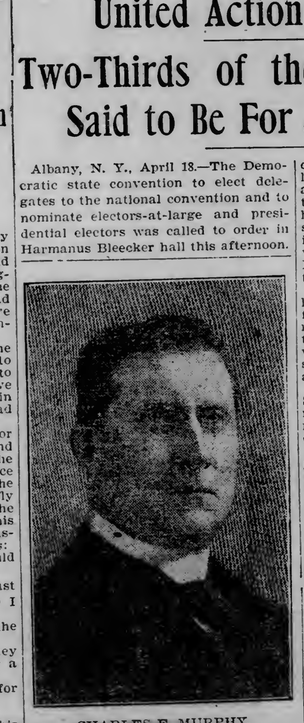
DEMOCRATS OF N. Y. HOLD AN EXCITING STATE CONVENTION

Wild Scramble For Seats When the Doors of Hall Were Opened.

Leaders Early Astir Arranging For United Action If Possible.

Two-Thirds of the Delegates Are Said to Be For Judge Parker.

Albany, N. Y., April 18.—The Democratic state convention to elect delegates to the national convention and to nominate electors-at-large and presidential electors was called to order in Harmanus Bleecker hall this afternoon.



CHARLES F. MURPHY.

Great confusion resulted from orders which had been given to keep the doors closed until the last moment. The result was that when the doors were opened at three minutes before 2 o'clock the crowd burst in with a yell and a rush. In three minutes the top gallery was filled with a stamping and shouting mass of men and boys. In the galleries were a number of Hearst banners, and a running fire of shouts and comments was maintained by the gallery crowd. While the delegates were assembling, a rumor gained circulation that Senator Hill and the Parker forces had partially decided that between the sessions of the convention they would inform the Tammany people that they would concede the choice of Charles F. Murphy in the delegation-at-large to the national convention.

The crush before the doors and in the hall was tremendous. The aisles were filled with a scrambling crowd demanding seats at the ratio of about three persons to one seat. The police were all but helpless. Hats were smashed, clothing torn, faces scratched and feet trampled in the rush.

Order was finally secured and former State Senator George Raines of Monroe county was introduced as chairman and he delivered a speech to the convention.

Mr. Raines denounced the Republican party in its administration of both state and national affairs and its policies, declaring that there was a feeling of unrest among business men, a lack of confidence in the judgment and levelheaded conservatism of the national administration. In the coming campaign, he said the Democracy of New York desires to act in accord with the rest of the Democracy of the union.

"We have no peculiar tenets to put forth," he declared. "We do not believe, however, that no party policy should be insisted on or deserves a place in our platform, for the campaign upon which the party is not substantially united."

He then discussed at considerable length the tariff, trusts, labor, the colonial policy of the government, and said:

"We do not doubt the wisdom of our national convention, and shall abide by its decision what interests of the nation shall receive its attention. We recognize the patent fact that the eyes of the whole country are turned to the New York Democracy here assembled. Your action is awaited with keenest interest.

"Our large electoral vote, our commercial interests, our laboring popula-

(Continued on page 3, fifth column.)

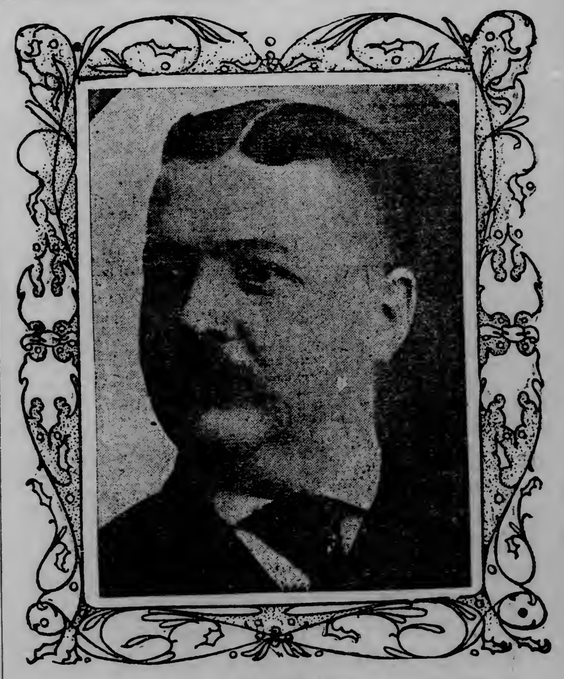
JUDGE GROSSCUP TWICE REVERSED

Chicago, April 18.—Minority stockholders of the underlying corporations of the Chicago Union Traction company won a decisive victory in two decisions announced today in the circuit court of appeals. The decisions were written by Circuit Judges Jenkins and Baker and District Judge Bunn, reverses the orders of Judge Grosscup in the United States circuit court restraining Henry R. Platt and Horace K. Tenney from prosecuting a suit brought by them in the state courts in behalf of Jacob Miller, a subject of Germany.

The decree of Judge Grosscup in the David A. Kohn case, which involved the paying of dividends under the modified lease, was also reversed in the decisions made public today.

Today's decisions have an important bearing on the Chicago traction situation at this time. With the exception of a case involving the validity of the 99-year act and angles arising from that case, the traction matters are largely relegated to the state court for settlement.

THE NEW GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT OF THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.



A. N. CLELAND,
Well Known Railroad Man Who Succeeds Charles S. Fee.

We know our ground. We don't ask your trade on a probability of being able to suit you, but with a knowledge that we have here what will suit you.

—The stock of this store is constantly on dress parade. It's never allowed to fall short of the absolute completeness that means your every want is provided. It's a passing show, too—constantly changing. Time doesn't stand still—ideas are constantly presenting themselves. There's always something new to be had—and be sure we have it at once.

—The spring providing of clothing didn't stop here when Easter came—goods are coming in now as they did before Easter—the latest and best developed ideas of the foremost clothing men.

Men's Suits, $10 to $35.
Top Coats, $10 to $35.
Youths' Clothing, $10 to $20.

M. S. Burrows

POLICE MAKE BOWERY RAID

Proprietors of Three Places Find Themselves Under Serious Charge.

The police made a large haul Saturday evening, when three alleged assignation houses on West Superior street were raided and several of the inmates captured.

The raiding party consisted of Capt. Reschy, Detective Terry, Sergeant Fritz and Officers Tully and Roberg.

The three houses entered were the Cliff hotel at 823 West Superior street, the Durham hotel at 822 West Superior street, and the house kept by John Henry at 611 West Superior street.

Mrs. Lillian Smith, proprietor of the Cliff hotel, Alice Lee, the keeper of the Durham, and John Henry were arrested on the charge of keeping disorderly houses, this morning, and arraigned in the municipal court before Judge Gearhart.

They all pleaded not guilty to the charge against them and gave bonds of $30 each to appear for a hearing this afternoon.

Five inmates in all were arrested. Three girls, who gave their names as May Trimbat, Mamie Falconer, and Clara Peterson were charged with being common prostitutes. The Falconer girl forfeited a $25 bond, while the other two plead d guilty this morning before Judge Gearhart. The Trimbat girl was fined $22, while sentence was withheld on the Peterson girl, who is to be used as a witness by the city in the hearing of the case against the proprietors.

George Gilbert and Kate Johnson were arraigned under another charge. Gilbert pleaded guilty before Judge Gearhart this morning and was fined $22 while the girl forfited her bail of $25.

The three proprietors indignantly denied the charge of keeping houses of ill fame, although their places are said by the police to have born bad reputations.

"I should say not," was the reply of Mrs. Smith when she answered the question of the court, "guilty or not guilty?"

Assistant City Attorney McKeon will have charge of the prosecution this afternoon.

Thomas F. Cole Returns.

Thomas F. Cole, president of the Oliver Iron Mining Co., is home today, with Mrs. Cole, after a trip lasting several weeks through Arizona and other parts of the West. Mr. Cole and his friends are extensively interested in the copper mines at Bisbee, Ariz. Mr. Cole is looking well, and is reported to have expressed himself as well satisfied with his trip, from the standpoint of the condition of the properties in which he is interested and the general enjoyment of the trip.

MAD MULLAH ROUTED.

London, April 20.—The British operations against the Mad Mullah of Somaliland ended with the Mullah's escape into Italian territory recently. In the house of commons today War Secretary Arnold Forster said the Mullah had sustained very severe losses in men and animals, and that his forces were routed and driven out of the protectorate. The Mullah is now practically without any following, and therefore it had been decided to discontinue military operations.

THE BEST LIGHT COSTS NO MORE THAN THE OTHER KIND. . . . . .

Electric light is cleaner, safer, better. Do you use it?

Duluth General Electric Co.
216 West Superior St.

BIDS ON SEVERAL IMPROVEMENTS

Creosote Blocks Lower Than Asphalt For East Superior Street.

P. R. McDonnell Lowest and Also on First Avenue East.

One of the busiest sessions in the history of the board of public works was held this morning when bids were opened for six of the most important contracts of the year.

The East Superior street pavement was the first matter taken up. Bids had been called for tar macadam, slate macadam, asphalt, creosote blocks and cedar blocks. There were three bidders on the tar macadam, P. McDonnell, Warren Brothers and Fitzgerald & Norris. P. McDonnell was the lowest, and should tar macadam be selected the contract will doubtless go to him. His bid was $40,225.50, while Warren Brothers bid $48,414.08, and Fitzgerald & Norris $42,936.48.

The specifications called for bids on several different kinds of curbing, and the bids will vary several hundred dollars from this amount, according to the curb selected. The bid calls for a cement curb and gutter.

P. McDonnell was the only bidder for creosote blocks, his bid amounting to $57,838.30 for a pavement of that material, with a cement curb and gutter. If the old curb is reset in concrete and refressed the bid will be somewhat lowered. The board has not yet had time to figure up all of the totals yet, and thee xact difference is not known.

Mr. McDonnell was also the only bidder for the slate macadam, his bid for this pavement amounting to $28,208.60.

There were two bidders for cedar blocks, P. McDonnell and Fitzgerald & Norris. The bids have not been figured out as yet, but the McDonnell bid is probably the lower of the two.

The Barber Asphalt company was the only bidder for an asphalt pavement. It is understood that the company made no very great effort to get the contract, and its bid is high, amounting to $58,438.10, or slightly higher than the bid for creosote blocks.

The work of carrying out the different items in the various bids will occupy the greater part of the afternoon, and it may be necessary for the employes of the board to work overtime in order to submit the bids to the council this evening in proper form.

* * *

The First avenue east job will also probably go to P. McDonnell. There was but one set of specifications in this contract, which called for sandstone blocks. Bids were submitted by P. McDonnell, J. W. Preston, George P. King and Fitzgerald & Norris. Mr. McDonnell bid $2.75 per square yard for the sandstone, with cement filler, while Fitzgerald & Norris were the next lowest with $2.95. For the tar and gravel filler the McDonnell bid was $2.75 and the Fitzgerald & Norris bid $3. The McDonnell bid wts slightly higher for some of the minor items, but the total will doubtless be less than the Fitzgerald & Norris bid.

* * *

Bids for the sprinkling contracts in six of the eleven districts were submitted. There were from three to ten bidders for each district. The following is the list of the lowest bidders in the six districts and the contracts will doubtless be awarded accordingly: District No. 1, Sam Scanlon, $123 per month; district No. 2, Walter McLean, $117.50 per month; district No. 3, Sam Scanlon, $124 per month; district No. 4, Sam Scanlon, $131.50 per month; district number 6, G. M. Clark, $116 per month; district No. 8, H. Sapiro, $125 per month.

* * *

Con Winters and W. H. Kilton were tied for the lowest bid on the laying of plank sidewalks in the western district, which includes all of the territory west of Twelfth avenue west. Their bids were $19 per thousand feet. In the eastern district, which includes all of the territory east of Twelfth avenue, W. H. Kilton was the lowest bidder at $19.50 per thousand feet.

* * *

On the contract for the tile and cement walks, John Lowry's bid, sixteen cents per square foot for the cement and fifteen for the tile. Alexander Sang bid 15½ cents on each, and the contract will doubtless be awarded to him since the estimates state that 30,000 square feet of cement walks will be laid and only 5000 square feet of tile.

* * *

It is very doubtful who will secure the contract for the maintenance lumber. The specifications called for 250,000 feet of various kinds and sizes including white pine, Norway, tamarac, hemlock and cedar. There were three bidders, W. H. Kilton, W. P. Helmbach and G. W. Little. The Helmbach bid was the only one on white pine and it was also lowest on Norway, while the Kilton and Helmbach bids for tamarac and hemlock were about equal. There were no bids on the cedar. The board will have to take into consideration the amount of each that will be used in determining the lowest bidder.

* * *

The board will award the different contracts with the exception of the East Superior street paving contract and send them to the council this evening for confirmation.

The bids on the East Superior street job will be carefully out and the items added together showing the totals for all the different specifications in the various pavements and will be submitted to the council with a request as to instructions in regard to which kind of pavement is desired. The matter will then be referred back to the board and the contract awarded to the lowest bidder.

It is not thought that either cedar block or asphalt will be seriously considered by the property owners, and the choice is probably between the tar macadam and the creosote blocks.

NOT AMENABLE TO DISCIPLINE

Florence Sage Too Much For the Nonnemacher Family.

A hearing was held before Probate Judge Middlecoff at 4 o'clock this afternoon regarding the disposition of little 10-year-old Florence Sage, who has been taken care of for some time past by Mr. and Mrs. Nonnemacher, of 109 East Fifth street, as though she were their own child.

The family with whom the little girl has been living have found that they have more on their hands in the way of a little girl than they care to handle, and they are willing that something be done to put the care of the child elsewhere.

Florence was not regularly adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Nonnemacher. Her mother is dead, and her father, who works on the range, turned her over to the Duluth family with a written declaration that they were to assume control over her.

It is claimed that while the little girl is not specially bad or vicious, she runs away from home a great deal, and if punished a little for her shortcomings she makes a great deal of it to the neighbors, and they, thinking she is abused, have interfered with the course of discipline in the Nonnemacher family.

Mr. Nonnemacher is quite wroth over the reports that have been circulated that the child was not well treated, and declares that if he cannot have the child to care for without the interference of others, when she needs the sort of correction that children sometimes get, he does not care to keep her in the family longer.

Edward Sage, the father of the child, came down from the range this morning to attend the hearing, and it is understood that arrangements were made betwene himself and Mr. Withrow whereby he will either look after his daughter in the future, or she will be placed with the proper institution, where she will be cared for.

Mr. Sage expressed his entire satisfaction with the treatment accorded his child by the Nonnemacher family, and said she was sent there with his own free will and consent.

BE SURE AND ATTEND
the Grand Opening Dance at
LINCOLN PAVILLION HALL
on Tuesday night, April 19, 1904. Good music by Blewett's full orchestra. Tickets, 50 cents. Ladies free.

DEATH AT EVELETH

Of Oldest Daughter of P. Ellard Dowling.

Eveleth, Minn., April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dorothy, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. Ellard Dowling, died Saturday evening at 11 o'clock. She has been seriously ill for five weeks with a severe attack of gastritis, and though everything within human power was done she gradually became worse, and from Thursday there was no hope of her recovery. Mr. and Mrs. Dowling have the sympathy of a host of friends in their bereavement, and all Eveleth mourns with them, as Dorothy was beloved by all. She was born here in August, 1898.

The interment will be in Carleton Place, Ont., but for the present the remains will be placed in a vault in Duluth today. Many friends and relatives will accompany the parents to Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Dowling have one other child, a daughter 1 year old.

PETITION IN BANKRUPTCY

Filed Against Globe Security Company of New York.

New York, April 18.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States district court today against the Globe Security company by James S. O'Neal, Asher Osterman and Samuel J. Swell. The total amount of their claims is $7500, with interest.

The papers which were filed by the petitioners alleged that the Globe Security company, contrary to the provisions of the bankruptcy law, paid alleged recent indebtedness amounting to $25,000, thus making certain persons preferred creditors, and also allege that the alleged bankrupts within the last month conveyed, transferred, concealed or removed some of their property.

SHOE FACTORY BURNED.

Brockton, Mass., April 18.—The large shoe factory of L. M. Reynolds & Co. was burned today. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $82,000.

New Neckwear, new Shirts, at actual wholesale price to save moving, at Slewert's, Wolvin building.

BETTER HITCH THEM.

Police to Get After Careless Horse Owners.

The police department is planning to rigidly enforce the hitching ordinance.

Several accidents have been reported on account of the failure of teamsters and others to tie their horses when they are left standing.

John P. Hallihan, John Meler and Adolph Otto were arrested and arraigned in the municipal court this morning on the charge of violating the hitching ordinance. They pleaded guilty to the charge and were released by Judge Gearhart after paying a fine of $1 and costs, with a warning to observe the provisions of the ordinnce more faithfully in future.

The patrolmen have been instructed to arrest the owners of all horses which are left standing unhitched, in future.

THE D. A. R. ANNUAL.

Two Thousand Delegates Attend Continental Congress.

Washington, April 18.—The thirteenth annual continental congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution convened here today with over 2000 delegates, alternates and visitors in attendance. The sessions will continue throughout the week.

Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, wife of the senior senator from Indiana, presided.

The credentials committee reported a total of 40,206 members, 687 chapters, thirty national officers and 273 delegates.

WALL STREET WAS DAZED

Jobes of Kansas City Gets the Last Laugh.

New York, April 18.—Wall street is somewhat dazed, and except those who were bidders on the new Philippine bonds, brokers are in a measure amused at the nerve of a Kansas City man, C. O. Jobes, in outbidding the New York financiers for the new $3,000,000 issue and getting the whole lot of bonds. The dazed feeling comes from the fact that a man from Kansas City would have the nerve to bid for $3,000,000 of bonds, and the announcement comes from a story which is going the rounds of the street to the effect that Mr. Jobes came on to New York a few days before the bids for the bonds were made and saw one of the New York bidders.

"I am Mr. Jobes—Jobes of Kansas City," he explained. "I think I know how things stand and I just want to tell you that I want $100,000 worth of those Philippine bonds. I am willing to pay what they cost you, but I don't want to be squeezed."

The Wall street man laughed.

"Where is Kansas City?" he asked, as he reached for a map.

"It's there, all right, and it's got the money," replied Jobes.

Then the Wall street man explained the field was open to anyone who cared to bid.

"I don't think you quite understand me," said Jobes. "I'll come back tomorrow. You can think it over until then."

The New York financier thought it was a good joke and he summoned several of his partners to meet Mr. Jobes when he called Thursday. Mr. Jobes was again told he could not be let in on the deal for the reason that there was room.

"Then I guess there's nothing for me to do but outbid you and take the whole issue myself," announced Jobes.

The laughter of the shrewd money Kings followed him for half a block.

There is still laughter in Wall street, but Mr. Jobes of Kansas City is laughing last.

UNKNOWN MAN

Taken From the Mississippi at St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 18.—The body of a well dressed man has been taken from the river here, but his identity is unestablished. His silver watch is engraved "A. J. Ritter, Monroe, Wis."

The man was apparently 45 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches in height, weighed about 140 pounds, black hair and black mustache and wore a black serge suit.

PART OF ITS DAM

Is a Colt, Says the Treasury Department.

Washington, April 18.—Officially a colt is as much a piece of furniture as a dresser drawer, or a bed slat. The treasury department has so decided. The question came before it upon complaint of a St. Albans immigrant, who brought with him from Canada among other belongings a mare and a suckling colt. Under recent decisions of the higher courts horses have been classed at within the phrase "usual and reasonable furniture and similar household effects." Under his personal view of the matter, however, the collector at St. Albans, while admitting the mare free of duty saw fit to appraise the colt at $25 and collected a duty of $10. The department in sustaining the immigrant, holds that the colt has no existence as an article of merchandise separate and apart from its mother, and should be considered a part of the mare.

An Important Sale of Women's Dresses and Tailored Garments.

J. M. Gidding & Co. announce for tomorrow an important sale of beautiful gowns, costumes, demi-costumes, dresses and tailored suits from purchases made by Mr. Gidding in the East, including many model gowns designed by American modistes from the imported gown itself, and adapted to the American women. The display includes gowns, costumes and dresses of soile, grenadine, all-over lace, or net, crepe de chine, foulard silk, china silk, and many fancy mixtures and plain cloths. The savings on these garments placed on sale tomorrow range from a fourth to a third, and is an unusual buying opportunity for women who want really beautiful things. No two dresses are alike and each has an individuality of its own, besides they are styles that cannot be found at any other store in the Northwest. The regular prices range from $25 to $150, and the savings range from $10 on the lower-priced ones to nearly $60 on the more expensive kinds. Gidding & Co. extend a very cordial invitation to critical women to look these beautiful things over, whether to purchase or not.

Two Wills Filed.

Two wills were admitted in probate court this morning. One was that of the late Captain Robert Smith, former president of the Duluth Dredge & Dock company and the second was that of the late Thomas McHale, of Eveleth.

In his will Mr. McHale appointed Ambrose Touhy as executor of his estate and then made a number of bequests for his relatives.

To his sister, Bridget O'Donnell, of Norway, Mich., he left $100 and the same amount to two of his nieces, $300 to another niece at Norway, $100 to a nephew and the remainder of his estate after the bequests and expenses were deducted, to another niece in Ishpeming, Mich.

The decedent also made final provision for his tombstone, arranging with the executor for $300 to be put into a suitable stone to be placed at the head of his grave.

MOURNED BURTON'S CONVICTION.

St. Louis, April 18.—Physicians who attended Maj. Hugh C. Dennis, president of the Rialto Grain and Securities company, whose sudden death ended his connection with the case in which United States Senator Burton, of Kansas was recently convicted, stated today that Major Dennis' death resulted from continual y brooding over the conviction of Senator Burton.

MINERS RATIFY SCALE.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 18.—The coal operators and miners signed an agreement today under the terms of which Iowa mines will be operated for the two years, dating from April 1 last. The scale was finally ratified by the miners' branch of the joint conference, by a vote of 139 to 119.

THE U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Washington, April 18.—Chief Justice Fuller announced in the United States supreme court today, that the call of the docket of the court would be suspended on the 29th inst and that on May 27th, the court would take a recess for a fortnight. The understanding is that the court will adjourn for the term May 31 next.

HER BABIES' PRATTLE TORTURED HER.

Run Down, Sick, Moody, Irritable—This Burdened Mother "Often Wished She Had No Children"—But Today She is Bright, Strong, Cheery, Well—Quickly Braced, Invigorated and Cured by the Celebrated Nerve Vitalizer and Tonic.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

In hundreds of homes there is presented this same bitter spectacle, the mother who feels no joy in having her children about her, whose quivering nerves wince at the happy chatter, as if from the sting of a whip.

Too many a discouraged woman, or man, has recourse to the coffee pot—or to a still more insidious stimulant—and the result is nervous and physical wreck, and a saddened home.

This tired, nerve-racked mother—Mrs. A. F. Ellen—was wise enough to build up her system and her nerve forces quickly, instead of taking a stimulant like coffee to burn them up. She writes:

"I am the mother of a large family, and household duties completely wore me out. "I became nervous and run down and had no appetite. I was so nervous that my children's talk, which always amused me, became a source of irritation.

"I often wished I had no children. About three weeks ago I began taking Paine's Celery Compound, and it is a blessed medicine. It certainly has restored my temper and appetite. My nervousness has all disappeared. I am grateful for the discovery of such a great remedy." MRS. A. F. ELLEN, Mount Washington, Pa.

Cincinnati, Aug. 26, 1903.—"I heartily recommend Paine's Celery Compound, as I have used it for several purposes, and keep it constantly in the house. I say—'Once used, always used'—especially in the case of ailing women."—Miss Essie Lloyd, 1251 Russell St.

BE WELL THIS SPRING.
"Energy, Confidence and Health —simply matters of good vital NERVE Force."
—Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL.D., of Dartmouth University
—Famous Discoverer of Paine's Celery Compound.

Go to your Druggist TODAY. Get one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound—See how DIFFERENT it will make you feel.

JEWS NOT ALIENS.

They Preceded Russians in Parts of Country.

How long have the Jews been in Russia? Are they merely strangers in a strange land, as the Russian anti-Semites assert, and are the Russians the oldest natives of the country? asks the New York Sun. These questions are the subject of a discussion going on among three newspapers of St. Petersburg, the Novoe Vremya, the Novosti and the Voskhod.

In the Novosti there recently appeared a letter declaring that the Jews cannot by any means be regarded as strangers, as aliens, in Russia. In some parts of the country, said the writer, the Jews were settled long before the Russians arrived.

This letter was the beginning of the discussion. The anti-Semitic Novoe Vremya denied the proposition advanced on it and asked in what parts of Russia were the Jews such early settlers? Where is there such a Palestine in the Russian dominion?

To these questions an answer was given by the Voskhod, the Russian Jewish journal. The Jews, it said, really settled in some parts of the country long before the Russians.

Then the Voskod proceeded to enumerate all the "Palestines" of the Russian empire, all the parts of the country where Jews settled long before there was the sign of a Russian.

"There is the Crimea," it said. "Can any one say that our people are strangers there? Which of the inhabitants may be considered as the oldest, or only natives?

"In times of yare the country was settled by the Scythians, but this people long ago disappeared. Were the Scythians still extant they alone could rightly call the Jews aliens, but they no longer exist. The country is now inhabited by Russians, Tartars, Germans and Jews, and the question may be asked which of these were the earliest settlers?"

It goes on to say that the Tartars settled in the Crimea in the thirteenth century; the Russians came to the country in the eighteenth century and the Jews in the first century. If not, as it is held by some, before the birth of Christ. Thus the Jews have lived in Crimea thirteen hundred years longer than the Tartars and eighteen hundred years longer than the Russians.

"Can the Novoe Vremya justly maintain that the Russians are the original natives of Crimea and that the Jews are mere aliens?" asks the Voskhod.

According to the testimony of the old Arabic and Greek writers and travelers as well as of the earliest Russian chronicles Jewish communities existed more than a thousand years ago, in the cities of Kertch, Feodosia, Stara-Crim, Karazubazar and Chufut-Kale. This testimony is corroborated by old tombstones, ancient manuscripts and various inscriptions of Jewish, Greek and Tartar origin.

There are also further proofs in the laws of the Genoese, who for a time dominated part of the Crimea, in the Hermitage of St. Petersburg there are ancient inscriptions of synagogues and Jewish cemeteries which point to the existence of Jewish communities in the Crimea in the first century.

"And after all this," exclaims the Voskhod, "there appears in Yalta a Suworin or Burenin (noted Jew baiters) and informs the Jews that they are aliens and tells them that they should get out and make room for the natives!"

The Voskhod then points to another "Palestine" in the Caucasus—"the whole of Caucasia from Maman to Baku, from Petrovsk to Batum." There are many historical evidences to show that Jews settled in the land in very ancient times.

But prior rights do not count when they are on the side of the minority, says the Voskhod, and the Jews are now forbidden to live in the Caucasus. In 1825 the entire district of the Caucasus, with all its animosities and dissensions, was declared a Jewish community, and it was declared to be outside of the pale of Jewish settlement and all newcomers had to leave. In 1892 even the native Jews of the country were forbidden to move from one place into another, thus being confined to cities of their birth.

Again, asks the Voskhod, who were they that first settled on the shores of the Black sea? Who is the stranger and who is the native on the steppes of Southern Russia? The gentlemen of the Novoe Vremya seem to forget, it says, that the Chazars founded a kingdom which lasted from the seventh to the tenth century. The same Jews populated the shores of the Volga and built the city of Voronezh and according to some chroniclers they also made the beginnings of the city of Kieff.

Jews, the Chazars, namely, laid the foundations of civilization in Southern Russia. It was only in the tenth century that they were driven out by the Normans, the Russians. The kingdom of the Chazars fell and the Jews were divided, one part emigrating to Roumania, Hungary, and the other part remaining in the Crimea and the Caucasus, and some also settling in Kieff.

When the Tartars invaded Kieff and the surrounding districts, the Jews, as well as masses of Christians, betook themselves to the West, to Volin and Galicia and to the South, to the Lithunian settlements. Later, when the Tartars were overwhelmed and driven out, the Jews, together with the Little Russians, returned to the East.

From the fourteenth to the seventeenth century masses of Jews settled in the Ukraine. In Lithuania there were Jewish settlements in the early part of the country's history, and here, as everywhere else, the Jews left their mark upon the progress and prosperity of the land.

One of the writers of the Novoe Vremya is a certain, or rather uncertain, Engelgard; and this man, whose German name points to recent arrival in the country, deplores deeply the invasion of Lithuania by the Jews, whom he describes as ignorant allens that the land should get rid of as soon as possible. And yet the poor people have lived and labored in the country for centuries. They can prove their residence by centuries of persecution to which they have been subjected in the same places.

One contributor to the Jew baiting organ writes over the signature of Hoffgnaster, and there is fire and sword in his words against the Bessarabian Jews. The Voskhod asks "what this German muzhik knows about the settlement of our people in Bessarabia?" Many centuries ago they made their homes in the land that can claim the honors of Kishineff, it says. They lived there in the time of the kingdom of the Chazars and during the reign of the Greeks at Constantinople. Many of them still remember the rule of the Turks.

In reply to all these statements the Novoe Vremya said:

"The Jews that lived in Crimea in ancient times were not Talmudic Jews, but Karaites, and there is a grave doubt as to whether the Karaites are really of Jewish descent. Another shameless statement of the Voskhod is that the Chazars were Jews. Who knows what they were? Such statements may be used for the purposes of cheap polemics, but they will deceive no one.

"To this the Voskhod rejoined that the Novoe Vremya employs facts in the manner of a magician and then proceded to explain that the founder of the sect of Karaites lived in the ighth century and that therefore the Jews who dwelt in various parts of the present Russia in the first, second, third and fourth centuries could not be Karaites for the very simple reason that the sect of the Karaites was not founded until several centuries after.

Evidence is brought to show that the teachings of the Karaites did not gain much ground in the Crimea until the close of the thirteenth century. Until the twelfth century the Crimea was under the rule of the Chazars, who were real Jews and recognized not only the law of Moses, but also the authority of the Mishnah and the Talmud.

The traveler Siltberger in the beginning of the fifteenth century tells of the many Jews who lived in Feodosia, which was then held by the Genoese. These Jews owned 4000 houses and the traveler tells that they were divided into two sects and had two synagogues.

It is admitted that the Chazars were not of Jewish origin, that they were converts to Judaism, but they could not possibly be converted to Judaism if there were not genuine Jews living among them, says the Voskhod.

BURIED ALIVE.

The Fanatical Act of a Russian Religious Sect.

Religious fanaticism has been responsible for some of the most revolting horrors ever written in the pages of history, says the Chicago Chronicle. It is only about six years ago that 28 persons had buried themselves alive at Tiraspol in order to avoid being included in the census that was being taken at that time, these people being members of the sect known as the Khisty. This sect flourishes in the whole of the northern half and in the entire east of the Russian empire, each year many legal processes being instituted against the various members of that body. The Khlystics are scattered over this immense district in colonies which vary in number of persons; they are considered by the law to be particularly dangerous and are savagely hunted by the orthodox clergy and the lawyers of the country and even by the orthodox members of Russian society. The adherents of the sect meet for common worship with the greatest secrecy, carefully surrounding themselves with sentinels and in every way seeking to avoid the sharp eyes of both the law and the church. The members of the bod lead an orderly life, eat no meat, use no alcohol or tobacco, never take part in village fetes—which generally end in drunken orgies—do not swear, treat animals kindly, live in the strictest union with the other members of their faith, practice the doctrine of free love, and in general, are more abundantly blessed with this world's goods than the orthodox Russians.

At the same time the sect, in the eyes of the clericals, is one of the most pernicious and is dubbed an association of hypocritites and enemies of the state. It dates from the seventeenth century, and the first prophet, who lived in 1630, was declared to be the incarnation of God the Father descended upon the earth and appeared to men on a hill in the province of Kostroma.

In the religious conceptions of the cult the personal God of the Christians has completely vanished, being replaced by a vague spirit without a name and without attributes, but which is blended with the idea of the Holy Ghost, although it has no analogy with it. The spirit may be drawn to the earth by means of appeals, offerings, by force and by violations—the disciple of the faith "seeing the spirit and holding him, in his possession." Once descended upon earth the spirit enters the disciple's body, who in turn becomes the slave of the spirit, a mere automaton; absolutely ruled by the spirit, having no will of his own; consequently every action, even the most insane and the most vicious, is the act of the spirit and as such cannot be criticised or blamed. There are various ceremonies by means of which the presence of the spirit is obtained, the chief one being to assemble in the evening about night in an open field, where, amid songs and prayers, the religious frenzy gradually seizes the people, after which they are possessed with the spirit.

All of the mystic sects of Russia are merely varieties of the Khlystics. Russia being divided into two religious movements besides that of the orthodox church, namely, the Khlystics or mystics and the Stundists or rationalists, which is merely German Protestants, both of these movements representing a grave peril for the stability of the orthodox Greek church. Russia is frequently convulsed with religious epidemics, which start with a "selzure" of some person, this person then becoming a god, a prophet. In every case, however, the essential tenets are those of the Khlystics, a fact which proves that the social stagnation has had its logical consequence, the people, miserable, brutalized by alcohol, and buried in the densest ignorance for centuries, having made no social or intellectual progress. The slightest mental disorder, the least rapture of the psychic equilibrium suffices to rub off the light varnish of Christianity possesed by the nation, and to bring into existence the old mental and moral habitudes, these epidemics of religious folly being only a morbid return to a very primitive mental and moral state.

WEST DULUTH

The building at New Duluth recently vacated by Thomas Olson's box factory, has been fitted out anew by W. H. Kleckhoff, a former owner, with modern box-making machinery. Operations will be started tomorrow at the plant, and although a full force of men will not be employed at the start, the force will be added to until the full working force of twenty-five is employed.

Mr. Kleckhoff was interested in the plant up to last fall, when he sold out to Mr. Olson and moved to Superior. Mr. Olson recently decided to move his plant to West Duluth and had a new building erected on Fifty-fourth avenue West, which he has only just moved into.

Mr. Kleckhoff was in the Twin Cities last week to purchase some needed machinery. Enough of this has arrived to make starting tomorrow possible. The building has been thoroughly overhauled and several improvements have been made about it. Boxes, lumber, ceiling, flooring, siding, etc., will be manufactured by the company.

RAMSEY STREET SITE.

City Dock Matter to Come Before Council.

At the meeting of the council this evening the matter of a city dock for West Duluth will be brought up, and Alderman Chesney, chairman of the committee which has been conducting an investigation of the relative merits of the three sites offered, will recommend that the dock be placed at the foot of Ramsay street.

It is estimated that the cost of building the dock would be $7000. It is said that the plan will be fought by some of the aldermen on the ground that the permanent improvement fund, from which the expense must be met, cannot stand the strain. The investigating committee will probably do nothing further in the way of urging the dock's construction than recommending the Ramsay street site, but West Duluth aldermen will probably push the matter.

Holter's Athletics were defeated by the West Duluth baseball team at the Driving park yesterday afternoon, the final score standing 13 to 0. The West Duluthians put up a good game, and appeared to be in excellent trim. The grounds were not in the best of condition, but it is said they will be all right for the big game next Sunday if nice weather continues. The victors lined up yesterday as follows: Robinson, catcher; Larson, pitcher; Coughlin, first base; Brotherton, second base; M. Bousky, short stop; Moe, third base; Young, left field, E. Robinson, center field; A. Bousky, right field. Bautan and Nelson composed the Holter's battery.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Maud Simpson, residing at the corner of Fifty-eighth avenue west and Wadena street, has returned from Portland, Oregon.

When we say the best union-made working shirts in the market, 50 cents to $1, we mean it. Come and see them. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

W. C. Hawthorne, of West Duluth, is today shipping a carload of horses and crew of men to Carrington, N. D., where he has a contract for breaking 3000 acres of land.

Boys' knee pants, school caps, school shoes, the best. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

O. T. Strand is in the city from Faribault, Minn., visiting with his family on Fifty-sixth avenue west.

Men's fine union-made fancy worsted and cheviot suits, beauties, $10, $12, $15. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

John Laudrain, the Missabe engineer, who was badly scalded about two weeks ago by escaping steam, though still confined to his home, is rapidly improving and will soon be able to return to his work.

Paints, oils and brushes, largest assortment, prices to suit you, at Schell & Wade's.

John Brayden, the boy who was driving William Chesney's team when it was struck by a Grand avenue street car Saturday morning, is confined to his home as a result of the injuries received in the collision. Although no bones were broken he was badly bruised about the face and body. The accident happened at the intersection of Grand and Central avenue.

Baby carriages, full line, prices right, quality the best, at Schell & Wade's.

Duluth chapter No. 59, R. A. M., conferred the four degrees on a class of three from Eveleth Saturday afternoon and evening.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

G. C. O'Brien of Fifty-first avenue west has returned from visiting his claim in Northern Minnesota.

Miss Edith Oakey and Miss Jennie Bremmer of Ashland, Wis., are guests at the home of Miss Clare Shinlaub on Fifty-fourth avenue west.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

L. H. Wilson and family are removing from Fond du Lac, Wis., to West Duluth, where they formerly resided.

The Dozen club will meet with Miss Genevieve Fisher at her home on Halifax street tomorrow evening.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

Mrs. A. B. Faulk of St. Paul is visiting relatives in the city.

O. S. Jackson left today for a trip through the range towns.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone, 3070.

For sale, piano, almost new, at a bargain, 311 Fifty-fourth avenue west.

GUN CLUB SCORES.

Results In Shooting For Class Medals.

The third shoot for the class medals among the members of the Duluth Gun club was held with wind unfavorable. Fulton, who led the field in the first shoot, fell down yesterday, and some of the other members have now overtaken him in the race. The following is the result of the shoot:

Hunters Arms Co., A class medal:

	Shot at.	Broke.
Jackson	25	21
Frank	25	20
Storey	25	20
Cap	25	19
Fulton	25	19
Field	25	18
Berry	25	17

F. D. Day & Co., B class medal:

Williams	25	22
Holmberg	25	20
Bowstring	25	20
Abbett	25	18
Salter	25	15
Wilson	25	11

J. Storey, C class medal:

Phil	25	16
Morrow	25	14

Buy your summer furnishings at actual wholesale cost at Slewert's, Wolvin building.

The Fire, Smoke and Water Sale

ended in our basement Saturday, but will continue all this week at

GATELY'S.

In bargains on odd pieces of furniture and clothing that will more than pay you to attend this sale.

8 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

SORROW IS SINCERE

By President and Cabinet Over Battleship Missouri Disaster.

Method That Will Drive Out All Infectious Diseases.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is not perfunctory sorrow expressed by the president and the secretary of the navy over the terrible disaster which occurred on board the United States battleship Missouri on Wednesday last. The president and the members of his cabinet, together with every man in public life, and every officer of the military establishment, feel keenly the visitation which has come to the American navy, and at the same time the greatest mead of praise goes up to Capt. Cowles for his gallant conduct in personally risking his life in an attempt to save his men. The disaster on the Missouri ranks as one of the very worst which has come to the United States navy in times of peace. There have been several other casualities of serious import in the navy within the past twenty years. The wreck of the Huron gave Lieut. now Commander, Lucien Young the opportunity to demonstrate what stuff American officers are made of. Subsequently the wreck of the famous frigate Kearsarge on Rancador reef in the Carribean sea sent a thrill through the American people. But the most disastrous accident to the navy in recent times occurred in 1889, when the Trenton and two other vessels went ashore in Apia bay in the Samoan islands. That incident, bad as it was, was not without good results, for it served to cement the friendship between the United States and Germany, which at the time was strained almost to the breaking point through the troubles among the native tribes of Samoa. Within the last century England has suffered two great naval disasters in times of peace. About 100 years ago the ship of the line Royal George, while undergoing repairs in Plymouth harbor, made a list to port and went down to the bottom with all hands. It was estimated at the time that more than 800 persons were drowned on that occasion. The old ship is still at the bottom of the harbor, and within recent years divers have reported that her timbers still are sound. No one has forgotten the loss of the Victoria, rammed by the Camperdown off the island of Cyprus. Unlike the disaster to the Missouri and the loss to the Trenton, that accident occurred through bad seamanship.

* * *

It is probable that there will never be another outbreak of contagious or infectious disease in the army or the navy of the United States. Some years ago a German chemist discovered that liberated formaldehyde gas, which is a product of wood alcohol, will destroy, in addition to all forms of organic life —from a moth to a man—all germs of disease. The medical authorities of the army and navy have been experimenting with this germ-destroying agent, with the result that every ship in the navy and every post in the army will hereafter be supplied with appliances for generating the gas, and it is claimed that, should a sailor be taken down with a case of smallpox, for instance, the disease can be eradicated almost instantly, and that it will be possible to prevent a second man from coming down with the disease. In fact, the surgeons of the army and navy are so confident of the efficacy of this germ-destroying agent that they do not hesitate to predict that infectious disease will be absolutely driven from the ships and posts absolutely. The appliance for generating the gas consists simply of a stove resembling a portable oil stove and a few gallons of wood alcohol. It is believed that when the simplicity of this method becomes known it will be generally adopted by boards of health everywhere.

* * *

Have you ever been in a police gallery of criminals? In one of these modern galleries, where you can look on the picture and then on the back and ascertain the name of the person, weight, age, birth marks, or other marks, size of nose, measurement of fingers so minutely set forth that it seems almost impossible for a policeman to go wrong in the apprehension of a culprit? One of the cleverest devices for holding the photographs of criminals and law-breakers is the invention of Maj. Sylvester, the chief of police of this city, and as a result of his activity in the apprehension of all kinds and conditions of the under world the Washington police has probably one of the very best collections of photographs of law-breakers in the country. Maj. Sylvester was among the very first police chiefs to adopt the Bertillon system for the identification of criminals in this country, modeling his system after that of Scotland Yard, London. He has, however, decided to still further increase the effectiveness of his gallery by adding to it the finger prints of those arrested for crime and misdemeanors. The thumb mark, it will be remembered, plays a major part in Mark Twain's story of "Puddin' Head Wilson," and for theatrical purposes can hardly be excelled. But the finger print system in use at Scotland Yard has been found to be of vast benefit in the hunting down of the law's violators.

The system was first successfully operated in India where the English government found the natives looked so much alike that even photographs did not prove satisfactory. It was found that many friends were perpetuated in pension matters, and people who were rightfully entitled to government recognition were impersonated on a wholesale plan. A case is related by the author of the finger print system to show how a murderer in India was brought to justice through his finger mark. There had been some experimenting done with the method and the prints of the fingers of persons arrested for theft were taken on paper. When the murder was committed the criminal left the impression of his blood stained fingers on paper in a trunk where he had searched for valuables. One of the coolies who had worked for the victim and who had previously been arrested for theft, was suspected, and it was because of the impression of his fingers that he was finally apprehended and brought to justice.

The method by which impressions are obtained is to place the fingers on a pad coated with printer's ink and then pressing them upon paper blanks. It is Major Sylvester's intention to inaugurate the finger print method at once, and he will have his blanks of description so arranged that the finger print of a suspected criminal may be pasted on the blank order itself in conjunction with the Bertillion system of identification. This, of course, is in the case of one who has been arrested for some crime. In the case of one arrested and looked upon as a new offender the Bertillion system and the finger print method will be invoked as a protection to law abiding citizens.

* * *

The problem of aerial navigation which has slumbered somewhat since the disastrous tests of the Langley aeroplane a few months ago on the Potomac river promises to have a great revival in the exhibition which Professor Bell will make of his tetrahedral kite before the National Geographic society on April 30 next. While it is understood that the Bell kite is by no means a bidder for consideration as an immediate aid to the solution of the problem of human flight, it bids fair to be a most interesting contribution to the sum of knowledge of the whole subject of aerial navigation. Those who have seen this invention of one of the very greatest scientists of the United States, and who has the honor of having the telephone named after him, state that the Bell kite is a kite pure and simple, but possessed of such unusual characteristics and capacities as to set it apart from all other known kites, even the novel and effective mechanisms of the Chinese. The kite which is to be shown publicly to the National Geographic society on the last day of this month is described as being composed of a series of small unit cells each possessing a maximum lifting power and a minimum of weight. Professor Bell has so arranged these cells that they can be combined indefinitely on the tetrahedral principle, and the promised demonstration lies in the question whether this enlargement of cell principles and development can be carried to a point where it will contribute practically toward the solution of the great problem, can air be navigated.

While there will be hundreds of interesting experiments made at the St. Louis Exposition none will attract more intense interest on the part of scientists than the trials of aerdalapes and air motors. Santos Dumont and the Lobaudy Brothers will be there with their machines, highly interesting toys, but whether they have solved the problem of air navigation is a mooted question. The Wright Brothers also who, according to report, had a most successful flight with their machine have entered for the contest. Professor Langley, of the Smithsonian institution, will launch his well-known "buzzard" from some height on the Exposition grounds with the hope that the failure which he experienced in the fall of 1903 will give way to success for his invention. Professor Bell, with his kite will, in all probability, be there to compete for the big prize offered by the St. Louis Exposition management to the inventor who navigates the air successfully. A belief is growing that the future practicable airship which will carry people swiftly and safely from point to point will, if ever evolved, prove to be a combination of the balloon and the aeroplane. Whether an air carrying craft can be built for the enlargement of man's sphere of activity is a question to be determined by the contest at St. Louis. At present every thing tending to a solution of the problem seems chaotic. The scientific public is therefore watching with much interest the results of Professor Bell's Tetrahedral kite.

Don't Forget the Grand Removal Sale Now Going on at the Wolvin Building

The entire stock of the finest men's furnishings in the Northwest must be sold between now and May 1st.

AT ACTUAL COST

New Spring Hats, Caps, Underwear, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders and a swell line of up-to-date Neckwear. One hundred dozen new Negligee Shirts arrived last Friday, all going at actual wholesale cost. (White Shirts and Collars excepted.) All purchases strictly cash and no goods exchanged.

W. F. SIEWERT,
Wolvin Building.

LAURIER IS FEARFUL

Canadian Premier Not Expected to Force General Election.

Two Ships to Take Possession of Arctic Islands.

Ottawa, Ont., April 18.—An interesting rumor current in political circles is that Sir Wilrid Laurier and some members of his cabinet propose to make a tour to the Canadian Yukon district soon after the close of the present session of the Dominion parliament. It is said that Lady Laurier may accompany her husband. Assuming this intention of the premier to be carried into effect, probably in August, the question is being debated whether or not the Canadian general elections will be held this year. Those who have inside knowledge are of the opinion that the present parliament will be permitted to live out its legal span of life, which will expire in the fall of 1906. The exigencies of the present political situation brought about by the government's new transcontinental railway scheme, probably render it desirable, in the interests of the Liberal party, to postpone an appeal to the people to the furthest time limit, in order to allow construction work to be got under way, and popular excitement and prejudice over the project to calm down. Much, however, depends upon the agricultural outlook in the West. If the crop prospects are up to the average of recent years, the government, upon Sir Wilfrid's return may decide to go to the country at once.

The so-called "debate" in the Canadian commons on the Grand Trunk Pacific promoters' agreement with the government is characterized as a farce, and the country is to be involved in a liability of $100,000,000 to $170,000,000. The result was a foregone conclusion from the first day, and everybody knew the government proposal would be put through.

The general election is due long before the surveys for the section east of Winnipeg which the government is to build can be completed and contracts awarded. As the inhabitants say, "a good deal of water will have run down hill by that time." Many things will have happened. The Conservative element and the independents, who took it into their heads in 1896 to give Laurier and his friends a chance at the pickings of office, are quite capable of swinging back and putting the other fellows in power again. The Tories think the signs are all pointing to a change.

In Manitoba it is contended the outlook is even worse for the party in power at Ottawa than in Ontario. In British Columbia the conditions are alleged to be more favorable to the Conservatives than to the Liberals. Here is said to growing dissatisfaction with Laurier in the Pacific province on account of his lumber policy. The lead mining interests are also aggrieved by what are considered the unsatisfactory results of their appeals to Ottawa year after year for tariff readjustment.

In the maritime provinces the revolt against the government railway policy, led by St. John, N. B., is alleged to be spreading throughout the whole of that section of the country.

Government supporters deride the idea that the Laurier administration can be defeated at the polls. Should the Tories win the new administration would stop all preliminary work in connection with the proposed 1800 miles government section between Winnipeg and Moncton, and take immediate steps instead to extend the government railway system (Intercolonial railway) from Montreal, its present Western terminus, to Winnipeg.

If contracts for the construction of the Western section from Winnipeg to the Pacific, say 1500miles should have been let by the Grand Trunk Pacific promoters and were actually under way they would not be interfered with. If, on the other hand, the promters would prefer to abandon the enterprise on account of the change in the plans for the Eastern section construction would undoubtedly be continued as a government undertaking. The Intercolonial railway would become a transcontinental road, beginning at Halifax on the Atlantic and ending at some suitable point in British Columbia north of aVncouver on the Pacific.

Canada's northern expeditions the coming summer and next year will raise the British flag on the Arctic islands claimed by Canada and at points of importance on the Canadian mainland north and west of Hudson bay not already formally taken possession of by Canada. Metal tablets will be deposited in conspicuous positions proclaiming Canadian jurisdiction.

American whalers establishing themselves from time to time in those latitudes have bestowed American names on places where they landed, such as Grant land, Lincoln, and so forth, but the whole of the islands north of the Canadian mainland and the north shores of the mainland itself from Labrador across the continent to Alaska, as well as the inland sea known as Hudson bay, are claimed to be Canadian.

The Canadian expeditionary vessels are the steamers Neptune and Gauss. The Neptune has been in the northern waters for some time with an exploring party on board, and the Gauss is an Arctic steamer purchased from Germany by the Canadian government and now at Antwerp awaiting the arrival of Capt. Bernier, who has this week left Canada for that port with a crew of twenty-five men to take possession and bring it across. At Halifax the Gauss will be fitted out for the northern trip and load coal and other supplies for the Neptune.

The two steamers will probably rendezvous at Southampton island, afterwards parting company and proceeding in different directions north and west in pursuance of their mission to the Arctic islands. It is possible, however, the Gauss may be ordered to Melville bay, and will endeavor to reach Herchell island. Capt. Bernier believes he can reach the North Pole from that point.

Out of the six claims for Canadian sealers seized and confiscated by Russia two only were accepted by the Russian representative at the recent meeting in London—the Carmelite and Vancouver Belle. With regard to the remaining four vessels it was held by the Russian agent that two had been indisputably found taking seals in Russian waters, and that others were warned off, but persisted in sealing illegally.

Canada was not consulted in the agreement between Great Britain and France. The extinction of the Newfoundland French shore claim was a step in the right direction, and so far as Canada is concerned removed one of the chief obstacles that would otherwise have stood in the way of union between the confederation and Newfoundland, when negotiations with that object in view are renewed, through the prospects of renewal were never more remote than at present. But the failure to secure the islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon to the British crown is called a regretable incident. The Islands remain a source of apprehension and danger to Canadian communications with Great Britain in time of war.

THE TRUE STORY

Of the Recent Election Held at Aurora.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In the Sunday edition of the News Tribune of yesterday I noticed a garbled account of an election held at the village of Aurora on last Saturday. As the statements made in said paper are misleading to the public, I deem it proper to enclose to the reliable Herald a true and correct account of the proceedings at said election, and in order that everyone can properly understand some, at least, of the methods sought to be pursued at Aurora on that day, it will be necessary to give a brief history of the progress of the village up to date. Last fall an election was held on the platted 40 acres of land known as the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 3, township 58, range 15, for the purpose of organizing the village of Aurora by including all territory in sections 3, 4, 9, and 10, in said above-mentioned township and range. At that election there were 46 votes cast, 38 of which were for the organization and 8 against.

Then after due notice had been given and in December last a village election was held and a full set of officers, embracing nearly, if not all the representative residents of the new village, was elected and later duly qualified, entering upon their duties shortly afterwards and passing the necessary ordinances. We come now to the meat in the cocoanut of the whole trouble. One of the first ordinances passed by the village council was one considered by all village and small city officials to be of prime necessity and in every way proper. It was an ordinance to confine the liquor traffic and saloons to the main street of the platted village. This ordinance is now in full force and in a few days we hope will be in full effect as well. Then, about the beginning of the past winter, a certain gentleman making his home at present in the city of Virginia, obtained, or claims he did, a tract of 40 acres of land said land being located within the incorporated village of Aurora, more properly described as the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 10, township 58, range 15. The Duluth & Iron Range railroad passed through a corner of this forty. Now the attempt is being made to make this latter mentioned forty the town proper, but in order to do that the privilege to have saloons located there must be had, and when the village officials of Aurora and all other fairminded people, knowing the situation, decided in March last, at the regular time for holding village elections, that no election was necessary, all, or very nearly all, living in the village at the time already holding office, then it was that the ones interested in the new deal set up a howl saying there must be an election held.

They finally went to the district court and the officials of Aurora were commanded to hold an election, or explain the reason why. Well we now come to the election held last Saturday, April 16, as held pursuant to the court's order. The two citizens of the village selected by the council for judges of election refused to act as such. So a certain clique of the dissatisfied ones got together about 9 a. m. or afterwards, one a proprietor of a blind pig on what is sought to be the new town and the other closely allied with a blind pig on the original townsite. Those two gents were repudiated by the citizens of Aurora. When the proper time for opening the polls arrived (10 a. m.), the village recorder called the assembled voters to order, and out of those present two competent and disinterested judges were selected and the voters cast their ballots, which were properly deposited in the proper ballot box, excepting an occasional one that one of the first mentioned pair of judges grabbed out of the hands of the voter and deposited in a cracker box that they appropriated for a ballot box. Into this latter box there went in this way about six ballots. There were cast at the regular election twenty-eight votes. These were practically straight votes. One vote might be credited to the already heavy deposit in the cracker box. The result here was the endorsement of the old village council to a man, excepting the head, who the citizens found was trying to ride two horses long enough, and he was thrown out and an excellent man elected in his place for president.

The object of writing this explanation at such length at this time, Mr. Editor, is to show proof to the public that the contentions of the officials of Aurora and others interested with them were right and true, that there was no necessity to hold an election or go to such an expense at that time, March 8. The new officers are: Thomas McKaige, president; John Hill, M. J. Cummings and Frank Flam, trustees; George H. Kitto, recorder; Charles R. Hill, treasurer. All but the president were re-elected. Yours respectfully,

ONE WHO WAS PRESENT.

Aurora, Minn., April 18.

DEMOCRATS OF N. Y. HOLD AN EXCITING STATE CONVENTION

(Continued from page 1.)

tion, our stake in the maintenance of the government in its purity, our contribution to the illustrious names in Democratic history warrant the respectful deference with which our equals in Democratic councils wait the voice of New York. We today know whom the satellites of Republican rule

DAVID B. HILL.

have selected as their candidate. He is a citizen of New York. But the people at large are not seeking military heroes, nor for one who is vociferous, spectacular or adventurous. They are looking for a safe, conservative, level-headed, well-balanced candidate. There is among us no division essential to our choice. If there is a difference in sentiment, it is merely as to the form in which the one choice should be expressed."

Without mentioning his candidate by name, the speaker said from the valley of the Hudson arose "one whose Democracy has never been questioned, whose popularity is well attested, whose fairness, impartiality and learning have attracted the attention of the conservative business men of the country and have conferred renown upon the highest court of the state."

Albany, N. Y., April 18.—Politicians were astir early this morning and the headquarters of Tammany, of David B. Hill, and of W. R. Hearst were busy spots by 8 o'clock. So far as could be learned at an early hour there had been no change in the situation and the Tammany leaders said that they were quite content to go on the floor of the convention and state their case. That they would be beaten was conceded, but they looked upon it as a principle to be stood for, and they would carry the matter to the floor of the national convention. It was said that Mr. Murphy, of Tammany, had this morning offered to compromise by suggesting that Tammany would agree to the adoption of the unit rule if the name of a candidate, as for instance Judge Parker, was not mentioned. It was contended that there being almost two-thirds of the delegates in favor of Judge Parker, that a mere adoption of the unit rule would practically be an endorsement of Judge Parker, and yet would let Tammany down gracefully. But with this proposition was coupled the demand that Tammany be allowed a delegate-at-large, Mr. Murphy himself preferably.

To this suggestion Senator Hill gave an emphatic no. The name of Judge Parker must be in the resolutions, and the delegates-at-large must be men who are heartily in his favor, and whose loyalty to his candidacy cannot be questioned.

With this early morning failure of negotiations for peace the preparations for the battle went on. Senator Hill, replying to a quetsion as to what the situation was, said:

"More than two-thirds of the convention is for Judge Parker. That is all I care to say."

At a meeting of the state committee this morning, Former State Senator G. Raines was chosen both temporary and permanent chairman.

When the roll of delegates was about to be called in the committee, Senator Grady, the Tammany representative, moved that all the contests be noted. The secretary said he had no notice of any contests, and Chairman Campbell said that it was the custom to make up the roll of delegates from lists furnished by the various state committeemen. Eventually he ruled that contests would only be noted when filed with the committee.

The meeting of the committee was most heated throughout, Senator Grady taking a leading part, and the lie was passed several times. Senator Grady declared that it was perfectly apparent that there was an attempt to prove to the public that those in control of the committee are in perfect unanimity. They were about to instruct for a certain man, and they were going to trample on every man who opposed them. He said the result would be a repetition of the tactics that left the party without an organization in the state. In conclusion, he said:

"Don't let it go out that this is a manipulated convention, and that we are forced to do the wishes of a man who carries the votes in his pocket."

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.
'Phone—Zenith 358.

RESTRAINING ORDER

Asked Against Securities Company In Eastern Court.

New York, April 18.—The hearing in the suit against the Northern Securities company, asking a restraining order against the announced method of distribution of that company's holdings of Great Northern and Northern Pacific stocks was begun in Jersey City today. E. T. Nichols, secretary-treasurer of the Northern Securities company, filed an affidavit very similar to the affidavit filed in the Minnesota suit, the only new thing being a statement that the Continental Securities company became a stockholder of record of 500 shares on March 28, six days after the distribution of stock had been decided upon.

Counsel Vonner demanded the production of the books to which demand the counsel for the Northern Securities company objected. Thomas Thatcher representing 5000 shares of stock objected to any extension being granted.

MINING MEN SURRENDER.

Pittsburg, April 18.—State Mine Inspector W. Cunningham and Former Superintendent Fred Sowden of the Harwick mine, the two men held to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of murder, surrendered today. They were admitted to bail in the sums of $10,000 and $15,000 respectively.

Everybody goe to Burrows' this season for fashionable shoes.

SMALL BANK FAILS.

Rennssalaer, Ind., April 18.—McCoy's bank failed to open today. It was the oldest banking institution in the county. It is promised that the bank will pay in full. Capital, $50,000; deposits, $250,000; loans and discounts, $225,000.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The New Shirt Waist Suits. Tailored Suits. Coats. Skirts, Etc.

We've just received another shipment of the popular "Peggy from Paris" Bags $1.00 to $6.00.

We have just received from our Eastern buyer a most beautiful line of the latest modes in shirt waist suits—short and long coats, etc. These lines which do not apppear as early as tailored suits, have been gleaned from the choicest lines displayed in the East. We've waited to select the best of the styles and you'll find only the highest and most meritorious garments are in the selection.

Again we say, look elsewhere, compare fairly style, quality and prices with the S. & B. garments—you'll believe as the majority does—that there's only one "best" store and you don't pay anything extra because things are the best.

The Advantages of keeping constantly in touch with the Eastern markets is one of the great features of our business. Mr. Chas. S. Wood, Jr., who has charge of our eastern office at 48 Broadway, is always prepared to take advantage of the new lines as they appear in the market. This is why the S. & B. Co. are enabled to show the new things long before they appear in other stores.

THE SHIRT WAIST SUITS—There are pretty, stylish Sicilian Suits at $10, dainty, linen suits in all colors—waist made with large collar effect of lace—pretty box plaited skirt—a practical suit at only **$12.50.**

Imported fancy stripe Sicilians—beautifully trimmed and richly tailored—handsome suits at **$22.50** and **$25.**

Silk and Pongee Suits, made in all the pretty new styles—prices commence at **$15**, then **$20**, **$25** and up to **$65.** You are invited to look over this magnificent line—the best and most exclusive showing at the head of the lakes.

THE NEW COATS—We have a popular-price coat at **$10**, the best here—short fitted style—lapped seams, beautifully tailored and lined throughout with satin. Try and duplicate this value elsewhere at $10.00.

Another pretty coat is of very fine quality of covert, lined with taffeta silk—lapped seams—collarless style—tailor-stitched throughout—**$15.**

Jaunty covert coats in pleated effects—the new English walking coat with collar and cuffs richly trimmed—others in plain tailored effect, satin or taffeta-lined at **$18.50.**

SILK AND PONGEE COATS—The line is entirely new—styles which are absolutely correct—It would be useless for us to try and describe the many styles we are showing—but you will find everything that is new, stylish and pretty here. Prices start at **$15** and run as high as **$75.**

STUNNING EFFECTS IN LINEN COATS—One of the very latest garments brought into vogue is the Linen Coat—made in rich English effects at prices that will appeal to the most economical—the styles are too numerous to describe—one of the pretty effects shown is a Paquin model—in white Linen trimmed with a rich heavy buttonhole lace—with black taffeta—ribbon collar stocks with rich jeweled buttons.

NEW SHIRT WAIST SKIRTS IN VOILE—A more sensible garment never was brought out than this round length skirt—you have no train to pick up and carry yet still have a dressy garment—we show many styles, and the largest assortment in the West. If you want a short skirt that will be dressier than the everyday kind, this is the garment—stylish and still sensible and practical.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

GOMPERS INTIMATES CIVIL WAR

Denver, April 18.—Consideration of the 8-hour and anti-injunction measures pending before congress is perhaps the most important business of the quarterly meeting of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor which began in this city today. The Colorado labor troubles will also be thoroughly discussed.

Referring to the course of Governor Peabody in dealing with strikes of metalliforous and coal miners in this state, President Gompers, who is here, said: "The violation of the fundamental principles of our country has made Colorado the laughingstock of the country, as well as the rest of the civilized world. Besides, it robs men of the actual rights and protection guaranteed them by the constitution.

"It appears to me that if law continues to be overridden as it has been in the past, the fight will soon develop from a technical legal conflict to a physical one. That would be the most deplorable thing we could have in a country or state having a republican form of government."

SHINGLES Best grade of WHITE CEDAR
Delivered to all parts of the city.
L. R. MARTIN,
517 LYCEUM BLDG Both 'phones. No. 385

COURT CLERK INDICTED.

St. Louis, April 18.—An indictment on the charge of grand larceny was returned by the grand jury today against John J. Manton, clerk of the court of criminal correction, who was formerly a stenographer in the coroner's office.

SULLY HEARINGS POSTPONED.

New York, April 18.—Three motions in connection with the affairs of D. J. Sully & Co. were on the calendar today before United States District Judge Holt, but were all postponed. Receivers Miller and Taft today notified the cotton exchange that they were ready to receive proposals for the purchase of about 3000 bales of cotton.

Men's Cravenettes
$10, $12, $13.50, $18, $20

A Cravenette is a light-weight Overcoat, the cloth of which has been put through a process, making it waterproof—keeps you warm in chilly weather and dry when it rains.

New Spring Overcoats
$10, $12, $15, $18 and $20

In the newest styles and made for serviceability as well as looks. We've never offered better values than these. Pleased to have you look them over.

C. W. ERICSON The CLOTHIER 219 W. Sup. St.

HUNGARIAN NOBLE

Fell Into Money Lenders' Hands to Win Heiress.

Romantic Courtship and Wedding Ends In Divorce Court.

London, April 18.—A Vienna cablegram to the World says: The commercial court of justice took up last week the case of Julius von Tacacs, a young Hungarian nobleman, who in order to obtain the hand of an American millionairess, Charlotta Hart, of Ohio, contracted nominal debts to the amount of $15,000, representing notes aggregating $100,000.

Tacacs made Miss Hart's acquaintance at Carlsbad last year and fell deeply in love with her. He belongs to a very good Hungarian family, and his mother's relatives, who are rich, allow him $80 a month because he cannot possibly live on the small salary he gets as a government official.

When Miss Hart's father noticed the love affair he left Carlsbad suddenly, and the daughter only had time to leave her admirer a note containing the one word "Moscow." Tacacs wanted to follow them, and having no ready cash, signed bills for $60,000, for which he obtained from a Vienna broker $4000. In Moscow he met Charlotta by stealth.

One day Mr. Hart met him in the street, and with his wife and daughter immediately left Moscow. Charlotta found time to send the word "Paris" to her lover. Of course he followed again, and in Paris his wooing became so very pressing that Charlotta wrote him that if he would get everything ready for a secret wedding in England, she would run away and meet him there.

Tacacs' answer from London that everything was in readiness for the wedding fell into Miss Hart's mother's hands, and she persuaded her husband to give up resistance and telegraph for Tacacs. So the happy pair were married in November, and Mr. Hart gave them a check for $400 to pay honeymoon expenses.

Tacacs now saw his way toward paying the bill he had signed, but his bride spoiled everything. She told her young husband that her father had an insuperable distrust of European noblemen, and Hungarian noblemen especially. Would it not be nice to show him how wrong he was by bringing back that $400 intact when they met papa and mamma in Rome, as had been arranged?

Tacacs, most anxious to please his wife, signed another bill for $40,000 in order to get $1600 ready money. He also bought a fine set of jewels at Vienna, for which he gave a bill of $4000. Then the young couple left for their honeymoon.

At Christmas they met Mr. and Mrs. Hart in Rome. Meantime the Vienna creditors, who had lost patience, sent a deputation to Rome to speak to the rich father-in-law. He answered very coolly that he was not Tacacs and owed them nothing. Then Mr. Hart told his daughter that he and not she was right about Hungarian nobles, and that his son-in-law's name must not be mentioned in his presence until the debts were paid.

Tacacs explained to his wife how it happened, and she satisfied his creditors to the point of signing bills to the amount of $100,000 to replace the first bills.

When bills with the signature of both the husband and the wife were sent to Vienna Charlotte told her father what she had done, and though he was very angry he told Tacacs to go to Vienna and see what sort of an arrangement he could make with the creditors, promising to pay what must be paid. With the help of an able lawyer Tacacs obtained the creditors' promise that he would redeem the balance of $40,000 with $15,000 cash.

With this written promise he returned to Rome, but the Hart family had left for some unknown destination. Tacacs took definite pains to discover them. He traced them to Paris, and when he threatened to invoke the law to secure his wife, the Harts left the hotel by a back door and sailed for America. Tacacs also sailed for the United States.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 18.—Charlotta Hart is the daughter of Charles Hart, the president of the Hart Manufacturing company, of this city. Her arrival from Europe was followed by the filing of a petition for divorce in which Mrs. von Tacacs declared that she had been deceived. She said that she had discovered that her husband was without notable family connection, that he was without fortune, and that he was, in fact, a spendthrift, loaded with debts. No sooner were they married than von Tacacs began calling on her for money with which to pay his debts. He got this money by threats and coercion, and in all she gave him something like $40,000.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Twin Brooks Man Has Considerable Trouble In Killing Himself.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—R. C. Fuller, of Twin Brooks, has reason to believe he has more lives than a cat. During the past few years he has made several attempts at suicide, but in each instance failed. His latest attempt was made a day or two ago, and had dramatic features. He announced that he intended to kill himself. He was armed with a revolver, which he flourished about in a reckless manner. A constable was summoned, but Fuller got the "drop" on the officer and compelled him to subside. He then commanded his daughter, Ethel, to play "Nearer, My God to Thee," and while she was playing he placed the muzzle of the revolver behind his ear and fired. His life was saved by the fact that the cylinder of the weapon did not work properly, and it is believed the bullet struck against the side of the barrel in passing from the cylinder into the barrel, thus reducing its force. However, the bullet passed through the first layer of bone and imbedded itself in the second.

E. L. Senn, the fighting editor of the Iona (S. D.) Pioneer, who some weeks ago had several buildings burned by incendiaries, is again in trouble. The editor is a member of the school board of his town. Attending the school are several pupils who are large enough to make serious trouble for the teacher, and on several occasions they have virtually sought to run the school. The editor seeing the predicament in which the teacher was placed, volunteered his services and personally aided in disciplining the unruly pupils. As a result a warrant was sworn out for his arrest on the charge of assault and battery on the person of one of the pupils.

The jury in federal court returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of William C. Wilka, formerly of Rock Rapids, Iowa, indicted for perjury.

The case of Louis C. Bode, postmaster at Brule, indicted for bartering postage stamps belonging to the government, was dismissed.

Aberdeen—C. J. McLeod, editor of the News, has had the papers served in a suit for $10,000 against Arthur G. Keane, correspondent of the Sioux City Journal, alleging that an article sent to the Journal and printed in that paper relative to the recent arrest of H. D. Shepard at the instance of McLeod, has damaged him to that extent.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Cannonball—There is much excitement among the Russians near here. A young man named Helnert was found dead in his house and the Russians assert he was poisoned by his wife, who, they say, was anxious to get rid of him and marry another man who has been in correspondence with her. The sheriff and coroner have been sent for.

About $35,000 will be paid the Indians of this reservation on the 25th. This will amount to $9 per capita.

Two new boats will be on the river here this season. John Leach has the Cannon Ball No. 2 building on the ways, and a Chamberlain man will bring up a boat to run in connection with the Soo line at Pollock.

Lidgerwood—A fire Saturday morning destroyed the entire stock of drugs owned by Jerry Barton. A heavy wind was blowing but the prompt service of the fire company prevented a general conflagration. The Merchants' Mutual, of Fargo, carried $1000 on the stock and the Fire Association of Philadelphia $1500 on stock and $1000 on fixtures. The origin of the fire is unknown. The building, a one-story frame structure, was badly damaged. It is owned by E. A. Movius and will be replaced by a two-story brick block.

Bismarck—The supreme court handed down a decision affirming the decision of the lower court in the case of Irene C. King against Mary D. Hanson, for the alienation of the affections of her husband, Charles M. King. The jury awarded damages of $6000. A motion for a new trial was denied and the upper court affirmed the order denying the motion. The case was a celebrated one in the vicinity of Cando, where the wrongs complained of are alleged to have begun. The plaintiff and her husband were residents of Minnesota, but moved to Cando, in this state. There the plaintiff's husband met Mrs. Hanson, who was a widow, and thereafter the plaintiff stated, her husband was won away from her.

Fargo—Citizens are in a quandry over a water supply for drinking purposes. The majority quit the use of the city water for domestic purposes a long time ago, and secure water for drinking and cooking from the artesian wells. There are three of these and the water is hauled over the city by wagons. The wells are beyond the paved districts and the recent rains and snow have made the roads well nigh impassable. The drivers have quit and some kind of an arrangement may be made to pipe the artesian water supply to the paved streets where it can be obtained by the water wagons.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

"Jeppe Paa Bjerget"

The Norwegian play, will be given at

COLUMBIA HALL,

22th Avenue West,

Tuesday, April 19. Tickets 35c.

TAKES IT ALL ALL BACK.

Mr. Dickinson Sends Message to Judge Parker.

Washington, April 18.—The Post has received a telgram from Don M. Dickinson of Detroit saying that on receipt of a message from Chairman Campbell stating the fact of Judge Parker's position he sent a dispatch to Judge Parker. Mr. Dickinson's dispatch to Judge Parker is dated April 16, and it is in part as follows:

"I beg to withdraw my published statement that you participated in the political campaign of 1888, as I am advised that you were then a justice of the supreme court of New York, elected in 1886 by a unanimous vote. My apology is not needed, but I tender it with the utmost sincerity for making the statement, and by it I wish as well to correct any one who has in any degree been influenced by it to change his and the universal respect in which you have been and are held in the minds of all your countrymen, including myself. The statement was made on innocent misinformation as to the date."

MORMON FLEES WRIT.

Flight With His Plural Wives to England.

Salt Lake, April 18.—Elder Samuel S. Newton, wanted as a witness in the Smoot case, has concluded that his services are more necessarry abroad to spread the Mormon faith; consequently he has evaded the subpoenae from the senate and a warrant for polygamous cohabitation and is on his way to Liverpool with a pluarl wife.

There he will join Apostle Heber J. Grant, another fugitive from justice in securing converts among the English. Apostle Grant is in charge of the European mission. Elder Newton has had experience in this line, and the church authorities expect he will make many converts.

About the time the senate committee took up the investigation of Mormonism Elder Newton found it convenient to leave Salt Lake. Over a week ago Newton hurriedly drove out to a suburb of Salt Lake, took a midnight train and left.

A short time ago the church authorities decided to put his talents to active use, and they called him on a mission to England. His plural wife met him in San Francisco and they journeyed across the continent together, sailing some time this week for Liverpool.

THE FIRST GAME

Duluth's Team to Lead Off Sunday at Chippewa Falls.

Wilson, Colored Twirler of Much Note, to Oppose Them.

The line-up of the Duluth and Chippewa Falls teams for the first game of the season, which is to be played next Sunday, has been announced.

Some of the Duluth players will not report until May 1, but the White Sox will have about as strong a team as can be picked. In the field. Artie Ball, the short stop, will not report until May 1, but his place will be taken temporarily by Wilkes. Hughes and O'Leary, two of the catchers who have been signed, will also delay reporting until the first of the month, but Mullane, who was the receiving end of one of the best batteries in the league last year, will act as backstop.

Four of the pitchers will be tried out, each of them pitching two innings. Koukolik will open the game, and will be followed by Noldin. Gehring will pitch the fifth and sixth innings, and Shaw will probably finish the game.

The line-up of the two teams will be as follows:

Duluth—		Chippewa Falls—
Zink	first base	Howard
Martin (capt.)	second base	Porter
Wilkes	short stop	Smith
Quillan	third base	Coffee
Randall	right field	Link
Corrigan	right field	Wylie
Schooley	center field	Madson
Mullane & Koukalik	catcher	Starbeck
Noldin, Gehring and Shaw	pitchers	Wilson
Bulbser, Disch, Savage, Kenneliey, Hughes, O'Leary, Ball and Strater have been ordered to report May 1, and the work of selecting the prenanent team will then be commenced.		

Wilson, who will pitch for Chippewa Falls, is the colored twirler who made such an enviable record with St. Cloud last season. Nothing but his color prevents him from being in much faster company, and the White Sox will need their batting eyes when he commences to shoot them over.

• • •

Duluth will open in Fargo again this year, playing three games. The team will then go to Grand Forks for three games, and to Winnipeg for three, returning to Duluth without touching Crookston, and opening here June 1.

• • •

The games here with Minneapolis on May 1 and 2 promises to be a great drawing card. All of the members of the Duluth team will be on hand by that time, and a big effort will be made to demonstrate to the American association players that the article of ball put up in the Northern league is second to none in the Northwest.

• • •

Fargo and Winnepeg will come together for a series of three ante-season games in Minneapolis on April 29, 30 and 31.

The Fargo team looks good on paper. Twenty-one men in all have been signed by Manager Werden and ordered to report in Minneapolis on April 28. The revised list is as follows:

Catchers—Lynch, Anderson, Edwards.
Pitchers—Lewis, Curry, Mehl, Burns, Olson, Nelson, Hall and Orr.
First base—Werden.
Second base—Van Dyke.
Third base—Marlarity.
Short stop—Le Rol, White, Burrows, Hickey.
Left field—Traeger.
Center field—Rose.
Right field—Spellisey.

• • •

Crookston has signed sixteen men, two of whom have not yet been made public. The other fourteen are as follows: Howell, Norvick, Stillwell, Bucks, Breyette, Schils, Day, Burton, Martin, Schulte, Farrell, Miller, Henry and Miller.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"Parsifal," playing also Tuesday and Wednesday evenings and Wednesday afternoon.
METROPOLITAN—Myrkle-Harder company in "Lost On the Pacific."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Florence Stone company in "Shenandoah."

"PARSIFAL."

This evening Dick Ferris' production of "Parsifal," the great religious drama which is played with the accompaniment of practically all of Richard Wagner's great music, will be seen at the Lyceum. Apart from the wondrous music, the story of "Parsifal" abounds in poetic beauty and fascinating mysticism. The Grail was supposed to have finally been committed to the care of Titurel, a pure knight, who in turn turns it over to his son Amfortas. It is Amfortas who seeks to destroy the power of Klingsor, a knight who was denied admission to the ranks of the Grail knights, and who, after this does everything in his power to destroy the pure and bold knights. Klingsor, with his wonderful magic, transforms a wild and barren waste to a beautiful flower garden, through which wander handsome men, and one of these, Kundry by name, drags Amfortas down to his disgrace, and it is while he is enchanted by the charms of Kundry that Klingsor approaches, seizes the sacred spear, wounds Amfortas and then makes good his escape. After Amfortas has been wounded the knights attempt to heal him by applying healing balsams, but their efforts are in vain, as the only medium that can heal the wound is a touch from the spear that made it, and that is in the possession of Klingsor, and it can only be recovered by a guileless fool who is without fear, and it is this same Parsifal, the pure, who at last recovers the spear and heals Amfortas, who then turns over the honor of guarding the Holy Grail to Parsifal, who is proclaimed king.

MYRKLE-HARDER COMPANY.

The Myrkle-Harder company will open its third week at the Metropolitan tonight with the stirring four-act melodrama, "Lost On the Pacific." The play is of a military order and deals with the struggle between America and England for the possession of a small island in the Pacific ocean. Latimore and Leigh will repeat the cabinet mystery, a specialty which gave much pleasure a week ago. Women patrons, accompanied by escorts, will be admitted free tonight.

MEMORY MAKER.

Food With Certain Elements Required In the Brain.

Poor memory means an ill nourished brain. The proper food to help and nourish the brain will thus help the memory as in the following case:

"I have not known what it is to enjoy real good health, not having seen a well day in over twenty years, and taking medicine most of the time until about a year ago.

"At that time I was suffering greatly from nervous prostration and general debility, the result of several severe illnesses from which I never expected to fully recover.

"My memory was also so poor that it caused me much chagrin at times.

"I had often heard how Grape Nuts had helped other people's memory and that it was a brain food. Finally I was put on Grape Nuts for my meals.

"It was so pleasing to the taste I enjoyed eating it, and after a time I saw such an improvement in my health generally that I gave up medicine altogether. Am not even using laxatives now that I had been unable to do without for years. Grape Nuts helped my nerves, gave me strength, increased my weight ten pounds, and I can now work and walk better and enjoy life as I never expected to again.

"When my friends remark how well I look and act I tell them it is all due to Grape Nuts. My doctor never sees me but he smiles with genuine pleasure at my improved condition for he is an old friend and would like to see me perfectly well, knowing how long and how much I have suffered." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Continuing the 3-Days' Sale of Carpets, Rugs and Curtains.

Planned yet for housecleaning—how are the carpets and rugs that have gone through a season of bad weather? Won't some of them need replacing—a new pair of curtains here and there will put the finishing touches to the new surroundings. Scores of people were here today to take advantage of these unusual bargains. Better come tomorrow and share in them.

$8.50 Tapestry Brussels Rugs, size 6x9, for	$6.75
$17.50 Tapestry Brussels Rugs, size 9x12, for	$12.75
$27.50 Extra quality Velvet Rugs	$22.50
$4.75 All-wool Art Squares. sizes 6x9, each	$4.00
$5.75 All-wool Art Squares, size 7-6x9, each	$5.00
$6.75 All-wool Art Squares, size 9x9, each	$6.25
$8.75 All-wool Art Squares, size 9x10-6, each	$7.25
$10.00 All-wool Art Squares, size 9x12, each	$8.25

Lace Curtains Reduced for Three Days.

$6.50 Fine Brussels Net Curtains, for 3 days, per pair	$5.00
$10.00 Fine Brussels Net Curtains, for 3 days, per pair	$8.50
$16.50 and $17.50 Fine Brussels Net Curtains and Irish Point Curtains, for three days, per pair	$12.50
$5.00 Cable Net Curtains (new style) per pair	$3.75
$3.75 and $3.00 Nottingham Lace Curtains, per pair	$2.50
$1.00 Nottingham Lace Curtains, per pair	75c

WALL PAPER. *Exclusive designs at popular prices —2nd floor annex.*

Freimuth's

VOLGA SHOES. *A style for every foot—$5 worth of shoe goodness for $3.50.*

A GREAT BUSINESS.

N. W. Ayer & Son Celebrate Thirty-Fifth Anniversary.

The firm of N. W. Ayer & Son, of Philadelphia, the largest advertising agency in the United States, has just celebrated the thirty-fifth anniversary of a business whose success and growth can be measured only by the progress of advertising itself in this country.

N. W. Ayer and F. W. Ayer, father and son, started business in a room only twenty feet square, on Sansom street, near Seventh, in that city, on April 1, 1869. Their capital was $250, and, as F. W. Ayer, the present head of the firm, laughingly said the other day: "Father was the head, I was the office boy and we were equal partners."

With this capital the firm proceeded to develop newspaper advertising, and in the first year did a business of $15,000. In the thirty-four years since they have furnished to the newspapers of the United States a total of more than $35,000,000 of advertising. Today they are dealing with 18,000 publications and their payments to these average $10,000 a day, or, roughly speaking, $3,000,000 a year.

In 1873 N. W. Ayer died and left the business and the name to his son, F. W. Ayer. Henry N. McKinney was taken into the firm in 1875, and Albert G. Bradford and Jarvis A. Wood were made partners in 1898. These last three partners, together with F. W. Ayer, conduct the business today.

Some years ago the firm moved to its present quarters at Third and Chestnut, on the site, by the way of the first advertising agency in America, which was established by Volney B. Palmer, in 1848, and where the firm now occupies the whole building, employing 229 persons.

DECISION NOT READY

Answer to Harriman Will Be Made By Thursday.

St. Paul, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—No decision was handed down by the United States circuit court in the motion of E. H. Harriman and W. S. Pierce for leave to intervene in the settlement of the Northern Securities company's affairs. Judge Sanborn informed the Associated Press that the decision would be given on or before Thursday, April 21. The decision is in course of preparation.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea cures more spring disorders than any other known remedy. It positively makes you well and keeps you well. 35 cents, tea or tablet form. Ask your druggist.

QUARREL ENDS FATALLY.

Hammond, Ind., April 18.—A Hungarian named Palke, shot and fatally wounded a companion today in a quarrel and then shot himself dead. The quarrel arose over politics.

JUVENILES CALMED DOWN.

Kansas City, April 18.—Race feeling in Kansas City, Kas., has apparently died out. When the high school opened today a squad of police were drawn up in line at the main entrance to see that the colored pupils were not molested. Both races took their accustomed places and no sign of friction was displayed.

SHE WALKED MILES ASLEEP

The Strange Case of a Servant Girl In England.

London, April 18.—Sarah Bush, 17 years of age, who is employed as a domestic by a wealthy family at Roughton, went to sleep in that town on Wednesday night and awoke on Thursday morning in Norwich, eighteen miles away.

She walked every step of this distance alone, in the dead of night, and no one seems to have taken any notice of her until a policeman found her wandering on Mousehold heath. Then, opening her eyes with a start, she gazed in bewilderment upon her surroundings, and could give no account of her presence there. She was well dressed.

"I can remember clearing my mistress' supper table," said Miss Bush, when she regained her senses. "I knew that I went to my bedroom shortly after 10 o'clock, and I have the clearest recollection of undressing and getting into bed.

"I know nothing more until I saw the policeman standing in front of me. I could not believe that I had walked so far, but I soon saw that I was in Norwich. How I dressed myself I cannot imagine.

"I was very chilly and tired when I awoke."

This is not her first sleep-walking experience. Two months ago, during a stormy night, she was found wandering at Cromer, and she was then fully and neatly dressed, although she was positive that she had undressed the night before, and could remember having composed herself for sleep.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Bessemer People Stirred Over Alleged School Fund Scandal.

Bessemer—City taxpayers are stirred up over the alleged misappropriation of school funds, in paying out money under the item of general expenses. Mayor Knight, it is said, is out for a sweeping investigation of this, as well as other alleged crookedness in city affairs.

Grand Marais—Capt. Rogers, who has been keeper of the two government lighthouses at Grand Marais for the past four years, recently tendered his resignation to the government. He is succeeded by a Bay City man. Capt. Rogers will devote his time to agriculture, having a farm south of town.

Escanaba—The death of Mrs. Henry Valentine, a resident of the city for thirty-five years was among the several that have occurred at Escanaba. She was a victim of typhoid, and was ill less than a week. Mrs. Valentine was prominent in church circles.

Sault Ste. Marie—Brig. Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U. S. A., commander of the department of the lakes, visited the Soo last week to inspect the garrison and the new barracks at Fort Brady. It was his first visit to the Lock City since 1878, when he passed through the canal, upbound on a passenger steamer. Interviewed regarding the war in the far East, he said: "It is hard to tell what the outcome will be. The reports from the front so far have not been of a nature to make possible accurate predictions in this direction. Russia has more men in the service than Japan, but the latter are nearer the scene of hostilities. One great trouble confronting Russia is the necessity of transporting supplies so many miles."

William T. Dust, of Detroit, a member of the state tax commission, was in the Soo this week on official business with the county board. Referring to the plans of the commission, he said: "We are paying particular attention at the present time to the assessing of property owned by non-resident taxpayers. It has been the custom in many parts of the country to assess non-residents more than people residing within the township, and we are trying to right this error as rapidly as possible. Such a procedure as I have mentioned is illegal and if continued will eventually lead to the loss of all the tax money, for if the matter is taken into the courts, the roll probably will be declared illegal and the township will be without its tax money as a result."

TWO ENORMOUS WATER SPOUTS

Seen By the Passengers on the Steamer Gaelic.

San Francisco, April 18.—Two great water spouts were witnessed from the deck of the liner Gaelic on March 31, soon after the vessel left the coast of Japan. The Gaelic was proceeding in a smooth sea and good weather when the first water spout was sighted a mile away traveling at the rate of about five knots an hour. Just previous to its appearance heavy dark clouds were seen rising in the shape of mountains, and a heavy downpour of rain was experienced. Later a fierce squall followed and the waterspout churned the sea like the propeller of a steamer and made a noise like that produced by a waterfall. The second waterspout passed within 200 or 300 yards of the Gaelic. It was much larger than the first one.

All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

They litter the whole system.

Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"I had salt rheum on my hands so that could not work. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it drove out the humor. I continued its use till the sores disappeared." Mrs. IRA O. BROWN, Rumford Falls, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

A "Home Savings Bank"

The Depositor Has the Safe.

The Bank Has the Key.

Will Help You Save

Loaned Free to All Savings Depositors of $1.00 or More.

3% PAID ON DEPOSITS

Duluth Savings Bank,

216 West Superior Street.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

For two days longer this week 172 new members of the Young Women's Christian association and Miss Emma Kotz, with her assistants, the winners in the membership contest of the association which ended one week ago Saturday night, will wear "the smile that won't come off," for Wednesday evening will take place the membership contest banquet served at the association rooms. The contest was an exciting one, aiming to bring the membership to 1000, but which made it soar to 1210 before the close. The winning team with the new members they obtained and the membership committee will be the guests of the association at the banquet Wednesday evening. The membership committee consists of Mrs. William Asher, Mrs. H. C. Strong, Mrs. Baird, Miss Goodwin and Miss Look. Mrs. Asher will act as toastmistress, and the following toasts will be responded to: "Welcome," Miss Noyes; "The Sisterhood of Women," by Miss Effie White. Another will also be arranged for.

Music will be furnished and the event will be a happy one for the large number of guests.

* * *

This evening the Young Women's Christian association will entertain at an informal social at its rooms on West Superior street. This is to be one of the few entertainments at which the young men will be welcomed, and the plans made by the social committee promise a delightful evening.

* * *

The informal Sunday afternoon for which the rooms are kept open that the members may come and read or write letters are becoming more popular. Yesterday afternoon twenty-six young women spent the afternoon there, with Miss Emma Kotz and Miss Peaslee as hostesses. The afternoon is entirely informal, a short song service being held at 5 o'clock, which is the only devotional service held, and a light luncheon is served, after which the guests may leave for evening services at the churches.

* * *

The food exchange was held again Saturday and attracted no little attention. Salad dressings, angel foods, cakes, biscuits, candied and salted nuts, all home made, were placed on sale and all sold before evening.

Popular Rainy Day Coat.

This is the favorite color for rainproof coats, although red, blue, gray and even white are seen, not to speak of many lovely changeable effects. Gloria is one of the new materials used for these garments. It is light and col as pongee, but contains more silk, is heavier, and quite waterproof. Other coats are of silky, satiny fabrics, lined with rubber; and still others of plain cravenette. It is a far cry from the hideous waterproof cloak, which was so unbecoming that women stayed home on rainy days rather than wear it, to the dainty gossamer garment which is so pretty that a woman who owns one can hardly wait for a rainy day to arrive.

LAKESIDE CLUB.

Discussion of Landscape Gardening By A. H. Crassweller.

This evening the Lakeside club will hold a meeting at the Lester Park M. E. church, at which A. H. Crassweller will give an informal talk on the best means of improving grounds and the simple principles of landscape gardening. The club is this spring considering enthusiastically the improvement of property in the suburb, and the desire of many to beautify their homes without the knowledge of knowing how to go to work has led to the talk which will be given this evening. It is particularly desired that the women attend, because much of the work of improvement will rest with them, and if their interest is awakened the success of the plan is assured. The report of the committee appointed to confer with the street car company in regard to the Lakeside service will also be given at this time.

FOR SPRING SEASON.

Books and Periodicals In Library on Gardening.

With the coming of spring the housewife's thoughts not only turn to the subject of house-cleaning, but the garden must receive its share of attention. A partial list of the books in the public library is given which may be of some benefit to those already thinking of the subject, or proves a source of recreation to the man who must be in his office a great part of the week:

Bailey, L. H., "The Principles of Agriculture." "Garden Making." "Principles of Vegetable Gardening."

Dean, Alexander, "Vegetable Gardening."

Greiner, "How to Make the Garden Pay."

Griffiths, A. B., "Treatise on Manures."

James, C. C., "Practical Agriculture."

King, F. H., "The Soil, Its Nature, Relations and Fundamental Principles of Management."

Plott, Charles, "The Book of the Asparagus, Celery," etc.

Roberts, Isaac P., "The Farmstead."

Webb, H. J., "Advanced Agriculture."

Wythes, "The Book of Vegetables."

For flower gardens and landscape gardening:

Allen, C. L., "Bulbs and Tuberous-Rooted Plants."

Allen and Godfrey, "Miniature and Window Gardening."

Barnard, Charles, "Talks About Our Useful Plants."

Bassett, Mary E., "Judith's Garden."

Bennett, Ida, "The Flower Garden."

Boyle, Mrs. Eleanor, "Sylvana's Letters to an Unknown Friend."

Church, E. R., "The Home Garden."

Earle, Alice M., "Old Time Gardens," "Sun-Dials and Roses of Yesterday."

Elliott, J. W., "A Plea for Hardy Plants."

Ellwanger, G. H., "The Garden's Story."

Ely, Mrs. H., "A Woman's Hardy Garden."

"Elizabeth and Her German Garden."

Henderson, Peter, "Gardening For Pleasure." "Practical Floriculture."

Hunn and Bailey, "The Amateur's Practical Garden Book."

Johnson, Mrs. S. O., "Every Woman Her Own Flower Gardner."

Jekyll, Gertrude, "Home and Garden."

Hole, "Our Gardens."

Long, E. A., "Ornamental Gardening."

Maryon, Maud, "How the Garden Grew."

Rexford, Eben, "Home Floriculture."

Van Rensslaer, M. G., "Art Out of Doors."

Warner, C. D., "My Summer Inn a Garden."

Wheeler, Candace, "Content in a Garden.

Besides these books are the periodicals:

"Country Life in America," monthly.

"Gardening," semi-monthly, Chicago.

"Orange Judd Farmer," monthly.

"Philadelphia Farm Journal."

"Farmer's Tribune," weekly, Des Moines.

"Successful Farming," monthly, Des Moines.

The last two donated to the library by Mr. Cleveland.

Branch Organized.

Saturday evening a branch of the National Protective Legion was organized in Duluth at a meeting that was held at Hunter's hall. A class of twenty-eight was established by Deputy Elizabeth Milnes. Cherry Grove Legion was the name chosen for the branch. The first meeting will be held the second Tuesday in May at Oatka beach and the public installation of officers will take place April 30, at Hunter's hall. The officers chosen were: Past president, Mary McMullen; president, A. L. Foster; vice-president, Alice M. Carr; secretary and treasurer, Harry Milnes; chaplain, Mary Brown; conductress, M. Danielson; inside doorkeeper, Annie Krantz; outside doorkeeper, Kate Hertzog; trustees, Madge Maxwell, Anna Bergman, Mary Wolfe.

Events of Interest.

This afternoon the practice of the chorus of the Matinee Musicale took place at Temple Recital hall. The chorus is preparing under Mrs. Woodward's direction for the cantata which will be given at the second artist's concert to be given Thursday evening.

* * *

Mrs. William Dairymple was hostess for the Young Ladies' Card club this afternoon at her home, 1517 East Superior street.

* * *

The Missionary Union will meet tomorrow afternoon at the First Baptist church. The program will begin at half past two with devotional exercises led by Mrs. J. H. Thomas. The minutes of the last meeting and the report of the work of the Baptist board will be read by Mrs. S. C. Davis. The papers read will be "The Jew," by Mrs. Risdon, "China, her needs and opportunities," by Mrs. George Warner and "Work Among the Scandinavians," by Miss Agnes Istergren. After the roll call there will be a short program of music.

* * *

The Social club of St. Paul's church will hold its regular social this evening in the guild room of the church.

* * *

Wednesday evening the ladies auxiliary of the A. O. H. will hold a reception in honor of the state president, Mrs. Mary Daley, of Minneapolis, at their hall in the Kalamazoo block.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. J. M. Smith and Miss Helen Smith returned Saturday from a short visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Major and Mrs. J. H. Upham left yesterday for Detroit to attend the wedding of Miss Mabel Robinson and J. H. Upham, Jr.

* * *

Miss Julia Kelleher has returned to her home at Green Bay, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. George Neville left for Waterloo, Iowa, Saturday evening to visit her sister, who is seriously ill.

* * *

Miss Gustie Gustavason of Two Harbors, has been visiting relatives for the past week in the city.

* * *

Miss Isadore Dodge, of London road, Lester Park, entertained a number of her young friends Saturday afternoon on the occasion of her birthday. Dainty refreshments were served and games were played, and an enjoyable time was had.

MILLIONS LEFT BY CHARLES L. FAIR ORDERED DIVIDED

MRS. HERMANN OELRICHS,
Who Inherits Half the Fortune Left By Her Brother.

San Francisco, April 18.—Superior Judge Cook has ordered the final distribution of the estate of the late Charles L. Fair, which was appraised at $3,040,000, to the two sisters of the deceased, Mrs. Herman Oelrichs and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt.

The snug sum of $126,000 is to be held out for the purpose of meeting various claims. Attorneys fees and other claims amounting to $200,000 already allowed are also to be paid out of the estate.

After taking testimony to prove that no child had been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair, the jury decreed that they died without issue.

No contest to the distribution of the estate was made. The executor, Herman Oelrichs, presented a supplementary report, which was accepted and he was discharged from further liability. The succession tax was ordered paid and an order made for the sale of sufficient property to pay the amount which will bear interest since the death of Mr. Fair.

The money for the state for the succession or collateral inheritance will amount to about $150,000 with interest at 7 per cent for eighteen months.

During the proceedings Charles S. Neal testified that $130,000 had been paid to Mrs. Nelson, the mother of Mrs. Fair.

The matter of the estate of Mrs. Caroline D. Fair came up on the petition of Mrs. Jenny Harvey for the distribution of her share, including Mrs. Fair's jewelry and other personal belongings. This partial distribution was ordered and the final distribution will be made later. The bulk of this estate will eventually go to the sisters of Charles Fair, the Nelsons' claim being compromised.

FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DULUTH'S LEADING STORE.

Load after load of new furniture leaves our store every day—testifying to the high quality of our goods—the fairness of our dealing and the lowness of our price.

Try our Easy Payment Plan.

Terms Made to Suit You.

Special attention given to out-of-town customers and their mail orders.

All-Iron Folding Bed.

A splendid thing for economizing space; half open (like the cut) it makes an elegant child's bed; both sides down and you have a full size bed; closed it takes up but 22 inches of space; soft, durable springs; frames very neatly enameled—special.. **$8.95**

Iron Bed.

Very handsome iron bed (like cut) in white or color. Can be had in either full or ¾ size. One of the season's latest patterns, heavy posts, very solid construction. Other stores consider such beds cheap at $5.50—our price **$3.45**

Chinaware.

Specials from our **New China**; dainty Japanese **Sugars** and **Creams**; assorted colors, regular sale price, per pair..... **32c**

Beautiful Japanese Cups and Saucers—very choice, regular price 45c; sale price for this sale..... **28c**

Go-Cart.

Very elaborate Go-Cart — like cut—reclining back; handsome design; fine reed body; rubber-tired, brake, sides as well as the back and dash are upholstered and parasol is of heavy satine—regular value $12.75 —sale price..... **$8.95**

The Celebrated GLOBE-WERNECKE sectional book cases are far superior to all others in finish, construction and size. We handle them. Price, per section, up from **$2.50**

CARPETS AND RUGS.

A stock that's always moving. Prices do it.

We're rushed now — entire new lines of all the different carpets.

We handle none but the best —the kind that is sure to please.

Rugs.

of every known kind, American, French, German, Oriental.

Misfit Carpets.

Last season's patterns made into carpets and rugs. Prices cut to below cost.

SOLID OAK DRESSER — Very pleasing design; swell top; 4 large drawers, square bevel mirror 14x24—only **$6.95**

SOLID OAK COMMODE to match—only **$3.25**

Guaranteed smokeless OIL HEATER — Very handsomely trimmed with nickel; comes in two sizes; they're very useful just at this time of the year—prices, $3.85 and **$2.85**

226-228 West Sup. St.

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

Duluth, Minn.

A SCHEME THAT FAILED

By Hattie Preston Rider.

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"You wish a loan of $6000, then? What security can you give? The pale eyes of the visitor shifted uneasily.

"A mortgage on a farm in Kent county; as fine a quarter section as ever lay outdoors."

Burdick looked him over keenly.

"A first mortgage, of course. I know Kent county. What is your name?"

"Emmett Warren." The visitor pronounced the words almost brazenly. It seemed to Burdick. He started slightly, flushing under his clear brown skin.

"Not the Warrens of Orton township? You are not John Warren's son?

"His only child," the young man nodded eager affirmation. "My father died four years ago. The farm was willed to me."

Burdick's pen clattered to the floor. He stooped over to recover it. When he straightened up there was a queer, drawn look on his face.

"Your mother—" he paused.

Young Warren set the tips of his slim, unfarmerly fingers together.

"Mother has—ahem—no control of the property," he said, smoothly. "I attend to everything. The farm is in my name."

Burdick's face cleared. Then he frowned.

"Do you mean that your father left his wife dependent?" he asked, sternly. The confirmed bachelor had ideas of his own concerning such matters. "Are you married? He looked his client over with cold, critical dislike. The latter flinched under the disconcerting gaze. He had sought the money lender as an absolute stranger; yet the man evidently knew his people—more than that, was catechizing him like a Sunday school teacher.

"I have a wife and two children," he answered, with smooth irony. "I am of legal age, and, I believe, of a sound mind; therefore qualified to transact business. However, if you decide to loan me the money, I can probably get my mother's signature to whatever is necessary."

"The place is good for it," said Willard Burdick, passing his visitor's rudeness unheedingly. "I must see the title though, and an abstract, if you have it, also the original of your father's will. Your mother lives with you, I suppose?"

A dull flash stained young Warren's face.

"She is in Ridgetown, just at present," he evaded, stiffly.

The lawyer raised his brows; but he only asked:

"Her address, please?"

Emmett Warren turned a dozen colors, cursing vigorously under his breath, as his questioner wrote down from his dictation: "No. 156 Collins street," and folded the paper inside a corpulent pocket book. Gad! What danger was this he had run his head into so neatly? Burdick was leaving him not a loophole of retreat. The fiends take Homes, that he should have dropped off just at this juncture!

Well! At least the dead claim no share in any spoils! Luck had stood by him so far. There was a chance he might still bluff his game through. The money once safe in his hands—yes, there were better places of residence, even, than Kent county.

"Bring the papers tomorrow, at this hour, if it suits you," he heard Burdick saying. Then he got up, and almost without a word took his departure.

Under the long line of maples in front of 156 Collins street, two days later, Burdick hitched his span of bays. Emmett Warren had come and gone, but the interview had not progressed exactly as the view had not progressed exactly as the young worthy hoped. Burdick smiled grimly as he thought of it, and then frowned with pain. It was Marcia's son; and his own task to tell her the story.

He went up the flagged walk, looking keenly about him. Over the door of the plain brick building was cut the legend:

ST. MARGARET'S HOME.

The rich money lender drew down the corners of his mouth. A retreat for old ladies! On a poplar tree in his father's pasture his own name and Marcia Barber's were cut, and their birth dates. She was his junior by three years, and he was 54 years.

A faded little woman showed him to the neat reception room. Yes, Mrs. Warren was in. He walked back and forth restlessly, while the gentle waitress took his message. A few moments later, when the door opened softly, his heart beats were so thick he could not have spoken to save his life. Thin and worn, with frost touches on her brown hair, she stood there; but it was his lost sweetheart of thirty years ago that looked at him out of her hazel eyes. As she paused an instant in puzzled unrecognition, Burdick took long strides toward her.

"Marcia!" he cried, holding out both hands. "Great heavens! If I had imagined—why on earth didn't you come to see me?"

She stepped back with a surprised exclamation; then a girlish color suffused her face. She put out her hands impulsively, instantly withdrawing them again. But it was too late. Burdick had them both securely in his. He led her to the sofa and sat down beside her.

"Do you mean to tell me you live here?" he asked sternly.

Sensitive tears sprang to her eyes.

"Yes, Willard. It seemed—better," she faltered. "Everything went to Emmett, and I could not be a burden."

He restrained some forceful words.

"Your son came to me two days ago, to obtain a loan of $5000 on the farm. He is very unlike you, Marcia. Do you mean to tell me that your husband left him absolutely everything?" He was watching her narrowly, for a clew to put his news with gentleness.

"Everything," she answered, quietly. "Emmett is not my child, though, Willard; he is a relative of Joan's first wife. He was not even adopted, but he lived with us, and uses our name. I never knew of the will, till Emmett's lawyer brought it. I signed the papers because they insisted upon it, I did not know. I never had any head for business," smiling tremulously. "I supposed there was at least a living for me. But Emmett and his wife understood differently. So I took the $200 I had in the bank, and came here."

Burdick leaned back, almost giddy with relief. No son of hers! Thank God!

"What if I were to tell you, Marcia," he said, at last, slowly, "that your signatures under compulsion are not worth a straw, that the will itself was forged, and that I have Emmett Warren's sworn abdication of every claim on your husband's property, while you live?"

White as a ghost, she stared at him in dumb unbelief.

"It is not true, Willard?"

"It is true," he answered, "Your home is your own again. There will be no scandal; the rascal was glad enough to capitulate, when he was faced with proofs—and I had them. But—" he leaned over, a great light leaping into his eyes—"that was not the real business that brought me to see you, Marcia. Do you remember the old poplar down in the pasture? I saw it last summer. The two names I cut in the bark have grown into one. Was it an omen? Dear, the place you left vacant waits for you still. Will you take it again?"

Once more the soft color flooded her thin cheek. "Oh, Willard!" she began; but Burdick's big arm was around her, and he had drawn her close to his shoulder.

"We must never quarrel again, sweetheart. Great heavens! Was it all a wretched dream, I wonder! It's never thirty years since I held you—and kissed you—this way!"

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POISONS HUSBAND AND SELF.

Ogden, Utah, April 18.—Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Stone have been found dead in each others arms at their room in a lodging house in this city. It is believed by the police that the woman first poisoned her husband and then herself. Jealousy of Stone's sisters, who had charge of his children by his first wife is supposed to have been the cause of the woman's act.

Wherever there's Pain

There is the place for an

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A PROMOTION FUND.

The liberal public spirit that is being developed in Duluth through the influence of its different commercial organizations is a matter of general comment and a source of great pride to all citizens who are interested in the city's welfare.

Recognizing the need of a fund for the inducement of conventions, excursions, etc., entertainment of the city's guests, advertisement of its resources and the furthering of its material interests in every way possible, the Commercial club originated the idea of a public affairs committee of forty, composed of leading business men of the city, whose duty it is to collect from the business men a certain sum each year, proportioned according to the amount of business done, ranging from $10 to $2500, the total amount being about $15,000 annually. It is proposed to collect 25 per cent of this at once and the remainder as needed. In this way every individual will know how much he will be expected to contribute each year, and the liberal man will be relieved of the uncertainty and injustice of haphazard contributions collected under former plans.

It is hoped that every citizen whose name is on the list will at once recognize the necessity of this fund, and the justice of this manner of collection. It may be argued by some that they are members of the Commercial club and that they contribute their annual dues to that organization, which ought to be sufficient. It should be remembered that the dues of the club are necessary for its maintenance. There is nothing to spare for outside work. Others may say that they are not members of the club, therefore let the club members do the contributing. To these it ought to be only necessary to say that the Commercial club will have nothing whatever to do as an organization with the expenditure of this fund. That will rest solely with the public affairs committee of forty, of which ex-Mayor Hugo is chairman, and which includes in its membership the most substantial and representative men of the city. It will be the privilege of this committee to spend this money as it may think best for the city's interest.

This is simply an organized effort to take the place of former disorganized efforts. Consequently the business man should be glad that such an effort is to be made and that once he has contributed his assessment, the amount being based on justice and equity, he will have performed his whole duty in this matter of publicity and promotion.

THE LOW AWNING.

Now that the electric wires and poles have been removed from Superior street that thoroughfare presents a vastly improved appearance, for which no doubt every loyal citizen is exceeding glad.

Duluth is progressing gradually but surely toward a metropolitan appearance which cannot fail to have a good effect upon visitors. But there yet remains one serious defect which mars the sightliness of the main business streets. That is the low awning. These awnings not only obstruct the view of pedestrians but many of them are so low as to be dangerous to the taller members of the human family.

There is an ordinance regulating the height of awnings, but it does not appear to be very well enforced. In fact it appears to be practically a dead letter. In other cities, where enforced, the ordinances require that the lowest part of the awning shall not hang closer than 7 feet from the sidewalk. While some stores on Superior street have very low ceilings, this trouble could be overcome by extending the awning further away from the building, so that necessary shade can be obtained without placing pedestrians in danger and marring the beauty of the street.

The Herald believes it is time for the city authorities to undertake a vigorous campaign against the low awning and compel all business men to live up to the letter of the ordinance.

A GREAT ARTIST GONE.

A brilliant career was closed when Vasili Verestchagin perished with Admiral Marakoff on the Russian battleship Petropavlovsk. The news of his sudden demise has caused a shock not only in Europe, but in artistic circles in America, where Verestchagin had a wide personal acquaintance, outside his fame as one of the greatest of contemporary artists. Verestchagin visited this country several times. He was with the American forces during the war with Spain—in Cuba and in the Philippines—and painted a number of pictures showing the American soldier in the field, the best-known of his works in America being his picture of the charge of the Rough Riders up San Juan hill, with President Roosevelt at their head. He never lost an opportunity to get face to face with war, the terrible grandeur of war and its grim significance as a factor in human affairs claiming his attention as a theme for his brush, and his career was full of adventures and hardships.

During the Russo-Turkish war, Verestchagin was with the Russian armies in their hardest marches and bloodiest battles. He once was on a torpedo boat which attempted to blow up a Turkish warship. The guns of the latter nearly sunk the little boat and Verestchagin was seriously wounded, spending several months in a hospital as the result of his injuries. But he was undaunted, and on recovery was as eager for perilous ventures as ever before. Once, at Samarcand, 20,000 natives attacked a fort garrisoned by only 800 Russians and for eight days kept up an almost continuous assault. Although he was only the artist of the campaign, Verestchagin seized the rifle of the first Russian soldier killed by the enemy and fought bravely until the foe was beaten off. It is related that one day he even led a sally, which no officer seemed inclined to head, and drove back the natives who had already mounted the ramparts. He was not aware he had performed a notable feat, but he was acclaimed as the hero of the day and was later decorated with the cross of St. George, the highest decoration in the Russian army. Thus he was a great battle painter because he personally witnessed so many scenes of actual warfare. It is said that Field Marshal Von Moltke prohibited German officers seeing his pictures which portrayed the horrors of war, fearing the effect on them of the terrible scenes so truthfully depicted on the canvas. The death of this great master of the pencil and brush will be sincerely mourned.

A POLITICAL GENIUS.

Whether Governor LaFollette of Wisconsin is an honest man or simply a politician, he certainly possesses a genius for unearthing issues that serve to keep him solid with the people. Some time ago he began a campaign in favor of an appointive railroad commissioner and won out. La Follette is seeking a third term as governor and just at the time that it will aid his candidacy most, Railroad Commissioner Thomas makes a report that is startling, especially to those people who were unaware of the tricks of railroad corporations. It is shown by this report that four railroad companies operating in the state have conspired to suppress a large portion of their gross earnings so as to avoid taxation, depriving the state of $68,000 during the past two years, while it is also shown that these companies have, during the same period, taken $1,298,000 out of the pockets of small shippers residing in the state and given this amount to wealthy ones in the way of rebates.

There is no disposition to dispute the truth of this report. The books of the railroad companies show for themselves. The railroad companies' agents have been active in their opposition to La Follette all through his political career. Now he can show the people plainly the reason for that opposition. This report has naturally had the effect of a bombshell exploded in the camp of the governor's enemies within his own party, and the chances are that he will be triumphantly nominated for a third term, something that rarely happens to a reformer in political life.

Naturally when the dominant party is opposed to railroad extortion, which is practiced in every state just as it is in Wisconsin, the railroads turn their support to the minority party and as a result we have the spectacle in Wisconsin of a Republican governor fighting the railroads while the Democratic party machine lends itself to railroad influence. The Two Rivers Chronicle, a Democratic paper, gives expression to its views on this anomalous situation, when its says:

"Two years ago, through the treacherous connivance of David Rose, the Democratic party was placed in the attitude of an ally of the railroads in the desperate fight to retain the privilege they had long enjoyed and often shamefully abused of levying tribute upon the people of Wisconsin in the form of a freight rates. Is the party to be again placed in that attitude this fall, or is its efficiency as a political organization to be weakened by the insidious working of railroad tools and agents in legislative and state conventions, as it has been in many previous years?"

The truthful answer to this is very likely to be in the affirmative. Therefore the people of Wisconsin who are really democratic in their political views and know why they are democratic will probably vote for the re-election of La Follette.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Senator Burton draws his salary still—very still.

* * *

While nobody has been able to square the circle, a corner in cocoanuts has been discovered.

* * *

Possibly Capt. Hobson has learned that the American people are not as anxious to build the greatest navy on earth as he anticipated. It appears that he has been receiving his inspiration from naval contractors.

* * *

Recent events would seem to prove that navies are just as dangerous as they look.

* * *

Minnesota's own Senator Stockwell, who resides at Minneapolis and propagates single-tax doctrine, has made an independent investigation of William R. Hearst's Democracy and found it unsound. He discovered that in California Hearst's record with regard to Democracy does not conform to his present attitude; that he belongs to the rule or ruin class. It was discovered that he does not hesitate to turn against any Democratic nominee who fails to conform to the yellow idea of Democracy, and that his San Francisco paper has helped to defeat some of the best Democrats in the state. Here is the vulnerable part of Mr. Hearst's career, and his opponents would make better progress if they would devote their attention to that rather than to his personal life and how he parts his hair.

* * *

The oft-repeated assertion that the Southerner is the negro's best friend is probably based upon the fact that the Southerner has been most successful in depriving the colored man of his political rights, and solely because of his color.

* * *

Bryan's Commoner says that in a few weeks the Brooklyn Eagle and New York World will cease quarreling about which first promoted Candidate Parker, just as they have ceased to contend for priority in launching the Cleveland boom. Nobody will quarrel this year over the question who first discovered Bryan.

* * *

In an address before the New York state convention on April 12, Senator Depew said: "Every Republican in this broad land knows in what we believe and knows for whom he is going to vote. The campaign is to be conducted by the opposition almost solely against the tariff and President Roosevelt. We accept the challenge upon the Dingley bill and point to what it has accomplished." This is plain enough as to the policy of the Republican party, as at present controlled. Its managers do not propose to budge one jot or tittle from the present tariff position. Yet millions of Republicans, their eyes blinded to these facts, will vote for "Roosevelt, revision and reciprocity."

* * *

The Populists of Kansas and Nebraska are at least not responsible for Burton, Dietrich and Smoot.

TALKS WITH THE STATE PRESS.

The Faribault Daily Journal has changed hands. After stating that Joel Heatwole, the president of the old company; William Kaiser, the secretary, and George W. Harrison, the business manager, have terminated their association with the paper, editor, R. C. Brewsaugh, says, "the future of the Journal looks bright," and very abruptly at that.

* * *

"It will be time enough to talk about the law being no respector of persons when the persons who bribe Senator Burton are locked up with him," says the Crookston Journal. It will also be time enough to talk about that when Burton is locked up.

* * *

The mayor of Wabasha, who is also an attorney and editor of the Herald of that city, makes the following interesting comment on the forthcoming Democratic convention in this city:

Every county in the state should have a full delegation in Duluth at the Democratic state convention next June. A trip to that city will be a revelation to all who have never been there, or who have not seen Duluth recently. If we are in favor of a campaign of education, the right way to commence is by learning something about the great, young city that will entertain the convention.

* * *

The Martin County Sentinel's reference to Hearst as a private citizen is not entirely correct. He is a congressman. But perhaps the Sentinel is excusable because that fact is so little known.

* * *

The Lanesboro Leader makes a plea that the farmer should be privileged to kill prairie chickens and other game whenever he sees fit, because he is compelled to support them from the products of his farm. We do not know of a farmer that wants game for his table but gets it when he wants it if it is to be had, and he is not often bothered by game wardens either. But it is manifest that he should not kill game when the young is being reared and it would also be unjust to exclude city sportsmen from all participation in the shooting of wild game. There is a deal of nonsense in the enforcement of our game laws, but the laws themselves are generally all right. Ultimate extinction of game is a certainty, but we ought to, if possible, prolong the process. There are many regions in Northern Minnesota that will not be populated in hundreds of years. The state ought at least to sufficiently protect game so that there will be some left to inhabit these desolate spots.

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The Cloquet Independent says that interest among the ladies is at white heat over the triplets recently born in that town. Since they have been named Uriah McKinley, John Oskur Roosevelt and Reinholdt Hanna, the ladies can hardly be blamed for being hot.

* * *

W. A. Kiley, a stepson of E. C. Kiley, of Grand Rapids, and a bright young man, will have charge of the new paper to be established at Nashwauk within a few days. It will be known as the Iron Index, which would indicate that it will keep its first finger pointed in the direction of the rich iron mines of that locality.

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That England owns a tract in Africa equal to the entire area of the United States. So does France.

* * *

That in the Austrian army the average of 131 suicides per 100,000 men has obtained for some time. The average in the French army is 92; German, 68; the English, 23; the American, 9.

* * *

That appendicitis has generally been attributed to fruit seeds, but it is a well-known fact that in religious or other communities, or among peoples where very little if any meat is eaten, that disease is unknown.

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That Russia's revenues equal about $1,000,000,000 per year.

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That in some things we certainly have progressed but very little. Take fish-hooks for instance. These are just exactly today, in shape and everything but material, what they were twenty centuries ago.

* * *

That a single corporation controls 92 per cent of the world's production of diamonds.

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That they say that a flash of lightning equals 12,000 horse power.

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That petroleum is derived from vegetable and animal substances that were deposited in a different stratum of rock during their period of formation.

* * *

That, judging from assessed valuations, Canada, Belgium and Sweden are alike in value, but the first named is the only one that has much room in which to grow, it contains undeveloped, untouched surface equal to about forty times the area of the other countries put together.

* * *

That we shipped off about 20,000,000 barrels of flour last year. The highest exportation of flour in our history.

* * *

That for people interested in acoustics it may be well to note that in the open air a person speaking may be heard well at about 100 feet in front of him, 75 feet at either side, and 35 feet behind him.

* * *

That the Chinese have made water-proof paper for hundreds of years

HOTEL GOSSIP

"I think the West will show up very well for Roosevelt," said R. S. Brunner, of Harrisburg, Pa. "I have been on an extended trip through the West, including Colorado and Texas, and I think the Republican strength will be unusual at the coming election. The very fact that the Democrats allow a man like Hearst to be really considered is, I think, going to be of considerable influence against them this year. I would not say that Hearst would not make a clear-headed president, but he is not a logical candidate. The man who should be made president should be one who has performed some public service of an official character, or a man who has some experience at least in public service. William R. Hearst may be able to run a newspaper well, and I guess he is, judging from the notoriety his publications have attained, but I fail to see how it fits him for the highest place the people can give."

"He's a congressman."

"But that's of very little consequence in this case. Has he ever said or done anything in Washington which has given him any credit with the people? Almost anybody with the price can be elected to congress from New York state."

* * *

Ed. Freeman, of Chisholm, who is at the St. Louis, is a lawyer-sportsman practicing law in the winter and baseball in the summer. Last season he pitched for Crookston and this summer will twirl the sphere for Hibbing.

* * *

W. A. McKay, of the Hotel McKay, has returned from his homestead at Holyoke. He says the country in thaat neighborhood is settling fast.

"When we took up our land there two years ago there was practically nothing there but space and we had no neighbors," he stated. "Now we have a dozen within, say ten miles, a distance which we call neighborhood out in the country. As to a good year, it's a little early for those people out there to say what they are going to have, as the land is not much for farming yet. They have the timber practically cleared off, but, of course, there is a lot of work ahead before the country will be farmed in the usual way. Everybody that goes out there expects to make a home there, and this makes the country attractive. The town of Holyoke had a bond sale of $10,000 Saturday and the proceeds are intended for new roads and bridges."

George McKay, who is supervisor of the town, has returned to Holyoke.

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Mrs. T. Smith, of Bemidji, has returned home after a protracted visit in this city, where she conducted a number of Spiritualist meetings that attracted considerable interest.

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A Danish engineer who is now in the copper country says the Russians are poor sailors, probably the worst of any nation that pretends to be a nation able to fight on water. He says they simply lose their heads and get thoroughly terrorstricken at the slightest disturbance when they are away from land and that the majority of them spend their time praying.

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S. B. Stewart, the Ashland lumberman, is at the St. Louis.

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Frank Erlon, of Omaha, connected with the Cudahy Packing company, is at the St. Louis, having come to attend to matters in connection with the company's recent fire loss in this city.

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F. N. Muddarkey, a New York hotel man, formerly of this city, is a St. Louis guest.

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J. F. O'Brien, the Cloquet lumberman, is in the city.

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Frank Price, an attorney of Grand Rapids, is at the Hotel McKay.

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R. E. Smith, of Scanlon, who is at the McKay, has come on business for the Scanlon-Brooks Lumber company.

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At the Spalding: A. N. Blackburn, Nashwauk; C. H. Pugh, Minneapolis; H. W. Shadle, St. Paul; F. E. Bronson, Portage; E. Ingram, Spokane; E. H. Nighus, St. Paul; Mrs. B. F. Lum, Minneapolis; T. E. Ludington, St. Paul; H. Gagan, Janesville; Nelson Brunt, Mrs. R. R. Lawton, St. Paul; R. A. Watson, Burt T. Lunn, Minneapolis; C. R. Youngblood, Aurora; M. Rogalsky, Hibing; J. N. Searles, Stillwaterb; H. C. Hornby, Cloquet; George C. Ripley, Minneapolis; S. E. DeLong, St. Paul; G. M. Cherry, Cedar Rapids; J. J. Klansman, Davenport; F. L. Duckholin and wife, St. Paul; C. P. Pomeroy, Grand Rapids; J. D. Mason, Chisholm; J. K. Ogden, St. Paul; F. F. Bolton, Grand Forks; E. F. Wirth, St. Paul; L. Stafford, Minneapolis; Mrs. J. Hunt, St. Paul; F. M. Barnard, Minneapolis; M. W. McNally, New Richmond.

At the St. Louis: L. H. Vehow, St. Paul; W. D. Campbell, Cass Lake; George A. Stephenson, Ontonagon; J. F. O'Brien, Cloquet; Cushman Lundry, St. Paul; W. J. Kyle, Ft. Atkinson; W. H. McCullough, Ashland; George K. Trask, Knife River; F. D. Knight, Proctor; S. S. Ourin, Alburn; E. W. Powell, Hibbing; W. C. Fleming, Milwaukee; Joseph Merlel, Crookston, Minn.; Charles Wilson, Marquette; Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Walker, Minneapolis; W. H. Ross, St. Paul; Peter Doyle, Medford, Wis.; C. E. Eoleth, St. Paul; J. N. Kirsch, Crookston; W. C. Gooder, Two Harbors; Charles S. Engelbrecht, St. Paul; H. D. Powers, L. Blobe, E. F. Hickey, Thomas Sullivan, St. Paul; J. S. Donohue, Marquette.

* * *

At the McKay: G. W. Hays, Richland Center, Wis.; L. J. Templeton, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hedtker, Minneapolis; Frank St. Vincent, Sunrise, Wyo.; E. N. Nelson, J. L. Ellmquist, I. D. Feyckholm, F. J. McBride, W. A. Ralmond, St. Paul; Charles A. Gardner, Two Harbors; H. Nelson, Ironwood, Mich.; Theodore Mellum, Ferman Fox; D. Couch, Ely; J. Dea, Seattle; W. L. Conant, Joseph Laro, Minneapolis; A. W. Mochlenbrock, Cass Lake; L. W. Hoffman, Green Bay; Robert Murray, Hibbing; Frank F. Price, Grand Rapids; Mrs. J. T. Gerard, Mrs. J. C. Bond, Deer River; Peter Rousseau, Cloquet; E. Ives, Houghton; C. C. Morrison, Eveleth; George J. Hibbard, Seattle; George K. Trask, Knife River; M. A. Reid and wife, Bessemer, Mich.; T. O. Olin, Sioux City, Iowa.

"MILES THE ONE MAN."

Arizona Star, of Tuscon: The Democracy of the country is coming to realize that the one man so far mentioned who can contest the chair in the White House with President Roosevelt is Gen. Nelson A. Miles.

He is the one man with a great national reputation. He is the one man who has tendered the country distinguished public service. He is the one man with a public and private record unblemished. He is the one man who knows every section of the United States and their respective resources.

He is the one man who has visited and studied every part of the United States domain, including the recently acquired islands of the Atlantic and the Pacific, as well as Alaska.

He is the one man who at some time during his long military service has had under his military jurisdiction every department and military division of the United States. Hence his opportunities of learning the same.

He is the one man living today who fully understands the cost, the cruelty and carnage of war and how to avoid war, foreign complications, in these strenuous times, and the unusual danger of entangling alliances with foreign powers.

He is the one man of both peace and war. The soldier who conquered the many tribes of Indians of the Rocky mountain regions.

The soldier citizen who was first to call public attention to the duty of the national government in reclaiming the waterless empire of the great West by a national irrigation system.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles is the one man of all the candidates mentioned who possesses most qualities necessary for the chief executive of the United States. He possesses every qualification as an available and successful candidate. As president he would command respect of every power on earth, in as great a degree as he would excite the admiration of every true American citizen.

The Cleveland Uprising.

Atlanta Constitution: The Chicago Chronicle speaks of "an uprising in favor of Mr. Cleveland." Bugs. Dope. Police!

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 18.—Barometric depressions overlie eastern Lake Superior, Nevada, and British Columbia, with high pressures over the Red River Valley, and the lower Mississippi Valley. The temperature changes were generally slight, freezing temperatures occurring throughout the Northwest this morning. Light fails of rain are reported from Gulf states and Oregon.

The following are the minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	52	Marquette	30
Battleford	22	Memphis	46
Bismarck	24	Milwaukee	36
Boston	34	Minnedosa	10
Buffalo	32	Modena	32
Calgary	24	Montgomery	52
Charleston	44	Moorhead	28
Chicago	36	New York	42
Cincinnati	34	New Orleans	58
Davenport	40	North Platte	30
Denver	28	Oklahoma	40
Detroit	34	Omaha	40
Dodge City	38	Pittsburg	34
Duluth	26	Port Arthur	22
Edmonton	30	Portland	50
El Paso	54	Qu'Appelle	22
Escanaba	30	Rapid City	28
Galveston	54	San Francisco	52
Green Bay	32	Santa Fe	38
Havre	26	Shreveport	50
Helena	34	Spokane	44
Houghton	28	St. Louis	40
Huron	24	St. Paul	24
Jacksonville	54	Sault Ste Marie	26
Kamloops	42	Swift Current	26
Kansas City	44	Washington	34
Knoxville	38	Williston	22
La Crosse	30	Winnemucca	42
Lander	26	Winnipeg	18
Los Angeles	48		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Fair tonight and Tuesday. Fresh northerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, April 18.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin and Minnesota—Fair tonight and Tuesday.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and probably Tuesday. Rising temperature.

HILL OUGHT TO WIN.

Rush City Post: Hill and Harriman are having a tilt this week over the merger aftermath. Hill ought to win. He will win for he is the greatest genius in railroad promoting and management in the known world. Mr. Hill's name at the head of the Northern Securities company made that colossal enterprise the wonder and admiration of the business world. Under the management of Mr. Hill a better service and a cheaper rate was furnished the patrons of both the merged systems. Now that the merger is settled, and there is no longer any question of prejudice or politics in the case, the people of Minnesota can size up the situation and see whether they have lost or gained.

One thing's as sure as time and tide.

And you are safe in betting,
'Twas honest service—nothing else,
That you and I were getting.

Then what was the kick about? The people along the line of the Duluth Short Line never had so good service as in the past three years, and other lines report the same improved condition. Minnesota owes J. J. Hill a debt of gratitude which will never be paid in full. Minnesota has the distinction of being the home of the greatest railroad and financial magnate in the civilized world. His genius alone, has doubled the population of the state, and transformed its desert places into prosperous happy homes. A man with Mr. Hill's ability can make the opportunity, and the very act of creating opportunity has brought him distinction and wealth.

TYPES OF GREATNESS.

Philadelphia City and State: Some are born great, some achieve greatness, and others are made great in magazines, biographies, newspapers, interviews, sermons, after-dinner speeches and so forth. In a lecture at Cooper Union (New York) the other night, Professor Albert B. Hart, of Harvard University, settled it for Secretary Hay, of whom he said:

"In the annals of American diplomacy there has been but one secretary of state who can be compared with Mr. Hay for judgment, sagacity, foresight and public service, and posterity must decide whether John Quincy Adams or John Hay has been the greater."

It is always a pity to have to institute comparisons unless they are of the inodorous kind, but no less an authority than President Roosevelt would have this verdict qualified. In the cool deliberation of an interview lately prepared for the Review of Reviews, Mr. Roosevelt said:

"Elihu Root is the ablest man I have known in our government service. I will go further. He is the greatest man that has appeared in the public life of any country, in any position, on either side of the ocean, in my time."

Were Governor Pennypacker not distrased by state (including, possibly, supreme court) cares, he might at this juncture insist upon the claims of Senator Quay to be considered at least by the governor as the country's grandest production. In some respects this glorification works in a circle, for Messrs. Hay and Root, to say nothing of Jacob Riis and others, are willing to forego their own respective demands for consideration as the ne plus ultra of American genius in behalf of the man of whom the Rev. Dr. Cortland Meyers spoke to his congregation a few Sundays ago:

"This last week I was in the president's private office with him and had the honor—the supreme honor—of shaking his hand. I do not think I have washed that hand with soap since. I do not think I will ever wash the memory off that hand. I would like to take that splendid grip with me out of this world into the next and have it as a part of my resurrection life: for the man who has shaken hands with Theodore Roosevelt has shaken hands with a man."

There is this to be said in behalf of the superlative views taken by those who have been cited in the foregoing modest estimates, that they are unstinted in their appreciation of what they believe to be a good thing, and as the best part of any blessing lies in the full realization thereof, this is an example to the philosophical, if not to others.

THE DRESS.

There, now her dress is finished; take it
and fold it so;
Fluffy with lace and ribbons; she's in a
rush, you know.
Yes, it's a pretty garment—pretty as I
have made—
It has a day of backache sewed in the
narrow braid;
Buttons—I stitched some eyesight into
the goods with them,
And there's a night of headache bound
in the heavy hem.

She was in such a hurry—once she was
here to see
Why I could work no faster; that time
she scolded me;
Said in a gracious manner that she believed I lied—
Not in those words exactly—that was the
night I cried.
See this embroidered flower worked in
the bodice here?
That is some extra trimming hiding a
dried out tear.

Carefully fold and wrap it—isn't it pretty,
though?
Looks so complete and perfect, no one
would ever know
How it could hold a headache, how it
could represent
Wrists that are worn and weary, back
that is strained and bent;
No one would guess that flower—she
called it "simply dear!"—
No one would guess that flower covered
a dried-out tear.

Maybe you'll see her in it. But you could
never guess
That it was head and heart ache made
it a pretty dress.
Maybe it makes it better, truer in stitch
and seam,
When you're in such a hurry you haven't
time to dream.
Look at the bodice, will you? Notice how
it appears,
There where I worked the flowers where
it was stained with tears.
—W. D. N., in Chicago Tribune.

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

THE JOKESMITHS.

Life: Mr. Justhusband (in the kitchen)—Darling, darling, why are you throwing away the yolks of all those eggs?

Mrs. Justhusband—Because, goosie, the recipe says to use only the whites.

Philadelphia Press: "Do you think it possible for one to learn anything by taking a course in that correspondence school he's conducting?"

"Oh, yes; one is likely to learn what a fool one was to bother with it."

Indianapolis Journal: Mrs. Bingo—You looked like a fool when you proposed to me!

Mr. Bingo—I didn't look like half as big a fool as I was!

Washington Star: "When a man goes aroun' askin' advice," said Uncle Eben, "he's ginerally contemplatin' sumpin' foolish an' is lookin' for moral support."

Philadelphia Press: "Gosh!" exclaimed Farmer Korntop, after listening to the story, "he must be a reg'lar deadbeat."

"Huh!" snorted the victim, "he's a plumb sight worse'n that. He's a live one."

Cornell Widow: "Haf you heard about Isaacstein?"

"Vass it iss?"

"Doy took him by the hospital und took his appendix avay from him, alretty."

"Ha! Vat a pity ain't it he didn't have it in his vife's name."

There was a young Theolog. Rev.
Who preached till it seemed he would
Nev.
His hearers thought thus;
There resulted a fuss—
Now a pillow's attached to his Neth.
—Yale Record.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Lake County Advocate: We notice a movement is being made at Duluth to increase emigration in to St. Louis county. A good idea on the part of our neighbor. Lake county also has a great many acres of vacant lands for settlers, and if there is any surplus down the line send them in to Lake county. This movement reminds us that the business men of Duluth are never found napping and are always enterprising and progressive in everything that goes towards the development of their city.

Mankato Free Press: There was a time when the readers of a newspaper read the advertisement only when there was nothing else in the paper to read. But nowadays it is a patent fact that the average reader is educated to the ad-reading habit. Tasty, well displayed announcements of trading places appeal to the eye, and are sure to be scanned with bargain hunting avidity. And on the other hand more advertisers are beginning to realize the fact that advertising really pays.

Princeton Union: The spectacle of such a man as Hearst manufacturing hot air for his presidential bee to buzz in is enough to turn all decent Democrats against his candidacy. The White House doors are never open to such aspirants.

Wright County Times: If the United States had an honest and upright attorney general instead of the ex-attorney of the Standard Oil trust, he would find a way to dissolve the coal trust and every other trust now organized for pedatory plunder upon the consumers of this country. It is not reasonable to expect that a man who has been employed all his life as an attorney for trusts and illegal combinations is going to quit just because he has been given the honor of being a member of the president's cabinet. It was the influence of Hanna, the Standard Oil company which put Knox, in his present position, and he will not move only when public pressure is so irrestible as to force him to do so. Why does not Roosevelt do something to relieve the people from the oppression of the coal trust. He can do much. He neglects to do anything.

Wright County Times: The state of Minnesota spent $35,000 in trying the case against the Northern Securities company in the wrong court. And this is all that has been accomplished. It is too bad to waste public money in any such way.

Sauk Center Herald: For grown men to talk about reciprocity in "non-competing" commodities it as silly as it would be to swap imaginary horses, or to trade a quarter of a section of land in the moon for one of the rings of Saturn. We must have more and wider markets for our producers or we must curtail production and curtailment means disaster to the producer. The only way in the world that our markets can be extended is by reciprocity. If we sell all the time and buy nothing our markets will soon be worthless because the other fellows won't have any money to buy with. The Democratic party is woefully short of political ammunition, we trust. Republicans will not supply them by declaring against reciprocity, either directly or indirectly.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: After a young man makes up his mind that he is not a genius he stands a chance to earn his living.

A woman's idea of a good climate is where she can wear furs and open-work stockings at the same time.

A woman who won't worry herself at all over wearing false hair will fret herself to death over having to wear eyeglasses.

It is a wise woman who, when she smells whisky on her husband's breath makes herself believe it is because he caught it riding with men who had been drinking in a poorly ventilated car.

The Pioneer Editor's Plea.

Say, I wish you'd tell me, fellers,
What we editors can do,
We, who live up in the alders
And the tamaracky slough,
How we're goin' to make a living—
Keep our sheets alive in fact—
If the death blow should be given
To the blessed timber act.

Say, how our pork and bacon
And our bean soup to be had
With our columns all forsaken
'Cept a lonely townsite ad?
News won't do to feed the printer,
Should land legals fly the track,
Will we see another winter
If they kill the timber act?
—Big Forks Compass.

Can Take Their Choice.

Boston Herald: The New York Sun's able editorial writer is still expatiating on the havoc made and to be made by the Northern Securities decision, while its able financial editor remarks coincidently that this lawsuit, which has troubled our business peace for more than a year, has so ended as not to impair business confidence. So the Sun readers can take their choice.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. Marshall, Manager.
TONIGHT, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
MATINEE AND NIGHT.
Dick Ferris' Grand Production of
PARSIFAL
100 People in Cast. Special Orchestra. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1; Matinee, Wednesday, 25c, 50c, 75c. "It is Better Than a Sermon."
FLORENCE STONE and Company, balance of week in the great war drama, "Shenandoah." Prices, 10c, 25c, 35c and 50c. Saturday matinee, 25c for any seat.

METROPOLITAN THEATER
The Myrkle-Harder Company
TONIGHT.
"Lost on the Pacific."
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Matinee 10c and 25c. Ladies free tonight if accompanied by escort holding reserved seat.

YES GIRLS IT IS YOUR OWN DEAR BUSTER
RESOLVED! THAT THERE IS NOTHING SO SUCCESSFUL AS SUCCESS AND I JUST KNOW THAT THIS SUIT IS A HOWLING SUCCESS. NO BOY SHOULD BE WITHOUT ONE BUSTER BROWN
R. F. Outcault

The ORIGINAL BUSTER BROWN SUITS

are sold exclusively in Duluth by us. They can't be found elsewhere as the maker in New York has a contract with us to sell no one else in Duluth.

Wash Goods $2.45 to $4.95 | Woolens $4.45 to $10

To every mother we extend a cordial invitation to come and view these cute and attractive garments.

The BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

NORMANNA WINS

Interesting Singing Contest Results In Its Favor.

Get 83 Points to 77 For the Svea Glee Club.

The singing contest between the Normanna Mandskor and the Svea Glee club yesterday afternoon at the Lyceum brought out a large audience, as was expected, because the interest in the superiority of both organizations among the Scandinavian element of this city and Superior is keen.

It was a musical treat even to those not familiar with the Scandinavian tongue. Both clubs acquitted themselves with much credit, and have attained a high degree of excellence.

The concert opened with the singing of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," by both clubs, accompanied by Fiasen's orchestra. Then followed an overture, "Mill on the Cliff," by Rabsiger, by the orchestra, which, with the exception of rather pondorous brass, was well rendered.

"Olaf Trygvasson," by Reissiger, was sung jointly by the two clubs, and they brought out all the fine points of this grand and beautiful composition.

There were two prize songs for each of the societies, "Liparrosa, Svea," by Wennerberg, and "Sivemannen," by Vanke, for the Svea Glee club, and "Ossian," by Beschnitt, and "Brudefaerden i Hardanger," by Kjerulf, for the Normanna Mandskor.

Of the prize songs by the Svea Glee club the Seaman's song was probably the best number. There was more accuracy in pulse as well as in tone in this number, although the tempo in both of the numbers sung by this club was not what it should be.

The Kjerulf number was the best of the two prize songs sung by the Normanna. "Brudefaerden i Hardanger" is a trying number, but was given in its entirety, and with almost perfect finish by the society.

The Soedermann suite, "Peasant Wedding," for orchestra, was a character number that appealed to and was appreciated by the audience; it was well rendered, with the exception that it seemed to lack a little precision at times.

Of the three choruses en masse Grieg's "Landsighting," with baritone solo by E. W. Prophet, was the best. The shading in this number was especially commendable.

Mr Prophet also sang the popular "Toreador Song," from Bizet's "Carmen," and responded to an encore with one verse of a ballad.

The judges for the contest consisted of C. W. Weeks, Franz Schultz, appointed by Mayor Cullum, according to the conditions governing the selection of prize judges, and these two selected a third in the person of Prof. G. C. Bergen, of the Superior Normal school. The method of credit was by points, for, first, accuracy in reading, intonation, second, rythm, including tempo and proper variation; third, attack and smoothness, beginning and ending phrases; fourth, shading, including climax; fifth, tone quality, tembre; sixth, balance; seventh, sustenuto, including breathing; eighth, enunciation, including accent; ninth, interpretation, tenth, expression, style, manner, attitude and freedom. The maximum attainable in each instance was ten.

Each judge kept a separate record; the points of the three judges were then added and divided by three, which gave an average of 77 points for the Svea Glee club and 83 for the Normanna Mandskor. Thus awarding the Carlson trophy to the Normanna Mandskor.

The conditions with the trophy are that either club must win the prize three times in succession; a contest must be held every year.

The singing contest is a commendable institution, practiced much in the countries of Europe and to some extent among the foreign societies in this country. It stimulates interest in chorus work, makes the members attentive, arouses public interest, and does much to further all there is good in music.

Of these two clubs Duluth has every reason to feel proud. Their work will stand the scrutiny of severe criticism, and the class of music sung by them is of a high order.

There has been an expression of desire to hear these clubs in a contest with the Duluth Apollo club, and, it is stated, such a treat might be one of the possibilities of the near future.

SORROW AT CASS LAKE

Over the Demise of Mrs. L. H. Burns.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The funeral services held here on Saturday afternoon over the remains of Mrs. L. H. Burns were attended by the largest crowd of people ever assembled on a like occasion in the history of Cass Lake. Mrs. Burns died in Duluth on Thursday of last week and her remains were brought to this place. The remains were interred (at the request of the deceased) in the Cass Lake cemetery.

Mrs. Burns was a member of Roland chapter, Eastern Star, of Cass Lake, and her husband is one of the most

MRS. L. H. BURNS.

prominent 32nd degree Masons in this part of the state. He is a member of the Scottish Rites and of Zurah Temple in Minneapolis, and also of the Knights Templar organization of Wadena, and prominent members of all these orders were present. The death of Mrs. Burns caused universal sorrow all over the village, and as a token of the esteem in which deceased was held all business places were closed from 3 till 4 o'clock, the hour of the funeral. Mrs. Burns was prominent socially, and was also a favorite among the Cass Lake Indians, many of whom she had favored in times past. A noteworthy fact was the presence of a number of Indian men and women, who wept silently on the outside of the building. The deceased leaves, besides her husband, two young sons.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 7; Pittsburg, 8.
Boston, 8; Philadelphia, 7.
New York, 3; Brooklyn, 1.
Cincinnati, 7; Chicago, 10.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 10; Cleveland, 8.
New York, 6; Boston, 12.
Washington, 2; Philadelphia, 12.
St. Louis, 3; Detroit, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—Brooklyn, 9; Boston, 1.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Pittsburg, 5.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 12; Chicago, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Cleveland, 5; Chicago, 0.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 12; Detroit, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	3	3	0	1.000
Cincinnati	3	2	1	.667
St. Louis	3	2	1	.667
Boston	4	2	2	.500
Pittsburg	3	1	2	.333
Chicago	3	1	2	.333
Philadelphia	3	1	2	.333
Brooklyn	4	1	3	.250

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	2	2	0	1.000
Detroit	3	2	1	.667
Boston	3	2	1	.667
Cleveland	3	2	1	.667
Chicago	3	1	2	.333
New York	3	1	2	.333
St. Louis	3	1	2	.333
Washington	2	0	2	.000

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Over 60 years old! Think of it! Honesty, merit, power to cure, these are the reasons. Ask your doctor.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

CONFERENCE OF METHODIST CHURCH

Dr. Long Discusses Coming General Session In Los Angeles.

Interesting Matters In Legislature That Will Come Up.

The general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church of this country, which meets once in four years, will be held in Los Angeles, Cal., this year, beginning early in May.

The conference will be of special interest to the membership of the local Methodist churches for the reason that Duluth will have three delegates. These are Dr. S. P. Long, pastor of the First Methodist church, Watson S. Moore, one of the lay members of the church, and Dr. Robert Forbes. While Dr. Forbes is now engaged in church extension work he still claims Duluth as his residence and will represent the Northern Minnesota district as a Duluthian.

Dr. and Mrs. S. P. Long will leave, tomorrow, for Los Angeles, visiting at Pacific coast points en route. Dr. Forbes will leave for California, with Mrs. Forbes, in about a week.

Among those from this vicinity who will also attend the conference are Rev. and Mrs. G. E. Pickard, of Two Harbors.

At the evening service in the First Methodist church, yesterday, Dr. Long discussed the general conference, presenting the legislation of interest to the churches of the denomination, and other matters of interest. He said:

"The general conference is an evolution in the government of the Methodist Episcopal church. At first there was only one annual conference, but as the work of the church grew, both as to territory and variety of work, it was found that other conferences were necessary for the convenience of the preachers. These conferences when organized, at first were looked upon as branches of the same conference, but as the church grew they were recognized as separate.

"One conference not having power to legislate for another, it was found advisable in 1784 to call a meeting of all the preachers of the denomination, and at this meeting was organized the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church. It was composed at first of all preachers who were full members of a conference, but as the church grew and preachers became more numerous, covering a great stretch of country, it was decided in 1808 to make the general conference a delegated body. One member was to be chosen for every five members of an annual conference.

"After many years of discussion as to the advisability of admitting laymen as members, it was finally decided upon, and then another discussion arose as to whether women were included in the word 'laymen,' and during the past few years this has been decided in the affirmative; and at the coming session of the general conference in Los Angeles for the first time in the history of the church, women will be recognized as delegates.

"The general conference is now constituted as follows: The ministerial delegates consist of one delegate for every forty-five members of each annual conference, and are appointed either by seniority or choice, at the discretion of each annual conference, but such representatives shall have traveled at least four full calendar years from the time they were received on trial by an annual conference, and are in full connection at the time of holding the conference.

"The lay delegates consist of one layman for each annual conference, except such conferences as have more than one ministerial delegate, and those conferences each are entitled to as many lay delegates as ministerial delegates. The seventy-two hundred forty delegates who will compose the general conference will come from all over the world; the Hindoo, Chinaman, Japanese, Korean, and the Negro, will unite with the European and American brothers in the work of legislation for the great church with its more than three million members.

POWERS OF GENERAL CONFERENCE

The powers of the general conference are most comprehensive and except in matters specifically covered by restrictions, it has supreme authority in the three branches of church government, legislative, judicial and executive; hence, the action of the general conference, which meets once in four years, is looked forward to with much interest by the entire church.

PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

"An unusual number of interesting questions will come up in Los Angeles. There will be, for instance, discussion of the time limit; whether the law, as it now stands, which authorizes the bishop to appoint the preachers to their charges for a year at a time without limit, shall be changed back to the limited; that is, the preacher will remain in the same charge for each year up to a certain number of years, when he will be compelled to move. Formerly he received his appointment each year up to five years, when the law of the church compelled him to go to another charge.

"Many favor the latter plan, as it 'accomplishes by a system what otherwise would require a revolution.' Methodist churches have not suffered, excepting in rare instances, by change in pastors, while the itinerant system is largely responsible for the great growth of the denomination.

CONSOLIDATIONS.

"There will be an interesting discussion on the question of consolidation of the benevolent societies of the church, and also that of the book concerns.

"At the present time each Methodist church is asked to contribute to seven different benevolences, missions, church extension, freedman's aid and Southern education, Sunday School union, tract, Bible and educational societies. A plan is proposed to change the number and order as follows: Dividing the missionary society, making a Foreign Missionary Society, a Home Missionary society, which will include the work of the board of church extension; and the Educational society, which will include all others. This plan has been matured in the interest of economy.

CONSOLIDATION OF BOOK CONCERN.

"The consolidation of the book concern will be the most important legislation of this kind that will be undertaken. This enterprise of the church was commenced in 1789. There were then 3,000,000 people in the United States. Fifty-eight thousand of these were Methodists, widely scattered. The preachers had great difficulty in getting suitable literature. All the Methodist books and almost all other choice books were imported from England. The country was poor and the expense of getting books was great. At the conference which met in old Johns street church, New York, in 1789, a plan was matured for the organizing of a publishing house, but no money was available. John Dickens said that he would be willing to lend to the Methodist church $600. They elected him book steward and with this amount as capital the publishing interests of the church began.

"In 1820 a Western branch of the book concern was organized at Cincinnati. To show the growth of these interests, I would call your attention to the fact that the net capital in the New York and Cincinnati houses is $4,423,539. This entire capital has been earned by the book concern, excepting $100,000 that was donated to it after a disastrous fire in 1836, and a few other small bequests. The sales during 1900-2 were $6,057,000 and the net profits of these sales was $858,000.

"In the last fifteen years the total dividends of the book concern have been $1,410,000. This money was divided among the anual conferences and was given to the distressed traveling preachers, superannuates and the widows and orphans of deceased ministers. The law of the church forbids its use in any other way. And yet the primary work of the book concern is not to make money, but to supply the people with pure literature at reasonable rates.

"In 1902 the Eastern and Western branches issued more than 700,000 volumes. The combined circulation of the Christian Advocate, the Methodist Review and fourteen Sunday school periodicals was 1,785,800, and the aggregate circulation for the year was 24,243,000 copies.

"This immense interest is managed by a book committee and four agents. The agents, two in New York, one in Cincinnati, and one in Chicago, are elected by the general conference and are executors of the business. It is complimentary to the Methodist ministers that this immense business, perhaps the largest publishing house in America, was built up by their business enterprise.

"The proposed change is to combine the two houses, place one man in charge and build a manufacturing plant at a strategic point in the Middle West and use the cities as the depositories or sales centers. This move is in the interest of economy and greater efficiency, and looks as if it might take place but no man can be a prophet as to the action of the general conference.

RULE ON AMUSEMENTS.

"We have no doctrinal difficulty to settle. As a church we never had; but we have a rule that may cause some discussion, one in which great interest is taken by the church at large, one dealing with the question of amusements.

"This rule, known as No. 248 of the Discipline, was passed by the general conference in 1872 and specifically forbids, among other things, 'dancing, playing at games of chance, attending theaters, horse races, circuses, dancing parties or patronizing dancing schools.'

"There has always been a question as to the wisdom of the legislation, as it seemed to exalt a rule at the expense of a principle, and added nothing whatever of strength to the position of the church on this subject. The teaching of Wesley and the principle he laid down governing the church in its early days, and which is still in force, is to 'avoid the taking of such diversions as cannot be used in the name of the Lord Jesus.'

"No one will accuse Wesley or Asbury or the Methodist fathers of advocating those things forbidden by the rule passed in 1872 and which an effort will be made to repeal at Los Angeles. If this should be done, it is very important for the Methodists in Duluth, as elsewhere, to know that the position of the church will not be changed, that no backward step will have been taken, that there will be no giving up of Wesley Methodist principles, but the change will signify that in the judgment of the conference these and kindred hindrances to spiritual life can be more effectively dealt with without the rule than with it. It will not mean that the Methodist church grants the liberty to its members to dance or send their children to dancing schools, or patronize theaters, but that it prefers to fight the question out as a principle of the life rather than a simple rule of conduct.

ELECTION OF GENERAL OFFICERS.

"One of the most interesting events at the general conference will be the election of the general officers, men who shall have charge of our editorial work, men who shall be the executors of our benevolent work; and also additions to the board of bishops. If the present plan remains unchanged, there will be elected four book agents, eleven editors, nine corresponding secretaries, secretaries and assistant secretaries. These officers are elected for the term of four years and they are among the most influential men in the church.

"Duluth at present is highly honored in this company, having a former pastor of this church, Dr. Levi Gilbert, as editor of the Western Christian Advocate, and Dr. Robert Forbes, former presiding elder of the district, as the secretary of the board of church extension.

"The general conference also elects the bishops, the most influential officers of the church. It is hard for men not acquainted with the policy of the church to understand the immense authority of these men. On the working of the episcopacy depends the work of the whole connectional machinery of the Methodist church. Perhaps no other church officer in America has so much authority as the Methodist Episcopal bishop. He presides at the annual conferences and appoints the presiding elders and preachers. He can use his own discretion as to whether he will take the suggestions of the churches and the ministers as to questions of appointment, or not. He has the final authority. No other presiding officer, perhaps, in the world holds the welfare of every man in the body so completely in his hands as does the Methodist bishop.

"There are now three missionary bishops, having jurisdiction over the field for which they have been elected, and there only. There is one superannuate bishop and there are fifteen regular bishops who are in effective service. Four have died during the quadrennium: Bishop R. S. Foster, one of the great men that God has given to the Methodist church; Bishop John F. Hurst, a great linguist; Bishop William Xavier Ninde, a man greatly beloved for the beauty of his character, also Bishop Edwin W. Parker, missionary bishop to India.

"There will be an election of additional bishops; how many, no one can tell. Many prominent men are mentioned for the positions and great care is manifested in the selecting of men for this high office, a two-thirds vote being necessary for an election.

"Our episcopacy is not diocesan but general. The plan is that a different bishop should hold the conference each year. In this way they soon become acquainted with the work and the ministers of the entire church. A plan is being discussed to increase their numbers and reduce the number of presiding elders."

TO GO ABROAD.

London, April 18.—Among the passengers who will sail on the White Star liner Oceanic, from Liverpool, April 20, for New York, will be M. E. Ingalls of Cincinnati, president of the Big Four railroad.

There are many breakfast foods.

There is one best breakfast food:

"FORCE," the morning meal of more than three millions of energetic, clear-thinking people.

Sunny Jim

It is not the quantity, but the *nutritive quality* of food, and your ability to assimilate it, that counts.

This is where "FORCE" steps in; rich in the vital Nitrogen and Protein of Wheat and Barley, partially digested, so that it is ready to slip into tissue without waste of energy in the usual slow process of digestion.

For Brain and Brawn—serve cold with cream.

We will buy you a bottle of Liquozone, if you are sick—we'll pay your druggist ourselves for it and show you how to get well.

We paid $100,000 for the American rights to Liquozone. And we have spent $500,000 in the past four months to buy a million bottles and give them to a million sick ones. Don't you realize that this product must be of wonderful worth to humanity? Won't you see what it means to you?

Acts Like Oxygen.

Liquozone is not made by compounding drugs, nor is there any alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process which requires immense apparatus and 14 days' time. Each cubic inch of Liquozone represents the virtues of 1250 cubic inches of the gas. The process by which these virtues are concentrated into liquid, stable form, has been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research for more than 20 years.

The result is a product which does what oxygen does. Oxygen is the nerve food, the blood food, the scavenger of the blood. It is the very source of vitality, the most essential element of life. But oxygen is a gas, and unstable; while Liquozone is fixed and concentrated. It gets an excess of oxygen virtues into the blood, to go wherever the blood goes. The result is a vitalizing tonic with which no other known product can compare.

Kills Inside Germs.

But the great value of Liquozone lies in the fact that it kills germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. There is nothing else known which will do that. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. For that reason, medicine is practically helpless in any germ disease.

Liquozone is so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of $1000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and an excess of oxygen—the very life of an animal—is deadly to vegetal matter. Liquozone is certain destruction to germs, yet to the human body it is the most helpful thing in the world. There is no other way to end the cause of any germ disease.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone kills the germs, wherever they are, and the results are inevitable. By destroying the cause of the trouble, it invariably ends the disease, and forever.

Asthma	Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anemia	Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis	La Grippe
Blood Poison	Leucorrhea
Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Constipation	Rheumatism
Catarrh—Cancer	Skin Diseases
Scrofula—Syphilis	Dysentery—Diarrhoea
Stomach Troubles	Dandruff—Dropsy
Throat Troubles	Dyspepsia
Tuberculosis	Eczema—Erysipelas
Tumors—Ulcers	Fevers—Gall Stones
Varicocele	Goitre—Gout
Women's Diseases.	Gonorrhea—Gleet

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisonous blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c. Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on your local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 458-460 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is .....

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

.....

.....

694 Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

TO CIRCLE GLOBE

Son of Ohio Brewer Has Insatiate Desire For Travel.

He Will Be In Duluth Within a Few Days.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 18.—Victor Oberting, the Lawrenceburg brewer, was at the Palace hotel Saturday with his son, Marion S. Oberting.

The presence of the father and son in Cincinnati is the prelude to a peculiar story, the points of which will interest many, because of the out-of-the-ordinary trend.

Marion Oberting is 20 years of age and has a roving disposition, or, at least, has exhibited that tendency up to date, and the father is determined to gorge the son with traveling. As Mr. Oberting's wealth is variously estimated in the hundreds of thousands, he will find little difficulty in doing this.

"I want to introduce to you my traveling son," was the elder brewer's jocular remark when he and his son were seen in the lobby.

"Marion is going around the world as many times as he sees fit. I have allotted him $5 a day for his expenses, and when his funds run low he may walk or stop at a cheap boarding house until at $5 a day he retrenches himself.

MARION S. OBERTING.

I have arranged to send him his money each month so long as he wants to travel and see the world. I think it far better for him to look the globe over from the seat of a Pullman or from the vantage point of a first-class steamer than from the plane of hoboing.

"This boy of mine may need this travel, but if he does or not, he shall have it.

"Marion has attended the common schools of Lawrenceburg, the high school, the Dayton schools, the school at Rensselaer, Ind., Notre Dame university and the Nelson business college in Cincinnati.

"He one time asked my permission to go hoboing. I assented, and he went out on a long route, seeing the interior of the United States from freight cars and other modes of transportation, securing employment here and there, and he came home with good clothes and money in his pocket. I concluded that he was able to take care of himself. This was a great satisfaction to me.

"I have fitted him out, with regard to cost, in all the trappings he will need, from the ball room favorite to a stoker. He carries full-dress suits and overalls, and will don whichever seems to best suit his circumstances, only he must expect but $5 a day from his dad. He can stay on the road ten years in this manner if he sees fit.

"I am fortunate enough to be the largest property holder in Lawrenceburg, and I guess I shall be able to keep the wolf from the door if he roams that long. He starts tomorrow for Chicago, Duluth and the great lake region. He will return from there to this city, and from here go to New York, and will sail early this summer for Germany. He will tour Germany, France, Switzerland and the Mediterranean countries, and then take in South Africa, if he follows the plans he has mapped out. I trust he will get to China and Japan after the war is over, but he will look out for himself as to that. I have warned him to keep out of the Balkans, but his actions will be guided by his own wishes. When I see him to the train this evening I expect to bid him good-by for a long time to come, and when he does return it must be void of his insatiate desire for travel."

WEEPS OVER DEAD HORSE

William Zuck Greatly Moved Over Death of Faithful Animal.

As he saw the horse, which had been his sole support and his companion for many years, dying, William Zuck, a teamster, got down on his knees in the mud, took the faithful animal's head in his lap, and burst into tears.

Zuck was driving north on Second avenue west Saturday evening. As he was crossing Fourth street, his team was struck by a car. One of the horses died almost immediately, and the other was so badly injured that it had to be shot later.

The team was the sole support of the old man and his family, and his grief over the loss was pathetic. He resides at 718 East Fifth street.

The dead horse was allowed to lie on the street until yesterday afternoon, and the members of the congregation of the Sacred Heart cathedral were compelled to pass it in attending the services yesterday. Many were heard to utter complaints against allowing the dead animal to remain in the street for such a length of time.

LEVI O. HUNTLEY DIES.

Wife and Seven Children Survive Him.

Levi O. Huntley, of 424 Ninth avenue west, died last evening at 7 o'clock of Bright's disease, after an illness of five days.

Mr. Huntley was 67 years of age, and had lived in Duluth for the past eleven years. He was a member of the G. A. R.

His wife and seven children survive him. His children are W. W. Huntley, Leon Huntley, Gay C. Huntley and Queenie M. Huntley, of Duluth; Sidney J. Huntley, of Wykoff, Minn.; Mrs. Fred Hall, of Cloquet, and Mrs. Henry Schipper, of Minneapolis.

The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon from the residence at 2 o'clock, and the members of the local posts of the G. A. R. will attend in a body.

WILL CAUSE A FIGHT.

Hearst Men Have Organization In West Virginia.

Charleston, W. Va., April 18.—It is said today that the Hearst men have such an organization in this state as to cause a fight at the Democratic state and district conventions here next Wednesday.

The four delegates and alternates-at-large are to be selected here at the same time as the delegates and alternates from the five congressional districts. The Hearst men expect to get part of the district delegates, but the conservatives, who have Former Senator J. N. Camden, Judge J. H. Holt, the last Democratic candidate for governor; O. S. Kinney and A. S. Wilkinson slated for delegates-at-large, say that the Hearst men will get nothing from the state convention. The five district conventions meet in the forenoon, and the state convention in the afternoo.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

SUBMARINE BOAT RAISED.

Lodon, April 18.—The submarine boat "A 1," which was run down by the steamer Berwick Castle, March 18, near the Nab lightship, resulting in the loss of her crew, numbering eleven officers and men, was raised today.

SHIPBUILDERS STRIKE.

Quincy, Mass., April 18.—Work in the extensive yards of the Fore river ship and engine company here was tied up today by a strike of 2600 men, over a question of hours.

GOOD FOR CHILDREN.

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of Cough, Croup and La Grippe because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take and it good alike for young and old. Sold by all druggists.

NO BETTER OUTLOOK

Late Start For Duluth Mills Is Practical Certainty.

Ice In St. Louis River Is Still Thick and Solid.

The past week has brought about little if any change in the prospect of a late start for the sawmills on the harbor front.

The ice in the St. Louis river is still thick and solid, and some of the sawmill men that examined it Saturday predicted that it might be the first of June before the ice goes out of the river.

The sawmills in West Duluth will have an enforced idleness until they can get their logs out of the water, and the delay is keeping a large number of sawmill workers out of employment.

The St. Louis Lumber company expects to start its mill up by the middle of May. It has enough logs on hand for about a month's run, and its prospects to the present time are said to be for a short season's cut with a single shift.

Only those establishments having hot ponds are able to keep their saws in motion, and some of these are likely to be closed down soon for spring repairs.

One of the local lumber shippers says that the first lumber boat will come up some time about May 22.

No local sales of any importance have been made during the past few days. S. J. Cusson, representative of the Edward Hines Lumber company, says that the concern has sold about 16,000,000 feet in the past week, to go East after the opening of navigation, and that its total advanced sales for movement after the boats begin to run is about 60,000,000 feet.

The range mills are quite active this spring. The Ash mill at Virginia is said to have turned out over 6,000,000 feet of lumber, 2,500,000 lath and 900,000 shingles during the month of March. It is claimed that the mill's April output will be even larger.

The Virginia Lumber company is having done the preliminary work toward putting in a large planing mill near the Ash sawmill. The plant will cost in the neighborhood of $30,000 and will employ about 100 men.

The Brooks-Scanlon mill at Scanlon is running day and night to fill Eastern orders, and the lumber will be shipped as soon as the lake opens. The company has stock piles of about 40,000,000 feet of lumber and is manufacturing on an average of 12,000,000 feet per month. It has just closed the longest logging season in its history.

The Scott-Graff mill here in Duluth saws about 40,000,000 feet per year for the Brooks-Scanlon company, and has about 20,000,000 feet in pile now awaiting the boat movement. A large part of this stock is already sold in the East.

TO VISIT EMPEROR.

London, April 18.—The Prince and Princess of Wales, with their suites, started today for Vienna, where they will visit the emperor. Francis Joseph.

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 75c boxes contain 100 Pills, 50c boxes contain 40 Pills, 25c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN G. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

S. P. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 W. Superior Street. Duluth, Minn.

COMMANDER

Flour Makes the Best Bread.

This is not mere talk, it is a provable claim. A bag of Commander Flour will convince every one in your household, including the cook, that Commander is the brand of flour to continue buying. Made by

GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth, Minn.

Isn't It Worth While ASKING FOR "SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea when it costs no more than the commonplace Japan and is infinitely superior, being absolutely pure and as delicious as the famous "Salada" black tea.

Sold only in sealed lead packets. 50c, 60c and 70c per lb. By all Grocers.

TRY A TEN-CENT SAMPLE PACKET.

Trade Supplied By GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO.

HOSPITAL BURNS

Serious Conflagration at St. Vincents at Indianapolis, Ind.

Several Patients Are In a Very Dangerous Condition.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 18.—While the city fire department, reinforced by companies from the suburbs, was being taxed to its utmost fighting the Occidental hotel fire yesterday morning, an alarm was turned in from St. Vincent's hospital. When the first fire company arrived one life had been lost and several persons had been seriously injured in the panic that followed.

The dead:

HARRIET LEAHY, jumped from the fourth floor and instantly killed.

The injured: Miss Kate Beach, believed to be fatally injured by falling from third floor while trying to escape by means of a rope, made of bed clothing; Sisted Superior Stella, seriously injured by shock, following a surgical operation; Sister Nordica, seriously injured by shock; William Schneider, a patient, who, at the time of the fire was undergoing an operation; Henry Nichols, Connorsville, just operated upon for appendicitis, ran down stairs. Several other nurses and attendants were more or less bruised in their endeavor to escape from what they thought was instant death.

For a time it seemed that the flames which started among a pile of rags under the east stairway, would find their way to the upper floors, resulting in a frightful holocaust.

Every window on the third and fourth floors were crowded with panic-stricken men and women screaming for help to those on the street below, who were for more than twenty minutes prevented entering the building by the dense smoke.

The panic that raged on the third and fourth floors continued until long after the fire had been quenched. Patients who had just undergone surgical operations, rushed from their beds to the windows and attempted to throw themselves to the ground.

Harriet Leahy, an old employe of the hospital, leaped from a window on the fourth floor, and when picked up was dead.

In the rear men and women were making ropes of bedclothing, by which they escaped to the ground below. Katherine Beach, less fortunate than the rest, lost her hold and fell from the third floor and is now in a critical condition from internal injuries sustained.

As an unusual number of surgical operations were performed in the hospital in Saturday, many of the patients, carried from their beds by the rescuers, are in a critical condition, and the physicians in charge fear that many fatalities may result. The patients were carried to the male ward, which is on the first floor, and was not seriously affected by the panic which raged in the upper floors. Improvised cots and mattresses wer brought into use and a general call for medical assistance sent for throughout the city. Within a short time about 100 physicians arrived and the patients were cared for. Henry Nichols, who underwent an operation for appendicitis a few hours before the outbreak of the fire, jumped from his bed and ran down four flights of stairs into the street. His condition is critical.

James Dawson, an emaciated patient, worked heroically among the panic-stricken men and women in the third floor. One after another, he pulled away from the windows, those who were preparing to jump to the street below and piloted them through the smoke to places of safety on the first floor. After saving twenty-seven nurses and patients from possible injury in this manner, he lost consciousness and was carried into the male ward, where medical attention was given him. For a time it was thought he could not undergo the terrible strain to which he had been subjected. Owing to the fireproof construction, the actual loss to the building will not exceed $1000. The greatest fears were entertained that many would be killed by jumping from the windows or trampling upon the cripples, who were utterly helpless.

That there was not a greater loss of life was due to the prompt and effective action of the firemen and attendants.

Dr. Reinhart, Dentist

wishes to announce that he will occupy rooms 2, 3 and 8, Banning Block, corner Second avenue W. and Superior St., after May first.

SKIN FROM MOTHER

Was Grafted Into That of Her Son.

Evansville, Ind., April 18.—In order to save the life of her fourteen-year-old son Mrs. Robert Gunton, a prominent society woman, underwent a skin-grafting operation at a local hospital. About five weeks ago the boy, with several companions, was preparing for a dance at a club of high school boys. He was painting the floor with a preparation of turpentine and paraffin, which ignited. The clothing was burned from his body. He was badly blistered from the shoulders down.

When it became evident that the wounds would not heal, Mrs. Gunton suggested a skin-grafting operation, and said she would make the sacrifice. Skin was grafted onto the rear portion of the boy's body and lower limbs with epidermis taken from the body of Mrs. Gunton, who stood the ordeal well. She will recover from the operation, while the boy is still in a serious condition.

The boy's father, Robert Gunton, is manager of the Standard Oil company here, and prominent in Democratic politics.

POETS FALL OUT.

Fanny Crosby Preparing to Sue Will Carleton.

New York, April 18.—Poets have their woes just like ordinary people. The case of Will Carleton, the famous Western poet, author of "Over the Hills to the Poorhouse," "Farm Ballads" and other notable poems, and Fanny Crosby, the blind poet and hymn writer, who wrote the words of the world-famous song, "Saved by Grace," and some 5000 other hymns, many of which were given fame by Moody and Sankey, shows that poets are but human after all.

The poets have been warm friends. They are so no longer, for Miss Crosby has instructed her attorneys to bring suit for an accounting for the sales of the book, "Fanny Crosby; her Life Work," compiled by Poet Carleton, and on which Poetess Crosby was to receive a royalty of 10 cents a copy. Though she alleges thousands of copies were sold she has received but $100. Miss Crosby also complained that Mr. Carleton showed entirely too much imagination in advertising the book, claiming that she was living alone in dire poverty, while as a matter of fact she is living with relatives and has a comfortable income.

In a statement Poet Carleton explains the circumstances leading to the publication of the book, and claiming that she has received a royalty from the very first copy of the book sold.

CRIMSON GARTER

Caused a Wild Stampede of Harvard Students.

New York, April 18.—A dispatch from Cambridge, Mass., to the Herald says:

"A crimson garter, thrown from the gallery of Memorial hall by a pretty society girl of Cambridge at the dinner hour, caused an uproar among a thousand Harvard undergraduates. The gallery was recently reopened to visitors after several months of 'closed during meal hours' as a result of occurrences which did not meet with the approval of the faculty.

"The young woman, unattended, appeared at the railing of the gallery, on which she placed her foot. There was a fluttering of skirts, and then the garter fell among the students. They cheered, rattled dishes and yelled, but before 100 of them who rushed upstairs could reach the gallery the young woman had disappeared."

Minnesota's Most Prominent Specialist.

DR. REA

Visiting professionally Duluth for many years.

Next visit at Spalding Hotel Saturday, April 23rd from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

One day only—returning every four weeks.

DR. REA has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting disease in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphillis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the nineteenth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. REA & CO.,

Minneapolis, Minn. Louisville, Ky.

POLITICAL GOSSIP

Frank Wilson Likely to Become a Candidate For Congress.

Collins Men Are Urging Him to Make the Race.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

St. Paul, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The general sentiment among the supporters of Judge Loren W. Collins is that Frank Wilson, of Red Wing, will announce in a few days that he is a candidate for the Republican congressional nomination in the Third district against Congressman C. R. Davis, of St. Peter.

A state official who is interested in the candidacy of Judge Collins and who is a close friend of Mr. Wilson, said yesterday:

"I am satisfied that Frank Wilson will run for congress against Congressman Davis, and I believe that he will make an announcement inside of three weeks at the most."

Although Mr. Wilson is taking no part in the governorship contest, many of his close friends are Collins men, and for many years his political affiliations have been opposed to Joel E. Heatwole, of Northfield, one of Robert C. Dunn's leading campaign managers. With the Collins supporters who believe that Wilson will enter the congressional contest, the wish may be father to the thought, or, being close friends of Mr. Wilson, they may speak with authority.

The Collins supporters in the Third district are anxious to see a strong man go after the seat of Congressman Davis, believing that the defeat of the present congressman will mean the downfall of Heatwole in the Third district. They opposed, tooth and nail, the attempt of some of Mr. Wilson's friends to get him to run for attorney general against former Senator E. T. Young, of Appleton, and W. J. Donahower, of St. Paul, believing that this was merely a scheme of the Dunn men to turn his head away from the congressional contest. Mr. Wilson took their advice not to run for attorney general, and since then the Collins men have solicited him to get in the congressional race.

* * *

Supporters of Judge Alton B. Parker in Hennepin county plan to begin an active campaign this week. A meeting of representative Democrats of Minneapolis will be held the middle of the week for the purpose of outlining a plan of campaign. Elijah Barton, a Minneapolis attorney, will be in charge of the campaign, and he will be assisted by A. T. Ankeny, George Porter, C. A. Quist, Harry Erwin, F. G. Winston, Michael Breslauer, Joseph Kilehli and others.

The conservative Democrats of Hennepin county are not alarmed by the Hearst campaign, which started several weeks ago and which is now managed from headquarters in the Kasota block. The ammunition of the Hearst men so far is principally the claim that Judge Parker, being endorsed by former President Cleveland, is the candidate of the so-called reorganizers. This claim is being met by the Parker men by the statement that Parker's main strength in the Middle and Western states lies in Democrats who voted for Bryan in the last two campaigns.

Friends of Congressman John Lind say that he will not return to St. Paul until after the session of congress, which will close the latter part of April or the first of May. They say that the congressman is not alarmed by the threats of the Hearst men that if he doesn't quit "rooting" for Parker they will not support him for re-election.

* * *

H. L. Buck of Winona, chairman of the Democratic state central committee, has issued the formal call for the state convention which will be held in Duluth, June 22, for the purpose of electing delegates to the national convention at St. Louis. The county conventions will be held June 11. There will be 989 delegates at the convention from the following districts: First, 110; Second, 107; Third, 115; Fourth, 96; Fifth, 102; Sixth, 137; Seventh, 116; Eighth, 92; Ninth, 114.

* * *

Senator Henry Morgan of Albert Lea who was in St. Paul yesterday, said that the Republicans of Freeborn county will send a delegation to the state convention for Justice John A. Lovely of Albert Lea and that the delegation will probably not be instructed on the governorship.

"The First congressional district will stand by the present justices of the supreme court," said Senator Morgan. "We are naturally more interested in the candidacy of Justice Lovely than in the guebernatorial campaign. W. B. Douglas and Justices Lewis and Brown have many friends down our way."

* * *

Representative T. T. Ofsthun of Glenwood, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Ofsthun says that the Republicans of the Seventh congressional will stand by Former Senator E. T. Young of Appleton for the nomination for attorney general against W. J. Donahower. Mr. Ofsthun lives in Pope county, the home of Frank M. Eddy, but he is not taking an active interest in the governorship. His sympathies are said to be with Judge Loren W. Collins of St. Cloud.

* * *

The hunt for congressional candidates in the Fifth district by the Republicans who do not favor Loren Fletcher, has resulted in several accessions to the list of possible candidates. John Day Smith, who was a Bryan supporter in the last two campaigns, announces that he has returned to the Republican fold, and his friends say that he will accept the congressional nomination, if it be tendered to him. W. T. Coe, a prominent attorney of Minneapolis, is also a prospective candidate.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

For

Appetite, Health and Vigor—

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S
Malt-Nutrine
A NON INTOXICANT SPARKLING
A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED LIQUID EXTRACT OF MALT AND HOPS
DOSE: WINEGLASSFUL BEFORE OR AFTER MEALS
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Anheuser Busch ST. LOUIS
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ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S *Malt-Nutrine* TRADE MARK.

The Only True Malt Tonic

It is invaluable to nursing mothers, feeble children, the aged, infirm and convalescent.

Malt-Nutrine is not an alcoholic beverage, but a predigested food in liquid form, easily assimilated by the weakest stomach.

Its merits are *in the contents* of the bottle and not *on the label,* as is the case of many so-called malt extracts.

Malt-Nutrine is sold by all druggists and grocers. Served at all health resorts and summering places.

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A cordial invitation is extended to all visiting St. Louis and the Louisiana Purchase Exposition to inspect the Anheuser-Busch Brewery, where competent guides, speaking all modern languages, will be at their service.

WILL FIGHT CONDEMNATION

Weyerhaeusers Will Oppose Plans of Brooks-Scanlon People.

The Weyerhaeuser interests and other lumber companies at Cloquet will fight in the courts the application of the North Wisconsin railroad, owned by the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, to have condemned certain lands, rights and interests near Cloquet.

The opposition will be made on the ground that such condemnation along the Cloquet river will seriously injure the work of log-driving and will injure fully $100,000 worth of improvements put in by the lumber companies.

Responses to the suit have been filed by the St. Louis River Dam and Improvement company, the Cloquet Lumber company, the Northern Lumber company and the Johnson-Wentworth Lumber company.

The respondent Lumber concerns claim that if the application is granted the Cloquet river will become practically useless, that there is no other way to transport logs from the upper waters of the Cloquet to the mills, and that the transportation of logs by railroad will be too expensive.

The companies claim that they have spent a large sum of money in building mills at Cloquet, that they own lands tributary to the river whose value depends on the log shipments by water to the mills.

The sawmill concerns interested allege that they have closed contracts with the St. Louis River Dam and Improvement company for the season of 1904, and for the railroad company to secure its logs it would be necessary for it to form a boom across the river at the upper end, thus causing a jam of the logs belonging to the respondent companies.

It is understood that the Cloquet lumber concerns intend to fight the condemnation proceedings to the end, even if it is necessary to carry the matter to a higher court.

MUST LEAVE THE BETHEL

Board Asks Rev. W. E. Spoonts to Retire May 1.

At a meeting of the executive board of the Bethel Saturday all question of the retention of Rev. W. E. Spoonts as chaplain and director of the religious work at the Bethel the coming year was at an end. It was decided that it were best for all concerned that Mr. Spoonts give up his work here.

Those present at the meeting were President H. H. Hanford, L. Mendenhall, Watson S. Moore and L. A. Marvin.

An invitation to attend the meeting was extended to Rev. Mr. Spoonts, and he explained to the board the differences between himself and President Hanford, after which there was a general discussion.

The conclusion reached was that it was either a question of Mr. Spoonts resigning or that President Hanford should do so, and it was decided that in the interest of harmony in the Bethel work the president should be retained.

Mr. Spoonts was advised that it would be best for him to step down and out at the close of his work this month.

The board offered to draw up resolutions commending Mr. Spoonts for the splendid work he has performed during his residence in Duluth, but he refused, it is said, to accept the commendation offered under such circumstances.

FIRE AT TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, Minn., April 18.—Fire destroyed three buildings on Saturday—the Stockholm hotel, owned by C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth, and occupied by the Central restaurant and lodging house and Halverson's barber shop; the Charles Falk building, occupied by Diggerstadt & Hallstrom's confectionery and billiard hall, and Lee & Co.'s hardware store. The losses, which are mostly covered by insurance, are: Stockholm hotel and contents, $10,000; Falk building and contents, $1200; Lee's hardware store and contents, $8000; total, $19,200.

Cluett

THE MARK OF THE BEST

SHIRT

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.

MAKERS OF

CLUETT AND ARROW COLLARS

CANNOT LAST MUCH LONGER

Dissipation Brings Consumption to Lizzie Buckley—County Charge.

Lizzie Buckley, who has again been returned to the Red Cross hospital by the county authorities, will be removed to the poor farm as soon as she is in condition to go. The disposition of her case is something that is puzzling the county poor commissioners. The woman has a strong craving for intoxicants and has ben put in jail times almost unnumerable for being drunk. As soon as she was released from serving one 30 to 60 day term she imediately proceeded to get drunk again. Some time ago she was sent out to the poor farm and after staying there a few weeks, she left and walked into the city where she proceeded to get intoxicated again.

Efforts were made by the county authorities to have her restrained in the state asylum at Fergus Falls, but that institution only kept her a short time, claiming that she was not insane. Her protracted drinking, together with exposure is said to have brought on consumption and she was put in the Red Cross hospital, from which she escaped and was at liberty several days before the police could locate her. When found she had been on another spree.

Efforts have been made by local philanthropic persons to interest themselves in Lizzie Buckleys' case and to reform her, but she has been given up as a hopeless case. So undermined has her constitution become because of her habits that it is a question whether she will live much longer.

FOR PERSONAL INJURIES

Two Suits For Damages Begun Against Corporations.

Claiming to have received injuries about the head, shoulders and leg that will incapacitate him from work for a long time to come, by reason of a street car accident, George M. Davis has instituted suit in district court against the Duluth-Superior Traction company, to recover damages in the amount of $5309.

In his complaint Davis alleges that while crossing Superior street at Thirteenth avenue West, Nov. 25 last, he was run down by a street car. He claims that the motorman gave no signal as the car approached the crossing. Of the total amount sued for $5309 represents the amount that Davis claims to have lost in wages by reason of his inability to work.

Edward E. Blair, formerly employed at the Allouez coal docks in Superior has sued the Youghiogheny & Lehigh Coal company for damages in the amount of $1998, for injuries claimed to have been received by reason of a coal bucket striking him on the side of his head.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN.

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by all druggists.

ONE DEAD, ANOTHER DYING.

Result of a Battle Between Two Italians.

Greensboro, Pa., April 18.—As the result of a furious hand-to-hand fight in a little boarding house on the outskirts of Mount Pleasant, John Deluffi was shot to death yesterday by Aojanio Calitri. Calitri is dying from a dozen knife thrusts about the head and shoulder. Deluffi's alleged infatuation for the wife of Calitri's brother is assigned as the cause of the crime. Raphael Calitri is the keeper of a boarding house and Deluffi was one of his boarders. The latter frequently boasted of his relations with the woman, and her husband finally determined to compel him to leave the house. Deluffi left as bidden. He returned yesterday and took possession of his old room, threatening anyone who attempted to eject him. In the absence of his brother, Aojanio went to put Deluffi out. Unarmed, he went to the room. According to the testimony of the dying man to the coroner, Deluffi shot at thim as he came in the room. He said he grappled with Deluffi and had succeeded in taking the revolver from him. Deluffi drew a sheath knife ground down until it resembled a stiletto, and stabbed him. Galitri then shot Deluffi with the remaining five bullets in the weapon. Deluffi's knife thrusts, he said, only stopped when he had fallen dead.

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Better than honey for less money. Nutritious as well as delicious. At grocers, 10c, 25c, and 50c tins.

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is a good 5 cent cigar
If there was a better one
Cremo would not be
the largest seller in
the world

COCKRAN'S EYE

On Senatorship or Some Other Good Political Plum.

Has Lost None of His Silver-Tongued Eloquence.

Washington, April 18.—The positive genius that it takes to assume the center of the stage in the great national comedy and continuous performance of up-to-date politics on Capitol Hill is well illustrated in the case of Bourke Cockran, who, after a period of silence and contemplation, has succeeded in getting himself almost as much talked about as the president of the United States, Judge Parker, the Russian ambassador or the Japanese minister.

Bourke Cockran, who has always possessed the talent of reclame to an unusual degree, had evidently adroitly prepared the congressional coup du theater which on a spectacular Saturday kept all save a very small group away from the counter attraction of the Southern steeplechase at Bennings and kept them interested in the scathing, however superficial, arraignment of the house.

There are all of the tricks known to the oratorical trade in Bourke Cockran's repertoire, and he knows how to pounce upon the psychological moment, and, even under the disadvantages of belonging to the opposition, wake the world up to the fact of a live and kicking Democracy.

When some weeks ago this persuasive flashlike orator returned to Washington officially, after a protracted absence, and assumed the seat vacated by the actual mayor of New York, his critical opponents estimated him as somewhat out of the running and, however important socially, to be likely to "cut little ice" in politics pro tem.

Bourke Cockran is, however, not one of those great comedians satisfied to assume a minor role even temporarily for the sake of the ensemble, and after a brief appearance, a week's absence in Canada as a lecturer and a return to Washington, he developed his plan of forging to the front. The world was not allowed to be taken by surprise. It was known in advance that he would speak on a certain day, and speak he did, with the result of making both his associates and the spectators in the galleries "sit up."

Bourke Cockran has lost none of his silver tongued eloquence, now cajoling, now biting, and has gained in the gift of generalization. The charm of his manner usually atones for some discrepancies in matter. His personal magnetism is such that even those who do not feel inclined to agree with everything he says soon fall under the spell.

"Brains" are so conspicuous that the bigness of the head compared to the body seems a matter of course. Half giant, half pigmy, the ox-eyed Irish-American presents the aspect of a great head on sufficiently broad shoulders, but only a medium-statured frame. His silhouettes suggests some cherished miniature of a clean-shaven, prominent nosed ancester.

When he comes and goes he plants a silk hat firmly on this bulging cranium and looks as much the man of fashion as a modish member of the house of commons.

Although Bourke Cockran owns a Washington house in the great and growing thoroughfare of Sixteenth street, it is not yet in commission, whatever may be the case next season, and he is temporarily occupying an apartment in the big private hotel known as Stoneleigh court, where he is a tenant of the secretary of state.

He is as much of a lion among ladies in Washington as in New York, and his dinner invitations are fully as numerous as his political correspondence. It was not to "look at his nose," contemplate his finger nails, read the Congressional Record and listen to other members' speeches that Bourke Cockran returned to Washington in a political capacity.

He is on deck as an active Democrat to riddle the administration with oratorical shot and shell, and pave the way for a close contest between our Theodore and the Democratic nominee.

Nor will Bourke Cockran's ambition pause within the house of representatives, he is going in for the big game of a senatorship, a place in a future Democratic cabinet or an ambassadorship abroad.

He usually gets what he sets out for in this world, and those who read between the lines understand all the scope of the gifted Irish-American's ambition. From this time on the successor of the usually silent son of "Little Mac" is felt to be a man to count with, between April and the political cherries-are-ripe time. His sleeve is capacious and there is something up it.

CONSUMED BY A FIRE THAT WATER WILL NOT QUENCH

Eczema drives its victim almost to the verge of distraction by its intolerable itching, stinging and burning. It seems to set the skin on fire, and the tormented sufferer rubs and scratches till the flesh is raw and the skin is torn and bleeds. Nothing applied externally does much good, for the disease is internal; the blood is aflame with acid poisons, that are forcing their way through the glands and pores of the skin, causing it to redden and swell and break out in splotches, pustules and pimples, from which a clear, yellow, watery matter exudes, hardens and dries, and then peels off in scales or fine particles like bran. Eczema kindles a fire that water will not quench, and that lotions, salves, powders and soap cannot smother. As warm weather comes on and the system is reacting and the blood making extra efforts to throw off the accumulated poisons, Eczema attacks with redoubled violence, and the sufferer is almost distracted by the fearful itching and burning. It is the most uncomfortable and aggravating of all skin eruptions and a terror in warm weather.

Local remedies give temporary ease, but as Eczema is not due to outside causes, but to a disordered condition of the system and an over-acid and impure blood, the treatment must be constitutional, or internal. Purify the blood and the skin disease will disappear. No better blood remedy can be found than S. S. S. It builds up the sour and acid blood, rids it of all impurities and poison, stimulates the sluggish organs, and invigorates and tones up the entire system; and as all skin eruptions like Eczema are only symptoms or signs of bad blood, they naturally disappear when that vital fluid is again restored to health.

SSS

S. S. S. is guaranteed strictly vegetable. It is not only a blood purifier, but a splendid tonic and appetizer, making it an ideal spring medicine. Treat Eczema through the blood, or you will never get permanently rid of it. Write for our book on the Skin and its Diseases, which is mailed free Medical advice furnished without cost to you.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ECZEMA KEPT SPREADING.

Six years ago my wife had a breaking-out below her knees. At first red bumps appeared, but soon white, husky scabs came, and when these would shed off the place became red again, and would itch and burn so that she found it impossible to sleep. At times a yellow water ran from the bumps, and it kept getting worse and worse. Our family physician pronounced it Eczema, and prescribed ointments and powders; but it kept spreading, breaking out on her body and arms, and almost closed up her ears. The disease got Garner told me to try S. S. S., which she did, and after taking several bottles was cured, and is well to-day and has been for years.

Garner, N. C. W. A. HOCUTT.

RUSSIAN LINES

Railway and Commercial Systems In Russian Empire.

Franchises Are Now Eagerly Contested By Other Corporations.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The total distance from St. Petersburg to Port Arthur by the Russian Trans-Siberian railway and the Russian lines in Manchuria is 5913 miles, or practically twice the distance from New York to San Francisco. This is one of the numerous interesting facts about Russia and her railway and commercial systems presented in a monograph just issued by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics, entitled "Commercial Russia in 1904." The publication, which occupies more than 100 large pages, discusses in detail present commercial and financial conditions in Russia and other subjects closely allied therewith. Area, population, railways, water transportation, methods of communication, agriculture, manufactures, commerce, and many other subjects of this character are among those discussed. Agricultural conditions, and especially Russia as a rival of the United States in wheat production; mining conditions, and especially Russia as a rival of the United States in mineral oil production; manufacturing conditions, and Russia as a possible competitor of the United States in the markets of the Orient for manufactures, are discussed in detail.

Regarding the railways, which are a subject of especial interest at the present time, in view of present conditions in Russia and the Orient, the report says:

The importance of railways as means of communication is now greater than that of the rivers and other water routes, as is shown by accompanying tables. The building of the trunk lines, with the exception of the St. Petersburg-Warsaw-Vienna, built during the years 1845-1848 and 1853-1862 respectively, and the St. Petersburg-Moscow (Nicholas line), constructed between 1843 and 1851, dates back to the decade between 1860 and 1870. These years witnessed the construction of the entire group of railways, with Moscow as their common starting point, viz.: Moscow-Nijni-Novorod (1861-62), Moscow-Voronezh (1862-1868), Moscow-Volodga (1862-1872), Moscow-Kharkov (1866-1869), with its branch to Kief (1868-1870), and Moscow-Warsaw (1866-1871). Next in point of time comes the construction of roads connecting the black-soil region with its natural outlets, the ports of the Baltic and Black seas: Riga-Tsaritsyn (1861-1871), Kief-Konigsberg (1870-1873), Libau-Rannny (1871-1874), and Samara-Viasma (1866-1871), all of which lead to the Baltic. Simultaneously lines were built connecting each one of the more important Southern seaports with the agricultural provinces. Chief among them are: The Odessa line, with its branch to Yelisvetgrad (1867-69), and its Bessarabian branch (1871-1874), Kharkov-Nikolaiev (1869-1873), Kharkov-Taganrog (1869), Voronezh-Rostov (1861-1876), and, finally, Kharkov-Sevastopol (1869-1875).

The Russo-Turkish war in 1878-79 caused an almost entire suspension of railway building. It was only during the decade beginning with 1880 that activity in this field was again resumed, but the character and method of construction of the newly-built roads changed abruptly. In place of the former trunk lines, connecting either the black-soil area with the seaboards of the Baltic, Azov and Black seas, or with the central industrial region around Moscow, these years witnessed the construction of great strategetic railroads, such as the trans-Caspian, the Polessie system, besides roads primarily destined for the service of relatively though important industrial regions (Catherine line, Ivangorod-Dombrovo). Moreover, the system of granting franchises (concessions) was superseded by the building and working of roads directly by and on account of the state. At the same time the redemption by the government of great railway systems was going on, so that for some time it seemed as if all private roads were going to be acquired by the state. Although of late greater latitude has been given to private initiative, by far the greater part of Russian railways is in the hands of the government. Out of 36,673 miles under the control of the ministry of communication on Jan. 1, 1904, 24,436 are worked by the state, and 12,237 miles only by private companies.

The adverse years, 1891 and 1892, gave a new impetus to railway. "In order to give employment to the starving peasantry," the governmen undertook and encouraged the construction of new roads. A new era of railway building began with these years, which, in its vigor, soon surpassed anything seen not only in Russia itself, but anywhere else in Europe. Thus, while during the above years the number of versts opened for traffic was but 123 and 419 respectively, the succeeding years marked the beginning of an exceedingly energetic expansion of the railway system, whose termination does not seem to be at hand even in the near future. According to official figures there were opened for traffic during the year:

Year.	Miles.
1893	1043
1894	1147
1895	1277
1896	1953
1897	1190
1898	1897
1899	3297
1900	1647
1901	2235

These figures include roads built not only by the state, which has its hands full with the construction of the grand trans-Siberian railway, but also by corporations whose activity now almost surpasses that of the early years of the decade beginning with 1870, the first period of great railway construction, when the building of roads, for some time at least, became the monouoly of a few private companies. At present franchises are eagerly contested by competing corporations, a fact unheard of until recently in Russia, where the state, not so very long ago, had yet to guarantee the interest on the stock and bonds of the chief railroad corporations. The industries of finance and transportation have, during the latest years, been literally swamped with petitions coming not only from railroad and construction companies, but also from representatives of "local interests," as mining, manufacturing and agricultural groups. The length of Russian railways in Europe alone has thus considerably increased during the last ten years, and surpasses now that of France and Great Britain, respectively, being inferior only to that of Germany.

Simultaneously with the redemption of the greater part of Russian railways the government undertook the difficult task of regulating the railway tariffs for both passenger and goods. The principles adopted were those of the "zone" tariff, and the results of the innovation have been very encouraging, for both passenger and freight traffic have increased considerably since the introduction of the new tariffs.

The present state of the Russian railways, according to the recently published returns of the ministry of comunications, is stated as follows: At the beginning of 1902 the total length of all Russian railways (exclusive of railways in Finland) was 35,187 miles, of which 28,982 miles were in European Russia, 5138 represented the length of railways in Asia (exclusive of the Manchurian railway, and 1067 were secondary railways of local character. Of this total of over 35,187 miles 23,557 miles, or over 67 per cent were owned and operated by the government. The value of this system, exclusive of the local secondary roads, is given as 5,149,399,000 rubles, or about 99,000 rubles, per verst. Of this grand total expended in the construction of railways the government's share is 4,914,805,000 rubles, or about 95 per cent. This amount includes the value of all coporate securities, both stocks and bonds, the income from which was guaranteed by the government, those of the bonds amounting to 2,920,428,600 rubles, which are held by the treasury, and the total amount of subsidies granted for the construction of railways.

For Jan. 1, 1904, the length of the entire Russian railway system, exclusive of 1944 miles of railroads in Finland, and 1555 miles of the Eastern Chinese road, is officially stated as 36,673 miles. Of this total 31,493 miles were in Europe and 5180 miles in Asia. Of the European railways the government operates 19,256 miles, while 10,964 miles of railways of general interest and 1312 miles of railways of local interest were operated by private corporations. The total length of double-track roads was 6830 miles. The length of miles opened for operation during the year 1903 was 446 miles. The total number of miles under construction was 3931.

For the five years 1897-1901 the net earnings per mile of the American railways and railways in European Russia compare as follows:

Year—	American railways.	Russian railways in Europe.
1897	$2,016	$1,789
1898	2,325	1,778
1899	2,455	1,705
1900	2,262	1,664
1901	2,354	1,493
Average	$2,378	$1,686

It is seen that the net average per mile of earnings of the American railways for the period in question are over 40 per cent higher than those of the Russian railways. Still more unfavorable comparisons might be drawn if the financial accounts of the Russian railways were set side by side with the same accounts of European railways having a much larger density of traffic than the United States railways.

THE ROBES OF THEIR RECTOR

Donned By Guild Girls For Cake Walk In Church.

Muncie, Ind., April 18.—Did the girls of St. Margaret's guild, Grace Episcopa church, dress in the robes of Rev. Dr. W. K. Berry, D.D., the rector, and hold a cake walk in the sacred aisles of the sanctuary at an untimely hour of night?

The rector says they did. The girls say they didn't. Anyhow, the rector has demanded that the guild disband. Miss May Davis, a social favorite in Muncie, president of the guild, and also secretary and treasurer of the Grace Episcopal Sunday school, has tendered her resignation of these positions. The remaining twenty-three girls of the guild are very indignant, and say they will leave the chuch if their parents will let them.

Dr. Berry forbade the holding of the social because he says the girls had got into mischief on a former occasion. The girls held it anyway. Now Dr. Berry says that they broke into his private room, donned his vestments, pounded the piano and indulged in a cake walk. The girls assert that the choir boys played the pranks after they had left the church. The rector stoutly defends the choir boys.

"I love my church," said Miss Davis, with tears in her pretty brown eyes, "and I love to work for it, but I refuse to have anything more to do with it when I am thus criticised, and unjustly so. I won't go to the church any more."

Miss Davis organized the guild eighteen months ago, and has been active in its work. The society is comprised of many of the leading young ladies of the city.

ADMIRAL MAKAROFF

Predicted His Death When In This Country.

Muskegon, Mich., April 18.—While in this city in 1896 inspecting ice crushers running into this port, Admiral Makaroff predicted his own end. In the presence of a number of witnesses, while looking at the grinding ice in the channel, he said:

"I have always had a presentiment that I would die on my ship by its sinking. I have laughed at the superstition, but cannot shake off the feeling."

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UNION ABSTRACT CO., Lonsdale bldg.

Architect.
HILL & BRAY, Palladio bldg.

Banks.
FIRST NATIONAL, Superior and Third.
AMERICAN EXCHANGE, Exchange bldg.
CITY NATIONAL BANK, 306 W. Sup. St. Superior.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Superior.

Banks for Savings.
DULUTH SAVINGS BANK, 216 W. Sup.

Dentist.
F. H. BURNETT, 303 W. Superior.

Fire and Liability Insurance.
DAVIDSON, McRAE & CO., Exchange.

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MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Thos. J. Monahan, Mgr.

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DERRIG & GUNNISS, 401 Torrey bldg.

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Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
E. D. FIELD CO., Exchange bldg.
M. F. BATES, Exchange bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
O. H. CLARKE, Trust Co. bldg.
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W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.

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WHOLESALE.

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GRAY BROTHERS, 12 E. Superior.

Barber Supplies and Grinding.
F. L. STODDARD, 107 Lake Ave.

Boiler and Marine Works.
GOGEBIC BOILER WORKS, 409 Lake.

Breweries.
A. FITGER & CO., E. Superior.
DULUTH BREWING CO., Phone 240.

Brownstone Dealers.
WM. PENN & CO., West Superior, Wis.

Building Supplies—Glass, Cement Sidewalks.
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H. J. KOLLING & CO., 130 W. Michigan.
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Cement, Lime and Salt.
D. G. CUTLER CO., Providence bldg.

Coal, Wood, Hay and Grain.
EKLUND & OLIN, 430 Fifty-fifth Ave. W.

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THE VICTOR CO., 202 W. Michigan.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 E. First.
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L. W. LEITHHEAD & CO., 225 S. Fifth.

Dry Goods.
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Dry Dock and Ship Builders.
SUPERIOR SHIPBUILDING CO., West Superior, Wis.

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J. H. McLAUGHLIN & CO., 106 W. Mich.

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DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd. Trade.
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H. F. DAVIS & CO., 24-32 E. Michigan.
NILSON & PETERSON, 120 20th Ave. W.
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RANDALL, GEE & MITCHELL, Bd. Trd.
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THE JOHN MILLER CO., Board Trade.
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COE COMMISSION CO., 220 W. Superior.

Grain, Hay, Seed, Stock Food.
C. S. PROSSER & CO., E. Michigan.

Grain and Mill Stuffs Commission.
J. S. RICH, Board of Trade.

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DULUTH WHOLESALE SUPPLY CO., 102 W. Michigan.
GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO., S. 5th.

Hamm Beer and Liquors.
NORTH STAR LIQUOR CO., 603 W. Mich.

Hats, Caps, Gloves, Furs.
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KELLY-HOW-THOMSON CO., S. 5th Av.
MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Lake Ave. South.

Harness and Saddlery.
SCHULZE BROS. CO., 304 W. Michigan.

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L. HAMMEL CO., 300 E. First.

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HOTEL METROPOLE, 101-103 Lake Ave.
THE NICOLLET HOTEL, 513 W. Sup.

Ice Dealers.
EAST END ICE CO., 21st Ave. and lake.

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DULUTH IRON & M. CO., 200 E. Mich.

Iron, Semi-Steel and Brass Castings and Machinery.
SUPERIOR IRON WORKS, Superior, Wis.

Knitting Mills.
NELSON BROS., 2101 W. Superior.

Laundries.
DULUTH STEAM LAUNDRY, 57th A. W.
LUTES' STEAM LAUNDRY, 508 E. 2nd.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY, 522 W. Superior.
TROY STEAM LAUNDRY, 22 E. Superior.
YALE LAUNDRY, 30-32 E. First.

Leather and Shoe Findings.
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DUL. LITHOGRAPH & PRINTING CO.

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OUELLETTE & BAXTER CO., Garfield.

Men's Furnishing Goodss, Etc.
CHRISTENSEN, MENDENHALL & GRAHAM, 222 W. Superior.

Millinery and Silks.
LA FERTE, 17 W. Superior.

Milk, Cream and Butter.
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, 16 W. First.

Office and Store Fixtures.
ANDERSON & GOW, 123 Third Ave. W.

Oil—Lubricating and Illuminating.
BUFFALO OIL CO., West Superior, Wis.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
NORTHWEST PAINT CO., 323 W. First.

Pants, Overalls, Lumbermen's Supplies.
H. HELSTEIN & CO., 108 First Ave. W.

Paper and Stationery.
DULUTH PAPER & STATIONERY CO., 18-20 W. Michigan.

Plumbing and Heating.
AMERICAN HEATING CO., 31 W. Mich.
FARRELL & TURNBULL, 125 E. Sup.

Prospectors' Patent Drills.
STROTHMAN IRON CO., Superior, Wis.

Produce Commission Merchants.
FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG, 122 W. Mich.
GAMBLE - ROBINSON - SHELDON CO., 210 W. Michigan.
KNUDSEN-FERGUSON, 212 W. Mich.
THOS. THOMPSON CO., 126 W. Mich.

Sash, Doors, Office Fixtures.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

Saxoina Cigar.
GEO. E. ROLPH CIGAR CO., West Superior, Wis.

Steam and Plumbing Supplies.
CRANE & ORDWAY CO., 12 W. Mich.
NORTHERN SUPPLY CO., 14 W. Mich.

Towing and Wrecking Contractors.
WHITNEY BROS., West Superior, Wis.

Wagon and Carriage Works.
F. M. RICHARDSON, 26 E. First.

RETAIL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Candies and Ice Cream.
SMITH & MARKUS, 110 W. Superior.

Cloaks, Suits and Waists.
S. BERNHARD, 12 W. Superior.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.
J. GRUESEN, 31 W. Superior. Wedding rings and repairing a specialty.

Druggists.
S. F. BOYCE, 4th Ave. W. and Superior.

Dry Goods, Millinery, Etc.
JOHNSON & MOE, 2102-2104 W. Superior.

Dyers, French Dry Cleaners.
ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, 6 E. Sup.

Florist and Confectioner.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 W. Superior. Cut flowers and funeral designs.

Grocers.
MEDEN & MORTON, 223 W. First.

Labor Agents.
DUL. EMPLOYMENT CO., 429 W. Mich.
NATIONAL CO., (Richards & Birch), 431 W. Michigan.

Livery and Boarding Stables.
BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY, 315 W. 1st.
TOTMAN BROS., 206-208 E. Superior.

Furrier.
ROBERT KROJANKER, 12 W. Superior.

Merchant Tailors.
NELSON & SWANSON, 404 W. Superior.

Pawn Broker.
KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO., 16 W. Superior.

Picture Frames and Wall Paper.
H. A. HALL & CO., 16 E. Superior.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Nervousness, Headache, Pimples, Unfitness to marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele, and Consumption. It stops all losses by day or night. Prematurity, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores. The reason sufferers are not cured by doctors is because ninety per cent. are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5,000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes do not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box; six for $5.00 by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials. Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

PIPE DREAMS

People who take morphine and opium have them.
Their dreams are only dreams, but the after effects are most awful realities.
Nerve murder—nothing less.
Opiates take all the vitality out of the nerves.

PALMO TABLETS

will restore the worst wreck ever laid low by these drugs, alcohol or abuse, to perfect mental and bodily health.
They cure all kinds of nerve decay.
We refund your money if they fail.

50 cents, 12 boxes for $5.00.
Guaranteed. Book free.
The S. E. Fell Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 12 West Superior street.

SATISFIED.

The Surgeon's Assistant In a Dangerous Case.

Every man who does not care to use tobacco, and who is desirous of quitting its use, can now find the opportunity of his life in Cupideen, the great nerve stimulant. Cupidene is a great cleanser of nicotine poison and a wonderful manhood builder. It produces perfect manposeure, induces restful sleep, and prepares the brain for the clearest action. For lost manhood there is no remedy that acts as quickly as does Cupidene. Price, $1.00 per box, 6 for $5.00. For sale by Max Wirth. Cupidene is sent in plain packages, prepaid, to any part of the world.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutes and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

MEN NERVE GRAINS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at F. Boyce, druggist, 320 West Superior st., Duluth.

Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors and makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money of the United States for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb, which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

WHEN LOVE INVITES

The woman follows the man of her choice though the path leads out of Eden into a world untrodden and untried. What is her reward? Many a time when her health is broken by the burdens she has borne for the man's sake, her reward is to see him turn from her to seek rosier cheeks and brighter eyes. It is man's nature to crave beauty in the wife as in the maid. And what woman is there, who would not be happy to keep her maiden bloom when motherhood has crowned her wifely happiness? Some women seem to have found this secret of perpetual youth. "Age cannot wither them." They have learned that fairness of face and form depend upon the health, and that the general health depends upon the local womanly health. They establish regularity of the periods. They dry the disagreeable drains which draw the luster from the eyes and the vermillion from the lips as well as sap the body's strength. They quench the internal fires of inflammation in which the very elements of beauty are consumed. They heal the ulcer which gnaws into the very life. They walk the world as wonders—women exempt from the sacrifice to love. How have they done this? By the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which *makes weak women strong and sick women well.* It matters not how weak the woman is, or how sick she is, "Favorite Prescription" will cure the womanly ills that vex her; will round out the sunken curves of her form, put light in her eyes, tint her cheeks with health's carnation, and make her a glad and happy woman. Hundreds of thousands of women testify to the truth of these statements. Let every ailing woman read the two testimonials given below and remember that these two women speak for more than half a million other women cured by the skill of Dr. Pierce and by the use of his "Favorite Prescription." There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription," neither has it any opium or other narcotic.

"Two years ago I began to gradually lose my health," writes Mrs. Nellie D. Stark, Vice-President Bethesda Society, 39 Gardner Street, Worcester, Mass. "Became nervous, lost my appetite, and it seemed impossible to obtain a good night's rest. I became emaciated, hollow-eyed, and suffered with frequent heart palpitation. Complexion was bad and "muddy" looking and I had a haggard expression. I felt as though life had lost its charm; did not care to live, for life without health is simply a living death. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription changed all this. It came as a blessing into my home; I felt better in a short time after starting to use it, and within a month I was like another woman. New life, health and vigor returned and my husband fell in love with me all over again, and a new light and happiness came into my life. Your medicine did all this for me, and it is certainly worthy of praise."

"I was a great sufferer for six years and doctored all the time with a number of physicians but did not receive any benefit," writes Mrs. Geo. Sogden, 641 Bonda Street, Saginaw (South), Michigan. "I had given up all hope of ever getting better, thought I would write to you. When I received your letter telling me what to do I commenced to take your 'Favorite Prescription' and follow your advice. I have taken ten bottles in all, also five vials of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' Am now regular, after having missed two years and suffered with pain in the head and back. I was so nervous, could not eat or sleep. Now I can thank you for my recovery."

EXPECTED SOON

Decision on Land District Division Due at Any Time.

Commissioner's Agent Has Not Been Seen In Duluth.

Local land attorneys, hotelkeepers and others interested, including the actual settlers on the land in controversy, are awaiting with more or less patience the decision of commissioner of the general land office, W. A. Richards, on the matter of taking a slice of land from the Duluth land district and placing it under control of the Cass Lake office. The decision is expected any day now, although it may yet be some time before Mr. Richards is ready to announce the result of his findings.

On March 1 the commissioner said that he intended to send a special inspector to Northern Minnesota within the next few days to investigate the proposition of the Cass Lakers. He said at the time that he did not intend to make public the name of the agent whom he would send, and stated further that this person would visit neither Duluth nor Cass Lake, but would go quietly into the field and, unhampered by any influence, judge for himself just what it would be proper to do.

As far as keeping the agent's name a secret and not having him visit Duluth, Mr. Richards has lived up to his word. It is also taken for granted that his entire plan was carried out as nearly as possible, but much doubt is expressed locally regarding the secrecy of the special agent's mission after he started his actual investigation. It would be difficult indeed to keep a secret of this kind from the inhabitants of a village the size of Cass Lake, when the man would have to pass through and stop in the town.

Some criticism was offered on the action of the land commissioner because of this fact when his plans were first made known, on the grounds that it would be more just to everybody concerned if the agent would be accompanied on his journey of investigation by one or more men representing each side of the question, he to act as the odd member of a sort of board of arbitration.

It has now been more than six weeks since the commissioner announced his intention of sending a man into Northern Minnesota, and it is thought that the agent has had plenty of time to make his investigations and return to Washington with his report. The nature of the decision will depend largely upon the result of this person's investigations.

"I wish this special agent's trip might have been delayed until now," said a local land attorney who is acquainted with the swamps of Northern Minnesota yesterday. "I think it would have made quite a difference in his report. I understand the big swamp between Northome and Big Fork, measuring nearly nineteen miles across, is now utterly impassable for man or beast. The snow and water have turned the district into a veritable sea of slush. It will remain in an almost impassable condition until next December, when it will again freeze over."

TO MAKE PURE IRON.

Wisconsin Professor Has Discovered a New Method.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 18.—A Sentinel special from Madison, Wis., says a method for making absolutely pure iron at a comparatively low cost has been discovered by C. F. Burgess, assistant professor of electrical engineering at the university, and Carl Hambuechin, instructor in the department. The discovery was the result of almost three years' research in the electro-chemistry laboratory.

Under the method discovered by Dr. Burgess and Mr. Hambuechin, pure iron can be made for a fraction of a cent a pound. About half a ton has already been produced at the electro-chemical laboratory.

The process is similar to that used in refining copper, an electric current taking the impure iron from a plate, and depositing it in a pure state upon another plate. The pure iron has valuable properties not possessed by ordinary iron or steel, and such as to make it useful for various purposes. It will be a great help to scientific research regarding the properties of iron and steel. On account of its electrical properties it is valuable material for the construction of electrical apparatus, and it furnished the means for making special steel alloys having great strength and hardness.

WOMAN USES YOUNG CHILD TO PROTECT HER.

Zanesville, Ohio, April 18.—Frank Parks, 22 years of age, a miner of Crooksville, near here, yesterday afternoon shot and it is believed fatally wounded his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Crooks.

Parks has been out of work for some time. The loss of his position and the consequent hardship is believed to have made him melancholy. He had quarreled with his wife, who had gone to live with her parents. Parks called at the home of his wife's parents yesterday morning, and as the result of a quarrel, picked up a pistol and shot Mr. and Mrs. Crooks in the abdomen. Parks turned the weapon upon his wife, but she held their 17-months-old child in front of her and the father dared not fire. An attempt to commit suicide was frustrated by his wife, who appealed to him not to do so. Parks left the house and has not been overtaken.

TWO FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Chicago, April 18.—James H. Johnson, a railway switchman, and Mrs. Mary McGrath, said to have come to Chicago recently from St. Louis, were found dead in bed yesterday in a cheap hotel in Archer avenue. The couple registered at the hotel Saturday as man and wife and were assigned to a room. Escaping gas in their room started an investigation, and when the door was forced open both bodies were found lying side by side on the bed. Gas was escaping from a jet in the room, but whether the couple committed suicide or accidentally left the gas turned on is not known.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

George Clauser, aged 40, Edith M. Metzler, aged 15 and Stella Knauss, aged 17, were struck and instantly killed by a Reading railway passenger train, near their home, near Macungie, Pa., Saturday night. Miss Metzler's sister Annie saved her life by jumping aside.

James A. Kilne, a steamfitter whose wife had left him, Sunday went to the house where she was staying at St. Paul, rang the door bell and being admitted, drank the contents of a four-ounce bottle of carbolic acid. He died in a very few moments.

A meeting of needle manufacturers of the United States has been called to meet at the Lincoln hotel, Pittsburg, Tuesday, April 19, at 10 a. m., for the purpose, it is said of forming an amalgamation of interests and making a uniform price. A number of manufacturers of that article have responded to letters of invitation and will be present.

The Souris river, at Oxbow, N. W. T., is again rising and the government bridge, leading into the extensive Bow district, has been carried away, cutting off all communication. The water is the highest ever known at Oxbow. At Souriston, another town of the railway bridge has been carried out.

INDIANAPOLIS HOTEL BURNS.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 18.—Fire, which for almost two hours threatened to destroy the principal retail district, was discovered at an early hour yesterday morning in the Occidental hotel. Every fire company in the city, as well as those from the outlying suburbs, were summoned. The house was filled with guests and a panic was narrowly averted. There were many narrow escapes from the flames and suffocation, the inmates being compelled to leave the building clad only in their night robes. The hotel, which fronts for half a block on Illinois street, south of Washington, is valued at $100,000 and is gutted. The loss is estimated at $75,000. The loss to business houses on the ground floor is estimated at $41,000, fully covered by insurance.

Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

DIES AT TWO HARBORS.

George Drewett a Former Resident of Duluth.

George Drewett, a former resident of Duluth, died yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. K. Smith of Two Harbors.

Mr. Drewett came to the head of the lakes in 1890 and about five years ago moved to Two Harbors. He fell ill about the first of the year, and although for a time an improvement was noticeable, he again declined until his death occurred yesterday.

He was 68 years of age and leaves seven children, as follows: Mrs. K. Smith, Miss E. Drewett, and Mrs. W. Ball of Two Harbors; George Drewett and J. Drewett of Duluth; Mrs. H. Stillwell of Little Falls; Mrs. Joseph McKnight of Boston; and R. Drewett of Toronto.

The body was brought to Duluth last evening for burial.

MINERS KILLED.

Pittsburg, April 18.—Guinani Bellimo, a foreign laborer in the Nixon mine of the Pittsburg Coal company at Heidelberg, near Carnegie, Pa., dropped a light, which exploded a charge of powder in the mine, killing him and injuring nine other miners.

WHAT'S inside a man's head sometime shows by what's outside.

To wear a Gordon Hat is not a guarantee of cleverness, but it indicates that the mind inside the hat knows what it's about. $3.00.

THRILLING STORY

Of the Blowing Up and Sinking of the Petropavlovsk.

An Associated Press Correspondent Witnessed Whole Proceedings.

Liao Yang, April 18.—The Associated Press correspondent believing that the Japanese would repeat the attempt to block the entrance to Port Arthur with fireships on Easter eve, went from Liao Yang to Port Arthur a week ago.

For four nights I watched with the sentries on Golden Hill. Three nights passed quietly. Tuesday night, April 12, Vice Admiral Marakoff took to sea with his entire squadron, including fourteen torpedo boats. The next night, April 13, in the teeth of a gale, eight torpedo boats were sent to reconnoiter. From Golden Hill, on which I was standing, through the blackness, the searchlights of the fortifications flashed over the inky waters of the roadstead and far out to the hazy horizon.

At 11 o'clock I heard firing at sea and counted seven shots, but could see nothing. At daybreak I made out through the light haze to the southward about five miles from shore six torpedo boats strung out in line, all firing at full speed directly for the entrance of the harbor. The last in line was beclouded in steam and lagging. She had evidently been hit. It was difficult to distinguish our boats, but finally through my glasses, I saw that the leader and the laggard were Russian and that the four others were Japanese. The flash of the guns and the splash of the projectiles as they struck the water showed the intensity of the conflict. The torpedo boat from which steam was escaping was firing viciously. The four center craft drew together, concentrating their fire upon her, but the crippled destroyer poured out her fire and was successfully keeping off her assailants.

The signal station flashed the news to the men of the batteries that the vessel was the Strashni.

The unequal combat was observed with breathless interest, but the net drew close around the doomed boat. The four Japanese vessels formed a semi-circle and poured in a deadly fire. The steam from the Strashni grew denser, covering her like a white pall. Still she fought like a wounded animal brought to desperately bay. Running straight for the adversary she forced her way to safety, she passed barring her way and fired at them, the Japanese astern and fired at them.

At this stage Vice Admiral Marakoff, who had been observing the progress of the conflict through a telescope, signalled to the cruiser Bayan, lying in the inner harbor, to weigh anchor and go out to the rescue.

The Japanese destroyers clung to their victim like hounds in a chase. They had become separated, but again resumed their formation. Small jets of flame and smoke were spurting from the light rapid-firers varied by denser clouds as torpedoes were discharged against the Strashni.

It was the end. The stricken boat loosed a final round, but it was as if a volley had been fired over her own grave, for she disappeared beneath the waves, only a little cloud of steam marking the place where she went down.

Satisfied with what they had accomplished, the Japanese torpedo boats turned and made off at full speed, followed by the Bayan. To their support came six of the enemy's cruisers. Still the Bayan went on, seemingly inviting certain destruction. She soon perted, her helm to bring a broadside to bear upon the foe who were advancing in line of battle. My glance returned to our squadron. She opened some of them and turned quickly and stood on into the hail of the enemy's broadsides. The Japanese steamed at a slight angle, enabling all their guns to bear and projectiles rained around the Bayan, raising columns of water as they burst, but none struck home.

To the eastward suddenly appeared five more of our torpedo boats returning to the harbor under forced draught. Two of the Japanese cruisers were immediately detached to cut them off but the Bayan, noticing the movement, checkmated it by turning a hot fire upon them. The movement was effective. The Japanese cruisers slowed down and the torpedo boats slipped through into the harbor.

Meantime in accordance with Vice Admiral Makaroff's order, the battleships and cruisers in the inner harbor slipped anchor. Majestically the Petropavlovsk, flying the admiral's flag, steamed through the entrance. On her appearance the more formidable enemy of Japanese cruisers turned and fled. The admiral signalled the Bayan to return. Then a stream of vari-colored signal flags fluttered out "bravo Bayan."

By this time the entire Russian squadron was in the outer harbor. Besides the Petropavlovsk, I saw the battleships Petropavlovsk, Pobieda and Sevastopol, the cruisers Novik, Diana and Askold and the torpedo boats. The flags announcing the admiral's approbation of the Bayan were hauled down and replaced by another signal. Immediately the torpedo boats dashed ahead and the heavier ships began to spread out.

Seeing the flight of the Japanese cruisers, the Petropavlovsk opened fire with her great guns, but the enemy was out of range and soon disappeared.

Our squadron continued the chase, finally fading from view. I waited anxiously for its re-appearance, and in about an hour it came in sight. Far beyond it, the number of points from which smoke arose, announced the presence of the enemy. Nearer and nearer came the vessels, and at last I made out behind our squadron a fleet of fourteen, of which six were battleships and the remainder armored and unarmored cruisers.

Unable to get within effective range of Vice Admiral Makaroff's ships, the enemy stopped eighteen versts from shore.

Our squadron, with the Petropavlovsk leading, arrived at the entrance to the harbor and drew up in line of battle. Another signal was floated from the flagship, and the torpedo boats at once proceeded through the entrance into the inner harbor. Vice Admiral Makaroff was evidently unwilling to risk his vulnerable crafts to the heavy projectiles of the enemy's armored ships.

I watched the Petropavlovsk closely as she steamed toward Electric Cliff. The frowning Marine monster, whose guns were ever turning toward the enemy, was prepared to send huge messengers of death against him. All was quiet. It was the hush before a battle—the hush when every nerve is strained is get into impending danger.

"I looked for the Japanese ships, but they were without movement, save that caused by the heavy sea.

My glance returned to our squadron. The Petropavlovsk was almost without headway when suddenly I saw her tremble. She seemed to rise out of the water. A tremendous explosion rent the air, then a second and then a third. Fragments flew in all directions and wreckage and men were mixed up—a terrible mass.

I was hardly able to realize the horror of it, when the ship began to list. In a moment the sea seemed to open and the water rushed over her. The Petropavlovsk had disappeared.

The floating woodwork and the few men struggling in the water were all that was left to recall the splendid fighting machine which a few hours before had sailed out of the harbor. The same shock experienced by the observers on Golden Hill, paralyzed for a moment the men on the ships, but when it passed torpedo boats and small boats hastened to the rescue of the survivors.

Eager to ascertain what had occurred on board the sunken ship, I hastened to a landing where a small remnant of the gallant crew were being put ashore and conveyed to a hospital. Signalman Pochkoff, who was slightly wounded, was able to give me a remarkably clear statement of the disaster. He said:

"We were returning to the harbor, the Petropavlosk leading. Some of our cruisers which had preceded us had reached the entrance and steamed toward the enemy, drawing their fire and steamed toward the enemy, firing sixteen shots at him with their bow guns. They then retired. The enemy numbered four battleship ships, nearly all armored, while ours were nine. Against their armored cruisers we had only the Bayan. I stood in the wheelhouse on the bridge of the Petropavlovsk looking up the signal book. The admiral's last signal had been for the torpedo boats to enter the harbor.

"The Petropavlovsk slowed speed and almost stood still. Suddenly the ship shook violently. I heard a fearful explosion, immediately under the bridge. I rushed to the door of the wheel house, where I met an officer, probably a helmsman. I could not pass him, so I sprang to the window and jumped out. The ship was listing and I feared that every moment she would turn over.

"On the bridge I saw an officer weltering in blood—It was our admiral—Maraloff. He lay face downward. I sprang to him, grasped him by the shoulder and attempted to raise him.

"The ship seemed to be falling somewhere. From all sides flew fragments. I heard the deafening screech and the frightful din. The smoke rose in dense clouds and the flames seemed to leap toward the bridge, where I was standing beside the admiral. I jumped on the rail and was washed off, but succeeded in grabbing something.

"On our ship was an old man with a beautiful white beard, who had been good to our men. He had a book in his hand and seemed to be writing, perhaps sketching. He was Verstchagin, the painter."

St. Petersburg, April 18.—In the dramatic description of the sinking of the Petropavlovsk off PortArthur, wired from Liao Yang last night by a Russian correspondent of the Associated Press, a portion of the account referring to the blowing up of the Petropavlovsk was delayed. It is as follows:

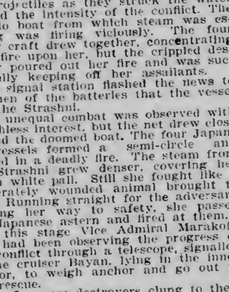
"Moving at reduced speed the Petropavlovsk came abreast of Electric Cliff. The torpedo boats were entering the harbor when suddenly from the starboard side of the Petropavlovsk's bow a white column shot up. There was a double muffled explosion and the whole flagship became covered with orange brown smoke.

"They're firing a broadside," cried a gunner standing beside me, but through my binoculars I gazed speechless and horrorstricken. I could see fragments of wreckage falling from above the broken rigging of the foremast and flames of fire shooting out.

"She's sinking! she's sinking," wailed someone beside me.

"The Petropavlovsk began to settle slowly by the head, heeling far over to starboard until her rail was under water. Her bow had already disappeared and now the foremast was sinking. I could still see the conning tower. Then her smokestacks disappeared. They seemed to fall through the water and the sea began to engulf the main mast. Her after turret with its guns pointing skywards quickly vanished; then her stern with the port propeller still revolving I could see figures desperately clutching at the slippery hull and tongues of flames. A last explosion and all was over. The flagship was no more.

"Boats from the torpedo boat destroyer Gaydamak hurried to the scene of the disaster. It was forty minutes past 9 in the morning."



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Competition is the life of trade, but success is only won by merit. That is why

Hunter Whiskey

is far in the lead with popular preference. Its quality, age, purity, flavor is the most perfect combination ever made.

Sold at all first-class cafes and by jobbers.
WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

ATTEMPTED POISONING.

Father Puts Paris Green In Children's Coffee.

New York, April 18.—James Grubb, janitor of an apartment house in Amsterdam avenue, is under arrest charged on the word of his 14-year-old daughter with having attempted to poison his six children, of whom she is the eldest. Grubb's wife died recently, and he is said to have behaved oddly since then. His daughter alleges that she saw Grubb put paris green into the coffee, but she prevented him from giving it to the children. The hospital authorities say Grubb is suffering from alcoholism.

INSPECT DEUTSCHLAND.

Rumors of Sale to Russia Are Repeated.

New York, April 18.—Despite official denials, the World's Hamburg correspondent asserts that negotiations are under way for the purchase of the great liner Deutschland by the Russian government. The vessel, which is lying at Krautsand, on the lower Elbe, has been visited by a committee of Russian gentlemen, the correspondent adds, and examined particularly as to her engines and coal capacity.

MARRIED AT EIGHTY-SIX.

Wedding Attended By Groom's Great Grand Children.

New York, April 18.—In the presence of his son, eight grandchildren and four great grandchildren, James S. Vancourt, a rich resident of Mount Vernon, in his 86th year, and three times a widower, has been married to Mrs. Louise E. Pines, 40 years old. The wedding was solemnized at the home of the son, who is 57 years old, and, like his father, has been married four times.

PAYNE COMING HOME.

Galveston, April 18.—The revenue cutter Onondaga sailed yesterday morning bound north. On board the Onondaga was Postmaster General Payne and wife, Dr. C. T. Grayson and Miss Louise Jones, who are on their way back to Washington. General Payne came South on the Onondaga in search of rest and health, and before leaving the city he stated that he found both. He goes back to Washington much refreshed in mind and body.

The Best of All

Good things are good so far as they do good. This axiom applies with force to the plain goodness of **Uneeda Biscuit.** They're good because they taste good and do good.

are good for the grown man as well as the boy—as good for the baby as the mother. Are not only good, but keep good. You can always depend on them. That's against your biscuit experience—and you can't understand it until you examine the air-tight, moisture-proof package in which they are sold. Never sold in bulk.

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

COURT COMMISSIONERS.

Those Who Survive Recent Application of the Axe.

Lists of commissioners in the Duluth land district who are qualified to take final proof notices and homestead entries have now been made out. The resignations of the United States commissioners, which were required several weeks ago by Judge Page Morris as a result of the order that commissioners be placed only where really needed, have all been received.

In St. Louis county five officials retain their positions, as follows: Themas H. Pressnell and J. R. Carey, of Duluth; George Westcott, Ely; William W. Brown, Biwabik; Otto A. Poirier, Virginia.

Others who will hold over: Charles L. Spencer, Charles Bechnoefer, St. Paul; Howard S. Abbott, Minneapolis; Henry M. Lamberton, C. A. Merney, Winona; Charles H. Mix, Crookston; Sol H. Drew, McIntosh; Oswald A. Brager, Foston; Charles W. Stunton, Appleton; James A. Brown, Lexor A. Leverson, Fergus Falls; James McGarry, Daniel De Lury, Walker; George H. Walsh, William E. McDonald, Cass Lake; James S. Scribner, Backus; Alpheus E. Dee, Stillwater; Benjamin F. Brown, Bagley; Frederick A. Brown, Blackduck; Nels K. Nelson, Carmel; Laurence G. Browning, Thief River Falls; Adolph O. Eberhart, Mankato; William Colvill, Clark H. Carhart, Grand Marais; George P. Watson, Hiram A. Simon, Phena; Alexander R. McDonald, Little Fork; Edward McCagherty, Warroad; Harold J. Sanders, Greenbush; George M. Stebbins, Roseau; John C. Spencer, Badger; Donald M. Cameron, Little Falls; Burt J. Howland, Detroit; Halvor Rasmusson, Moorhead.

Surveying the Boats.

Captain John Tuttle of Cleveland arrived in the city yesterday to make a survey of the vessels lying in winter quarters in the local harbor, in the interests of grain underwriters.

Captain Tuttle will survey all the vessels in the bulk cargo class with reference to their fitness for carrying grain.

He reported that all departments of the marine business in Chicago were very quiet when he passed through that city, the only sign of activity being in the passenger business.

SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

"I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron, of Wilton Junction, Iowa. "My joints were stiff and gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been thoroughly cured. Have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble for many months. It is certainly a most wonderful liniment." For sale by all druggists.

MOVING and STORAGE

The Old Reliable

Duluth Van Co.,

210 West Superior St. Phones 492.

TO REPORT SALES

Druggists Must Give Notice of Purchase of Anti-Toxine.

Object to Keep Health Office Informed of Diphtheria.

The city health authorities have adopted a new plan for gaining prompt and accurate information of any cases of diphtheria which may exist in the city.

Up to the present time the only method the health authorities have had of learning of diphtheria cases has been through the reports of the doctors and through the inspectors in the employ of the department who occasionally discover mild cases that are not reported.

Health Commissioner Murray issued orders to all the druggists in the city this morning to report either over the telephone or in person, all sales of anti-toxine or diphtheria serum, as soon as they are made. The report must be made either to one of the inspectors or to the secretary of the board of health at the city hall.

An inspector will then be detailed to investigate the sale, and if a case of diphtheria exists which has not been reported, the house will be immediately placarded and steps be taken to prosecute the responsible parties.

There is a provision in the city charter which allows such information to be demanded of the druggists. It is known as section 106, and authorizes the health commissioner to request reports and information at such times and of such facts as he may see fit, in regard to the safety of life and the promotion of health, from public dispensaries, hospitals, asylums, schools, prisons or any other institution.

The penalty attached to the failure to comply with the provision of the charter in this respect shall render the person subject, upon conviction, to pay a fine of not more than $100 or be sentenced to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 90 days.

The object of the order is to prevent the health authorities from losing valuable time in learning of any cases of diphtheria. Frequently two or three days elapse before the department learns of a case, and there is great danger of infection.

The city has been singularly free from diphtheria this spring, and there are but few cases in existence at the present time. The disease is always the most prevalent in the spring of the year, however, and the department is anxious to be in a position to prevent any epidemic which may threaten.

Who Will Get It?

There is considerable speculation among lake interests as to who will be made captain of the enormous new freighter, the Augustus B. Wolvin. A good many vesselmen would no doubt be glad to get the honor. An old boatman said this morning that the selection would probably be made from among the men now serving in other companies in which Capt. Wolvin and his associates in the Acme Steamship company, which owns the Wolvin, are interested. It was said that length of service and character of service accomplished would be considered in the selection.

A CURE FOR HEADACHE.

Any man, woman or child suffering from headache, billiousness or a dull, drowsy feeling should take one or two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers night and morning. While they cleanse the system they strengthen and rebuild it by their tonic effect upon the liver and bowels. Sold by all druggists.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

DIRECTORS RE-ELECTED

At Annual Meeting of United States Steel Corporation.

New York, April 18.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the United States Steel corporation was held in Hoboken today. The routine of the year's business was approved by the stockholders as also was the changes and amendments to by-laws. These include the action of the board in abolishing the executive committee and in naming Judge Gary to act as chairman of the board of directors.

The retiring directors were all re-elected for the term of three years.

J. R. Allee offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of stockholders to investigate the present management. He said he did not charge misappropriation of funds, but asserted that it was a fact that over $[illegible] had been paid in commissions through bond conversion for less than $[illegible]. He wanted to have the stockholders find out just what measure was necessary under such circumstances.

Judge Gary announced that proxies would be voted against the resolution, but Mr. Allee insisted on a stock vote and this matter was therefore voted on simultaneously with the other matters for which the meeting was called. The resolution was defeated.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

REMODELING!

This is the season when you contemplate remodeling your premises.

Your plans should include
Wiring for Electric Lights
We Furnish FREE OF COST.

Our representative will call at any time to give you information and make estimates.

Duluth General Electric Co.
216 West Superior St.

CITY BRIEFS.

Why not have a covered van move you? We have them and it costs no more. Duluth Van and Storage, 210 West Superior street.

The Epworth league of Grace M. E. church will have charge of the meeting at the Star of Hope mission this evening, at 8 o'clock. The pastor, Rev. J. W. Robinson, will speak. Mrs. Robinson will have charge of the singing.

Are you going to move? See us. We use covered vans. It cost no more. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 210 West Superior street.

Dick Ferris' big company for the production of "Parsifal" at the Lyceum, arrived this morning over the Great Northern in some extra cars on the regular train from the Twin Cities. A rehearsal was held at the Lyceum. The orchestra for the production is a special feature, being larger than for ordinary events.

Articles of incorporation of H. E. Smith & Company, were filed with the county register of deeds this morning by Hansen Smith, W. O. Pealer and William S. Albertson. The company is capitalized at $50,000 and purposes to do a general brokerage business, handle stocks, loans, securities, commercial paper of all kinds as well as fire, life and casualty insurance.

J. M. Gidding & Co. announce for tomorrow a very important sale of beautiful gowns, dresses and tailored garments for women and misses from purchases made by Mr. Gidding in the East at savings of from $10 to almost $60.

The funeral of George Drewett, who died Sunday at Two Harbors, will be held Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence of George J. Drewett, 826 East Fourth street. Interment will be made in Forest Hill cemetery.

Miss Annie E. Robbins will speak at the Presbyterian church this evening at 8 o'clock, on temperance.

First citizenship papers were today issued to John Augustson and Edward Wallenton, natives of Sweden, by the deputy clerk of federal court.

Frank Shenk, a German, aged 64 years, was brought down from Buhl today and sent out to the county poor farm. Shenk has been in this country since 1876. He has no family or living relatives and has been unfitted for work because of heart trouble.

PERSONAL.

After three weeks of absence at St. Paul during which he was operted on for appendicitis, C. D. Thompson, general agent of the Great Northern, has returned to this city. He had a hard time during his illness, but is now looking almost as well as ever.

M. M. Jeffs, who has been in Chicago and elsewhere for several months, has returned.

W. J. Croze goes to St. Paul this evening.

Tomorrow John Grady will leave for Portland.

Rev. R. A. Montgomery goes to Chicago this afternoon.

W. J. O'Connor goes this evening to the Sault.

James and John McDonald leave this afternoon for Saginaw, where they are called by the death of their father.

J. G. Williams and W. O. Root are to go to Chicago this evening.

Joseph Sellwood has gone to New York to attend the meeting of the ore pool.

Oscar Anderson will leave this evening for Minneapolis.

JUST AS BAD IN THE EAST

J.M.Gidding Says Weather Is No Better Than Here.

"It is recognized throughout the East that the Northwest is now in a more prosperous condition than any other section of the country," said J. M. Gidding, who returned Saturday evening from a buying trip to New York. "Duluth has much to be thankful for. Business here, as elsewhere in the Northwest, is better than through most of the Eastern cities, and affairs generally have a more prosperous and satisfactory appearance out here.

"The effects of the severe winter are felt in New York as well as in Duluth, and have tended to produce a very unsatisfactory condition in trade circles. The late season makes it rather hard on the New York wholesalers, for buyers are not as plentiful or so eager after new goods as would be the case if the winter had ben an ordinary one, with an early spring.

"Although it is pretty quiet in the big metropolis just now, the business men do not look for any serious results. On the contrary, they make the most optimistic predictions as to the conditions which will prevail through the summer and fall.

"Politics are for the moment dead in New York. You hear nothing but war there. The Eastern battle ground holds the attention of everyone, from the laborer to the Wall street broker, and you hear the conflict talked of in the street cars, elevated trains and all public places. There is but one sentiment expressed, and that is hope that the Jays will win.

"Duluth need not feel at all bad about the weather. There are days just as disagreeable in Chicago, New York and intermediate points. It snowed while I was in New York and blowed in Chicago. Give me a Duluth blizzard any time in preference to a Chicago wind storm. The dust flying about in the Windy City (and it is rightly named) is enough to blind one, and has the most disagreeable effect imaginable. Cold winds in New York remind one of our northeasters. Chicago is enjoying weather just about like ours now, except that her winds are worse than any we get."

Mr. Gidding remarked upon the great rapidity with which one may transact business at widely separated points in these modern times, and cited his own trip as an instance. He left here on the evening of Saturday, April 9, at 5 o'clock, arriving in Chicago the next morning at 7 o'clock and taking the train for New York about an hour later, reaching his destination in time for business Monday morning. He got through with his business in New York and returned to Duluth, arriving here Saturday evening, April 16.

Facts You Ought to Know.

1 Season tickets St. Paul or Minneapolis to St. Louis and return $25.50—Sixty-day ticket $21.35—Ten-day ticket $19.20.
2 Fair opens about May 1st, and closes December 1st.
3 Five daily trains to Chicago, each making close connections with St. Louis trains.
4 No extra charge to go via Chicago.
5 Tickets good on the Fast Mail and Pioneer Limited electric-lighted trains.
6 Full information about rates, routes and accommodations will be cheerfully furnished on application to.

W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A.,
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.,
St. Paul, Minn.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Charles A. Marshall.

DOING NO HARM

Late Opening of Navigation Not Hurtful to Railroads.

Ordinarily Opening Brings an Improvement In Traffic.

While the lake navigation is usually a help to the railroads in this part of the country, the fact that the opening delayed this year is making the business of the roads better. The Northern Pacific reports Duluth business for March this year as showing a substantial increase over the corresponding month last year, and the month of April is expected to show a gain over last April.

The Milwaukee road reports a freer movement of lumber than usual, and general merchnndise being carried heavily. At one point on the road during the last two weeks 200 cars have been moved out against 90 at the same time last year.

The Great Northern reports general freight business very good. Westbound coal has fallen off considerably with the approach of warm weather, and at some points it is believed coal supplies are pretty low. Lumber is being handled in large quantities. Some staple supplies, such as canned goods and other lines of groceries are being held off for the opening of navigation from Eastern shippers, but this seems to be more than compensated for in the other lines.

The Wisconsin Central and Omaha say they are getting their share.

The fact that lines are clear of snow enables the companies to handle business offered with more readiness, and the fact that the lake is choked up with ice will probably benefit them even later than this month, probably half way into May. But in the long run, the railroad men say, the lake navigation is better for the roads when open, as it brings through this country, by reason of its cheapness, a class of freight that could otherwise be handled more cheaply by the more southerly routes. This applies especially to freight from one seaboard to the other.

Passenger Men Meet.

In the Spalding this morning the regular monthly meeting of the Duluth-Superior Passenger association was held and routine business transacted. Officers will probably be elected at the next meeting, and possibly a suggestion will be made as to an outing for the members. They went to Hopkinton last year.

ALMOST MADE HIS ESCAPE

Prisoner Makes a Break--Belief That Aid Was Intended.

What is thought to have been an attempt to aid several prisoners to escape, occurred this morning in the lower corridor of the city hall.

Chief of Police Troyer, Capt Resche and Officer Jenson were bringing several prisoners out of the county court after receiving sentence. In all there were about nine, chiefly drunks and vagrants, and the three officers were guarding the lot.

A crowd of spectators were standing in the hall just outside the door of the court room, and as Capt. Resche opened the door leading to Michigan street, about eight of the spectators mixed in with the prisoners, while one of the latter started for the open door and freedom.

Had he reached the door he would certainly have escaped, as the three officers had their hands full with the other prisoners, but Chief Troyer saw the movement and grabbed him by the collar. The spectators were thrown out of the line in no gentle manner, and the prisoners safely lodged in the jail.

Chief Troyer announced that should any such thing occur again, some of the spectators might find themselves under arrest. Often they push forward merely out of curiosity to see the prisoners, but the movement hampers the officers and would render the escape of the prisoners a comparatively easy matter. Important prisoners are always brought down to the court room in charge of two or three officers, but the regular daily list of drunks, vagrants and disorderlies is not so well guarded and may outside interference might allow several of them to make their escape.

ARRANGEMENTS ARE COMPLETE

For the President to Open the St. Louis Exposition.

Washington, April 18.—Tentative arrangements have been completed for the ceremony at the White House incident to the opening of the Louisiana purchase exposition at St. Louis. It was decided that the ceremony should take place in the East room of the White House at 1 o'clock (Eastern standard time) on Saturday, April 30. The justices of the United States supreme court, the members of the diplomatic corps, the president pro tem of the senate and the speaker of the house, together with a few other guests, will be invited to be present. A special telegraph loop will be run into the East room. This will afford a direct wire with the exposition grounds at St. Louis. Promptly at 1 o'clock, President Roosevelt will press the key which will start the machinery of the fair. He then will exchange with President Francis of the exposition congratulatory messages.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to Dec 1, 1904. For the above occasion "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets at the following rates:

Season tickets, $32.50, on sale April 15 to Nov. 15, final limit December 15.

Sixty day tickets $27.10, on sale April 25 to November 20, limit 60 days.

Ten day tickets $24.40, on sale April 27 to November 30, limit 10 days.

Children of five and under twelve years of age, half the above rates. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

IS GETTING UNSAFE

Ice on the Bay Dangerous to Travel on Now.

Opening Up Rapidly at Lower End—Entry Open.

Assistant United States Engineer Clarence Coleman, who is in charge of the new pier at Superior entry, says that teh ice on lower Superior bay is now in condition so unsafe as to make travel across it from Superior exceedingly dangerous.

Mr. Coleman started across the ice from Superior this morning on a route which he had been using for several days and which up to now has appeared perfectly safe. He had not proceeded far when he began to encounter holes in the ice where the water showed. Securing a stick he began tapping the ice as he went along and about the middle of the channel found himself on ice where a slight tap of the stick served to send it nearly out of sight in the water underneath.

"In such circumstances," says Mr. Coleman, "I decided that discretion was the better part of valor, and though half way across, figured it out that I knew what sort of ice was behind me and did not know what was in front. I went back."

Mr. Coleman says that in the proximity of the holes showing water, the ice is black and quite thick. The holes appear to have been worn by the action of the water underneath the ice within the last few days. There is still several feet of ice in the Nemadji river, but the water is running on top of it.

The bay is fast opening up at the lower end and Mr. Coleman expects to get the tug Circle away from the docks at the south pier in the next few days. The tug will run across from the government dock to the Great Northern ore dock for the convenience of the workmen who are employed on the pier and live in Superior, and for the transportation across of various articles needed on the work.

In the interval Mr. Coleman announces that hereafter when he goes down to Superior entry it will be by way of Minnesota Point. He will make the trip on foot from the terminus of the street railway tracks on the point.

The Superior entry has been open for a long time, in fact, the open water from the head of the entry extends farther lakeward than from the Duluth ship canal, probably because of the proximity of the Nemadji river to the channel out into the lake.

With all the weakened places in the bay ice Mr. Coleman believes that there is still enough firm ice to make the progress of an ice breaking tug up the bay impracticable.

SUBSTITUTE MEASURE

To Be Reported For Lind Inquiry Resolution.

Washington, April 18.—The house committee on Indian affairs today authorized a favorable report on a substitute for the Lind resolution of inquiry as to the result of the investigation into Indian Territory matters. The substitute requests the secretary of the interior to inform the house what action, if any, had been taken upon the recommendation of Charles J. Bonaparte and Charles R. Woodruff, submitted to congress by the president.

REAL ESTATE DEALER OWES DAUGHTER $256,000.

Chicago, April 18.—According to a decision in the probate court today Cuthbert W. Laing, a real estate dealer in this city, is indebted in the sum of $256,000 including interest to his daughter, Irene Laing Malcolm of Toledo, Ohio. It was charged that Laing had squandered the estate and kept his daughter in ignorance of her wealth.

Officials Visit Here.

E. F. Potter, general superintendent of the Wisconsin Central, arrived this afternoon in his private car to visit General Agent M. J. Bryan. Mr. Potter has been making a trip over the company's lines observing conditions.

Newman Kline, assistant general superintendent of the east end of the Northern Pacific, also came in on a private car. Mr. Kline is looking over the company's property in a general way to determine the state of the track and other features of the work that come under the superintendent's attention. He has found things satisfactory on his trip thus far.

SUICIDE OF CAFE PROPRIETOR.

Chicago, April 18.—Despondent because of ill health and because his business had failed, John J. Kennelly, a cafe proprietor, whose wife formerly starred as Helen St. Clair in the Royal Opera company, shot and killed himself today at his home in Grand boulevard.

ROYAL TRAIN WRECKED.

King and Queen Were Not Injured, However.

Copenhagen, April 18.—The Nyborg-Fuenen train conveying King Edward and Queen Alexandra from Copenhagen on their way to London, was derailed today when passing to the steam ferry running from the island of Zealand to the island of Fuenen. The last carriage but one left the rails. Their majesties were in the last carriage and sustained no damage, the mishap only resulting in a slight delay.

SNOW AT CALUMET.

Calumet, Mich., April 18.—A heavy snow is falling here.

ARE YOU A DYSPEPTIC?

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will not only cure dyspepsia, indigestion and sour stomach, but strengthens the whole digestive apparatus. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure the food you eat is enjoyed. It is digested, assimilated and its nutrient properties apportioned by the blood and tissues. Health is the result. Sold by all druggists.

Low Rates to the Southwest.

On March 15, April 5 and 19 the Great Northern railway will sell one-way tickets to nearly all points in Arkansas Colorado, Indian territory, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico at half rates plus $2. For further information call on A. Brostedt, Northern passenger agent, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

INJUNCTION IS REFUSED

The Contention of the Northern Securities Company Upheld.

New York, April 18.—Vice Chancellor Bergen dismissed the application for an injunction against the Northern Securities meeting and the distribution of stock, sustaining the Northern Securities' contention that the suit was unwarranted.

RUSSIA BUYS TWO WARSHIPS

St. Petersburg, April 18.—It is asserted here with great positiveness that Russia has purchased two battleships at Schichau and Elbing. As a result of the Petropaviovsk disaster the admiralty has given orders that the Baltic and Black sea warships be fitted with longitudinal bulkheads and that the latter be pierced so as to permit of communication between the water-tight compartments on either side of the vessels.

The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that about a fortnight ago Vice Admiral Makaroff telegraphed to the emperor that he had searched a number of suspicious-looking Chinese junks which were hovering about the entrance of the harbor and found them loaded with vegetables, but in the stern of one of them was a contact mine. This piece of information strengthens the Japanese mine version.

Paris, April 18.—A dispatch to the Temps from St. Petersburg says the Japanese are preparing to cut the Russian line of communication along the peninsula of Liao Tung at the same time that they cross the Yalu river.

TO ASK COMMUTATION

Of Sentence of Bandits to Life Imprisonment.

Springfield, Ill., April 18.—Attorneys for Neidermier, Marx and Van Dine will appear before the state board of pardons in this city next Wednesday and ask that the death sentence of the bandits be commuted to imprisonment. Mrs. Van Dine appeared before the board last Friday in Joliet, but she was told applications must be made before the board at the regular session to be held in this city Wednesday.

San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal., and Return, $50.00.

April 23rd to May 1st the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, account Methodist Episcopal Conference and Grocers' Convention, to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return for $50.00, good returning until June 30th. Stopovers allowed in both directions. Tickets are first-class and good on all trains, including Lake Superior and North Coast Limited. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 352 West Superior street

WIRELESS TYPEWRITER.

A wireless telegraph writer, or zerograph, as it is called for the sake of brevity, has been invented by an Englishman, says the Invention Age. The zerograph, in appearance, resembles an ordinary typewriter, but it is of simpler construction, with a keyboard figured with the signs of the letters and numerals, which can be printed or telegraphed to any number of instruments. Each instrument, the inventor explains, is at once a receiver and a transmitter, enabling operators to converse with one another in writing, and thus obviating mistaken understandings, which are apt to occur in telephonic communications. So far messages have been sent only for a short distance, but it is intended to experiment over wider spaces, and it is hoped that messages can be sent to any distance that ether waves will carry. The machine is always ready for immediate use, and as there is no mechanism which requires to be wound up in order to obtain synchronism, the operator has both hands free for manipulation.

Another advantage claimed for the invention will be of especial importance in military affairs. Messages cannot be picked up, to quote the inventor's own words, "In sending a message, you are sending two ether waves which allow you a choice of fifty-five signs, and these are given direct print, either as letters or figures. Absolute secrecy is thus obtained. The only way to intercept messages would be to employ a similar instrument, which would have to be synchronized to the same degree as the transmitting instrument. Lastly, these machines will receive their messages (which are given at present at a speed of twenty-five words a minute) without anybody being present, and would thus be of great advantage in a signal box, as the signal man will receive clearly printed instructions should he be absent at the time the message is sent to him. Nor will the machines work only without wires. I gave a lecture in Paris before the Society of Civil Engineers, of which I am a member, during which I sent messages to Brussels, while telephonic communication was going on over the same wires. I have sent messages also between Berlin and Frankfort."

The apparatus consists of a typewriter which, by depressing a key, sends two impulses. Each letter only requires two impulses, and the different letters are obtained by means of the time interval between these impulses. For wireless purposes these impulses operate a switch connection with the induction coil, thus making the sparks for sending the ether waves. The induction coil is connected with an aerial as well as an earth wire. To turn the apparatus into a receiving instrument it is only necessary to move a switch which is placed beneath the typewriter. This makes all the connections to the receiving apparatus, which consists of a coherer and a very sensitive relay.

DANGEROUS HANDSHAKE.

The French journals have recently given publicity to a scientific discovery which may have a considerable influence upon one of the most ordinary usages of social intercourse. According to the London Graphic, one M. Crouzel, a chemist at Bordeaux, has discovered that the human hand is largely occupied in sowing the seeds of all sorts of diseases. The hand, he says, is not only the most dirty, but the most dangerous portion of our anatomy. It contains on the average 83,450,000 bacilli. Hence, he argues, people should never shake hands. We know already that it is dangerous to kiss; but now, as a French paper puts it, science is no less hostile to friendship than to love. All men, however, are not equal in this matter. You must not shake hands with a physician, surgeon, hairdresser or butcher—especially a pork butcher. Workers in metal are, however, much less dangerous, because the minute metallic particles form, under the influence of the hand's warmth, an antiseptic oxide. It is possible, M. Crouzel says, to protect yourself, if you must shake hands, by using soap and a nail brush in a warm alkaline solution, rinsing it with sterilized water, drying it on a sterilized rough towel, and finally washing it again in a solution of alcohol and ether. We commend this precaution to public men in general, and to the president of the United States in particular.

HOUSE AND SENATE

Are Making Good Progress on the Appropriation Bills.

House Agrees to Conference Report on the Army Bill.

Washington, April 18.—At the opening of the session of the house today a bill was passed providing for the relief of growers of leaf tobacco. Under suspension of the rules a bill was passed to recognize and promote the efficiency of army chaplains.

Mr. Hull presented the conference report on the army appropriation bill. The bill was criticised by Mr. Hay (Va.) because it contained legislation not enacted in either house of congress. His remarks applied particularly to a provision appropriating $25,000 for a survey and estimate of cost of a wagon road from Valdez to Fort Egbert, or Eagle, on the Yukon river, Alaska, and he made a point of order against it, which the speaker overruled. On a rising vote the conference report was agreed to, 113 to 47.

Consideration of the general deficiency appropriation bill was then resumed.

THE SENATE.

Washington, April 18.—When the senate convened today the following house bills were passed:

Authorizing the construction of a dam across the Mississippi river at Watab, Minn.; providing for the appointment of additional judges of the United States court in Indian Territory.

Mr. Platt explained that the judges were to hold for only two years, as it was understood the territory would be admitted as a state by that time.

"As soon as the elections are over," said Mr. Blackburn.

The senate committee on commerce today authorized a favorable report on the river and harbor appropriation bill. The bill as passed by the house, was amended by increasing the limit of cost for a single channel or improvement from $50,000 to $100,000 and appropriates $100,000 additional for new surveys. The committee adopted the amendment proposed by Senator Quarles prohibiting the secretary of war from constructing any dredges for the great lakes unless specifically authorized by congress.

San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., and Return $50.

From April 23 to May 1st inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles and return at $50.00.

Final return limit June 30th, 1904.

On April 26th, train leaving Duluth at 4:00 p. m. will make connections at St. Paul with Special Tourist car running through without change. Fare in this car, $6.75. Car runs via Denver and Salt Lake City.

For full information, call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

EASY TEST FOR DIAMONCS.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: "This is an age of imitations, particularly of gems, and the amount of imitation precious stones on the market is enormous. I am told by W. A. Gill, the well-known jeweler, "and the assertion is continually made by dealers in these commodities that it would require the services of an expert to determine the real from the false. With regard to diamonds the belief is general that this is entirely true, but never did the general public entertain a greater error.

"There are certain simple tests to which anyone may submit a stone alleged to be a genuine diamond and determine almost instantly the truth or falsity of the claim made for it. There are other simpler and easier tests, however, which require nothing in the way of testing materials that a person can find in any household without the need of a visit to the druggist. These, too, are practically infallible, for I have never heard of an imitation that would answer full to them.

"In the first place just take a small piece of silk and rub the alleged diamond vigorously for a moment and it will acquire a sufficient amount of positive electricity to attract bits of wool, cotton or paper, exactly as a magnet will attract particles of metal.

"In the second test place the diamond in a position where it is exposed to the sun's rays for a while and then remove it to a dark room. If the diamond is genuine it will glow in the darkness with a distinct phosphorescence, but if it is imitation it will have no phosphorescent qualities whatever—will look in the darkness just like a piece of glass.

"The third test is undoubtedly the best of the three. A diamond has only single refraction; that is, it gives but a single image of any object view throgh it. When the diamond is held before a candle or bright light, but the one light will be visible to the eye through its substance. An imitation diamond, no matter how cunningly it has been contrived, will give a myriad of images, just like a piece of cut glass."

KEPT HIS "NIGHTIE" ON.

It is common gossip in St. Paul that James J. Hill attended the first day's recent mediation conference at Butte, Mont., wearing his nightshirt, says the New York Commercial. The president of the Northern Securities is sometimes careless in matters of dress, but this is said to be the limit. He had planned that his special train en route to Butte would pass Helena about 7 in the morning. He had wired ahead to Governor Toole to accompany him to Butte on his special. Not wishing to get the governor out too early, Hill requested the train crew to time the speed so as not to reach Helena earlier than 7. He desired also to be up when the governor climbed aboard. Like many another man in more humble station in life, Hill overslept and was not on hand to greet the governor. The train sped along by East Helena and Montana City, and still the great Securities man did not put in an appearance. Finally one of Hill's secretaries knocked at his stateroom and called him, telling him the governor was not only aboard, but breakfast was awaiting him. The railroad president did a clever turn in quick dressing. In a few minutes he hurried into the dining compartment of the car, greeted everybody pleasantly, inquired about Governor Toole's heaith, praised the beautiful October weather, and proposed that they eat breakfasth. Something about Hill's attire attracted the attention of those who had accompanied him from St. Paul. His shirt looked odd. Closer inspection explained all.

He had on his nightshirt. In his haste he did not take it off, but simply pulled a string tie around his neck and let it go at that. Nor did he change it when he reached Butte. He walked up town wearing the unstarched garment and were it all day at the conference.

Whether it was absent-mindedness or expediency that made him wear a nightshirt at the conference with two senatirs and the governor will probably never be known.

ALMOST LOST HIS LIFE.

The destruction wrought among the fish along the bay by small sharks and seals is forcing some of the best of the population to seek homes in other places. Unless the government lends its aid to the fishing business the Dominion is in danger of losing one of its important industries, says the Gaspe Basin correspondent of the New York Sun.

All classes of the community are calling for a system of bounties upon both seal and dogfish. If that were determined upon fishermen would regularly undertake the destruction of these pests. Experiments made not long ago show that work would thus be afforded to the men in the depth of winter at a time when there is little else to do.

Not far from the Anticosti coast long lines of stout rope were let down more than a hundred fathoms. These were fitted with shark hooks and baited. Evidently shark provender was scarce, for the fish bit greedily and were easily captured, made helpless, perhaps, by the sudden change to the lower pressure of water nearer the surface.

Observers say that the dog fish or mackerel shark seeks the deepest water available for his winter quarters, perhaps for the sake of the warmth. It was in these waters that old Jacob Longth received a shock and an injury which sent him away from the seaboard to work in an inland town.

The old man had been one of the most adventurous souls along the coast. He it was who, when acting as harpooner in Hudson's Bay was knocked overboard by a blow from a whale's tail and dropped through the water because a bight of the "fast" line had twisted around his ankle.

He contrived to get at his clasp knife, open it and sever the line. Though much exhausted he managed to cling to the bucket to which the line had been attached until picked up by the boats of another ship. He insisted upon setting his own broken leg, and made a good job of it, too.

According to his own statement he never lost his grip altogether until one day when, as he was drifting in his fishing boat past Anticosti, he idly threw an old bolt into what looked like a mass of well washed wreckage. Immediately there arose a great hooked beak, "as big as a water hanker," Longton declared. In an instant the head was alongside the slowly moving boat, and from the depths came two long, pink arms, twenty feet of them, with pad-like suckers on one side. These two feelers coiled themselves about the boat and one of them fastened on the man's bare arm. Longtin declares he thought his very life and soul were dragged out of him. He was being pulled from his seat, when his hand met the handle of his axe. In a moment he struck at the head, but the blow glanced from the curved bill as from solid horn.

His next blow was at the great limb which grasped him, and this he maimed seriously. The pain of the injured arm increased ten-fold, but another hack at the snake-like tenacle severed it altogether, and the monster sank beneath the surface.

Asked if he noticed any discoloration of the water, as is usual when the cuttlefish retreats, Longtin invariably answers, "I tell you, everything was black just then, and all I am sure of is that my arm hurt as though the devil had hold of it, and I was as seasick as a baby."

The wound on his arm never healed. The doctors said it was as though he had been crippled, the marks of the teeth with which each sucker is armed being distinctly visible.

Every day of the year and of years to come, people will be hunting houses in which to live. The houses advertised in the Want Columns of The Herald are the one they will find.

TALK HAPPINESS.

Talk happiness!
Not now and then, but every
Blessed day.
Even if you don't believe
The half of what
You say;
There's no room here for him
Who whines as on his
Way he goes;
Remember, son, the world is
Sad enough without
Your woes.

Talk happiness each chance
You get—and
Talk it good and strong!
Look for it in
The byways as you grimly
Plod along;
Perhaps it is a stranger now
Whose visit never
Comes;
But talk it! Soon you'll find
That you and Happiness
Are chums.

—New York Sun.

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

W. H. Grant and Edna F. Conway.
Hiram Walsh, of Pine county, and Blanche Baldwin.
Jacob Thoresen and Christine Ilsen.
Aslew Theodore Johnson and Hannah K. Hansen.
John Doyon and Gertrude Cure.
Chris Olson and Alice Shunn, both of Superior, Wis.
Judson E. Blaisdell and Jennie Black.
Walter G. Hall and Jennie MacLaren.

BIRTHS.

HOFFMAN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John P. Hoffman, of 922 East Seventh street, April 14.
BUNKER—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Bunker, of 1132 East Third street, April 15.
PETERSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Peterson, of 1032 East First street, April 8.
SMITH—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Smith, of 1907 Lingwall street, April 12.
MOONEY—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Mooney, of Seventy-second avenue West, April 11.
WATTS—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Watts, of 714 East Fourth street, April 14.

DEATHS.

KROUSE—Richard E., the infant son of Mr and Mrs. Fred Krouse, died this morning. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 311 East Fourth street.
McDONALD—Miss Sadie McDonald, aged 34 years, died yesterday at her home 318 South Sixteenth avenue east, of consumption. The funeral will be held at Alpena, Mich., and the body will be shipped to that city this evening.
THAYER—David Halsey Thayer, aged 61 years, died April 16, at his home, 905 East Second street, of inanition.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY — Able-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — MILLINERY APPRENTICE; position is open to industrious girl wishing to learn millinery. Apply Gray-Tallant Co.

WANTED — POSITION IN OFFICE; good penman, by young man. A 77, Herald.

STORE FOR RENT — UPPER SIDE OF Superior street, near First avenue east. E. D. Field Co., 203 Exchange building.

WANTED—GOOD MOTHERLY PERSON for housekeeper. Call mornings. 116 Ninth avenue east.

WHEAT IS LOWER

The Northwestern Markets Show Greatest Weakness —Poor Cash Demand.

Visible Supply Makes Heavy Gain Since March 1—Flax Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 18.—The wheat market was lower today although the loss was not a sharp one. The Northwestern markets were the weaker ones, and at one time Duluth and Minneapolis were off about ½c, while Chicago was ½c higher. The close showed Duluth ½c lower on May and ⅛c on July, and Minneapolis ¼-⅜c lower on May and a shade lower on flax, while Chicago was unchanged for May and ¼-⅜c higher for July. New York was ½c off on May and ⅛c on July.

In the Duluth market the cash situation is poor, a marked change from a few weeks ago. There are no foreign bids and the eastern millers show no desire for wheat.

The cables were indifferent, Liverpool showing a loss of ¼d, Berlin was ⅛c lower and Buda Pest unchanged. Paris was ¼@⅝c lower.

The weather was generally favorable throughout the wheat belt. There was no sign of precipitation anywhere on the map and temperatures were favorable. St. Louis claimed to be receiving some bad crop news and was reported to be a buyer of wheat on the strength of it, but Ohio, Indiana and parts of Illinois were also sending in reports of damage to the crop.

The small increase in the visible supply was a bearish factor, for last year in the corresponding week, there was a decrease of more than three millions. The visible of more than three millions. The visible supply has since the first of March shown a gain over last year of more than ten millions, a fact of which the trade is beginning to take much notice. The Liverpool wheat stock showed an increase of 240,000 bushels last week and is now of 3,192,000 bushels, against 2,120,000 bushels a year ago.

The world's shipments of wheat and corn were as follows:

	WHEAT.		
	Last week.	Previous week.	Last year.
America	1,200,000	1,748,000	3,632,000
Russia	2,080,000	2,968,000	2,304,000
Danube	80,000	64,000	728,000
Argentine	3,240,000	3,808,000	2,216,000
India	928,000	1,168,000	240,000
Australia	872,000	1,256,000	.....
Austria-Hungary	16,000	.....	48,000
Others	172,000	54,000	112,000
	9,352,000	11,040,000	9,912,000
	CORN.		
American	1,152,000	1,656,000	1,851,000
Russia	240,000	592,000	332,000
Danube	624,000	224,000	88,000
Argentine	456,000	736,000	144,000
Total	1,872,000	2,684,000	2,916,000

The amount of wheat on passage increased 288,000 bus., against a decrease of 544,000 bus. a year ago. Corn on passage decreased 1,136,000 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 5 against 9 last year, and at Minneapolis 250 against 183 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 255 against 192 last year. Chicago receipts were 16 cars against 3 a year ago. Winnipeg received 158 against 113 last year.

The visible supply last week increased 189,000 bus., and is now 31,369,000 bus., against 37,271,000 bus. a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 382,000 bus., last year 275,000 bus. Shipments 195,000 bus., last year 421,000 bus. Clearances were 82,000 bus.

The visible supply of corn decreased 3210,000 bus last week and is now 9,278,000 bus, against 8,344,000 bus a year ago. Primary receipts of corn were 260,000 bus, last year, 280,000 bus. Shipments, 220,000 bus, last year, 140,000 bus. Clearances were 127,000 bus. Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged. In the Chicago market July corn closed ½c higher. July oats closed ⅛c higher.

The Duluth wheat market was more active than for some days. The May option opened unchanged at 92c, fell off to 91⅞c at 9:52, rallied to 92c at 10:40 and then fell off to 91⅞c at 10:55. It rallied slightly, selling at 91⅝c at 11:12 and fell to 91⅜c at 12:30. It rallied to 91⅝c at 1:06 and closed at 91¼c at a loss of ½c. The July opened ⅛c lower at 92¼c. September then closed ⅛c lower at 92¼c. In Minneapolis September was also firmer, closing with an advance of ⅛c.

Cash wheat sold on the same basis as last week. May price for No. 1 northern and 2½c under for No. 2.

Flax was very dull, very few sales being made. The May option was unchanged, closing at $1.16. July was off ¼c and October ½c.

Oats and rye held without changes from the closing prices of Saturday.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 93c; No. 1 northern, 91¼c; No. 2 northern, 89c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 93c; No. 1 northern, 91¼c; No. 2 northern, 89c. Macaroni—No. 1, 87c; No. 2, 85c; May, 91½c; July, 92½c. September, 82¼c. Flax—In store, $1.15½; to arrive, $1.15½; May, $1.16; July, $1.17¼; October, $1.13; September, $1.18. Oats—On track, 33c; to arrive, 33c. Rye—To arrive, 48c; on track, 48c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 5; last year, 9; barley, 9; flax, 5; last year, 15. Receipts: Wheat, 16,426; oats, 770; barley, 2925; flax, 29,196. Shipments: Wheat, 2000; oats, 3,256; barley, 18.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 5000 bus.....$0.92½
No. 2 northern, 2000 bus.....89
No. 2 northern, 3000 bus.....89¼
No. 2 northern, 3 cars.....89¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car.....83
No. 3 spring, 1 car.....84¼
Rejected, 1 car.....84½
No grade, 1 car.....84½
Macaroni wheat, 2 cars.....86
Macaroni, 2 cars, rejected.....83
Oats, 2 cars.....38¾
Barley, 1½ cars.....47
Flax, 1 car, rejected.....1.13½
Flax, 4 cars, No. 1.....1.15½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opens Easier With a Steady Tone.

Chicago, April 18.—Moderate world's shipments with cables comparatively firm, caused a steady tone in the wheat pit today. The market opened easier, due to improved weather conditions which brought out considerable wheat. Later, the market strengthened on a good demand by the leading long and covering by shorts, July opened 88@89c to 3c lower at 86⅝@86¼c. The market receded to 86c and then advanced irregularly to 88½c, receding to 86¾c. Receipts at Chicago, 16 cars against 225 cars last week and 228 a year ago.

Active covering by shorts and an improved demand during the latter part of the session imparted a fair amount of strength to the market. July declined to 86¾c, but rallied and closed at 86⅞c, a net gain for the day of ⅛c.

Corn ruled firm, due to small receipts and a decreased amount of contract grade. Cables were firm and helped in the support. At the opening July was unchanged to ⅛c higher at 46@46¼c. The market touched 50c receding to 49⅝c and steadied at that figure. Receipts today were 72 cars with 16 of contract grade.

Strength in the cash situation with a good demand by the principal longs caused a firm tone to prevail in the corn pit during the remainder of the session, July closed at 50¼c, a gain of ⅛c for the day.

Oats were easier on favorable weather and increased receipts. July opened ⅛c to ¼c lower at 37¾@37⅝c, declining to 37¼c, later recovering to 37⅜c. Receipts today were 116 cars.

Provisions were slightly easier due to increased receipts and lower prices at the yards. July pork opened at 7½@12½c lower at $12.10@12.12½ and touched $12.17½. Lard was down 2½@7½c at $6.57½@6.62½, for July, and steadied at $6.65. Ribs were up 2½c at $6.45, receding to $6.42½.

Close: Wheat—May, 92¾c; July, 86¾c; old July, 88⅛c; September, 83¼@83⅝c; old September, 83¾c. Corn—April, 51¼c; May, 52c; July, 50¼c; September, 49¾c; December, 44⅜c. Oats—April, 38¾c; July, 37¼c; September, 28¾@28¾c. Pork—May, $12.10; July, $12.17½. Lard—May, $6.47½@6.65; July, $6.65; September, $6.77½. Ribs—May, $6.27½@6.30; July, $6.45; September, $6.60. Flax—May—May, 1.16; July, 1.16; September, 1.18. Clover—November, $1.15; Southwestern, $1.08; May, $1.09. Timothy—April, $2.85. Clover—April $10.75. Barley—Cash, 32@47c. Cash—Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.00@1.02; No. 3 red, 95c; No. 2 hard, 90@94c; No. 3 hard, 83@91c; No. 1 northern, 95@96c. No. 2 northern, 88@97c; No. 3 spring, 85@86c. Corn—No. 2, 52@53c; No. 3, 50@52½c. Oats—No. 2, 38½@c; No. 3, 37½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	91¾A	90¾	92¾	94⅜B
High	92⅜	92¾	93¼	94⅜B
Low	91⅜	90¼@.⅜	91⅝	93¼A
Close	91⅜B	90⅜-¼	92⅜	94A
Close 16th.	92	90½	92¾	94½
July—				
Open	.92A	86¾	86⅛-¼	90⅝-¾
High	.92¼B	86¾	86⅜-⅞	90⅞
Low	.91⅝-¾	85⅞	86	90¼
Close	.92¼B	86⅜-¾	86⅜B	90⅞
Close, 16th.	.92¾	86¾	86⅜-½	90⅞

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	37⅜-37⅛	51¾	$11.95
High	38⅜	52⅛	12.00
Low	37⅛	50	11.92
Close	38	52	12.00

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 18.—Wheat—Spot, dull; California, 6s 5d; futures, dull; May, 6s 5½d; July, 6s 5⅝d; September, nominal. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures, dull; May, 4s 4½d; July, nominal.

GRAIN IN STORE.

At Duluth, Saturday, April 16, 1904:

	Bus.
Wheat—	
No. 1 hard	589,683
No. 1 northern	488,744
No. 2 northern	51,453
No. 3 spring	51,407
No grade	7,155
Rejected	2,885,214
Special bin	332,997
Macaroni	
Total	4,446,935
Increase during week	72,800
Stocks a year ago	5,442,756
Coarse grain stocks—	
Corn (unchanged)	13,049
Oats	2,172,628
Increase	8,908
Rye	183,145
Increase	1,027
Barley	666,358
Increase	25,515
Flax	7,788,766
Increase	159,020

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 18.—Close: Wheat—May 92⅜@93c; July, 86⅜@87c; September, 82¾@83c; on track—No. 1 hard, 95¼c; No. Northern, 94½c; No. 2 northern, 92c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 18.—Close: Wheat—May, 94c; July, 90⅝c; September, 89⅛c. Corn—May, 55⅝c; July, 54⅜c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—It has again been dominated by crop news. Advices from Ohio valley and Indiana still bad, and there were also complaints from Southern Illinois and Missouri. Speculations were on a moderate scale only the bulk of business being between local operators. While the crop damage talk is no doubt exaggerated, the advices are of such character as to make us feel that it is reasonably safe for the time being at least, to buy wheat on the weak days. We are inclined to favor trading in the September future.

Corn—Operators were apparently on both sides of the market. At times there was an open demand for May, but at the same time it was for sale through commission houses. There is still mystery as to what is the intention of the bull leaders may be. Shippers reported a better Eastern demand and the cash market is ⅛c to 1c higher. We are still inclined to the belief that so long as Armour is friendly to the market, pretty much headway will be made in selling it short.

Oats—Trade was almost wholly local and the price was influenced by the movements in wheat and corn. We think the market will follow corn closely for some time.

Provisions—Influenced by a larger run of hogs and a loss in value at the yards, the market opened lower, but the loss has been recovered and the close is about the same as Saturday. There was further liquidation for outside account, but the trade on the whole was on a much smaller scale. Packers are still disposed to bring about a lower range of values and it looks as if a better cash demand must develop if their plans are to be interfered with.

B. E. Baker's Chicago grain letter: Wheat—There was considerable local activity in the wheat pit with numerous fluctuations within a narrow range, the changes resulting always from location on the market of the local trade. The Northwestern markets were weak relatively, reflecting the more spring like condition prevailing Sunday, and this morning, and the more optimistic tone of country advices. Southwestern markets on the contrary were relatively strong. There were some complaints sent in from St. Louis. The secretary of the Kansas Grain Dealers' association says that the western quarter of Kansas will not raise over 25 per cent of last year's crop. The Oklahoma Millers' association estimates the condition of new crop in that territory at 60 with 2 per cent of old crop left over. The September was relatively the strongest option, the difference under July narrowing to 4 cents for the new style options.

Corn—The trade in corn was devoid of any feature to retrieve the dullness. The bull party did no active trading either way and seemed disposed to sell the May. Receipts were liti. larger, and grading not quite so good. Private houses contributed 65,000 bus of the contract stocks. The cash market was stronger, ruling about ½c higher. There seems to be nothing doing, the situation offering any encouragement to the bulls. Liverpool closed unchanged. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 155 cars.

Oats—The oats market, much like corn. Values were relatively firm on the tone of wheat, and no disposition on the part of the longs to sell. The cash market the local short to 1c to 1c a bus, and there was up ½c to 1c a bus, and there were small reports of an improved Eastern demand.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago: A New York exporter-wires us as follows: "The Moses Bros. Grain company, Kansas City, Kans., has under date April 16, our traveling man us under date April 16, our traveling man reports only from 3 to 5 per cent of cash wheat back in farmers' hands in territory he has been going' through the last two weeks. This is the territory where the bulk of the crop was raised in Kansas last year so we do not think that cash wheat will be overbalancesome until the new crop comes in."

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, April 18, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of weather.	*Minimum.	*Maximum.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	46	26	.0
Campbell	Clear	54	24	.0
Detroit	Clear	50	24	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	48	24	.0
Montevideo	Clear	54	32	.0
New Ulm	Clear	54	32	.0
Pipestone City	Clear	52	32	.0
Langdon	Clear	42	18	.0
Larimore	Clear	44	22	.0
Pembina	Pt cldy	34	24	.0
Absaraka	Clear	38	24	.0
Millbank	Clear	52	24	.0
Mitchell	Clear	50	30	.0
Redfield	Clear	50	24	.0
Wimback	Clear	47	24	.0
Duluth	Clear	38	24	.0
Huron	Pt cldy	48	30	.0
La Crosse	Clear	46	38	.0
Moorhead	Clear	42	20	.0
Pierre	Clear	48	32	.0
St. Paul	Clear	44	18	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	42	18	.0

T indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note: The average maximum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Fair and cool weather prevailed. Killing frosts were general in Kentucky.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

CONDITIONS EXCELLENT

Governor Hunt Speaks of Porto Rico's Public Affairs.

New York, April 18.—Governor Hunt of Porto Rico arrived here today on the steamer Ponce, from San Juan. He will remain in the United States about two weeks. Governor Hunt said he had not heard of his appointment as judge of the United States district court of Montana and Wyoming, and would say nothing about his intentions in regard to the appointment. He will spend considerable time in Washington in connection with the official duties, and in any event will return to Porto Rico at the end of two weeks.

Speaking of conditions on the island, Governor Hunt said:

"Just at present a strong effort is being made to promote a market in the United States for Porto Rico, by preparing for an extensive exhibit at St. Louis. Coffee will be the feature of the island's exhibit, though tobacco, fruit and cotton will be well displayed. Americans are planting oranges quite extensively. The groves are doing well, and investors feel encouraged. Cotton is attracting attention, too, and bids fair to be very profitable. There are no pests to endanger the cotton. American capital is finding its way into Porto Rico, and conditions are generally encouraging in all respects. They will be greatly improved, however, if we can better the markets for coffee by securing reciprocal trade advantages with Spain. This we hope may be done before long.

"The coffee crop will be about normal this year for the first time since the hurricane, and if a slightly higher price can be had for the crop, planters will be able to relieve their estates of part of their old mortgage debts, and will be satisfied.

"Public affairs are in excellent condition. It is probable that the value of the exports of the current fiscal year will exceed the value of imports by $1,000,000. Trade with the United States increases rapidly and will continue to grow as the sugar, tobacco, fruit and cotton are being extended."

Spring is here. You want to start the business season right and you will do so if you use The Herald Want Columns. Thousands have tried them and are satisfied with results.

DULLNESS RULED

On the Stock Market During the Late Trading.

Opening Was Fairly Firm and Closing About Steady.

New York, April 18.—Opening prices for the week in the stock market today showed narrow and irregular changes and the trading was languid and indifferent. A rise of a point in Consolidated Gas and a drop of 4 in Anaconda were the only notable changes.

Speculative attention was most concerned with a handful of specialties, United States Steel preferred and Copper were also conspicuously firm. Railroad stocks showed trivial improvement rather more from the absence of offerings than any sustained demand and the gains were not well held. Anaconda recovered its 4 point loss and Leather preferred gained 1⅛. Consolidated Gas rose 2¼ in all and reacted 1⅞. Pere Marquette rose 1.

The market took a dull and drooping turn with the announcement that no decision would be rendered in Northern Securities at St. Paul today. Great Northern preferred sold at a decline of 7 points. Railroad stocks fell generally lower than Saturday's close and the specialties lost their gains. New York Central and Hocking Valley declined a point. Bonds were dull and irregular at noon.

Large offerings of the transcontinental stocks came on the market, especially Union Pacific, which broke to 84⅝. Loss in other active stocks reached ½ per cent generally. The selling ceased toward 1 o'clock, and the market fell into dullness.

Transactions were few and far between during the late afternoon and were absolutely without any effect on the market sentiment. Denver & Rio Grande pfd and Northwestern declined 1.

Union Pacific sagged 1⅛ below Saturday, and Southern Pacific, Erie 2nd pfd., Reading 2nd pfd., and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie 1 point. The supply of stocks proved light when small bears attempted to cover shorts and the bulk of the crop was raised in Kansas last year so we do not think that cash wheat will be overbalancesome until the new crop comes in."

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, April 18, 1904:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	50¼	49⅛	49⅝
American Sugar	127⅛	126¾	126¾
Atch., Top. & S. Fe	73⅝	73	73¼
do pfd	93¾	92⅞	92⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	79¾	79¼	79½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	46⅞	45⅞	46⅛
Canadian Pacific	116¾	116¼	116⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	32¾	32¼	32¼
Chicago Great Western	17⅞	16½	16½
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	144¼	143⅜	144⅛
Chi. Rock Island & P	23⅞	23	23⅜
Rock Island pfd	63¼	63¼	63¼
Colorado Fuel & Iron	32	31⅝	31⅞
Erie common	27¼	26⅝	26⅞
General Electric	164	164	164
Hocking Valley	70	69⅝	70
Illinois Central	130½	130¼	130½
Iowa Central	19¾	19¼	19¼
Louisville & Nashville	108¾	108¼	108¾
Manhattan Elevated	142¼	142	142¼
Metropolitan Street Ry.	114	113½	113⅝
Mexican Central	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	61¾	61¾	61¾
Mo. Pacific	93⅝	92⅝	93
N. Y. Central	116⅜	116⅛	116⅜
Norfolk & Western	58¾	57	58¼
Pennsylvania	117⅜	117¼	117½
People's Gas of Chgo	96¾	96⅝	96⅝
Reading	45⅛	44½	44⅝
1st pfd	77¼	77⅛	77⅛
Republic Steel & Iron	49⅜	48⅝	48⅝
Southern Pacific	21⅜	21½	21½
Southern Railway	39¼	38⅝	39
Tenn. Coal & Iron	24¾	24¼	24⅜
Texas Pacific	86	84⅝	84⅝
Union Pacific	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
United States Leather	11¼	11¼	11⅜
United States Steel	61⅛	60¾	60⅞
do pfd	94⅛	93⅝	93⅞
Wabash	19¼	18⅝	18⅝
Wisconsin Central	18⅝	18¼	18⅜
do pfd	41	40	40
Northern Securities	97¾ bid; 98 asked.		

The total sales were 279,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is closing about steady. It opened fairly firm, showing slight advances over Saturday's close. Astice from an early advance in Consolidated Gas and a later break in Union Pacific no change worthy of note. The break in Union Pacific forced some selling of the general list, but traders unable to make much impression on prices. No change in money conditions and nothing new on gold exports. The market is a waiting one, and until the Northern Securities matter is one of the way we do not look for any activity. We believe the market will run along very narrow lines and profits should be taken when in sight.

• • •

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The tone after the midday was decidedly heavy with an unsettering supply of long leavy with an unsettering supply of long stock all around the room which was sufficient to make traders cautious. As they had not expected any pressure of the kind. Large buying was too small to amount to serious influence.

• • •

Randolph to Paine, Webber & Co.: The total sales of stocks on Saturday amounted to 94,000 shares, which is the only comment necessary to emphasize the dullness which prevailed. Gas. Sentiment continues mixed, but the buoyant tone displayed early last week is not so manifest this morning. The delay in the Northern Securities decision, the borrowings by railroads, the question of gold imports and the continuance of cold weather have combined to create a less hopeful feeling and those who were most open in their prophesies of an extended bull campaign are not at the moment painting the situation in such a glowing manner. The campaign for higher prices recently inaugurated was somewhat different of campaigns of a similar character, in that the large banking and inside interests were very outspoken in their statements that prices would work higher and this too from men who usually are very secret as to their movements. We still hold to our opinion that stocks are a sale on all rallies.

• • •

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The good buying referred to in Amalgamated Copper had its effect today in the advance in that stock which was purchased by Boston interests, according to reports from Floor. The reasons given for the buying of the stock are better trade reports and continued victories of the Amalgamated company in Montana.

• • •

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: This market may hold for a little while longer, but it looks very weak to me. I think that if any selling pressure should develop prices would yield very easily. I do not believe in any event that a decline can be staved off much longer.

• • •

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: A leading copper authority says large foreign consumers as the result of important change in industrial affairs all over Europe have taken over 100,000,000 pounds copper in the first three months in use.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.
DEALERS IN
STOCKS—GRAIN—PROVISIONS
MAIN OFFICE:
Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Branch Office: 310 Board of Trade Building, Duluth.

year and that the demand from abroad will be sufficient to offset decreased consumption and that producing companies will average a satisfactory price this year as last year.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	49⅝	49⅝
Anaconda	18½	19⅛
Adventure	2¼	2½
Atlantic	8	8⅝
Allouez	4¾	4⅞
Arcadian	40c	50c
Elm River	2⅛	2⅜
Bingham	22	22⅛
Copper Range	41⅜	42¼
Centennial	19½	20
Calumet & Hecla	468	470
Calumet & Pittsburg	30	35
L. S. & Pittsburg	150	160
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	4	4½
Michigan	5	5⅛
Mohawk	41c	42c
Mayflower	50c	75c
Mercur Con	40c	50c
National	..	1
Old Colony	87½c	91¼c
Old Dominion	12½	13
Osceola	57	58
Phoenix	1¾	2
Parrott	24	24½
Quincy	82	85
Rhode Island	95c	1.00
Santa Fe	1⅝	1⅞
Franklin	7½	8
Tamarack	95	98
Trinity	4	4¼
Tennessee Copper	31	34
Utah	33¼	33½
U. S. Mining	20⅝	20½
U. S. Oil	9½	10
Victoria	3¼	3½
Wolverine	72¼	72½
Wyandot	75c	10.0
Winona	6¼	6¾
Daly West	21¼	21¾
Greene Cons	14½	15
Calumet & Bisbee	..	68¼
Pittsburg & Duluth	..	55
Union Land	3½	3
Junction	25	26

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 18.—The cotton market opened weak at a decline of 2 points on the new crop months and by the end of the first half hour, had increased the loss to a matter of about 35@40 points on the near and of 10@15 points on the late positions under selling following disappointing Liverpool cables; higher temperatures than expected over Saturday night and Sunday and larger receipts. There was somewhat improved demand at the decline and with offerings a little l'gater the market looked a trifle steadier with the room ecelement inclined for a moderate recovery on the reaction theory.

Spot cotton closed dull; 40 points lower; middling uplands, 14.00; middling gulf, 14.25; sales, 2500 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; April, 13.62; May, 13.67; June, 13.85; July, 13.92; August, 13.46; September, 12.20; October, 11.82; November, 11.47; December, 11.48; January, 11.50.

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The general market continued to show a dragging tendency. It seems to be the disposition of the leading market interests to let prices go lower before attempting another campaign. The explanation may be found in manipulative plans, or there may be unfavorable developments in some quarter of what the public has not yet been advised. Under the circumstances, we think it well to keep close to the shore, buying only the best stocks on reactions.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 18.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $222,193,863; gold, $104,623,385; silver, $18,962,483; U. S. notes, $5,645,191; trust notes of 1890, $1,010,930; national bank notes, $11,419,933; total receipts this day, $2,057,904; total receipts this month, $24,458,007; total expenditures this year, $450,895,334; total expenditures, $2,200,000; total expenditures this month, $28,690,000; total expenditures this year, $430,898,334; deposits in national banks, $169,063,291.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 18.—Close: Money on call easy at 1¼@1½ per cent; closing bid, 1¼; offered at 1½. Time money, easy; sixty days, 2½ per cent; ninety days, 2½@3; six months, 3½@4. Prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange, firm with actual business in bankers' bills $4.85.35@4.85.40 for demand and at $4.85.20@4.85.25 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85.20@4.86 and $4.88. Commercial bills, $4.85½@4.86 and $4.85. Bar silver, 53¼c. Mexican dollars, 43c. Bonds: Government, steady; railroads, irregular.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 18.—Cattle: Receipts, 40,000; market, 10@15c lower; good to prime steers, $5.00@5.60; poor to medium, $2.75@4.90; stockers and fe ders, $2.75@4.10; cows, $1.40@4.00; heifers, $2.00@4.60; canners, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $2.00@4.00; calves, $2.00@4.50; fed beef steers, $4.00@4.60. Hogs: Receipts today, 42,000; tomorrow, 30,000; market 10@15c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.10@5.37½; good to choice heavy, $5.10@5.37½; rough heavy, $4.95@5.10; light, $4.75@5.05; bulk of sales, $4.95@5.10. Sheep: Receipts today, 30,000; steady; good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.65; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.60; western sheep, $4.90@5.30; native lambs, $4.00@5.75; western lambs, $4.50@6.75; wooled Western lambs, $5.75@6.40.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

FRESH VEGETABLES.	
Lettuce, bushel	1 50
Shallots	75 @ 85
Radish, hothouse	65 @ 75
BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	25
Dairies, fancy	17 @ 18
Packing stock	12
EGGS.	
Fresh	18
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	10
Twins, full cream, old	10½
Full cream, young America	15 @ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberger, full cream,	13
Cheese	7
Primost	
HONEY.	
New fancy, white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12
FRUITS.	
Apples, per bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 85
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	3 00 @ 3 25
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
Floridas	4 50
VEGETABLES.	
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00
Carrots, per cwt	2 25
Turnips, per cwt	1 10
Beets, per cwt	2 50
Cabbage, per cwt	4 00
Parsnips, pe: 100 lbs	2 50
Best cucumbers, per doz	1 75 @ 1 85
Potatoes	1 10 @ 1 15
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	15
Hens	14½
Ducks	14
Turkeys	18
Geese	13
MEATS.	
Beef	5½@ 7½
Lamb	9
Mutton	6½@ 7
Lard	7½
Pork loins	11½
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	3 75
Fruit juice	6 50
Duffy cider	3 25

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 18.—Butter, steady; creameries, 16½@16¾c; dairies, 15@16c. Cheese, easy; daisies, 9@9½c; twins, 9c; young Americas, 10@10c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 18.—Butter, irregular; receipts, 4447 packages; extra fresh creamery, 22c; common to choice, 16@20c; held dairy, common to choice, 13@18c. Cheese, quiet, receipts, 2192 packages; state full cream small white and colored fancy, September, 11@11½c; good to prime, 9½@10c. Eggs, firm; receipts, 23,415 packages; state and Pennsylvania nearby average finest 18½c; firsts, 18c; Western range finest 18½c; firsts, 18c; storage selections, 18¼@18½c; Southern, 17@17½c.

The North-Western Line's Homeseekers' Rates.

On April 19th the "North-Western Line" will sell "Home-seekers" tickets at one fare plus $2.00 to points in North-western, Western, South-western, Southern and South-eastern states. Tickets limited to 21 days for return trip. On same date will sell one way tickets at very low rates to points in South-western states. For full information call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

D. A. BLAKENEY, City Ticket Agent.

B. E. BAKER, STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.
307 Board of Trade. Private Wires. 318 St. Louis Hotel Bldg.
MEMBERS:
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COE COMMISSION CO. (Incorporated)
Capital and Surplus, $600,000.
DEALERS IN
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
REFERENCES—176 State and National Banks and Commercial Agencies. 185 Branch Offices. General Office: New York Life Bldg., Minneapolis.
H. E. GOOCH, Correspondent,
220 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

We Are Headquarters For
Arizona Copper Stocks
PAINE, WEBBER & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
320 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

S. T. WELCH. H. E. GOOCH.
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Private Wires to all Markets.

YOU WANT THE BEST; WE FURNISH IT.
"THE OLD RELIABLE"
MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY,
General Insurance and Surety Bonds.
Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE OR LEASE Three story and basement brick building, known as 16 and 18 East Michigan Street, 50 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Elevator, water, sewer, electric lights and gas—each floor has carrying capacity of 480 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession. Will sell at a bargain.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO., Real Estate, Loans, Insurance, 216 West Superior Street.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv...Proctor...Lv	10:00	3:10
6

J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO.

A Great Sale of Beautiful Gowns, Dresses and Tailored Garments for Women and Misses!

Purchases that were made by our Mr. Gidding in the East at much below regular prices—styles that are as beautiful as they are exclusive—values that will at once appeal to every well dressed woman at the head of the lakes. Every one of them up-to-the-minute in style.

Beautiful gowns for afternoon and evening wear of crepe de chine—in white, tan, navy, brown and champagne—that would regularly sell at $65 for $42.50—for $75 at $55—for $85 at $62.50—all made over silk throughout.

Beautiful dresses and demi-costumes of voile and etamine—in white, tan, navy and brown—high class models that would regularly sell at $52.50 for $39.50—at $59.50 for $42.50—at $65.00 for $47.50—all made over silk throughout.

Beautiful Gowns and Dresses—of imported grenadines, voiles, Lyons, (France) foulards, broadcloths—net and lace—all made over an extra fine quality taffeta—every style distinct and exclusive—models that have been taken from the leading French and American modistes, and Americanized to suit the well dressed women of this country—No two garments are alike, and no styles similar to them can be seen at any other establishment in the Northwest. We offer tomorrow as follows: $100.00 ones at $72.50—$75.00 ones for $57.50—$50.00 ones for $37.50—$40.00 ones for $29.50.

In addition to these special remarkable values we shall place on sale many beautiful exclusive costumes, gowns and dresses from our own regular lines at about the same price concessions—but only during this sale—None of these will be sent out on approval—and alterations will be charged for.

NOTE.

I left Duluth on Saturday evening's Omaha limited, at 5 o'clock, arriving at Chicago on Sunday at 7, and in New York on Monday morning. On account of the unseasonable weather throughout the country, buyers were scarce and I was able to pick up many important high class garments at very much below regular prevailing prices.

Then, again, makers who had cloths on hand were willing to make them up into garments for us at much below usual prices.

In this way I was able to get hold of many lines that under ordinary circumstances would have brought much higher prices—and I should have hesitated about buying them — but to be able to sell them at popular prices I knew we could use many — so placed liberal orders. Many of these garments have been hurried along by express and are being made ready for sale tomorrow. I feel quite sure that Duluth women will appreciate the beautiful garments and exceptional values—and extend a very hearty welcome to come and see them.

J. M. GIDDING.

Thirty-two Beautiful Demi-tailored Suits, regularly sold at $39.50 to $52.50, at $25.00!

Of imported Scotch mixtures—in various shades—trimmed with taffeta and velvet to match cloths—Jackets lined with fine quality taffeta—reveres trimmed with lace galoons—Jackets have the broad shouldered effects so much desired just now, and the Skirts have the new stylish hang—the makers had enough cloth left to give us thirty-two Suits—and these cannot be duplicated after this lot is gone. The lowest price they were retailed for has been $39.50 (and we have sold some at this price)—some again sold for $42.50, $47.50 and $52.50. The entire line goes on sale tomorrow morning at $25.00. Alterations charged for. None of these garments sent on approval.

$20.00 and $25.00 New and Beautiful Eton Suits go on Sale Tomorrow at $15.00!

In a variety of fancy mixed cloths or plain cheviots—in navy, black or brown—some are very prettily trimmed and with vesting front of a contrasting shade—others again are perfectly plain effects for those who desire simple garments—all are splendidly tailored—Jackets silk lined—and come in walking or dress length skirts. Any store in town will get $25.00 for Suits their equal—on sale at $15.00.

Silk-lined Broadcloth and Etamine Tailored Suits at $22.50!

Who ever heard of such values in Tailored Suits, even when the season is at an end? But here, before the season has fairly opened, we offer a full silk-lined Suit in a variety of cloths—including broadcloths and etamines—in the season's correct shades—navy, brown, champagne and black—beautifully tailored throughout and perfect fitting—double-breasted Eton Jacket, that can be worn open or closed; trimmed with braid and tiny buttons, that gives it quiet elegance. The Skirt is dress length and nine gored; the Suit has a refined, high-class air, due both to its good conservative style and fine tailoring; it is a Suit that would easily bring from $35.00 to $39.50 at any store in the land—we place them on sale at $22.50 each—alterations will be charged for.

Gidding's
SUPERIOR ST. & FIRST AVE. WEST
WOMENS OUTFITTERS

Covert and Black Jackets, $6.75.

All from our regular stock, carefully cut and shaped, beautifully tailored—the kind women have been buying by the hundreds.

Some are the strictly tailored plain-as-a-pipe-stem sort; some have tailorish trimming tricks—stitching, straps, shaped pieces over the shoulders—to give the pretty, graceful lines some women prefer.

It's a get-here-quick occasion, for there are only about forty in all.

New and Beautiful Styles in COVERT COATS.

The latest models from prominent Eastern makers—richly tailored, and of very finest materials—styles that are being shown by the most important retail stores of New York. A complete range of sizes from 34 to 42 will be ready tomorrow.

AN EXCITING ENCOUNTER

Between German Soldier and Lion In East Africa.

Berlin, April 18.—Albert Ullmann, serving with the colonial troops in German East Africa, has just had an exciting encounter with a lion. The beast had killed many persons in the neighborhood of the barracks, and Ullmann, with five natives was ordered to kill the brute.

After a long hunt the lion was found in a bush.

The natives drove him out, and then fled in panic. Ullmann, describing what followed, says:

"I fired and struck the brute in the lower jaw, without disabling him. Maddened by the pain, he came bounding toward me, and before I had time to fire my second shot he felled me with a terrific blow from his paw.

"Then he began to tear the flesh off my back. I tried to protect myself with my left arm, but the lion seized it and bit through both flesh and muscles. Desperation gave me courage to continue the struggle, and I drove my right fist into the lion's eyes.

"This stopped him for a moment, but he quickly returned to the attack and bit me on the head, shoulders, arms and legs. Again I got at him with my right fist, and the lion continued dealing blows at me with his paw, and, snapping at me, he tore flesh from my skull so that the bone was bared.

"All this happened much more quickly than it takes to tell the story. I felt my strength failing, and shouted to the natives, who had hidden in the neighboring bush, to fire, indifferent whether they hit me or the lion. One of them summoned courage to approach. The lion was so occupied in mauling me that he did not notice the native, who fired and killed him. The whole encounter did not last more than two minutes."

Ullman was removed to the nearest military ambulance station, where it was found that the lion had inflicted seventy different wounds on him. It was found necessary to amputate his left arm, and it will be many months before he recovers from his other injuries.

Your new hat for spring at actual wholesale cost at Stewert's removal sale, Wolvin building.

NO GREAT AMERICAN NOVEL

Is the Opinion of William Dean Howells.

London, April 18.—"There is no such thing as a great American novel, and never will be," declared William Dean Howells to the English journalist who asked him about the talk in literary circles of the coming great American novel.

"Novels," Mr. Howells went on, "I hope will be plenty, and I hope to write one myself, but no American novel is possible. As a people we are absolutely decentralized. Our people can never fuse into anything that could be called a composite American type."

Mr. Howells is tsaying at Claridges, and he is being much feted by English literary people. Sunday evening Col. Harvey had a dinner party for him, at which Henry James, Clement Shorter, eGorge Leverson Gower and several others were present. Mr. Howells intends to stay in England a year at least.

Already he is engaged in getting at first hand material for a book on the intellectual development of the New England settlers. Speaking of literary things in America, Mr. Howells said:

"There are some very bad signs, but in spite of them I see great reason for gratification. The most obvious thing with us is the immense amount of trashy fiction being manufactured, a glorification of the dime novel. Take the ordinary dime novel and sell it for a dollar and a half and there you have the bulk of the fiction read in America today. But what is satisfactory is that the success of the bad novels does not interfere with that of the good ones."

ARE FRIENDLY AGAIN.

Washington, April 18.—From Colombian and Venezuelan sources the state department is advised by cable that the governments at Caracas and Bogota have agreed to resume friendly relations and are about to appoint consuls.

YOUR BASEMENT IS FULL POSSIBLY OF ODDS AND ENDS

That a "For Sale—Miscellaneous" ad. will clear out. Here's a hint! ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$1200 Six-roomed house and lot. Good well. Good location, on East Fifth street.

$1750 House of eight rooms, with well; also barn. Corner lot, 50x140, on Lake avenue North.

$2400 Seven-roomed house. Water, sewer, bath, stove heat. On First street near Seventh avenue East.

$2500 Seven-room house, water, sewer, bath, stove heat. Lot 25x140. Fine location on Second street, near Tenth avenue East.

$3000 Eight-room brick house, water, sewer, bath, hot water heat. Land 25x50. Very central.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

The northerly half of lot 17, Transfer division of Duluth; fifty feet on Lake avenue by about 266 feet deep. Owner must sell property. Suitable for manufacturing or business. See

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
First National Bank Bldg.

HOUSES.

$6000 No. 18, 20 or 22 West Third street—Ten-rooms, brick, modern conveniences, three story; lots 25x140.

$4500 No. 211 West Third street—Seven rooms, stone foundation. Lot 50x140.

LOTS.

$3800 Corner Third street and Lake avenue, or Fourth street and First avenue West. Inside lots $3,000.

$1600 Near Lake avenue and Third street; 25x140.

A. A. MENDENHALL

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A PARTNER OR AN INvestor with from $3000 to $5,000 for one of the most profitable and most honorable business, and will guarantee 15 per cent upon money. Address B. A. K., room 21, Y. M. C. A. building, Minneapolis, Minn.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

FORM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT gives readings daily to ladies and gentlemen. 1813 Eleventh street, Superior, Wis. Hours, 10 to 12 and 3 to 9. Zenith, 4390.

MOVING.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., local agents, Minneapolis, or call on the Duluth Van & Storage Co.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—A PAIR OF BRONCHOS for delivery purposes. Gasser's grocery.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD DELIVERY horse. Call 608 West Third street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue East. Phone 1225.

BRADLEY, MODISTE,

HAS RETURNED FROM THE FASHion centers, and is prepared to do high-class dressmaking. Investigate our club plan. Phoenix block.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Grueson, 31 West Superior St.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTEED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 315 W. Mich. St.

FURNITURE HOSPITAL.

J. UNDERWOOD, UPHOLSTER AND chair caner. 327 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE.

CONFINEMENT CASES AND GENERal nursing solicited by experienced, professional nurse. Ladies desiring massage treated at their homes. 724 East Third street.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—LARGE BARN, $4 PER month. Inquire 327 East Fourth street.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 919 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING, M. HENricksen Jewelry Co., 234 W. Superior St.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$550 50-foot lot on Fourth street, near Seventh avenue West.

$725 Beautiful five-room cottage in good condition; one-quarter cash—Duluth Heights.

$850 Six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; two full lots; monthly payments.

$1200 100-foot corner, Eighth avenue West and Fourth street. Best bargain in the city.

We have a lot on Piedmont avenue West. Will build a house to suit purchaser and sell on monthly payments. Look this up.

IMPROVED FARM.

$2200 buys 30 acres 1½ miles from electric line, 3½ miles from postoffice. Good soil, well cleared, fenced, with house and barn. This is a bargain. Must be sold quickly.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 12 North Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, A COMpetent cook. Apply 1802 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 720 West First street.

WANTED—A LADY SOLICITOR FOR Duluth. Salary guaranteed; pleasant work. Address J 47, Herald.

WANTED—A LADY TO TRAVEL FOR a Minnesota firm. Must be a good talker. Address X 86, Herald.

WANTED—DININGROOM GIRL, 625 West Superior street.

WANTED—AT BRANDT'S MILLINERY one competent second trimmer and one maker.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call 215 West Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SKIRTmaker, at once. Inquire at Miss Vanderby's tailoring parlors, 514 East Fourth street.

WANTED—SALESLADY IN DRAPERY department. French & Bassett.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 105 Park terrace.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1101 East Third street.

WANTED — GOOD COOK. 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED HELP and an apprentice girl. 7 West Superior street.

WANTED — STRONG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Mrs. P. F. Knowlton, 616 East Sixth street.

WANTED — DININGROOM GIRL — 627 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Highest wages to good girl. 1428 East First street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and girls, for general housework can always find reliable places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. Siebold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 226 East Third street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at Herald office between 12 and 2 o'clock.

COOKS, DINING-ROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

ATTENTION, LADIES! EARN $20 PER 100 writing short letters from copy. Address stamped envelope for particulars. Albion Specialty Co., Albion, Mich.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

MAN WANTS JOB TO HELP CLEAN house; has had experience. J 82, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG man with three years' experience in wholesale business. Can furnish good references. Address F. E., Herald.

WANTED—CARPETS TO CLEAN AND relay; first-class work. Apply John O. Hupp, care of Y. M. C. A.

COMPETENT MALE STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience; also assistant bookkeeper, desires position at once. H 36, Herald.

YOUNG MAN CONVERSANT WITH office duties wishes employment. Salary no object. N 55, Herald.

WANTED—WORK. STORM WINDOWS taken off, carpets beaten and laid. Any kind of work around house. C. P. Pedersen, 928 East Superior street.

POSITION WANTED AS ASSISTANT bookkeeper, office clerk or collector; can furnish best of references. Address J. J., Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WANT CAMP TO watch where there is good ground to plant potatoes. Address N 56, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man, as collector on salary or commission. Can give security. Address B 96, Herald office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

POSITION WANTED BY A COMPEtent stenographer, also has knowledge of figures. Address J, 228 Fourteenth avenue east.

DRESSMAKING BY DAY OR AT HOME 17 East Third street.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED lady to do work by the day, housecleaning or washing. Mrs. Steele, 1021 West Michigan street.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSItion as stenographer, or office assistant. Apply W 88, Herald.

WANTED A POSITION BY A YOUNG lady who has had six months' experience at office work. Address W 74, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE CARE OF boarding or lodging house in or out of town. Address 115 South Fifty-eighth avenue south, West Duluth.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG woman in first-class place as dining-room girl or chamber work; experienced. Miss Byrnice Van Cleve, 401 East Fourth street, City.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK BY the day. Washing, ironing or any kind of housework. Call at old St. Luke's hospital. Upstairs.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

50-foot lot on West Second street, near Twenty-eighth avenue— for **$1325**

Four lots in Helm's addition for $300 and up, according to location.

Six lots on Twenty-fourth avenue West, very cheap, have to be sold.

Double corner in Lakeside, first-class location, water and sewer in the street—price **$700**

80 acres in Wisconsin, buildings and improvements worth $800, close to the station—price **$1200**

5, 10 and 20-acre tracts close to the city.

Two acres within two blocks of the street car tracks, good for truck farm—very cheap.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Providence Building.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—AN OFFICE BOY. APPLY Northern Electric company.

WANTED—LIVE SALESMAN—GUARanteed salary. Excellent proposition. Address U 55, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD appearance to prepare himself for a traveling position with a Minnesota firm. Address N 53, Herald.

WANTED—TWO COATMAKERS. APply Nelson & Jackson, Metropole Hotel.

MAN TO VISIT RETAIL TRADE FOR mercantile house; salary $24 weekly; expenses advanced; previous experience unnecessary. National, Caxton, Chicago.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, A FIRST-class trouser maker. M. L. Parker.

WANTED — ONE OR TWO COATmakers, at once. Janzig, Hunter block.

COMPETENT MEN AND BOYS MAY be secured gratis through employment dept. Y. M. C. A., for office, store or other work; reliable information on file regarding applicants. Zenith 'phone 70.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers in every state and county; new patent; quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COAT MAKERS steady work. Mels.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — AT ONCE, TWO EXPERIenced agents to call on trade. Enquire at 200 Alworth building.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY.
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 729-R. Zenith 'phone 926.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883. Old 'phone 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Brokers, 413½ W. Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith, 761.

MONEY TO LOAN — ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 307 Exchange bldg.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 319 First avenue east. Duluth, Minn.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. Phone 510; residence 'phone 6488. J. N. Wilson.

OLD CLOTHES.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR MEN'S OLD clothes. A. Winer, 11 N. Fifth Ave. W.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

STORAGE.

SLEIGHS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, etc. Call on Duluth Van & Storage Co.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND — POCKETBOOK CONTAINing check and other articles. Owner can have same by calling at the Western hotel, 730 West Superior street.

LOST—A WATCH FOB AND ELK charm; initial E. G. M. Please return to Herald office and receive reward.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Knakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

FOR SALE — 500 WAGONS OF ALL kinds, at L. Hammel Co.'s, 300-308 East First street.

FOR SALE—LEATHER TOP RUBBERtired buggy for sale cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVESTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist. Palladio bldg.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS SHOE shelving. Call Fifth Avenue Clothing store.

FOR SALE—THIS IS YOUR CHANCE—Closing out all framed and sheet pictures at cost at Temple Art store. 211 East Superior street.

FOR SALE OR RENT, IN THE CITY—Horses. Red Cliff Lumber company, barn, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE—FOUR COUNTERS, ONE gas range and square top piano at a bargain. 1722 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—KITCHEN RANGE, BEDroom set, lounge, carpets, chairs, bookcase, dishes, etc. Call at 205 East Third street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ONE DOZEN LAW books. 319 Fifty-eighth avenue East.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE including steel range, gas stove, gas heater. 414 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THREE NICE lots and one five-room cottage, furnished, bay side, Minnesota avenue Park Point, cheap. Inquire of D. D. McInnis, 505 Palladio.

FOR SALE — NO. 3 PORTABLE HUBbard oven and counters. 207 West Superior street.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP— Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. F. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue west, city.

No capable person need remain in a situation distasteful and unremunerative—so long as this paper prints want ads.

You can buy real estate with a PART OF YOUR SAVINGS---and when you own real estate you are no longer poor.

The exodus of the old servant and the arrival of the new one may be made incidents of the same day if you use Herald want ads quickly.

There is not a foot of real estate or a building in this city which cannot be sold for all it is worth if the want columns are used.

If you are looking for a house, there's NEWS for you in the want columns today. So there is if it's a servant, a stenographer, a clerk, an apartment, a boarding place or a bit of real estate you are looking for.

If, in your business and in your private life, you are making the fullest use of the want columns, you have solved the problem of living in Duluth with the least discomfort and annoyance.

MEDICAL BATTERIES, $4 TO $80—CALL up 4467 and I will show you sample. F. B. Jordan.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE LIGHT DRIVing horse for sale or trade, with or without harness and buggy; store shelving, wall case and counters; if taken at once. Zenith phone 570-C.

FOR SALE—ONLY NEWSPAPER AND job plant in town of 2000 inhabitants. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. W 16, Herald.

FOR SALE—A GOOD SEVEN-ROOM house, lot 50x150 feet, only five blocks from high school. For further information address "H. P. B.," Box 4, Underwood, Minn.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, STORE FIXtures, show cases, etc. Hub Clothing company.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS ARrived today, April 7. Evan Johnson, 2605 West Helm.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR ROOM. Purchaser can also secure room. 319 Lowell block.

$1050 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE, SUITable for two families. Center of city, 217 Pittsburg avenue. First street, above Fifth street, $550 for lot, twenty-five feet on Jefferson street, $300 for lot on Minnesota avenue. J. W. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—GOOD KITCHEN RANGE— 10, West Second street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

JUST RECEIVED — A CARLOAD OF general purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE on Seventeenth street, Park Point, cheap. Inquire W. N. Tucker, 212 West Michigan street.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. K. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Monorcas, $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone, 1167, 421 East Second street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT. 222 South Seventeenth avenue west.

FOR SALE—GOOD HEAVY WORKING horse, cheap. Apply 2504 West Eleventh street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. (Continued.)

FOR SALE — NATIONAL HOME INvestment policies No. 192, 193 and 401. Address J Miller, 516 East Seventh St.

FOR SALE—FAMILY MARE, 7 YEARS old; cushion tire buggy and harness, in good condition; price $200. Call at 330 Fifty-fourth and Ramsey street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—$2500 CONTRACT OF NAtional Home Investment company; six payments made on it. Address E 88, care of Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—PARLOR BILliard and pool table; comparatively new. 125 West Second street.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE. NEARLY new, cheap; desk, davenport, chairs of all kinds; iron and oak beds; couch, portieres, curtains, dresser. Call forenoons. 1608 East Third street.

FOR SALE — GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE with small barn; lot 50 by 150; five blocks from high school. Inquire of G. B., 318 Mesaba avenue, after 3 p. m.

FOR SALE—1600 POUND HORSE. Eight years old and sound. 608 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—OAK BOOKCASE, LARGE rug, sewing machine, couch, dishes and two small rugs. Inquire 13 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—25 VOLUMES ENCYCLOpedia Brittannica, ninth edition; perfect condition. $20. Call forenoons, 1503 East Third street.

FOR SALE — COOK STOVE, FOLDING bed and bedroom sets. 109½ West First street.

FOR SALE—ONE ROAN HORSE, 1100 pounds, also Stanhope buggy. Victor Huot.

FOR SALE — COOK STOVE, COOKING utensils, dishes, ice box, rockers, carpets, sewing machine, fruit. 3310 West Third street, upstairs.

PERSONAL.

IF MISS CEDIE HEEBE FORMERLY of Duluth, or any of her friends, will forward her present address to B. W., care this office, she may learn something to her advantage.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN, AGE 30, DEsires correspondence with lady of education and refinement. Box 43, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

THOMAS F. McCARTIN'S RELATIVES in Carthage, N. Y., would like to hear from you.

WANTED—TO RENT.

TO RENT — BY MAY 10—MODERN three or four-room flat, or three rooms, furnished or unfurnished; family of two; central as possible. Address G 98, Herald.

WANTED — FURNISHED HOUSE OR flat in the East End, for man and wife. Address B 60, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—A FIFTEEN-room house, furnished or unfurnished. Possession desired in the fall. O 91, Herald.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 221 West Second St.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 707 Palladio.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1707-8 West Michigan St. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, 2813 West Third street. Leader of orchestra. Zenith 'phone 605.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY OCCUPYing large modern house, East End, will rent entire floor to club of six or eight young men. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, if desired. X, care of Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM DETACHED house; bath room. 30½ East First street. O. C. Hartman & Co., 209 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—NICE, MODERN SEVENroom house in East End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE COTtage on Park Point, suitable for winter and summer; partly furnished. Enquire of J. A. Sutton, 102 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES on Park Point for the summer. One furnished cottage for the summer. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 882.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Inquire 423 Fifth avenue west, or one furnished room.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ROOM SUITABLE FOR light repair shop at 18 Third avenue west. See Northern Electric company.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, INCLUDING city water, $7.00. 102 East Second street.

FOR RENT—TWENTY NICELY FURnished steam-heated rooms on Superior street; centrally located. Furniture and lease at a bargain. Julius D. Howard & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, ALL modern conveniences; both 'phones. Apply 207 West Third street.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, closet and bath, $9 month. 807 E. First St.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR lady or couple. 18 Tenth avenue east. Call mornings and evenings.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, 624 West Third street.

FOR RENT—PARTLY FURNISHED three-room ground floor, modern, for light housekeeping. M. C., Herald.

FOR RENT—NICE FRONT ROOM. 713 West Third street.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT CHEAP—ONE OR TWO large rooms on second floor for storage purposes. Address J 50, Herald.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of 'phone. M 100, Herald.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

FOR RENT—THREE AND FOUR rooms; new brick flats; water and light. 304-308 St. Croix avenue. John Holleran.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. WATER, sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—MODERN FRONT ROOM and alcove, for light housekeeping. No children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED front room. All modern conveniences. 307 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 126 E. FIRST ST.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A FIVE OR SIX-ROOM flat; all modern; furnished; rent may be paid in table board for two. Inquire in Millinery store, 114 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT—MODern conveniences. Partly furnished, 231 West Fifth street. Inquire 913 East First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT. 302 West Fourth street. $16.00.

FOR RENT—MODERN FLAT OF FOUR rooms, partly furnished, $20. 1412 Jefferson street. Zenith phone 406.

FOR RENT — CENTRALLY LOCATED five-room flat; modern conveniences. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM FLAT IN West End; modern conveniences. Water furnished. $13 per month. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, FIRST floor. Porcelain tub and gas. Possession May 1. Call at 811 East Fourth St.

FOR RENT—FLAT, 711 EAST FOURTH street, including water. Chas. A. Stark, Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS — FOUR ROOMS, $13, $14, $15. Enquire 718 West Fifth St.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

TABLE BOARD OFFERED. 20 EAST Fourth street.

NICE LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD AT the Ralston.

TABLE BOARD—123 WEST SECOND ST.

TABLE BOARD—10 WEST SECOND ST.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

BOARD AND ROOM. 231 W. Second St.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM, AT 126 West Second street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE room 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

STORE ROOM, NO. 130 WEST MICHIgan street, suitable for commission or jobbing, 7060 square feet of floor space. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SMALL SPACE IN STORE, 3 West Superior street.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 627 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

UPHOLSTERING.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th st. Zenith phone 1248-C. Old, 747-R.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, April 18, 1904. Work—Third degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evening of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 25st, 1904. Work—Second degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, April 27th, at 7:30 p. m. Work—M. M., P.M. M.E.M. and Royal Arch degree. Joseph D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18 K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave April 19, at 7:30 p. m. Work—Drill. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall inscribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "First," and "Second" Tuesday, April 19. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday in every month at Kalamazoo hall. F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday, at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 411, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2309 West Helm St.; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 729 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 East Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President, Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Jobie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McCombey, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3253, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 6. Important business. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 205 East Superior street. George P. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 20.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8:00 o'clock. GEO. L. HARGRAVES, Archon; L. P. MURRAY, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.